



The Art of Music

A Comprehensive Library of Information for Music Lovers and Musicians

Editor-in-Chief DANIEL GREGORY MASON Columbia University

Associate Editors

EDWARD B. HILL Harvard University LELAND HALL
Past Professor, Univ. of Wisconsin

Managing Editor
CÉSAR SAERCHINGER
Modern Music Society of New York

In Fourteen Volumes
Profusely Illustrated



NEW YORK
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF MUSIC

A Dictionary-Index of Musicians

DEPARTMENT EDITORS:

FREDERICK H. MARTENS
MILDRED W. COCHRAN
W. DERMOT DARBY

BOOK I



NEW YORK
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF MUSIC

Copyright, 1917, by THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF MUSIC, Inc. [All Rights Reserved]

The primary purpose of Volumes XI and XII of THE ART OF MUSIC is to serve as an index to the ten preceding volumes of the series, as well as to the two volumes of musical examples which follow. As in every history of music, or any volume dealing with a particular phase of the art, so also in the course of this series, it was quite impossible to mention all of the thousands of persons who have had a share in its development. Hence the editors were obliged to relegate all treatment of such subjects to the present volumes, which, therefore, have become not only an index, but a dictionary.

Included are also the records of the great number of theoreticians, scholars, historians, critics, teachers, organizers, inventors, manufacturers, publishers and musical journalists, who have played so important a part in the history of music. A reference work aiming at completeness could not omit these, though in a historical or analytical work such a bewildering mass of detail would impair the flow of the narrative, obscure the main issues, and overburden the reader's mind with dry facts.

For the sake of completeness the principal facts concerning the lives also of those musicians already treated in the earlier volumes are here recapitulated, and a list of their works (or a summary, in the case of the less important ones) is appended in each case, so that for ordinary information the reader is not required to turn to any other volumes of the work. If he desires more detailed information, criticism, or a treatment of any particular phase of the subject's work, he may

turn to the references given, according to his needs. These references are in every case preceded by the abbreviation Ref. in italics, so that they may be easily located at the end of each article. With the most important subjects, the minor or incidental references have been largely eliminated for the sake of clarity, but in every case of this kind the reader is specifically referred to the individual indexes, which may be found at the end of every volume (excepting I and II, which form a unit with Vol. III, and Vol. XIII, which forms a unit with Vol. XIV).

No dictionary of musicians can be complete in the full sense of the word. Nevertheless, the editors feel that, in the present instance, the ground has been covered as comprehensively as possible, without rendering the work cumbersome. There are included very nearly 10,000 names covering all periods, probably a greater number than in any similar work thus far published in English. In the individual biographies, the editors have aimed at conciseness, without, however, omitting any essential details.

The facts have, in every instance, been revised according to the latest authorities available at this time. The exigencies created by the World War have, in a great measure, excluded direct communication with living subjects residing in Europe, as well as independent research on the ground. Existing works of reference had therefore to be relied upon for most of the facts and dates. In this connection, the editors must acknowledge their indebtedness especially to the eighth (German) edition of that most scholarly of musical encyclopedias, Riemann's Musiklexikon. That edition, having had the benefit of the great work of research in musical history carried on from various European centres during the last decade,—to a great extent under the direct supervision of Dr. Riemann,—

has furnished the present editors with facts not only concerning contemporary musicians, but also concerning hitherto doubtful periods of musical history and subjects, which by virtue of recent discoveries have assumed new significance.

Beyond this the editors are indebted to various other standard works such as Grove's 'Dictionary of Music and Musicians,' Fétis' Biographie Universelle, Eitner's Musikalisches Quellenlexikon, Norlind's Almänt Musik-Lexikon (Stockholm), Baker's 'Biographical Dictionary of Musicians' (New York), Wyndham and L'Epine's 'Who's Who in Music' (London), etc., besides a large number of special works dealing with separate phases of the subject.

As regards contemporary musicians, a great many facts have, of course, been adduced from the exclusive material gathered in the course of three years by the editors of The Art of Music. This is especially true with regard to American subjects, though here also publications like 'Who's Who in America,' Hughes' 'Music Lovers' Cyclopedia,' and the advance sheets of the American 'Who's Who in Music' (edited by César Saerchinger), have been freely consulted.

As the work is designed for music lovers no less than musicians and students, simple language has been employed in the explanations of technical matters. Abbreviations have been most sparingly used, and in most cases they are self-explanatory. A list of these will be found on page xiii.

The reader is cautioned to consult the Addenda for any subject not found in its proper alphabetical place. Also, owing to the confusion which exists as to the spelling of old names, the reader must be warned to use particular care in looking for them, though most of such cases are taken care of, it is thought, by adequate cross-references. Russian names, also, because of the

different transliterations of the Slavic alphabet, have become confused in the English reader's mind. In the present work they have been spelled, as far as is reasonable, phonetically (in the English sense). For instance, the Russian sh-sound has been reproduced by 'sh.' But exceptions have been made with such familiar names as Tschaikowsky, which, having been introduced to the western world by way of Germany, have been generally accepted in the German form. Uniformity in these matters is hardly possible without a radical and wide-spread reform, though such a reform is highly desirable.

THE EDITORS.

March, 1917.

CONTENTS OF VOLUMES XI-XII

PREFATORY NOTE	•	٠	•	٠	•	•	•	•	XI.	vii
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS		•		•			•	•	XI.	xiii
DICTIONARY-INDEX A-L		•	•						XI.	1
ADDENDA A-L						•			XI.	305
DICTIONARY-INDEX M-Z		•			•	•			XII.	1
Addenda M-Z									XII.	307

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS USED IN VOLUMES XI AND XII

a, in (i.e. a 4, in 4 parts, for 4 | voices). acc., accomp., accompaniment. b., born. B.c., Basso continuo. ca. (Lat., circa), about. cent., century. cf. (Lat., confer), compare. chor, chorus. clar.. clarinet. comp., composed, composition. Cons., Conservatory. cont., continuo. contemp., contemporary. Denkmäler, d.T. (Ger., Denkmäler der Tonkunst), 'Monuments of Musical Art' (a series of publications in Germany and Austria, containing complete scholarly editions of the works of the great composers, also more or less obscure works of historical importance). dir.. director. do., ditto. Dr. jur. (Lat., Doctor juris). Doctor of Law. Dr. phil. (Lat., Doctor philosophiae), Doctor of Philosophy. e.g. (Lat., exempli gratia), for example. ed., edited, edition. Eng., England, English. estab., established. et seq. (Lat., et sequentis, sequentia), and the following. f., and following page (i.e., 369f). m., and following pages. ff., flute. Fr., French. Ger., German. govt., government. harm., harmony. h.c. (Lat., honoris causa), indicating an honorary degree.

ib., ibid. (Lat., ibidum), in the same place. i.e. (Lat., id est), that is. Imp., Imper., Imperial. incid., incidental [music]. incl., including. Inst., Institute, Institution. instr.. instrumental, instruments. introd., introduced. maj., major. Met., Metropolitan [Opera House]. min., minor. MS., MSS., manuscript, manuscripts. mus., musical. Mus. B., Bachelor of Music. Mus. D., Doctor of Music. mus. ex., musical example. op., opus (pl. opera). orch.. orchestral. Oxon. (Lat. Oxoniae), of Oxford. perf., performed. port., portrait. prod., produced. Prof., Professor. pseud., pseudonym. pub., published. g.v. (Lat., quod vide), which see. Ref., Reference (indicating volume and page of THE ART OF MUSIC. where additional information is to be found). Soc., Society. stud., studied. symph., symphonic. transl., translated, translation. U. S., United States. Univ., University. v. (Lat., vide), sec. v. [e.g., 4 v.] (Lat., voces, vocum; Ital., voci), voices. vla., viola. vln., violin. vol.. vols., volume, volumes. w., with.

N. B.—Reference figures in Italics indicate major references. Italics have been employed only to give emphasis to one or more out of a number of figures, and not when the important reference occurs first.

A DICTIONARY-INDEX OF MUSICIANS BOOK I

DICTIONARY-INDEX OF MUSICIANS

Α

Aaron

Abela

AARON. See Aron.

ABACO (1) [Evaristo] Felice dall' (1675-1742): b. Verona, d. Munich; cellist at the Munich court, 1704; during its exile in Brussels became nominally, and after the return to Munich definitely, master of chamber music and councillor to Prince Max Emanuel.

Histy compositions, representing that its purest' (Riemann), include 14 violin sonatus with bass, 6 each of chamber and church concertos, 6 7-part concertos (4 vins., via., bassoon or 'cello) and violin concertos. (2 Joseph Clemens)

Ferdinand (1709-1801; b. Brussels, d. Ben Isa (14th cent.): Arabic theorist, and councillor there, 1738; wrote 29 'cello sonatus, a dramatic cantata (MSS.), etc.

ABBA-CORNAGLIA, Pietro (1851-1884): b. Alessandria, Piedmont, d. there; composer of chamber and church music and church music. (2) Luigia (b. Genoa, 1821): a daughter of (1), operatic mezzo-soprano; created Donizetti's Maria Padilla; in 1870 founded a vocal school in Milan.

ABBADIA (11870): benefit (1585). (2) Luigia (b. Genoa, 1821): a daughter of (1), operatic mezzo-soprano; created Donizetti's Maria Padilla; in 1870 founded a vocal school in Milan.

ABBITIAL (1717-1794): b. Cothen, son of Pintero of China, 1760-1777. (3) Leopoid Auchter massicula, played at Brunswick, Sondershausen, Berlin, etc.; court violinist and composer. He wrote two other operas, lone (Viena, 1668). ABBITIAL (1702-co. He wrote two other operas, lone (Viena, 1668). ABBITIAL (1702-co. He wrote two other operas, lone (Viena, 1668). Ref.: IX. (1). Shan in manuscript. His comic opera (composed the massiculation of the control opera (composed the control opera (composed the control opera) (composed the control opera) (composed the control opera) (composed the composed the control opera) (composed the composed the

Halle; cantor at Francke Stiftung there,

Halle; cantor at France Stitting there, author of song books for schools, composer of male choruses.

ABELL, John (ca.1660-ca.1720): alto singer, lutenist, composer of songs. In 1688 he lost his position in the Chapel Royal (held since 1679) and travelled in Italy, France, Germany, Holland and Poland until 1700 when

he regained his former post. ABENDROTH, Irene (1872-ABENDROTH, Irene (1872-): b. Lemberg; 1889 sang at the Vienna court opera, later in Munich, then again for four years in Vienna, and during 1899-1908 in the Royal Opera at Dresden. Her husband, Thomas Thaller, is the author of her biography.

ABENHEIM, Joseph (1804-1891): b. Worms, d. Stuttgart; violinist and musical director there; composer of entr'actes, overtures, songs. piano

piano entr'actes, overtures, songs,

pieces, etc., only a few of which have been printed.

ABERT (1) [Johann] Joseph (1832-1915): b. Bohemia, d. Stuttgart; noted virtuoso on double bass; studied at Prague Cons., later in Paris and London. Prague Cons., later in Paris and London. In 1852 he became a member, and in 1867 was appointed conductor of the Stuttgart court orchestra, which he led until 1888. His compositions include concertos and études for the double bass, symphonies, 5 operas, overtures, string quartets, etc. Ref.: III. 212, 257; (Bach transcription) VI. 438. (2) Hermann (1871-): b. Stuttgart; son of J. J. (1), musicographer and historian; studied at Stuttgart Cons. and Berlin Uniied at Stuttgart Cons. and Berlin University; author of Die Lehre vom Ethos in der griechischen Musik (1899); biin der griechtsehen musik (1059), Mi-ographies of Schumann, Franz, etc.; since 1909 professor at Halle Univ. ABESSER, Edmund (1836-1889): b. Margölitz, Saxony, d. Vienna; composer of salon music, also an opera, Die

of salon mu liebliche Fee.

ABINGTON. See ABYNGDON.
ABORN (1) Milton: American operatic manager. Ref.: IV. 155ff, 173.
(2) Sargent: brother of (1) and as-

(2) Sargent: Brother of (1) and associated with him as manager. Ref.: IV. 155ff, 173.

ABOS (Avos, d'Avossa) (1) Girolamo: composer of operas for Venice, Vienna, Rome, Turin, Ancona and London (1746-58). (2) Giuseppe: composer of operas for Naples (1742-64), also church music; teacher at Naples Corre

ABOTT, Bessie Pickens (Mrs. T. Walso Story): b. Riverdale, N. Y.; operatic soprano; studied with Mme. Frieda Ashforth, New York, and Victor Capoul, Paris; debut as Juliette in Roméo et Juliette at the Opéra, Paris; sang in London, Metropolitan Opera, New York, 1907, and elsewhere in the United States.

ABRAHAM (1) John. See Braham. (2) Dr. Max. See Peters, C. F. (3) ACHENBACH, Max. See ALVARY. Otto (1872-): b. Berlin; musical psychologist, associate of Stumpf in the Berlin Institute of Psychology, au- violinist, conductor of symphony con-

thor of studies on tone sensations and phonography of the music of Hindus, Japanese, etc.

ABRAHAMSON, [Werner Hans] Friedrich (1744-1812): b. Schleswig, d. Copenhagen; published in collaboration with Rahbek and Nyerup a collection of Danish songs, Danske Viser fra Middelalderen.

ABRAM, John (1840-): b. Margate; English organist, composer of oratorios and cantatas.

ABRAMS, three sisters (1) Harriet, soprano, made her début Drury Lane, 1775, composer of popular songs and collector of several volumes published

collector of several volumes published ca. 1787ff. She sang at the Handel Commemoration with her sister (2) Theodosia, a contralto. (3) Eliza, he youngest, sang with her sisters at the Ladies' Catch and Glee Concerts.

ABRANYI (1) Kornel (1822-1903): b. Szent György Abrány, d. Budapest; composer, critic and librettist. He received his training from Chopin, Kalkbernner, Halévy and Fischhof. In 1860 joined Mosonyi and Rószavolgyi in establishing the Zenészeti Lapok. the tablishing the Zeneszeti Lapok, the first Hungarian magazine devoted to music. This he continued to edit until 1876. Other writings include a volume on musical asthetics, a history of music, a book on harmony and a biography of Mosonyi. (2) Emil (1882-): b. Budapest, son of the poet Emil A.; composer of 3 Hungarian operas; from 1907 Royal conductor at Hanover, from 1911 at Budapest. Ref.: III. 199. ABRICI, Vincenzo (1631-1696): or-ganist; chapel-master to the Elector of

ganist; chapel-master to the Elector of Saxony, Dresden, teacher of Kulmau; composed church music. Ref.: VI. 425.

ABT (1) Franz (1819-1885): b. Eilenburg, d. Wiesbaden; famous popular song-writer, pupil of the Thomasschule, where he led the Students' Philharmonic and composed successfully; conductor of theatres in Bernburg, Zürich, and Brunswek also of singing socia ductor of theatres in Bernburg, Zurleh, and Brunswick, also of singing societies; composer of popular songs, quartets for men's voices, women's voices, choruses, cantatas, etc. Extremely prolific (more than 500 works, with over 3,000 numbers). Ref.: III. 19; (quot.) IV. 309f; VI. 177. (2) Alfred (1855-1888): b. Brunswick, d. Geneva; son of Franz, theatre-conductor in Rudolstadt, Kiel and Rostock.

ABYNGDON, Henry (15th cent.): d. Wells, England; Master of the Song of the Chapel Royal, London, etc.; composer of church music: friend of Sir Thomas More. Ref.: VI. 447.

ACHARD, Léon (1831Lyons; tenor. He studied at the Conservatoire and made his first appearance at the Théâtre Lyrique; has sung

servatoire and made his first appearance at the Théatre Lyrique; has sung since then in Lyons and in Paris at the Opéra Comique and the Opéra.

ACHENBACH, Max. See ALVARY.

ACHSHARUMOFF, Demetrius Viadimirovitch (1864—): b. Odessa; violinist conductor of symphony con-

Ackermann Addison

certs in Pultawa and a branch of the Imperial Russian Musical Society.

ACKERMANN, A. J. (1836-): b. Rotterdam; teacher of organ and theory at the Royal Music School of The Hague, composer of songs and in-strumental works.

strumental works.

ACKTE, Aino (Mme. Ackté-Renvall):
b. Helsingfors, Finland; contemp. operatic soprano at Paris Opéra, New York, London, etc. Ref.: X. 205.

ACTON, John B. (1863-): b. Manchester(?), Eng.; vocal teacher; pupil of Francesco Lamperti; prof. of music, Royal College of Music; comp. cantatas for women's voices, male chorus 'For Home and Liberty,' duets, songs, etc.

ADALID y GURREA, Marcel del (1826-1881): b. Coruña, d. Longara, Galicia; pianist and composer. He studied under Moscheles and Chopin, published 3 collections of Galician folksongs; comp. piano pieces and an un-

songs; comp. piano pieces and an unpublished opera.

ADAM (1) Jean (18th cent.): tenorviolinist at Dresden court and composer of ballets, concertos for oboe
and piano, string quartets and symphonies. (2) Louis (Johann Ludwig)
(1758-1848): b. Muttersholtz, Alsace, d.
Paris; professor of pianoforte at Paris
Cons., author of works on principles of
piano-playing. composer of sonatas, Paris; professor of pianoforte at Paris Cons., author of works on principles of piano-playing, composer of sonatas, etc. (3) Adolphe-Charles (1803-1856): b. Paris, d. there; son of Louis (2); prolific and successful comic opera composer, (53 operas); pupil and follower of Boieldieu and Auber. His one-act opera Pierre et Cathérine, prod. successfully at the Opéra-Comique was followed by 13 others and in 1836 by Le Postillon de Lonjumeau, a brilliant success. In all he prod. 53 stage works, including the operas Le Châlet, Au fidèle berger, Postillon de Lonjumeau, Le Roi d'Yvetot, La Poupée de Nuremberg, Cagliostro, Richard en Palestine, and the ballets Giselle, Le Corsair, Faust, etc. He founded the Théâtre National in 1847 but his enterprise failed in the revolution of the following year. He succeeded his father as professor at the Conservatoire on the latter's death (1848). Ref.: II. 211f; IX. 73, 229f, 236; X. 151, 158; portrait, IX. 2266.

ADAM DE LA HALLE (or Hāle) (ce 1240-87): harrsed Neyles par

IX. 226.

ADAM DE LA HALLE (or Hâle) (ca. 1240-87): b. Arras, d. Naples; poet and composer of great historical importance. The 'Hunchback of Arras' was one of the most gifted and accomplished of the trouvères. His chansons, rondeaux, motets, and especially his famous pastoral song-play, Les gieulx de Robin et de Marion (1285), have been revived during the 19th century. His complete works, in modern notation, were edited by Coussemaker (Oeuvres completes du ironvère Adam de la Halle, etc., 1872). Robin et Marion, according to modern scholarship, is a compilation from folk-song

sources, etc. It is frequently referred to as the earliest example of comic opera. It has been published in arrangement with piano accompaniment by J. B. Weckerlin. Other song-plays credited to A. are the Jen d'Adam and Jen du pelerin. Ref.: I. 211, 213; V. 138; VI. 25f; IX. 3, 71; mus. ex., XIII. 9.

ADAM VON FULDA (15th cent.): probably a Benedictine monk, composer and theorist. Some of his compositions (hymn and antiphonary melodies in contrapuntal settings) are preserved in the Berlin and Leipzig libraries.

ADAMBERGER, Valentin (1743-1804): b. Munich, d. Vienna; tenor. He made his debut under the name of Adamonti and same in Italy London and ADAM VON FULDA (15th cent.):

made his debut under the name of Adamonti and sang in Italy, London, and Vienna, occupying the position of court chapel singer at the last-named place. He is mostly remembered by the fact that Mozert honored him by writing the part of Belmonte for him.

ADAMI DA BOLSENA (or da Volterra), Andrea (1663-1742): b. Venice, d. Rome; papal singer and papal maestro di cappella. In 1711 he wrote Osservazioni per ben regolare il coro dei cantori della Cappella Pontificia.

ADAMONTI. See ADAMBERGER.

ADAMONTI. See ADAMBERGER.
ADAMOWSKI (1) Timothee (1858-):
b. Warsaw; noted violinist and composer. He studied with Kontchi and Massart at Warsaw and Paris. He Massart at Warsaw and Paris. He toured America and later taught in the New England Conservatory at Boston, where in 1838 he established the Adamowski String Quartet; was conductor of Boston Symphony 'Pops' during 1890-94. Composer of songs, etc. (2) Joseph: brother of above; 'cellist.

ADAMS (1) Thomas (1785-1858): organist in London. He composed organ fugues, intermezzos and variations, for fugues, intermezzos and variations, for piano and for organ. He was a pupil of Dr. Busby. Ref.: VI. 475. (2) Charles R. (ca. 1834-1900): b. Charlestown, Mass., d. West Harwich; operatic tenor; studied with Barbieri, sang in Vienna, Milan, London, Madrid, Germany and United States. (3) Stephen. See Mayranck, M. Ref.: V. 327.

ADCOCK, James (1778-1860): b. Eton, d. Cambridge; choirmaster and composer. He was a choirboy at Windsor and at Eton, became a lay priest in 1797 and later choirmaster at King's College. He wrote glees, an evening service and anthems, also "The Rudiments of Singing."

at the Royal Academy of Music, where he later taught harmony and composi-tion. He wrote orchestral works, songs and church music.

ADE, George: American humorist and dramatist. Ref.: IV. 457.
ADELBOLDUS (d. 1027): Bishop of Utrecht; musical theorist (work extant in Gerbert's Scriptores).

ADELBURG, August, Ritter von (1830-1873): b. Constantinople, d. Vienna; violinist. He composed sonatas, études, and concertos for the violin, also string quartets and three operas. Pub. criticisms of Liszt's book on Gypsy music.
ADELUNG. See Adlung.

ADELUNG. See ADLUNG.
ADGATE, Andrew: American musical pioneer. Ref.: IV. 73, 87, 235.
ADLER (1) Georg: b. Ofen, 1806; pianist, teacher and composer of chamber music, variations, songs, etc. (2) Vincent (1826-1871): b. Raab, Hungary, d. Geneva; composer. He studied at Budapest, Vienna, and Paris, and at Paris made the acquaintance of Wagner, Bulow, Ernst and Lalo. He taught for six years at the conservatory upon his return to Geneva. His compositions include studies for the piano, and salon music. (3) Guido (1855-): b. Eibenschütz, Moravia; teacher and musicographer. He studied at Vienna Cons. with Bruckner and Dessoff, also at the Univ., became Dr. jur. and Dr. phil.; docent for music science at Vienna Univ., 1881, professor extraordinary at Prague in 1885 and professor at Vienna Univ. in 1898. He founded the Vierteljahrsschrift für Musikwissenschaft with Chrysander and Spitta in 1884. founded the Vierteljanrssentiff jurimusikwissenschaft with Chrysander and Spitta in 1884, edits the Denkmöler der Tonkunst in österreich, wrote studies on the history of harmony, Beethoven's works, Wagner, Haydn, mediæval music, etc., also Der Still in der Musik (vol. i, 1912).

ADLGASSER (or Adelgasser), Anton Cajetan (1728-1777): b. Innzell, d.

ton Cajetan (1728-1777): b. Innzell, d. Salzburg; organist, composer of church music and collaborator with Michael Haydn and Mozart in Die Schuldigkeit des ersten Gebots (1767).

ADLUNG (or Adelung), Jakob (1699-1762): b. Bindersleben, d. Erfurt; organist, teacher and writer. He studied successively philology, theology and music, in 1727 became city organist at Erfurt and later professor of the Gymnasium there. He taught the clavichord; built a number of clavichords himself, and wrote three treatises of importance, Anleitung zu der musinimself, and wrote three treatises or importance, Anleitung zu der musikalischen Gelahrtheit (1758), Musica mechanica organoedi (1768) and Musikalisches Siebengestirn (1768).

ADOLFATI, Andrea (1711-ca.1760): b. Venice, d. Genoa; studied with Galuppi, church conductor in Venice and Genoa. composer of 5 opers and church

three books on harmony (Latin transl. found 1788 in Sicilian court library). ADRIAENSEN, Emanuel, called Hadrianus (16th cent.): b. Antwerp, published two works in lute tablature, containing transcriptions of canzonets, dance-tunes, fantasias, madrigals, motets and preludes by di Rore, Lassus, van Berchem, etc. (1584, 1592).

ADRIANO DI BOLOGNA. See BAN-CHIERI.

ADRIEN or Andrien (1) Martin Joseph, called La Neuville, or Adrien Paine (1767-1822): b. Liège, d. Paris; bass and chorus master at Pari. Opéra; teacher at the École Royale and writer of patriotic hymns. (2) J — (ca. 1768-ca.1824): b. Liège; brother of Martin, chorus master at the Théâtre Feydeau (Paris); published song collections. (3) Ferdinand (1799-1801): chorus master, Paris Opéra; song composer.

ÆGIDIUS DE MURINO (15th cent.): writer on musical theory. His dissertations on measured music still

extant in Coussemaker's Scriptores.

ÆGIDIUS ZAMORENSIS, Joannes
(13th cent.): Franciscan friar of Zamora, Spain; musical theorist; wrote Ars Musicã.

AELSTERS, Georges Jacques (1770-1849): b. Ghent, d. there; carillomeur and director at St. Martin's, composer of much church music still

AERTS (1) Egide (1822-1853): b. Boom, near Antwerp, d. Brussels; flutist, pupil and teacher at the Brussels Cons.; wrote symphonies and concertos for flute. (2) Felix (1827-1888): b. St. Trond, Belgium, d. Nivelles; violinist at Brussels, conductor at Tournai, teacher in Paris and Nivelles and composer of religious and secular pieces. He wrote also on methods and several He wrote also on methods and several

sessays on plain-chant.

AESCHYLUS: Greek dramatist.

Ref.: I. 120, 329; III. 149; IX. 414; X.
55, 56.

AFANASSIEFF, Nicolai Jacovelevitch (1821-1898): b. Tobolsk, d. St.
Petersburg; violinist and composer. His Petersburg, violinist and composer. And compositions include, besides violin pieces, a piece for viola d'amour, a string quartet, a quintet, an octet, plano pieces and songs, several operas, also a cantata 'The Feast of Peter the Great's accompany of the proposition of the propo

a cantata 'The Feast of Peter the Great' (prize-crowned), symphonics and oratorios (still in manuscript).

AFFERNI (1) Ugo (1871-): b. Florence; pianist and conductor. He studied at Florence, Frankfort and Leipzig, counting among his teachers Schwarz, Urspruch, Bülow, Reinecke, Jadassohn, Piutti. After his marriage in 1895 he and his wife introduced chamber music evenings at Lübeck. Later he conducted concerts at Harzb. Venice, d. Genoa; studied with Galuppi, church conductor in Venice and Genoa, composer of 5 operas and church music.

ADRASTOS (ca. 4th cent. B. C.): pulpi of Aristotle, musical theorist, wrote of Brommer (1872-): b. Great

Il'l'Affilard Agricola

Grimsby; studied at Leipzig Cons.; vio- church music and madrigals, published linist, wife of (1). partly at Venice, partly at Ancona. (2)

[17] AFFILARD, Michel (17th cent.): tenor in chapel of Louis XIV., 1683-1708; author of Principles très faciles for sight singing, first pub. 1691. AFRANIO DEGLI ALBONESI (15th

cent.): b. Pavia, canon of Ferrara, reputed inventor of the bassoon. Ref.: VIII. 77.

AFZELIUS, Arvid August (1785-1871): b. Enköping, Sweden, d. there; clergyman and collector of folk-melo-

AGATHON, Pope 678-681: regulated the Roman Antiphonary. Ref.: I. 147.
AGAZZARI, Agostino (1578-1640): b. Siena, d. there; church-conductor and composer. While Kapellmeister at the composér. While Kapellmeister at the German College at Rome, he wrote the dramatic pastoral, Eumelio, but upon his return to Siena, where he became cathedral conductor, he devoted himself to the voluminous production of church music, including 4 books of sacred cantiones (1602-16), evening psalms, a magnificat, a litany, etc.; also published 5 books of madrigals for 3-6 voices. A friend of Viadana, he adopted his reforms in religious vocal music and in his pamphlet La musica adopted his reforms in religious vocations and in his pamphlet La musica ecclesiastica attempted to harmonize church music with the Resolutions of the Council of Trent. He was one of the first to give directions for executing the figured bass. Ref.: L 379; IX.

AGELAOS OF TEGEA (6th cent. B.

AGELAOS OF TEGEA (6th cent. B. C.): first victor in Pythian games, 559 B. C.; first kithera-virtuoso.

[d']AGINCOURT, François (1714-1758): b. Rouen, d. Paris; organist. In 1714 he became organist at the Royal Chapel in Paris. His only production, Pièces de Clavecin, appeared in 1733.

AGNELLI, Salvatore (1817-74): b. Palermo; operatic composer. He studied at Naples under Furno, Zingarelli and Donizetti; began his operatic career as composer at Naples and Palermo, and in 1846 went to Marseilles. There he prod. 3 operas, wrote three others, a Miserere, a cantata, a Stabat Mater, etc.

[d']AGNESI (1) Luigi. See Agnez,

[d']AGNESI (1) Luigi. See AGNEZ, L.F.L. (2) Maria Theresa (1724-1780[?]): b. Milan; pianist; composed 5 operas, prod. 1771, in Milan, cantatas, 2 pianoforte concertos and sonatas.

AGNIEZ. Louis Ferdinand Leopold. AGNIEZ, Louis Ferdinand Leopold, called Luigi Agnesi (1838-1875): b. Erpent, d. London; singer and composer. He studied at the Brussels Cons., was conductor at St. Catherine's and director of several societies in Brussels and after producing a successful opera, Harold le Normand, he toured France and Germany as operatic and concert has

partly at Venice, partly at Ancona. (2) Paolo (before 1593-1629): b. Vallerano, d. Rome; composer; son-in-law and pupil of B. Nanini; while chapel master at St. Peter's and previously at other churches in Rome, he wrote much mu-sic still preserved in manuscript. The sic still preserved in manuscript. The Salmi della Madonna and 5 books of masses were published in 1619 and 1627. (3) Pietro Simone (1650-[?]): b. Rome; operatic composer and maestro di cappella at Parma. His works include also an oratorio and motets. (4) Mexio (1875-): See Addenda. Ref.: III. 394.

AGRAMONTE, Emilio (1844-): b. Puerto Principe, Cuba; teacher of singing in Barcelona, Cuba and New York; studied in Spain and Paris, composer of religious music

printed).

AGRELL, Johann Joachim (1701-1765): b. Löth, Sweden, d. Nuremberg; court violinist and piano-virtuoso at Cassel, and after 1746 Kapellmeister at Nuremberg. Concertos for harpsichord and quartet, sonatas and 'symphonies' for the piano were published.

AGRENEFF, Demetrius Alexandro-vitch (1838-1908): b. Rustchuk, Bul-garia, d. there; singer and director. After studying in Italy and Paris, he organized a choir and, under the name Slavjanski, presented folk-songs through Europe and America.

AGRICOLA (1) Alexander (Ackermann), frequently called 'Alexander' (ca.1446-ca.1506): important composer of the Netherland school. He wrote at Milan, Mantua and Bungundy, of the Netherland school. He wrote at Milan, Mantua and Bungundy, where he was chapel singer. In 1505 he followed Philip the Fair of Burgundy to Spain, where he apparently died at Vailadolid at the age of 60. Petrucci printed in his three oldest collections (1501-3) 31 songs and motets by this composer, and also published a volume of his masses. Besides these there are other masses, money and the statement of t sides these there are other masses, motets, chansons and magnificats in MS. (2) Martin (1486-1556): b. Sorau, Saxony, d. Magdeburg; private music teacher, then cantor at the Lutheran School at Magdeburg; author of im-School at Magdeburg; author of important theoretical works, including Eyn Kurtz deudsche Musica (1528), Musica instrumentalis deudsch (in doggerel, based on Virdung's Musica getutscht), Musica figuralis deudsch (1533, with an appendix, Von den Proporcionibus, based on Gafort), Rudimenta musices (1539), Scholia in musicam planam Wenceslai Plulamathis (1540), Quaestiones vulgariores in musicam (1543). He was the first German theoretician to use the vernacular. His compositions consist of motets and hymns pub. in various collections. and concert bass.

AGOSTINI (1) Ludovico (15341590): b. Ferrara, d. there; court-conductor and composer. He was chaplain ductor and composer. He was chaplain the court of Alphonse II. and wrote tor, published motets and cantiones.

(4) Wolfgang Christoph (17th cent.): German composer of church music. (5) Georg Ludwig (1643-1676): b. Gross-furra near Sondershausen, d. Gotha; composer At Mühlburger composer. At Mühlhausen he produced chamber sonatas for stringed instruments, penetential songs and madrigals. (6) Johann Friedrich (1720-1774): b. Dobitschen, d. Berlin; court composer. He succeeded Graun court composer. He succeeded Gradus as director of the Royal Chapel, and is known for his 8 operas, prod. Berlin and Potsdam, odes, a sonata, and theoretical works. (7) Benedetta Emilia (née Molteni) (1722-80): h. Modena, d. Berlin; wife of Johann E singer in the Berlin Italian Opera F., singer in the Berlin Italian Opera. F., singer in the Berlin Italian Opera.
AGTHE (1) Karl Christian (17621787): b. Hettstädt, d. Ballenstedt;
court organist at Ballenstedt, composed
6 Singspiele, a ballet, piano sonatas
and songs. (2) Wilhelm Johann
Albrecht (1790-1873): b. Ballenstedt,
d. Berlin; son of (1). He taught music
at Leipzig, Dresden and Posen, Breslau and Berlin. He was a member of
the Gewandhaus orchestra in Leipzig,
pub. piano compositions; from 1845
till his death conducted his own instipub. piano compositions; from 1845 till his death conducted his own insti-tute of music at Berlin. (3) Friedrich Wilhelm (1796-1830): b. Sangerhausen, d. Sonnenstein. He studied at Weimar and Draden wider Willer Blomann and Dresden, under Müller, Riemann and Weinlig. For six years he was cantor at the Kreuzschule (1822-1828). (4) Rosa. See MILDE.

(4) Rosa. See MILLE.

AGUADO y GARCIA, Dionisio (1784-1849): b. Madrid, d. there; distinguished virtuoso on the guitar. His compositions consist of rondos and studies for the guitar, and pub. a guitar method (1825, French 1827).

AGUILARI, Lucrezia. See AGUARI.

AGUILAR, Emanuel Abraham (1824-1904): b. London, d. there; pianist and composer. After distinguishing himself at Leipzig, he went to London, where he composed operas, cantatas, symphonics, overtures and chamber music.

AGULERA DE HEREDIA, Sebas-tiano (17th cent.): Spanish ecclesiastic and organist. In 1603 he became organ-ist at the Cathedral of Saragossa, where he composed and published a volume of Magnificats.

AGUJARI, Lucrezia, called La Bas-tardina or Bastardella (1743-1783): b. Ferrara, d. Parma; soprano. Se sang in Italy and at London, was noted sang in Itary and at London, was noted especially for her phenomenal range, from middle C through three octaves. In 1780 she married the maestro dicappella Colla at Parma and subsequently left the stage.

quently left the stage.

AGUS (1) Henri (1749-1798): b. France, d. there; prof. of solfeggio at Paris Conservatoire; composer of educational works. (2) Joseph; composer of string trios, duets, glees, etc., pub. in London, also 6 duos concertants for 2 violins pub. as the op. 37 of Boccherini by Barbieri of Paris.

AHLE (1) Johann Rudolf (1625-1673): b. Mühlhausen, d. there; organist and composer. After acting as cantor at St. Andreas in Erfurt, Ahle became organist at St. Blasien in Muhlhausen, subsequently member of the council and burgomaster in the same town. His works are chiefly religious; they include chamber sonatas, choral music, and theoretical natas, choral music, and theoretical writings. (2) Johann Georg (1651-1706): b. Muhlhausen, d. there; organist. He succeeded his father as organist. ist at Mühlhausen, became town councillor, and was made poet laureate by Kaiser Leopold I. He was noted as

Kaiser Leopold I. He was noted as composer and theoretician.

AHLSTRÖM (1) Olof (1756-1835): b. Stockholm, d. there; organist and composer. He was organist at Stockholm and the author of violin and piano sonatas, songs, also the collections Musikalisk Tidsfördrift and Skaldestykken. (2) Jacob Nikias (1805-1857): b. Wisby, Sweden, d. Stockholm; operatic composer. Besides 2 operas, A. prod. songs, etc., also a compilation of Swedish folk-songs.

AHN CARSEL A. von. See Carse.

AHN CARSE, A. von. See CARSE. AHNA (1) Heinrich Karl Hermann de (1835-1892): b. Vienna, d. Berlin; violinist. He studied under Mayseder and Mildner, became chamber virtuoso to the duke of Coburg-Gotha, and after serving in the Austrian army during 1851-59, gave concerts in Germany and Holland and settled in Berlin as member of the Royal Kapelle, of which he afterward became concert-master. He was noted as member of the Joachim Quartet. Ref.: VII. 451. (2) Eleanore (1835-1865): b. Vienna, d. Berlin; mezzo-soprano. She was sister of Heinrich (1), a pupil of Mantius and a singer in the Royal Opera at Berlin: AHN CARSE, A. von. See CARSE.

AIBL, Joseph, founder of a noted music firm (Munich, 1824) which during 1836-84 was controlled by Eduard Spitzweg and his two sons, Eugen and Otto. It absorbed the firms of Falter und Sohn and of Alfred Läuterer, and in 1904 merged with the 'Universal-Edition' with headquarters

at Leipzig.

at Leipzig.

AIBLINGER, Johann Kasper (1779-1867): b. Wasserburg, d. Munich; court conductor and composer. He studied at Munich and under Simon Mayr at Bergamo, in 1819 was second maestro to the viceroy at Milan, in 1826 Kapellmeister in Munich. He founded the Odeon at Venice. His best work was for the church: masses, requiems, psalms, etc.; his one opera, one farsa, three ballets, etc., met with little success. cess.

AICHINGER, Gregor (ca. 1565-1628): b. Ratisbon, d. Augsburg; canon of St. Gertrud in Augsburg; organist and composer of church music, which is of historical value because of his use of the term basso continuo. See Addenda.

Greek parentage, composer of popular songs

Songs.

AIGNER, Engelbert (1798-ca. 1852):
b. Vienna, d. there; ballet director of the Vienna court opera, 1835-37, composed an opera, operettas, ballets, cantatas, choruses and church music.

AIMO. See Harm, N. F.

AIMON, Pamphile Léopold Francois (1779-1866): b. L'Isle, near Avignon, d. Paris: 'cellist, conductor of orchestra in Marseilles theatre, of the Gymnase dramatique and the Thédire François in Paris. He composed operas (La Fée d'Urgèle) and chamber music and wrote 3 books on musical theory.

theory.

AINSWORTH, Henry (17th cent.):
Pilgrim minister; compiler of psalm
tunes. Ref.: IV. 19.

(1727-1807):

nes. Ref.: IV. 19. AIRETON, Edward AIRETON, Edward (1727-1807): London instrument maker, imitator of violins and 'cellos of Amati.

A KEMPIS. See KEMPIS.

AKERBERG, Erik (1860-): Swedish composer. Ref.: III. 85. AKEROYDE, Samuel (ca.1650-):

Swedish composer. Ref.: III. 85.
AKEROYDE, Samuel (ca.1650-):
b. Yorkshire; writer of songs, printed in collections by d'Urfey and others.
AKIMENKO, Fedor (1876-): b.
Kharkoff; pupil of Balakireff and Rimsky-Korsakoff; taught in St. Petersburg, France, and Moscow; composed orchestral and chamber music, also 'cello, violin, piano pieces, etc., and songs. Ref.: III, 160; VI. 396.
ALA, Glovanni Batista (1580?-1612?): b. Monza, d. there; organist and composer of madrigals and church

and composer of madrigals and church

ALABIEFF, Alexander Alexandrovitch (1787-1851): b. Moscow, d. there; composer. Collaborated with Verstovski, Vielhorski, and Maurer in writing the music for the musical comedies of Chmelnitzki, also was the composer of several operas. His songs, especially 'The Nightingale,' are still popular. Ref.: IX. 380.

Ref.: IX. 380.

ALALEONA, Domenico (1881-):
b. Montegiorgio, Piceno; composer;
studied at Liceo musicale, Rome; conductor of the Società Guido Monaco,
Leghorn, 1908-1910; cond. of the Augusteo and professor at the Cons.,
Rome, since 1910; has composed Attolite
Portas for soli, chorus and orchestra;
a requiem, pro defuncto Rege; an opera,
Mirra; a Sinfonia Italica, and songs;
author of Su Emilio de Cavalieri (1905),
Studii sulla storta dell' Oratorio (1908),
etc.

ALARD (1) Jean-Delphin (1815-1888): b. Bayonne, d. Paris; violinist, teacher and composer. He studied the violin as a pupil of Habeneck at the Paris Conservatoire; later he succeeded Baillot as professor there. His compositions include concerios, studies and duets for piano and violin; his style (1809-1886): b. Nienstetten, near Altona, as a violinist was noted for abandon and verve. He also published a violin- composer of dance music. (2) Eugen

AIDE, Hamilton, b. 1830 in Paris, of reek parentage, composer of popular AIGNER, Engelbert (1798-ca. 1852): Utenna, d. there; ballet director of the Vienna court opera, 1835-37, composed an opera, operettas, ballets, cantas, choruses and church music.

AIMO. See Haym, N. F.

AIMON, Pamphile Léopold Franding AIMO, Paris Léopold Franding AIMO, Paris Léopold Franding AIMO, Paris Léopold Franding AIMO, Paris Léopold Franding AIMO, Pamphile Léopol

ALBA, Alonzo de: Spanish composer represented in the Cancionero Mu-

ALBANESE, —— (1729-1800): b. Albano, d. Paris; dilettante and composer of temporarily popular songs; played in Concerts Spirituels.

ALBANESI (1 Luigi (1821-1897): b. Rome, d. Naples; composer of church music and piano works. (2) Carlo (1856-1893): b. Naples, d. London; professor of pianoforte at Royal Academy of Music, composed for his instrument.

strument.

strument.

ALBAN (Albanus), Matthias (1621-1712): b. Kaltern, d. Bozen; violin maker, pupil of Steiner. His instruments of 1702-09 are considered nearly equal to Amati's. See Addenda.

ALBANI (real name La Jeunesse), Emma (1852-): b. Chambly; operatic soprano. She was a pupil of Duprez in Paris and of Lamperti. She appeared first in opera at Messina, and since then has sung in Florence, London, Paris, St. Petersburg and America. She is known also as a pianist. In 1878 she married Ernest Gye, manager of Covent Garden.

as a pianist. In 1878 she married Ernest Gye, manager of Covent Garden.

ALBENIZ (1) Don Pedro (1755-1821): b. Biscaya, d. San Sebastian; chapel master of the cathedral there; composer of church music valued greatly in Spain. (2) Pedro (1795-1855): b. Longrofio, d. Madrid; pupil of Kalkbrenner and Herz in Paris, or Kaikdrenner and Herz in Paris, planist and professor at Madrid Cons.; court organist there, and pub. many plano compositions and a plano method. (3) Don Isaac (1860-1909): b. Camprodon (Spain), d. Cambo au Bains (Pyrenees); planist to the Spanish court, composer. He studjed in childhood with Marmontel, then toured America and Europe, and finally returned to study again in the Brussels America and Europe, and inally returned to study again in the Brussels Cons. He wrote songs, operas, operettas, an oratorio, and planoforte works which show relationship with the modern impressionistic school of

which show relationship with the modern impressionistic school of France. Pioneer in the modern renaissance of Spanish music. Ref.: III. 3627, 404, 405f; V. 120; VII. 339; IX. 477. [47]ALBERGATI(1) Pirro Capacelli, Conte (1663-1735): b. Bologna, d. there; composer of oratorios, church music, instrumental pieces and cantatas. Ref.: VII. 391. (2) Aldobrandini (17th cent.): Bolognese composer.

(1864-): b. Glasgow, Scotland, son of (1); pupil Ernest Pauer, Prout and Sullivan in London, of Hans Richter in Vienna, and Liszt in Weimar; resident in Vienna; distinguished not only as pipe vietness but also continued to the control of the con Richter in Vienna, and Liszt in Weimar; resident in Vienna; distinguished not only as piano virtuoso but also as composer. He has written 2 concertos for the piano, one for the 'cello, a symphony, 2 overtures, 2 string quartets, a piano sonata and a suite for the piano, songs, a choral piece and 9 operas, including Der Rubin (Carlsruhe, 1893), Ghismonda (Dresden, 1895), Gernot (Manniheim, 1897), Die Abreise (Frankfort, 1898), Kain (Berlin, 1900), Der Improvisator (Berlin, 1900), Tiefland (Prague, 1903, also Berlin, etc., and New York), Flauto solo (Prague, 1905), Tragabaldas (Hamburg, 1907), Izeyl (ib. 1909), Die verschenkte Frau (Vienna, 1912), Liebesketten (ib. 1912), Tote Augen (Dresden, 1914); also incidental music, transcriptions of Bach organ works, etc. He was married three times, to Teresa Carreño (1892), the singer Hermine Finck (1895) and Ida Theumann (1910). Ref.: III. viii. 243, 244, 268; VII. 324, 330; (Bach transcription) VI. 440 footnote; IX. 430; portrait, VII. 364.

ALBERT, Heinrich (1604-1651): h. Lobestein, dene

ALBERT, Heinrich (1604-1651): b. Lobenstein, d. Konigsberg; nephew and pupil of Heinrich Schutz; organist and pupil of Heinrich Schutz; organist at Königsberg Cathedral from 1630; composer of Arien (8 parts, 1638-50; solo and part-songs, chorales, etc.), a cantata consisting of 12 terzets, 2 Singspiele, Prussiarchus (lost) and Clonides (some vocal pieces preserved). He wrote the texts of most of his songs. A. was one of the first Germans to use Italian monody but soon abandoned it for polyphopy.

for polyphony.

ALBERT, Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Saaifeld (1819-1861): b. Schloss-Rosenau, d. London; prince consort of Queen Victoria of England; music-lover and patron, composer of church music and one opera.

ALBERT V., Duke of Bavaria: patron of Orlando di Lasso. Ref.: I. 30/ff; VII. 56, 57.

ALBERTI (1) Johann Friedrich

ALBERTI (1) Johann Friedrich (1642-1710): b. Toning, d. Merseburg; theologan, pupil of Fabricius and Albrici, organist of the cathedral of Merseburg, and composer of church music, with a masterly command of counterwith a masterly command of counterpoint. (2) Giuseppe Matteo (1685-1746[2]): composer of instrumental music, concerti, violin sonatas, sinfonie, etc.; concerti for violin, strings and bass were pub. in Bologna, Amsterdam and London. (3) Domenico (ca. 1707-ca. 1740): b. Venice; pianist, singer, composer of operas, motets, piano sonatas, etc. One of the first to use the hyper-homophonic piano style, he has been considered the originator of the simple harmonic accompaniment formula known as Alberti bass. Ref.: of the simple harmonic accompaniment of in den Kammermusikwerken Klassformula known as Alberti bass. Ref.: ischer Autoren. (5) Eugen Maria II. 55, 56; VII. 48, 97, 107f, 139. (4) (1842-1894): b. St. Petersburg, d. there; Karl Edmund Robert (1801-1874): b. son of Karl and trained by David at

Danzig, d. Berlin; theologian, philosopher, and musical dilettante. His musical writings are both historical and critical; his compositions comprise a few books of songs.

ALBERTINI (1) Gioacchino (1751-

1811): d. Warsaw; royal Polish conductor; composer of popular Italian opera. (2) Michael, known as Momoletto (18th cent.): soprano at the Cassel court. (3) Giovanna, called Romanina (18th cent.): sister of Michael, prima donna at Cassel.

ALBICASTRO, Henrico (Weissenburg): Swiss violinist and composer of chamber music in the late 17th cent.

ALBINONI, Tommaso (1674-1745): b. Venice, d. there; composer of about fifty operas in typical conventional Italian style. He wrote also concertos, sonatas and fugues, and excelled in violin playing. Ref.: VII. 399,

ALBINUS (1) Czeionius Rufus (5th-6th cent. A.D.): Roman author of Compendium de musica cited by Boe-(2) Flaceus. Sec Alcuinus.

tius. (2) Flaceus. Sec Alcuinus.
ALBONI, Marietta (1823-1894): b. Cesena, Romagna, d. Ville d'Avray, near Paris; operatic contralto, who after studying with Rossini, made her debut at La Scala in Lucrezia Borgia, 1843. Her voice ranged from g ", with a clearness and purity seldom if ever surpassed. Her success and popularity were world-wide; she sang in Italy, St. Petersburg, London, Paris, and North and South America.

ALBRECCHT (1) Johann Matthäus

North and South America.

ALBRECHT (1) Johann Matthäus (1701-1769): b. Osterbehringen, near Gotha, d. Frankfort; organist at Frankfort. (2) Johann Lorenz, called 'Magister' (1732-1773): b. Gormar, near Mühlhausen, d. Muhlhausen; Gymnasium teacher and organist in Mühlhausen; musical editor and critic of note; published an edition of Adlung's Musica mechanica and Siebengestim (1768), wrote 2 treatises on philosophical aspects of music, an elementary theory (1788), wrote 2 treatises on philosophical aspects of music, an elementary theory (1761) and contributed articles to Marpurg's Kritische Beitrage. Composed a Passion, some cantatas and harpsichord lessons. (3) Karl (1807-1863): b. Posen, d. Gatschina; studied with Schnabel in Breslau; violinist and director of a travelling troupe; for 12 years conductor of the Imperial Russian opera at St. Petersburg; director of Philharmonic concerts and singing teacher at monic concerts and singing teacher at monic concerts and singing teacher at Gatschina. He composed one mass, one ballet, 3 string quartets, etc. (4) Konstantin Karl (1836-1893): b. Elberfeld, d. Moscow; son of Karl; 'cellist in Moscow Imperial Theatre, one of the founders of the Cons. there (1860) in which he later taught. He composed songs, choruses, etc., wrote an Untersuchung über die Ausfuhrung der Temilin den Kammermyeikungken Klass

monastery, court organist and conductor at St. Stephen's, in Vienna; teacher of theory with whom Beethoven studied, 1794, composer of fugues for organ and piano, string quartets, quintets, trios, organ preludes, masses, oratorios, symphonies, etc. Only 27 of his 261 compositions appeared in print. His Gründliche Anweisung zur Komposition, the best of his theoretical works, passed through two editions in Germany and

through two editions in Germany and was translated into French and English. Ref.: II. 63, 138; VI. 458.

ALBRICI, Vincenzo (1631-1696): b. Rome, d. Prague; organist, composer and conductor. He served as organist for Queen Christina, for the Elector at Dresden and as chapel composer in London. In 1680 he left Dresden to become organist at the Thomaskirche at Lainzie; leter returned to Prague

become organist at the Thomaskirche at Leipzig; later returned to Prague.

ALCAROTTI, Giovanni Francesco (16th cent.): Italian organist, who published 2 books of madrigals (1567, 1569) and a book of lamentations in

1570.

ALCOCK (1) John (1715-1806); b. London, d. Litchfield; organist. He studied under Stanley, the renowned blind organist, was subsequently organist at churches in London, Reading, Plymouth and in the cathedral at Litchfield. 1761 Oxford bestowed upon him the title of doctor of music. His compositions include religious works, songs and 7-part instr. concertos, also pub. collections of church music. (2) John (1743-1791): son of (1), organist.

(1743-1791): son of (1), organist, ALCUINUS (Albinus), Flaceus (735-804): b. York, d. Tours, where he had been abbot for about three years; author of a fragment contained in Gerbert's Scriptores I, the oldest extant account of the 8 church tones.

account of the 8 church tones.

ALDA, Frances (real name Francis Davis) (1883-): b. New Zealand; début Opéra Comique, Paris; sang opera in Brussels, London, Milan, Warsaw, New York, etc.; married Giulio Gatti-Casazza, dir. of Met. Opera House, New York. Ref.: IV. 153.

ALDAY (1) the father, an inhabitant of Perpignan, b. 1787, played the mandolin. (2) the elder son, b. 1763, player of mandolin and violin at Concert Spirituels, founder of music business in Lyons, 1795, author of violin

cert Spirituels, founder of music business in Lyons, 1795, author of violin method. (3) Paul (1764-1835), the younger son, violinist at Concert Spirituels, conductor and music teacher in Edinburgh and Dublin, composer of violin concertos, duos, etc.

ALDEN, John Carver (1852-):
b. Boston, Mass.; studied there and in IX. 58.

the Leipzig Cons., conductor of St. Petersburg Italian opera, director of music in military schools, inspector of music at the Imperial theatres and founder of the Society of Chamber Music in St. Petersburg.

ALBRECHTSBERGER, Johann Georg (1736-1809): b. Klosterneuburg, d. Vienna; regens chori at the Carmelite monastery, court organist and conductor at St Stephen's in Vienna; teacher and chorus and revised French operas. and chorus, and revised French operas.

ALDOVŔANDINI. See ALDROVAN-

ALDOVRANDINI. See ALDROVANDRINI (correct form).

ALDRICH (1) Henry (1647-1710): b.
London, d. Oxford; theologian, historian, architect and composer. As
deacon of Christ Church, he collected
a library of music second only to that
of the British Museum. He is also a
composer, whose catches are still sung
to-day. (2) Richard (1863-): b.
Providence, R. I.; music critic; grad.
Harvard, where he studied music under J. K. Paine. In 1885 he became
music critic and editor for the 'Providence Journal,' then sojourned abroad,
studying music. In 1891 he became
associated with H. E. Krehbiel as music
critic of the New York 'Tribune,' and
since 1902 has been critic of the N. Y.
'Times'; pub. 'guides' to Wagner since 1902 has been critic of the N. Y. Times'; pub. 'guides' to Wagner operas. Ref.: (cited) VI. 341; IX. 484. (3) Mariska (1881-): b. Boston; dramatic soprano, pupil of Giraudet and Georg Henschel; made her. début at Manhattan Opera House, New York, later sang at the Metropolitan Opera House; sang Brunnhilde at Bayreuth, 1914. (4) Perley Dunn (1863-): b. Blackstone, Mass.; studied at New England Cons., with Shakespeare in London and with Trabadello and Sbriglia in Paris; professor of muand Sbriglia in Paris; professor of music, Univ. of Kansas, 1885-87, at 'Utica Cons., 1889-91, in Rochester, 1891-1903, in Philadelphia, 1903-11, in New York, since 1911; has composed a cantata, choruses, songs, etc.; author of 'Vocal Economy' (1895).

ALDROVANDRINI, Guiseppe Antonio (ca.1673-1707): b. Bologna; was a court conductor and dramatic composer. His music is for the most part vocal, consisting of 15 operas and a creatories. He wrote also chamber 6 oratorios. He wrote also chamber concertos and chamber sonatas a 3.

[d']ALEMBERT, Jean le Rond (1717-83): b. Paris, d. there; acoustician and theorist. Wrote Eléments de musique théorique et pratique, suivant les principes de M. Rameau (1752), a detailed treatise on Rameau's theories, also tailed treatise on hameau's theories, also several' Recherches on acoustic questions and a Histoire de la musique française. Most of his writings were translated into German. He contributed musical articles to the Dictionnaire encyclopédique edited by A. and Diderot (1751-72). Like his contemporary Parisian academicians, [d']-Alembert had neither knowledge of nor Alembert had neither knowledge of nor interest in instrumental interest in instrumental music. Ref .:

ALESSANDRI, Felice (1747-1798): b. Rome, d. Casinalbo; maestro di cappella at Turin, then in Paris, London, etc., second Kapellmeister at the Berlin Royal Opera, 1789-92. His works, which had only ephemeral success, included chiefly operas, 32 of which were produced in thirty years. He also wrote a ballet, an oratorio, trio sonatas, symphonies atc.

wrote a ballet, an oratorio, trio sonatas, symphonies, etc.

ALESSANDRO ROMANO (or A. della Viola). See Merlo.

ALEXANDRE, Jacob (1840-1876):
d. Paris; one of the first makers of harmoniums (accordéons, melodiums), popular under the name of 100-franc organs. He acquired the patents of Alexandre Martin (de Provins), who became a silent partner till 1855, but later fought the firm in the courts. In 1868 the house failed through A.'s speculations. He wrote a Méthode pour l'Accordéon (1839) and a Notice on his harmoniums. His son Edouard (1824-1888) was associated with his father, harmoniums. His son Edouard (1824-1888) was associated with his father, and Edouard's wife, Charlotte (née Dreyfus), was a virtuoso on the harmonium. A new kind of harmonium, the Alexandre organ, was brought out by the firm in 1874, being an improvement on the so-called American organ.

ALFANO, Franco (1876-): Italian composer; studied at Leipzig Cons.; wrote operas Die Quelle von Enschir [La Fonte d'Enscoi! (1898), Risurrezione (1904), Il Principe Zila (1909); a symphony in E minor; Suite Romantica and piano pieces. Ref.: III. 389, 390; VIII. 446, 448.

ALFARABI, or Elfarabi, or Al-pharabius, or Farabi (ca. 900-ca. 950): Arabic theoretician, whose correct name was Abu Naszz Mohammed Ben

name was Abu Naszr Mohammed Ben Tarchau; authority on Greek scales. ALFIERI, Abbate Pietro (1801-1863): b. Rome, d. there; Camaldulensian monk; professor of singing at the English College in Rome; wrote Accompagnato coll'organo, etc. (directions for accompanying church chants); also works on the revival of Gregorian chants (1843), etc., a treatise on Gregorian chant (1855), historical, biographical essays (Bettoni, Jomelii); edited collections of works by Palestrina, Vittoria, Allegri, Anerio, also Raccolta dimusica sara (the first collective edition of Palestrina's works, 7 vols., 1841-46); and translated Catel's 'Harmony' into Italian (1840).

Italian (1840).

ALFORD, J. (16th cent.): London lutenist, translated Le Roy's text book

for lutenists, 1568.

ALFVEN, Hugo ockholm; studied (1872-Stockholm; studied with Lindgren there; violinist in court orchestra and with Lindgren composer of 3 symphonies, 2 symphonic poems, pianoforte works, marches, sonata for violin and a Swedish Rhapsody. He taught at the Univ. of Stockholm and became musical director in that of Upsala. Ref.: III. 69, 84; VIII. 470.

ALGAROTTI, Francesco, Conte (1712-1764): b. Venice, d. Pisa; chamber musician to Frederick the Great, opera librettist, author of Saggio sopra l'opera in musica (1755).
[d']ALHEIM. See DALHEIM.

ALIANI, Francesco (19th cent.): b. Piacenza; violinist and 'cellist; teacher composer and player of 'cello, first 'cel-

list at Placenza theatre.

ALIPRANDI (1) Bernardo (18th cent.): b. Tuscany; Bavarian court 'cellist and composer; later (1750) concertmaster; composed a few operas and a Stabat Mater. (2) Bernardo, son of (1); first 'cellist ca. 1780 at Munich; composer for 'cellist ca. composer for 'cello and viola da gamba.
ALIZARD, Ad. Joseph L. (18441850); b. Paris, d. Marseilles; bass and later baritone.

ALKAIOS (625-575): Greek poet.

Ref .: I. 115.

ALKAN (1) Charles-Henri-Valentin (correctly Morhange) (1813-1888): b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire and at 10 received the first piano prize; from 1831 taught and played in the Conservatoire concerts. He wrote a piano sonata. studies marches 6.66 plane prize; from 1831 taught and played in the Conservatoire concerts. He wrote a piano sonata, studies, marches, a concerto, etc. Ref.: VII. 342ff. (2) Napoléon Morhange (1826-): b. Paris; brother of (1); pianist, composer for piano.

pianist, composer for piano.

ALLACCI, Leone, or Leo Allatius (1586-1669): b. Chios, d. Rome; librarian at the Vatican; archeologist and writer of Drammaturgia (1666), a catalogue of great historical worth; a second edition, brought up to date, was published 1755 at Venice.

ALLAN, Maud: contemporary dancer. Ref.: III. 321; X. 201, 206; portrait, X. 210.

X. 210.

ALLEGRI (1) Gregorio (1584-1652): b. Rome; studied with G. M. Nanini; papal chapel singer from 1629, composer of a 9-part Miserere which was sung during Holy Week in the Sistine Chapel, and which could not be copied (first pub. by Burney in 1771). A. also pub. 2 books of Concertini 2-4 v. (1618-19), 2 books motets 2-6 v. (1621), a 4-part sonata for strings, and left in MS. a great number of church compositions, preserved in S. Maria, Vallicella, the Papal chapel and the Santini Library. Ref.: VI. 66f; VII. 475. (2) Domenico (17th cent.): composer: maestro di cappella at S. Maria Maggiore, Rome; composed motets, etc.; one of the first to provide independent instrumental accompaniment to vocal music.

ALLEN (1) George Benjamin (1822-2071-1 Lordon of Patitorse Composed

ALLEN (1) George Benjamin (1822-1897): b. London, d. Brisbane, Queens-land; organist in Kensington, director land; organist in kensington, director of opera in Brisbanc, composer of opera, cantata, pianoforte pieces and songs. (2) Edward Heron- (1861-): b. St. John's Wood; author of bibliography of writings on violin and Violin Making as It Was and Is' (1884).

(3) Nathan H. (1848-): b. Marion, Mass.; studied in Berlin, taught in Hartford, where he played the organ and was known as composer of cantatas. (4) Henry Robinson (1809-1876): h. Cork, d. London; operatic bass in London theatres; after retirement taught and wrote popular ballades. (5) Hugh (1869-): b. Reading; organist at Chichester Cathedral, also Oxford; musical director at Reading University College. (6) Paul: contemp. American composer. Ref.: IV. 449. (7) William Francis: American compiler of negro folk-songs. Ref.: (quot. on negro music) IV. 289, Ref.: (quot, on negro music) IV. 289, 295, 301, 304.
ALLIAMATULA (Roman dancer).
Ref.: X. 77.

ALLIHN, Heinrich (Max) (1841-1910): b. Halle-on-Saale, d. there; clergyman and school-inspector at Athenstadt, near Halberstadt, then in

enstadt, near Halberstadt, then in Halle; wrote on organ construction, on the piano and the harmonium, etc.

ALLISON (1) Richard (16th cent.):
London music teacher, contributor to Este's collections of psalms, also composer of part-songs, etc. (2) Robert: possibly related to (1), member of Chapel Royal ca. 1609. (3) Horton C. (1846-): b. London; studied Royal Academy, Leipzig Conservatory and Dublin; taught and composed in Manchester for piano, organ and voice.

ALLITSEN, Frances (d. London, 1912): English singer and composer of songs (settings of Heine, Tennyson, etc.). Ref.: III. 443.

ALLON, Henry Erskine (1864-1897): b. Canonbury: composer of popular cantatas and choral ballades.
ALLWOODE (16th cent.): composer of Church music in England.

ALMAGRO, Antonio Lopez (1839-): Murcia, Spain; pianist and composer.

poser.
[d']ALMEIDA, Fernando (ca. 16181660): b. Lisbon; church composer.
ALMENRADER, Karl (1786-1843):
b. Ronsdorf, d. Nassau; virtuoso on bassoon, teacher of his instrument at Cologne; played in orchestras at Frankfort-on-Main and at Mayence. He established a factory at Cologne for wind-instruments, but abandoned it in 1818 to enter the court band at Biebrich. He improved the bassoon and wrote a pamphlet on the subject; also composed for voice and for wind and string instruments. string instruments.

ALPHEDA.

ALOUS, Ladislav (1860-): b.
Frague; solo 'cellist of the Imperial
Orchestra, St. Petersburg; composer of
concertos and other pieces for 'cello,
piano pieces, songs, etc.
ALPHARABIUS. See ALFARBI.
ALPHEGEE. Bishop of Winchester.
Ref. VI. 401.
ALPHEDA.

ALPHERAKY, Achilles Nicholaie-vitch (1846-): b. Kharkoff; composer of pianoforte works, more than 100 songs, an a cappella mixed chorus, etc. Ref.: III. 136. [d']ALQUEN (1) [Peter Cornelius] Johann (1795-1863): b. Arnsberg, Westphalia, d. Mulheim-on-Rhine; abandoned medicine for music and wrote popular songs. (2) Friedrich (1810-1887): b. Arnsberg, d. London; forsook his study of law to become the pupil of Ries; violinist and teacher in Brussels and London; composed and published works for piano, violin and piano. etc. piano, etc.

ALSAGER, Thomas Massa (1779-1846): English musical critic and patron, executant on all orchestral instruents and introducer of foreign musicians to English audiences through

private concerts.

cent.): Spanish-Arabian theorist; his work on musical instruments is still extant in the Escurial.

ALSLEBEN, Julius (1832-1894): b. ALSLEBEN, Julius (1832-1894): b. Berlin, d. there; student of Oriental languages and music, teacher of piano; founded the Musiklehrerverein; pub. Abriss der Geschichte der Musik; Kleines Tonkinstlerlexikon (1864): there die Entwickelung des Klauverspiels (1870), etc.

ALSTEDT, Johann Heinrich (1588-1638): b. Bellersbach, near Herborn, Nassau, d. Weissenburg; theologian, philologist and author of works on musical theory.

ALTANI, Hymnelit (1846.): Ru-

ALTANI, Hyppolit (1846-): Rumanian composer; studied with Zaremba and Rubinstein, conducted provincial theatres until 1882, when he became director of the Moscow Royal Opera.

Opera.

ALTENBURG (1) Michael (1584-1640): b. Alach, near Erfurt, d. Erfurt; deacon at St. Andreas' Church, composer of vocal church music, some with instruments. (2) Johann Ernst (1736-1801): b. Weissenfels, d. Bitterfeld; trumpeter, organist; wrote on the heroic trumpeters' and drummers' art.

ALTES (1) Joseph-Henri (1826-1895): b. Rouen, d. Paris; flutist at the Paris Opéra; prof. at the Conservatoire, where he had previously studied. He wrote some compositions for his instrument. (2) Ernest-Eugène (1830-1899): b. Rouen, d. St. Dyé, near

vatorie, where he had been dead it. I have some compositions for his instrument. (2) Ernest-Eugène (1830-1899): b. Rouen, d. St. Dyé, near Blois; violinist in the orchestras of the Opéra and the Concerts Spirituels. He was deputy conductor of the Opéra for many years, a member of the Legion of Honor and composer of sonatas, a string quartet, a symptomy etc.

of sonatas, a string quarter, a symphony, etc.

ALTHOUSE, Paul (1889-): b.
Reading, Pa.; dramatic tenor; studied with P. R. Stephens and Oscar Saenger in New York; début as Dimitri in Boris Godunoff at the Metropolitan Opera House, 1913; created the Duke d'Esterre in Herbert's Madeleine, 1914, and the Conte de Neipperg in Gordano's Madume Sans-Gêne (1915); also sings in concert and oratorio.

ALTMANN, Wilhelm (1862-): b.

ALTMANN, Wilhelm (1862-

Adelnau; studied violin in Breslau, history in Marburg and Berlin (Dr. phil.),
became librarian in 1886, since 1900 in the
the Berlin Royal Library, where he became chief of the music division in
1914; 'professor' since 1905; head of
the Deutsche Musiksammlung since
1906; music critic (since 1912 for the
Norddeutsche Allg. Zeitung), etc. He
wrote Chronik des Berliner Philharmonischen Orchesters (1902). H. von

1870): b. Dresden, d. there; composed
church music and operas as Amalis
AMANI, Nicholas (1875-1904): pupil of Rimsky-Korsakoff; Russian compil of Rimsky-Korsakoff; Russian compil of Rimsky-Korsakoff; Russian comvioles, and other music. Ref.: III. 145.

AMATI: family of famous makers of
violins, 16th-17th centuries. Ref.: I.
362. (1) Andrea (ca. 1530-1611): makmonischen Orchesters (1902), H. von Herzogenberg (1903), öffentliche Musik-bibliotheken (1903), and on Wagner's and brahms' correspondence; edited chamber music by Stamitz, M. Haydn, etc.
ALTNIKOL, Johann Christoph

ALTNIKOL, Johann ([?]-1759): d. Naumburg, whither he went as organist and composer. He studied with J. S. Bach, whose daughter, Elizabeth Juliane Friederike, he married. Two piano sonatas and a sacred cantata are extant in the Berlin Royal

Library.

ALVAREZ (1) Fermin Maria ([?]-1898): b. Saragossa, d. Barcelona; composed about 100 vocal pieces with instrumental accompaniment, also piano

strumental accompaniment, also plano works. (2) Albert Raymond Gourron: b. Bordeaux, tenor at Ghent (début), Paris Opéra, Met. Opera, N. Y. (1898). ALVARY, Max, stage-name for Max Achenbach (1858-1898): b. Düsseldorf, d. Gross-Tabarz; studied with Stockhausen; operatic tenor at Weimar, Munich, New York, Hamburg and Mannheim. Ref.: IV. 140, 145, 147.

Idijalvimare. See Dalvimare.
ALVSLEBEN. Melitta. See OTTO-

[d']ALVIMARE. See DALVIMARE. ALVSLEBEN, Melitta. See Otto-

ALVSLEBEN

ALWOOD, Richard (ca. 1550): priest and composer in England, whose mass and organ works are preserved in Ox-ford and in Hawkins' 'History of Music.

ALYPIUS (4th cent.): Greek writer whose 'Introduction to Music,' printed by Meursius (1616), Kircher (1650) and Meibom (1652), containing extensive tables of the Greek transpo-

extensive tables of the Greek transposition scales, we owe complete understanding of Greek notation.

AMADE (1) Ladislaw, Baron von (1703-1764): b. Kaschau, Hungary, d. Felbar; poet and composer of folk songs. (2) Thaddius, Baron von (1782-1845): b. Pressburg, d. Vienna; planist, famous improvisator, pub. the folk-tunes of (1); helped to pay for Lizzt's training.

AMADEL Roberto (1840-): b.

AMADEI, Roberto (1840-): b. Loreto, Italy; organist and maestro di cappella there; composed 4 operas, church, vocal and pianoforte music.

AMADINO, Riccardo: Venetian music publisher (1583-1615).

AMALARIUS. Ref.: I. 137f. AMAIJA (1) Anna A., sister of Frederick the Great (1723-1787): composed excellent chorales which are preserved in Berlin. (2) Anna A., Duchess of Weimar (1739-1807): composed music to Erwin und Elmire by Goethe. (3)

pil of Rimsky-Korsakoff; Russian composer of variations, suites, valses, preludes, and other music. Ref.: III. 145.

AMATI: family of famous makers of violins, 16th-17th centuries. Ref.: I. 362. (1) Andrea (ca. 1530-1611): maker of violins when the model had just evolved from the viola. Ref.: VII. 375; VIII. 73. (2) Nicola: brother of Andrea, maker of bass viols. Ref.: VII. 73. (3) maker of bass viols. Ref.: VIII. 73. (3)
Antonio (1555-1638): son of (1), made
violins while the instrument's size still varied. (4) Girolamo the 1st (1556-1630): brother of (3) and associated with him. His violins are rather large. Ref.: VIII. 73. (5) Nicola (1596-1684): son of Girolamo; greatest of the family; teacher of Stradivari and Guarneri. (6) teacher of Stradivari and Guarneri. (b)
Francesco Alessandro, son of Girolamo the 1st. (7) Girolamo the 2nd
(1649-1740): son of Nicola (5). (8) Giuseppe (early 17th cent.): maker of
violins and double basses famous for beautiful clear tone; may have be-longed to famous A. family. AMATO, Pasquale (1878-

Naples; operatic baritone; debut at Teatro Bellini, Naples, 1900; sang in Buenos Aires and Milan, and in Russia, England, Egypt and Germany; as member of the Metropolitan Opera as member of the Metropolitan Opera Company he has sung in leading rôles in Rigoletto, Aïda, La Giaconda, Tris-tan, Trovatore, I Pagliacci; created rôles in Puccini's 'Girl of the Golden West,' and Giordano's Madame Sans-

Gêne.

AMATUS, Vincentius (1629-1670); b. Ciminna, Sicily, d. Palermo; cathedral conductor there and composer of

church music and 1 opera.

AMBROGIO, Alfredo. Ref.: VI. 393. AMBROGIO, Alfredo. Ref.: VI. 393.
AMBROS, August Wilhelm (18161876): b. Mauth, near Prague, d. Vienna, studied legal science and became
state's attorney in Prague and later
(1872) entered the ministry of justice
in Vienna, but, having made extensive
musical studies also acted as music
critic in Prague, became professor of critic in Prague, became professor of music at the Univ. there, 1869, and a director and teacher of musical history at the Cons. In Vienna he taught the Crown Prince Rudolf and was also professor at the Cons. He also comp posed considerable church music, piano posed considerable church music, plano pieces, a national Bohemian opera, overtures, songs, etc. His fame, how-ever, rests on his achievements as a historian. In 1856 he pub. as a reply to Hanslick's Vom Musikalisch-Schönen, Die Grenzen der Poeste und Musik, which brought him in contact with Liszt. Under the pseudonym Flamin he contributed to the Neue Zeitschrift served in Berlin. (2) Anna A., Duchess für Musik. 4 vols. of his great Geof Weimar (1739-1807): composed music to Erwin und Elmire by Goethe. (3)

Marie A. Friederike of Saxony (1794 riously reworked by others), a 5th vol.

was compiled from posthumous material by O. Kade (1882). He wrote further Kulturhistorische Bilder aus dem Musikleben der Gegenwart (1860, 2nd ed. 1865), Bunie Blätter (2 vols. 1872, 1874). Das Konservatorium in Prag (1858), and other historical and theoretical studies. Ref.: (cited) I. 263, 271ff, 315; VI. 68.

AMBROSCH, Joseph Karl (1759-1822): b. Crumnau, d. Berlin; operatic tenor trained by Kozeluch, sang in Berlin National Theatre, composed popular songs.

ular songs.

Berin National Theatre, composed popular songs.

[St.] AMBROSE, or Ambrosius (333-397): b. Treves, d. Milan. As Bishop there he developed the church ritual and introduced the antiphonary responses and hymns of the Eastern church into the Roman, and composed many hymns himself. A.'s reputed invention of letter notation is mere legend. Ref.: I. 135ff, 142f; VI. 8ff, 484; mus. ex., VIII. 4.

AMERBACH. See AMMERACH.

AMERUS, or Aumerus (13th cent.): theorist of English origin, who wrote Practica artis musica in the house of Cardinal Ottoboni (1271).

AMES (1) John Carlowitz (1860-): b. Bristol, England; operatic composer; prod. 1898, 'The Last of the Incas.' (2) Philip (1837-1908): d. Durham; professor of music and cathedral organist there.

AMEYDEN, Christ (16th cent.): composer of church music.
AMFT, Georg (1873-): b. Oberhannsdorf, near Glatz, Silesia; studied in Earlin addited and composite the composite of the

nannsdorr, near Giatz, Silesia; studied in Berlin, edited old organ music, etc., and wrote choruses, piano pieces, etc.

AMICIS, Anna Lucia de (1740?[?]): b. Naples; operatic soprano, whose début was made in London under J. C. Bach and who was greatly admired by Mozart.

Father AMICIS (1718-1704): b. Town-

Father AMIOT (1718-1794): b. Tou-lon, d. Pekin; missionary to the Chinese, and translator into French of a mu-sical work of Li-Koang-Ti.

AMMERBACH, or Amerbach, Elias Nikolaus (ca. 1540-1597): b. Naumburg, d. Leipzig; organist of the Thomaskirche; produced two tablature books for organ. Ref.: VI. 428.

AMMON (1) Blasius ([?]-1500): b. in the Tyrol, d. Vienna; court sopranist for Ferdinand of Austria, Franciscan monk in Venice and Vienna; composed

monk in Venice and Vienna; composed masses and motets published in Vienna and Munich. (2) Johann Andreas. See Amon.

AMNER (1) John (d. 1641): organ-

AMNER (1) John (d. 1641): organist and choirmaster at Ely Cathedral; composer of church music. (2) Ralph; son of John; bass in the Royal Chapel at Windsor (1623-1662).

AMON, Johann Andreas (1763-1825): b. Bamberg, d. öttingen; waldhorn virtuoso, pupil of Punto, with whom he travelled, and in composition of Sacchini; municipal Musikdirektor Lordon; self-taught concert-pianist, and publisher in Heilbronn, 1789, Ka-

pellmeister to the Prince of öttingen-Wallerstein from 1817. He pub. over 100 works (sonatas for various instrunents, trios, quartets, etc., concertos, a symphony, songs); while masses, 2 Singspiele, etc., remained in MS. AMPHION: Greek musician of mythical origin. Ref.: I. 93f, 111. [d']ANA, Francesco (16th cent.): Venetian writer of frottole printed by Petrucci

Petrucci.

ANACKER, August Ferdinand (1790-1854): b. Freiberg, Saxony, d. there; cantor, director of music and teacher at Freiberg; founded a choral society and directed the mining music

corps; composed 2 cantatas, part-songs, miners' songs, piano pieces, etc.

ANACREON (B. C. 562?-477): Greek lyric poet of Tevo, Ionia. Ref.: I. 115f.

ANCHIETA, Juan de (ca. 1450-1523): b. Arpeitia, Biscaya, d. there; tenor, court conductor and composer of

tenor, court conductor and composer of a mass on the tenor Ea judicos.

ANCOT (1) Jean (1779-1848): pupil of Kreutzer and Baillot, father of Jean and Louis. He composed violin concertos. (2) Jean (1799-1829): b. Bruges, d. Boulogne; trained at the Bruges, G. Boulogne; trained at the Conservatoire, professor and planist in London, toured Belgium and wrote more than 225 compositions in less than 30 years, including concertos, overtures, fugues, etc. (3) Louis (1803-1836): d. Bruges; brother of (2); planist who toured the continent and lived in London Boulesta and Tours

in London, Boulogne and Tours.
ANDER, Aloys (1817-1864): b. Liebititz, Bohemia, d. Bad Wartenberg; tenor in Vienna court opera.

ANDERS, Gottfried Engelbert (1795-1866): b. Bonn, d. Paris; archeologist and music custodian in Royal (National) Library of Paris; author of monographs on Paganini and Beethoven and on the history of the violin. Ref.: II. 405.

II. 405.

ANDERSEN (1) Karl Joachim (1847-1909): b. Copenhagen; flutist; member of the Royal Orchestra, Copenhagen, the Italian Opera, St. Petersburg, the Bilse Orchestra, Berlin, vice-conductor of the Berlin Philharmonic. In 1895 he returned to Copenhagen where he founded the Palace Orchestra and the Orchestra School. He composed pieces for flute with orch. and with plano (études, fantasies, etc.). (2) Vigo (1852-1895): b. Copenhagen, d. Chicago; solo flutist in the Thomas Orchestra; distinguished as flute virtuoso. (3) Hans Christian. Ref.: III. 71, 74; X. 167.

ANDERSEN-BOKER, Orleana

who married Mr. George Frederick Anderson, the violinist. She was the derson, the violinist. She was the first woman pianist with the London Philharmonic; teacher of Queen Victoria. (3) Angelo: contemporary pianist who studied with Stojowsky and Paderewsky. (4) Arthur Olaf: contemp. American composer. Ref.: IV. 400.

ANDERTON, Thomas (1836-): b. Birmingham; organist, critic, and

composer.

ANDING, Johann Michael (1810-1879): b. Queienfeld, near Meiningen, d. Hildburghausen; composer; teacher in the Hildburghausen seminary; pub-lished text books, school song books and part songs.

Itshed text books, school soin books and part songs.

[d*]ANDRADE, Francesco (1859-):
b. Lisbon; baritone; sang first in San Remo in Aida, since throughout Europe.

ANDRÉ (1) Johann (1741-1799): b. Offenbach, d. there; was theatre conductor in Berlin; composed Singspiele and numerous songs, etc.; founded a music engraving plant in Offenbach, which became the important A. publishing house in 1874. Ref.: V. 191f. (2) Johann Anton (1775-1842): b. Offenbach, son of (1); acquired Mozart's posthumous MSS., which made his firm world-famous; composed church and instrumental music and wrote text books, Mozart catalogues, etc. (3) Karl August (1806-1857): d. Frankfort, where he established a branch of his father's (2) business, also made pianos and wrote a history of the instrument. (4) Julius (1808-1850): d. Frankfort, son of (2), organist, pianist and organ composer. (5) ist, pianist and organ composer. (5) Johann August (1817-1887): owner of the Offenbach house. (6) Karl and Adolf (1855-1910): sons of (5), associated in the management of the André firms. (7) Jean Raptiste (1823-1882): d. Frankfort; Bernberg court conductor, pianist, composer for piano and for

ANDREX, Volkmar (1879-): b. Berne; studied with Munzinger and at Cologne; director in Winterthur and in Zurich, conductor of symphony concerts; composed music for violin and for chorus, also chamber music.

ANDREAS OF CRETE (650-720):

ANDREOLI (1) Guglielmo (1835-1860): b. Mirandola, d. Nice; pianist of distinction who toured Europe, composer of chamber music, etc, wrote a Manuale d'armonia. (2) Carlo (1840-): b. Mirandola; pianist and (1840-): b. Mirandola; pianist and teacher at Milan Cons., gave successful concerts in London. (3) Evangelista (1810-1875): father of Guglielmo and Carlo and organist at Mirandola. (4) Giuseppe (1757-1832): b. Milan, d. there; harpist and double bass player at La Scala, teacher of double bass at Milan Cons. Milan Cons.

Milan Cons.

ANDREOZZI (1) Gaetano (1763-1826): b. Naples, d. Paris; composed 45 operas for Italian theatres, besides others for St. Petersburg and Madrid. He wrote also three oratorios and taught in Naples and Paris. (2) Annn (1772-1802): b. Florence, d. near Dresden, where she sang as prima donna.

ANDRES, Pater Juan (1740-1817): b. Planes, Valencia, d. Rome; patronized by Count Bianchi in Mantua, librarian to Duke of Parma, to Murat in Naples, then guest of the Roman Jesuits. He made valuable historical and literary researches, several of which were in the musical field.

ANDREVI, Francesco (1786-1853):

ANDREVI, Francesco (1786-1853): b. Sanabuya, near Lerida, d. Barcelona; priest and Spanish cathedral conductor, composer of church music and author of a method of harmony.

ANDREWS, Mark: contemp. American organist and composer. Ref.: IV. 358f; VI. 501.

ANDRIEN. See Adrien.

ANDRIES, Jean (1798-1872): b. Ghent, d. there; professor of violin and ensemble music, solo violinist in thea-tre, director of Ghent Conservatory and author of three works on the history of instruments.

ANDRIESSEN, Pelagie (1863-): b. Vienna, where he studied at the Con-

D. VICHINA, WHERE HE STUDIED AT THE CONSERVATORY, SANG IN MUNICH, BERLIN, Leipzig, Vienna, Frankfort and with the Neumann Wagner troupe.

[d']ANDRIEU, Jean Fr. (1684-1740): b. Paris; organist of the Royal Chapel, composer of Pièces de clavecin, Pièces d'orgue, etc.

ANDROGEONIA (Greek hero). Ref .:

ANDREAS OF CRETE (650-720): the oldest composer of 'canons' for the Greek church; perhaps the author of the oldest forms of the melodies preserved in MSS. dating back to the 9th and 10th centuries, the style of which is similar to that of the ancient Greek hymns.

ANDROE, Elfrida (1841-): b. Kome, d. there; sopranist at St. Peter's, successor of Palestrina as Composer to papal chapel, co-editor of Editio Medicæa of the Graduale, composer by the Graduale, composer of Sohrling, Norman and Gade; organist successively in Stockholm and at the Cathedral of Gothenburg; composer of Snöfrid, for chorus, a symphony for orchestra, 2 symphonies for organ, at the Cathedral of Gothenburg; composer of Snöfrid, for chorus, a symphony for orchestra, 2 symphonies for organ, at the Cathedral of Gothenburg; composer of Snöfrid, for chorus, a symphony for orchestra, 2 symphonies for organ, at the Cathedral of Gothenburg; composer of Rome; composer of Marigals, galliano trio, 2 romanzas for violin, piano pieces and songs. See Stenhammar.

ANET, Baptiste. See Baptiste, Ref .: | VII. 406.

ANFOSSI, Pasquale (1727-1797): b. Taggia, near Naples, d. Rome; a pupil of Piccini, who produced 73 Italian operas, received favorably except in Paris. He directed Italian opera in London, Dresden, Prague and Berlin, 1781-83, became maestro di cappella at the Lateran, 1791, and wrote, besides his operas, 12 oratorios, 2 cantatas, masses.

ANGELERI, Antonio (1801-1880): b. Pieve del Cairo, d. Milan; teacher of pianoforte and writer of a method for

that instrument.

ANGELET, Charles-François (1797-1832): b. Ghent, d. Brussels; pupil of the Conservatoire, teacher in Brussels, court pianist to King Wilhelm of Prus-sia; composer of piano pieces, a trio and a symphony.

[d']ANGELI, Andrea (1868b. Padua, teacher of Italian literature, author of a work on Greek music, composer of an opera, church and chamber music.

[Fra] ANGELICO. Ref.: VII. 373. ANGELINI, Bontempi Giovanni, Andrea (ca. 1624-1705): b. Perugia;

court singer and dramatic composer.

ANGELIS, Girolamo de (1858-):
b. Givita Vecchia; studied at the Milan Conservatory, taught there and at the Royal Irish Music Academy, Dublin, solo violinist at La Scala, Milan; writer and composer of an opera, produced 1896.

ANGELONI, Luigi (1758-1842): b. Frosinone, Papal States, d. London; writer on music.

ANGERER, Gottfried (1851-1909): b. Waldsee, d. Zürich; studied at Stutt-gart and Frankfort, directed choral so-cieties and the Zurich Music Academy; composed 8 ballads for male chorus and other choral works.

and other cnoral works.

D'ANGLEBERT, Jean BaptisteHenri (1628[?]-1691): pupil of Chambonnières, court clavecinist to Louis
XIV., author of Pièces de clavecin.
Ref.: VI. 442, 443; VII. 36, 396f.

ANGLIN, Mile., ballet dancer. Ref.:

ANGRISANI, Carlo (ca. 1760-[?]): b. Riggio; operatic bass in Italy, Vienna, and in 1817 in London; composed

songs. ANIMUCCIA (1) Giovanni Rome, 1571): maestro of St. Peter's between Palestrina's two incumbencies (1555-71), and a precursor of that master in style reform; composed Laudi spirituali for Nerl's (q.v.) 'oratory' (1563, 1570). Among his preserved ter in style reform; composed Laudi spirituali for Nerl's (q.v.) 'oratory' (1563, 1570). Among his preserved works are 4 books of madrigals, 3- to 6-part (1547-65), 1 book of 4-part masses (1567) and 1 of 4-part Magnificats (1568). Ref.: VI. 224. (2) Paolo ([?]-1563): maesiro at the Lateran; com-poser of whose works only a few are preserved in collections. preserved in collections.

ANNA IVANOVNA, Empress Russia. Ref.: X. 179.

ANNE OF DENMARK, English

ANNE OF DENMARK, EMBLISH Queen, patron of the masque. Ref.: X, 83, 84, 119.

ANNIBALE (1) called II Padovano, or Patavinus' (1527-1575): b. Padua; organist at Venice and Kapellmeister to the Archduke Charles at Graz. He composed masses, madrigals, ricercari, toccatas, etc. (2) Domenico: Italian sopranist, sang under Handel in London.

[d']ANVUNZIO, Gabriele. Ref.:
III. 381, 389; VI. 387; VIII. 449; X. 165.

ANSANI, Glovanni (18th cent.): Roman tenor song et Compheson.

man tenor, sang at Copenhagen, London, Florence, Rome, etc.; vocal teacher in Naples; died after 1815. He composed duets and trios and produced one opera.

ANSCHUTZ (1) Johann Andreas (1772-1856): b. Coblenz, d. there; planist and distinguished composer for that 1st and distinguished composer for that instrument; founder of a musical society and school in Coblenz (now subventioned). (2) Carl (1815-1870); b. Coblenz, d. New York; son of (1), opera conductor in New York; opened an independent German opera season there in 1864. Ref.: IV. 132ff.

ANSELM OF PARMA (or Anselmus Georgius Parmensis) (d. 1443); b. Parma: theorist of extensive scholar.

Parma; theorist of extensive scholar-ship; his work, De harmonia dialogi, was discovered in 1824 at Milan.

ANSORGE (1) [Eduard Reinhold]
Konrad (1862-): b. Buchwald, Silesia; studied in Leipzig and with
Liszt; toured America, played in Weimar and Berlin; taught at Klindworth-Scharwenka Cons.; wrote piano so-natas, string quartets, etc., choral and orchestral works. (2) Max (1862-): b. Striegan, Silesia; cantor, organist and director (Stralsund, Breslau); com-poser of choruses maters and songs

poser of choruses, motets, and songs.
ANTEGNATI (1) Bartolomeo (16th cent.): founder of a famous house of organ builders. (2) Giovan Francesco: son of the above; maker of harpsichords and organs. (3) Giovanni Jacopo: built the organ in Milan Cathedral. (4) Glovanni Batista: third son of (1). (5) Costanzo (1557-ca. 1620): organist at Brescia cathedral; composer of masses, psalms, madrigals, ricercari, etc. Ref.: VI. 423.

ANTICO, Andrea. See ANTIQUUS, ANDREAS.

ANTINORI, Luigi (1697-[?] Bologna; London tenor in 1725, ANTIPOFF, Constantin (1859-(1697-[?]):

b. Russia; wrote Allegro symphonique for orchestra; études, valses, preludes,

for orchestra; études, valses, preludes, etc., for piano.

ANTIQUIS (1) [de Mondona], Antiques, Antiques, Antiques, 16th centrival printer to Petrucci, printed a vol. of masses by the most eminent masters (Josquin, Brumel, etc., 1516); also composed froitole and canzoni, some of which appear also in Petrucci's collections (1504-8). (2) Giovanni de (late 16th cent.): church maestro at Barl, Naples, edited a collection of villanelles (2 vols., some numbers by himself),

also canzonette 2 v. (1584); composed 4-part madrigals (1584).

ANTON, Konrad Gottlob (1745-1814); b. Lauban, Prussia, d. Dresden; professor of Oriental languages at Wittenberg; wrote on Hebraic metrics.

ANTONELLUS DE CASERTA
(14th-15th cent.): Italian composer of
French chansons, extant in Paris and

Bologna,
ANTONII, Pietro degli (ca. 1645-ca.
1720): b. Bologna, d., there; church
conductor there, composer of chamber
cantatas, 3 oratorios, 3 operas, sonate e
versetti for organ, church sonatas for
violin, 2 books of masses (2 sop. w.
cont.), 1 book motets (solo voice and
strings), etc.

ANTÓNIO DEGLI ORGANI.

SOUARCIALUPI.

ANTONIOTTI, Giorgio (18th cent.): Milanese composer of instr. sonatas and author of L'arte armonica, translated into English, 1760. Ref.: VIII. 591.

ANTONIUS DE CIVITATE (early 15th cent.): composer of sacred and secular music, preserved in Florence. Bologna and Oxford.

ANTONOLINI (121-1824): court con-

ANTONOLINI ([?]-1824): court conductor and singing teacher in St. Petersburg, composed 7 operas and one

oratorio.

ANTONY (1) Joseph (1758-1836): organist and composer, father of (2) Franz Joseph (1790-1837): b. Münster, Westphalia, d. there; cathedral choir master and organist, author of text books on Gregorian church song, etc.

Johann August Leipzig, d. there; v Gottfried Hermann's (1771-APEL, 1816): b. writer; attacked menta doctrinæ metricæ with articles in the Allegemeine musikalische Zeitung (1807-08) and wrote a Metrik himself (2 vols., 1814-16). He was the author of the 'Ghost Tales' from which Kind took the plot of Weber's Freischütz. Ref.: II. 374f; IX. 193.

APELL, Johann David von (1754-1833): b. Cassel, d. there; composer of masses, operas, cantatas, etc., author of biographical sketches of musicians, translator of Piccini's Roland into Ger-

APIARIUS (1) Mathias (d. 1553): Swiss music printer associated with Schöffer the younger, 1534-37 in Strass-

burg, then in Berne. (2) Samuel: son of (1) and his successor to the business.

APOLLO, Greek God, originally of physical light and purity, later of all spiritual, intellectual and moral virtuals. spiritual, intellectual and moral vir-tues, thus becoming not only the god of the Sun and of religious oracles, but of poetry and music. To him was at-tributed the power which ordained the harmonic movement of the Spheres, and the invention of the lyre. The Pythian games held at Delphi every four years were given in his honor, the most important place being given to the musical contests. Ref.: 1, 122; X. 54, 56, 59, 69f; (mysteries) X. 61. APPEL, Karl (1812-1895): b. Dessau, d. there; court concert-master and composer of male quartets.

APPENZELDER, Benedictus.

APPUNN (1) Georg August Ignaz (1816-1885): b. Hanau, d. there; performer on instruments of every variety, which he taught at Hanau, where also he taught theory and the voice; after 1860 he worked on his experiments in acoustics and constructed a haracoustics and constructed a har-monium comprising 53 degrees within the octave. (2) Anton (1839-1900): b. Hanau, d. there; son of Georg; studied at Leipzig Cons. and with his father; acoustician, constructed a new form of bell; wrote Ein naturaliches Harmone-sustem (1893) and on accustics.

bell; wrote Ein naturaliches Harmonie-system (1893) and on acoustics. APRILE, Giuseppe (1738-1814): b. Bisceglia, d. Martina, Apulia; alto; sang in Stuttgart, Milan, Florence, and Naples, where he taught. He was au-thor of 'The Modern Italian Method of Singing, with 36 Solfegges' (Lond., 1791).

1791).

Smging, with 36 Sollegges' (Lond., 1791).

APTHORP, William Foster (1848-): b. Boston, Mass.; music critic ('Boston Transcript' from 1881), author of books on Hector Berlioz, 'Musicians and Music Lovers,' and 'The Opera, Past and Present,' editor of Boston Symphony concert programs; teacher in Boston National College of Music and at the New England conservatory. Ref.: IX. (quoted) 3, 5.

APTOMMAS, John and Thomas: b. 1826 and 1829; b. Bridgend, Eng.; virtuosos on harp; teachers and composers for their instruments. Thomas also wrote a history of the harp, 1859.

ARA, Ugo (1876-): b. Venice; studied violin with Trindelli at the Cons. Benedetto Marcello, Venice, and with César Thomson at Liége Cons.; violinist in the orchestra of La Fenice, Venice; studied composition with Fuchs at the Vienna Cons.; since 1903 viola player of the Flonzaley Quartet.

ARAL E Transcape (1706-1767): b.

at the Vienna Cons.; since 1903 viola player of the Flonzaley Quartet.

ARAJA, Francesco (1700-1767): b. Nappes, d. Bologna; composed about 22 operas, produced in Naples, Florence, St. Petersburg, ctc., including the first opera set to a Russian text ("The Charitable Titus," 1751), also a Christmas oratorio. Ref.: X. 180.

ARANAS, Pedro ([?]-1825): d. Crance. Spoin; vivist cathedra con-

ARANAS, Pedro ([?]-1825): d. Cuenca, Spain; priest, cathedral conductor and composer of church music.

ductor and composer of church music.

ARANDA (1) Matheus de (16th cent.): professor of music at Colmbra Univ.; author of a work on counterpoint (1533). (2) del Sessa. See SESSA.

ARAUXO, or Araujo, Francisco Correa de (ca. 1581-1663): Spanish Dominican bishop of Segovia; author of an Organ School (1626) and a musicaethieal tractica.

sico-ethical treatise.

ARBAN, Joseph - Jean - Batiste Laurent (1825-1889): b. Lyons, d. Paris; virtuoso on the cornet, which he taught at the Conservatoire.

ARBOS, E. Fernandes (1863-): b. Madrid; violinist; studied there and in Brussels, also with Joachim; concert master of the Berlin Philharmonic; master of the Berlin Philharmonic; teacher of violin at Hamburg and Mad-rid conservatories, since 1891 at Royal College of Music, London; composed violin pieces, piano trios, orchestral works and an opera. ARBUCKLE, Matthew (1828-1883): d. New York, where he played the cor-net and was known as a band-master. ARBUTHWOT. John (1667-1735):

ARBUTHNOT, John (1667-1735): English court physician in 1709, founder of Scriblerus Club (1714) and a friend of Handel during his stormy

London days.

London days.

ARCADELT, sometimes Arkadelt,
Erchadet, Harcadelt, or Arcadet,
Jacob, Jacques, or Jachet (ca. 1514after 1557): d. Paris; singer in the
Cappella Julia and Papal Chapel; accompanied the Duc de Guise to Paris
(1555); two years later regius musicus.
He pub. 6 books madrigals (3-4 v.,
1539-44); 1 book masses (3-5 v., 1557);
4-part motets (1545); chansons, etc., in
collections. Ref.: I. 273f, 305; VII. 10;
mus. ex., XIII. 20, 30.

[d']ARCHAMBEAU (1) Jean-Michel (1823-1899): b. Hervé. d. Ver-

[d']ARCHAMBEAU (1) Jean-Michel (1233-1899): b. Hervé, d. Verviers; teacher, organist, composer of church and salon music in Verviers. (2) Ivan (1879-): b. near Liége; 'cellist; studied with his father and A. Massau at Verviers, with Édouard Jacobs at Brussels, and with Hugo Becker at Frankfort; toured as 'cello soloist in Germany, Belgium and Scotland; 'cellist of the Flonzaley Quartet since 1903.

ARCHANGELSEL

ARCHANGELSKY, Alexander Andrejevitch (1846-): b. Govt. Pensa, Russia; director of church choirs; has made concert tours with a choir and composed 2 masses, church choruses, etc. (using women's voices). Ref.: III.

143.

ARCHER, Frederick (1838-1901): b. Oxford, d. Pittsburg, Pa.; organist in London, Brooklyn, New York, Pittsburg; conductor of Boston Oratorio and of the Pittsburg Orchestra; writer on organ and editor of the 'Keynote';

on organ and editor of the Acynote; composed organ pieces and a cantata.

ARCHILEI, Vittoria: famous Italian singer about 1600. Ref.: I. 342; V. 40; IX. 13 (footnote).

ARCHILOCHOS (Greek poet). Ref.:

ARCHYTAS (ca. 400-365 B. C.): mathematician at Tarentum and musi-

instrumental pieces and popular dance songs (Il bacio ['Kiss Waltz']), etc.
AREND, Max (1873-): b. Deutzon-Rhine; lawyer and musician; writer

AREND, Max (1873-); b. Deutzon-Rhine; lawyer and musician; writer on and exponent of Gluck.

ARENS, Franz Xavier (1856-); b. Neef, Rhenish Prussia, Germany, studied with Rheinberger; conductor, teacher and composer in New York; founded People's Symphony Concerts and affiliated activities, which he conducts at present; engaged in vocal teaching in New York.

ARENSKY, Anton Stepanovitch (1861-1906); b. Novgorod, d. Tarioki (Finland); stud. with Rimsky-Korsa-koff at the St. Petersburg Cons.; teacher of composition at the Moscow Cons.; conductor of the court chapel choir, St. Petersburg, 1895. Composed 3 operas, choral works, 1 ballet, 2 symphonies (B min. and A), 1 trio, 2 string quartets, 1 piano quintet, 1 piano concerto, 1 fantasy for plano and orch., 3 suites for 2 pianos, pieces for orchestra, violin, 'cello, piano (2 and 4 hands), duets, church music, etc. His style leans to the eelecticism of Tschaikowsky rather than the national character of the Neo-Russian school. He wrote a text-book on harmony (2nd ed. 1900) and a manual of form (2 character of the Neo-Russian school. He wrote a text-book on harmony (2nd ed. 1900) and a manual of form (2 parts, 2nd ed. 1900). Ref.: III. 28, 143, 146ff; V. 368; VI. 395; VII. 333; IX. 414; X. 183, 224.

ARETINO, or Aretinus, or d'Arezzo. See Guido d'Arezzo.

Id'IAREZZO, Guido. See Guido D' AREZZO.

fdail|ARGINE, Constantino (1842-1877): b. Parma, d. Milan; com-poser of popular ballets and operas. ARIA, Cesare (1820-1894): b. Bo-logna, d. there; singing teacher. ARIADNE. Ref.: X. 56.

ARIADNE. Ref.: X. 56.
ARIBO SCHOLASTICUS (ca. 1078):
Flemish theorist whose Masica (Gerbert's Scriptores, vol. ii) includes a commentary on Guido d'Arezzo's writings.
[d']ARIENZO, Nicola (1842-):
b. Naples; teacher of counterpoint and composition and history at the Royal Conservatory director from 1879: com-

composition and history at the Royal Conservatory; director from 1879; composer of 9 operas (3 seria), church, chamber and orchestral music, author of 2 books of theory, and many works of historical interest. See Addenda.

ARION (7th cent. B. C.): mythical Greek singer whose name is generally associated with singing societies. Ref.: 118

I. 118.

mathematician at Tarentum and musical theorist.

ARDITI (1) Michele, Marchese (1745-1838): b. Presioca, d. Naples; archeologist, director of museum; composer of an opera, cantatas, and instrumental pieces. (2) Luigi (1822-1903): b. Crescentino, Vercelli, d. Hove, near Brighton; violinist, conductor at Vercelli, Milan, Turin, Havana, New York, Constantinople, St. Petersburg, and London, where he directed the Italian opera; composer of 3 operas, del took the field. Some 25 operas

(favorite arias printed by Walsh), oratravorue arias printed by waish, ora-torios, cantatas, divertimenti (violin and cont. (1695) and Lezioni for viola d'amore (1728) constitute his works. Ref.: I. 435; IX. 31. ARIOSTO. Ref.: I. 328; II. 27. ARISTIDES QUINTILIANUS (2nd

cent.): Greek theoretician; author of De musica libri VII (printed by Meihom, 1652, A. Jahn, 1882). Ref.: I. 91; X. 54.
ARISTOPHANES. Ref.: X. 52.55, 61.
ARISTOTLE (1) (4th cent. B. C.), he great Greek philosopher, whose writings contain few, but improvement waves.

ings contain few but important expressions on music. These have been compiled by Karl von Jan in his Musici

sions on music. These have been compiled by Karl von Jan in his Musiciscriptores græci (1895). Jan also issued a new edition of the Problemata, Sec. XIX (on music), which were asscribed to A. but were probably written during the first and second cent. A. D., in Alexandria. Ref.: I. 89, 97; V. 55. (2) Pseudonym of a 12th-13th cent. writer on measured music.

ARISTOXENOS: b. Tarentum (354 B. C.); pupil of Aristotle, the most important and prolific Greek writer on music (writings said to number 452). Only 2 books, 'Elements of Harmony' and 'Elements of Rhythmies' (the latter in fragments), are preserved, and are published by Gogavinus (1562), Meursius (1616), Meihom (1652); and in modern times by Marquard (1868), R. Westphal and F. Saran (jointly, 1883 [commentary], 1893 [text]). Ref.: I. 99, 110.

ARK, Karl van (1842-1902): d. St. Petersburg, pianist, professor at St. Petersburg, pianist, professor at St. Petersburg Cons., pub. a 'School of Pallow (1864). editor of The Old

ARKWRIGHT (1) Godfrey Edward ellew (1864-): editor of The Old Pellew (1864): editor of The Old English Edition, in which are collected works of Arne, Campion, Boyce, Tye, Purcell, etc.; edited the Musical An-tiquary, 1909-13. (2) Marian Ursula: Durham graduate, composer of orches-tral and chamber music.

ARLBERG, Georg Ephraim Fritz (1830-1896): b. Leksand, Dalecarlien, Sweden, d. Christiania; baritone in the Stockholm Royal Opera, sang Moscow, Naples, Paris and London; vocal

teacher and song writer in Copenhagen.

ARMBRUST (1) Georg (1818-1869):
b. Harburg, d. Hamburg; organist in Hamburg, father of Karl. (2) Karl F. (1849-1899): b. Hamburg, d. Hanover; critic and teacher of organ and piano there. (3) Walter: son of Karl, church organist in Hamburg.

ARMBRUSTER, Karl (1846-): Andernach-on-Rhine; pianist and

b. Andernach-on-Rhine; pianist and Wagnerian conductor, especially influential in London. See Addenda.

ARMES, Philip (1836-1908); b. Norwich, England, d. Durham; organist in various churches, professor of music, Durham, music examiner, Oxford, composer of three oratorios, other church music, a 5-part prize madrigal (1897, Madrigal Soc.), etc.

ARMIN, George. See HERMANN (9). ARMINGAUD, Jules (1820-1900): ARMINGAUD, Jules (1820-1900): Bayonne, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatorre; violinist at the Opéra, founded a string quartet with Jacquard, Lalo and Mas (later the Société classique, with wind instr.); composer for ritolin. violin.

ARMITT, Mary Louisa (1851-):
b. Salford; contributor of historical studies in the 'Quarterly Musical Magazune,' 'Musical Standard,' etc.
ARMSHEIMER, Ivan Ivanovitch (1860-): b. St. Petersburg; trained

at the Conservatory there; composed 3 operas, 3 ballets, 2 cantatas, choral and orchestral works, pieces for violin and for 'cello, and 150 songs. ARMSTRONG (1) Helen Porter. See

Melba. (2) William D. See Addenda. ARNAUD, Abbé François (1721-MEIRA. (2) WHIHAM D. See CADALLANAUD, Abbé François (1721-1784): b. Aubignan, near Carpentras, d. Paris; member of the Academy; partisan of Gluck, whom he defended in several essays. Ref.: II. 179.

Thomas Augustine

several essays. Ref.: II. 179.

ARNE (1) Thomas (Augustine (1710-1778): b. London, d. there; Mus. D. Oxon., player of spinet, violin, organ, etc.; composer of Rule Britamia, also wrote 30 operas, 8 symphonies a 8 (1740), 7 trio sonatas, organ concertos, harpsichord sonatas, 2 oratorios ('Abel' and 'Judith'), cantatas, songs, glees, catches and music to Shakespeare plays. Ref.: IV. 39, 69f; V. 171. (2) Cecilia, wife of Thomas; opera singer, admired by Handel. (3) Michael (1741-1786): b. London, d. there; son of Thomas, conductor and composer for London theatres; he composed 9 operas, also songs; played the harpsichord and is remembered as one of the seekers of the philosopher's stone. of the seekers of the philosopher's stone.

Id'JARNEIRO, José Augusto Ferreira Veiga, Viscount (1838-1903): b. Macao, China, d. San Remo; lawyer and composer of one hallet, 3 operas, and a Te Deum. Ref.: III. 408.

ARNOLD (1) Georg (17th cent.): b. Feldsberg; organist at Innsbruck and at the episcopal court of Bamberg; composed church music (motets, psalms, 9 part masses, etc.). (2) Samuel (1740-1802): b. London; studied with Gates and Nares at the Chapel Royal, where be was a chorister; wrote dramatic works (operas, pantomimes, oratorios, etc.). He became Mus. Doc. (Oxon.; 1772) and ten years later organist and 1772) and ten years later organist and composer to the Chapel Royal, in 1789 conductor to Acad. of Ancient Music, 1793 organist at Westminster Abbey. His greatest achievements are his 36 vol. edition of Handel's works (incomplete and not entirely accurate) and a 4 vol. collection of English cathedral music (1790 and reprinted 1847), a sequel to the collection by Boyce. Ref.: V. 172. (3) Johann Gottfried (1773-1806): b. Niedernhall n. Öhringen, d. Frankfort; studied with Romberg and Willman; concert-'cellist in Germany and Switzerland, later 1st 'cellist at the

Frankfort municipal theatre. He wrote | 1802): b. Paris, d. there; operatic so-concertos and variations for the 'cello, prano, created Gluck's Iphigénie and also pieces for the guitar and a sym-phonie concertante for 2 flutes and orphonic concertance for 2 littles and or-chestra. (4) Ignaz Errust Ferdinand (1774-1812): b. Erfurt, d. there; musi-cal biographer; in 1816 published 2 vols. of sketches called Galerie der berühmtesten Tonkunstler des 18. und berühmtesten Tonkunstler des 18. und 19. Jahrhunderts, also (ten years earlier) Der angehende Musikdurektor, oder die Kunst, ein Orchester zu bilden. (5) Karl (1794-1873): b. Neukirchen, near Mergentheim, son of Johann Gottfried (3); studied music with Alois Schmitt, and Vollweller; pianist in St. Petersburg, Berlin and Münster; organist and director of the Christiania Philharmonic Society. His chamber and piano compositions were highly prized; he wrote also an opera, Irene (prod., Berlin, 1832). (6) Henrietta Kisting, wife of Karl (5); singer in St. Petersburg, (7) Friedrich Wilhelm (1810-1864): b. Sontheim, near Heilbronn, d. Elherfeld; pub. 10 books of folk-songs, also the Lochheimer Liederbuch, Beethoven's symphonies arranged for violin and pianoforte and an Allgemeine Musik-lehre. (8) Yourij von (1811-1898): b. St. Petersburg, d. Simferopol, Crimea; studied at Dorpat and served in Russian army until 1838, when he abandoned a military career to study music with Fuchs and Gunke. His compositions include a prize cantata, an operetta, a grand opera, overtures and part-songs. He was music critic and editor in Leipzig (1863-70) and from 1870-94 professor of counterpoint at Moscow Cons., where he wrote on the history and theory of Russian Church music. The last four years of his life he spent as vocal teacher in St. Petersburg. (9) George Benjamin (1832-1902): b. Petworth, Sussex; d. Winchester; Mus. D. (Oxford, 1861); organist in various Oxford Colleges and at Winchester cathedral; composed 2 oratorios, cantatas, motets, church services, 2 plano sonatas, etc. (10) Richard (1845-): b. Ellenburg, Prussia; studied with David in Leipzig; violinist in Theodore Thomas Orchestra, the New York Philharmonic Soc., and organizer of a string quartet known by his name (1897).

ARNOLD von BRUCK (or Brouck) (171-1545): one of the most important 19. Jahrhunderts, also (ten years ear-lier) Der angehende Musikdirektor, oder prompositions include a prize cantata, and part-songs. He was music critic and part-songs. He was music critic and editor in Leipzig (1863-70) and from 1870-94 professor of country count at Moscow Cons., where he wrote not the history and theory of Russian Church music. The last four years of nis life he spent as vocal teacher in St. Petersburg. (9) George Benjamin (1832-1902): b. Petworth, Sussex; l. Winchester; Mus. D. (Oxford, 1861); organist in various Oxford Colleges and at Winchester cathedral; composed 2 oratorios, cantatas, motets, church circles, 2 piano sonatas, etc. (10) Richard (1845-): b. Eilenburg, Prussia; studied with David in Leipzig; violinist in Theodore Thomas Orchestra, the New York Philharmonic Coc., and organizer of a string quartet (1845-): b. Eilenburg, Prussia; studied with David in Leipzig; violinist in Theodore Thomas Orchestra, the New York Philharmonic Coc., and organizer of a string quartet (1845-): b. Eilenburg, Prussia; studied with David in Leipzig; violinist in Theodore Thomas Orchestra, the New York Philharmonic Coc., and organizer of a string quartet (1845-): b. Eilenburg, Prussia; studied with David in Leipzig; violinist in Theodore Thomas Orchestra, the New York Philharmonic Coc., and organizer of a string quartet (1845-): b. Eilenburg, Prussia; studied with David in Leipzig; violinist in Theodore Thomas Orchestra, the New York Philharmonic Coc., and organizer of a string quartet (1857).

ARNOLD von BRUCK (or Brouck) (1?]-1545): one of the first composed (1732), etc.

ARTARIA: art and music house, founded by Giovanni A. and his neight at the Madrid Conservatory and became director there, 1868.

ARRIGONI (1) Giovanni Giacomo (1716 cett.): one of the first composed; of the Vienna court band, 1637. (2) Carlo (1?]-1743): b. Florence, where he was Grand Ducal chamber composer; previously conducted (with Giovanni A. and his neight at the Madrid Conservatory (2-10 carlo (1?]-1743): b. Florence, where he was Grand Ducal chamber composer; previously conducted (with Giovanni A.

Soc., and organizer of a string quartet known by his name (1897).

ARNOLD von BRUCK (or Bronck) ([?]-1545): one of the most important German composers of the 16th century, probably of Swiss origin; chief Kapellmeister to Ferdinand I. in Vienna as early as 1534. Sacred and secular part-songs, motets, hymns, etc., are preserved in 16th cent. collections.

ARNOLDSON (1) Oscar (1843-1881): d. Stockholm; tenor. (2) Sigrid (1861-): b. Stockholm; daughter of Oscar, operatic soprano; taught by

Oscar, operatic soprano; taught by Strakosch; she made her début in Moscow in 1886, and achieved international renown

Armide; famous for her (often caustic) wit. Ref.: II. 33.

ARNULF of ST. GILLEN (15th cent.): author of a tract De differentiis et generibus cantorum (Gerbert, Script.).

ARON, Pletro (ca. 1490-1545): b. Florence, d. Venice; canon in Rimini, and monk at Bergamo, Padua and Venice; author of 5 musical treatises. The first theoretician to declare that the method of composing the wolces. method of composing the voices suc-cessively (in counterpoint) was out of date.

ARONSON, Rudolph, American the-atrical manager active in late 19th cent. Ref.: IV. 144, 177f. ARRESTI, Giulio Cesare (ca. 1630-

ca. 1695): organist and conductor in Breslau, composer of masses, organ works, trio sonatas, psalms, etc.; en-tered a literary controversy with Caz-zati, his former teacher, on counterpoint.

ARRIAGA y BALZOLA, Juan Crisostomo Jacobo Antonio (1806-1825): violinist, who studied at the Conservatoire, and composed an overture, a mass, a Stabat Mater, cantatas, and 3 string quartets.

POTETIAL ** CORERA. Pascual

ARRIETA y CORERA, Pascual Juan [Emilio] (1823-1894): b. Puenta la Reina, Navarre, d. Madrid; composed 2 operas, 50 operettas, cantatas, etc.; taught at the Madrid Conservatory and

ARTHUR, Alfred (1844-): b. Pittsburg, Pa.; vocal teacher, choral conductor, director of Cleveland School of Music; composer of 3 operas, piano pieces, songs, etc.; pub. 5 series of vo-cal studies.

ARTOT (1) Maurice Montagney (1772-1829): b. Gray, Haute-Saône, d. Brussels; military bandmaster, per-Brussels; military bandmaster, performer on horn, violin and guitar, and conductor at Brussels. (2) Jenn-Désiré Montagney (1803-1837): b. Parrs, d. St. Josse ten Noode; son of Maurice, professor of horn at the Brussels Conservatory, court hornist and composer for his instrument. (3) Alexandre-Joseph Montagney (1815-1845): b. Brussels, d. Ville d'Avray, son of (1); studied at the Conservatoire, violinist of note in Europe and America: nub. of note in Europe and America; pub. or note in Europe and America; pub-violin concerto, etc., string quartets, pi-ano quintet, etc. (4) Marguerite-Jose-phine Désirée Montagney (1835-1907): b. Paris, d. Vienna; daughter of Désirée, studied with Viardot-Garcia, so-prano at French, Belgian, and Dutch operas, then with an Italian company in Germany. Russia. England and in Germany, Russia, England and Denmark. She married the baritone Papilla y Ramos (1842-1900) and their daughter, Lola A. de Papilla, is soprano at the Berlin Royal Opera.

ARTUSI, Giovanni Maria (ca. 1550-1613): Bolognese canon and theorist, 1613): Bolognese canon and theorist, composed canzonettas, etc.; author of L'Arte del contrapunto (1586-1589), L'Artusi, ovvero delle imperfettioni della moderna musica (1600-1603), etc. Ref.: (on Monteverdi) I. 337f.

ASANTCHEVSKI, Michael Pavlovitch (1838-1881): b. Moscow, d. there; studied with Hauptmann, Richter and Liszt directed St. Petersburg Conserva-

Liszt, directed St. Petersburg Conserva-

LIST, directed of Fetership Conscis-tory and composed trios, quartets, a concert overture, piano pieces, songs, etc. ASCHENBRENNER, Christian Heinrich (1654-1732): b. Altstettin, d. Jena; 1st violinist and court conductor in Zeitz and Merseburg, composer of

in Zeitz and Merseburg, composer of chamber sonatas, dance movements, etc. ASCHER, Joseph (1829-1869): b. Groningen, Holland, d. London; studied with Moscheles in London and Leip-zig, became court pianist at Paris and wrote salon music.

wrote salon music.

ASH, Glifert (18th cent.): early New
York organ builder. Ref.: IV. 64.

ASHDOWN, Edwin: London music
publisher, successor to Parry who superseded Wessel (q.v.).

ASHE, Andrew (1759-1838): b.
Lisburn, Ireland, d. Dublin; flutist in
Brussels, Dublin and London. His
wife (née Comer) sang in concert and
oratorio and two daughters appeared
as harpist and pianist, respectively.

oratorio and two daughters appeared as harpist and pianist, respectively.

ASHLEY (1) John (ca. 1740-1805):
d. London; assistant at the Handel Festival of 1784, at which his brother CHARLES JANE was the first player of the contrafagott; from 1795 conductor of the Lenten oratorio concerts founded by Handel; father of (2), (3) and (4).

): b. (2) [General] Charles (ca. 1770-1818): violinist. (3) John James (1772-1815): organist, pianist and vocal pianist of vocal teacher. (4) Charles: 'cellist; cofounder of the Glee Club and Philharmonic Society. (5) Richard (1775-1836): viola player. (6) John (Ashley of Bath) d. 1830): bassoonist, ballad composer and author of controversial pamphlets on the origin of the English national anthem.

ASHTON (1) Hugh (?-1522): Englaurice, lish composer of the oldest extant virginal music; also masses, motets, etc. (2)

ginal music; also masses, motets, etc. (2) Algernon Bennet Langton (1859-): b. Durham, studied at Leipzig Cons. and Frankfort (Raff); piano teacher at Royal College of Music, 1885-1910, then London College of Music, etc.; composed chamber music, piano pieces, 5 symphonies, 3 overtures and other orch. pieces, choruses, 200 songs, etc. ASHWELL, Thomas (16th cent.): English composer of church music, still extant in Oxford, Cambridge and the British Museum

British Museum.

ASIOLI, Bonifazio (1769-1832): b. Correggio, d. there; conductor in Correggio, Venice and Milan and director of the Milan Conservatory. He wrote masses, motets, an oratorio, piano sonotas, 7 operas, etc., and didactic works of which Principi elementari di musica (1809) was translated into Portuguese, French, German and Dutch.

ASOLA, or ASULA, Glovanni Mattera

ASOLA, or Asula, Glovanni Matteo (ca.1560-1609): b. Verona, d. Venice; church composer who also wrote mad-

ASPASIA, Greek dancer. 54, 70, 94. Ref.: X.

ASPLMAYR, Franz (ca. 1721-1786): d. Vienna; dramatic composer, wrote singspiele, ballet-divertissements, sere-nades, concertos, etc.; the first of the Viennese composers to adopt the style

of the Mannheim school (trios, etc.).

ASPULL, George (1813-1832): b.
Manchester, d. Leamington; pianoforte
prodigy, played in Great Britain, Ireland and Paris; died of tuberculosis,
leaving pianoforte manuscripts later
published by friends.

ASSANTSCHEFFSKY. See ASANT-

CHEVSKI.

ASSMAYER, Ignaz (1790-1862): b. Salzburg, d. Vienna; organist at 5t. Peter's, Salzburg; organist at the Schottenstift, Vienna, court organist, conductor; composed 15 masses, 2 oratorios, and other church music.

ASTAFIEVA, Seraphime: Russian ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 220, 221, 224.

ASTARITTA, Gennaro (ca. 1750-1803): b. Naples, d. there; wrote more than 35 operas, produced in cities in Italy, at Pressburg and at St. Petersburg (Circe e Ulisse, 1787).

ASTON (1) Hugh. See ASHTON. (2) Tony (18th cent.): actor and early musical producer in America. Ref.: IV. 105ff.

Id'JASTORGA, Emanuele Gio-

Id'IASTORGA. Emanuele Gloachino Cesare, Count Rincon (1680-ca. 1757): b. Augusta, Sicily, d. Spain; Spanish noble, lived in Palermo, Vienna, Znaim and London, then for many years in the service of the King of Spain; dilettante who composed by La Muette de Portici (Masaniella), Defens (1700) of Spain; dilettante who composed Dafni (1709) and other operas, numerous cantatas, a Stabat Mater for 4

ous cantatas, a Stabat Mater for 4 voices and strings, etc.

ATHENÆUS of NANKRATIS (3rd-2nd cent. B. C.): Greek grammarian in Rome; invaluable as an authority on the theory of Greek music. His Deipnosophistat, in 15 books, is preserved almost in its entirety.

almost in its entirety.

ATHERTON, Percy Lee (1871-):
b. Roxbury, Mass.; studied with Paine,
Rheinberger, Thuille, Boise, Sgambati,
Widor; composer of light operas, a
symphonic poem, a symphonic Andante, a symphonic Scherzo, a Scherzino for string orchestra, 2 sonatas for
violin and piano, suites for violin,
pieno and futer piano sinces chowses. piano and flute, piano pieces, choruses, many songs, etc. ATKINS, Ivor Algernon (1869-): b. Cardiff; organist at Worcester Cathe-

dral.

ATRIO, Hermannus de. See Her-

MANNUS

ATTAIGNANT, Pierre (16th cent.): the earliest music printer in Paris, who used movable types. He printed

who used movable types. He printed mostly works of French chanson writers. Ref.: I. 286; VI. 441; VII. 469.

ATTENHOFER, Karl (1837-1914): b. Wettingen, Switzerland, d. Munich; studied at Leipzig Cons.; conductor of male choruses in Rapperswyl (from 1863) and Zürich (from 1866), where he was also teacher of vocal method in the School of Music (co-director, 1897); edited collections of male choruses, wrote mixed and women's choruses, children's songs. songs. piano

ruses, children's songs, songs, piano pieces, violin études, masses.

ATTRUP, Karl (1848-1892): b. Copenhagen, d. there; pupil of Gade, whom he succeeded as organ teacher at the Cons., organist of churches, composer of organ pieces and songs

poser of organ pieces and songs.

ATTWOOD, Thomas (1765-1838): b.
Chelsea, choirboy of the Royal Chapel,
studied at Naples and with Mozart in
Vienna; organist of St. Paul's, 1796,
the private chapel of George IV., etc.
He wrote 19 operas, piano sonatas,
church and other vocal music.

church and other vocal music.

AUBER, Daniel François Esprit
(1782-1871): b. Caen, Normandy, d.
Paris; son of a picture dealer, composer of fessor, Marseilles Cons., composer of songs at the age of 11 and soon abandoned a commercial career and prod.
privately Julie and Jean de Couvin, which was heard by Cherubini, and A.
became a pupil of that master in Paris. After a mass he prod. Le sejour militaire (1813), Le testament (1819), La bergère chateleine, Emma (1821), La bergère chateleine, Emma (1821), Leicester (1822), La neige (1823), Vendome en Espagne (w. Herold, 1823), Vendome en Espagne (w. Boieldieu, 1824), Leccater à la court (1824), Léccater (1824), Léccater (1824), Léccater à la court (1824), Léccater and singing profers Comique; director and singing director an

greatest exponents of the opéra comique. Two lesser works were followed by La Muette de Portici (Masaniella), the first work of the new 'grand opera' epoch, and a number of other lighter works, including Dieu et la Bayadère (1830), Le philtre (1831), Le serment (1832), Gustave III (1833), Lestocq (1834), Le cheval de bronze (1835), Acteon, Les chaperons blancs, L'ambassadrice (1836), Le domino noir (1837). (1834), Le cheval de bronze (1835), Actéon, Les chaperons blancs, L'ambassadrice (1836), Le domino noir (1837), Le lac des fées (1839), Le duc d'Olonne (1842), La Sirène (1844), La barcarolle (1845), Haydée (1847), and 10 others showing evidences of decline. He also wrote some unpub. string quartets, 4 'cello concertos (under the name of Hurel de Lamare). He was made a member of the Academy in 1829, director of the Conservatoire in 1842, and Imperial court conductor under Napoleon III in 1842. Ref.: II. 20, 210; III. 278; VIII. 109; IX. 73, 157, 159f. 167, 169, 191, 227ff. 230, 235, 245, 255; mus. ex. XIII. 244; portrait IX. 226.

AUBERT (1) Jacques (1678-1753): d. Belleville, near Paris; violin virtuoso in Paris Opéra and Concerts Spirituels, concert-master of the latter, 1748; composer of violin sonatas and duets, sonatas for the 5-stringed viola (Quinton), violin duets, pieces for vielles, musettes, etc.; also prod. 6 ballets. (2) Louis (1720-after 1798): son of (1); concert-master of the Opéra; composer (symphonies, violin sonatas). (3) Pterre François Olivier (1763-ca. 1830): b. Amiens; 'cellist in Paris Opéra Comique, teacher and composer for 'cello, author of an abridged history of music. (4) Louis. See Addenda.

'cello, author of an abridged history of music. (4) Louis. See Addenda.

AUBERY DU BOULLEY, Prudent

AUBERY DU BOULLEY, Fruence Louis (1796-1870): b. Verneuil, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire (Monsigny, Méhul, Cherubini), wrote chamber music in great quantity in which he employs the guitar, also Grammaire musicale (1830), Des associations musicales en Ergue (1830) ciations musicales en France (1839), and La Société Philharmonique de l'Eure (1859).

AUDRAN (1) Marius-Pierre (1816-1887): b. Aix, Provence, d. Marseilles; pupil of Arnaud and of the Conserva-foire, tenor in Marseilles, Brussels, Bordeaux, Lyons, and at the Paris Op-

St. Petersburg; violin professor at the Conservatory there, 1887-92, leader of the Imperial Russian Musical Society. Ref.: III. 148; VII. 464, 465.

AUFSCHNAITER, Benedikt Anton (d. Passau, 1742): Kapellmeister of the Passau Cathedral, composer of church

music and sonatas.

AUGENER & CO., London publishing firm, founded, 1853, by George Augener, continued since then by his son, William (now 'Augener Limited'). white publications are theoretical works and re-edited classics, and they are the publishers of the monthly Musical Record.

AUGUSTINUS, Aurelius [St. Augustine] (354-430): b. Tagaste, Numidia, d. Hippo, where he was Bishop. St. Augustine defended the use of the Ambrosian chant and wrote on metrics in his De Musica libri VI. Ref.: I. 135, 137, 141.

AUGUSTUS THE STRONG. Ref.: II. 6, 12, 78. AULEN, Johannes (15th cent.): German composer of masses and motets preserved in the libraries of Berlin and

Leipzig.
AULIN, Tor (1866-1914): b. Stock-holm, d. there; studied in Berlin, vio-holm, d. the Royal holm, d. there; studied in Berlin, vio-linist, concert-master of the Royal Opera, conductor of the Art Society, Stockholm; founded the A. String Quartet; composed 3 concertos and other works for violin, orch. suite, Meister Oluf, etc. Ref.: III. 85. [de P]AULNAYE, François Henri Stanislas (1739-1830): b. Madrid, d. Chaillot; writer and theorist; author of a Mémoire sur un nouveau système de notation musicale.

de notation musicale.

AURELIANUS REOMENSIS: AURELIANUS REOMENSIS: 9th cent. church music theorist; author of Musica, containing the earliest information on the character of the church modes (pub. in Gerhert's Scriptores, vol. 1). Ref.: 1. 145.

AUS DER OHE, Adele (ca.1865-): pupil of Kullak and of Liszt, pianist in Germany, England and the United States; composer of 2 piano-suites, a concert-fetude etc.

States; composer of 2 pieno-suites, a concert-étude, etc.

AUSTIN (1) Frederic (1872-):
b. London; Liverpool organist, teacher at the College of Music, dramatic baritone and composer of an overture, a rhapsody, a symphonic poem, etc. (2) Ernest (1874-): brother of (1). See Addenda. (3) John T.: contemp. Amer. organ builder. Ref.: VI. 409.

AUTERI-MANZOCCHI, Salvatore (1845-): b. Palermo; composer of 5 operas; 1889-1910 professor of singing at Parma Conservatory.

[d']AUVERGNE (1) Peire (1152-1215): troubadour. Ref.: I. 211. (2) Antoine (1713-1797): b. Clermont-Ferrand, d. Lyons; violinist, composer; played in orchestras of Concerts Spir-

played in orchestras of Concerts Spirituels, the King's Band and the Opéra; reforms in notation (see Notation).

AZZAJOLO, Filippo (16th cent.): 1790; prod. 2 intermèdes, Les troquurs

Bolognese composer of madrigals, etc.

and La coquette trompée (1753), which are among the earliest opéras comiques; composed in all 13 operas; also trio sonatas, etc. Ref.: VII. 409.

[d']AVELLA, Giovanni (17th cent.): Franciscan monk at Lovoro; author of Regole di musica (1657).

AVENARIUS, Thomas (17th cent.): organist at Hildesheim, composer of love songs, dance suites (1630), etc.

AVENTINUS, Johannes (Johannes Turmair) (1477-1534): b. Abensberg, Bavaria; compiled Annales Bojorum and edited Faber's Musicæ rudimenia admodum brevia. modum brevia.

AVERKAMP, Anton (1861-): b. Willige Langerak, Holland; singing teacher in Amsterdam, choir director singing there, composed orchestral works, violin sonata, choruses, songs, an opera,

AVERY (1) John ([?]-1808): English organ builder, constructed organs in Winchester Cathedral, St. Margaret's organ builder, constructed organs in Winchester Cathedral, St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, and many other famous instruments. He died during the building of one at Carlisle. Ref.: VI. 406. (2) Stanley R.: contemporary American composer. Ref.: IV. 400.

AVISON, Charles (1710-1770): b. Newcastle-on-Tyne, d. there; organist, composed 26 string concertos a 7, piano concertos with string quartet, etc.; wrote an 'Essay on Musical Expression' (1752, etc.).

AVOGLIO, Signora: Italian soprano, brought to London by Handel, 1741; sang in 'Messiah,' 'Samson,' etc.

AYLWARD, Theodore (ca. 1730-1801): organist in London, Cornhill, etc.; musical professor, Gresham College; composer of glees, catches, etc., and writer of method for organ.

AYRES, Frederick (1876-): b. Binghamton, N. Y.; pupil of Stillman Kelley and Foote; composer of pianopieces, chamber music, etc. Ref.: IV. 415ff: mus, ex. XIV. 805.

Kelley and Foote; composer of pianopieces, chamber music, etc. Ref.: IV. 415ff; mus. ex., XIV. 305.

AYRTON (1) Edmund (1734-1808): b. Ripon, d. London; choir master of the Chapel Royal; composer of services for the Church of England. (2) William (1777-1858): b. London, d. there; son of (1); mus. director of the King's Theatre, where he produced Mozart's Don Giovanni, etc., music critic on 'Morning Chronicle,' Examiner,' 'Penny Cyclopedia,' etc.; and edited 'Knight's Musical Library' and 'Sacred Minstrelsy,' also the periodical 'Harmonicon.' AZOPARDI, Francesco (18th cent.): conductor at Malta, author of Il musico practico (1760, Fr. transl. 1784, 1824); composed church music.

composed church music.

AZVEDO, Alexis-Jacob (1813-1875): AZVEIDO, Alexis-Jacob (1813-1875); b. Bordeaux, d. Paris; contributor to French musical journals, editor of La critique musicale, La Presse, etc.; biographer of Rossini and Félicien David; author of pamphlets advocating Chevés' reforms in notation (see Notation).

BABAN, Gracian (17th cent.): Spanish composer; conductor in the Valencia cathedral.

BABBI, Christoph (1748-1814): b. Cesena, d. Dresden; concert-master at the Dresden court; composed concert for violin, quartets, symphonies, flute

for violin, quarters, sympaomes, maduets, etc.

BABBINI, Matteo (1754-1816): b.
Bologna, d. there; successful operatic
tenor; sang in Berlin, St. Petersburg,
London, Paris, Vienna and Italy.
BABELL, William (ca. 1690-1723):
b. London, d. there; organist, violinist
and composer. His most valuable
works were his arrangements for the
vience of airs. duos. etc. from Handel's works were his arrangements for the piano of airs, duos, etc., from Handel's operas and those of French contemporaries. He published a volume of sonatas for violin, flute or oboe, and wrote unpublished concerti grossi for 2 violins, 'eello and string orch.

BABINI. See BABINI. (Polyabeta

BACCHIUS, Senex (Bakcheios o vésou): musical theorist of the 4th cent.; his Isagoge musicae arts, a catecent.; his Isagoge musicae artis, a catechism in dialogue form, was reprinted by Mersenne (1623); translated into Latin by Morellus, Meibom (1652), you Jan (1891) and Coussemaker (Scriptores, 1895); published in French translation by Mersenne (1627) and Ruelle (1896).

BACCHUS (Greek and Roman god). Ref.: X. 54, 65, 69, 74; (Roman orgy to) X. 75f.

BACCUSI, Hippolito (1545-1609): b. Mantua, d. Verona; maestro di cappella at Mantua and Verona; composer of books of psalms, motets, masses, madrigals, etc., and of scattered works in collections by Phalèse, Pevernage, Waelrant and Philipp.

BACFARE, Bacfarre, or Bakfark. See GREEF.

near Gotha, the town of his ancestors. He was an amateur (lutenist), but his son Hans was already a professional musician. The latter's son JOHANN B. was the progenitor of the Erfurt 'Bachs,' another, Heinnich B., organist at Arnstadt, a third, Christoph B., organist and town musician at Weimar (grandfather of J. S. Bach). Christoph's son Aveneuve B. supposed his (grandfather of J. S. Bach). Christoph's son, Amerosurs B., succeeded his cousin Johann Christoph's Hands as a Erfurt and was in turn succeeded by his cousin Kagnus (1646-1717). Hans' second son Heinrich had as sons the 2 musicians next following. (1) Johann Christoph (1647-1703): b. Arnstadt, d. Eisenach, son of Heinrich B. (see above); organist at Eisenach from 1665 and the most important of the earlier Bachs, uncle of J. S. B. His vocal works are especially notable. Among these are preserved the biblical narrative Es erhob sich ein Streit, motest for 4, 8 and one for 22 voices, etc. Among his instrumental works are a Sarabande with 12 variations for Among his instrumental works are a Sarabande with 12 variations for clavier, 44 chorale preludes, etc. A fugue in E-flat was erroneously ascribed to J. S. B. (Bach-Ges. ed., vol. 36, No. 12). (2) Johann Michael (1648-1694): b. Arnstadt, d. Gehren, near Arnstadt, where he was organist from 1673; brother of (1). In instrumental composition he surpassed his brother, as a few choral preludes (all that is left of his works) attest. His vocal works show his technical ability none the less. His voungest daughter. that is left of his works attest. His Mantua, d. Verona; maestro di cappella at Mantua and Verona; composer of books of psalms, motets, masses, madrigals, etc., and of scattered works in collections by Phalèse, Pevernage, Waelrant and Philipp.

BACKARE, Bacfarre, or Bakfark. See Greff.

BACH, a family of musicians living in Thuringia, an extraordinary number of whose members rose to eminance in their profession in the 16th-19th centuries. The art was cultivated among its members as perhaps in no other known to history, every reunion being made the occasion for improvised part-singing (quodilbets) and intelligent musical discussion. Hence many cantor's posts in Thuringian cities were filled by them and as late as the 18th cent. the town pipers' of Erfurt were still known as 'the Bachs,' though no B. was among their number. In 1590 the baker Verr B. The structure of the set of his works show his technical ability none the less. His youngest daughter, Maria Barbara, became J. S. B.'s first oph (1645-1693) b. Erfurt, viollinist, court Musikus to the Count of Schwarz-burg; helped his uncle Heinrich in his own. (4) Johann Ambrosius (1645-1695): b. Erfurt, twin brother of (3), violinist, associated with his brother till 1667 when he joined the Erfurt Rathsmusikanten. He settled in Elsenach of Library in Erfurt, Magdeburg, and Elsenach of his compositions chorale administration of his works show his technical abilities nome the less. His youngest daughter, Maria Barbara, became J. S. B.'s first nome the less. His youngest daughter. Maria Barbara, became J. S. B.'s first nome the less. His youngest daughter. Maria Barbara, became J. S. B.'s first nome the less. His youngest daughter. Maria Barbara, became J. S. B.'s first nome the less. His youngest daughter. Maria Barbara, became J. S. B.'s first nome the less. His youngest daughter. Maria Barbara, became J. S. B.'s first nome the less. His toph (1645-1693) b. Erfurt, violinist, court Musikus to the Count of Schwarz-burg; helped his uncle Heinrich in his toph. (1645-16 of Johann Christoph (3); organist in Jena, 1695; for a long time the senior of the whole family, but his branch of it died out with him. He enjoyed a high reputation as instrument maker, and invented improvements toward the establishment of equal temperament in tuning of piano and organ. He wrote suites for the organ and harpsichord, a comic operetta, motets and sacred music. (7) Johann Christoph (1671-1721): b. Erfurt, d. Churdruf; son of Johann Ambrosius (12); organist at Ohrdruf; teacher of the clavichord to Johann Sebastian. Ref.: I. 456. (8) Johann Sebastian (1685-1750): b. Eisenach, d. Leipzig; studied the violin with his father, Johann Ambrosius (4) and the clavichord with his brother, who was his legal guardian from 1695 and exercised his authority harshly. After this he became a chorister at Lünchurg, where he studied the violin, clavichord and the organ, travelling for Hamburg to he studied the violin, clavichord and the organ, travelling to Hamburg to hear Reinken and to Celle for French organ music, also studying Bohm's or-gan works indefatigably. He was violinist in 1703 in the orchestra of the Weimar court, organist the following year at Arnstadt, in 1707 at Muhl-hausen, and in 1708 at the Weimar court, where in 1714 he became Konnausen, and in 1714 he became Konzertmeister. During vacations he visited Cassel, Halle, Leipzig, Dresden, and in 1717 he received the appointment of Kapellmeister at Cothen, where he directed the chamber music for Prince Leopold. In 1723 he went to Leipzig, where he acted as cantor of the Thomasschule, organist and music director of the Thomaskirche and the Nikolaikirche, retaining his position as Kapellmeister to Prince Leopold and adding to these the position of Kapellmeister to the Duke of Weissenfels and (1736) court composer to the Elector of Saxony, the Polish king. Bach's enthusiastic appreciation of the achievements of contemporary organists is one of his most memorable characteristics. In his boyhood he tramped from Lüneburg to Hamburg to hear the renowned Reinken; in later tramped from Lineburg to Hamburg to hear the renowned Reinken; in later years he travelled (again on foot) from Arnstadt to Lubeck to profit by the art of Buxtehude. His challenge of the French organist Marchand was unaccepted in 1720; the preceding year he had just missed meeting Handel at Halle. He visited the Prussian court at Potsdam where his son Cerl Philipp

Well-Tempered Clavichord' (48 preludes and fugues, two in each major and minor key), 'The Art of the Fugue' (15 fugues and 4 canons on the same theme). There are for violin alone three Partien and three sonatas; for viola da gamba three sonatas, for lute 3 Partien and for viola pomposa (invented by Bach) a suite. The most extensive of B.'s works are his choral compositions, including his 5 complete annual series (for every Sunday and festival-day) of church cantatas; 5 'Passions,' of which only two are preserved (the 'St. Matthew' and the 'St. John'); the Mass in B minor and 4 incomplete ones, the remnant of a greater number written for Dresden; the Magcomplete ones, the remnant of a greater number written for Dresden; the Magnificat, in five parts; the Christmas oratorio; the Ascension oratorio, and the Easter oratorio. For fifty years after B.'s death these works were practically forgotten. To Mendelssohn's efforts is due the fact that they are now completely resurrected. The complete instrumental works were published by Peters in 1837, to which were later added the vocal works. Societies for the study of this master have sprung up in all the large cities of the European continent; the first was the Bach-Geselleschaft founded in 1850 by Schumann, Jahn, Becker and Hauptmann, which with the aid of the Härtel publishing house has put out a complete years he travelled (again on foot) from Arnstadt to Lubeck to profit by the art of Buxtehude. His challenge of the French organist Marchand was unaccepted in 1720; the preceding year he had just missed meeting Handel at Halle. He visited the Prussian court at Potsdam, where his son, Carl Phillpp Emanuel, was chamber musician, and delighted frederick the Great by dedicating his Musikalisches Opfer to him (it included a 3 part fugue, canons, trios for flute, violin and bass, and a 6 part ricercare). B. had a life unhampered by domestic infelicity; after the death of his first wife, his cousin, Maria Barbara, he married Anna Magdalene Wülken, whose father was trumpeter at the Weissenfels court. Bach Bachmann

He was organist in Dresden, tater in Halle, but dissipation resulted in the forfeiture of his position, and despite his unusual genius and skill, he died in want and distress. His works include concertos, sonatas, fantasies, suites, etc., for clavier, trio sonatas, concertos, fantasies, fugues, etc., for clavier, trio sonatas, concertos, fantasies, fugues, etc., for organ, some in MS. in Berlin, some repub. by Riemann, etc. Ref.: I. 461, 468, 471, 483f; II. 60f; as organist, VI. 456, 457; clavier music, VII. 128; mus. ex. XIII. 103. (10) Carl Philipp Emanuel (1714-1788): b. Weimar, d. Hamburg; son of John Sebastian; he abandoned the pursuit of philosophy and law which he had studied in Leipzig and at Frankfort-on-Oder; at Frankfort he composed for a singing society which he conducted; in 1737 he was in Berlin, from 1746-57 he was chamber musician and harpsichord player to King Frederick the Great. In 1767 he held the post of Musikdirektor previously occupied by Telemann; this he retained until his death. His compositions were inumerable and embraced every form for the plano. He wrote 34 pieces for various wind instruments, trios for flute, violin and bass, concertos for cello and oboe, soil for cello, for the viola da gamba and for the harp. His one book is an analysis of the uses of embellishment in the playing of the clavichord—Versuch with Senter to the conductor at various the cavichord—Versuch with Senter to the format of the clavichord—Versuch with Senter to the sught and performed on piano and organ; in 1728 he appeared in concerts in London, where he taught and performed on piano and organ; in 1728 he appeared in concerts in Condon and performed in London, where he taught and performed on piano and organ; in 1728 he appeared in concerts in Condon and other soil of the clavichord—Versuch with Sealers and Saladian; to the Prince of Prussia, 1874; and 1849-184. for a singing society which he conducted; in 1787 he was in Berlin, from 1746-57 he was chamber musician and harpsichord player to King Frederick the Great. In 1767 he held the post of Musikdirektor previously occupied by Telemann; this he retained until his death. His compositions were innumerable and embraced every form for the piano. He wrote 34 pieces for various wind instruments, trios for flute, violin and bass, concertos for 'cello and oboe, soli for 'cello, for flute, for the viola da gamba and for the harp. His one book is an analysis of the uses of embellishment in the playing of the clavichord—Versuch über die wahre Art, das Clavier uspielen (2 parts, 1753-62) re-edited by Niemann, 1906. Ref.: II. 55ff; spiritual songs, V. 189f; clavier music, etc., VII. 96, 99, 100, 113, 116, 117, 132, 133, 417, 490; VIII. 140; mus. ex. XIII. 107; port. VIII. 110. (11) Johann Ernst (1722-1777); b. Eisenach, d. there; son of (5); lawyer, and his father's successor as organist at Eisenach, court Kapellmeister at Weimar; composed sacred vocal music, also clavier sonatas. (12) Johann Christoph Friedrich (1732-1795); b. Leipzig, d. Bückeburg; son of Johann Sebastian; abandoned his law studies at Leipzig to become Kapellmeister at Bückeburg. He composed a dramatic cantata, Pyymalion, cantatas, quartets for flute and strings, a 2-hand and a 4-hand clavier sonata. (13) Johann Christian (1735-1782); b. Leipzig, d. London; popularly known as the Milan or the English Bach (9th son of Johann Sebastian); in 1748 he went to his brother Carl Philipp Emanuel in Berlin; 1760 appointed organist of Milan Cathedral, 2 years late concertments in London; where he had for various wind instruments, trios for fute, total bass, concertos for the total and abass, concertos for the total and oboe, soli for 'cello, for flute, for the viola da gamba and for the harp. His one book is an analysis of the uses of embellishment in the playing of the clavichord—Versuch ber die wahre Art, das Clavier zu spielen (2 parts, 1753-62) re-edited by Niemann, 1906. Ref.: II. 58ff; spiritual songs, V. 189f; clavier music, etc., VII. 106. (2) parts, 117, 132, 133, 417, 490; VIII. 140; mus. ex. XIII. 107; port., VIII. 110. (11) Johann Ernst (1722-1777): b. Eisenach, d. there; son of (5); lawyer, and his father's successor as organist at Eisenach, court Kapellmeister at Weimar; composed sacred vocal music, also clavier sonatas. (12) Johann Christoph Friedrich (1732-1795): b. Leipzig, d. Bickeburg; son of Johann Sebastian; abandoned his law studies at Leipzig to become Kapellmeister at Bückeburg. He composed a dramatic cantata, Pugmalion, cantatas, quartets for flute and strings, a 2-hand and a 4-hand clavier sonata. (13) Johann Christian (1735-1782): b. Leipzig, d. London; popularly known as the Milan or the English Bach (9th son of Johann Sebastian); in 1748 ewent to his brother Carl Philipp Emanuel in Berlin; 1766 appointed organist of Milan Cathedral, 2 years later concert-master in London, where he became music-master to the royal family, and where (1763) he prod. his opera, or for man and many others, also instruments; invented machine head method to tune 'celli and double-basses. (2) Karl Ludwig, son of Johann Sebastian); in 1748 he went to his brother Carl Philipp Emanuel in Berlin; 1766 appointed organist of Milan Cathedral, 2 years later concert-master in London, where he became music-master to the royal family, and where (1763) he prod. his opera, or for far for francis; invented machine head method to tune 'celli and double-basses. (2) Karl Ludwig, son of Johann Christoph Friedrich, 1735-1745); b. Ekckeburg, d. Berlin; son of Johann Christoph Friedrich, 1735-1745, 1745, 175, 175, 175, 175,

composed pianoforte sonatas, organ fugues, violin quartets, cantatas, symphonies, etc. (4) Charlotte Caroline Wilhelmine, née Stowe (1757-1817): pianist and member of the Berlin Singakademie under Fasch. (5) Gottlob (1763-1840): b. Bornitz, near Zeitz, d. Zeitz; organist there and composer of 2 sunasniele, chamber music, niano sod. Zeitz; organist there and composer of z sungspiele, chamber music, plano sonatas, organ pieces, ballads, songs, etc. (6) Georg Christian (1804:1842): b. Paderborn, d. Brussels; solo clarinettist in the Royal Kapelle, clarinet professor at the Conservatory, and maker of clarinets. (7) Georges (ca. 1848-1894): Parisian composer of numerous piano works. (8) Alberto numerous piano works. (8) Alberto
Abraham (1875-): b. Geneva; violinist; studied at Lille Cons. and with
Ysaye, Thomson, Hubay, Brodsky and
Petri; successful European tours; composer of 2 violin concertos, a violin sonata, many pieces and transcriptions for violin; author of Les grands vio-linistes du passé (1913), Le Violon (1906), etc.

BACHOFEN, Johann Kaspar (1697-1755): b. Zürich, d. there; organist, can-tor and composer of church music; wrote Musikalisches Notenbüchlein.

wrote Musikalisches Notenbüchlein.

BACHRICH, Siegmund (1841-1913): b. Zsambokreth, Hungary, d. Vienna; violinist; trained at the Vienna Conservatory, where he later taught; viola in Hellmesberger and Rosé quartets, also the Philharmonic and the court opera of Vienna; composed 2 comic operas, 4 operettas, a ballet.

BACKER-GRÖNDAL, Agathe Ursula (1847-1907): b. Holmestrand, d. Christiania; studied with Kullak and von Bülow, composed songs, suites, concert studies, etc. She married the singer, Olavus Andreas Gröndahl. Ref.: III. 99.

BACKERS. See Broadwood.

BACKHAUS, Wilhelm (1884-): b. Leipzig; studied with Alois Reckendorf and d'Albert; has toured widely as concert plannist since 1900, since 1911 also in the U. S.; teacher of planoforte at Royal College of Music, Manchester, England, 1905; gained Rubinstein prize (1905) and has since concertized exclusively. clusively.

BACKOFEN, Johann G. Heinrich (1768-1839): b. Durlach, d. Darmstadt; chamber musician at Gotha and Darmstadt; virtuoso on clarinet, harp, flute and bassethorn; composed trios, quintets, concertos for clarinet and horn;

tets, concertos for clarinet and horn; wrote a clarinet-bassethorn method.

BACON (1) Roger (1214-1294): b. Ilchester, d. Oxford; Franciscan monk, author of De valore musices. (2) Richard Mackenzie (1776-1844): b. Norwich, d. Correy near Norwich; writer on musical science, 'Elements of Vocal Science, '1824, 'Art of Improving the Voice and Ear,' 1825. He edited the Quarterly Review and founded the Norwich Music Festivals, held triennially. (3) Sir Francis (cited on masques) X. 83.

Baillot

BADARCZEVSKA, Thekla (18381862): b. Warsaw, d. there; composed
salon pieces, one of which is widely
known, La prière d'une vierge.
BADER, Karl Adam (1789-1870): b.
Bamberg, d. Berlin; organist of Bamberg Cathedral, operatic tenor in Munich, Bremen, Hamburg, Brunswick,
and Berlin court opera; director of
church music in Berlin.
BADIA (1) Carlo Agostino (16721738): b. Venice, d. Vienna; court composer to Vienna; wrote 27 operas, 21
oratorios, solo cantatas, etc. (2) Luigi
(1822-1899): b. Teramo, Naples, d. Milan; composed 4 operas and songs.
BADIALI, Cesare (ca. 1810-1865): b.
Imola, d. there; operatic bass in Italian theatres, at Lisbon, Madrid and
chamber singer at the Vienna court
from 1842-1859, when he went to London. He was a song composer as
well. well.

BAENA, Lope de (15th Spanish composer. BAERMANN. See BARMANN. Lope de (15th cent.):

BAGGE, Selmar (1823-1896): b. Co-burg, d. Basel; studied in the Con-servatories of Prague and Vienna, where he taught and acted as organist in Gumpendorf, nearby; teacher at the Vienna Cons., which he left and as critic attacked. Later he became editor of the Allgemeine musikalische Zeitung. Besides his books on theory, musical biographies and criticism, he published

chamber music, a symphony and songs.

BAGNOLESI: Italian contralto; sang
in London, 1732.

BAHN, Martin. See Trautwein.
BXHR (or Bär, or Beer), Johann
(1652-1770): b. St. Georg, Austria, d.
there; conductor at the court, where
he wrote musical satire under the pseudayum of Users.

he wrote musical satire under the pseudonym of Uasus.

BAI, or Baj, Tommaso (ca. 1660-1714): b. Crevalcuore, near Bologna, d. Rome; tenor and maestro di cappella at the Vatican; composer of church music, including a 5-part Miserere still sung in the Papal Chapel during Holy Week.

BAYF, Jean Antoine de (1532-1589):
b. Venice, d. Paris; poet and composer. He attempted to introduce into French poetry vers mesuré on the antique model and wrote sacred and secular chansons which have been reprinted by Expert. In 1570 the King recognized his Académie de poésie et de musique.

recognized his Académie de poésie et de musique.

BAILEY (1) Daniel and (2) William (18th cent.): pioneer publishers of music in America. Ref.: IV. 29ff. (3) Marie Louise (1876- vil.): b. Nashville, Tenn., studied with Reinecke and Leschetizky, pianist, made début at the Gewandhaus, Royal Saxon chamber musician, lives in Vienna.

BAILLOT (1) Pierre-Marie-François de Sales (1771-1842): b. Passy d. Paris; celebrated violinist, pupil of Polidori in Passy, Sainte-Marie in

Paris, Pollani in Rome; through Viotti became first violinist at the Théâtre Feydeau; thereafter acting as assistant in the ministry of finance. Meantime becoming known as concert player, he was made teacher in the Conservatoire in 1795, where he studied theory with Cherubini, etc. His first concert tour of Europe was made in 1802, in 1821 he became solo violinist of the Opéra, and in 1825 of the Royal Orchestra. He pub. his famous L'Art du Violon in 1834 and, with Rode and Kreutzer, the official Method of the Cons.; also edited the Cons. 'cello method and wrote 'notices' on Grétry and Viotti. He composed 9 concertos, 30 sets of variations, 24 preludes in all keys, caprices and nocturnes for violin, a symphonic concertante for 2 violins and orch., 3 string quartets, 15 trios for 2 violins and bass, etc. Ref.: VII. 412, 431, 433, 434. (2) René-Paul (1813-1889): b. Paris, d. there; professor of ensemble-playing at the Conservatoire; son of Pierre-Marie (1).

BAYNI, Abbate Giuseppe (1775-1844): b. Rome. d. there; puoil of his

Pierre-Marie (1).

BAINI, Abbate Giuseppe (1775-1844): b. Rome, d. there; pupil of his uncle Lorenzo B., maestro at the Twelve Apostles' Church, then of Jannaconi, who had him made a singer in the Papal chapel (camerlango from 1818). Imbued with the spirit of Palestrina, B. was a 16th cent. composer living in the 19th. His 10-part Miserere alternates with Allegri's and Bai's in the Holy Week repertoire. His Memoire storico-critiche della vita e delle opere di Gioranni Pierluigi da Palestrina, etc. (1828) was translated into German (1834) and he pub. an essay on rhyth-

panni Pierinigi da Palestrum, etc. (1828) was translated into German (1834) and he pub. an essay on rhythmics, etc. Ref.: (cited, etc.) I. 253; VI. 64, 424.

BAJ, Tommaso. See Bar.

BAJETTI, Glovanni (ca. 1815-1875): b. Brescia, d. Milan; violinist, conductor at La Scala, where he prod. successfully 5 operas and one ballet.

BAK. See Bach (16).

BAKER (1) Benjamin Franklin

BAK. See BACH (16).

BAKER (1) Benjamin Franklin (1811-): b. Wenham, Mass.; church singer in Salem, Boston, Portland; (1841) music teacher in Boston public schools; vice-pres. Handel and Haydn Soc.; founded Boston Music School (1851-68); edited the 'Musical Journal.' He wrote vocal music (3 cantatas, quartets and songs), compiled books of glees and anthems and pub. Thorough-bass and Harmony.' Ref.: IV. 222. (2) George (1773-1847): b. Exeter, Eng., d. Rugeley; organist at Stafford, Derby and Rugeley; composed anthems and glees for several voices, organ voluntaries, piano sonatas, etc. anthems and glees for several voices, organ voluntaries, piano sonatas, etc. (3) Theodore (1851-): b. New York; studied with Oskar Paul in Leipzig, Dr. phil. from Leipzig University; wrote "ber die Musik der nordamerikanischen Wilden (1882), Biographical Dictionary of Musicians' (1900, 1905, revised and enlarged by Alfred Remy, 1917), "Dictionary of Musi-

cal Terms' (1895, 16th ed., 1914). He has translated German writers of history and theory (Weitzmann, Jadassohn, Lamperti, etc.). Ref.: I. 37.

BAKHMETIEFF, Nikolai Ivanovitch (1807-1891): choir director of the St. Petersburg court chapel; besides sacred music he composed a symphony, a string quester songs pieces for piece a string quartet, songs, pieces for piano and violin.

and violin.

BAKST, Léon. Ref.: IX. 378; X. 183.

BALAKIREFF, Mily Alexeievitch (1837-1910): b. Nishnij-Novgorod, d. St. Petersburg; studied natural sciences, then music, and appeared as pianist in 1855. His first compositions moved Glinka to announce him as his 'successor.' His house in St. Petersburg became the centre of the younger Russian composers, who, influenced by Glinka and Dargomijsky as well as Berlioz and Liszt, became the founders of the neo-Russian school (Borodine, Moussorgsky, Rimsky-Korsakoff), of which B. became the acknowledged leader. He founded, with Lamakin, the Free Music School in 1862 and conducted its concerts till his death (exthe Free Music School in 1862 and conducted its concerts till his death (excepting 1874-81), also the Symphony concerts of the Imperial Russian Musical Society, 1867-70, and the court choir, 1883-95. He composed 2 symphonic poems (Tamar and En Bohēme), 2 symphonies (C, D min.), 3 overtures (Spanish, Czech and Russian), a Chopin suite for orch. and a piano concerto; also fantasy 'islamey' and other works for piano, and 2 sets of songs. He pub. an important collection of Russian folksongs (1866). Ref.: III. 199ff; pifolksongs (1866). Ref.: III. 109ff; pi-ano music, VII. 330f; orchestral works, VIII. 450f; ballet, X. 231f; portrait, III. 122. See also individual indexes.

122. See also individual indexes.

BALATKA, Hans (1827-1899): b. Hoffnungsthal, Moravia, d. Chicago; studied with Sechter, etc., in Vienna, choral conductor in Vienna, Milwaukee, Chicago, where he founded the Liederkranz and the Mozart Club, and conducted the Philharmonic from 1869; composed cantatas and other choral works, songs (some with orch.), etc.

BALBATRE, Claude (1729-1799): b. Dijon, d. Paris; organist in Paris churches, virtuoso in the Concerts spirituels and (1776) organiste de Monsieur; published Noël variations, Pièces de clavecin and a quartet for piano, 2 violins and bass (2 horns ad lib.).

BALBI (1) Ludovico ([?]-1604): d. Venice; maestro di cappella in Padua and Venice; composed motets, madrigals, masses, canzoni, etc.; pub. with G. Gabrieli and Vecchi, the gradual and antiphonary (1591). (2) Melchiore (1796-1879): b. Venice, d. Padua; student, theatre-conductor and maestro di cappella in Padua: prod. 3 operas dent, incarre-conductor and maestro at cappella in Padua; prof. 3 operas there, church music (masses, Requiem, etc.); 3 books of musical theory (1 based on equal semitones).

BALDWIN, John ([?]-1615): singer

in the Chapel Royal, London; composer of motets; editor of the invaluable collection, 'Lady Neville's Virginal Book,' and a collection of English motets, including pieces of Tallis, Tye, Byrd, Taverner, Cooper, etc.

BALDEWIN. See BAULDEWIJN.
BALEE, Michael William (1808-

Baldewin

BALDEWIN. See BAULDEWIJN.
BALFE, Michael William (18081870): studied with O'Rourke and Horn
(London), then in Italy as the protégé
of Count Mazzara with Federici and
Galli; baritone in Italian opera in
Paris and in Italy from 1828-1835; in
1835-43 he was settled in England, making occasional visits to the Continent 1835-45 ne was settled in England, mar-ing occasional visits to the Continent (Vienna, Trieste, St. Petersburg, Vienna, Berlin). He produced a ballet in Mi-lan (1826), later several other Italian operas in Italy, but his first great suc-cess came with the production in Drury Lara of The Sterg of Bockelle (1825) Lane of 'The Siege of Rochelle' (1835). He also prod. 2 works in the Paris Opéra Comique (1834-44). He wrote 29 operas, all of which were successful, 29 operas, all of which were successful, 'The Bohemian Girl' earning enthusias-tic applause in all the large theatres of Europe. Besides his operas, he wrote 3 cantatas, ballads, part-songs, etc. He married the Hungarian singer Lina Rosen (d. 1888) and his daughter Vic-toria (1837-1871) was also a famous singer. Ref.: V. 267; IX. 155f, 424. BALLANTINE, Edward: b. Ober-lin, Ohio; contemp. American com-

lin, Ohio; contemp. American poser (orchestral prelude); instructor of music at Harvard College. Ref.: IV. 442.

BALLARD, Robert (16th cent.): founder of the second oldest Paris firm founder of the second oldest Paris firm (after Attaignant) of music publishers, associated with Adrien Le Roy (q.v.), obtained an exclusive patent from Henri II. which the firm's heirs re-obtained till 1776. They used the old types made by Le Be in 1540 till 1750. Ref.: I. 287.

BALTAZARINI. See BEAUJOYEULX.
BALTHASAR (called Balthasar-Florence), Henri Mathias (1844-): b. Arlon, Belgium; studied at Brussels Cons., composed operas, cantatas, a violin and a piano concerto, symphonies, etc.

nies, etc.

BALTZAR, Thomas (ca. 1630-1663):
b. Lübeck, d. London; concert-master at the court of Charles II; skilful violinist (double stops); compositions pre-served in Playford's 'Division Violinist.'

BALTZELL, Winton James (1864-): b. Shiremanstown, Pa.; editor; stud-ied music at Univ. of Pennsylvania and ied music at Univ. of Pennsylvania and New England Cons., also with Sir Frederick J. Bridge and W. Shakespeare in London; assistant editor of The funde, Philadelphia, 1887; reader for the music-publisher Theo. Presser, 1899-1900; professor of history and theory of music, Wesleyan Univ., 1900-07; since then editor of The Musician,' Boston; author of 'The Complete History of Music for Schools' (1905), Dictionary of Musicians' (1912); composer of songs and anthems. composer of songs and anthems.

BANCHIERI, Adriano (ca. 1564-1634): b. Bologna, d. there; organist at Bologna and Imola; composer of church concerti, masses, motets, madrigals, etc., author of four books on musical theory, in which he opposed the hexachordal system. Ref.: I. 279f, 281; VII. 471; IX. 4.

BANCK, Karl (1809-1889): b. Magdeburg, d. Dresden: studied with Klein.

banch, hart (1003-1009); I. Magge-burg, d. Dresden; studied with Klein, Berger and Zelter; lived in various Ger-man cities (among them Berlin, Leip-zig and Dresden). Composed piano pieces and part-songs and edited clas-

BANES, Antoine-Anatole (1856-): b. Paris; prolific composer of ballets, operettas and operas produced in small Parisian theatres; also a successful lyric fantasia.

BANESTER (or Banister), Gilbert (15th cent.): English composer; Master of the Children, Chapel Royal, London; composer of motets still extant in manuscript.

BANISTER (1) John (1630-1679): b. London, d. there; a protégé of Charles II, whose intrigues against the French court musicians resulted in his dismissal from the Chapel Royal; directed a school for music and gave concerts; he wrote incidental music to Shakespeare's Tempest' and Davenant's 'Circe' (1676) and two years later 'New Ayres and Dialogues' for 2, 3 and 4 voices accompanied by the viol. (2) John (ca. 1663-1735): son of John (1); violinist in the court private band during the reigns of Charles, James and Anne; leader at the London Italian opera. (3) Charles William (1763-BANISTER (1) John (1630-1679): b. Anne; leader at the London Italian opera. (3) Charles William (1768-1831): composer; collected and published 'Collection of Vocal Music.' (4) Henry Joshua (1803-1847): b. London, d. there; son of Charles (3); 'cellist. (5) Henry Charles (1831-1897): b. London, d. Streatham, near London; received King's Scholarship at the London Royal Academy (1846-8); professor there, at the Guildhall School and at the Normal College for the Blind. He wrote a 'Text-Book of Music' (1872, 15 editions), also four other books on musical analysis, ethics, etc., and a life of Macfarren. Besides chamber music, chants, songs, etc., he wrote

om industrial analysis, ett., and a life of Macfarren. Besides chamber music, chants, songs, etc., he wrote 4 symphonies, 5 overtures and cantatas; also a pianist of repute.

BANNELIER, Charles (1840-1899): b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire; contributor and editor of Revue et Gazette Musicale. He arranged the Symphonie fantastique of Berlioz for piano 4 hands; translated into the French the text of the St. Matthew Passion and Hanslick's Vom Musikalisch-Schönen.

BANTI-GIORGI, Brigitta (1759-1806): b. Crema, Lombardy, d. Bologna; dramatic soprano; sang at Paris Opéra, London, Milan, and Italy; discovered as cabaret singer, she never learned even to read music. Her success was im-

mediate and universal, due solely to the range and brilliance of her voice.

BANTOCK, Granville (1868-): b.

BANTOCK, Granville (1868-): b. London; winner of the Macfarren prize at the Royal Academy; conductor of the Gaiety Theatre Company through England, America and Australia; municipal music director, New Brighton, Cheshire, 1897; principal of the music school, Birmingham and Midland Institute, since 1900; director of the Wolverhampton Festival Chorus, 1902-03; director of the Liverpool Orchestral Union since 1903; professor of music at the University of Birmingham since 1908. He has composed 4 symphonic poems. a symphonic overture. trail Union since 1903; professor of music at the University of Birmingham since 1908. He has composed 4 symphonic poems, a symphonic overture, a comedy overture, overture to a Grecian tragedy and other works for orchestra; a 3-act ballet, 'Egypt'; a serenade and a suite for string orchestra, many works for chorus with and without orchestra, numerous songs, piano pieces, etc. Ref.: III. x xi, xiv, xix, 422, 424, 425; songs, V. 372f; choral music, VI. 371ff; orchestral music, VIII. 474, 476; mus. ex., XIV. 184; portrait, III. 424.

BANWART, Jakob (17th cent.): cathedral conductor at Constance; composer of motets 1-11 v. (1641-1661), masses 4-5 v., and instr. music.

BAPTIE, David (1822-1906): b. Edinburgh, d. Glasgow; composer of anthems and part-songs; composer of anthems and part-songs; composer of anthems and part-songs; composer of all Times' (1889), composed glees.

BAPTISTE (1) (corr. Baptiste-Anet) (1?1-1755): d. Lunéville; studied with Corelli, whose compositions he performed and whose style he imitated; conductor of the music of a Polish nobleman; composed sonatas for the violin, duets and suites for musettes. (2) Ludwig Albert Friedrich (1700-ca. 1770): b. öttingen, d. Cassel; violinist and dancer at the Cassel court, composed violin and flute sonatas with bass and minuets for 2 violins, 2 horns and bass, etc.

BARBAJA, Domenico (1778-1841): b. Milan, d. near Naples; opera manager, first in Naples (San Carlo), then Vienna (Karnthnerthor and an der Wien) also Milan (Scala), during the brilliant Rossini-Donizetti epoch.

BARBARINI, Manfrede Lupi (16th cent.): composer of motets published

brilliant Rossini-Donizetti epoch.

BARBARINI, Manfrede Lupi (16th cent.): composer of motets published under the popular pseudonym of

BARBEDETTE, Hippolyte la Ro-helle (1827-1901): b. Poitiers, d. Paris; composed pieces for the piano and en-sembles; musical biographer; contribu-tor to Ménestrel; author of works on Beethoven, Schubert, Heller, Chopin, Beethoven, Schubert, Heller, Cnopm, Mendelssohn, Gluck, etc. BARBELLA, Emanuele (1704-1773):

b. Naples, d. there; composer of chamber music and an opera, Elmira generosa (16th cent.): Florentine patron of letwith Logroscino, 1753). Ref.: VII. 404.

BARBEREAU. See BARBIREAU. BARBERINI, Cardinal. Ref.: IX. 20, 22.

20, 22.

BARBIER (1) Frédéric-Étienne (1829-1839): b. Metz, d. Paris; teacher and leader, Paris Théâtre International; prod. more than 30 light operas (opéras bonffes). (2) Jules-Paul (1825-1901): b. Paris, d. there; operatic librettist for Meyerbeer, Massé, Gounod, A. Thomas, etc., frequently in collaboration with M. Carré. Ref.: II. 205, 241; IX. 180, 184, 234, 238, 240, 246. (3) Pierre (1854-): b. Paris; son of Jules; wrote librettos, Le baiser de Suzon and Jehan de Saintré.

BARBIERI (1) Carlo Emanuele di

BARBIERI (1) Carlo Emanuele di (1822-1867); b. Genoa, d. Pesth; studied with Mercadante and Crescentini; conductor of stage orchestras in Vienna, Berlin, Hamburg, Rio de Janeiro; pro-duced 5 operas, composed church mu-sic, songs in German and Italian. (2) Francisco Asenjo (1823-1894): b. Madrid, d. there; studied at Madrid Cons., clarinettist in a band, then a theatre orchestra, chorus leader of a francisch constant of the con Spanish opera troupe, then opera singer for a time; secretary of the zarzuela Theatre Company in Madrid, 1847, and music critic of *Illustracion*, also teachmusic critic of Illustracion, also teacher. He prod. his first zarzuela in 1850 and rapidly became the favorite zarzuela composer in Spain (he wrote 77 in all). Also distinguished as conductor (founded Concerts spirituels, 1859, classic concerts, 1866), historian (pub. Cancionero musical collection of 15th-16th cent. Spanish polyphonic music, wrote 3 historical studies, etc.) and professor of harmony and musical history at Madrid Cons. He also wrote many orch, works bytms, motets, etc. many orch. works, hymns, motets, etc., also chansons.

BARBIREAU, Jacques (14[?]-1491): d. Antwerp, where he was choir master at the Notre Dame; composer of whose works are preserved 3 masses, motets and chansons in MS.

motets and chansons in MS.

BARBLAN, Otto (1860-): b.
Scanfs, Switzerland; studied at the
Stuttgart Cons., organist of the cathedral at Geneva, professor of organ and
composition at the Cons. and conductor
of the Société du Chant Sacré, since
1887; composer for organ and chorus.

BARBOT, Joseph - Théodore - Désiré (1824-1897): b. Toulouse, d. Paris;
studied at the Conservatoire; operatic
tenor at the Paris Opera, at the Theatre
Lyrique and in Italy; in 1875 professor
at the Conservatoire.

BARCEWICZ, Stanislaus (1858-):

BARCEWICZ, Stanislaus (1858-): b. Warsaw; studied at Moscow Cons. with Tschaikowsky, Hřimaly and Laub; became professor of violin at Warsaw Cons., 1885, and second opera conductor at Warsaw, 1893; director of the Imperial Musical Institute, Moscow, since 1911.

rata who produced the earliest oratorio and the first attempt at opera. Ref.: I. 329ff.

BARDIN, Edward. Ref.: IV. 65. BAREZZI (1) Margarita. Ref.: II. 482. (2) Antonio: patron of Verdi. Ref.: II. 481.

BARGAGLIA, Scipione (16th cent.): Neapolitan composer; in 1587 he used for the first time the word concerto.

BARGE, Johann Heinrich Wilhelm (1836-): b. Wulffahl, near Dannenberg; performer on flute in a Hanoverian regiment, then in the orchestra of the Detmold court and 1867-95 at the Gewandhaus; in 1899 teacher at the Cons. of Leipzig. He wrote a method for the flute, studies for orchestra and flute, arrangements of well-known compositions for the flute and piano. etc.

flute, arrangements of well-known compositions for the flute and piano, etc.

BARGHEER (1) Karl Louis (1831-1902): b. Buckeburg, d. Hamburg; studied with Spohr, David and Joachim; concert violinist; court conductor at Detmold court, and Hamburg Philharmonic. (2) Adolf (1840-1901): b. Bückeburg, brother to Karl Louis; violinist at the Detmold court, professor of the violin at the Basel School of Music. Music.

Music.

BARGIEL, Woldemar (1828-1897):
b. Berlin, d. there; studied in Leipzig Cons. (Gade, Hauptmann, Moscheles, Rietz); teacher in Berlin, at Cologne Cons. and the Berlin Royal High School; director of the music school and concert conductor for the Amsterdam Society for the Promotion of Music; member of various academies, president of the Meisterschule fur musikalische Komposition; composed 3 overtures, 3 orchestral dances, a symphony, an orchestral dances, a symphony, an orchestral intermezzo, a sonata for piano and violin, psalms for chorus and orchestra, 4 string quartets, the 96th Psalm for double chorus acappella, etc. Ref: III. 14; VIII. 249.

BARILLA, A. (1826-1876): d. Naples; half brother to Adelina Patti.

BARKER, Charles Spackmann (1806-1879): b. Bath d. Maidstone

BARKER, Charles Spackmann (1806-1879): b. Bath, d. Maidstone, London, England; maker of organs; invented pneumatic lever and the electric

vented pneumatic lever and the electric action; worked in the factory of Daublaine & Callinet (q. v.) at Paris from 1837-1860; then founded the firm of Barker & Verschneider. Ref.: VI. 407. BARMANN (1) Heinrich Joseph (1784-1847): b. Potsdam, d. Munich; concert virtuoso on clarinet; toured widely, then settled in Munich as first clarinettist in the court orchestra; composed about 90 works for the clarinet, and was a friend of Weber and Mendelssohn, who both wrote for him. (2) Karl (1782-1842): brother of Heinrich; noted performer on bassoon. (3) Karl (1820-1885): b. Munich, d. there; son of Heinrich; pupil and successor of his father; composer of pieces for the clarinet and author of a method. (4) (or Baermann) Carl (1839-1913): b. Munich, d. Boston; son of Karl (3);

studied with Wanner, Wohlmuth, Lachner and Liszt; teacher in Munich Cons.;

ner and Liszt; teacher in Munich Cons.; from 1881 teacher and planist of note in Boston. His compositions for the planoforte have been pub. in Offenbach. Ref.: IV. 250.

BARNABEE, Henry Clay (1833-[7]): b. Portsmouth, N. H.; American comic opera baritone, famous for his association with the 'Bostonians,' comedy star in operettas by Sullivan and de Koven. Ref.: IV. 175, 177.

BARNARD. née Alinaton. Mrs.

BARNARD, née Alington, Mrs. Charles (1830-1869): writer of songs of great popularity in Victorian England (under the pseudonym, 'Claribel'). Besides these better known pieces, she published compositions for the piano,

published compositions for the piano, duets, trios, quartets for the voice.

BARNBY (1) [Sir] Joseph (1838-1896): b. York, d. London; an infant prodigy; at 10 teacher of the boys in York Minster; two years later organist; at 15 music teacher in a school. Studied in the London Royal Academy; London organist, founder of a choral society (1864), conductor in London, Cardiff and elsewhere; in 1875 precentor and music director at Eton, 1892 principal of the Guildhall School and knighted the same year. His compositions include of the Guildhall School and Knighted the same year. His compositions include an oratorio, 'Rebecca,' organ pieces, Magnificat, hymn tunes, Nunc dimittis, anthems, etc. Ref.: VI. 208. (2) Robert (1821-1875): b. York, d. London; altoist, lay vicar at Westminster, gentleman of the Chapel Royal.

BARNES, Robt. (1760-1800): London yielin maker.

don violin maker.

don violin maker.

BARNETT (1) John (1802-1890):
b. Bedford, d. Cheltenham; studied with Horn, Price, Ries, in Paris and Frankfort; composed 2 string quartets, part-songs, duets, about 4,000 songs; produced 1 operetta and 3 operas, composed 3 others and died before the completion of 2 oratorios and a symphony. (2) John Francis (1837-):
b. London; nephew of John; twice winner of Queen's Scholarship at the London Royal Academy; (1856-9) studied at Leipzig Cons. Planist in the New Philharmonic Concerts (1853), in those of the Gewandhaus (1860); professor at the London Royal College of Music, 1883. He composed an oratorio, 6 can-1883. He composed an oratorio, 6 can-1883. He composed an oratorio, 6 cantatas, a symphony, a symphonic overture, trio, quartet and quintet for strings, piano concerto and piano pieces, part-songs, etc. Ref.: III. 91. (3) Joseph Alfred (1810-1898): b. London; brother of John, tenor singer, vocal teacher and composer of sacred vocal music (songs, quartets, etc.).

BARON, Ernst Gottlleb (1696-1760): b. Breslau, d. Berlin; lutenist at the court of Gotha, 1727, theorbist to Frederick the Great as crown prince, 1734; writer on the theory and practice

1734; writer on the theory and practice of his instruments and composer of unpublished concertos, trios, sonatas, etc.

BARRE (1) (or Barra), Leonard

(16th cent.): b. Limoges; studied with Willaert, papal singer (1537), papal envoy to Council of Trent (1545). His envoy to Council of Trent (1545). His motets and madrigals are preserved. (2) Antoine (16th cent.): alto singer at St. Peter's, Rome, 1552, madrigalist and publisher in Rome (1555) and Milan (1564), pub. collections of madrigals and motets, including some by B. BARRERE, George: contemporary French flutist resident in New York. Ref.: IV. 205.

BARRET, Apollon Marie Rose (1804-1879): d. London; studied at the Paris Cons.: performer on oboe and

(1804-1879): d. London; studied at the Paris Cons.; performer on oboe and writer of a standard text book, 'Complete Method for the Oboe.'

BARRETT (1) John (1674-1735): d. London; studied with Dr. Blow; London organist and teacher. Composed scenic music, overtures and songs. (2) William Alexander (1836-1891): b. London, d. there; Mus. Bac. Oxon, 1870; editor of newspapers and musical journals, collaborated with Stainer. cal journals, collaborated with Stainer, organist, critic, on a Dictionary of Musical Terms; wrote on English glee and madrigal composers and a life of Balfe

madrigal composers and a life of Balfe and composed one oratorio, anthems and madrigals. (3) S. A. Ref.: (cited on 'Dream Dance') X. 39.

BARRIE, J. M. Ref.: III. 432.
BARRINGTON, Daines (1727-1800): b. London, d. there; writer of musical essays; published 'Experiments and Observations on the Singing of Birds' (London, 1773); described the crwth and pib-corn of early Wales.

BARRY (1) Marie, Comtesse du: court favorite of Louis XV.; opponent of Gluck. Ref.: II. 33. (2) Charles Ainsile (1830-1915): b. London, d. there; studied with Walmisley and at the Cons. of Cologne and Leipzig; composed hymns, songs, plano pieces, 2 overtures, a symphony, a string quartet, cantatas, etc. tet, cantatas, etc.

tet, cantatas, etc.

BARSANTI, Francesco (ca. 1690after 1750): b. Lucca, d. London(?);
performer on flute, oboe and viola; published a collection of old Scots Tunes
for 'cello and harpsichord with bass;
composed 12 violin concertos, 6 antiphones, 6 sonatas for 2 violins with

BARSOTTI, Tommaso Gasparo Fortunato (1786-1868): b. Florence, d. Marseilles; founder and director of the Free School of Music; published a Méthode (1828), piano pieces and yocal nocturnes, also a Domine salvum fac regem.

BARTAY (1) Andreas (1798-1856): b. Széplak, Hungary, d. Mayence; di-rector of National Theatre at Budapest; rector of National Inestre at Budspest; concert performer in Paris and Hamburg; composed 3 operas, an oratorio, masses, ballets, etc. (2) Ede (1825-1901): son of Andreas (1); b. Budapest, d. there; directed the National Musical Academy; composed an overture etc.

ture, etc.

BARTH (1) Christian Samuel (1735-1809): b. Glauchau, Saxony, d. Copenhagen; studied with J. S. Bach at the Thomasschule; oboist in orchestras Copenhagen; studied with J. S. Bach at the Thomasschule; oboist in orchestras at Rudolstadt, Weimar, Hanover, Cassel and Copenhagen; composed oboe pieces. (2) F. Philipp Karl Anton (1778-[?]): b. Cassel, son of C. S. (1); composer of concerto for flute and of collections of Danish and German songs. (3) Joseph Johann August (1781-[?]): b. Grosslippen, Bohemia; concert tenor and member of the Imperial choir at Vienna. (4) Gustav (1811-1897): b. Vienna, d. Frankfort; son of Joseph; pianist; conductor of the Men's Choral Union of Vienna and at the Wiesbaden court; teacher and critic in Frankfort; composer of songs and men's choruses. (5) Karl Heinrich (1847-): b. Pillau, Prussia; studied with L. Steinmann, Bülow, Bronsart, Taussig; concert planist in England and Germany; teacher at Stern Cons. and the Berlin Royal High School; member of a highly esteemed trio (with de Ahna and Hausmann); conductor of the Hamburg Philharmonic Concerts as successor to Bülow. (6) Richard: contemporary (left-handed) violin virtuoso; Musikdirektor at Marburg Univ., conductor of Hamburg Philharmonic Concerts as successor to Bülow. (6) Richard: contemporary (left-handed) violin virconductor of Hamburg Philharmonic Concerts as successor to Bülow. (6) Richard: contemporary (left-handed) violin virconductor of Hamburg Philharmonic Concerts as since a viring quartet, a partita and a chaconne for violin alone. (7) and (8). See Addenda.

BARTHE, Grat-Norbert (1828-[?]): b. Bayonne, France; winner of

BARTHE, Grat-Norbert (1828-[?]): b. Bayonne, France; winner of the Grand prix de Rome at the Con-servatoire; composed 2 operas, an ora-

servatoire; composed 2 operas, an oratorio, a cantata, etc.

BARTHEL,

Johann Christian
(1776-1831): b. Plauen, Saxony, d. Altenburg; court organist at Altenburg;
composed church and piano music.

BARTHELEMON, François-Hippotyte (1741-1808): b. Bordeaux, d. Dublin; violinist, opera conductor in London and Dublin; composed violin concertos, 6 string quartets, 6 operas, etc.

Ref.: VII. 410.

BARTHOLOMEW. William (1793-

BARTLEMAN. Anglicized spelling

BARTLEMAN. Anglicized spelling of Barthélémon (q.v.).
BARTLETT (1) J. (17th cent.): English composer. (2) Homer Newton (1846-): b. Olive, N. V.; infant prodigy; studied with Mills, Braun, Jacobsen, etc.; New York church organist; published a sexte for strings and flute, quartets, anthems, carols for mixed voices, 30 songs and about 600 works for the piano. Ref.: IV. 383f; VI. 499; musical ex., XIV. 201. 201.

BARTMUSS, Richard (1859-1910): b. Bitterfeld, d. Dessau; organist and

composer; studied in Berlin with Grell, Haupt and Loschhorn; court organist at Dessau; Royal Prussian professor, 1892, and Royal Musikdirektor, 1896; composed Kirchliche Festmusiken for organ, 2 organ concertos, 4 organ so-natas, 2 choral fantasias, an oratorio, cantatas, motets, choruses, songs, etc.; Liturgische Vespern, a contribution to the reform of the Lutheran musical

BARTNANSKY. See BORTNIANSKI.
BARTOK, Béla (1881-): b. Nagy
Szent Miklós, Hungary; composer;
studied at the Academy of Music in
Pesth; teacher of piano works, a piano
1906; composer of piano works, a piano quintet, a rhapsody with orchestra; has collected Hungarian, Slavic and Roumanian folk-songs; editor of musical classics. Ref.: III. xxi, 198; mus. ex., XIV. 157.

BARTOLI (1) Padre Erasmo (1666-1656): b. Gaeta, d. Naples; composed masses, psalms and motets preserved in manuscript under his title of 'Padre Raimo.' (2) Danielo (1608-1685): b. Ferrara, d. Rome; learned Jesuit; author of a work on acoustics (1670) (1679)

BARTOLINI (1) V. Italian male soprano in London, 1782. (2) Or' in Dio (17th cent.) Cathedral conductor at Udine, wrote motets, madrigals, can-zonets, etc. zonets,

BARTOLO, Padre Daniele (1608-1685): b. Ferrara, d. Rome; Jesuit theorist; wrote on sound and harmony (work pub. in Rome 1679-81 and at

(work pub. in Rome 1679-81 and at Bologna, 1680).

BASELT, Fritz (Friedrich Gustav Otto) (1863-): b. öls, Silesia; studied with Köhler and Bussler; musician, music-dealer and conductor in Breslau. Essen and Nuremberg, where he taught and composed; director (since 1894) of musical societies in Frankfort. His compositions include five operettas. compositions include live operatias, two comic operats, two ballets. He also wrote more than one hundred popular male chorses, works for orchestra, strings, violin and piano, arrangements an I transcriptions, songs,

duets, etc., etc.

BASEVI, Abramo (1818-1885): b.
Leghorn, d. Florence; composed 2 op-Legnorn, d. Florence; composed 2 operas, indifferently successful; abandoned composition for criticism and founded a musical journal (1848?), also the 'Beethoven Matinées'; published a study of Verdi's operas, 2 books on harmony and an abridged musical his-

tory (1865-6).

[St.] BASIL the Great (329-379): b. Caesarea, Cappadocia, d. there; Bishop to whom is attributed the introduction of the antiphonary into the Eastern Church. Ref.: I. 140.

maestro at St. Peter's, Rome; prod. 11 operas, also dramatic oratorios (Rome, Milan, Florence, Naples, Venice); composer of symphonies, piano sonatas, and church music (psalms, motets, a Magnificat of Microry etc.)

poser of Symphones, pages and church music (psalms, motets, a Magnificat, a Miserere, etc.).

BASIRON, Philippe (ca. 1500): Netherland composer of motets and masses (one each printed by Petrucci, others in MS.), also MS. chansons.

BASSANI (1) Giovanni (16th cent.): singer (1585) and singing teacher (1595) at the seminary, concert-master of St. Mark's (1615), at Venice; instrumental composer; published Fantasie for 3 voices (1585); Micercare, Passaglie e Cadentie (1585); Moetti, Madrigali e Canzoni francese di diversi (1591), Moettit per concerti ecclesiastici (2 vols.) and Canzonette (1 vol.). (2) Geronimo (late 17th cent.): native of Padua; studied with Lotti; contrapuntist, singer, teacher, composer of masses, motets, (late 17th cent.): native of Padua; studied with Lotti; contrapuntist, singer, teacher, composer of masses, motets, and 2 operas (prod., Venice, 1718 and 1721). (3) Giovanni Battista (1657-1716): b. Padua, d. Bergamo; pupil of Castrovillari (Venice); organist (later chapel-master) of Accademia della morte, Ferrara; principe of the Accademia filarmonica, Bologna, 1682-3. He is supposed to be Corelli's teacher, and at any rate foreshadows the latter's style in his Balletti, Concerti, Gighe e Sarabande (1677), his violin sonatas (with figured bass), his 12 Sonate da chiesa for 2 vlins, and figured bass (1683), etc., etc. B. is also distinguished for his vocal compositions (a great number of solo cantatas with figured bass, etc.), and he wrote 3 operas, orgiorios, masses and other sacred works. Ref.: V. 160; VI. 109, 425; VII. 389f, 480; IX. 53.

BASSELINI. Oliver. Ref.: IX 69

I. 327f.

HASSANO, Italian painter. Ref.: I. 327f.

BASSELINI, Oliver. Ref.: IX. 69.
BASSFORD, William Kipp (18391902): b. New York, d. there; studied with S. Jackson; concert pianist in U. S.; organist in New York City and Orange, N. J.; teacher and composer of one opera, a mass, pieces for the piano, songs, etc.

BASSI (1) Luigi (1766-1825): b. Pesaro, d. Dresden; operatic baritone in Italy, Prague, Vienna; director of Dresden opera; created Don Giovanni. (2) Amadeo Vittorio (1876-): operatic tenor; b. Florence; studied with Pavese Negri in Florence and made his début there as the Duke in Rigoletto, 1889; sang in principal cities of Italy and South America; Covent Garden, 1907; Manhattan Opera House, New York, 1906-08; Chicago Opera Co., 1910-12; repertoire of over 50 operas (chiefly Italian).

BASSIRON, Philippe. See BASRON.

Church. Ref.: 1. 140.

BASILI, Francesco (1766-1850):
b. Loreto, d. Rome; studied with his father Andrea and with Jannaconi; maestro di cappella in Italian cities; Schneider and Mendelssohn, church or 1827 censor at Milan Cons.; 1837

Haarlem. (2) Johann (1854-1885): son and successor of J. G. (1); wrote a book of chorales, songs, etc.

BASTON, Josquin (middle 16th

BASTON, Josquin (middle 16th cent.): Netherlander, court composer, 1552-3, to Sigimund August in Cracow;

wrote motets, chansons, etc., printed at Antwerp, Louvain, and Augsburg.

BATCHELDER, John C. (1852-):
b. Topsham, Vt.; teacher; studied in Berlin (Haupt, Ehrlich, Loeschhorn); organist in Detroit, where he also teaches the organ and piano at a conservatory.

BATES (1) Joah (1741-1799): h. Halifax, d. London; conductor of the famous London festivals for the Handel Commemoration given in 1784-5-6-7, '91, and one of the founders of the 'Concerts of Ancient Music.' (2) William (1720-1790?): London composer; prod. comic operas, opera 'Pharnaces,' a musical prelude, canons, violin sonatas, glees, catches, etc. (3) Arlo. Ref.: VI. 222.

BATESON Whates

BATESON, Thomas (ca. 1575-1630): cathedral organist in Chester and Dublin; published 3 sets of madrigals.

BATHYLLUS, Roman dancer. Ref.:

BATHYLLUS, Roman dancer. Nej...
X. 73, 741.

BATISTE (1) Antoine Édouard (1820-1876): b. Paris, d. there; church organist; studied and taught at the Conservatoire; composed music for organ, piano and voice; edited the 12 vol. edition of Solfèges du Conservatoire; wrote a Petit Solfège harmonique. Ref.: VI. 467f. (2) See also BAPTISTE.
BATKA, Richard (1868-): b. Prague; writer and editor; editor, with Teibler, of the Neue musikalische Rundschau, 1896-98, and music critic of the Neue Revue and the Prager Tageblatt; reinler, of the Note institution had a schau, 1896-98, and music critic of the Noue Rovue and the Prager Tageblat; founded the Durerbund, 1903-08; musical editor since 1908 of the Wiener Fremdenblatt and lecturer on the history of music at the Akademie der Tonkunst; also editor since 1897 of the Kunstwart and since 1909 (with R. Specht) of the Marker; author of hightonkinsi, also enter since 1999 (with R. Specht) of Der Merker; author of blographies of Bach and Schumann, Aus der Musik- und Theaterwelt (1894), Martin Pluddemann: Eine kritische Studie (1896), Die Musik der Griechen (1900), Die Mehrstimmige Kunstmusik des Mittelatters (1901), Die Lieder Mülichs von Prag (1905), Die Musik in Böhmen (1906), Geschichte der Musik in Böhmen (1906), Geschichte der Musik (2 vols., 1909-11), Richard Wagner (1912); author of librettos for Leo Blech and other German opera composers; editor of Bunte Bühne (1902 et seq.), Mozaris Gesammelte Poesten (1906) and Hausmusik (1907); contibutor of analytical essays to Schlesinger's Musikführer. singer's Musikführer.

BATON (1) Henri (1710-[?]): b. Paris; player of the musette. (2) Charles ('Bâton le jeune'): player of the vielle, composer for musette and vielle; wrote Mémoire sur la vielle en D la ré.

BATTA (1) Pierre (1795-1876): b. Maastricht, d. Brussels; 'cellist, teacher of solfège at Brussels Cons. (2) Alexandre (1816-1902): studied with Platel in Brussels Cons.; concert 'cellist of European reputation; wrote transcription for 'cello accompanied by piano. (3) Jean-Laurent (1817-1880): b. Maastricht, d. Nancy; won 1st prize at Brussels Cons.; piano teacher in Paris and Nancy. (4) Joseph (1824-): b. Maastricht; 'cellist; winner of 2nd grand prix, Brussels Cons.; 'cellist in Paris Opéra Comique; composed symphonies, contatas, overtures, etc.

phonies, contatas, overtures, etc.

BATTAILLE, Charles Aimable
(1822-1872): b. Nantes, d. Paris; dramatic bass (1848-57) at the Paris Opéra
Comique; in 1851 professor of singing
at the Conservatoire; author of extensive weet methods.

sive vocal method.

BATTANCHON, Félix (1814-1893): b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire; 'cellist at Paris Opéra; inventor of diminutive 'cello, called 'baryton,' which met with no success.

BATTELL, Robbins: founder of the music professorship in Yale Univ. Ref.: IV. 224.

BATTEN (1) Adrian (ca. 1585-1637): vicar choral of Westminster, vicar choral and organist of St. Paul's, London; composer of church services and anthems, etc. (2) Robert, English song-writer, Ref. III. 443.

BATTISHILL, Jonathan (1738-

1801): b. London, d. Islington; chorister at St. Paul's, deputy-organist at Chapel Royal; church organist in London and conductor there at Covent

don and conductor there at Covent Garden; composed one opera, one pantomime, glees, catches, anthems, songs, etc. Ref.: VI. 472.

BATTISTA, Vincenzo (1823-1873); b. Naples, d. there; studied at Naples Cons.; operatic composer with ephemeral fame in Naples, where he prod. 11 of his thirten operas

of his thirteen operas.

BATTISTINI, Mattia (1857b. Rome [?]; operatic baritone, has sung throughout Italy, in Spain, Portugal, London, Berlin, St. Petersburg, etc. BATTMANN, Jacques Louis (1818-

1836): b. Maasmünster, Alsace, d. Dijon; organist at Belfort and Vesoul; composed études for piano and for organ, choral works, masses, motets; wrote a 'method' for harmonium (for

wrote a 'method' for harmonium (for which he also composed), a piano method and a brochure on harmony.

BATTON, Desire Alexandre (1797-1855): b. Paris, d. there; studied with Cherubini at the Conservatoire, where he took the grand prix de Rome, 1816, with a cantata; composer of indifferent operas, inspector of branch schools of the Conservatoire, where (1840) he conthe Conservatoire, where (1849) he conducted a vocal class.

BATTU, Pantaleon (1799-1870): b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire; violinist at the court and at the Paris Opéra, where he was second chef d'orchestre (1846-1859). He com-

posed 2 concertos for the violin, a Thème varié for violin with orchestra, romances for violin with piano, etc. BAUDIOT, Charles Nicolas (1773-1849): b. Nancy, d. Paris; 'cellist in royal orch; studied with Janson l'ainé at the Conservative where he leter

royal orch.; studied with Janson Palne at the Conservatoire, where he later became professor of the 'cello. He published chamber music, 2 concertos, 2 concertinos; wrote a 'cello method and a book on 'cello composition.

BAUER (1) Harold (1873-): b. London; pianist, studied piano with his father and in 1892 with Paderewski, violin with Pollitzer; has toured Europe and America with great success since 1893; contributed to 'The Art of Music.' (2) Clara; founder of Cincinnati Conservatory, 1867. Ref.: IV. Consérvatory, 1867. Ref.: IV. nati 250f.

BAUERL, Paul. See Peurl. BAULDEWIJN, also Bauldewijn, also Bauldewijn, Baulduin, Baldewin, Balduin, Baudoin, or Baudouyn, Noël or Natalis ([?]-1529): d. Antwerp, where he was maestro di cappella. Motets and masses by him

are extant; two of the former printed by Petrucci, 1519. BAUMBACH (1) Friedrich August (1753-1813): d. Leipzig; conductor of (1763-1813): d. Leipzig; conductor of Hamburg opera; composer in Leipzig for harpsichord, piano, 'cello, violin, guitar, where he contributed to the musical section of Kurz gefasstes Handwörterbuch über die schönen Künste (1794). (2) Adolph (1830[7]-1880): b. Germany, d. Chicago; settled in Boston, 1855, as teacher and com-poser; collected solo sacred quartets

poser; confected solo sacred quarters and didactic plano pieces.

BAUMFELDER, Friedrich (1836-): b. Dresden; studied with Julius Otto, then at Leipzig Cons.; planist and composer of salon music, études, suite and

sonata for the piano.

Sonata for the plano.

BAUMGART, Expedit Friedrich
(1817-1871): b. Glogau, d. Bad Warmbrunn; music director of Breslau
Univ., teacher in Royal Institute for
Church Music; editor of C. P. E. Bach's Clavier-Sonaten.

Clavier-Sonaten.

BAUMGARTEN (1) Gotthilf von (1741-1813): b. Berlin, d. Gross-Strehlitz, Silesia; composed 3 operas prod. in Breslau. (2) Karl Friedrich (ca. 1740-1824): b. Lübeck, d. London; was organist at Savoy chapel and concert-master at Covent Garden; dramatic composer, prod. 'Robin Hood' (London, 1786), 'Blue Beard,' pantomime (1792), and, with Shields, 'Netley Abbey' (1794).

BAUMGARTNER (1) August (1814-1862): b. Munich, d. there; choir-

inspector of schools at Niederkrüchten; author of a history of the German Catholic Church song (4 vols., 1862, 1883, 1891, 1911 [posth.]), and books in Palestrina, Lasso, German musical history, etc., pub. 15th cent. Netherland atter He Los. BAUSCH (1) Ludwig Christian August (1805-1871): b. Naumberg, d. Leipzig; maker of violins and bows; worked successively in Dresden, Dessu, Leipzig, Wiesbaden and again Leipzig. (2) Ludwig (1829-1871): b. Dessau, d. Leipzig; son of L. C. A. (1); lived in New York, then in Leipzig, where he worked first alone, then with of his father. (3) Otto (1841-1874): son of L. C. A. and successor to his business. The firm is now in the hands of A. Paulus of Markneukirchen. A. Paulus of Markneukirchen.

BAX, Arnold (1883-): b. London, studied at Royal Academy of Music; composer of symphonic poems, two works for chorus and orchestra, a bal-

let, a song cycle, chamber-music, piano pieces and songs. Ref.: III. 441.

BAYER (1) Aloys (1802-1863): b. Sulzbach (Upper Palatinate), d. Grabenstädt (on Chiemsee); operatic Sulzbach (Upper Palatinate), d. Grabenstädt (on Chiemsee); operatic tenor; made debut in 'Joseph,' Munich Hoftheater, where he remained as first tenor; also distinguished as lieder singer. (2) Josef (1852-1913): Austrian violinist; 2nd violin at the Vienna Court Opera, where he became ballet conductor (1882). He composed numerous operettas, ballets, pantomimes, etc., prod. in Munich, Brunn, Hanover, Berlin and Vienna.

BAZIN, François-Emanuel-Joseph (1816-1878): b. Marseilles, d. Paris; winner of the prix de Rome (1840) at the Conservatoire; professor of singing (1844), harmony and composition (1871) at Paris Cons.; member of the Académie, 1872; composed 9 operas and wrote a practical and theoretical har-

wrote a practical and theoretical har-

mony

BAZZINI (1) (Bazzino), Natale ([?]-1639): composer of masses, motets, psalms. (2) (Bazzino), Francesco Maria (1593-1660): b. Lovero, d. Bergamo; brother of (1); composer for the theorbo, on which he was a virtuoso. He also wrote an oratorio, canzonette, etc. (3) Antonio (1818-1897): b. Brescia, d. Milan; violinist; studied with Faustino Camisoni (Milan); plaved before Paganini, 1836, and upon BAZZINI (1) (Bazzino), Natale played before Paganini, 1836, and upon the latter's advice travelled to Ger-many, where he came to admire German music, esp. Bach and Beethoven; toured Spain, Italy and France, settled in Paris, later in Brescia as composer. Became professor and director (1882) bey' (1794).

BAUMGARTNER (1) August (1814-1862): b. Munich, d. there; choirmaster in Munich; author of monographs on 'musical shorthand'; composer of an instrumental mass, a Requiem, choruses, etc. (2) Wilhelm, or Guillaume (1820-1867): b. Rorschach, d. Zürich; teacher in St. Gall; Musikdirektor in Zürich Univ.

BÄUMKER, Wilhelm (1842-1905): p. Elberfeld, d. Rurich; chaplain and Marcy Cheney (1867-): b. Henniker,

N. H., pianist, pupil of E. Perabo, composer of a 'Gaelic' symphony, 2 piano concertos, violin concerto, violin sonata, piano pieces, many songs, etc., also mass, large choral works with orchestra ('Chambered Nautilus,' etc.) and considerable church music. Ref.: IV. 342; VI. 222; VII. 340. (2) John (1877-): b. Gloversville, N. Y.; American composer. Ref.: IV. 390f.

BEALE (1) William (1784-1854): b. Landrake, Cornwall, d. London; studied with Arnold and Cooke; composer of glees and madrigals, London music

ied with Arnold and Cooke; composer of glees and madrigals, London music teacher. (2) Thomas Willert (1828-): b. London; composer; gave up law for the study of music; joint founder of the New Philharmonic; composed 2 operettas, part-songs and piano music. (3) Frederick Fleming (1876-): b. Troy, Kans.; teacher and composer. Ref.: IV. 401.

BEATON, Isabelle (1870-): b. Grinnell, Iowa; pianist; studied at Iowa Cons., and with Emma Koch, Moszkowski, and Boise in Berlin and Paris; history of music with Bellermann and Friedländer at Univ. of Berlin; instructor of piano at Iowa Col-

lin; instructor of piano at Iowa College, 1892-93, in Berlin, 1893-97; taught piano, history and composition at Cleveland School of Music; established the Beaton School of Music; composer of a string quartet, a scherzo for or-

of a string quarter, a scherzo for or-chestra, piano pieces, songs, etc. BEAUCHAMPS, Pierre-François-Godard de (1689-1761): b. Paris, di there; author of 2 books on the French stage, partly of musical interest.

BEAUGRAND, Léontine, ballerina.

Ref .: X. 159f.

(16th cent.): Italian violinist; intendant of music and valet de chambre at the court of Catherine de' Medicis; at the court of Catherine de' Medicis; first to introduce Italian dances and establish ballet in Paris; MSS. of his ballets are in the Bibliothèque Nationale. Ref.: I. 401ff; VII. 376f; IX. 4; mus. ex., XIII. 49.

BEAULIEU (correct name, Martin), Marie Désiré Sieur de (1791-1863): b. Paris, d. Niort; founder of the Paris Society for Classical Music, patron of the Musical Association of the West. His compositions were varied and nu-

His compositions were varied and numerous—masses, hymns, orchestral works, violin fantasias, 2 operas, 2 lyric scenes, 3 oratorios, songs, etc. He published 5 books on rhythm,

the published 5 books on rhytum, church music, origin of music, etc., BEAUMARCHAIS, Pierre Augustin Caron de (1732-1799): b. Paris, d. there; dramatist; wrote Le Barbier de Séville, and Mariage de Figaro, sources of librettos for Rossini and Mozart. Ref.: II. 182; IX. 88, 139.

BEAUQUIER, Charles (ca. 1830-): music critic, librettist of Lalo's Fiesque, author of books on musical subjects; and of articles for the Revue et Gazette Musicale.

b. Ryde, Isle of Wight; composer; studied at Royal Academy of Music, London; his compositions include cantatas. songs, part-songs, pieces for violin and piano and for piano solo, etc.; au-thor of 'Aids to the Violinist: A Short Treatise in Reference to Bow-marks. BECCARI, Luis. Ref.: I. 328.

Beck

BECCATELLI, Giovanni ([?]-1734): conductor at Prato; Florentine writer

of musical papers.

BECHER (1) Alfred Julius (1803-1848): b. Manchester, d. Vienna: stud-ied in Berlin and Heidelberg, teacher ied in Berlin and Heidelberg, teacher of harmony at the London Royal Academy; edited in Vienna Der Radi-kale, a revolutionary paper, and was executed by order of the government. He composed string quartets, a symphony, songs and pianoforte compositions; wrote a biography of Jenny Lind (1846), etc. (2) Joseph (1821-1888): b. Neukirchen, Bavaria, d. Mintraching; composed a great deal of church music, including more than sixty masses.

composed a great deal of church music, including more than sixty masses.

BECHGAARD, Julius (1843-):
b. Copenhagen; composer: studied at Leipzig Cons. and with Gade at Copenhagen; composed the operas Frode (1894) and Frau Inge (1894), both produced at Prague, a concert overture for orchestra, 2 cycles for baritone solo with piano, piano pieces, part-songs, songs for solo, etc.

BECHSTEIN, [Friedrich Wilhelm Karl (1826-1900): b. Gotha, d. Berlin; piano-maker; worked in German factories and with Pape and Krügelstein in London; established his own factory in Berlin, 1856, now one of the largest in Europe.

BECK (1) David (late 16th cent.):

BEAUJOYEULX (or Baltazarini), 16th cent.): Italian violinist; intenant of music and valet de chambre at the court of Catherine de' Medicis; 1rst to introduce Italian dances and stablish ballet in Paris; MSS. of his allets are in the Bibliothèque Nationale. Ref.: I. 401ff; VII. 376f; IX.; mus. ex., XIII. 49.

BEAULIEU (correct name, Martin), 1 arie Dēsirē Sieur de (1791-1863): b. baris, d. Niort; founder of the Paris ociety for Classical Music, patron of the Musical Association of the West. Is compositions were varied and nurerous—masses, hymns, orchestral vorks, violin fantasias, 2 operas, 2 tyric scenes, 3 oratorios, songs, etc. Is published 5 books on rhythm, hurch music, origin of music, etc.

BEAUGHARCHAIS, Pierre Augustic Paris, d. here; dramatist; wrote Le Barbier de éville, and Mariage de Figaro, sources f librettos for Rossini and Mozart. etc.: II. 182; IX. 88, 139.

BEAUGUEER, Charles (ca. 1830-): miscic critic, librettist of Lalo's lesque, author of books on musical ubjects; and of articles for the Revue of Gazette Musicale.

BEAZLEY, James Charles (1850-):

schrift.

BECKE, Johann Baptist (1743-[?]): b. Nuremberg; flutist at the court at Munich and composer of concertos

for the flute.

BECKEL, James Cox (1811-[?]): b. Philadelphia; organist in Lancaster and Philadelphia; music publisher, managing editor of The Musical Clipper' and composer of several cantatas,

per' and composer of several variation, piano compositions, etc.

BECKER (1) Diedrich (d. 1679): composed Sonaten für eine Violine, eine Viola di Gamba, und Generalbass über Chorallieder (Hamburg, 1668), and Musikalische Fruhlingsfrüchte (instructions). Ref.: Choraliteder (Hamburg, 1008), and musikalische Frühlingsfrüchte (instr. pieces, 3-5 parts and continuo). Ref.: 1. 373; VII. 473. (2) Johann (1726-1803): b. Helsa, n. Kassel; court organist at Kassel. Pub. a book of chorales. (3) Karl Ferdinand (1804-1877): b. Leipzig, d. there; organist at St. Peter's, Leipzig (1825), St. Nicholas' (1837); organ-teacher at the Conservatory (1843); revised Forkel's Systematisch-chronologische Darstellung d. Musiklitieratur (1836; suppl. 1839); wrote Die Hausmusk in Deutschland im 16., 17. u. 18. Jahrh. (1840), Die Tonwerke des 16. u. 17. Jahrh., etc.; composed piano and organ pieces, and choral works; gave his library, containing valuable theoretical works, the city of Leipzig (Beckers Stiftung). (4) Konstantin Julius (1811-1859): b. Freiberg, Saxony, d. Oberlossnitz; pupil of Anacker (singing) and Karl Ferd. Becker (comp.); editor of the Neue Zeitschrift f. Musik, 1837-46; also teacher in Dresden; composed an opera, Restirmung von Relarad (Leipzig teacher in Dresden; composed an opera, traction in Dresden; composed an Opera, Erstürmung von Belgrad (Leipzig, 1848), a symphony, a rhapsody, duets, songs, etc.; wrote a Männergesangschule (1845), and Harmonielchre für Dilettanten (1844). (5) Valentin Eduard (1814-90): b. Wurzburg, d. Vienna; composed norviler mele choruses 2 operations. (1514-90): D. Wurzburg, d. Vienna; composed popular male choruses, 2 operas, masses, and instrumental works. (6) Georg (1834-); b. Frankenthal, Palatinate; pianist, composer and writer; pupil of Kuhn and Prudent; has written works on musical history. written works on musical history; editor of the Questionnaire de l'Associaitor of the Questionnaire de l'Association internationale des MusiciensEcrivains; also composed songs. (7)
Jean (1833-84): b. Mannheim, d. Berlin; organist in Prague, Brunswick, Bamberg and Berlin; composed
concertos and sonatas for the piano,
and songs with piano accompaniment.
BEDFORD, Mrs. H. See Lehmann,
later made concert-tours; settled
(1866) in Florence, and established the
Florentine Quartet, dissolved in 1880;
later made successful tours with his
children; Jeanne (pianist), Hans (viochildren; Jeanne (pianist), Hans (violinist) and Hugo (cellist). (8) Albert
Ernst Anton (1834-99): b. Quedlinburg, d. Berlin; studied at Quedlindon, 1906, and Beecham Symphony Or-

piled from all extant MSS., with a study of the development of notation, etc.; author of La musique des Troubadours; étude critique, illustrée de douze reproductions hors texte (1910), Der Takt in den Musikaufzeichnungen des XII. a. XIII. Jahrh. in the Riemann Fest-schuff. 1881; conductor of Berlin cathedral choir; composed a symphony, grand mass, oratorio, sacred cantata, opera, songs, miscellaneous works for organ, orchestra and voice. Ref.: III. 212. (9) Reinhold (1842-): b. Adorf; (9) Reinhold (1842-): b. Adorf; violinist and composer; has composed operas, Frauenlob (Dresden, 1892) and Rathbold (Mayence, 1896; 1 act), symphonic poem, many large male choruses, 2 violin concertos, a symphony, a string quartet, a violin sonata, and many popular songs. (10) Karl (1853-): b. Kirrweiler, n. Trier; music-teacher; has pub. the Rheinischer Volkstliederborn (1892), and school song-books. (11) René (1882-): American organist and composer. Ref.: IV. 501. IV. 501.

[a] BECKET, Thomas (19th cent.): English actor, author of words and music of 'Columbia the Gem of the Ocean' (Phila., 1843).

BECKMANN, Johann Friedrich Gottlieb (1737-1792): d. at Celle; organist, performer on the harpsichord, and composer of sounts, concertos and and composer of sonatas, concertos and solos for clavier, and one opera produced in Hamburg, 1782.

BECKWITH, John Christmas (1750-1809): b. Norwich, d. there;

(1750-1809): b. Norwich, d. there; studied with P. Hayes; Mus. Bac. and Mus. Doc., Oxon; organist at the Norwich Cathedral and in Mancroft; composer of anthems, glees, songs, etc., and concertos for the organ. He pub. in London, 1808, 'The first verse of every psalm of David with an ancient or modern chant in score, etc.' Ref.: VI.

BECQUIÉ (1) Jean-Marie (1797-1876): b. Toulouse, d. Paris; brother of A. (2); violinist who studied with Rodolphe Kreutzer at the Conservatoire and performed in the Théâtre Italien Orchestra; composed a violin and pianoforte fantasia, and other pieces for strings, etc. (2) A. (ca. 1800-1825): b. Toulouse, d. Paris; flutist, who studied at the Conservatoire and was a member of the orchestra at the Opéra Comique; composer of fantasias. Opéra Comique; composer of fantasias, rondeaus, etc., for the flute and a Grande fantaisie et variations for orchestra and flute.

BEÖYDAROVSKY, Anton Felix (1754-1823): b. Jungbunzlau, Bohemia, d. Berlin; organist in Prague, Brunswick, Bamberg and Berlin; composed concertos and sonatas for the piano, and songs with piano accompaniment.

BEDFORD, Mrs. H. See LEHMANN,

Beecke Beethoven

Dessoff; pianist and composer of four operas, an operetta, a cantata, a suite and lyric pieces for the piano.

**BEER-WALBRUNN, Anton (1864-):
b. Kohlberg, Upper Palatinate; studied with Rheinberger, Bussmeyer and Abel at the *Akademie der Tonkunst, Munich; instructor of piano and composition there since 1901 (prof. since 1908). His works include the operas Sühne (1894), Don Quixote (1908) and Das Ungeheuer; a piano quartet, a string quartet, a sonata for 'cello and piano, an organ sonata, a sonata for violin and piano, a symphony and other orchestral works, choruses, with and without orchestra, songs with orchestra and with piano, etc.

and without orchestra, songs with orchestra and with piano, etc.

BEETH, Lola (1864-): b. Cracow; studied with Frau Dustmann, mme. Viardot-Garcia, Désirée Artot; operatic soprano at the Berlin Court Opera, at the Vienna Court Theatre, at the Paris Opéra, at New York, Monte Carlo and Budapest.

chestra, 1908; conductor London Philharmonic Society, 1916-; has given notable seasons of opera in London since 1910. Ref.: III. 422, 424, 443.

BEECKE (Beeke), Ignaz von (1733-1803): b. Wimpfen im Tal, d. Wallerstein; army officer, pensioned as major in 1792. He was an able pianist, friend of Gluck, Jommelli and Mozart; composed 10 piano sonatas, one for 3 pianos, other piano pieces, piano trio, 6 8-part symphonies, quartets with flute, 3 Singspiele, an oratorio, cantatas, and songs.

BEEER (1) Josef (1744-1811): b. Grunwald, Bohemia, d. Potsdam; chamber musician, clarinettist and improver of his instrument by the addition of a fifth key. His compositions consist of concertos, duets, etc., for the clarinet. (2) Jacob Liebmann. Birth name of Gracomo Meyerbeer, Parisian musical dilettante; composer of five comic operas. (4) Max Josef (1851-): b. Vienna; studied with Dessoff; pianist and composer of four operas, an operetta, a cantata, a suite and lyric pieces for the piano.

BEER-WALBRUNN, Anton (1864-): b. Kohlberg, Upper Palatinate; studied with Rheinberger, Bussmeyer and in the houses of noble patrons and his in the houses of noble patrons and his genius as virtuoso and improvisator secured him exceptional treatment everywhere. During 1794-96 he lived in the house of Prince Lichnowsky, and in 1809 he was a companion in the house of Countess Erdödy. He was an intimate friend also of Count Franz von Brunswick and his sister Therese (now generally considered to be the 'immortal beloved' of B.'s letter), and Ignaz von Gleichenstein, and was on 'immortal beloved' of B.'s letter), and Ignaz von Gleichenstein, and was on terms of close acquaintanceship with Count Moritz Lichnowsky, his brother, court-secretary Nikolaus von Zmeskall, and the musicians Ignaz Schuppanzigh, E. A. Förster and Ferdinand Ries (formerly of Bonn), whom B. taught during 1801-9. Stephan von Breuning and B.'s two brothers also removed to Vienna. B. was fairly prosperous, his compositions were well paid, and he received 600 fiorins annually from Count Lichnowsky. Archduke Rudolph the Paris Opera, at New York, Monte Carlo and Budapest.

BEETHOVEN, Ludwig van (1770-1827), b. Bonn, d. Vienna. He was the son of Johann van B. (ca. 1740-1792), a tenor singer in the Ducal chapel at Bonn, and grandson of Ludwig van B. (1718-73), a native of Antwerp, church singer in Louvain (1731), in Bonn (1733), and later (1761) Ducal Kapellmeister in Bonn (1761). Ludwig was taught first by his father, then by the choist Pfeiffer, later by the court organist van den Eeden (q. v.) and finally the latter's successor Christian Gottlieb Neefe. His first employment was at the age of 13 as cembalist in the Ducal chapel, and his improvisational powers already then aroused attention. His general education, far from complete, was supplemented by intercourse with educated musicians (Reicha, the Rombergs, etc.), and cultured families such as the Breunings, in which he was at

cal ears never perceived them. Among the trusted friends of this sad period were Franz Oliva (1809-19), Anton Schindler (q. v.) and Karl Holz (q. v.). In 1825 chronic liver trouble added to his misery, and a severe cold contracted in 1826 resulted in pneumonia and pleurisy. Four operations were made, but were without success. He died Mar. 26, 1827, in the late afternoon. B., generally esteemed the greatest master of instrumental music and one of the greatest figures in musical history, is especially noted as the culminator of the ideal of classic beauty and the inaugurator of romanticism through the introduction into his works of an intense subjectivity. His works may be summarized briefly as follows:

Orchestral (1809-19), Anton violin music, VII. 451ff; string quartets, violin music, VIII. 451ff; string quartets, v

nator of the ideal of classic beauty and the inaugurator of romanticism through the introduction into his works of an intense subjectivity. His works of an intense subjectivity. His works may be summarized briefly as follows:

ORCHESTRAL (INCL. CONCERTOS): 9 symphonies (No. 1, C maj., op. 21; No. 2; D maj., op. 36; No. 3, E maj., 'Forica,' op. 55; No. 4, B-flat maj., op. 60; No. 5, C min., op. 67; No. 6, F maj., 'Pastoral,' op. 68; No. 7, A maj., op. 92; No. 8, F maj., op. 93; No. 9, D min., 'Choral,' op. 125; incidental music to 'Prometheus,' 'Egmont,' 'Ruins of Athens' (with chorus), 7 overtures; 1 violin concerto (D maj.); 5 piano concertos; a triple concerto for piano, violin, 'cello and orchestra; op. 56; a fantasy for plano, orchestra and chorus, op. 80, smaller works for violin and orch. and piano and orch. also 2 marches, 12 minuets, 12 German dances and 12 contre-dances for orch. Vocal: The opera Fidello, 2 masses (C maj., op. 86 and Missa solemnis in D maj., op. 23), 1 oratorio, Christus am ölberge, a number of cantatas, 66 songs, 1 duet, 18 canons and 7 vols. English, Scotch, Irish and Welsh songs with piano, violin and 'cello.

For PIANO: 38 sonatas, 21 sets of variations, 4 Rondos, 3 vols. Bagatelles, 3 Preludes, 7 Minuets, 13 Landler, 1 Andante (F maj.), 1 fantasy (G min.), 1 polonaise for piano solo; 1 sonata, 2 variations, etc., for piano four hands. CHAMBER MUSIC: 10 sonatas, 1 rondo, and 1 variations for vello and piano; 7 vols. variations for 'cello and piano; 7 vols. variations for flute and piano; 7 vols. variations for piano formaticand piano; 7 vols. variat

and I variations for vin. and planto; 5 sonatas, 3 vols. variations for feel and plano; 7 vols. variations for flute and plano, 1 sonata for horn and plano, 3 duos for clarinet and bassoon, 8 trios (piano, vin. and 'cello), 2 variations for trio, 1 trio for piano, clarinet and 'cello, 1 trio for flute, vin. and viola, 1 trio for 2 oboes and English horn, 5 string trios, 16 string quartets, 2 string quintets, 4 plano quartets, 2 string dun-tets, 4 plano quartets, one quintet for plano and wind instr., 2 octets and 1 sextet for wind instr., 1 sextet and 1 septet for strings and wind; 2 quar-tets for trombones, fugues, for string quartet and string quintet.

JACQUES.

JACQUES.

BEHAIM, Michel (1416-1474): an early representative of the Meistersinger. BEHNKE, Emil (1836-1892): b. Stettin, d. Ostende; authority on voice-training; lecturer on physiology of the voice. Pub. 'The Mechanism of the Human Voice' (London, 1880); 'Voice, Song and Speech' (with Lennox Browne) (1883); 'Voice-training Exercises' (1884), and w. Dr. C. W. Pearce, The Child's Voice' (1885). Ref.: V. 28. BEHR, Franz (1837-1898): b. Lübtheen, Mecklenburg, d. Dresden; composer of salon music of popular character, which he pub. under various

poser of salon music of popular char-acter, which he pub. under various pseudonyms, among them 'William Copper,' 'Charles Morley,' and 'Fran-cesco d'Orso.'

BEHREND, William (1861-); b. Copenhagen; writer; studied with Amberg, Axel Gade and Matthisson-Hansen; for several years music critic Hansen; for several years music critic of Politiken and the Illustrierte Zeitung; now on staff of Tilskueren and contributor to Die Musik, Die Signale, and the Musikalisches Wochenblatt; a founder of the Danish Richard Wagner-Verein; author of a biography of J. P. E. Hartmann (1895), vol. 2 of the Illustreret Musikhistorie (1905), and the biographies of musicians in Salmanner of the Salmanner o monsen's Konversationslexikon.

BEHRENS, Johan Didrik (1820-1890): b. Bergen, d. Christiania; foun-der of the first Norwegian male chorus there in 1842, also the Student's Choral Society, 1845, the Commercial Choral Society, 1847, conducted the Workmen's Choral Society, 1848-54, and oranisal Loren wellschapel feetivals. ganized large male choral festivals. edited several collections of male choruses, also people's and school song books. Ref.: III. 88.

sextet for wind instr.; I sextet and 1 sextet for strings and wind; 2 quartets for trombones, fugues, for string quartet and string quintet.

The complete works of Beethoven were published by Breitkopf and Hartel (1864-67, Suppl. 1888).

Ref.: For life and work see II. 128ff; Berliner Newsets Nachrichten, then Berfor solo vocal works, V. 154f, 184; choral works, VI. 144ff, 264f, 335f; Frankfurter Zeitung; author of Beet-

hoven (1911, de luxe ed. 1912) and | other books.

other books.

BELAMEFF, Mitrofan Petrovitch
(1836-1904): b. St. Petersburg, d. there;
music publisher; established his business to publish solely the works of
young Russian composers. About 3000

wmhere have hear issued by the numbers have been issued by the house. In his will he constituted the business a foundation to be conducted by a committee of Russian composers (Rimsky-Karsakoff, Glazounoff and Liadoff). His will also provides for at least 10 symphony concerts and 4 quartet evenings each season, besides other chamber-music performances; and for prizes for the best compositions and a pension fund for needy musicians and their families.

BELASCO, David (1859-): b. San Francisco; dramatist and manager; author 'The Girl of the Golden West,' from which was adapted the libretto of Puccini's opera. Ref.: IX. 494, 495.

BELCE. See REUSS-BELCE.

BELCHER, William Thomas ([?]-1905): d. Birmingham, Eng.; music di-

rector and organist.

BELCKE, Christian Gottlieb (1796-1875): b. Lucka, d. there; performer on the flute in the Gewandhaus orchestra and at Altenburg; composer of concertos and fantasias for his instrument.

Friedrich August (1795-1874): b.
Lucka, Altenberg, d. there; performer on trombone in the Gewandhaus orches-

on trombone in the Gewandhaus orchestra; the first virtuoso on the trombone, chamber musician at Berlin and composer of concertos and études.

BELDEMANDIS (or Beldomandis, or Beldemando), Prosdocimus de (ca. 1375-[7]): theoretician at Padua and author of dissertations in opposition to the theories on measured music promulgated by Marchettus.

BELICZAY, Julius von (1835-1893): b. Komorn, Hungary, d. Pesth; composer; studied with Joachim, Hoffmann and Franz Krenn; professor of theory at the National Academy of Music, Pesth; composed a symphony, a mass, serenade for strings, andante for string orchestra, Ave Maria for soprano solo, chorus and orchestra, a string trio, a string quartet, piano pieces, songs, etc.; author of a Method of Composition

BELIN (1) Guillaume ([?]-1568): singer in the Chapelle Royale at Paris, where he composed cantiques and chansons. (2) Julien (ca. 1530-[7]): b. Le Mans; lutenist and composer of motets, chansons and fantasias, all written in lute-tablature.

BELL, William Henry (1873-):
b. St. Albans, London; student, then professor of harmony at the Royal Academy of Music; composer of 2 symphonies, symphonic poems, 2 'mood pletures,' symphonic preludes, etc., 2 string quartets, a viola sonata, vocal works with orch. and songs. Ref.: III. 441.

BELLA (1) Domenico della (early 18th cent.): Venetian 'cellist; composer of 12 trio sonatas, a 'cello sonata, masses, psalms, motets, etc. (2) Johann Leopold (1843-): b. Liptoszent Miklós, Upper Humgary; cantor and musical director at Hermannstadt; composer of much church music. orcomposer of much church music, orchestral works, national choruses, etc.,

BELLAMY (1) Richard (ca. 1743-1813): d. London, choirmaster of the Royal Chapel, pub. church music. (2) Ludford (1770-1843): b. London, d. there; son of (1), famous bass in church, theatre and concert.

BELLASIO, Paolo (late 16th cent.):

BELLASIO, Paolo (late 10th cent.):
b. Verona; pub. 6 books of madrigals (1578-90), villanelles (1592), etc.
BELL'AVERE, Vincenzo (ca. 1530-1588[7]): b. Venice; pupil of A. Gabriell, 2nd organist at St. Mark's, 1588; madrigal composer of repute (only 1 book [1574] preserved), also wrote church music.

BELLAZZI, Francesco (17th cent.): church maestro in Milan, ca. 1623, pub. psalms, motets, mass, etc., in Venice,

1618-28.

BELLERE, Bellerus, or Beelaerts
(1) Jean (d. ca. 1595): seller of books
and publisher of music at Antwerp.
Associated with Phalèse from 1572.
(2) Balthaser (17th cent.): son and
successor of Jean (1). He transferred
the firm to Douai, where a catalogue
of the works he published was discovared by Coussemptor. ered by Coussemaker.

BELLERMANN (1) [Johann] Fried-rich (1795-1874): b. Erfurt, d. Ber-lin; music historian; director of the Gymnasium Zum Grauen Kloster, Ber-lin, 1847-1868; author of Tonleitern u. Musiknoten der Griechen (1847), Die Hymnen des Dionysios u. Mesomedes Hymnen des Dionysios u. Mesomedes (1840), Anonymi scriptio de musica, Bacchii senioris introductio, etc. (1841). (2) [Johann Gottfried] Heinrich (1832-1903): b. Berlin, d. Potsdam; son of (1); theorist; studied at the Royal Institute for Church Music and with E. A. Grell; succeeded Marx as professor of music at Berlin Univ.; author of Die Mensuralnoten und Takterichen im 15 n. 16 John (1858). Der thor of Die Mensuralnoten und Takt-zeichen im 15. u. 16. Jahrh. (1858), Der Kontrapunkt (1862), Die Grösse d. mus. Intervalle als Grundlage d. Harmonie (1873) and a biography of E. A. Grell; also articles in the Aligemeine musika-lische Zeitung. lische Zeitung; composer of vocal works.

BELLEVILLE-OURY, Emilie Anna Caroline de (1808-1880): b. Landshut, d. Munich; studied with Czerny, became a concert plants.ried the violinist Oury. a concert pianist and composer; mar-

BELL'AVERE. **BELLI** (1) Girolamo (1552-[?]):

See

chapel singer at the Mantuan court; composer of motets, madrigals, canzonets, sacrae cantiones, psalms, and magnificats. (2) Giulio (1560-[?]): b. Longiano; choir master at Padua; maestro di cappella at Imola cathedral; published masses, madrigals, canzonette, psalms, motets, litanies, etc. (3) Domenico (17th cent.): musician at the court of the Duke of Parma; pub. arie per sonere (1616): prod 2 operas.

the court of the Duke of Parma; pub. arie per sonare (1616); prod. 2 operas. BELLIN. See Belin. Bellin. See Belin. Bellin, Vincenzo (1801-1835): b. Catania, Sicily, d. Puteaux, n. Paris; composer; first taught by his father, an organist, and subsequently studied at Naples Cons. under Zingarelli. His student-compositions were a romance, an aria, a symphony for full orchestra, two masses, several psalms. nance, an aria, a symphony for full orchestra, two masses, several psalms, and a cantata. His first opera, Adelson e Salvini, was performed successfully by Conservatory pupils on Jan. 12, 1825. Bianca e Fernando was enthusiastically received at the San Could Manles in e Salvini, was performed successfully by Conservatory pupils on Jan. 12, 1825. Bianca e Fernando was enthusiastically received at the San Carlo, Naples, in 1826; followed in 1827 by Il Pırata, and in 1829 by La Straniera, both in Milan. For the Teatro Nuovo, Parma, he wrote Zaīra (1829), which was a failure. For La Fenice Theatre, Venice, he composed in forty days the opera I. Caputeti e Montecchi (1830), which was very successful. La Sonnambula was produced at the Teatro Carcano, Milan (1831) and Norma at La Scala on Dec. 26, 1831. Norma, which B. himself considered his greatest work, was coldly received at first; but the warmth of its reception in other cities, notably in Paris (1835), justified its author's verdict. His Beatrice di Tenda (Venice, 1833) failed of popular appreciation. In 1833 B. settled in Paris, and in 1834 was invited to write an opera for the Théâtre Italien. He responded with I Purutani, successfully produced in 1835. His untimely death in the same year put an end to all further efforts. He was held in very high esteem by his colleagues. Ref.: II. 1951; VII. 286; IX. xii, 137, 1447, 152ff; portrait, II. 200.

BELLINGER, Franz (1867).

BELLINGER, Franz (1867).

BELLIMANN (2n1 Mikael (1740-1795): b. Stockholm, d. there; composer of music dept., College of Saint Elizabeth, New Jersey, 1910; contributor to The Art of Music.'

BELLIMANN (2n1 Mikael (1740-1795): b. Stockholm, d. there; composer of music to his own poetry, called popular scenes.

BELLIMANN (1) Carl Gottfried (1760-1816): b. Schellenberg, Saxony, d.

popular scenes. BELLMANN

Dresden; maker of pianos and player on the bassoon. (2) Karl Gottlieb (1772-1862): b. Luskau, d. Schleswig; organist and composer; wrote the patriotic song 'Schleswig-Holstein, meerumschlungen.'

BELLO, Johann Leopold (1843b. St. Nicolan, upper Hungary; priest, canon, and composer of church music, orchestral compositions and patriotic choruses for male and mixed voices.

choruses for male and mixed voices.

BELLOC, Teresa (1784-1855): b.

San Begnino, Canavese, d. San Giorgio; operatic mezzo-soprano in Italy, Paris and London from 1804 to 1827. Her repertoire included prominent parts in short eighty operas; her favorite rôles

repertoire included pr minent parts in about eighty operas; her favorite rôles were from Rossini. Ref.: II. 185.

BELLOLI (1) Luigi (1770-1817): b. Castelfranco, Bologna, d. Milan; virtuoso on the horn and professor of his instrument at the Milan Cons. His compositions consist of operas and ballets for La Scala, horn-concertos, and a method for the horn. (2) Agostino (early 19th cent.): b. Bologna, virtuoso on the horn at La Scala and composer of eight ballets, some operas composer of eight ballets, some operas and compositions for the horn.

and compositions for the norm.

BEMETZRIEDER, Anton (1743-ca. 1816): b. Alsace, d. London; Benedictine monk who abandoned his order, protégé of Diderot in Paris; then lived for many years in London. He wrote a number of text-books.

BENDA (1) Franz (1709-1786): b. Alt-Benátek, Bohemia, d. Potsdam; violinist and teacher; wandering musician

linist and teacher; wandering musician, became violin virtuoso, from 1833 member of the band of the Prussian crown prince (later Frederick the Great). In 1771 he became Royal concert-master. 1771 he became Royal concert-master. He pub. 6 trio sonatas, 2 violin concertos, 6 sonatas for violin (flute), and (posth.) violin études; many solo sonatas, some symphonies and concertos are MSS. Ref.: II. 758; VII. 413, 414, 417, 420, 428; VIII. 140. (2) Johann (1713-1752): brother of (1), b. Alt-Benátek, d. Potsdam; violinist; comp. 3 violin concertos. Ref.: VII. 414. (3) Georg (1722-1795): brother of (1) & (2); b. Jungbunzlau, Bohemia, d. Köstritz; chamber-musician at Berlin, then Gotha, court Kapellmeister there, 1748-88. He wrote about 10 operas, operettas, melocourt Kapellmeister there, 1748-88. He wrote about 10 operas, operettas, melodramas (notably Ariadne auf Naxos, Medea, Almansor, Nadine). Other works (church-music, symphonies, concertos, sonatas, etc.) are in MS. in the Berlin library. He was the originator of the pure melodrama, i.e. music with spoken words. Ref.: II. 58, 168; III. 168; VII. 414; IX. 82f, 115. (4) Joseph (1724-1804): d. Berlin; violinist, pupil and youngest brother of Franz, whose successor in Frederick's service he became. Ref.: VII. 414. (5) Friedrich Wilhelm Heinrich (1745-1814): b. Potsdam, d. there; violinist; eldest son and pupil of Franz (1); royal champopular scenes.

BELLMANN (1) Carl Gottfried (1760-1816): b. Schellenberg, Saxony, d. 2 operas, Alceste (1786) and Orpheus

(1789); an operetta, Das Blumenmäd-chen; 2 oratorios, and a cantata, Pyg-malion, violin and flute concertos and malion, violin and flute concertos and chamber-music. (6) Karl Hermann Heinrich (1748-1836): b. Potsdam; son of Franz (1); violinist and composer of chamber music; concert-master at Berlin opera, teacher of King Friedrich Wilhelm III and Rungenhagen. Ref.: VII. 416. (7) Friedrich Ludwig (1746-1783): b. Gotha, d. Königsberg violinist in opera troupes, opera conductor in Hamburg, concert director in Königsberg: composed violin concertos Konigsberg; composed violin concertos and 2 operas.

and 2 operas.

BENDEL, Franz (1833-1874): b. Schönlinde, near Rumburg, d. Berlin; studied with Proksch, Liszt and taught in Kullak's Academy; composed pianoforte salon-pieces, a concerto, and a trio for the piano, nocturnes, romances, symphonies, masses, songs, etc.

BENDELER Johann Philipp (ca.

trio for the piano, nocturnes, romances, symphonies, masses, songs, etc.

BENDELER, Johann Philipp (ca. (1660-ca. 1712): b. Riethnordhausen, near Erfurt, d. Quedlinburg; cantor, performer on clavecin and organ and author of Melopæia practica (1686), Organopæia (2nd ed. 1690), etc.

BENDER (1) Jean Valentin (1801-1873): b. Bechtheim, n. Worms, d. Brussels; virtuoso on clarinet, bandmaster and composer of military music; director of music to the Royal House of Belgium. (2) Jakob (1798-1844): b. Bechtheim, d. Antwerp; brother of J. V. (1), director of the Antwerp 'Harmonie' (after his brother); clarinettist and composer of band music.

BENDIX (1) Otto (1850-1904): b. Copenhagen; studied with Ree, Gade, Kullak, Lizzt; oboist and planoforte teacher in Copenhagen and at the New England Cons., U. S., composer for the planoforte and successful concert-giver in Europe and America. (2) Victor E. (1851-): b. Copenhagen, studied with Gade; virtuoso on violin, planist, teacher, and conductor, and composer of 4 symphonies, orch. serenade, plano concerto, choral works, trio, plano pleces, songs, etc. Ref.: III. 76. (3) Max (1866-): b. Detroit, Mich.; conductor; studied in New York, Cincinnati and Berlin; concert-master Metropolitan Opera House, 1886, Theodore Thomas Orchestra, 1886-96; Met-Cincinnati and Berlin; concert-master Metropolitan Opera House, 1886, Theodore Thomas Orchestra, 1886-96; Metropolitan Opera House, 1905; assistant conductor there, 1909; conductor at Manhattan Opera House, 1907; National Symphony Orchestra, Chicago, 1914-15; also conducted at Chicago and St. Louis World's Fairs, and light opera in United States and England (now for H. W. Savage); teacher and recitalist; composer of a violin concerto, a theme with variations for 'cello and orchestra, a ballad for soprano and orchestra, a valse caprice for orchestra, incidental music and numerous songs.

BENDL, Karl (1838-1897): b.

dam, 1864; from 1866 conductor of the male choral society Hlahol, Prague; his compositions include the Czech national operas Lejla (1868), 'Bretislav and Jitka' (1869), Cernahorci (1831), Karel Skréta (1883), Dité Tábora (1892), 'Mother Mila' (1895), all prod. at Prague; also a choral work 'The Bagpipe,' besides a ballet, three masses, cantatas, an overture, a Slavonic Rhapsody and other works for orchestra, a string quartet, piano pieces, about 200 Czech songs and choruses.

BENEDICT. [Sir] Julius (1804-

Czech songs and choruses.

BENEDICT, [Sir] Julius (18041885): b. Stuttgart, d. London; son of a Jewish banker; pupil of Abeille, Hummel and Weber. Kapellmeister at the Kärnthnerthor Theatre, Vienna, 1823, at the San Carlo Theatre, Naples; there prod. the opera Giacinia ed Ernesto (1829), followed by I Portoghesi in Goa (Stuttgart, 1830). He became a fashionable piano teacher and concertiver in London and conductor of opera a Iashonable plano teacher and concert-giver in London and conductor of opera buffa at the Lyceum, and Drury Lane, where his 'The Gypsy's Warning' was produced (1838). He toured the U. S. with Jenny Lind, became conductor at Her Majesty's and Drury Lane thea-tres and in 1859 at Covent Garden; also the Mondoy Popular Concerts Norwich tres and in 1859 at Covent Garden; also the Monday Popular Concerts, Norwich Festivals, and the Liverpool Philharmonic (1876-80). He was knighted in 1871. Composed 11 operas (incl. 'The Rose of Erin'), 2 oratorios, 2 symphonies, 2 plano concertos, etc. Ref.: V. 267; VI. 1781, 282.

BENEDICTUS Appenzell, Switzerland; choirmaster at Brussels and composer

choir cent.): D. Appenzell, Switzerland; choirmaster at Brussels and composer of a book of 4-part motets. Ref.: I. 297.

BENEFEY, Theodor (1809-1881): b. Norton, near Göttingen; writer on the Orient and philology; contributor to the Neue Zeitschrift für Musik.

BENELLI (1) Alemanno. See Bortrigger.

BENELLI (2) Antonio Peregrino (1771-1830): b. Forli, d. Börnichen, Saxony; tenor. in Naples, London, and Dresden Opera, teacher in the Berlin Royal Theatre School until 1829, pub. a method of singing, vocal exercises, and a few compositions for the piano.

BENET, John (15th cent.): English composer, who like his contemporary, Dunstable, applied the style of the Florentine ars nova to church music.

MSS. preserved in Vienna, Oxford, Bologna, and other libraries. A Sanctus and an Agnes were printed in

World's Fairs, and light opera in United States and England (now for H. W. Savage); teacher and recitalist; composer of a violin concerto, a theme with variations for 'cello and orchestra, a valse caprice for orchestra, inciental music and numerous songs.

BENDU, Karl (1838-1897): b. Prague, d. there; composer; studied with Blazok and Pietsch; chorusmaster of the German Opera, Amster-

style; most of his works in MS. in the Vatican library.

BENINCORI, Angelo Maria (1779-1821): b. Brescia, d. Paris; composer of a number of operas, only one of which was produced with success ('Aladin,' begun by Isouard), also concertante string quartets and piano trios. He was a violin virtuoso.

BENORNUTI, Tommaso (1832-1906): b. Venice, d. Rome; produced to northern Italy.

BENORUMENTAL (I (Sirl William Starms)

BENORUMENTAL (I (Sirl William Starms) BENINCORI, Angelo Maria (1779-1821): b. Brescia, d. Paris; composer of a number of operas, only one of which was produced with success ('Aladin,' begun by Isouard), also concertante string quartets and plano trios. He was a violin virtuoso.

BENNETT (1) Isir Weitlam Starm-

He was a violin virtuoso.

BENNETT (1) [Sir] William Sterndale (1816-1875): b. Sheffield, d. London; entered the choir of King's College Chapel at age of eight; studied at the Royal Academy of Music; studied in 1837 and 1841-1842 at Leipzig, where he was intimate with Schumann and Mendelssohn. From 1843-56 he gave a series of chamber concerts in England; founded the Bach Society in 1849; conducted the concerts of the Philharmonic Society 1856-66, and the Leeds Mus. Festival in 1858. He was professor of music at Cambridge, 1856; chosen principal of the R.A.M. in 1866, resigning the conductorship of the Philharmonic. A pianist of exceptional ability, he composed chiefly for piano: harmonic. A pianist of exceptional ability, he composed chiefly for piano: a sonata, four concertos, a sextet for piano and strings, a piano trio and miscellaneous pieces. He also wrote a 'cello sonata, 4 overtures, a cantata, an oratorio, songs, etc. Endowed a scholarship at the Royal Academy of Music. Ref.: II. 263 (footnote), 322, 348f; III. 414; VI. 183f, 282f; VII. 277; VIII. 233, 474; portrait, VI. 176. (2) Théodore. See RITTER, THEODORE. (3) Joseph (1831-1911): b. Berkeleys (Gloucestershire, d. Purton. near Berke-Gloucestershire, d. Purton, near Berkeley; writer; precentor at Weigh
House Chapel and organist of Westminster Chapel; music critic and contributor to 'Sunday Times,' 'Pall Mall
Gazette,' 'Graphic,' 'Musical Times'
and 'Dally Telegraph'; edited the 'Concordia,' 1875-1876, and 'The Lute,' 18831886; for many years annotated programs of the Philharmonic Society and
the Saturday and Monday Popular Concerts; author of 'Letters from Bayreuth'
(1877), 'The Musical Year' (1883), 'History of the Leeds Musical Festivals,
1859-89' (with F. R. Spark, 1892),
'Story of Ten Hundred Concerts' (1887),
'Forty Years of Music' (1908); also
librettos. (4) George (1863-): b.
Andover, England; composer; studied
at Royal Academy of Music, at the
Royal Hochschule, Berlin, and with
Bussmeyer and Rheinberger in Munich; professor of harmony and com-Gloucestershire, d. Purton, near Berke nich; professor of harmony and com-position at Royal Academy, 1888; or-ganist of Lincoln Cathedral since 1895; ganist of Lincoln Cathedral since 1895; conductor of Lincoln Musical Society and Orchestral Society; has composed 2 overtures for orchestra, a mass for soil, chorus and orchestra, a suite for orchestra, church services for soil, chorus and orchestra, a piano trio, pieces for piano and for organ, songs, partsongs, anthems, etc.

BENNEWITZ (1) Wilhelm (1832-1871): b. Berlin, d. there; studied with

o operas and 1 opera buna in cities of northern Italy.

BENOIS, Marie (1861-): b. St. Petersburg; pianist; pupil of Leschetizky at St. Petersburg Cons., and won gold medal (1876). For two years she made brilliant tours; married Wassily Benois, her cousin. Ref.: IX. 378; X. 183, 226, 229, 230.

BENOIST, François (1794-1878): b. Nantes, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire, organist at the Royal Chapel, professor of the organ at the Conservatoire. He was chef du chant at the Paris Opéra from 1840 to 1872. Among his compositions are two operas, four ballets, compositions for the organ and a Requiem mass for the organ and a Requiem mass for the organ, a child's voice and three male voices. Ref.: VI. 466f.

BENOIT, Pierre-Léonard-Léopold (1834-1901): composer and writer; b. Harlebeke, d. Antwerp; studied

BENOTT, Pierre-Léonard-Léopold (1834-1901): composer and writer; b. Harlebeke, d. Antwerp; studied Brussels Cons. 1851-55, prod. a small opera in the Park Theatre and became its conductor in 1856; won the Priz de Rome, 1857, with his cantata Le Meurtre d'Abel; studied further in Leipzig, Dresden, Munich and Berlin, and sent to the Brussels Academy an essay, L'école de musique flamande et son avenir. He was made a member of the Berlin Academy in 1882. His opera Le roi des aulnes was accepted by the Théâtre Lyrique, Paris, 1861, but not given. B. has been director of the Antwerp Conservatory since 1867. He composed Messe solennelle (1862): Te Deum (1863); Requiem (1863); the 2 Flemish operas Het dorp in't gebergte and Isa; 2 cratorios, 'Children's Oratorio'; a choral symphony, De Maaiers ('The Isa; 2 oratorios, 'Children's Oratorio'; a choral symphony, De Maaiers ('The Mowers'); music to 'Charlotte Corday,' and to van Goethem's drama Willem de Zwijger (1876); cantatas, motets, songs, etc. He pub. Verhandeling over de nationale Toonkunde (2 vols., 1877-9), many historical and polemic writings in Flemish and French, and many contributions to journals. Ref.: VI. 301, 392; portrait, VI. 300.

BENSERADE. Ref.: X. 86.
BENTLEY, John (18th cent.): American musical pioneer. Ref.: IV.

BERANGER, French poet.

sonettes, romances, etc., also of settings to the poems of Béranger.

BERBIGUIER, Benoît Tranquille (1782-1838): b. Caderousse, Vauclause, d. Pont-Levoy, n. Blois; virtuoso on flute and composer of duos for flutes, for flute and right conceptes counts. for flute and violin, concertos, sonatas, variations for flute with piano or or-chestra, trios, suites, fantasias, romances, etc.

mances, etc.

BERCHEM (or Berghem), Jachet
de (16th cent.): b. probably Berchem,
n. Antwerp; organist to the Duke of
Ferrara, 1555; composer of 5-part
madrigals (1546), 4-part do. (1555) and
Libro 1°-3° del Capriccio (1561), also
masses (in Scoto Lib. I. and Gardano
VI Missae, 1517), also probably other
madrigals in collections, signed Jachet
(cf. Jachet de Mantua).

BERENS, Hermann (1826-1830): b.
Hamburg, d. Stockholm; studied with
his father, Reissiger and Czerny; founder in Stockholm of the Quartet Soi-

der in Stockholm of the Quartet Soirées and theatre conductor, court conductor, professor at the academy and member of the academy. He composed operettas, an opera, chamber music, and pub. a well-known 'School of Velocity' for piano.

BERETTA, Giovanni Battista (1819-1876): b. Verona, d. Milan; di-rected Conservatory at Bologna, wrote

rected Conservatory at Dologia, for Barbier's lexicon of music.

BEREZOWSKY, Maxim Sosontowich (1745-1777): b. Solochoff; pupil of Padre Martini; composed opera, and church music. Ref.: Demofonte, and church music. IX. 380.

IX. 380.

BERG (1) Johann de (16th cent.):
music printer in Ghent and in Nuremberg, where he became a partner of Ulrich Neuber. (2) Adam (16th cent.):
music printer, who pub. the Patrocinium Musicum at Munich in ten volumes.
(3) Konrad Mathias (1785-1852): b. Kolmar (Alsace), d. Strassburg, where he was plano teacher from 1808; violin pupil of Franzl (Mannheim), then student at Paris Cons. He composed 3 concertos, sonatas, variations for piano, 10 piano trios and four-hand pieces for piano, also 4 string quaretts; wrote an 10 piano trios and four-hand pieces for piano, also 4 string quartets; wrote an essay on teaching method (in German) in G. Weber's Cācilia (1826) and a historical work pertaining to music in Strassburg (in French).

BERGER (1) Ludwig (1777-1839): b. Berlin, d. there; studied with Gurrlich, Clementi; teacher of Mendelssohn, Honself Taubert etc. pianoforte teacher.

Henselt, Taubert, etc., pianoforte teacher in Stockholm, London and Berlin and composer of pianoforte studies, a and composer of planoforte studies, a toccata, a rondo, one opera, cantatas, songs, etc. (2) Francesco (1834-): b. London; studied with Ricci, Lickl, Hauptmann, Plaidy; professor at the Royal Academy of Music and the Guildhall School, director of the Philharmonic and composer of a proper

also of set-teacher at the Klindworth-Scharwenka Cons., court Kapellmeister in Meining-Cons., court kapelimenser in morning en since 1903, Royal Prussian professor and member of the Akademie. He wrote songs, a piano sonata, trio, tribas quintat many choral works, 2 string quintet, many choral works, 2 symphonies, orch. variations, 3 ballads for baritone and orch. Ref.: III. 209, 211; VI. 357.

211; VI. 357.

BERGGREEN, Andreas
(1801-1880): b. Copenhagen, d. there;
abandoned the study of law for that
of music, church organist, vocal professor and composer of an opera, incidental music, piano pieces and songs;
edited Musikalisk Tidende, pub. a collection of folk-songs (international).

lection of folk-songs (international).

BERGH, Arthur (1882-): b. New
York; composer of 2 melodramas (with orchestra), songs, pieces for piano and for violin. Ref.: IV. 391ff; mus. ex., XIV. 327.

XIV. 327.

BERGMANN, Carl (1821-1876): b. Ebersbach, Saxony, d. New York; studied with Zimmermann, Hesse; conductor of the 'Germania' Orchestra (travelling through U. S.), also of the Handel and Haydn Society, Boston, of the New York Philharmonic Orchestra and the 'Arlon' Society (New York); also 'cellist and pianist. Ref.: IV. 131f, 183, 185, 189, 203, 208, 209.

BERGNER, Wilhelm (1837-1907): b. Riga. d. there: organist, founder of

BERGNER, Wilhelm (1837-1907): b. Riga, d. there; organist, founder of the Bach Society, Cathedral Choir, etc., in Riga. Through his influence Rubin-stein's Moses' was first produced in 1894 and the great cathedral cover 1894 and the great cathedral organ was built by Walcker.

BERGONZI, CARLO (18th cent.):
Cremonese maker of violins, who
learned his art under the great Stradivari. His son, Michelangelo, and his
nephews, Nicolò and Carlo, were less
distinguished.

distinguished.

BERGSON, Michael (1820-1898): b.

Warsaw, d. London; composer; studied with Schneider, Rungenhagen and Taubert; for some time first piano teacher at and director of Geneva Cons.; later private teacher in London. His compositions include the opera Luisa di Montfort (1847), the operatua qui va à la chasse, perd sa place (1859), a Concerto symphonie for piano, a piano trio, a sonata for piano, and flute, duos for piano and flute, duos for piano and violin, technical studies and other pieces for piano piano.

BERGT, Christian Gottlob August (1772-1837): b. öderan, Saxony, d. Bautzen; organist and music teacher, conductor of singing society and composer of sacred music, operas, piano-forte and violin sonatas, symphonies, etc.

BERINGER (1) Oscar (1844-): b. Furtwangen; studied at Leipzig Cons. hall School, director of the Philharmonic and at Berlin; plano teacher at the and composer of an opera, a mass, part Royal Academy of Music in London. songs, plano compositions, etc. (3) He published a book of Technical Ex-Wilhelm (1861-1911): b. Boston, d. ercises of unusual value. Besides Jena; studied in the Berlin Hochschule; these, he has pub. sonatinas and other pianoforte music. (2) Robert (1841-): b. Furtwangen, Baden; brother of Os-car; concert pianist in England and conductor of choral societies and comconductor of choral societies and com-poser of pianoforte music and orches-tral music. (3) Karl (1866-): b. Lauffen a.N., studied at the Stuttgart Cons. in Italy and Paris, garrison or-ganist in Ulm, where he established historical concerts; recognized especially as Reger interpreter.

BERIOT, Charles [-Auguste] de (1802-1870): b. Louvain, d. Brussels; famous violinist; sometimes called the pupil of Viotti and Baillot, though he owed his technical foundation to the owed his technical foundation to the careful instruction of his guardian. Tiby, a provincial teacher. At 9 he played a concerto by Viotti in public; made a triumphant debut in Paris, 1821, when he played for Viotti and for a short time became a pupil of Baillot at the Conservatoire. He toured on the continent and in England; became chamber-violinist to the King of France; later solo violinist to the King of the Netherlands (1826-30), but lost his position and salary through the Revolution; toured Europe, 1830-35, also with Mme. Garcia-Malibran, whom he married in 1836, not long before her also with Mme. Garcia-Malibran, whom he married in 1836, not long before her death. B. was professor of violin at Brussels Cons., 1843-52. He wrote 10 violin concertos, 4 piano trios, several duos brilliants for piano and violin, 12 sets of variations for violin, also a Premier quide des violinistes, and his best work, Méthode de Violon (3 parts; Paris, 1858), studies (École transcendentale de Violon) and several sonatas for piano and violin (with Osborne, Thalberg and others), etc. Ref.: VII. 446, 448; portrait, VII. 448.

BERLIN, Johann Daniel (1710-1737): b. Memel, d. Drontheim, Norway; wrote 'Elements of Music' and 'Guide for Calculations in Temperament.'

ment.

BERLIJN, or Berlyn, Anton (1817-1870): b. Amsterdam, d. there; studied with Erk, Koch and Fink; conductor at the Amsterdam Royal Theatre and composer of dramatic music (operas, ballets, an oratorio, a symphonic cantata), symphonies, overtures, and chamber music.

ber music.

BERLIOZ, Hector [-Louis] (1817-1869): b. Côte-Saint-André, near Grenoble, France, d. Paris. He abandoned his father's profession, medicine, for music, in defiance of parental authority. He entered the Paris Conservatoire and for a livelihood sang in the chorus of the Gymnase dramatique. Chafing under Reicha's rigid system of instruction, he left the Cons. and devoted himself heart and soul to the cause of the 'romanticits'. His first composition, an orchestral Mass

'program-music.' His two overtures, 'Waverley' and Les Francs-Juges, and a 'Waverley' and Les Francs-Juges, and a symphonie phantastique, Episode de la vie d'un artiste appeared in 1828, and was produced together with his 'Concerts des Sylphes,' which was accompanied by an elaborate 'program,' in 1829. B. re-entered the Conservatoire in order to compete for prizes, in 1826, taking a course in free composition with Lesueur. Despite Cherubini's long opposition he took the Grand Prize de Rome with his cantata, Sardanapale in 1830, and while in Italy composed the overture to 'King Lear,' and Lélio, ou le retour à la vie. His growing influence, by virtue of his brilliant writings in the Journal des Débats and the Gazette Musicale, insured his works respectful hearings from now on; never-Ings III the Journal des Debuts and the Gazette Musicale, insured his works respectful hearings from now on; nevertheless his opera, Benvenuto Cellini (Opéra, 1838), was a fallure in Paris and London, though it increased his prestige in Germany, especially Weimar, where Liszt was his champion. B. became Conservator of the Conservatory in 1839, and in 1852 librarian, an appointment he held until death. His first concert-giving tour in Germany, etc., in 1843, which he recorded in his Voyage musical en Allemagne et en Italie (1844, 2 vols.), was successful; also other journeys in Austria, Hungary, Bohemia and Silesia (1845), and Russia (1847). In London (1852) he conducted the first series of the New Philharm. Concerts'; in 1853 his Benvenuto Cellini was performed at Covent Garden under his direction, as was Béatrice et Bénédict, a comic opera, at venuto Cellini was periormed at covent Garden under his direction, as was Béatrice et Bénédici, a comic opera, at Baden-Baden in 1862. He became a member of the Académie in 1856; and was decorated with the cross of the Legion of Honor. He also travelled to St. Petersburg, to bring out his Damnation de Faust. The failure of his opera, Les Troyens à Carthage (1863), embittered his last years. Berlioz, indeed, was better appreciated in Germany than in France. The first complete production, under Mottl's direction, of the opera Les Troyens (in two parts: La prise de Troie, 3 acts, and Les Troyens à Carthage, in 5 acts) was at Karlsruhe in 1897. His 'oratorio,' La Damnation de Faust (1846) perhaps marks the culmination of B.'s striving after the purely fantastic; but his passion for unprecedented orchestral combinations and gigantic mass-effects was unsated, and he certainly carried the science of orchestration to wonderful perfection. Berlioz's prose style is both forceful and polished; in verse the science of orcnestration to wonderful perfection. Berlioz's prose style is both forceful and polished; in verse he penned the words to his *l'Enfance du Christ* (see below), also to the operas Béatrice et Bénédict and Les Troyens. The symphony 'Harold in Italy,' the dramatic symphony 'Romeo and Italiet' the Carnaval Romain overture. to the cause of the 'romanticists.' His ens. The symphony 'Harold in Italy,' first composition, an orchestral Mass had been at St.-Roch in 1825, unintelligible to executants and hearers, made him an object of ridicule, but he persevered leader of the Messe des Morts, the sacred trilogy object of ridicule, but he persevered leader of the Messe des Morts, the sacred trilogy and became an outspoken exponent of d'Hérode; II. La fuite en Egypte; III.

Bermudo Bernsdorf

L'Arrivée à Sais); a Te Deum, the Requiem, the Grande symphonie funèbre et triomphale (full military band, with strings and chorus ad lib.) overture to Le Corsaire; Le Cinq Mai, for bass solo, chorus and orch. (for the anniversary of Napoleon's death); together with other instrumental and choral works, songs, transcriptions, complete the list of Berlioz's works. One of his greatest services to the art was his perfection of the science of orchestration, which has given him the title of 'father of the modern orchestra.' His Traité d'instrumentation has long been the authority on the subject and has latterly in German translation been supple authority on the subject and has latterly in German translation been supplemented by Dr. Richard Strauss. He also wrote Soirées d'orchestre (1853), Grotesques de la musique (1859), A travers chants (1862) and Mémoires (1870). Ref.: for life and work see II. 253ff, 348, 352ff, 382ff; for vocal solo works, V. 262ff; for choral works, VI. 156ff; chamber music, VII. 207, 342, (transcriptions) 306; orchestral works, VIII. 268ff; operas, IX. 183ff; mus. ex., XIII. 319, 322; portrait, II. 342. For general references see individual indexes. dexes.

BERMUDO, Juan (early 16th cent.): Spanish writer on musical instruments.

Spanish writer on musical instruments.

BERNABE!, Giuseppe Ercole (ca. 1620-1687): b. Capprarola, Papal States, d. Munich; studied with O. Benevoli; maestro at the Vatican and court Kapellmeister at Munich. His compositions include five operas, two books of madrigals, motets, church music, etc.

BERNACCHI, Antonio (1690-1756): b. Bologna, d. there; studied with Pistocchi; sopranist in the Händel Opera in London and founder of a vocal school at Bologna. His special characteristic was the use of vocal embellishments known as 'Roulades.'

BERNARD (1) J. C., the librettist of Spohr's 'Faust'. Ref.: IX. 209. (2) Emile (1843-1902): b. Marseilles, d. Paris; composer; studied at the Conservatoire with Reber, Bénoîst, and Marmontel; organist of Notre Dame des Champs; composed a violin concerto, a Konzertstick and a Fantasie for piano and orchestra, orchestral suites. a Divertissement for wind infor piano and orchestra, orchestral suites, a Divertissement for wind instruments, 2 suites for organ, an overture, a piano quartet, a piano trio, a sonata for piano and 'cello and one for piano and violin, much other chamber and piano music, and 2 cantatas.

BERNARD DE MORLAIX (12th

BERNARD DE MORLAIX (12th cent. writer). Ref.: VI. 315.

BERNARD OF CLAIRVAUX.
See BERNARDI (1) Bartolomeo (121-1730): b. Bologna, d. Copenhagen; violinist and composer; wrote trio-sonatas and other instrumental works, and an opera, Libussa. Ref.: VII. 390. (2) Steffano (17th cent.): b. Verona; b. Dessau, d. Leipzig; studied with maestro di cappella at the cathedral

and dramatic music. Fourteen of his operas were written for Munich, seven others for Munich, venice, etc. (2) Antonia, daughter of (1), opera singer; created rôle of Alceste in Gluck's opera (Vienna, 1764) and Aspasia in Mozart's Mitridate (Milan, 1770). (3) Pietro (d. Barese, 1895): organ-builder of renown in Italy.

BERNAY, Mile. (ballerina). Ref.: X. 159.

BERNELINUS (early 11th cent.): Benedictine monk and theoretician at Paris; wrote on the division of the monochord (publ. by Gerbert).

BERNER, Friedrich Wilhelm (1780-1827): b. Breslau, d. there; organist; teacher of music, director of the Royal Inst. for Church Music; composer of church music.

poser of church music.

poser of church music.

BERNHARD OF CLAIRVAUX [Saint] (1091-1153): b. Fontaines, Burgundy, d. Clairvaux; abbot there and author of an introductory letter Decorrectione antiphonarii to the Prefatio sen tractatus in Antiphonarium Cisterciense, written under his authority.

BERNHARD, Christoph (1627-1692): b. Danzig, d. Dresden; composer; studied with H. Schutz and in Italy; successively 2nd and 1st Kapelmeister in Dresden; pub. Geistlich Harmonica (1665) and Prudentia prudentiana (1669); author of treatises on composition and counterpoint.

BERNHARD DER DEUTSCHE

BERNHARD DER DEUTSCHE (15th cent.): organist at St. Mark's and probable inventor of organ-pedals, which he introduced into Italy. He was known as 'Bernardo di Steffanino Murer.'

BERNICAT, Firmin (1841-1883): d. Paris; dramatic composer; produced thirteen operettas for Paris theatres.

BERNO AUGIENSIS (d. 1048): abbot of Rechenau; author of treatises on music, included in Gerbert's Scriptores, vol. II.

poser; completed the writing of Schladebach's Universal-Lexikon der Tonkunst (3 vols., 1856-61; suppl., 1865).

BERNUTH, Julius von (1830-1992); studied the law and music, founder and conductor in Leipzig of several music societies; conductor in Hamburg of the Philharmonic and the Singakademie, and director of a conservatory founded by himself.

BERR, Friedrich (1794-1838): b. Mannheim, d. Paris; bandmaster and clarinettist; professor at the Conservatore and director of the New School of Military Music. He composed for the clarinet, bassoon, etc., writing some five hundred pieces of military music. He published in 1836 Tratté Complet de la Clarinette 14 clefs. Clarinette à 14 clefs.

BERRE, Ferdinand (1843-): b. Ganshoren, near Brussels; composer of operas and over 50 songs.

BERSELLI, Matteo (18th cents):

BERSELLI, Mattee (18th cent.): male soprano; sang in London, 1720-1721. Ref.: I. 434.

BERTALI, Antonio (1605-1669): b. Verona, d. Vienna; court conductor and composer of cantatas, oratoros and ten operas, produced in Mantua, Vienna, etc.

BERTATI, Giovanni (1735-1815): b. Martellago, d. Venice; operatic li-brettist, wrote Cimarosa's Il Matri-monio Segreto.

monio Segreto.

BERTE, Heinrich (1858-): b.
Galgócz, Hungary; composer of the ballets Das Märchenbuch (1890), Amor auf Reisen (1895), Der Kanneval in Venedug (1900) and Automatenzauber (1901), and the operettas Die Schneeflocke (1896), Der neue Bürgermeister (1904), Die Millionenbrant (1905), Der schöne Gardist (1907), Der kleine Chevaller (1907), Der Glücksnarr (1909), Kreolenblut (1911) and Der Märchenrinz (1914). prinz (1914)

prinz (1914).

BERTELMANN, Jan Georg (1782-1854): b. Amsterdam, d. there; studied with D. Brachthuijzer; professor at the Amsterdam Royal School of Music and composer of a mass, a string quartet, violin and planoforte pieces, etc. Cantatas, concertos, etc., remained unpublished.

VII. 410.

BERTELSMANN, Karl August (1811-1861): b. Gütersloh, Westphalia, d. Amsterdam; studied with Rinck; director of singing society at Amsterdam and composer of choruses for men and for mixed voices, also of songs with pianoforte accompaniment and compositions for the organ and for the

BERTHAUME, Isidore (1752-1802): b. Paris, d. St. Petersburg; violinist and conductor in Paris (1774-1783), solo-violinist in Imperial Orchestra at St. Petersburg; composed sonatas, a symphonic concertante for two violins, violin solos, duos, and a concerto. Ref.:

poser; completed the writing of Schlade-bach's Universal-Lexikon der Ton-kunst (3 vols., 1856-61; suppl., 1865).

BERNUTH, Julius von (1830-1902): dor (1815-1882): b. Dresden, d. there; b. Rees, Rhine Province, d. Hamburg; studied the law and music, founder and conductor in Leipzig of several music societies; conductor in Hamburg; conductor in Hamburg; conductor in Hamburg; of the Dislocation of the Mislocation of the Mislocati

instrument making in Vogtland.

BERTI, M. A. (1721-1740): b. Vienna,
d. there; baritone player.

BERTIN, Louise Angélique (18051877): b. Roches, d. Paris; studied with Fétis; pianist and operatic composer. She wrote also smaller works, among them 'Six Ballades.'

them 'Six Ballades,'
BERTINI (1) Abbate Giuseppe (1756-1849): b. Palermo, d. there; conductor to Sicilian court; wrote musical dictionary, pub. Palermo 1814. (2) Benoît-Auguste: b. Lyons, 1780; pupil of Clementi and teacher of pianoforte in London and elsewhere; wrote on Stigmatographie (Paris, 1812) and a 'Phonological System' for acquiring facility in execution on instruments or Phonological System' for acquiring facility in execution on instruments or with the voice (London, 1830). (3) Henri-Jérome (1798-1876): b. London, d. Meylan: studied with his father and his brother (1) and (2); concert pianist who toured the Netherlands and Germany when twelve years of age; then studied in Paris and later lived in Great Britain and Paris. His compositions consist of chamber music with plano, works for plano solo, and technical studies of great value (re-

mostions consist of chamber music with piano, works for plano solo, and technical studies of great value (reprinted in editions by Riemann, Buonamici, etc.). (4) Domenico (1829-1890): b. Lucca, d. Florence; studied with Pacini, maestro di cappella, critic and composer of chamber music, church music and 2 operas. He directed the Cherubini Society in Florence.

BERTON (1) Pierre-Montan (1727-1780): b. Paris, d. there; singer, concert conductor, 1759 director of the Paris Opera; composed operas, rearranged others by Lully, etc. (2) Henri-Montan (1767-1844): b. Paris, d. there; son of preceding; opera composer, pupil of Rey and Sacchini. He was violinist at the Opera, harmony professor at the Conservatoire, conductor of the Opera buffa and professor of composition at the Conservatoire. He wrote 48 operas (including Montano et Stéphanie, Le Délire, and Aline, reine de Golconde), also 5 oratorios, 5 cantatas, and many 'romances,' and pub. some curious rather than valuable theoretical works. Ref.: IX. 112, 118, 225.

BERTONI, Ferdinando Giuseppe (1725-1813): b. Island of Salò, near Venice, d. Desenzano; studied with Martini; organist and maestro di cappella, St. Mark's, Venice, composed 44 operas, 12 oratorios, church and chamber music, sonatas, etc.

BERTTRAND, Jean-Gustave (1834-1880): b. Vaugirard, near Paris, d. Paris; published 5 books on musical

II. 410. 1880): b. Vaugirard, near Parls, d. BERTHELIER, Henri: violinist at Paris; published 5 books on musical

history and criticism; contributed to the Pougin supplement to Fétis.

BERTUCCA, Signora. Ref .: IV. 128.

BERTUCCA, Signora. Ref.: 1V. 128.

BERWALD (1) Johann Friedrich (1788-1861): b. Stockholm, d. there; travelled as violin virtuoso in youth; in 1814 became concert-master, court conductor in 1823 in Stockholm. (2) Franz (1796-1868): b. Stockholm, d. there; director of Cons.; composer of chamber music, symphonies and one opera, Estrella de Soria. Ref.: III, 78. (3) William (1864): b. Schwerin, Germany; composer; studied with Rheinberger and Faisst in Stuttgart; director of the Philharmonic Society, Libau, 1890; head of department of theory at Syracuse (N. Y.) Univ., since 1892; conductor of choral societies; has composed a piano quintet, 2 cantatas, 2 overtures, a sonata for violin and piano, songs, piano pieces, and anthems.

anthems.

BERWIN, Adolf (1847-1900): b.

Schwersenz, near Posen, d. Rome; studied with Lechner, Fröhlich, Rust, Dessoff; director in Rome of the Royal Library and the Cecilia Academy; editor and writer; author of a history of 18th-cent. Italian dramatic music.

for and writer; author of a history of 18th-cent. Italian dramatic music.

BESARD (or Besardus), Jean-Baptiste (16th cent.): b. Besançon; lutenist; published compositions and arrangements for the lute (1603, 1617).

BESCHNITT, Johannes (1825-1880): b. Bockau, Silesia, d. Stettin; teacher, cantor and conductor of men's chorus there; composed male choruses.

BESEKIRSKY, Vastil Vasilievitch (1836-): b. Moscow; violin virtuoso and composer; soloist in Brussels, Paris, Madrid, Prague, etc.; composer of orchestral works, a violin concerto, numerous pieces for violin, cadenzas to the concertos of Beethoven, Brahms and Paganini; has edited the violin sonatas of Bach, with a valuable preface on the music of the violin from the 17th to the 20th centuries (1913).

BESLER (1) Samuel (1574-1625): b. Brieg, d. Breslau, where he was organist at St. Bernhardin, composed church music. (2) Simon (early 17th cent.): cantor at Breslau and Liegnitz; composed part-songs.

composed part-songs.

BESOZZI (1) Alessandro (ca. 1700-1775): b. Parma, d. Turin; oboist; member of court orchestra at Turin, member of court orchestra at Turin, and later chamber musician and director general of instrumental music there; concertized with his brothers Girolamo and Antonio; comp. 6 violin sonatas with bass, numerous triosonatas for flute with violin and 'cello (or harpsichord), 2 violins and 'cello, etc. (2) Carle, son of Antonio, oboetc. (2) Carlo: son of Antonio, obo-ist at Dresden, 1755-72, composed oboe concertos, etc. (3) Louis-Dēsirē (1814-1879): b. Versailles, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire, where he won the grand Prix de Rome; music teacher and composer in Paris.

BESSAMS, Antoine (1809-1868): b. Antwerp, d. there; violinist; composer of concerto, fantasies, duos, trios, etc., for the violin, also graduals, masses, motets, psalms; conductor of the 'Société royale d'harmonie' at Antwerp.

BESSON, Gustave Auguste (1820-1875): inventor of improved valves for

1875): inventor of improved valves for wind instruments.

wind instruments.

BEST, William Thomas (18261897): b. Carlisle, England, d. Liverpool; organ virtuoso; pupil of cathedral
organist Young; organist of Pembroke
chapel, Liverpool; Church of the
Blind; the Philh. Society; the Panopticon, London; St. Martin's, Lincoln's Inn
chapel, London; and, 1855-94, of St.
George's Hall, Liverpool, where his recitals were a feature in local musical
life: played concertos at many succeslife; played concertos at many successive Händel Festivals. He composed church services and anthems, sonatas, preludes and fugues, concert-fantasias, preduces and figures, concert-rantasias, studies, etc., for organ; 2 overtures and a march for orchestra, and several piano pieces; wrote text-books of organ playing, compiled 'Händel Album' (20 vols.); and pub. many arrangements and transcriptions. Ref.: VI. 447, 493.

447, 493.

BESTÄNDIG, Otto (1835-); b. Striegau, Silesia; composer; studied in Breslau with Mettner, Freudenberg and Mosevius; founded a Konzertverein and a Cons. in Hamburg; also conducted the Musikgesellschaft at Wandsbek; composer of 2 oratorios, a quartet for violin, 'cello, plano and harmonium, plano pieces, etc.; author of Die unentbehrlichen Hilfswissenschaften beim Klapiernnterricht (1872).

behrlichen Hujswissenschaften verm Klavierunterricht (1872).

BETTI, Adolfo (1875-): b.
Lucca, Tuscany; violinist; studied with César Thomson in Liége; soloist for four years in Vienna; 1900-03 in Brus-sels, substituting for Thomson at the Cons. when latter was absent, and play-ing in the Cons concerts under Geyaert: ing in the Cons. concerts under Gevaert; since 1903 leader of the Flonzaley Quartet.

Quartet.

BETTS, Thomas Percival Milbourne (1851-1904): English critic.

BETZ, Franz (1835-1900): b. Mayence, d. Berlin; dramatic baritone in German cities, including the Royal Opera House at Berlin; created Hans Sachs (1868) and Wotan (1876).

BEVIGNANI [Cavaliere] Enrico (1841-1903): b. Naples, d. there; conductor in London, St. Petersburg, Moscow and the New York Metropolitan; Knight of the Order of St. Stanislas; prod. an opera in Naples (1863).

BEVIN, Elway (1560 or '70-1640 [?]): Welsh composer, pupil of Tallis, etc.; abandoned position as Anglican organist and Gentleman Extraordinary in the Chapel Royal to enter the Roman Church; composed a Short Service, andrewed the standard of the composed a Short Service, andrewed the standard of the standard of the composed a Short Service, andrewed the standard of the sta Church; composed a Short Service, anthems, etc.; wrote an 'Introduction to the Art of Musicke.'

BEWERUNGE, Rev. Henry (1862-): b. Letmathe, Westphalia, teacher and

writer; studied at Würzburg Cons. and sterdam. (2) Francesco (1752-1810): b. the Institute for Church Music at Ratis-Cremona, d. Hammersmith; 'cellist, bon: professor of church music, St. conductor and organist in Paris, Milan, the Institute for Church Music at Ratisbon; professor of church music, St.
Patrick's College, Maynooth, Ireland,
1888-1914; then professor of music at
the National University of Ireland; author of Die vatikanische Choralausgabe
1906-07); edited Lyra Ecclesiastea,
1891-93; contributor to Musica Sacra,
Haberl's Handbuch der Kurchenmusik,
The Irish Ecclesiastical Record' and
The Catholic Encyclopedia'; translated
into English Riemann's Katechismus
der Musikasthetik and Vereinfachte
Hurmonielehre. Harmonielehre.

BEXFIELD, William Richard (1824-1853): b. Norwich, d. London; studied with Buck, organist, Mus. D., composer of oratorio, fugues for the

composer of oratorio, fugues for the organ, part-songs, etc.
BEYER (1) Johann Samuel (1669-1744): b. Gotha, d. Carlsbad; cantor and director at Weissenfels and Freibers; wrote Primae lineae musicae vocalis and published 2 collections of festival chorales in 1716 and 1724 and concert arias, etc. (2) Rudolph (1828-1853): b. Bautzen, d. Dresden; composer and teacher; wrote songs, chamber music, etc. (3) Ferdinand (1805-1863): b. Querfurt, d. Mayence; composer of salon music.
BEYLE, Marie Henri. See Sten-

BEYLE, Marie Henri. See STEN-

BEYSCHLAG, Adolf (1845-BEYSCHLAG, Adolf (1845-): b. Frankfort; studied with Lachner at Mannheim; Kapellmeister of theatres at Trèves and Cologne; concert-master in Mayence and Frankfort; conductor of the Philharmonic Society, Belfast; deputy conductor for Hallé in Manchester; conductor of the Leeds Philharmonic Society and subscription concerts; resident in Berlin since 1902; author of Die Ornamentik der Musik (1908); composer of 4-hand dances for plane in canon form, songs and arrangements.

BEZZI, Giuseppe (b. 1874): Italian opera composer. Ref.: III. 383.

BIAGGI, Girolamo Alessandro (1819-1897): b. Milan, d. Florence; studied Milan Conservatory, and in Paris; became music critic in Italy under the name of 'Ippolito d'Albano,' and teacher in the Royal Music Institute of Florence He wrote two hooks tute of Florence. He wrote two books on church and dramatic music.

on church and dramatic music.

BIAL (1) Rudolf (1834-1881): b.
Habelschwerdt, Silesia, d. New York;
orchestral violinist in Breslau, toured
Africa and Australia; conductor of the
Kroll orchestra and the Wallner Theatre, Berlin; later conductor of Italian
opera in Berlin, and, from 1878, concert-agent in New York; composed
farces, operettas, etc. (2) Karl (18331892): b. Habelschwerdt, d. Steglitz;
planist; brother of Rudolf; accompanied him on his tours.

BIANCHI (1) Glovanni (17th cent.): b.
Ferrara; composer who wrote trio-

conductor and organist in Paris, Kilan, and Venice; conducted also in London; prolific composer of operas. (3) Eliodora: contemporary operatic composer; produced with success at Bari, 1873 and later. (4) Valentine (1839-1884): b. Vilna, d. Condau, Courland; studied at the Paris Conservatoire; operatic soprano; sang in Frankfort (début, 1855), Berlin, Schwerin, Stettin, 1865, and retired five years later. (5) Charitas Bianea, correctly Bertha Schwarz (1858-): b. Heidelberg; studied with Wilczek and Viardot-Garcia; operatic soprano in Carlsruhe, London, Mannheim and Vienna; married Pollini in 1897; teacher at the Munich Academy of Music. (6) Renzo (b. 1887): Italian opera composer. Ref.: 1887): Italian opera composer. Ref.: III. 383.

BIANCHINI (1) Pietro (1828-): b. Venice; violinist, composer, conductor and director in Trieste and in

ductor and director in Trieste and in Venice. (2) Guido, contemp. Italian song composer. Ref.: III. 400.

BIBER (1) Heinrich Ignaz Franz von (1644-1704): b. Wartenberg, d. Salzburg; violin virtuoso, 1684, conductor and steward to the archbishop of Salzburg; composed church and chamber sonatas, violin sonatas, vespers and litanies with instr. accompaniment, 2 operas produced in Salzburg. Ref.: VII. 391f., 412, 422. (2)
Aloys (1804-1858): b. Ellingen, d. Munich; maker of pianofortes.

BIBL (1) Andreas (1797-1878): Vi-

BIBL (1) Andreas (1797-1878): Viennese organist and composer. (2) Rudolf (1832-1902): b. Vienna, d. there; son of Andreas, studied with his father and Sechter, court organist and conductor; composer of organ pieces, fugues, sonatas, concertos, etc. ētc.

BICHI, Cardinal Alessandro. Ref.: IX. 22.

BIDEZ, L. Aloys (1847-): b. Brussels; teacher; composer of operetta, plano concerto, etc.; lived in the United States, 1876-1901, then returned

to Brussels.

BIE, Oskar (1864—): b. Breslau;
studied in Breslau, Leipzig and Berlin;
taught in the Berlin High School, wrote
Das Klavier und seine Meister, Intime
Musik, Der Tanz, Die Oper, etc.; editor
and music critic in Berlin; writer of
arrangements, etc. Ref.: (quot. on opera at Stuttgart) II. 13; (on Gluck)
II. 17; (on Kreisleriana) II. 308ff; (on
Viennese dilettante music) II. 312f;
(on effect of Paganini on Liszt) II. 324;
(cited) VII. 199, 322, 344; (cited on
opera) IX. 9.

BIEDERMANN (1) ———; 18th to Brussels.

farces, operettas, etc. (2) Karl (1833-1892): b. Habelschwerdt, d. Steglitz; cent. virtuoso and inventor; improved planist; brother of Rudolf; accompanied him on his tours.

BIEDERMANN (1) —: 18th cent. virtuoso and inventor; improved the hurdy-gurdy. (2) Edward Julius (1849-): b. Milwaukee, Wis.; studied with father, A. Julius, in Germany; organist in New York; composed 2 sonatas published in Modena and Amgrand masses, anthems, duets, etc.

BIEHL, Albert (1833-): b. Rudolstadt, Germany; writer of methods for finger technique, etudes for the BILLINGTON (1) Theodore (18th violin, etc.

BIEHLE, Johannes (1870-): b. Bautzen; studied at the Dresden Cons. and the Technische Hochschule; cantor at the Bautzen Cathedral since 1898; founded the Laustzer Musikfeste, 1995; and 1995; founded the Laustzer Musikfeste, 1995; and 1995; founded the Laustzer Musikfeste, 1995; and 1995; founded the Laustzer Musikfester (1995). 1898; Jounded the Lausitzer Musikfeste, 1905; appointed Kirchen musikdirektor, 1908; author of Theorie der pneumatischen Orgeltraktur u. die Stellung des Spieltisches (1911) and Theorie des Kirchenbaues vom Standpunkte des Kirchenmusikers u. des Redners. mit einer Glockenkunde (1913).

BIEHR, Oscar (1851-): b. Dresden: studied with David in Lenze den: studied with David in Lenze.

BIEHR, Oscar (1851-): b. Dresden; studied with David in Leipzig, violinist, member of the Munich court orchestra, also quartet player; editor of old violin music.

BIERBAUM, Otto Julius, poet.

Ref.: V. 331; IX. 428.

BIEREY, Gottlob Benedikt (17721840): b. Dresden, d. Breslau; operatic
director; produced one opera; conductor in Breslau and Weimar; composed singspiele, cantatas, a mass, etc., and wrote a harmony book, not pub. BIERNACKI, Michael Marian

BIERNACKI, Michael Marian (855-): b. Lublin; studied in War-(1855saw Conservatory, chorus director and composer for orchestra, violin, and pi-

ano, also wrote songs and choruses.

BIESE, Wilhelm (1822-1902): b.
Rathenow, d. Berlin; manufacturer of
pianos in Berlin.

BIFFI (17th-18th cent.): Italian musician; master of Domenico Alberti.

Ref.: VII. 108.

BICACILLA Diograpio (18th cent.):

Ref.: VII. 108.

BIGAGLIA, Diogenio (18th cent.):
Benedictine monk in Venice, wrote sonatas, concerti and sacred songs.

BIGNAMI (1) Carlo (1808-1848): b.
Cremona, d. Voghera; conductor, violinist and director in Cremona; called by Paganini 'first violinist of Italy.'
(2) Enrico (1842-1894): d. Genoa; violinist and dramatic composer.

BIGNIO, Louis von (1839-1907): b.

BIGNIO, Louis von (1839-1907): b. Pesth, d. Vienna; lyric and operatic tenor in Pesth, the National Hungarian Theatre and the Vienna Court

Opera. BIGOT DE MOROQUES Riene) (1786-1820): b. Colmar, d. Paris; pianist in Vienna, where she was admired by Haydn and Beethoven; gaye lessons to Mendelssohn in Paris;

gave lessons to Mendelssohn in Paris; pub. piano pieces.

BIHARI (1769-1827): Hungarian composer. Ref.: III. 188.

BILHON, Jean de (16th cent.): singer and composer in the Papal chapel; motets and a mass preserved.

BILLINGS, William (1749-1800): b. Boston, Mass., d. there; New England singing teacher, originally a tanner, next to Francis Hopkinson the earliest American composer. He wrote hymns and psalms, improved choir singing, etc.; pub. "The New England Psalm Singer" (1770) and The Singing Massian and psalms improved choir singing, etc.; pub. "The New England Psalm Singer" (1770) and The Singing Massian and psalms improved choir singing, etc.; pub. "The New England Psalm Singer" (1770) and The Singing Massian and psalms improved choir singing, etc.; pub. "The New England Psalm Singer" (1770) and The Singing Massian and psalms improved choir singing Massi

49ff, 61.

BILLINGTON (1) Theodore (18th cent.): pianist, composer and harpist. (2) Elizabeth (ca. 1768-1818): b. London, d. near Venice; studied with J. Chr. Bach, popular operatic soprano in London and Dublin, with a voice compassing 3 octaves.

BILLON. See Bilhon.

BILLROTH (1) Johann Gustav Friedrich (1808-1836): b. Halle, d. there; composer and writer; published collection of 16th and 17th chorales. (2) Theodor (1829-1894): b. Bergen, isle of Rugen, d. Abazzia; surgeon and musical amateur; friend of Brahms; wrote Wer ist musikalisch? (ed. by Hanslick, 1896). Ref.: II. 455.

BILSE, Benjamin (1816-1902): b. Liegnitz, d. there; city musician and conductor of his own orchestra with which he toured and appeared at the Paris World's Fair. From 1868 he resided in Berlin, where the 'Bilse concerts' stood in high repute. A section of the Bilse Orchestra became the nucleus of the Berlin Philharmonic So-

of the Bilse Orchestra became the nu-cleus of the Berlin Philharmonic Society.

BINCHOIS, Gilles (Gilles de Binche) (ca. 1400-1460): b. Binche (Bins) in Hainault, d. Lille; important composer of the first Netherland school;

(Bins) in Hainault, d. Lille; important composer of the first Netherland school; of his works are preserved seven movements, 52 secular and 12 sacred chansons and 6 rondeaux; he was conductor at the court of Philip of Burgundy. Ref.: I. 244; mus. ex., XIII. 16.

BINDER (1) Christlieb Siegmund (1724-1789): d. Dresden; organist at the Dresden court; composed clavler sonatas, some with violin or violin and 'cello; also trio sonatas, organ preludes, etc.; in a style akin to that of C. P. E. Bach. (2) Karl (1816-1860): b. Vienna, d. there; conductor and dramatic composer of note. (3) Fritz (1873-): b. Baltimore; received his training from Leschetizky and at Cologne Conservatory; infant prodigy who toured Europe as concert planist at 7 years of age; directed the vocal academy at Danzig.

BINI, Pasqualino (1720-[?]): b. Pesaro; violinist. Ref.: VII. 403.

BIONI, Antonio (1698-[?]): b. Venice; director of Italian opera troupe at Breslau, court composer at Mayence, and composed later for Vienna; wrote successful Italian operas.

BIRCHALL, Robert ([?]-1819): Lon-

Fiorelli, de Val; conductor of chapel and concert; composer of violin so-natas, 12 concertos, and a symphony

with oboe and horns.

with oboe and horns.

BIRD (1) William. See Byrd. (2)
Arthur (1856-): b. Cambridge,
Mass.; studied with Haupt, Löschhorn,
Rohde, Urban and Liszt; organist,
teacher and founder of male chorus
at Halifax, N. S.; resident in Berlin;
comp. a symphony, a 'Carneval Scene'
for orch., 2 decimets for wind instr.,
pieces for organ, piano, etc., also an
opera as well as a ballet. Ref.: IV.
402; VI. 460. (3) Henry Richard
(1842-1915): b. Walthamstow, d. London; studied with Turle; London
church and concert organist, teacher at
the Royal Academy of Music.

BIRKLER, Georg Wilhelm (1820-

the Royal Academy of Music.

BIRKLER, Georg Wilhelm (18201877): b. Buchau, Wurttemberg, d.
Ehingen; composer of church music
and writer for Catholic publications.

BIRNBACH (1) Karl Joseph (17511805): b. Köpernick, Silesia, d. Warsaw; conductor of German theatre there,
composer, pub. piano concertos and composer, pub. plano concertos and violin sonatas. (2) Joseph Benjamin Heinrich (1795-1879): b. Breslau, d. Berlin; composer of instrumental works and author of Der vollkommene Kapellmeister.

BRRNSTIEL, Friedrich Wilhelm: 18th cent. compiler of Music of the Berlin School, published the collection called Oden und Melodien (2 parts,

1753-55)

called Oden and Melodien (2 parts, 1753-55).

BISACCIA, Giovanni (1815-1897): d. Naples; studied with Crescentini, Raimondi, Donizetti; dramatic singer in Naples where he taught singing, was maestro di cappella and produced an opera buffa, two musical farces, etc.
BISACCIANTI, Eliza (1824-1896): b. Boston, Mass.; concert and operatic singer appearing in America and Europe; married the Marquis B. and became a singing teacher in Rome.
BISCHOFF (1) Georg Friedrich (1780-1841): b. Ellrich am Harz, d. Hildesheim; cantor and school teacher at Frankenhausen, where he arranged the first Thuringian Musical Festival (under Spohr, 1810); published 3 school song books. (2) Ludwig Friedrich Christian (1794-1867): b. Dessau, d. Cologne; director of the Wesel gymnasium; published and edited the Rhenish and Lower Rhenish musical journals. (3) Kaspar Jakob (1823-1893): b. Ansherb d. Munich: studied in Mu. ish and Lower knemish musical jour-nals. (3) Kaspar Jakob (1823-1883): b. Ansbach, d. Munich; studied in Mu-nich and Leipzig; vocal teacher and founder of Protestant singing societies; wrote a harmony method, symphonies and church music. (4) Marie. See Brandt, Marianne. (5) Hans (1852-1820): h. Baslin d. Niederschunheusen

BISHOP (1) John (1665-1737): b. Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, d. Winchester; organist at Cheltenham and Blackburn. Some of his compositions are preserved in Barnard's Church Music. (2) [Sir] Henry Rowley (1786-1855): b. London, d. there; pupil of Francesco Bianchi; composer and director of Covent Garden. 1810: director of Covent Garden. 1810: di-(1786-1855): b. London, d. there; pupil of Francesco Bianchi; composer and director of Covent Garden, 1810; director of the newly founded Philharmonic Soc., 1813, conductor of the oratorio concerts in Covent Garden, 1819, musical director at Vauxhall, 1830, professor of music at Edinburgh, 1841-42, at Oxford, 1848, Mus. Doc., 1853; also conducted the Antient Concerts, 1840-48. He prod. 110 stage works, an oratorio, cantata, triumphal ode, etc.; pub. a vol. Melodies of Various Nations, 8 vols. Irish melodies with words by Thos. Moore. Ref.: V. 105, 172, 267, (3) Anne or Anna (née Rivière) (1814-1884): b. London, d. New York; soprano; second wife of Sir Henry; made concert tours in Europe, America and Australia, accompanied by the harpist Boscha (q.v.), and, after his death, married an American, Schulz, and again made world tours. made world tours.

made world tours.

BISPHAM, David [Scull] (1857-):
b. Philadelphia; baritone; studied with
Vannuccini and Lamperti; concert and
operatic baritone; made his début in
London in 1891; has sung leading
rôles in French, Italian and German
opera at Covent Garden and the Metropolitan, New York; distinguished as
singer, reader and teacher (New York).
Ref.: IV. 147; portrait, V. 364.
BITTER, Karl Hermann (18131885): b. Schwedt-on-Oder, d. Berlin;
pub. J. S. Bach (2 vols., 1865; 4 vols.,
1881), K. Ph. E. n. W. F. Bach und
deren Bruder (2 vols., 1868), etc.
BITTI, Martino (18th cent.): composer of flute sonatas w. continuo, trio
sonatas, violin concerto.

sonatas, violin concerto.

BITTNER, Julius wrote 4 operas produced in Vienna, one not prod., a ballet-opera, choruses and songs. Ref.: IX. 424f.

BITTONI. Representations.

BITTONI, Bernardo (1755-1829): b. Fabriano, d. there; city conductor at Rieti, cathedral conductor at Fabriano, composer of sacred music.

BIZET, [ALEXANDRE CÉSAR LEOPOLD] Georges (1838-1875): b. Paris, d. Bou-gival; son of a singing teacher. He en-tered the Paris Conservatoire at the age of 9, and studied there for 10 years, winning numerous prizes. His teachers were Marmontel (piano), Benoist (organ), Zimmermann (harmony) and Halevy (composition). In 1857 he won wrote a harmony method, symphonies and church music. (4) Marie. See Brandt, Marianne. (5) Hans (1852-1889): b. Berlin, d. Niederschönhausen, near there; studied with Kullak and Wüerst, also philosophy and modern languages; pianist, leader and teacher in Berlin; edited Kullak's **Xithetik des Klavierspiels**, works of Handel, Bach and Schumann, 18 The Brand Schumann, 18 The Brand Schumann, 18 The Wort demonstration in 1857 he won the grand Prix de Rome, soon after he had written an operetta, Le Docteur Miraele, for a competition set by Offenbach. From Italy he service and teacher prod. at Monte Carlo, 1906), two movements of a symphony, an overture, and a comic opera, La guzla de l'émir. After his return from Italy he prod. the operas Les pêcheurs de perles (1863), ica.
La jolie fille de Perth (1862) and
Djamileh (1 act, 1873); also wrote incidental music to Daudet's drama,
L'Arlésienne, familiar as a concert
suite; 3 other suites, L'Arlésienne II,
Roma and Jeux d'enfance, an overture,
Patrie, and 3 symphonies, of which
single movements were first performed
by Pasdeloup. In 1875 appeared Car(with single movements were first performed by Pasdeloup. In 1875 appeared Carmen, his most famous work (libretto by Ludovie Halévy from the story of Prosper Merimée). B. finished Halévy's opera, Vanina d'Ornano. His wife. Geneviève, was Halévy's daughter. Ref.: II. 53, 390ff; III. 7, 278, 283; V. 315; VII. 462; orchestral works, VIII. 342ff, opera, IX. xiii, 223, 238, 247ff, 442, 443; mus. ex., XIII. 270; portrait, IX. 248.

BJÖRNSON, Björnstjerne, III. 87, 89; VIII. 350; X. 104. BLACHE (ballet composer). Ref.: Ref .:

X. 102. BLACK, Andrew (1859-Glasgow; organist, who after studying with Randegger and Scafati, sang in oratorio in England and America; instructor in the Royal College of Music, Manchester.

sic, Manchester.

BLACKBURN, Vernon (1867-1907):
d. Paddington, London; London music
critic on Westminster Gazette; wrote
'The Fringe of an Art.'
BLAES (1) Arnold Joseph (18141892): b. Brussels, d. there; studied
with Bachmann, whom he succeeded
in the Royal Orch. and as teacher of the
clarinet at the Conservatory of Brussels. (2) (née Meerti), Elisa: wife of
(1); coloratura singer. (3) Edouard clarinet at the Conservatory of Brussels. (2) (née Meerti), Elisas: wife of (1); coloratura singer. (3) Edouard (1846-): b. Ghent; after study at the Conservatories of Ghent and Brussels, he went to Benoît at Antwerp; church conductor and musical director at Ghent, where he taught the bassoon at the Conservatory and was solo performer on the bassoon at the French theatre. He has conducted choral societies with success, and composed choruses and songs.

BLAGROVE (1) Henry Gamble (1811-1872): b. Nottingham, d. London; studied at the newly opened Royal Academy of Music, then with François Cramer, later with Spohr; violinist in the private orchestra of Queen Adelaide, from 1834 in London orchestras. (2) Richard ([?]-1895): b. Nottingham, d. London; brother of Henry, viola player in quartet and orchestra in London; performer at the Three Choir Festivals.

ica. Her compositions were for the piano (sonatas, rondos, and concert pieces); she also produced at the Kartnerthor Theatre a little opera, Die Räuber und der Sänger (1830).

BLAHOSLAV, Johannes ([?]-1571): hishon of the Rohemian Brother-

BLAHOSLAY, Johannes (17]-1571); bishop of the Bohemian Brotherhood, author of the earliest Bohemian theoretical work, Musica (1558); pub. (with Johann Czerny) the great Czech Cantionale, a collection of 744 songs with melodies (1561).

BLAINVILLE, Charles Henri (1711-1769); b. pear Tours d. Paris:

with melodies (1561). Charles Henri (1711-1769): b. near Tours, d. Paris; pub. Sonatas pour le Dessus de Viole avec la B.c., a symphony and cantatas, edited Tartini's sonatas as concerti grossi and wrote several theoretical works. He advocated the recognition of the pure minor mode as a 3rd mode (mode hellénique), produced a symphony in this mode (concerts spirituels, 1751) which aroused the admiration of Rousseau. Serre combatted B.'s theory successfully. successfully.

BLAISE, Adolphe ([?]-1772): bassonist at the Paris Comédie Italienne; composed some of the first operas comiques to texts by Favart, also ballets for the Italian opera.

BLAMONT, [François] Colin de (1690-1760): b. Versailles, d. there; composed operas, ballets, cantatas, songs, etc.; wrote an essay on music and held the position of superintendent of music to the King.

of music to the King.

BLANO (1) Adolphe (1828-1885): b.

Manosque, Lower Alps, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire, then with Halévy; conducted Théâtre Lyrique, composed chamber music (for which he received the Prix Chartier of the Académie, 1862), 2 operettas, a comic opera, songs, etc. (2) Claudius, or Claude (1854-1900): b. Lyons, d. there; studied in Paris Cons.; directed Marseilles music-school, chorus-master of the Paris Opera; wrote an orchestral piece and songs.

BLANCHARD, Henri Louis (1778-1858): b. Bordeaux, d. Paris; studied with Kreutzer, Beck, Walter, Méhul, Reicha; theatre-conductor in Paris, composer of chamber music, operas, etc.; musical biographer and

BLAND (1) née Romanzini, Maria Theresa (1769-1838): popular Italian singer in England. (2) Charles: son of (1), tenor. (3) James (1798-1861): bass.

viola player in quartet and orchestra in London; performer at the Three Choir Festivals.

BLAHAG, or Blahak, Joseph (1779-1846): b. Raggendorf, d. Vienna; tenor and church conductor in Vienna; composed church music, offertories, etc.

BLAHETKA, Marte Léopoldine (1811-1887): b. Guntramsdorf, n. Vienna, d. Boulogne-sur-Mer; studied with Czerny, Moscheles, Kalkbrenner, Sechter; pianist and composer of high standing; virtuoso on the physharmon-and professor of singing at the Con-

cembel en Orgelboek der gereformeerde psalmen en Kerkgezangen; also a method for the cross flute, etc. (2) Christian Friedrich von (1744-1796): b. Kolberg, Pomerania, d. Leipzig; Prussian officer, who, after retiring in 1777, pub. a supplement to Sulzer's Theorie der Schönen Kunste (1792-4).

BLARAMBERG, Paul Ivanovitch (1841-): b. Orenburg, Russia; studied with Balakireff; lawyer, statistician, journalist and editor in Moscow of the Russian News'; composer of three operas, produced in St. Petersburg and Moscow, a cantata, and incidental music to Ostrowsky's Voievode, a symphony, symph. poems, orch. scherzo, songs, choruses, etc. Ref.: III. 135f; IX. 413. songs, o IX. 413.

IX. 413.

BLASI, Luca (16th cent.): Italian organ builder. Ref.: VI. 405.

BLASIUS, Matheieu-Frēdērie (1758-1829): b. Lauterburg, Alsace, d. Versailles; professor of wind instruments at the Paris Conservatoire, performer on violin, clarinet, flute, and bassoon; conductor at the Opéra-Comique and composer of trios, quartets, etc., for wind instr... concertos for clarinet, bassoon, etc., 3 violin concertos, 12 string quartets, etc., also 2 comic operas; also pub. a Clarinet Method (1796).

BLATT, Franz Thaddaus (1793-

BLATT, Franz Thaddus (1793-[?]): b. Prague; clarinettist; studied in Vienna and Prague; composer for clarinet, which he taught at the Prague Conservatory, and author of a Clarinet Method (1728) and a Vocal Method

(1830).

BLAUWAERT, Emil (1845-1891): b. St. Nikolaas, Belgium, d. Brussels; studied at Brussels Cons., concert and dramatic bass-baritone; sang Gurne-manz in the Bayreuth performance of Parsifal.

BLAZE. See CASTIL-BLAZE.
BLECH, Leo (1871-): b. Aachen, studied music with Bargiel and Rudorff studied music with Bargiel and Rudorff in Berlin; was conductor during winter season at Aachen municipal theatre (1892-98), where his operas Aglaja (1893) and Cherubina (1894) were produced; continued his studies during summers with Humperdinck; 1899 conductor at Landestheater, Prague; 1906 conductor at Royal opera, Berlin, where since 1913 he is general musical director. Among his compositions are songs, piano pieces, three symphonic poems for orchestra (Die Nonne, Trost in der Natur, Waldwanderung); and choruses. His one-act comic opera Das war ich (Dresden, 1902) was well received. B. has since written Aschenbrödel (Prague, 1905), and Versiegelt

servatoire, Paris, 1814-30; composed 30 operas, 4 masses with orchestra, 170 notturnos for 2 voices and 174 romances for one voice.

BLANKENBURG (1) Quirin van (1654-1749): b. Gouda, Holland, d. The Hague; organist and author of a book on the elements of music and Clavicembel en Orgelboek der gereformered by salmen en Kerkgezangen; also a method for the cross flute, etc. (2) Christian Friedrich von (1744-1796): b. Kolberg, Pomerania, d. Leipzig; Prussian officer, who, after retiring in 1777, pub. a supplement to Sulzer's Theorie der Schönen Kunste (1792-4).

BLARAMBERG, Paul Ivanovitch (1841-...): b. Orenburg, Russia; stud-

BLETZACHER, Joseph (1835-1895): b. Schwoich, Tyrol, d. Hanover; bass in the Hanover Royal Theatre.

BLEWITT, Jonathan (1782-1853): b. London, d. there; studied with his father and Battishill; organist in London, the provinces, and Dublin; conductor in Dublin, music director in London, and composer of dramatic incidental music, pantomimes, popular songs, etc. He pub. 'The Vocal Assistant.' songs, etc.

BLEYLE, Karl (1880-): b. Feld-kirch, Vorarlberg; composer; studied with Wehrle, Singer and de Lange in Stuttgart and Thuille in Munich; com-Stattgart and Intaine in Maintai; composer of a symphony, a concerto for violin and orchestra, Flagellantenzug and Gnomentanz for orchestra, Siegesouverture and the overture Reineke Fuchs for orchestra, An den Mistral and other excerpts from Nietzsche, and other excerpts from Nietzsche, for male chorus, Lernt lachen (after Nietzsche) for alto, baritone, mixed chorus and orch.; Mignons Beiselzung for mixed chorus, boys' chorus and orch., Heilige Sendung for tenor and baritone, chorus and orch., Die Höllenfahrt Christi for baritone, men's chorus and orch., Chorus mysticus (from Faust) for mixed chorus, piano and harmonium, Ein Harfenklang for alto, mixed chorus and orchestra, Prometheus for male chorus and orchestra, piano pieces. songs. etc.

plano pieces, songs, etc.

BLIED, Jakob (1844-1884): b.
Bruhl-on-Rhine, d. there; composer of motets, masses and studies for piano, violin and voice; pupil and teacher at

the Seminary there.

the Seminary there.

BLISS, Paul P. (1872-): b. in Chicago; organist and editor; studied with Clarke and Zeckwer, Philadelphia, and Guilmant and Massenet, Paris; organist at Oswego, N. Y., 1900-4; musical editor with John Church Co., 1904-10, with Willis Music Co. since 1911; composer of operettas, cantatas, piano pieces, songs, etc. Ref.: IV. 245.

BLITHEMAN, William (d. 1591): organist; teacher of John Bull. His organ and virginal compositions are among the earliest extant. He was the Master of Choristers at Christ Church, Oxford, then organist of the Chapel Royal, London. Ref.: VI. 448.

BLOCH (1) Georg (1847-1910): b.

Blockx Blüthner

Breslau, d. Berlin; studied with Hainsch, Schubert, Taubert, Geyer; founder of an Opera Society which he directed in Berlin. His compositions include choral works with orchestra. (2) Josef (1862-): b. Pesth; studied with Hubay and Volkmann, and the Peris Corp. with Danele, memorate the Peris Corp. ied with Hubay and Volkmann, and at the Paris Cons. with Dancla; member of the Hubay-Popper Quartet; violin teacher at the Hungarian National Cons., 1890-1900; has composed a Hungarian overture, a Hungarian rhapsody, and 2 suites for orchestra, 2 grand suites for strings, a violin concerto, a string quartet, pieces and études for violin; pub. a method for violin, in 5 paris (1904). (3) Ernest (1880-): b. Geneva; studied with Jaques-Dalcroze and Rey at the Brussels Cons., with Ysaye and Rasse, and at the Hoch Cons., Frankfort, with Knorr; professor of composition at the Geneva Cons. from 1915; composer of the opera Macbeth, 2 symphonic poems, Trois Poèmes juifs for orchestra, settings of psalms 22, 114 and 137 for soli and orchestra, Poèmes d'Automne for mezzo-soprano with

and 137 for soil and orchestra, roemes d'Autonne for mezzo-soprano with orchestra, string quartet, etc.

BLOCKX, Jan (1851-1912): b. Antwerp; studied with Callaerts, Benoît and Brassin; teacher of harmony at the and Brassin; teacher of harmony at the Antwerp Cons.; mus. dir. of the Cercle artistique, etc.; composed 7 operas, a pantomime, a ballet, an orchestral overture, and two compositions for a double-chorus, soli and orchestra, etc. Ref.: VI. 392.

BLODEK, Wilhelm (1834-1874): student and teacher in Prague Cons., composer of a comic opera produced in

studied with | was reappointed after the latter's death aubert, Geyer; | (1695). Became gentleman of the (1695). Became gentleman of the Chapel Royal, succeeded Humphreys as Master of the Children; later organist and composer to the Chapel Royal. Mus. Doc. Oxon. He composed much

Mus. Doc. Oxon. He composed much church-music (services, anthems, odes for St. Cecilia's day and New Year's), also organ-music, pieces for harpsichord, and songs. Ref.: VI. 451, 475.

BLUM, Karl Ludwig (1786-1844): b. Berlin, d. there; studied with H. Grossi, F. A. Hiller and Salieri; was manager at the Berlin Opera, dramatic composer (thirty operas, ballets, vaudevilles, etc.); 'cellist, organist, singer, actor and poet; composer of music for voice and instruments. He translated Fétis' La musique mise a la portée de tout le monde (1830), etc., and wrote a guitar method.

tout le monde (1950), etc., and wice a guitar method.

BLUMENFELD, Felix Michailovitch (1863-): b. Koyalevska, Russia; studied at the St. Petersburg Cons. and since 1885 professor there; conductor of the Imp. Opera, 1898-1912. He

ductor of the Imp. Opera, 1898-1912. He composed songs, piano pieces, Allegro for piano and orch., symphony, string quartet, etc. Ref.: III. 145.

BLUMENSCHEIN, William Leonard (1849-1916): b. Brensbach, Germany, d. Dayton, O.; studied at the Leipzig Cons.; organist in Dayton from 1897; director of the Dayton Philharmonic Society from 1881; chorus master of the Cincinnati May Festival Assoc., 1891-1896, and conductor of several smaller societies: composer of eral smaller societies; composer of piano pieces, anthems, sacred songs, secular songs and choruses.

BLODEK, Wilhelm (1834-1874): student and teacher in Prague Cons., student and teacher in Prague Cons., composer of a comic opera produced in Prague and Leipzig, an unfinished opera, a mass, an overture, male quartets, etc. Ref.: III. 180.

BLON, Franz von (1861-): b. Berlin; studied at the Stern Cons. and the Hochschule für Musik; leader of the Hamburg Stadttheater Orchestra; conductor of the Berlin Philharmonic Blase-Orchester from 1898, and of the Berlin Tonkünstler Orchestra from 1900; composer of the operettas Subrosa (1887) and Die Amazone (1903), a ballet In Afrika (1899), orchestral and piano music, songs, etc.

BLONDEAU, Pierre Auguste Louis (1784-1865): b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire where he won the prix de Rome in 1808; violist at the Opéra; composer of an opera, a ballet, a mass, overtures, church and chamber music, piano compositions and songs; pub. theoretical works.

BLONDEL, mediæval minstrel. Ref.: V. 137f.

BLOOMFIELD ZEISLER, Fanny. BLOOMFIELD.

BLOW, John (1648-1708): b. N. Collingham, Nottinghamshire, d. London; the Berlin Singakademie; Royal Musikdirektor and professor; composer of two oratorios, cantatas, church music, etc.

BLOW, John (1648-1708): b. N. Collingham, Nottinghamshire, d. London; the largest of its kind in Europe and its firm rapidly became one of John Hingeston and Dr. Chr. Gibbons; torganist of Westminster Abbey, 1669, its firm rapidly became one of the largest of its kind in Europe and its firm rapidly became one of its firm rapidly became one of the largest of its kind in Europe and its firm rapidly became one of its firm rapi

Blüthner specialty is the so-called Alquotfingel, having a second set of strings for sympathetic vibration (1 octave higher). B. pub. with Dr. Gretschel a Lehrbuch des Pianofortebaues.

BOBINSKI, Henry Antonovitch (1861-): b. Warsaw; studied at Warsaw Cons. and Moscow Philharmonic School where he later taught; planist in Russian, Vienna, etc.; teacher for the Imperial Russian Musical Soc., Kieff. His compositions include minor works for plano and a plano concerto, author of De metris Pindari. works for piano and a piano concerto, an overture, variations for string quartet, etc.

an overture, variations for string quartet, etc.

BOCCACIO. Ref.: VII. 373.

BOCCHERINI, Luigi (1743-1805): b. Lucca, Italy, d. Madrid; studied with Vannucci, and in Rome; accomplished cellist; toured with the violinist Manfredi; celebrated as a composer of chamber music and one of the pioneers of the string quartet (cf. Haydn). B. became chamber-virtuoso to the Infante Luis, at Madrid, and later to the King; he dedicated a work to Friedrich Wilhelm II. of Prussia in 1787, and won the title of chamber-composer, with a salary which ceased at the King's death (1797); henceforth B. labored under the stress of poverty, though for a time under the patronage of Lucien Bonaparte. His works include 2 octets, 16 sextets, 125 string quartets, 54 string trios, 42 trios, sonatas and duets for vlu., etc.; besides 20 symphonies, an opera, an orchestral suite, a 'cello concerto, and church music. Ref.: II. 2, 67, 68f, 70, 97; III. 386; chamber music. VIII. 404, 487f, 491, 591; orchestral music. VIII. 167, 169; mus. ex., XIII. 111; portrait, VII. 488.

BOCHKOLTZ-FALCONI,

488.

BOCHKOLTZ-FALCONI,
(1820-1879): b. Frankfort-on-Main, d.
Paris; singer in concerts of the Brussels Cons., then in the Paris Concerts
de musique ancienne; sang also in London, Italy and Coburg, from 1856 taught in Paris, where she published songs and vocal exercises.

and vocal excreises.

BOCHSA (1) Karl (late 18th cent.-1821): oboist in Lyons, later in Bordeaux and Paris; in Paris he engaged in music-selling. He wrote methods for clarinet and flute, quartets for violin, viola, clarinet and 'cello, 6 dnos concertants for two oboes. (2) Robert Nicolas Charles (189-1856): b. Montmédy, Meuse, d. Sydney, Australia; studied at Bordeaux and at the Conservatoire. He was court harpist to Napoleon and Louis XVIII, teacher of Parish-Alvars and of Chatterton in London, where he became professor of the Parish-Alvars and of Chatterton in London, where he became professor of the heave professor of the land of the Royal Academy of Music (1822-1827); he directed the Italian Opera at the King's Theatre and in 1837 began a tour with Mrs. Bishop, during which he died in Australia. He produced four ballets and an oratorio in 180DENSCHATZ, Erhard (1576-1638); b. Lichtenberg, d. Gross-Oster-

church music.

BÖCKH, Philipp August (17851867): b. Carlsruhe, d. Berlin; philologist and professor at Berlin University, author of De metris Pundari.

BOCKLET, Karl Maria von (18011881): b. Prague, d. Vienna; studied with Zawora, Pixis and Dionys Weber; violinist in a Viennese theatre, then virtuoso and teacher of the piano. Bethoven and Schubert were his friends, and among his pupils he counted Kohler and Blumenthal.

BÖCKLIN, Arnold: German painter.

BÖCKLIN, Arnold: German painter. Ref.: III. 152; VII. 420f, 463.

BOCKMUHL, Robert Emil (1822-1881): b. Frankfort on Main, d. there; 'cellist; wrote concerto and a method for 'cello.

cellist; wrote concerto and a method for 'cello.

BOCKSHORN ('Capricornus')
Samuel (1629-1665): b. Germany, d. Stuttgart; cantor, teacher at Reutlingen, Pressburg and Nuremburg; composed for voice and instruments, spiritual harmonies, concertos, songs, etc., also the oratorio Juducium Salomonis.

BODANZKY, Artur (1877-): b. Vienna; conductor; studied at the Vienna Cons.; first violinist at the Court Opera; conductor of operettas at the Stadttheater, Budweis, 1900, at the Karl Theatre, Vienna, 1901; repetitor and assistant to Mahler at the Vienna Court Opera, 1903; conductor at the Theatre, Berlin, 1905; Landestheater and symphony concerts, Prague, 1906-9; first conductor and operatic director at the Grand-Ducal Theatre, and conductor of symphony and oratorio concerts, Mannheim, 1909-14; conducted Parsital at Covent Garden, 1914; conductor of German operas at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, since 1915.

BODE, Johann Joachim Christoph (1730-1793): b. Barum, Brunswick, d. Weimar; studied with Kroll in Brunswick; 1755 court-oboist at Celle, teacher at Hamburg, printer and publisher there; from 1788 lived in Weimar. He wrote symphonies, concertos for 'cello, violin and bassoon, solos for viola d'amour, songs, etc.; wrote Mehr Noten als Text (ca. 1790), translated and edited Burney's reports on music in Germany.

many

BÖDECKER, Louis (1845-1899): b. Hamburg, d. there; studied with Marxsen; teacher and critic in Hamburg,

a book on the elements of music.

a book on the elements of music.

BODINUS, Sebastian (early 18th
cent.): violinist, composer and conductor, who lived in Altenburg and
Wurttemburg and wrote sonatas, trios,
'quattros,' etc., for strings.

BOEHE, Ernst (1880-): h. Munich; studied with Louis, Thuille and
Schwartz; with Courvoisier conducted
the popular symphony concerts in Mu-

the popular symphony concerts in Mu-

Schwartz; with Courvoisier conducted the popular symphony concerts in Munich, 1907; became court Kapellmeister in Oldenburg in 1913. He composed Odysseus' Fahrten (4 parts) for orch., Taormina, Tragic Overture, Symphonic Epilogue, Comedy Overture, Symphonic Epilogue, Comedy Overture and songs.

BOEKELMANN, Bernardus (1838-); b. Utrecht, Holland; pianist; studied with his father, at the Leipzig Cons. and with von Bülow, Kiel and Weitzmann. In 1864 he became court pianist in Mexico, two years later went to New York, where he taught and founded the Soirées of the New York Trio Club. He directed the music at Miss Porter's School, Farmington (1833-97), then returned to New York. His compositions are for orchestra, pianoforte and violin; he edited Bach's 'Well-Tempered Clavichord' (in colors).

BOELLMANN, Léon (1862-1897): b. Ensisheim, Alsace, d. Paris; studied at the Niedermeyer School for Church Music; organist at St. Vincent de Paul in Paris, composed 68 works, including a prize symphony, a prize quartet and prize trio for piano, 100 minor pieces for the organ, an organ and orchestral fantasia, etc. Ref.: VI. 486.

sody for piano, an organ and orchestral fantasia, etc. Ref.: VI. 486.

BOELY. Alexandre Pierre Francois (1785-1858): b. Versailles, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire; pianist and violinist, composer of sonatas for piano, violin, etc. Ref.: VI. 466.

tas for piano, violin, etc. Ref.: VI. 466.
BOERS, Joseph Karel (1812-1896):
b. Nymwegen, Holland, d. Delft; conductor and writer.

ductor and writer.

BOESSET (1) Antoine, Sieur de
Villedieu (ca. 1585-1643): intendant of
music to Louis XIII., composed ballets
for court festivities, etc. (2) JeanBaptiste (1612-1685): son of Antoine.
Succeeded to his father's position in
the Court of Louis XIV. (3) ClaudeJean-Baptiste (ca. 1636-[?]): in 1667
succeeded his father, Jean-Baptiste, as
court composer. He published also
duets under the title Fruits d'Antonine (1684).

BOETIUS (or Boethius). Anicius ucceeded to his father's position in eccourt of Louis XIV. (3) Claude-lean-Raptiste (ca. 1636-[?]): in 1667 loceeded his father, Jean-Baptiste, as burt composer. He published also unter the title Fraits d'Antonies (1684).

BOÈTIUS (or Boethius), Anicius

hausen, near Querfurt; cantor at Schulpforta, pastor in Reyhausen and Gross-Osterhausen; he wrote church music and collected the Florilegium selectissimorum hymnorum, (motets of contemporary composers), 1606.

BODENSTEIN, Hermann (1823-1902): b. Gandersheim, d. Brunswick; organist and music teacher there.

BODIN, François Etitenne (1793-1862): b. Paris, d. there; professor of harmony at the Conservatoire; wrote a book on the elements of music.

singer, whose Freimaurerlieder mit
Melodien (Songs of Free Masons, with
Melodies), 1793-95, included compositions of Mozart, P. E. Bach, Haydn,
Salieri, and many other composers.
BOHLMANN (1) Georg Karl
(1838-): b. Copenhagen; organist,
musical director in Copenhagen; composer of orchestral and vocal works.
(2) Theodor Heinrich Friedrich
(1865-): b. Osterwieck am Harz;
concert pianist, whose training was acquired in Leipzig and Berlin. After a
successful German tour in 1890 he settled in Cincinnati as professor of piano tled in Cincinnati as professor of piano at the Conservatory.

successful German tour in 1890 he settled in Cincinnati as professor of piano at the Conservatory.

RÖHM (1) Georg (1651-1733): b. Hohenkirchen, d. Luneburg; composer whose clavier works count among the most important before Bach, whom he influenced (Prelude Fugue and Postlude, French Suite, 3 little suites, 18 chorale preludes, cantatas, etc., preserved). He lived in Hamburg from 1639 and was organist in Lüneburg from 1698. Ref.: I. 451, 457; VII. 16. (2) Theobald (1794-1881): b. Munich, d. there; inventor of the 'Böhm flute'; flutist, composer for flute and member of the royal orchestra. His method constitutes a new departure in the construction of wood-wind instruments. He fixed the position and size of the holes so as to obtain purity and fullness of tone rather than convenience in fingering, all holes being covered by keys. The bore also is modified, resulting in a remarkable change of tone. Ref.: VIII. 29, 35, 104. (3) Joseph (1795-1876): b. Pesth, d. Vienna; violinist; made a concert-tour at age of 8 to Poland and St. Petersburg, where he studied under P. Rode; made début at Vienna (1815), where he became violin professor at the Cons. (1819) and played in the Imperial orchestra. Among his pupils are Joachim, Ernst, Auer, Hellmesberger (Sr.), Singer, Ludwig, Strauss, Rappoldi, Hauser, etc. He composed concert pieces and quartets; also songs, duets, etc. Ref.: VII. 445. (4) Joseph (1841-1893): b. Kühnitz, Moravia, d. Vienna; pupil of Bocklet and Krem, Vienna; organist, choirmaster, Kapellmeister at the Hofpfarrkirche; director of a school of church-music in Vienna.

burg, 1794, in the management of which he was succeeded by his son, Justus Edward, in 1839, and the latter by a grandson, August Cranz. (2) Franz Magnus (1827-1838): b. Willerstedt, near Weimar, d. latter by a standard (1827-1898); b. Willerstedt, near Weimar, d. Dresden; studied with Topfer in Weimar and with Hauptmann and Rietz in Leipzig; music teacher in Dresden for 20 years; teacher of counterpoint and history of music at the Hoch Cons., Frankfort, 1878-85; author of Altdeutsches Liederbuch (1877), Aufgabenbuch zum Studium der Harmonie (1880), Kursus der Harmonie (1882), Geschichte des Tanzes in Deutschland (1886), Volkstumliche Lieder der Deutschen im 18. und 19. Jahrh. (1895), Deutsches Kinderlied und Kinderspiel (1897); edited Erk's

Janna. (1895), Deutsches Kinderlied und Kinderspiel (1897); edited Erk's Deutscher Liederhort (3 vols., 1893-94). BÖHMER, Karl Hermann Ehr-fried (1799-1884); b. The Hague, d. Berlin; studied with Polledro; violinist in Berlin royal orchestra; composed operas, music for orchestra and for violin, etc.

violin, etc.

BOHN, Emil (1839-1909): b. Bielau; abandoned the study of philology for music, became an organist in Breslau and founder of the Bohn Choral Society; he lived in Breslau as choral director, university lecturer and critic; composed part-songs and songs, edited the piano compositions of Mendelssohn and Chopin, and compiled musical bibliographies.

BÖHNER, [Johann] Ludwig (1787-

Böhnber, Johann Ludwig (1787-1860): b. Töttelstedt, near Gotha; d. Gotha; conductor at the Nuremburg theatre in 1810, led a nomadic and precarious existence; he is supposedly the original of Hoffmann's 'Kapell meister Kreisler.' He wrote an opera, concertos and sonatas for piano, orchestral marches dences de

concertos and sonatas for piano, orchestral marches, dances, etc.
BOHRER (1) Johann Philipp (18th
cent.): violinist and violist in the
Mannheim chapel. (2) Kaspar (17441809): b. Mannheim, d. Munich;
trumpeter and double-bass player.
(3) Anton (1783-1852): b. Munich, d.
Hanover; violinist, pupil of R. Kreutzer; composed chamber-music, concertos and violin pieces; member of
the Bavarian court orchestra; toured
Austria. Poland. Russia. Scandinavia nne Bavarian court orchestra; toured Austria, Poland, Russia, Scandinavia and England, France and Italy with his brother Max (4); became orchestra conductor at Hanover, 1834. (4) Max (1785-1867): b. Munich, d. Stuttgart; 'cello virtuoso; toured with his brother (3) and in 1832 became first 'cellist in the Stuttgart orchestra. Toured U, S. 1842-43. [(3) and (4) were sons of (2)

etc., and songs which have become very popular.

BÖHME (1) Johann August (1766[?]): b. Eisleben, d. Hamburg; founder of a music-publishing firm at Hamburg, 1794, in the management of which he was succeeded by his son, Justus Edward, in 1839, and the latter by a grandson, August Cranz.

Justus Edward, in 1839, and the latter by a grandson, August Cranz.
(2) Franz Magnus (1827-1898): b. Willerstedt, near Weimar, d. Dresden; studied with Topfer in Weimar and with Hauptmann and foot) to Paris, where he had to sup-20, Rosalie et Myrza. He again went (on foot) to Paris, where he had to support himself by piano tuning and teaching. He came to know of Méhul, Rode, Cherubini, and Garat the tenor, who sang the young composer's songs, thus procuring him recognition. In 1796 he prod. La Dot de Suzette (1 act) at the Comique, and in 1797 La Famille suisse at the Feydeau. Both were successful. He now pub. instr. music and became professor of piano music and became professor of piano at the Conservatoire. In 1802 he mar-ried Clotilde-Auguste Masseurey, a ried Clotilde-Auguste Mafleurey, a ballet-dancer, and the conjugal misery that resulted caused him to leave France in 1803. He became conductor of the Imperial Opera at St. Petersburg and stayed in Russia 8 yrs, turning out 3 operas, etc., every year, under contract. B. returned to Paris in 1811, and in 1812 prod. Jean de Paris, which created the wildest enthusiasm. He succeeded Méhul as professor of composition at the Conservatoire, 1817, was elected member of the Institut, and was made chevalier of the Legion of Honor. Le Petit Chapperon Rouge (1818) and made cnevalier of the Legion of Honor. Le Petit Chaperon Rouge (1818) and La Dame blanche (1825) were immense successes, but his last opera, Les deux nuits (1829), was a failure. He remarried in 1827 and had a son, Adrien V. (2). After retirement from the Conservatoire with a pension, which was later revoked, he was reappointed under Louis Philippe, and received an annual grant of 6,000 francs. Among his pupils were Zimmerman, Fétis, Adam, and Labarre. Besides the operas mentioned, he wrote Zoraine et Zulnare (1798), Beniowski: Le Calif de Bagdad (1800), Ma tante Aurore (1803) and collaborated on others with Méhul, Kreutzer, Cherubini, Catel. and Niecoló Isouard, Mme. Gail, Hérold, Berton and Auber. Ref.: II. 209; III. 278; IX. 73, 225f, 228, 230; mus. ex., XIV. 233; portrait, IX. 226. (2) Adrien-L.-V. (1816-1883): b. Paris, d. Quincy; son of (1); wrote several operas and operettas, masses, cantatas. Le Petit Chaperon Rouge (1818) and ettas, masses, cantatas.

Austria, Poland, Russia, Scandinavia and England, France and Italy with his brother Max (4); became orchestra conductor at Hanover, 1834. (4) Max (1785-1867): b. Munich, d. Stuttgart; in Paris with Charles Wagner and 'cello virtuoso; toured with his brother (3) and in 1832 became first 'cellist in he Stuttgart orchestra. Toured U. S. 1842-43. [(3) and (4) were sons of (2).] HOYELDIEU (1) François-Adrien (1775-1834): b. Rouen, d. Jarcy, n. Grosbois; composer of opéra-comique; for soil, chorus and orchestra, Moise sauvé des eaux, choruses, etc.

BOISE, Otis Bardwell (1845-1912): Nachfolger in Deutschland, Holland b. Oberlin, O.; d. Baltimore; teacher; und Scandinavien (1893). studied at Leipzig Cons. and with Kulstudied at Leipzig Cons. and with Kul-lak in Berlin; organist and teacher in Cleveland, New York and Berlin; pro-fessor of theory and composition at the Peabody Institute, Baltimore; composer of symphonies and overtures for or-chestra, concertos and other works for piano; author of 'Harmony Made Practicel' (1900)

Practical' (1900).

BOISSELOT, Jean Louis (ca. 1785-1847): b. Montpellier, d. Marseilles, maker of stringed instruments at Montpellier; later established a piano factory in Marseilles, now conducted by

his grandson, François.

BOYTO, Arrigo (1842-): b. Padua; poet and composer; studied at Milan Cons.; travelled in Germany and Poland, and became a passionate admirer and advocate of Wagner's music. He prod. 2 cantatas, then the opera Me-fistofele at Milan in 1868, which failed, out remodelled was successful at Bologna (1875), Hamburg (1880) and Milan (1881). An earlier opera, Ero e Leandro, is not yet produced, and a third, Nerone, is nearing completion. Besides the text for his own Mefistofele, Besides the text for his own Mefistofele, B. wrote those of Ponchielli's Gioconda, Verdi's Otello and Falstaff, and others, besides excellent poetry, sometimes written under the pen-name Toblo Gorria. He was made Inspector-General of Technical Instruction in the Italian Conservatories and Lyceums in 1892. Ref.: II. 440, 478, 493, 500ff, 503; III. 93, 368f; opera, IX. 357.

BOLCK, Oskar (1837-1888): b. Hohenstein, d. Bremen; studied at Leipzig Cons.; taught in Leipzig, Viborg, Liverpool and Riga; Kapellmeister at Wurzburg and Aachen and chorus-master at Leipzig, Hamburg and Bremen; composed the operas Pierre und Robin (1876), Gudrun and Der Schmied von Gretna Green, piano pieces, songs, etc.

pieces, songs, etc.

pieces, songs, etc.

BOLLINGER, Samuel (1871-):
b. Fort Smith, Ark.; pianist; studied at
Leipzig Cons.; organist American
Church. Leipzig, 1893-95; founded the
Bollinger Cons., Fort Smith, 1896; subsequently taught in San Francisco, Chicago, and since 1907 in St. Louis; head
of piano department Strassberger Cons.; composer of a dramatic overture, composer of a dramatic overture, waltzes and fantasy suite for orches-tra, romantic fantasy for organ, sonata for plano and violin, many plano pieces.

BOLSCHE, Franz (1869-): b. Wegenstedt, near Magdeburg; studied at Berlin Hochschule; teacher of theory at Cologne Cons.; edited instrumental works of Melchior Franck for the Denkmaler deutscher Tonkunst; has composed an overture, chamber-music, piano pieces, songs, etc.

BOLTE, Johannes: contemporary German writer; author of Die Singspiele der englischen Comödianten und ihrer maestro di cappella in S. Giovanni in

BOMBET. See STENDHAL. BONA, Valerio (ca. 1560-after 1619): BONA, Valerio (ca. 1560-after 1619):

b. Brescia; maestro di cappella in
Milan; author of Regole di Contrappunto e Composizione (1595) and Esempi delli Passaggi delle Consonanze e
Dissonanze (1596); composed much
sacred and secular vocal music.
BONAPARTE (1) Jérome. Ref.:
II. 82, 132. (2) Lueien. Ref.: VII.
487. (3) Napoléon. See Napoléon.
BONAVENTURA DE BRIXIA,
Saint (15th cent.): Franciscan monk
in Brescia, author of Regulae musicae

in Brescia, author of Regulae musicae planae (1500, etc., etc.). Ref.: VI. 320.

BONAWITZ (or Bonewitz), Johann
Heinrich (1839-): b. Durkheim-on-Heinrich (1839-): b. Durkheim-on-Rhine; pianist; studied at Liége Cons.; concertized and taught in Wiesbaden, concertized and taught in Wiesbaden, Paris and London; conducted Popular Symphony Concerts, New York, 1872-73, and toured as pianist; composed the operas "The Bride of Messina" (1874) and 'Ostrolenka' (1875)—both produced in Philadelphia—other operas and piano music.

and plano music.

BONCI, Alessandro (1870-): b.
Cesena, Romagna; studied at Liceo Rossini, Pesaro; début at Teatro Regio,
Parma, 1896; subsequently sang in Leghorn, Milan, St. Petersburg, Vienna,
Berlin, Lisbon, Madrid, London, etc.,
and in South America and Australia;
sang at Manhattan Opera House, New
York, 1906-8, and at the Metropolitan,
1908-9; also in Covent Garden, 1908; in
concerts throughout the United States,
1910-11. 1910-11.

BOND, Hugh (d. 1792): organist in

England.

BONIVENTI (or Boneventi), Giuseppe (ca. 1660-[?]); b. Venice; maestro di cappella to the Duke of Mantua and later to the court of Baden; composed 11 operas.

BONNAL, Ermand: contemp. French organ composer. Ref.: VI. 486.
BONNET (1) Jacques. See Bourde-Lot, Pierre. (2) Joseph (1884-): b. Bordeaux; was at 14 organist of St. Nicholas' Church in that city; later studied with Guilmant at Paris conservatory: at 22 won in competition the studied with Guilmant at Paris conservatory; at 22 won in competition the position of organist of St. Eustache, Paris. Concert tours have since made his name known throughout Europe. He composed 12 Pieces, Poèmes d'automne, Variations de concert, etc. Ref.: VI. 486.

BONNET-BOURDELOT, See BOURDELOT.

BONNO, Josef (1710-1788): b. Vi-

Monte, and S. Petronio, Bologna. Pub. Bruso, near Perugia; maestro in Rome, instr. suites and Sonate da camera in diverse numbers of parts; 6-part madrigals; chamber cantatas a voce sola; paine (1871) and Juptier ed Io (1673), also a treatise on counterpoint (1673). and the oratorio Martirio di S. Emiliante, VII. 390, 478. (2) Giovanni Bartista (1660-after 1750): b. Modena, d. Venice (?); composer; studied with his fetter may suite compensation occultae conjuder with his fetter may suite components sustematis participal. Monte, and S. Petronio, Bologna. Publistr. suites and Sonate da camera in diverse numbers of parts; 6-part madrigals; chamber cantatas a voce sola; also a treatise on counterpoint (1673). Ref.: VII. 390, 478. (2) Giovanni Battista (1660-after 1750): b. Modena, d. Venice (?); composer; studied with his father and with Colonna and Don Giorgio Buoni in Bologna; court 'cellist at Yienna, 1690; went in 1694 to Rome, where he produced his first operas. Returning to Vienna in 1699, he lived there until 1703, when he went to Berlin as court composer under the patronage of Queen Sophie Charlotte. After her death in 1705 he lived in Vienna and in various Italian cities until 1716, when he was invited to London as conductor and composer for the new King's Theatre. Under the protection of the Duke of Marlborough he was put forward as the rival of Handel, and an operatic warfare, resulting in the eventual defeat of B., was waged until about 1731. In that year B. was accused of having, some years previously, given out as a composition of his own a madrial by some years previously, given out as a composition of his own a madrigal by A. Lotti. This completed his down-A. Lotti. This completed his downfall. A few years later he turned up in Paris, where he composed a motet for the Chapelle royale, playing the cello accompaniment himself before the King. After the peace of Aix-la-Chapelle he was summoned to Vienna to companie the fastival music in celeto compose the festival music in cele-bration of that event; later he was employed as theatre-composer in Venice bration of that event; later he was employed as theatre-composer in Venice until 1750, after which no traces of him are to be found. His works include the operas Tullo Ostilio (1694), Serse (1694), La Fede pubblica (1699), Gli Affetti più grandi vinti dal più gusto (1701), Polifemo (1703), Endimone (1706), Turno Aricino (1707), Maria fuggitivo (1708), Il Sacrificio di Romola (1708), Abdolonimo (1709), Muzio Scevola (1710), Astarta (1720), Ciro (1722), Grispo (1722), and Griselda (1722), Farnace (1723), Erminia (1723), Calpurnia (1724), Astianatte (1727), Alessandro in Sidone (1737), an oratorio, Ezechia (1737); suites for harpsichord, Cantate e Duetti (1721), Dwertiment, for harpsichord (1722), and '12 sonatas or chamber airs for 2 violins and a bass' (1732). Ref.: I. 421, 434ff; IX. 20, 33. (3) Marco Antonio (1675[?]-1726]: b. Modena, d. there; brother of (2); travelled in Italy and Germany, and was maestro to the Duke of Modena from 1721; composed 19 operas, including Camilla regina de' Volsci (1692), Griselda (1700), La Reguna creduta re (1707), Tigrane re d'Armenia, Cajo Gracco (1701), Astiniatte (1718); also an oratorio La Decollazione di S. Giovanni Battista (1709).

BONTEMPI (Angelini), Giovanni Andrea (ca. 1624-1705); b. Perugia, d. (1718); also an oratorio La Decollazione di S. Giovanni Battista (1709).

BONTEMPI (Angelini), Giovanni BORCHERS, Gustav (1865-1913): b. Andrea (ca. 1624-1705): b. Perugia, d. Woltwiesche, Brunswick, d. Leipzig;

venientiae sonoris systematis partici-pati (1690), and Istoria musica, etc. (1695).

BONVIN, Ludwig (1850-): b. Siders, Switzerland; composer; mostly self-taught in music; entered Jesuit order in Holland, where he was organist and choirmaster; director of a chorus and orchestra at Canisius College, Buf-falo, N. Y., 1887-1907; composer of 6 masses and much other sacred music, a symphony and other works for full masses and much other works for full orchestra, several works for soli, chorus and orchestra; 'Christmas Night's Dream,' for string orchestra, organ pieces, songs, etc.; author of numerous articles on the Gregorian chant.

BOOM, Jan van (1807-1872): b. Utrecht, d. Stockholm; pianist; professor at the Royal Academy, Stockholm, 1849-65; composer of operas, symphonies, overtures, string quartets, trios, a piano concerto and much other music for piano.

BOORN, Eduard van den (1831-1898): d. Liège; pianist and critic.
BORCHMANN, A. von: contemporary Russian composer. Ref.: III. 155.
BOOSEY, Thomas: founder of the London music-publishing house of

London music-publishing house of Boosey & Co., 1825, combined in 1874 with the musical instrument factory of Henry Distin under the former name; publishers of cheap editions of standard works and English popular music.

BOOTT, Francis (1813-1904): b. Boston, Mass., d. there; amateur and patron of music; graduated at Harvard and studied music with Picchanti in Florence; composed much sacred m sic, string quartets and songs; bequeathed to Harvard Univ. \$10,000, the interest of which is to go as an annual prize for the best 4-part vocal composition written by a Harvard man.

tion written by a Harvard man.

BORCH, Gaston Louis Christopher (1871-): b. Guines; pupil of Massenet and Delsart ('cello); conductor of the Philharmonic Society, Christiania, 1896-98, the Central Theatre there, 1897, Musikförening, Bergen, 1898-99; 'cellist in the Theodore Thomas Orchestra, 1899-1900, Pittsburgh Orchestra, 1903-06; conductor of the Lausanne Symphony Orchestra, 1906; visiting conductor in France, Belgium, Holland and Germany, 1894-96; composer of a one-act opera Silvio (1898), a symphony, 3 symphonic poems, a piano concerto, a Romanza and Elegy for violin and piano, piano pieces, songs, sacred music,

studied at Leipzig Cons. and conducted various choral societies until 1895; subsequently singing teacher at the Nikolai Gymnasium and (from 1901) cantor at the Peterskirche; founded in 1898 a seminary for singing teachers, using the methods of Jaques-Dalcroze and Entz; author of a monograph on the latter (1908).

latter (1908).

BORDES, Charles (1863-1909): b.

Vouvray sur Loire, d. Paris; was a pupil of César Franck; 1837-90, church choir director, Nogent-sur-Marne; after 1890 choir director, St. Gervaise, Paris; studied (on behalf of the Ministry of Education) Basque folk-songs, 1889-90 (Archives de la tradition Basque). His success with the concert revival of older church music led to the foundation of the Association des Chanteurs dation of the Association des Chanteurs de St. Gervaise (1894) and that of the Schola Cantorum (1898). B. has edited the Anthologie des maîtres religieus primitifs and the Tribune de St. Ger-vaise and has written Du sort de la musince and has written Du sort de la musique religieuse en France (1906). He composed for orchestra (a fantasy with obbligato trumpet, etc.); a fantasy on Basque themes for piano and orchestra; songs and piano pieces. Ref.: III. 313.

BORDIER, Jules (1846-1896): b. Angers, d. Paris; founder in Angers of the Association Artistiques concerts; partner in the music publishing house of Baudoux et Cie, Paris, 1894; composer of symphonic pieces, four operas, and choral works, also songs,

BORDOGNI, Giulio Marco (1788-1856): b. Gazzaniga, Bergamo; d. Paris; studied with Simon Mayr; tenor in Milan, the Théâtre Italien, Paris; pro-fessor at the Conservatoire, where Sontag studied with him; composer of

Vocalises, etc. BORDONI, Faustina. See HASSE.

BOREK, Christoph (d. 1557): Polish church conductor of whose com-

positions 2 masses are preserved.

BORGHI, Luigi (18th cent.): pupil of Pugnani; violinist in London; leader of the second violins in 1784 at the London Handel Commemoration; com-

poser of music for the violin.

BORI, Lucrezia (1888-): b.
Valencia; soprano, sang in Italy, Paris,
Buenos Ayres and Met. Opera House,

Valuation of the deciding rôle in Mon-New York; created leading rôle in Mon-temezzi's L'Amora dei tre re. Ref.:

IV. 155.

BORN, Bertrand de (1180-1195):
Provençal Troubadour. Ref.: I. 211.
BORNSCHEIN, Franz Karl (1879-):
BORNSCHEIN, Franz Karl (1879-):
Baltimore, Md.; violinist and composer; studied at the Peabody Cons., where he became teacher of violin and director of the junior orchestra; has directed the orchestra of the Baltimore Music School Settlement since 1913; music school Settlement since 1913; music critic of the Baltimore Evening Sun, 1910-13, and contributor to vari1776, 1778); a Greek mass, psalms,

ous musical publications; composer of a symphonic ballad for baritone and orchestra, a cantata for soprano, chorus and orchestra, an orchestral suite, 2 symphonic poems, a string quartet, a string quintet, a piano quintet, a sextet for strings and flute, etc.

for strings and flute, etc.

BORODINE, Alexander Porphyrievitch (1834-1887): b. St. Petersburg,
d. there; studied and practised medicine and chemistry; army-surgeon;
professor at the St. Petersburg medicosurgical institute; knight counsellor of
state; president of the musical Soc.
of Amateurs. He was a friend of
Liszt in Weimar, and studied music
on the suggestion of Balakireff. One
of the most eminent representatives of on the suggestion of Balakiren. One of the most eminent representatives of the 'neo-Russian' school, he composed Prince Igor (posthumously finished by Rimsky-Korsakov), prod. at Kieff with great success, 1891; also 3 symphonies, a symphonic poem 'In the Steppes of Central Asia,' a scherzo for orchestra, 2 string quartets, a string trin a niano Central Asia, a scherzo for orchestra, 2 string quartets, a string trio, a plano quintet, also a piano suite, plano pieces, song, etc. Ref.: III. ix, xi, xiv, xvi, 38, 107, 109, 112ff, 319; V. 128, 365f; VII. 330, 353, 354f; VIII. 454ff; X. 171, 228, 256; mus. ex., XIII. 113; portrait, III. 122.

BORONI, Antonio (1738-1792): b. Rome, d. there; studied with Martini and G. Abos; operatic composer in Venice, Prague and Dresden, kapellmeister at the Stuttgart court, and maestro di cappella at St. Peter's, Rome; produced in all about 16 operas.

operas.

operas.

BOROWSKI, Felix (1872-); b.
Burton, England; studied in London and at Cologne Cons.; taught piano in Aberdeen, 1892; since 1897 prof. of theory and composition, and violin teacher at Chicago Musical College; critic of the Chicago 'Evening Post,' 1906-09, and 'Herald' since 1909, correspondent of the 'Musical Courier,' 1905; author of program books of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra since 1908; composer of a symphonic poem. a piano concerto. of a symphonic poem, a plano concerto, several works for orchestra, a suite for organ, 2 organ sonatas, a plano sonata,

organ, 2 organ sonatas, a piano sonata, a string quartet, piano pieces, etc.

BORTKIEWICZ, Sergei Eduardowitch (1877-): b. Kharkoff; pianist; studied with van Ark and Liadoff at the St. Petersburg Cons. and with Reisenauer, Jadassohn and Piutti at Leipzig; concert tours in Germany, Austria, Hungary, France and Russia; professor at the Klindworth-Scharwenka Cons., Berlin, since 1904; composer of a symphonic poem. a piano concerto. a

b. Walthamstow, England; planist; studied with H. R. Bird and at the Frankfort Cons. with Clara Schumann, B. Scholtz and Iwan Knorr; debut with London Philharmonic Society 1890; made tours in England, Germany and the United States.

BOS, Coenraad van (1875-): b. Leyden; pianist; studied with Röntgen at the Amsterdam Cons.; with J. van Veen and J. van Lier he formed the Dutch Trio' in 1901; later accompanied Ludwig Wüllner on tour, and since

Ludwig Wüllner on tour, and since then Julia Culp, etc.

BOSCHOT, Adolphe (1871-):
b. Fontenay-sous-Bois, near Paris; musical critic since 1910 of the Echo de Paris and contributor to various journals; author of La Jennesse d'un romantique: Hector Berlioz, 1803-31 (1906), Le Faust de Berlioz (1910). Carnet d'art (1911), etc.

BÖSENDORFER (1) Ignaz (1795-1859): b. Vienna, d. there; founder of a pianoforte factory in Vienna. (2) Ludwig (1835-): b. Vienna, son of Ignaz, and his successor as head of the firm, which makes a specialty of concert grand pianos.

firm, which makes a specialty of concert grand pianos.

BOSSI, Marco Enrico (1861-):
b. Salò, Brescia, son and pupil of Pietro B., of Morbegno (1834-1896); studied in the Licco Rossini, Bologna, and at Milan, under Ponchielli and others; maestro di cappella and organismos at Como Cathedral, professor at the Cons. San Pietro a Majella, Naples; director Licco Benedetto Marcello, Venice. Licco musicale. Bologna, 1902-12: ice, Liceo musicale, Bologna, 1902-12; composed Paquita, 1-act opera (1881); Il Veggente, 1-act opera esria (1890); L'Angelo della notte, 4-act melo-L'Angelo della notte, 4-act melo-drama; Giovanna d'Arco, oratorio; also cantatas, masses, symphonic poem, overture, impromptu, etc., for orchestra, organ music, chamber music, piano music, vocal romances, etc., author of Metodo di Siudio per l'Organo moderno (with G. Tebaldini, 1893). Ref.: III. 397; VI. 393.

BOTE & BOCK: Berlin music publishing house founded by EDUARD BOTE and GUSTAV BOCK, 1838, who bought the music business of Fröhlich & Westpal. Bote left the firm and after Bock's death his brother EMIL, then his son Hugo continued the business. Bock edited the Neue Berliner Musik-

zeitung.

BOTSTIBER, BOTSTIBER, Hugo (1875-): Vienna; studied with Fuchs at the h. Vienna; studied with Fuchs at the (1848-): b. Vienna Cons., with von Zemlinsky and dramatic baritons with Rietsch and Adler; assistant at the Cons. library, 1896; secretary of Opéra, Paris, 187 the Konzertverein, 1900, of the K. K. Garden; created the Akademie der Tonkunst, 1905; grand secretary of the Konzerthaus-Gesellschaft, 1916; edited the Musikbuch son et Dalila; dit aus Österretch, 1904-11; edited organ Cons., 1885-89; compositions of Pachelbel and piano teacher in Paris,

concertos, etc. Ref.: III. 107, 143; IX. works of the Vienna masters for the 380.

BORWICK, Leonard (1868-): b. Walthamstow, England; planist; Artaria (1908) and Geschichte der

Ouvertine (1913):

BOTT, Jean Joseph (1826-1895): b. Cassel, d. New York; studied with his father, M. Hauptmann, and Spohr; vio-

father, M. Hauptmann, and Spohr; violinist and court conductor at Meiningen and Hanover; teacher in Magdeburg, Hamburg, New York; composer of two operas, violin concertos, a symphony, pieces for violin and piano, etc.

BOTTA (1) Bergonzio di. Ref.: X. 81f. (2) Luca (1884-): b. Amalfi, Italy; dramatic tenor; studied with Vergine; début in Naples, 1911; has sung in Malta, Turin, Mantua, Verona, Barcelona, Buenos Ayres, Milan and Metropolitan Opera House, New York; Italian repertory.

Italian repertory.

BOTTME DE TOULMON, Auguste (1797-1850): b. Paris, d. there; abandoned the study of law for music; 'cellist, librarian at the Conservatoire and writer on the chanson in France, on Guido, and on musical instruments of the Middle Ages.

BOTTESINI, Giovanni (1821-1889): b. Crema, Lombardy, d. Parma; studied with Rossi, Vaccai, Piantanida, Ray; virtuoso on double-bass in Italy, Havana, the United States, and at Paris; founder of a quartet in Florence, opera conductor at Paris, London, etc.; composer of eight operas (prod. in Havana, Paris, Milan, Palermo, London, Turin); an oratorio, overtures, symphonies, compositions for double bass, quartet and songs. Ref.: IV. 127. BOTTRIGARI, Ereole (1531-1612): b. Bologna, d. S. Alberto; author of treatises on musical theory pub. in Bologna and Ferrara under the pseudonym Alemanno Benelli. Transla-BOTTESINI, Giovanni (1821-1889)

donym Alemanno Benelli. Translations, etc., by B. remained MS.

BOUCHER, Alexandre-Jean (1778-1861): b. Paris, d. there; virtuoso on the violin at the Concerts Spirituels at the age of six; soloist at the Spanish court (1787-1805); toured Holland, Germany, England, etc., composed two concertos for the violin.

certos for the violin.

BOUCHERON, Raimondo (1800-1876): b. Turin, d. Milan; author of several theoretical works and composer of church music; maestro at Milan cathedral. Ref.: II. 503 (footnote).

BOUDOUSQUIE (19th cent.): manager of the New Orleans opera. Ref.: IV. 161ff.

ROUHY, Jacques Joseph André (1848-): b. Pepinster, Belgium; dramatic baritone; studied at Cons. of Liége and Paris; début at Grand Opéra, Paris, 1871; also sang at Covent Garden; created title-rôle in Massenet's Don César de Bazan (1872), Escamillo in Carmen and the High Priest in Samson et Dailla; director of the New York Cons., 1885-89; since 1907 singing teacher in Paris.

BOUILLY, Jean Nicholas. Ref.: IX.
115, 117, 123.
BOURGAULT-DUCOUDRAY, Louis-Albert (1840-1910): b. Nantes, d.
Paris; pupil of Ambroise Thomas at
Paris Cons., won grand prix de Rome;
professor of mus. history, Paris Cons.,
1878. He wrote Saurenre d'une mis-1878. He wrote Souvenirs d'une mis-sion musicale en Grèce, 30 Mélodies populaires de Grèce et d'Orient, and Études sur la musique ecclésiastique Etudes sur la musique eccuesionique grecque, composed 2 operas, a fantasy for orchestra, other orchestral works, a symphonie for female chorus and soli, La Conjuration des Fleurs, and many songs; also pub. 30 Mélodies populaires de la Basse-Bretagne, with French

de la Basse-Bretagne, wi translations. Ref.: VI. 392. BOURGEOIS, Loys (Louis) (1510-[?]): b. Paris; disciple of Calvin, with whom he lived at Geneva 1545-57; with whom he lived at Geneva 1545-57; first to harmonize the melodies to the French version of the Psalms, and pub. 3 collections in 4-6 parts at Lyons (1547) and Paris (1561). His treatise, Le droict chemin de musique, etc. (1550) proposed a reform, generally adopted in France, in the nomenclature of the tones according to the solution.

of the tones according to the solmiza-tion-syllables. Ref.: I. 294.

BOURGES, Jean-Maurice (1812-1881): b. Bordeaux, d. Paris; critic and editor on the Revue et Gazette musicale; composed an opera, sonatas and trios for the piano, a Stabat Mater,

and trios for the piano, a Stabat Mater, vocal romances, etc.

BOURNOVILLE, Antoine August (19th cent.): reformer of the Danish ballet. Ref.: X. 104, 151, 152, 162f, 164f, 166, 168, 169.

BOUSQUET, Georges (1818-1854): b. Perpignan, d. St. Cloud; winner of the grand prix de Rome at the Conservatoire in 1838. Chef d'orchestre at the Opéra and the Théatre Italien; critic on Paris journals, composer of church, chamber, and dramatic music.

BOVERY, Jules (correct name An-

BOVEN, York (1884—): b. London: composer; fellow Boyel Acad. of

don; composer; fellow Royal Acad. of Music; has written 3 piano concertos, symphonic fantasy, a sonata and a concerto for viola, etc. Ref.: III. 441; VII. 598.

BOWMAN, Edward Morris (1848-1913): b. Barnard, Vt., d. New York; organist; studied with William Mason Giulianova, Abruzzi, d. Milan; studied and J. P. Morgan in New York, with Bendel, Rohde, Haupt and Weitzmann Vienna, Paris and London, also toured

BOURDELOT (correctly Michon), in Berlin, with Batiste in Paris, and Pierre (1610-1685): b. Sens, d. Abbey with Bridge, Macfarren, Guilmant and Macé; physician to the King, gathered material for a history of music, begun with his nephew Pierre Bonner (1638-1708). The latter's brother Jacques (d. 1849-1724) finished it (Paris, 1714, 2nd ed. 1726).

BOUILLY, Jean Nicholas. Ref.: IX. 115, 117, 123.

BOUILLY, Jean Nicholas. Ref.: IX. 1895-1906, choir of Calvary Baptist is-Albert (1840-1910): b. Nantes, d. 1895-1906, choir of Calvary Baptist Church, N. Y., 1906-13; author of Paris; pupil of Ambroise Thomas at Paris Cons., won grand prix de Rome; ory' (1877).

Weitzmann's Manual of Musical Theory' (1877).

BOYCE, William (1710-1779): b. London, d. Kensington; pupil of Maurice Greene and Pepusch; organist St. Michael's, Cornhill; composer to the Chapel Royal and the king; conducted the festivals of the Three Choirs (Gloucester, Worcester, Hereford) in 1737. He held various organ positions, which he resigned to devote himself to issuing Greene's collection of 'Cathedral Music' (1760-78) in 3 vols. He also pub. 'Lyra Britannica' (several books of songs, cantatas, and duets), and wrote anthems and services, an oratorio, masques, dirges, odes, symphonies, a violin concerto, trio sonatas, etc. Ref.: VI. 472.

BOYER, Louis - Joseph - Victor - Georges (1850-): b. Paris; winner

BOYER, Louis - Joseph - Victor - Georges (1850-): b. Paris; winner of the Prix Rossini; librettist for Chaumet, Massenet; critic for several

Paris journals.

Paris journals.

BOYLE, George F. (1886-): b.

Sydney, N. S. W.; pianist and composer; studied with his parents and with Sydney Moss, later with Busoni in Berlin; toured Australia and New Zealand with Mark and Boris Hambourg, and Holland with Emma Nevada; recitals in England, Germany and Holland; professor of piano at Peabody Cons., Baltimore, from 1910; has composed 2 cantatas, a symphonic fantasy and other works for orchesfantasy and other works for orchestra, a piano concerto, a piano sonata, 2 piano trios, a sonata for piano and 'cello, pieces for 'cello and piano, violin and piano, piano solo, and

songs.

BRADBURY, William Batchelder
(1816-1868): b. York, Me., d. Montclair,
N. J.; studied with S. Hill, Lowell
Mason, Moscheles, Böhme; teacher, conductor, piano manufacturer and editor
of a large number of collections of music. He composed two cantatas. Ref.:
IV. 222, 244f.

BRADELY WASSEL (1822-1428)

BRADSKY, Wenzel Theodor (1833-1831): b. Rakovnik, Bohemia, d. there; studied with Caboun and Pischek; singing teacher and composer to the Prussian court. He wrote six operas, produced at Dessau, Prague and Berlin and part songs, songs, etc. Ref.: III.

incidental dramatic music and creator of Huon in Weber's Oberon (1826).

BRAHMA. Ref.: X. 25.

BRAHMIG, Julius Bernhard (1822-1872): b. Hirschfeld, n. Liebenwerde, d. Detmold; music teacher, composer for organ and plano; pub. a Choralbuch and Ratgeber für Musiker bei der Auswahl geeigneter Musikalien.

BRAHMS, Johannas (1822-1907). b.

BRAHMS, Johannes (1833-1897): b. Hamburg, d. Vienna; son of a double-bass player in the Hamburg municipal theatre; studied with his father and Marxsen at Altona. He made his debut Marken at Anona. He made his debut at Hamburg as planist, made a con-cert-tour with Reményi, the violinist, in 1853. Joachim, who heard him at Göttingen, sent him to Schumann, on whom B's talent made so deep an imwhom b.'s tatent made so deep an impression that he published an enthusiastic article, Neue Bahnen, in the Neue Zeitschrift für Musik, announcing B. as a new master. Hereupon 3 piano sonatas and 3 books of songs by B. were published. After a period as conductor of the orchestra of the Prince sonatas and 3 books of songs by B. were published. After a period as conductor of the orchestra of the Prince of Lippe-Detmold, he retired to Hamburg for further study. In 1862 he went to Vienna, and became conductor of the Singakademie (1863), spent the next five years in Hamburg, Zurich, Baden-Baden and elsewhere, and made concert-tours with his friend Stockhausen, returning to Vienna in 1860. He conducted the grand orchestral concerts of the Gesellschaft der Musikfreunde during 1871-74, then, after a sojourn near Heidelberg, made Vienna his home. B.'s honors include degrees of Mus. Doc. from Oxford, Dr. phil. from Breslau (1881), the Prussian order pour le mérite and membership in the Berlin Academy. He also had conferred on him the freedom of the city of Hamburg. B. is regarded as the foremost modern representative of classic composition, the legitimate heir of Schumann and, beside Wagner, the greatest German composer of his generation. Though in some respects the antithesis of Wagner, and as such championed by Hanslick, he was not personally hostile to him. He composed in every form except opera, and distinguished himself in every field. posed in every form except opera, and distinguished himself in every field. His works include the following: For

Concerns of the following: For the following: For the first of the following: For the first of t

Europe; composer of eight operas, chamber music, 'cello compositions. He wrote a method for the 'cello.

BRAGANZA, Duke of. Ref.: II. 30.
BRAHAM, John (1774-1856): b. London, d. there; studied with Leoni, Rauzzini, Isola; operatic tenor in Italy and London; composer of ballads and incidental dramatic music and creator of Huon in Weber's Oberon (1826).

BRAHMA. Ref.: X. 25.
BRAHMIG, [Julius] Bernhard (1822-1872): b. Hirschfeld, n. Liebenwerde, d. Detmold; music teacher, composer for organ and plano; pub. a Choralbuch and Ratgeber für Musiker bet der Auswahl geetgneter Musikalten.

BRAHMS, Johannes (1833-1897): b.

BRAHMS, Johannes (1833-1897): b. shapsodies, etc.); also to waitzes, op. 39, and variations on a Schumann theme for 4 hands. For violin, 'Cello, CLARINET, ETC.: 3 violin sonatas, 2 clarinet (or viola) sonatas, CEORAL WORKS. Female: Ave. Morte, (v. 2) harve Maria (w. orch.), 4 songs (w. 2 horns and harp), Psalm xiii (w. organ or piano), 3 sacred choruses, 12 songs and romances a cappella. Male: Rinaldo, w. ten. solo and orch., Rhapsody, or pland), sacted tholuses, 12 Songs and romances a cappella. Male: Rinaldo, w. ten. solo and orch., Rhapsody, w. alto solo and orch. Mixed: Funeral Hymn (w. wind instr.), 7 Marienlieder (2 parts), sacred song for 4 solo voices and chorus (w. organ); 3 songs in 6 parts a cappella; 'A German Requiem' (w. soil and orch.), 'Song of Destiny,' Song of Triumph' (both w. orch.), 12 songs (2 sets), 2 motets, Nānie (Schiller), w. orch., Gesang der Parzen (w. orch.), 1 set of songs and romances, Tafellied, and Deutsche Festund Gedenksprüche (double chorus). Vocal ensembles: 13 canons, fem. voices (w. piano), 2 motets for 5 v., 5 part-songs for 4 men's v., Liebeslieder waltzes, 7 quartets w. piano (2 sets), Neue Liebeslieder waltzes; 16 duets (7 for S. & A., 4 for A. & Bar.), 4 ballads and romances for 2 v. w. piano, 5 romances and songs (1 or 2 v.), 3 motets, 4 & 8 voices, Gypsy Songs (w. piano). Vocal solos: 2 songs for alto w. viola & piano, vier Ernste Gesänge for bass vs. piano, a large number of songs for diverse compasses; also 15 Volks-Kinderlieder. Fon ogann: Prelude and fugue in A min.; Fugue in A-flat min. Ref.: For life and work see II. 443ff; songs, V. 276ff; choral works, VI. 193ff, 292f; piano compositions, VII. 459f; chamber music, VII. 459f; chamber music, VII. 459f; mus. ex., XIII. 372, 377; portrait, II. 450; caricature, VII. 238. For general references see individual indexes.

BRAH-MULLER, Karl Friedrich

BRAMBACH (1) Kaspar Joseph (1833-1902): h. Bonn, d. there; composer; studied with A. zur Nieden, at the Cologne Cons., and with Ferdinand Hiller at Frankfort; teacher at Cologne Cons., 1858-61; musical director at Bonn, 1861-69; wrote a number of cantatas, choruses (with and without orchestra), an opera, a concert overture, a piano concerto, a piano sextet, a string sextet, 2 piano quartets, alternated with Materna as Kundry in etc. (2) Wilhelm (1841-); b. Bonn; philologist and prof. at Freiburg Univ.; head-librarian at Karlsruhe and author of five books on the music branch of the music learning and service (1886). Ref.: IX. 191. and author of five books on the music of the Middle Ages.

of the Middle Ages.

BRAMBILLA (1) Paolo (1786-1838): b. Milan, d. there; operatic composer in Milan and Turin. (2) Marietta (1807-1875): b. Cassona d'Adda, d. Milan; studied at Milan Cons.; singer and vocal teacher in Italy, Vienna, Paris and London; composer of songs. (3) Teresa (1813-1895): b. Cassona d'Adda, d. Milan; studied in Milan Cons., operatic singer in Milan, Naples, Spain, Paris and Venice.

BRANCA, Guglielmo (1849-): b. Bologna; operatic composer, success-

b. Bologna; operatic composer, successful in productions in Florence, Naples, and Cremona.

and Cremona.

BRANCACCIO, Antonio (1813-1846): b. Naples, d. there; studied at Naples Cons.; operatic comp.; produced about ten operas in Naples.

BRAND, Michael (19th cent.): 'cellist, organizer of Cincinnati (Ohio) Music Festival (1894). Ref.: IV. 193f.

BRANDEIS, Friedrich (1835-1899): b. Vienna, d. New York; composer; studied with Fischhoff, Karl Czerny and Rufinatscha, and with Wilhelm Movembefer in New York; toured with and Rutinatscha, and with Wilhelm Meyerhofer in New York; toured with concert troupes in the United States as pianist and conductor; organist in several New York churches; composer of orchestral works, vocal works for soli and chorus with orchestra, a piano trio, several sextets for flute and strings, piano pieces songs etc. strings, piano pieces, songs, etc.

BRANDENBURG (1) Ferdinand

BRANDENBURG (1) Ferdinand ([?]-1850): b. Erfurt, d. Rudolstadt; violinist and dramatic composer in Leipzig. (2) Hans, German writer. Ref.: X. 202. (3) Margrave of. Ref.: Leipzig. (2) Ref.: X. 202. VIII. 129.

BRANDES (1) Emma (1854-): b. near Schwerin; studied with Aloys, Schmitt; court planist at Goltermann who became wife of Prof. Engelmann. (2) Friedrich (1864-): b. Aschers-leben; studied with Spitta, Bellerleben; studied with Spitta, Bellermann and Kretzschmar; became music critic of the Dresdner Anzeiger, 1895, conductor of the Dresdner Lehrergesangverein, 1898, musical director at Leipzig Univ., 1909; editor of the Neue Zeitschrift für Musik since 1911; composer of male choruses, songs and rigges piano pieces.

operettas.

BRANDT (1) Marianne (stage name for Marie Bischof) (1842-): b. Vienna; operatic contraito; pupil of Frau Marschner (Vienna Cons.) and Mme. Viardot-García. Sang at Graz, Berlin Royal Opera and New York. Alternated with Materna as Kundry in Bayreuth (1886). Ref.: IV. 138, 140. (2) Caroline: singer; wife of C. M. V. Weber. Ref.: IX. 191.

BRANDTS-BUYS, Jan (1868-): b. Zutuben: composer: studied with

BRANDTS-BUYS, Jan (1868-).

Lutphen; composer; studied with Schwarz and Urspruch at the Raff Cons., Frankfort; has composed toperas Das Veilchenfest (1909), Das Glockenspiel (1913) and Die drei Schneider von Schönau (1916), a piano concerto, chamber music and songs.

BRANDUS DUFOUE et Clierungic

BRANDUS, DUFOUR et Cier music publishers in Paris. The firm was founded by Moritz Schlesinger in 1834 and assumed by Louis and Gemmy Brandus in 1846.

Brandus in 1846.

BRANSCOMBE, Gena (Mrs. John Tenney): b. Canada; contemp. American composer. Ref.: IV. 438f.

BRANT, Jobst vom (16th cent.): composer of psalms, motets, sacred songs, etc., captain at Waldsachen, and governor at Liehenstein.

BRASSIN (1) Louis (1840-1884): b. Aachen, d. St. Petersburg; studied with Moscheles; concert planist who toured with his brothers and then taught in the Stern Cons., Berlin, and at St. Petersburg. He composed two operatas, salon-pieces, songs, etc., also retersburg. He composed two oper-ettas, salon-pieces, songs, etc., also £cole moderne du piano, twelve £tudes de concert. (2) Leopoid (1843-1890): b. Strassburg, d. Constantinople; court planist at Coburg; teacher at Berne, St. Petersburg and Constantinople, com-poser of concertos and works for piano solo. (3) Gerhard (1844-): b. Aachen; violinist, concert-master in Cothenhyur taccher in Berlin con-Gothenburg, teacher in Berlin, conductor in Breslau and St. Petersburg, composer of violin solo compositions.

BRATSCH, Johann Georg (1815-1888): b. Zell, d. Aschaffenburg; mu-sical director at Würzburg and Aschalfenburg.

BRATTLE, Thomas (17th-18th cent.): introduced the organ in America. Ref.: IV. 19; VI. 496.
BRAUER, Max (1855-): b.
Mamheim; studied with Lachner, Hiller, Jensen and de Lange; dir. of musicat Kalearslauten and de Variant sic at Kaiserslautern and at Karlsruhe;

ger, sic at Kaiserslautern and at Karlsruhe; rerecomposed works for piano, violin, at 'cello, and organ; also two operas and a suite for string orchestra, etc.

BRAUNFELS, Walter (1882-):
b. Frankfort-a-M.; composer; studied with Kwast in Frankfort, Leschetizky and Navratil in Vienna, Thuille in Munich; has composed the operas PrinBastesia Brambilla (1909) and Mensire. BRANDL (1) Johann (1760-1837): and Navratil in Vienna, Thuille in Mub. Kloster Rohr, near Ratisbon, d. nich; has composed the operas Prin-Carlsruhe; court Musikdirektor at Ba-zessin Brambilla (1909) and Ulenspiegel (1913), variations for orchestra, Ariels Gesang and serenade for small orchestra, Offenbarung Johannis for tenor, chorus and orchestra, songs and piano pieces.

BREBOS, Gilles (Maître Gilles) (d. 1584): famous organ builder at Louvain and Antwerp, built 4 organs for the 2 choirs of the Escurial.

BRECHER, Gustav (1879-): b. Eichwald, Bohemia; studied in Leip-Eichwald, Bohemia; studied in Leipzig with Jadassohn, Hofmann, etc.; début as conductor at a Liszt-Verein concert there, 1897; became repetitor at the Municipal Theatre, Leipzig. 1898, conductor at the Vienna Court Opera, 1901, first Kapellmeister of municipal theatres in Olmutz, 1902, Hamburg, 1903; since 1911 of Cologne Opera; composer of a symphonic poem, a symphonic fantasy and many songs; author of a monograph on Richard Strauss and other musical essays.

BREE, Jean Bernhard van (1801-

Strauss and other musical essays.

BREE, Jean Bernhard van (18011857): b. Amsterdam, d. there; pupil of Bertelmann, artistic director of the Felix meritis' Society, founder of the Cecilia Society and director of the music school of the Society for the Advancement of Tonal Art; composer of an oper Sampho masses cantains and an opera, Sappho, masses, cantatas, and instrumental music.

vancement of Tonal Art; composer of an opera, Sappho, masses, cantatas, and instrumental music.

RREIDENSTEIN. Heinrich Karl (1796-1876): b. Steinau, Hesse, d. Bonn; dir. of music at the Univ. of Bonn, composer of a cantata and chorales, and author of a singing method.

BREITKOPF & HARTEL, firm of music publishers, founded in Leipzig by Bernhard Christoph Breitkopf (1695-1777) who set up a printing press in 1719 and began the publication of theological and historical works. His son, Johann Gottlob Immanuel B. (1719-1794) took over the business in 1745 and changed the name to B. C. Breitkopf & Sohn music in four parts, and a thematic types; published the compositions of C. P. E. Bach, Graun, Hiller, Leopold Mozart, issued catalogues of printed music in six parts, of MS music in four parts, and a thematic catalogue of MS. music, in five parts, with sixteen supplements (1762-87). He was succeeded by his own son Christoph Gottlob B. (1750-1800), who after a year turned the business over to his friend Gottfried Christoph Hartel (1783-1827), who changed the Allgemeine musikalische Zeitung (1798) and made a number of improvements in printing, including the system of engraving music on pewter plates. In 1805 he was associated with the inventor. Sennefelder, in the introduction of lithography. He also started the first piano factory in central Germany. After his death the business

was carried on by his nephew Florenz Hartel until 1835, when it was taken over by his eldest son, Hermann H. (1803-1875) and a younger son, Raymonn H. (1810-1888). These published works of Mendelssohn, Schumann, Chopin and others; brought out new editions of Schubert, Weber and Hummel; began the issue of a series of cheap editions of classical works; finished a complete critical edition in score and parts of the works of Beethoven (1866) and projected a similar edition of Mendelssohn; also published edition of Mendelssohn; also published numerous historical, theoretical, crit-ical biographical and other works on numerous historical, theoretical, critical biographical and other works on music. After Hermann's death, Raymond continued the business in association with Wilhelm Volkmann's (1846) and Dr. Georg Oscar Immanuel Hase, grandson of Gottfried Hartel (1846). After Wilhelm Volkmann's death, his son, Dr. Ludwig Volkmann's Complete editions of the great masters. See Addenda. Ref.: II. 134, 146, 147; III. 11.

BREMA, Marie (Minnie Fehrmann) (1856-): b. Liverpool; mezzo-soprano; studied with Henschel and others; operatic début as Adrienne Lecouvreur, Oxford, 1891; sang Ortrud at Bayreuth, 1894; Wagner rôles with Damrosch company in the United States, 1895, and at Metropolitan Opera House, 1895-96; Fricka and Kundry at Bayreuth, 1896-97; varied rôles in Brussels, Paris and London; well known also as oratorio and concert singer; professor of singing at Royal College of Music, Manchester.

BREMNER (1) Robert (1720-1789): b. Scotland, d. London: puoil of Gem-

sammikunst der Zukunft (1854), Franz of zarzuelas and orchestral pieces Liszt als Symphoniker (1859), Die Organisation des Mustkwesens durch der XII, polonaise, scherzo, etc.). Ref.: IX. Staat (1865), Geist und Technik im Klapierunterricht (1867), besides many streepens erfülle (1867), besides many

newspaper articles.

BRENET, Michel (1858-): b. Lunéville; author of Histoire de la symphonie à orchestre depuis ses origisymphonie à orchestre deputs ses origi-nes (prize-essay, 1882); Gretry, sa vie et ses œuvres (1884); Deux pages de la vie de Berlioz (1889); Jean d'Okeghem (1893); La musique dans les proces-sions (1896); Sebastien de Brossard (1896); Les oratoires de Carissimi (1896); Les oratoires de Carissimi (1893); La musique dans les concerts de femmes (1898); Claude Goudimel (1898), Notes sur l'histoire du luit en France (1899); Les concerts en France France (1925), Les contents en Frances sous l'ancien régime (1900); Additions inédites de Don Jumilhac à son traté, etc. (1902); La jeunesse de Rameau (1903); Palestrina (1905); La plus an-(1905); Palestrina (1905); La plus ancienne méthode française de musique (1907); J. Haydn (1909); Notes sur l'introduction des instruments dans les églises de France (1909); Les Musiciens de la Sainte Chapelle du Palais (1910); Musique et musiciens de la vieille France (1911); Handel (1913). Ref.: VIII. 285.

BRENNER, Ludwig, Rifter von (1833-1902): b. Leipzig, d. there; studied at Leipzig Cons., member of the St. Petersburg Imperial Orchestra; conductor of the Berlin symphony, and founder of the Neue Berliner Symphoniekapelle, 1876; conductor of Meyder's concert-orchestra at Breslau; composer of grand masses, overtures, symphoniekapelle, 1876; conductor of Meyder's concert-orchestra at Breslau; composer of grand masses, overtures, symphoniekapelle, 1876; conductor of Meyder's concert-orchestra at Breslau; composer of grand masses, overtures, symphoniekapelle, symphoni poser of grand masses, overtures, symphonic poems, orchestral music, and 2 Te Deums.

BRENTANO (1) Bettina: friend of Beethoven. Ref.: II. 139f, 145. (2) Maximilian, friend of Beethoven. Ref.: VII. 575.

Ref.: VII. 575.

BREOBRASHENSKAYA: Russian ballerina. Ref.: X. 183, 185, 188.

BRESSLER-GLANOLI, Clotfilde (1875-1912): b. Geneva, d. there; mezzosprano; student at the Geneva Cons. and with Sangiovanni, Giacosa and Ronconi at the Milan Cons.; operatic début at Geneva in Samson et Dalila; later sang in Milan, Brussels, Bordeaux, Lyons, at the Opéra Comique, Paris, where she made a sensation as Carmen; was with the San Carlos company in New Orleans and New York, at the Manhattan Opera House, 1906-08, at the Metropolitan Opera House, 1909-10, and with the Philadelphia-Chicago Opera Co., 1910-13; created several rôles in modern French Operas.

XII, polonaise, scherzo, etc.). Ref.: IX.
428.

BRETZNER, C. F.: librettist of
Moxart's Entituhrung. Ref.: IX. 87.
BREUNING, Stephan (1774-1827):
b. Bonn, d. Vienna; boyhood friend of
Beethoven; his son, Moritz Gerhard von
B., wrote Aus dem Schwarzspanierhause, which is a mine of information
on the last days of Beethoven. Ref.:
II. 133, 139, 142, 144.
BREVAL (1) Jean-Baptiste (17561825): b. department of the Aisne,
France, d. Chamouille, near Laôn; 'cellist in the Paris Grand Opera, and professor at the Conservatoire; composer
of operas, symphonies, chamber music,
'cello concertos, etc.; author of a
'cello method. (2) Lucienne [Bertha
Brennwald] (1870-): b. Männedorf, Switzerland; studied at Paris
Cons.; début at the Opéra as Selika
in l'Africaine, 1892, and since then
principal dramatic soprano there; sang
in United States, 1900-01 and 1901-02,
and at Covent Garden; created chief
soprano rôles in Wagner dramas at the
Opéra; also created leading rôles in
Holmès' La Montagne noire, Girand's Soprano foles in wagner dramas at me Opéra; also created leading rôles in Holmès' La Montagne noire, Giraud's Fredegonde, Vidal's Burgonde, Massenet's Grisèlidis, Erlanger's Fils de l'étoile, Dukas' Ariane et Barbe-Bleue, Massenet's Bacchus and Bloch's Macbeth.

BREVILLE, Pierre (Onfroy) de (1861-): b. Bar-le-Duc; composer; studied at Conservatoire with Duhois and César Franck; since 1889 professor of counterpoint at the Schola Cantorum; member of the examining committee for chamber music and composition at the Conservatoire; critic for sition at the Conservatoire; critic for La France, La Revue internationale de Musique and the Mercure de France; his compositions include the opera Eros Vainqueur (1910), Sainte Rose de Lima, for chorus, soli and orchestra, a 3-part mass with organ, string orchestra and harp, motets, sacred choral works, 2 suites for orchestra, Une ouverture pour un drame and overture to Maeterlinck's La Princesse Maleine, in-cidental music to Maeterlinck's Sept Princesses and Kalidasa's Sakuntala,

deaux, Lyons, at the Opera Comique, Paris, where she made a sensation as Carmen; was with the San Carlos company in New Orleans and New York, at the Manhattan Opera House, 1906-08, at the Metropolitan Opera House, 1909-10, and with the Philadelphia-Chicago Opera Co., 1910-13; created several roles in modern French Operas.

BRETHAL, Bertha Pierson (1861-): operatic soprano in Germany, U.S. and Italy; Wagner roles.

BRETON [y Hernandez], Tomás (1850-): b. Salamanca; Spanish opera (1850-):

songs, church music, etc. Ref .: | songs,

BRIARD. Étienne (early cent.): music printer at Avignon; distinguished for his use of round instead of angular note-heads. Ref.: I. 286.

BRICCIALDI, Giulio (1818-1881): b. Terni, d. Florence; member of the Academy of St. Cecilia at Rome, 'maestro at the court of Syracuse; concert flutist in England and America; composer of an opera, works for the flute; author of a method for the flute.

poser of an opera, works for the flute.

BRIDGE (1) [Sir John] Frederick (1844-): b. Oldbury, Worcestershire, pupil of his father, J. Hopkins, and Sir John Goss. Became organist of Trinity Ch., Windsor, Manchester cathedral, Westminster Abbey. Mus. Bac. Oxon., 1868; professor of theory, Royal College of Music, 1890; King Edward professor of music, London Univ., 1902; examiner for music, Oxford Univ. He wrote cantatas, including 'Boadicea' (1880), 'Rock of Ages' (1885), and 'Callirhoë' (1888); 'The Repentance of Nineveh,' dramatic oratorio (1890); 'The Lord's Prayer' [after Dante] (1892); 'The Cradle of Christ' (1894); also 2 choral hallades, 2 oratorios, 'Mount Moriah,' 'Nineveh,' overture, anthems, part-songs, and songs. Pub. primers on Counterpoint, Double-counterpoint, Canon, and Organ-accompaniment of the Charl Service also a 'Harmany' on counterpoint, Double-counterpoint, Canon, and Organ-accompaniment of the Choral Service, also a 'Harmony' (w. Sawyer). Ref.: III. 421, 422; VI. 493. (2) Joseph Cox (1853-): b. Rochester; brother of (1); studied with his brother and with Hopkins; organist of Chester esthedral. with his brother and with Hopkins; organist of Chester cathedral since 1877; revived in 1879 the Chester Triennial Musical Festival, of which he was conductor until 1900; founder and conductor of the Chester Musical Society, 1883, and conductor of the Bradford Festival Chorus Society, 1887-90; since 1908 professor of music at Univ. of Durham; examiner in music to Durham, Oxford and London universities; composer of an oratorio, 2 cantatas, church services, a 'Requiem Mass,' an operetta 'The Belle of the Area,' a symphony, a string quartet, a sonata for 'cello and piano, songs, organ music, viano nieces, etc. piano pieces, etc.

BRIDGES, Robert, poet. Ref.: VI.

BRIEGEL, Wolfgang Karl (1626-1712): b. Germany, d. Darmstadt; organist Stettun; court cantor Gotha; Kapellmeister at Darmstadt; wrote much church music and instrumental pieces (1652-1709). Ref.: VII. 473.
BRIGNOLI (19th cent.): an Italian tenor, introduced to New York by Max Warstyck at the Academy of Music in

tenor, introduced to New York by Max Maretzek at the Academy of Music in 1855. Ref.: IV. 132.

[ten] BRINK, Jules (1838-1889): b. Amsterdam, d. Paris; studied with Heinze, Dupont, E. F. Richter; music director at Lyons; composer in Paris of two operas, an orchestral suite, a symphony, a concerto for the violin, etc.

BRINSMEAD, John (1814-): b. Wear Gifford, North Devon; was the Wear Gifford, North Devon; was the founder of a pianoforte manufacturing firm in London (1835); inventor of a 'perfect check repeater action,' pat. in 1868. His sons, Thomas and Edgar, were co-partners with him; Edgar pub. a pianoforte history in 1868 which was revised and republished eleven years later. later.

BRISSLER, Friedrich Ferdinand (1818-1892): b. Insterburg, d. Berlin; studied at Berlin academy; taught at the Stern Cons., composed an opera, a symphony, etc., and wrote excellent arrangements of classics.

BRISSON, Frederic (1821-1900): b.

Angouleme, Charente, d. Orleans; teacher and dramatic composer in Paris; wrote salon pieces, an operetta,

etc.

BRISTOW (1) W. R. (1803-67): b.
England; conductor in New York. (2)
George Frederick (1825-98): b.
Brooklyn, N. Y., d. New York; violinist, organist and composer. Wrote 2 operas, 'Rip Van Winkle' and 'Columbus' (unfinished), 2 oratorios, symphonies, etc. Ref.: IV. 334.

BRITO, Esteban de (early 17th cent.): Portuguese director and composer.

poser.

BRITTON, Thomas (1651-1714): music patron; a pioneer of concert life in London; gave regular Sunday concerts at his house, featuring celebrated musicians (including Handel). Ref.: VII. 481.

BRIXI, Franz Xaver (1732-1771): b. Prague, d. there; studied with Segert; organist, cathedral Kapell-meister at Prague and composer of oratorios and a large number of grand and minor masses, one requiem and and minor masses, other church music.

BROADWOOD AND SONS: eminent London firm of piano manufacturers, was founded by Burkhard Shudi (correctly Tschudi) whose harpsuchords became famous in England and on the Continent. His partner, con in-law and euccessor was Laby and on the Continent. His partner, son-in-law and successor, was John Broadwood (1732-1812), originally a cabinet-maker. They adopted the English mechanism of Americus Backers after the latter's death in 1781, which was a development of the Christofori invention, and henceforth their pianofortes were most highly esteemed. John B. was succeeded by James Schunt and Thomas Broadwood, the latter by Henry Fowler B. (d. 1893), whose son Henry John Tschudi B. organized the firm into a limited company. Ref.: VII. 158.

BROCKES, B. H.: author of the text of Handel's Passion. Ref.: I. 425, 433, 480; VI. 244.

BROCKWAY, Howard A. (1870-): b. Brocklyn, N. Y.; studied in Berlin under Barth and Boise. Has taught and concertized in New York since 1895. Wrote chiefly works for

piano; also a symphony, orchestral of singing and composer of religious scherzo, etc. Ref.: IV, 382f; mus ex., music. scherzo, e XIV. 271.

BROD, H. (1809-1839): b. Paris, d. there; oboist, conductor, professor at the Conservatoire.

BRODSKY, Adolf (1851-): b Taganrog, Russia; studied with Hellmesberger and at the Vienna Cons. with neimesberger and at the Vienna Cons., violinist in the Hellmesberger quartet and the Imperial opera orchestra; professor at the Moscow Cons.; conductor of symphony concerts at Kieff; concert violinist in Paris, Vienna and London; professor of violin at Leipzig Cons. and professor and director at the Manchester Royal College of Music. Ref.: VII. 464.

BROEKHOVEN, J. A. (1852-): b. Beek, Holland; professor in Cincinnati College of Music; composer of an

nati College of Music; composer of an orchestral suite, a grand overture, etc. BROGI, Renato (1873-): Italian opera composer. Ref.: III. 383.
BROMMER, May. See Afferni.
BRONS, Simon (1838-): b. Rotterdam; teacher and writer on musical subjects at The Hague, composer for orchestra, pianoforte and songs.
BRONSART [von Schellendorf]

BRONSART [von Schellendorf]
(1) Hans (1830-1913): b. Berlin; studied at the university and with Dehn, Kullak, Liszt; concert planist in Germany, at Paris and St. Petersburg, conductor in Leipzig, Berlin and Hanover; intendent of the Weimar court theatre, 1837-95 composed a piene concert. ductor in Leipzig, Berlin and Hanover; intendant of the Weimar court theatre, 1887-95, composed a piano concerto, a Spring Fantasy for orch., 2 symphonies, a dramatic tone poem 'Manfred,' a cantata, string sextet, a trio and piano pieces. Ref.: III. 237. (2) Ingeborg von (1840-1913): b. St. Petersburg, d. Munich; studied with Liszt; planist and comp. of merit; wrote pianoforte music of various descriptions and produced four operas. Her maiden name was Starck; she married (1) in 1862. Ref.: III. 237.

BROOKS, Waiter William (1861-): composer; studied with Prout at the Royal Academy of Music; teacher of piano and voice at the William Ellis Endowed School, London, since 1889; contributor to and for a time editor of the Monthly Musical Record'; composer of an Allegro for orchestra, pieces for violin and piano, piano pieces, songs, part-songs, etc.

BROOME, William Edward (1868-): b. Manchester; composer; studied piano and organ with Boland Rogers at

BROOME, William Edward (1868-); b. Manchester; composer; studied piano and organ with Roland Rogers at Bangor Cathedral; assistant organist there and organist of St. Mary's, 1883-90; conductor of Bangor Choral Society and Penrhyn Male Chorus, 1893; organist in Montreal, 1894-1905, and of Baptist Church, Toronto, since 1905; on staff of Toronto Cons.; composer of a dramatic cantata The Siege of Cardiff Castle' (1908), and much church music. uiii Castle' (1908), and much church music.

BROR, Ernst (1809-1886): b. Silesia, d. Tarnapol; 'cellist, organist, teacher ganist.

Land Constant (1903), sacred music, songs, organ and piano pieces.

BROWNSMITH, J. Leman (1809-1866): b. Westminster, d. there; organist.

BROSCHI, Carlo See Farinelli (2).
BROSIG, Moritz (1815-1887): b.
Fuchswinkel, Upper Silesia, d. Breslau;
studied with Franz Wolf; music director and cathedral organist and Kapellmeister at Breslau; assistant director of the Royal Institute for Catholic Church Music; composer of offertories, graduals, instrumental masses, and twenty books of organ compositions; he wrote treatises on the organ, on

he wrote treatises on the organ, on chorales, on modulation, and on harmony. Ref.: VI. 324.

BROUNOFF, Platon (1863-): b. Elizabethgrad, South Russia; studied at St. Petersburg Cons. under Rubinstein and Rimsky-Korsakoff; living in New York as teacher, pianist, etc., since 1892; composed an overture Russia, 'Songs of Freedom,' an American Indian opera 'Ramona,' a music drama Xiolna,' etc., and collected Jewish folk-songs. Ref.: IV. 450.

BROUSTET, Edouard (1836-):

BROUSTET, Edouard (1836-): b. Toulouse; studied with Stamaty, Litolf, Ravina; toured St. Petersburg, Portugal and Spain; pianist in Tou-louse where he comp. a concerto, trios, a quintet, and solos for the planoforte,

louse where he comp. a concerto, trios, a quintet, and solos for the planoforte, also a symphonie, concertante for the plano with orchestra.

BROWN (1) William: American musical pioneer. Ref.: IV. 66, 72. (2) Robert (1790-1873): b. Glasgow, d. Rockhaven; wrote on 'Elements of Musical Science' and counterpoint. (3) Colin (1818-1896): b. near Glasgow, where he lectured on music at Anderson's College; wrote 'Music in Common Things' (1874-6), constructed a Monopolytone (to combine overtones). (4) James Duff (1862-): b. Edinburgh, librarian at Clerkenwell Library, London; wrote a dictionary of musicans (1886), etc., also with Stephen Stratton, British Musical Biography' (1897); collected songs and dances of all nations.

BROWNE (1) Lennox (19th cent.): authority on voice physiology; wrote 'Voice, Song and Speech' with Emil Behnke (q.v.). (2) John Lewis (1864-): b. London; organist; studied with his ather and with S. P. Warren and F.

Behnke (q.v.). (2) John Lewis (1864-); b. London; organist; studied with his father and with S. P. Warren and F. Archer; organist Holy Name Cathedral, Chicago, 1888; organist and conductor of symphony concerts in San Francisco, 1892-98; organist of Sacred Heart Church, and conductor of the symphony orchestra, Atlanta, 1899-1907; musical director at John Wanamaker's, Philadelphia, 1908-10; organist and cholrmaster of St. Patrick's and Our Lady of Sorrow's Church, Chicago; designed organ for Medinah Temple, Chicago; member of Royal Philharmonic Academy, Rome; composer of the op-Academy, Rome; composer of the op-era La Corsicana (1903), sacred mu-

BRUCH, Max (1838-): b. Cologne; pupil of his mother (née Almenrâder), a singer, and Breidenstein at Bonn. He won the Mozart Foundation scholarship at Frankfort, 1853, and studied with F. Hiller, Reinecke and Breuning. He prod. a symphony at Cologne at age of 14, and a setting of Goethe's Scherz, List und Rache (op. 1) in 1858. An opera, Loreley (composed to the libretto Geibel had written for Mendelssohm) appeared in 1864. His Frithjof, for male chorus, was prod. during 1864-65, and his now popular G min. violin concerto in 1867. In Berlin he produced his opera Hermione (1872) and the choral works Arminius and Lied von der Glocke, also the second violin-concerto (1) minor). He also wrote Odysseus, for mixed chorus, and Normannenzug and Leonidas for male chorus, a cantata, Das Feuerkreuz, an oratorio Moses, a third violin concerto and 3 symphonies, also 2 string quartets and other chamber music, the popular Kol Nidrel, Hebrew melody for 'cello, piano pieces and songs. B. was Musikdirektor at Coblenz, 1865-67, court Kapellmeister at Sondershausen, 1867-70, conductor of the Stern Gesangverein, Berlin, 1878, of the Philharmonic Soc., Liverpool, 1880, the Orchestral Soc., Breslau, 1883-90; director of a Master School for Composition at the Berlin Academy, 1891-1910, when he retired. Ref.: III. xii, 39, 2077; VI. 197f; VII. 452, 465; VIII. 252; portrait, VI. 202; mus. ex., XIV. 40. BRUCKEN-FOCK, Emile van: BRUCH, Max (1838-): b. Cologne: pupil of his mother (née Almen-

252; portrait, VI. 202; mus. ex., XIV. 40.
BRUCKEN-FOOK, Emile van:
comp., a one-act music drama, Selencia
(1895), works for chorus, orch., etc.
BRUCKLER, Hugo (1845-1871): b.
Dresden, d. there; composer of songs
(Lieder aus Scheffel's Trompeter von
Säkkingen, etc.), ballades, male choruses, etc.)

ruses, etc.

BRUCKNER, Anton (1824-1896): b. Ansfelden, Upper Austria, d. Vienna. The son of a country schoolmaster and orphaned in childhood, he taught himself in organ playing and counterpoint, with such remarkable success that he secured appointment as cathedral or-ganist at Linz in 1855. He now became a pupil of O. Kitzler in composition and Sechter in counterpoint and succeeded the latter as court-organist at Vienna, also as professor at the Vienna Cons. He became Lektor of music at the Univ. in 1875 and received the honorary degree of doctor in 1891. He travelled to France and England, becoming known as one of the greatest organ virtuosi of his day. He was a friend and admirer of Wagner, whose inflience is supposed to be strong in his work, which, however, is classic in form and frequently leans to the side of Brahms. He wrote 9 symphonies (No. 1, C min.; No. 2, C min.; No. 3, D min.; No. 4 [Romanitc'], E-flat; No. 5, B-flat; No. 6, A; No. 7, E; No. 8, C min., No. 9 [unfinished]), a Te Deum mass a cappella, choral works with Sechter in counterpoint and succeeded

(1886), grand masses in D min., E min., and F min.; a Requiem; graduals, offertories, psalms; Germanenzug, and several other works for male chorus; a string quartet in F, and other chamber music. Ref.: II. 438; III. viii, ix, xiii, 2011, 219ff, 227; choral works, VI. 438; symphonies, VIII. 270ff; influence, VIII. 404, 411, 465; mus. ex., XIV. 31; portrait, III. 202; caricature, VIII. 270.

BRUCKNER, Oskar (1857-): b. Erfurt; studied with Grutzmacher and Draeseke; 'cellist in concert tours over Germany, Russia. Poland and Holland; virtuoso on the 'cello at the Strelitz court; 'cellist in the Wiesbaden Royal Theatre and teacher in the conservatory

Theatre and teacher in the conservatory there. His compositions include solo pieces for the 'cello, pianoforte works, songs and arrangements for the 'cello.

BRUDIEU, Juan (16th cent.): Spanish priest and composer; cathedral conductor at Urgel and Barcelona; wrote madrigals.

madrigals.

BRUHNS, Nikolaus (1665-1697): b. Schwabstädt, Schleswig, d. Husum; studied with Buxtehude; organist at Copenhagen; composer for organ and piano and performer on the violin and organ (together!). Ref.: VII. 422.

BRÜLL, Ignaz (1846-1907): b. Prossnitz, d. Vienna; pupil of Epstein, Rufinatscha and Dessoff, Vienna. Toured as pianist then became professor of the

natscha and Dessoff, Vienna. Toured as pianist, then became professor of the Horak Institute, Vienna. He composed operas, Die Bettler von Samarkand (1864); Das goldene Kreuz (Berlin, 1875); Der Landfriede (Vienna, 1877); Bianca (Dresden, 1879); Königin Mariette (Munich, 1883); Das steinerne Herz (Vienna, 1888); Gringoire (1 act, Munich, 1892); Schach dem König (Munich, 1893); and Der Husar (Vienna, 1898), a very successful 2-act comic opera; also for orchestra, Im Walde, Jagdonvertire, 3 serenades, overture to Macbeth, Tanz-Suite; 2 piano concertos, 1 violin concerto, a suite for piano and violin, sonatas for 'cello, 2 pianos, violin, piano pieces, part-songs, songs, etc. Ref.: III. 256; IX. 423.

BRUMEL, Amton (15th-16th cent.):

III. 256; IX. 423.

BRUMEL, Anton (15th-16th cent.):
Netherland composer contemp. with
Josquin; at the court of the Duke of
Sora in Lyons to 1505, when he went
to Alfonso I. d'Este at Ferrara. Of his
compositions 6 4-part masses, fragments of others, and motets were printed by Petrucci (1503-14), 3 masses by
Antiquus (1516) and 1 each by Otts
and Petrejus (1539); others in MS. in
Munich, Vienna, etc.

BRUNE, Adolf Gerhard (1870-):
b. Bakkum, near Hanover; studied with
his father and at the Teacher's Seminary, Osnabrück; for five years organ-

and without orchestra, 5 string quartets, other orch. works, a mass a cap-pella, chamber music, organ works, piano pieces, songs, etc.

pella, chamber music, organ works, piano pieces, songs, etc.

BRUNEAU, [Louis-Charles-Bonaventure-] Alfred (1857-): b. Paris; studied 'cello with Franchomme at the Conservatoire and won 1st 'cello prize, 1876, harmony with Savard, and comp. with Massenet, and won 1st prize, 1881, with his cantata Sainte Geneviève. He composed Kérim (Opéra-Populaire, 1887); Le Rève (Paris, 1892); L'Attaque du moulin (Opéra-Comique, 1893); Messidor (libretto by Emile Zola) (Opéra, 1897). Of these L'Attaque du Moulin was the most successful by far. He also wrote 2 overtures, 2 symphonic poems, La belle au bois dormant and songs, Lieds de France, Lieds en prose (Mendès), etc. B. was critic for Gil Blas, 1893-95, for Figaro from 1895. He wrote on French opera, Russian music, etc. Ref.: III. viii, ix, 342ff; VI. 387; operas, IX. 462f. BRUNELLI, Antonio (early 17th cent.): maestro di cappella at the Florentine court and composer of motets, canzonette and madrigals; author of a treatise on counterpoint pub. in Florence in 1610.

treatise on counterpoint pub. in Flor-ence in 1610.

BRUNETTI, Gaetano (ca. 1740-1808): b. Pisa, d. Madrid; studied with Nardini; court musician in Spain and composer of symphonies, sextets, quintets, etc. His intrigues resulted in Boccherini's dismissal in Madrid.

BRUNI, Antonio Bartolomeo (1759-1823): b. Coni, Piedmont, d. there; studied with Pugnani and Spezzani; violinist and conductor in Paris; composer of operas, music for the violin; subbor of violin and viole method. author of violin and viola methods.

BRUNNER, Christian Traugott (1792-1874): b. Brünlos, near Stollberg, d. Chemnitz; organist, director and composer of pedagogic piano pieces, pot-pourris for beginners, etc.

BRUNSWICK, Countess von: friend of Beethoven. Countess Therese Ref .: II.

145.

BRUYCK, [Karl] Debrois van (1828-1992): b. Brünn, d. Waldhofen; abandoned the study of law for music, which he learned under Rufinatscha; contributor to musical journals, author of a technical and æsthetic analysis of the 'Well-tempered Clavichord,' 'Robert Schumann' and 'The evolution of pianoforte music from Johann Sebastian Bach to Robert Schumann.'

BRYENNIUS. Manuel (early 14th

BRYENNIUS, Manuel (early 14th cent.): last of the Greek theorists, wrote 'Harmonica,' in which he gathered and summarized the work of earlier

writers.

BRYNE, Albertus (ca. 1621-after 1677): London organist at St. Paul's and Westminster.

BÜCHER, Karl (1847-): b. Kirberg, near Wiesbaden; author of Arbeit and Rythmus (1896). Ref.: (cited) L 6. 96, 195.

BUCHHALTER, Simon (1881-):
b. Kieff, Russia; pianist; studied in
New York with Paolo Gallico and
Leopold Kramer, and in Vienna with
Epstein and Stocker; toured United
Siates, 1902-05, 1909-10, and 1912-13;
head of piano department, Lindberg
School of Music, Wichita, Kans., 1907;
composer of an oratorio, the opera 'A
Lovers' Knot,' a symphonic overture,
piano pieces, songs, etc.
BUCHHOLZ (Berlin organ manufacturers) (1) Johann Simeon (17581825): b. Schlosswippach, near Erfurt,
d. Berlin; founder of the firm. (2) BUCHHALTER, Simon (1881-

d. Berlin; founder of the firm. (2)
Karl August (1796-1884): successor to
his father. (3) Karl Friedrich (d.
1885): grandson and last organ builder
of the family.

1885): grandson and last organ builder of the family.

BUCHNER, Adolf Emil (1826-1908): b. Osterfeld, d. Erfurt; studied at the Conservatory of Leipzig; conductor at Meiningen and Erfurt; composed overtures, symphonies, chamber music, cantata, 2 operas, etc.

BUCK (1) Dudley (1839-1909): b. Hartford, Conn., d. Orange, N. J.; studied at the Leipzig Cons., under Plaidy, Moscheles, Richter, Hauptmann and Rietz; organist of St. Jacob's, Chicago, St. Paul's, etc., Boston, and Trinity Church, Brooklyn, also conductor of the Apollo Club there and assistant conductor of the Thomas Orchestra; teacher of George W. Chadwick, Clarence Eddy and others. He composed church music, cantatas, a setting of Psalm 46 and organ pieces; also scenes from Longfellow's 'Golden Legend,' an overture 'Marmion,' a concerto for 2 horns, a symphony, 2 string quartets, songs, choral songs, a burlesque operetta 'Deseret' (1880) and an unperformed opera 'Serapis.' He also pub. 'Illustrations in Choir Accompaniment' and pedal studies for organ. His son Dudley B., Jr., is a well-known vocal teacher in New York. Ref.: IV. 345f; VI. 218ff, 498. (2) Percy Carter (1871-): b. West Ham, Essex; studied music at the Guildhall School of Music, London, also with Parry and Walter Parratt; Mus. D. Oxon., 1897; organist Wells Cathedral; professor of music at Dublin Univ. since 1910. He composed an overture, a piano quartet, a violin sonata, vices of the control of the processor of musics at public of the composed an overture, a piano quartet, a violin sonata, vices of the composed an overture, a piano quartet, a violin sonata, vices of the composed an overture, a piano quartet, a violin sonata, vices of the composed an overture, a piano quartet, a violin sonata, vices of the composed an overture a piano quartet, a violin sonata, vices of the composed an overture and page of the processor of the composed an overture, a piano quartet, a violin sonata, vices of the composed an overture and page of the processor of the processor of the processor of the processor o in Univ. since 1910. He composed an overture, a piano quintet, a piano quartet, a string quartet, a violin sonata, piano pleces, a sonata and other pieces for organ, anthems, etc., and wrote (with Mee and Woods) 'Ten Years of University Music in Oxford' (1894), also (alone) 'Unfigured Harmony' (1911), 'Organ Playing' in 1912, and 'The First Year at the Organ.' Ref.: III. 429.

BUHLER, Franz (1760-1824); b. Schneidheim, near Nördlingen, d. Augsburg; Benedictine monk; conductor at Augsburg cathedral; composed ora-torio, church music, sonatas, organ preludes, and one opera; collected Ger-man songs and wrote theoretical

brochures.

Bull

Bull (1) John (1563-1628): b. Somersetshire, England; d. Antwerp; pupil of William Blitheman in the Chapel Royal; organist Hereford Cathedral, 1582, and later 'master of the children.' Mus. Doc., Oxon., 1592. On Queen Elizabeth's recommendation, he was made professor at Gresham College (1596-1607). He became organist of the cathedral of Notre Dame at Antwerp in 1617. According to the list in Ward's 'Lives of the Gresham Professors,' he produced 200 compositions, some of which appeared in contemporary collections (exercises and variations for the virginals, some canons, and an anthem). A few are reprinted in Pauer's 'Old English Composers.' Ref.: I. 306; VI. 448, 449; VII. 19, 32; VIII. 125; mus. ex., XIII. 88. (2) Ole Bornemann (1810-1880): b. Bergen, d. near there; violinist; pupil of Paulsen, but formed a style peculiarly his own. Went to Spohr in 1829, but left him and went to Paris (1831), where he came under Paganini's influence; made début in 1832. Toured extensively, also in the U. S.; founded a national theatre at Bergen, but left the town because of disputes; attempted to establish a Norwegian colony in national theatre at Bergen, but left the town because of disputes; attempt-ed to establish a Norwegian colony in Pennsylvania, but lost heavily, and re-newed concert activity. A past-master of all resources and tricks of technique, he was not a broadly educated musi-cian, and seldom played any but his own pieces. He wrote 2 concertos, and mony characteristic violin pieces.

many characteristic violin pieces.

Ref.: VII. 452; VIII. 73.

BULLARD, Frederick Field (1864-1804): American composer; pupil of Rheinberger; published over 100 songs. part-songs, anthems, etc. 353. Ref .: IV.

part-songs, anthems, etc. Ref.: 1V. 353.

BULOW, Hans [Guido] von (1830-1894): b. Dresden; d. Cairo, Egypt; planist, conductor and critic; studied plano with Wieck and harmony with Eberwein, counterpoint with Hauptmann. In Berlin he became an ardent Wagner disciple, joined the master in Zürich, 1850-51, and learned conducting from him. He conducted in theatres at Zürich and St. Gallen, then studied with Liszt at Weimar. After two tours as pianist he became Kullak's successor at the Stern Cons., Berlin. He was made court pianist in 1857 and received a similar appointment in Munich through Wagner's influence, 1864, was court Kapellmeister, 1867-69, and dir. of the Music School. After a sojourn at Florence he became court Kapellmeister at Hanover and Hofmusik-Intendant at Saxe-Meiningen in 1880. After 1885 he taught at the Raff Cons., Frankfort, and Klindworth's Cons., Berlin; directed the Philharm. Concerts at St. Petersburg and Berlin, and the Subscription Concerts at Homburg, which he founded. B. was not only a great technician. but After a sojourn at Florence he became court Kapellmeister at Hanover and Hofmusik-Intendant at Saxe-Meiningen in 1880. After 1885 he taught at the Raff Cons., Frankfort, and Klindworth's Cons., Berlin; directed the Philharm. Concerts at St. Petersburg and Berlin, and the Subscription Concerts at Homburg, which he founded. Ished 7 books of sonatas, symphonics B. was not only a great technician, but a most remarkable interpreter, both inicipal Library of Breslau.

as pianist and conductor, and was endowed with a wonderful memory. He married (first) Cosima, the daughter of Liszt, whom he divorced and who then married Wagner. His second wife was Marie Schanzer, an actress. B. composed music to 'Julius Cæsar,' a symphonic mood picture, orchestral character pieces, piano pieces and songs. He made fine transcriptions of Wagner and Berlloz, and edited Beethoven's Sonatas. Ref.: III. 18, 23, 235; VI. 344; VII. 44, 332, 342; VIII. 256; portrait, VIII. 310.

BULSS. Paul (1847-1902): b. Birk-

BULSS, Paul (1847-1902): b. Birk-holz, d. Temesvar; studied with Engel; operatic baritone at Lübeck, Cologne, Cassel, Dresden and the Berlin court

opera.

BULTHAUPT, Heinrich Alfred
(1849-1905): b. Bremen, d. there;
author of Dramaturgie der Oper (1887),
Karl Lòwe, etc. (1898) and other musical books, also librettos.

BULWER-LYTTON. Ref.: (Wagner's adaptation of 'Rienzi') II. 406;

IX. 262.

BUNGERT, August (1846-1915): b. Muhlheim, d. Leutesdorf; studied with Kufferath, at the Cologne Cons. and with Mathias in Paris and later Kiel in Berlin; Musikdirektor in Kreuznach, lived in Berlin; near Genoa and Leutesdorf-on-the-Rhine. He wrote a plano quartet (prize of the Florentine Quartet, 1878), piano pieces, many songs, male quartets, overture Tasso, Symphonia vitric, a symphonic poem, etc., for orch., a comic opera Die Studenten von Salamanka (Leipzig, 1834), a musico-dramatic tetralogy Homerische Welt (4 parts, 1898-1903); also a mystery, a 'Zeppelin' symphony, music to Faust, etc. Ref.: III. viii, 240, 268; V. 312; VI. 355f; IX. 420.

BUNNET, Edward (1834—): b. Shipdam, England; organist articled to Dr. Buck at Norwich Cathedral, conductor of the Norwich Musical Union (1871-92); composer of cantatas, services, anthems, part-songs, and pieces for piano, organ, etc.

BUNNING, Herbert (1863—): b. London; studied with Ferroni at Milan; composer of symphonic poems, overtures, orchestral suite, part-songs and an unpublished opera; conductor at London theatres.

BUNTING, Edward (1773-1843): b. Armagh, Ireland; d. Dublin; collected and published three volumes of Irish music gathered from the minstrel harpists.

BUNYAN, John. Ref.: IV. 12. BUNGERT, August (1846-1915): b. Muhlheim, d. Leutesdorf; studied with

harpists.

BUONAMICI, Giuseppe (1864-1914): b. Florence, d. there; studied with his uncle, G. Ceccherini, with von Bulow and Rheinberger; 1870-73 taught in Munich at the Conservatory; conductor of a chorus in Florence, founder of the Trio Society there; became professor of piano at the Royal Inst. of Music. Wrote a quartet, overture, piano pieces, etc., and edited 50 études of Bertini, special études for Beethoven study, Beethoven's sonatas; pub. The Art of Scale Study.

BUONGIORNO. Crescenzo (1864-BUONAMICI, Giuseppe (1864-1914): brother of (1); b. Düsseldorf, Florence, d. there; studied with Aachen; studied with Spohr

Art of Scale Study.'
BUONGIORNO, Crescenzo (18641903): b. Bonito, Province of Avellino,
d. Dresden; composer; studied with
Serrão at the Naples Cons.; his works
include the operettas Abukadabar
(1889), Circe e Calipso (1892), La
nuova Saltarella (1894), and the operas Etelka (1887), Das Erntefest
(1896), Das Madchenherz (1901) and
Michel Angelo und Rolla (1903).
BUONI, Giorgio (17th cent.): composed Alettamenti da camera for two
violins and continuo (Bologna, 1693).
Ref.: VII. 390.

Ref .: VII. 390.

BUONONCINI. See Bononcini. BURANELLO. See GALUPPI.

BURANELLO. See GALUPI.
BURBURE DE WESEMBEEK,
Léon Philippe Marie, Chevalier de,
(1812-1889): b. Termonde, East Flanders, d. Antwerp; author of monographs on the ancient Antwerp music
guilds of Saint Job and Saint Maria
Magdalena; also on clavichord and lute
makers in Antwerp after the 16th century, on the Belgian Cecilian Society,
and on Haussens, Bosselet and Okeghem; also composed for orchestra,
chamber music and church music.

BURCHARD, Bishop of Worms.
Ref.: X. 129.

Ref .: X. 129.

Ref.: X. 129.

BURCK, Joachim. See Burgk.

BURCK, Joachim. See Burgk.

BURDE-NEY, Jenny (1826-1836):

b. Graz, d. Dresden; soprano; sang in
Germany, Austria and England; retired
from the stage 1867, and taught. In
1853 she married E. Bürde.

BURETTE, P. J. (1665-1747): b.
Paris, d. there; professor of medicine
in the University of Paris; wrote on
Greek music, controverting the theory
of the Greek knowledge of polyphony.
Ref.: (cited on Greek dance) X. 63.

BURGELL, Konstantin (1837-1999):

BURGEL, Konstantin (1837-1909): b. Liebau, Silesia; d. Breslau; studied with Brosig and Kiel; taught pianoforte

and Hauptmann; pianist; composer of pi-

anotorte concerts, a rhapsody, sonatas, a polonaise, quartets, etc.

BURKHARD, Johann Andreas
Christian (early 19th cent.): author of a Dictionary of Music' (published at Ulm, 1832) and a 'Method of Thorough Bass' (1827).

BURKHARDT, BURKHARDT, Max (1871-): b. Lobau in Saxony; composer and author; studied at Leipzig and Greifswald; conductor of the Liederkranz in Cologne, 1899; musical critic, and lecturer on music at the Lessing Hochschule, Berlin, since 1906; composer of the opera König Drosselbart (1904) and Das Moselgretchen (1912), a symphony, choral works and songs; author of Führer durch R. Wagners Musikdramen (1909), Führer durch die Konzertmusik (1911), Johannes Brahms: Ein Führer durch seine Werke (1912). Max (1871-Ein Führer durch seine Werke (1912).

Ein Führer durch seine Werke (1912).

BURLEIGH (1) Ceell (1885-):
b. Wyoming, N. Y.; violinist, composer and teacher; studied violin with Emil Sauret and Hugo Heermann at the Chicago Musical College and with Max Grinberg at Berlin; made concert tours in United States and Canada, 1907-09; pub. a number of pieces for violin and piano, including 'Ascension Sonata' (1914). Ref.: IV. 401. (2) Harry: b. Erie, Pa.; contemp. American song-composer of negro parentage; studied music at National Conservatory of Music, New York, 1892; baritone soloist at Bethesda Episcopal Church, Saratoga; St. George's Church, New York, since 1894; composed many songs ('Jean,' 'Deep River,' 'The Young Warrior,' etc.), some in negro folkmusic style, also 'Saracen Songs,' etc. Ref.: IV. 443.

BURMEISTER, Richard (1860-):

BURMEISTER, Richard (1860-): b. Hamburg; pianist; studied and travelled with Liszt; teacher in Hamburg Conservatory, director of pianoforte in Peabody Institute, Baltimore; composed piano concerto, symphonic fantasy, pi-

ano transcriptions, etc.

BURNEY, Charles (1726-1814): b. Shrewsbury, d. Chelsea; studied with Baker and with Dr. Arne; organist and musical historian, Mus. Doc.; BURGEL, Konstantin (1837-1909):

b. Liebau, Silesia; d. Breslau; studied with Brosig and Kiel; taught pianoforte at Kullak Academy; composed overtures, chamber music.

BURGER, Ref.: II. 223; VII. 339.

BURGER, Ref.: II. 223; VII. 339.

BURGER, Ref.: II. 223; VII. 399.

BURGER, composer of incidental dramatic music,

(on relation of music to poetry) II. 27; (on Viennese musical supremacy) II. 50; (on Stamitz) II. 64, 67; (travels of) II. 76, footnote; (description of Vienna) II. 80f; (and Haydn) II. 89; (cited) VI. 72, 102f; VII. 43; 48, 108, 394, 408, 415.

BURNS, Robert. Ref.: V. 91, 95f, 113f; VI. 210.

BURNS, See Boron.

BURN, Willard (1852-): b. Empoli, near Florence;

BURONI. See BORONI.
BURR, Willard (1852-): b.
Ohio; studied at Oberlin Conservatory
and with Haupt at Berlin; composer of
a grand sonata for piano and violin,
fugues, études, fantasies, string quartets, anthems, songs, etc.

BURRIAN. Carl (1870-): b.

tets, anthems, songs, euc.

BURRIAN, Carl (1870-): b.
Prague; operatic tenor; studied with
Piwoda; début at Reval (1892); sang

Cologne Hanover, Hamburg, Dres-

Piwoda; debut at Reval (1892); sang in Cologne, Hanover, Hamburg, Dresden, Vienna and New York; principal rôles include Tristan, Parsifal, Siegfried, Siegmund, Walter, Lohengrin and Tannhäuser. Ref.: IV. 155.

BURROWES, John Freckleton (1787-1852): b. London, d. there; pianist, organist and teacher in London; wrote Thorough Bass Primer and Pianoforte Primer'; composed an orchestral overture. sonatas for plano with tral overture, sonatas for plano with flute, 'cello or violin, piano diver-tissements, English ballads, etc. BURTIUS (Burci, Burzio), Nicolas

(1450-1518): b. Parma, d. there; wrote the Musices opusculum, which, pub. in Bologna by U. de Rugeriis, is one of the oldest works containing printed

mensural music.

BURTON (1) Avery: cathedral mu-BURTON (1) Avery: cathedral musician and composer in the reign of Henry VIII. (2) Frederick Russell (1861-1909): b. Jonesville, Mich.; d. Hopatcong, N. J.; author and composer; wrote 'Primitive American Music' and other works; composed dramatic cantatas ('Hiawatha,' etc.), ode for the 2nd inauguration of Pres. McKinley, songs, anthems, etc. Ref.: I. 39; IV. 347; V. 42.

BUSBY, Thomas (1755-1838): b. Westminster, d. Betonville, London; English organist, Mus. D., Cambridge, 1800; composer of an oratorio, odes, songs, etc., of conventional type; author

1800; composer of an oratorio, odes, songs, etc., of conventional type; author of a 'General History of Music,' a 'Musical Grammar,' a music manual, etc.

BUSCH, Carl (1862-): b. Germany; conductor of Kansas City Symphony Orchestra and composer of works for orchestra and for chorus and orchestra; also violin pieces and songs. Ref.: IV. 394f; mus. ex., XIV. 241.

BUSI (1) Giuseppe (1808-1871):
Bolognese composer of excellent church
music in the contrapuntal style; professor of counterpoint at the Liceo. (2)
Alessandro (1833-1895): b. Bologna, d.
there; 'cellist in the theatre orchestra
which he later conducted; teacher of
harmony, then professor of counterpoint at the Liceo; director of a school
of singing and composer of church

sini, etc.

BUSNOIS, Antoine ([?]-1492): d.
Bruges; singer in the Burgundian court chapel, 1467; composed chansons (3 printed by Petrucci), church music, still extant in manuscript. Ref.: I. 244, 245.

BUSONI, Ferruccio Benvenuto (1866-): b. Empoli, near Florence; celebrated pianist composer; son of an Italian father (Fernando B., clarinettist) and a German mother (née Weiss, pianist), who taught him; made début at 8 in Vienna; toured Italy after further study with Remy in Graz. He went to Leipzig in 1886, taught in Helsingfors Cons., 1888-89, took Rubinstein prizes for composition and piano playing; became prof. in the Imp. stein prizes for composition and piano playing; became prof. in the Imp. Cons. at Moscow, 1890; professor of piano in the New England Cons., Boston, Mass., 1891-93; toured Europe, also U. S., and settled in Berlin. Composed songs, piano preludes, études, chamber music, orchestral suites, symphonic poems; also ballet scenes, a Konzertstück, etc., for piano, and famous transcriptions of Bach's works. Ref.: III. xxi, 275; VI. 446, 492; VIII. 419; IX. 432; portrait, VII. 364.

BUSSER, Henri Paul (1872-); b. Toulouse; studied at Paris in the Niedermeyer School and the Conservatoire; winner of the Prix de Rome (1893); composer of 2 cantatas, an orchestral suite, a 3-act opera, etc. Ref.: III. 363.

BUSSHOP, Auguste Guillaume (1810-1896): b. Paris, d. Bruges; a self-educated and successful composer of cantatas, church and military music.

BUSSINE, Romain (1830-1899): b. Paris, d. there; singer; teacher at the Paris Conservatory; founder of the Societé nationale de musique. Ref.: Ш. 287.

BUSSLER, Ludwig (1838-1900): b. Berlin, d. there; studied with various teachers in Berlin (Dehn, Wieprecht, and others); instructor in theory at the Ganz (later Schwantzer) and the Stern Conservatory; theatre conductor and music critic. He has published 11 books of theory, including a Praktische musikalische Kompositionslehre, a Geschichte der Musik etc.

tische musikalische Kompositionslehre, a Geschichte der Musik, etc.

BUSSMEYER (1) Hugo (1842-):
b. Brunswick; studied with Richter, Litolff and Methfessel; concert pianist; appeared in South America, New York, Paris; settled in Rio Janeiro; composer for the piano and author of Das Heidenthum in der Musik, published 1871. (2) Hans (1853-): b. Brunswick; brother of Hugo; studied at Munich Royal School of Music and with Liszt; toured as pianist in South America, then returned to Munich, where he became teacher, then director in the Royal School of Music and founded (1879) a Choral Society.

BUSTINI, Alessandro (1876-):

BUTT, Clara (1873-): b. Southwick, Sussex; contralto; studied at the Royal College of Music, with Bouhy in Paris and Etelka Gerster in Berlin; debut at Albert Hall, 1892; very successful in English festivals and concept

BUTTNER, Paul (1870-): b. Dresden; composer; studied with Draeseke at the Dresden Cons.; teacher there, 1896-1907; his compositions include 3 symphonics, 2 symphonic fantasies, an overture to Grabbe's Napoleon, Saturnalia for wind instruments and kettle drume, sometas for ments and kettle-drums, sonatas for piano and violin, male choruses a cappella and with orchestra, and a 1act opera Anka.

act opera Anka.

BUTTSTEDT, Johann Heinrich (1666-1727): b. Bindersleben, near Erfurt; d. Erfurt; studied with Pachelbel; organist at the Erfurt cathedral; composed church music and for clayier and organ; wrote polemics defending the principles of solmization against Mattheson.

Mattheson.

BUTTYKAY, A.: contemp. Hungarian composer; has written symphonic works and a children's opera, vicinderella.' Ref.: III. 199.

BUUS, Jaques, or Jachet de (16th cent): Flemish composer, second organist at St. Mark's, 1541, organist of the Vienna court chapel, 1551-64; pub. (15 2 books ricercari, 2 books canzoni francesi, 1 book 4-part motets (1549), also madrigals. Ref.: VI. 417.

BUXTEHUDE, Dietrich (1639-1707): b. Helsingborg, Sweden; d. Lübeck, where he was organist at the Marienkirche from 1668, and estab-

Italian opera composer; principal work, Maria Dulcis. Ref.: III. 383.

BUTHS, Julius (1851-): b. Wiesbaden; studied with his father, Gernsheim, Hiller and Kiel; won the Meyerbeer scholarship; lived in Milan and Paris from 1873-74; conductor in Wiesbaden, Breslau, Elberfeld; director of the Dusseldorf Cons., 1902; composed chamber music, a piano concerto, etc.

BUTT. Clara (1873-): b. Southments or voices are mostly preserved in manuscript only. They include, as in manuscript only. They include, as far as discovered, church cantatas, pub. in the Denkmater deutscher Tonkunst, vol. xiv; 14 trio sonatas for violin, gamba and continuo (op. 1 and 2), 6 sonatas (2 violins, gamba and continuo; 1 violin, gamba and continuo; 1 violin, gamba and cont.; gamba, violone and cont.) pub. in the Denkmäter, vol. xi; 5 wedding arias, Die fried und frendenreiche Heimfahrt des dien Simeone (1871) rivited 1874). des alien Simeons (1671, printed 1674),
Due Hochzeit des Lammes (1678), Castrum doloris and Templum honorus
(1705). Ref.: I. 361, 451, 458, 471, 476;
VI. 433f, 436; VII. 16; VIII. 284.
BUZZOLA, Antonio (1815-1871): b.
ddiid Venica studied with Doni.

Adria, d. Venice; studied with Donizetti; travelled in Germany and France;

AGRA, d. Venice; studied with Dollaretti; travelled in Germany and France; church and operatic composer; maestro di cappella at St. Mark's; produced 5 operas in Venice. Ref.: It. 503.

BYRD (or Byrde, Bird, Byred), William (1543-1623): b. London, d. there; pupil of Tallis, organist at Lincoln, member of the Chapel Royal; with Tallis obtained a patent for the exclusive printing and selling of music, which he retained after Tallis' death (1585). Of his own compositions he pub. Cantiones sacrae 5 v. (1575), 'Psalms, Sonnets and Songs,' etc., 3-6 v. (1588), 2 books Sacrae cantiones (1589, 21), 2 books Sacrae cantiones (1589, 291), 2 books Sacrae cantiones (1589, 21), 2 books Gradualia oc sacrae cantiones 3-6 v. (1607), 3 masses, 4 canons and instrumental music in the Fitzwilliam and other virginal books. Ref.: I. 305ff; IV. 4; VI. 75, 98, 136, 449; VII. 19; VIII. 124; mus. ex. XIII. 79.

CABALLERO.

CABEL, or Cabu (1) Edouard: singer at Paris Opera Comique and Lyrique. er at Paris Opera Comique and Lyffque. (2) Marie-Josephe-Dreulette (1827-1885): b. Liege, d. Maisons Lafitte; studied at the Conservatoire after her marriage; operatic soprano in Paris, Brussels, Lyons, Strassburg, London and the French provinces; created Dinorah.

CABEZON (1) Don Felix Antonio de (1510-1566): b. Castrojeriz, Burgos, d. Madrid; blind performer on harpsichord and organ; chamber musician and instrumental composer to the king.

and instrumental composer to the king.

Ref.: VI. 445. (2) Hernando de: son
of Felix; editor of his father's manuscripts; himself a composer.

CABLE, George W. Ref.: IV. 307f.
CABO, Francisco Javier (17681832): b. Najera, near Valencia, d.
Valencia; singer, organist and chapelmaster at the cathedral there; composer of masses, vespers, etc., in old a cap-

pella style.

CACCINI (1) Giulio [il Romano] (ca. 1550-1618): b. Rome, d. Florence, as singer to the Tuscan court. He stud-ied singing and lute with Scipione della ied singing and lute with Scipione della Palla. According to the manner of his time, he wrote contrapuntal madrigals, but he was soon influenced by the discussions of the camerata meeting at the Palazzo Bardi, and the experiments of V. Galileo (q.v.). Hence he began writing vocal soil in stile rappresentativo, which he sang with great success to his own accompaniment on the theories and subsequently settings of theorbo, and subsequently settings of dramatic scenes written by Bardi. His first attempt at a full drama in musica was Il combattimento d' Apollone col serpente, text by Bardi; the next, with Peri (q.v.) La Dafne (1594), text by Rinuccini; then followed Eurydice (1600), text by Rinuccini; and Il rapi-mento di Cejalo (1600), text by Chia-brera, the first opera ever produced in a public theatre. He was also the brera, the first opera ever produced in a public theatre. He was also the author of *Le nuove musiche*, a series of vocal solos with figured bass (1601, 1607 and 1615), *Nove Arie* (1608), and *Fuggilotio musicale* (1614). With Peri, Caccini has the credit for creating the monodic style, and virtually the opera. It is difficult to fix their respective merits and a great deal is no doubt due rine Fleasant Musical Companion:
Ruggillotio musicale (1614). With Peri,
Caccini has the credit for creating the
monodic style, and virtually the opera.
It is difficult to fix their respective merits, and a great deal is no doubt due
to others. Ref.: I. 329ff, 333ff, 366; II.
26; canzoni, V. 47ff, 154, 159; VI. 101;
Opera, IX. 9, 10, 13; mus. ex., XIII. 54;
facsimile title page, illus., IX. 10. (2)

See Fernandez-Ca
(1) Édouard: singmique and Lyrique.

-Dreulette (1827il. Maisons Lafiter her soprano in Paris estrasburg, London roweringes: crastle operate.

Cadaux, daughter of (1); famous singer and composer of 1- and 2-part cantatas and two ballets. Ref.: I. 378.

(3) Septimia, sister of Francesca, a noted singer, who aroused the admiration of Monteverdi.

CADAUX, Justin (1813-1874); b. Strassburg, London roweringes: crastle operate operate.

operas.

CADEAC, Pierre (16th cent.): choirmaster at Auch; church composer whose masses and moters were published in collections at Lyons, Venice

lished in collections at Lyons, venuce and Paris.

CADMAN, Charles Wakefield (1881-): b. Johnstown, Pa.; studied music with Steiner, von Kunits and Pauer; specialist in the field of Indian music, transcribing from phonographic records that of the Omahas, lecturing on and arranging Indian songs. Homeomore design and composed symphonic, orchestral and chamber music, a cantata for male chorus, songs, etc. Ref.: IV. 425ff; IV. 105.

CADORE. contemporary Arturo: Italian composer who has successfully produced 2 comic operas in Milan in 1898 and 1902.

1898 and 1902.

CADY, Caivin B. (1851-): b. Barry, Ill.; studied at Oberlin Cons. and Leipzig Cons.; taught at Oberlin Cons. 5 years; Univ. of Michigan 8 years; Chicago 6 years; Boston 10 years; lecturer at Columbia Univ. since 1907; at Institute of Musical Art, New York, since 1908; pub. 'Music-Education' (3 vols., 1902-07).

CÆCILIA: martyred about 230 and sainted by the Roman Church. Legend connects the invention of the organ with her. She has become the patron saint of music, and her name has been adopted by many singing societies. The oldest Cæcilian society was one founded by Palestrina in Rome; among others

by Palestrina in Rome; among others of renown is that of London, which produced the Handel and Haydn oratorios.

CÆSAR, Julius (17th cent.): English doctor who wrote catches published in "The Pleasant Musical Companion."

to-Dorato; famous male soprano, rival of Farinelli; studied with Cafaro, then

of Farinelli; studied with Cafaró, then with Porpora; noted in Italy, London, Paris and Vienna as one of the most brilliant coloratura singers of his time. Ref.: II. 4; V. 44.

CAFFI, Francesco (1780-1874): b. Venice, d. Padua; councillor at Milan; from 1827 student of musical history in Venice; author of monographs on Zarlino, Dragonetti, etc.; wrote an unfinished history of the theatre and composed a cantata.

CAFFIAUX. Dom Phillippe Joseph

composed a cantata.

CAFFIAUX, Dom Phillippe Joseph
(1712-1777): b. Valenciennes, d. Paris;
Benedictine monk; wrote a history of
music, printed 1756.

CAGNIARD DE LA TOUR, Charles,
Baron de (1777-1859): b. Paris, d.
there; improved the siren and
made it an accurate gauge of vibrations.

CAGNONI, Antonio (1828-1896): b. Godiasco, Boghera, d. Bergamo; studied in Milan; maestro di cappella at Ber-

in Milan; maestro di cappella at Bergamo, Vigevano, and the Novaro Cathedral; produced about 20 operas with varying success. Ref.: II. 503 (footnote); IX. 156.

CAHEN (1) Ernest (1828-1893): b Paris, d. there; pupil of the Conservatoire, Parisian pianist, teacher and writer of operettas. (2) Albert (1846-1903): b Paris, d. Cap d'Ail; studied with Clauss-Czarvady and Franck; composed 7 operas produced in Bouen. composed 7 operas produced in Rouen, Brussels and Paris. CAHIER, Mme. Charles, née Walk-

er: b. Tennessee; contemporary operatic and concert contralto; studied with de Reszke and appeared at the opera of Nice, in the Vienna Royal Opera and at the New York Metropolitan Opera House.

CAILLOT, Joseph (1732-1816): b. Paris, d. there; baritone in the Comedie Italienne.

CAIMO, Joseffo (16th cent.): Milanese composer of madrigals and can-zonets (pub. 1571, 1581, 1584). CAIN, Henri (1859-): b. Paris;

painter and librettist.

CAIX D'HERVELOIS (early 18th cent.): virtuoso on gamba to the Duke of Orléans, Paris; composed for viol and flute.

CALAH, J. (1758-1798): English or-

ganist.

CALAND, Elizabeth (1862-): b. Rotterdam; pupil of Deppes, whose method of instruction she adopted in her teaching in Berlin and advocated in her several books on method.

in her several books on method.

CALDARA, Antonio (1670-1736): b.

Venice, d. Vienna; studied with Legrenzi; 'cellist at St. Mark's, Venice, Rome, Madrid, Vienna; assistant Kapellmeister in Vienna to Fux; composed 74operas, 32 oratorics, masses, motets, cantatas, church music and instrumental pleces. Some of his vocal canzoni, such as Come raggio di sol, are still admired for their chaste melodic beauty

and expressiveness. Ref.: II. 479; V. 160; VIII. 139; IX. 20; mus. ex., XIII. 133.

CALDICOTT, Alfred James (1842-1897): b. Worcester, Eng., d. Gloucester; studied at the Cons. of Leipzig and the Univ. of Cambridge; taught in and later directed the Royal College of Music; opera conductor in an American tour and in London; composer of op-

erettas, children's songs, etc. CALEGARI (1) Francesco Antonio (carly 18th cent.): Franciscan monk and conductor in Venice and Padua; wrote musical theory. (2) Antonio (1757-1828): b. Padua, d. there; produced 10 operas in Padua, Venice, Treviso, Modena; wrote a book on composition sition for laymen during his stay in Paris (about 1800-1802); organist and conductor at St. Anthony's; composer of on ballet and one cantata, produced in Padua, Venice; nephew of Antonio; wrote 8 operas, one ballet and one cantata, produced in Padua, Venice, Rome, Parma and Vincenze. Vincenza.

CALETTI-BRUNI. See CAVALLI. CALIGULA, Roman Emperor. Ref .:

CALKIN, J. Baptist (1827-London; pianist, organist, professor in the Guildhall Music School, composed church music, etc.

CALL, Leonhard von (1779-1815) : d. Vienna; composer of part-songs and arrangements for flute and guitar with

other instruments.

CALLAERTS, Joseph (1838-): b. Antwerp; studied at the Brussels Cons., organist at the Cathedral of Antwerp, where also he taught in the Music School. He has written a prize symplecty. phony, a trio for pianoforte, and produced a comic opera in 1889. Ref.: VI. 470.

CALLCOTT (1) John Wall (1766-1821): b. London, d. Bristol; London organist; Mus. D. Oxon., 1800; lecturer at Royal Institute; composer of glees and catches; wrote 'A Musical Grammar' and the prospectus for a lexicon. (2) William Hutchins (1807-1882): son John; b. London, d. there; composer of songs and anthems, which still retain popularity. (3) John George or songs and anthems, which still retain popularity. (3) John George (1821-1895): b. London, d. Teddington; organist, composer of choruses, and accompanist to Leslie's choral society. (4) William Robert Stuart, son of William Hutchins (1852-1886): organist of distinction.

CALLINET. See DAUBLAINE & CAL-

whose debut was made in Hérodiade (Brussels, 1854); has sung at the Italien and the Comique, Paris, in London and New York (both Metropolitan and Manhattan opera houses), where she was long the favorite 'Car-

where she was long the favorite 'Carmen.' She is the wife of Mario Gaspary (1912), an Officier d'Académie in Paris. Ref.: IV. 144, 146, 151.

CALVIN, the leader of the Reformed Church. Ref.: I. 294; VI. 95, 96.

CALVISIUS, Sethus (or Seth Kallwitz) (1556-1615): b. Gorschleben, Thuringia, d. Leipzig; studied at universities of Helmstadt and Leipzig; Musikdirektor at the Paulinerkirche, 1581; Thomaskirche and Nicolaikirche, 1594; wrote many valuable works on music; composed church music (pub. 1603-21).

CALVOCORESSI, Michel-D. (1877-):

CALVOCORESSI, Michel-D. (1877-): CALVOCORESSI, Michel-D. (1877-):
b. Marseilles; noted music critic,
writer and lecturer in Paris on Russian music, Greek folk-songs, etc.,
translator of songs and librettos, writer on d'Indy, Liszt, Moussorgsky, etc.;
professor at the École dès hautes
don 'Musical Times.'

CALVOR Kenner (1850-1725): h

CALVOR, Kaspar (1650-1725): b. Hildesheim, d. Clausthal; theorist, writer on church music.

writer on church music.

CALZABIGI, Raniero da (1715-1795): b. Leghorn, d. Naples; poet; librettist for Gluck and with him responsible for the reformation of the opera and the return to the dramatic ideals of the Florentine camerata. Ref.: II. 18f, 26; IX. 42, 44, 45, 49.

CAMARGO (1) Felix Antonio (16th cent.): Spanish composer, born at Guadalajara; conducted at the cathedral at Valladolid and composed church music. (2) See Cupis. (3) Mile.,

music. (2) See Cupis. (3) Mile., French ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 94,

99; 100,

CAMARANO, librettist to Verdi.

Ref.: II. 490.

CAMARANO, librettist to Verdi. Ref.: II. 490.

CAMBERT, Robert (ca. 1628-1677): b. Paris, d. London. He was a pupil of Chambonnières; organist at St. Honoré, Paris, and intendant of music to the queen-dowager Anne of Austria, 1666. In 1659 he prod. a Pastorale (text by Perrin) at the Château d'Issy and, in 1661, Ariane, ou le mariage de Bacchus. Adonis (1662) was not performed. In 1669 Perrin (q. v.) secured a patent to establish the Académie royale de musique (still existing as the Grand Opéra), and together with Cambert produced a real opera, Pomone (1671). Lully having secured the transfer of the patent in 1672, the second opera by Perrin and C., Les peines et les plaisirs d'amour, was never performed, but it was pub. with its predecessor in the Chefs d'œuvre classiques de l'opéra français (Breit-Lopf & Hārtel). C. died as Master of the Music to Charles II. in London. Ref.: I. 405ff; IX. 23.

(1746-1825): b. Leghorn, d. Paris; operatic and ballet composer in Paris, where he was also theatre conductor. He was a prolific composer of symphonies and string quartets.

CAMBIO, Perrisone (16th cent.): Italian composer whose part-song settings show evidences of the new monodic style (chord-harmony). Ref.: V. 153.

153.

CAMERANA, Luigi (1846-): b. Piedmont; theatre conductor, Savona; produced 6 dramatic works, including an operetta, 2 operas, a melodrama, etc.

CAMERLOHER (1) Placidus von (ca. 1710-1776): b. Murnau, d. Freising; canon at Freising, where he composed 18 sinfonie da camera, trio sonatas, 18 sinfonie da camera, trio sonatas, singspiele, an opera, oratorios, etc. (2) Anton (-1743): composer of one opera and of chamber music in Munich; brother of Placidus.

CAMETTI, Alberto (1871-): b. Rome; studied there at the Cæcilian Academy; organist and member of the Gregorian Society; wrote on Palestrina, Ferretti, Bellini, etc.; composed for church and secular music.

CAMEDGE (1) John (c. 1735-1803).

church and secular music.

CAMIDGE (1) John (ca. 1735-1803): studied with Greene and Handel; organist at York Cathedral, writer of exercises for harpsichord. (2) Mathew (1758-1844): b. York, d. there; son of John, and successor to his position; composed sonatas and wrote a method. (3) John (1790-1859): son of Mathew (2), b. York, d. there; doctor of music, Cambridge, 1819; organist at York Cathedral, from 1842-1848, when a paralytic attack ended his career. (4) Thomas Simpson: son of John (3), organist in York, Swindon, Swansea, and successor to his father at the cathedral. (5) John: son of Thomas (4); organist at Beverley Minster. erley Minster.

CAMMARANO, librettist of Trova-tore, etc. Ref.: II. 491; IX. 348.

CAMPAGNOLI, Bartolomeo (1751-1827): b. Cento, near Bologna, d. Neustrelitz; studied with Dall' Occa, Quastarobba and Nardini; director in Dresden and conductini; director in Dresden and conductini director in Dresden an tarobba and nardin; director in Dresden and conductor at the Neustrelitz court chapel. His compositions are concertos, caprices, duets, etc.

CAMPANA, Fabio (1819-1892): b. Leghorn, d. London; singing teacher and dramatic composer.

and dramatic composer.

CAMPANARI (1) Leandro (1857-):
b. Rogivo, Italy; studied in Milan
Conservatory; violinist of distinction
in Europe and America; organized
string quartet in Boston, professor of
the violin in the New England Conservatory and in that of Cincinnati;
from 1897 concert director and conductor, La Scala, Milan; wrote violin
text-books. (2) Giuseppe: brother of
Leandro; dramatic baritone and 'cellist. Played in the Boston Symphony
Orchestra and in chamber music; sang CAMBINI. Giovanni Giuseppe Orchestra and in chamber music; sang

for years in Metropolitan Opera House, New York. Ref.: IV. 147.

CAMPANINI (1) Itale (1846-1896):
b. Parma, d. Bigatto; tenor; studied with Griffini, later with Lamperti; sang in Florence, 1871; London, 1872; toured United States in 1873, with Misson, 1879-80, and with Patti in 1894; sang leading rôles in various Italian operas. (2) Cleofonte (1860-): b. Parma; studied at the Cons. there, 8 years; conducted Carnean in Parma, 1883; later at the Metropolitan Opera House, then in Milan and Naples; became conductor of Manhattan Opera House, New York, in 1906, and director of the Chicago Opera Company in 1910, which position he holds at present.

CAMPARDON, Emile (1834-): b. Paris; archaeologist and historian;

CAMPARIJON, Emile (1834-): D. Paris; archæologist and historian; writer of 3 books on musical history (Les spectacles des foires, 1877, etc.).
CAMPBELL, Alexander (1764-1842): b. Tombea, Loch Lubnaig, d. Edinburgh; teacher of Sir Walter Scott; collector of Scotch folk-songs, composer of popular ballads, author of 'Conversation on Scotch Songs.' Ref.: VI 211

VI. 211.

CAMPBELL-TIPTON, Louis (1877-): b. Chicago; studied music in Boston and Chicago, also in Leipzig, 3 years; taught at the Chicago Musical College, 1900-05; privately in Paris since then; composed many piano pieces, a suite for piano and violin, songs, etc. Ref.: IV. 422ff; port, IV. 408. CAMPELLA, Martianus Minucius Felix (5th cent.): Carthaginian theorist.

Felix (5th cent.): Carthaginian theorist.

CAMPENHOUT, François van
(1779-1848): b. Brussels, d. there; violinist and operatic tenor in Belgium,
Holland and France; composed 17
operas, church music, symphonies, etc.;
noted for his composition of the national Belgian song, Brabançonne.

CAMPIOLI, A. Gualandi, or Campiole (early 18th cent.): b. Germany.
His parentage was Italian and he studied in Italy, returning to Berlin in 1708
as a male contraito. He sang in Hamburg, Dresden, London, etc.

as a male contralto. He sang in Hamburg, Dresden, London, etc.

CAMPION, Thomas (17th cent.):
English writer of madrigals; published 5 books of airs and (1618) 'A New Way of Making Foure Parts to Counterpoint.' Ref.: I. 385; VI. 141.

CAMPIONI, Carlo Antonio (ca. 1720-1793): b. Leghorn, d. Florence; maestro di cappella to the Tuscan court; composed for the church, also instrumental works, printed in London and Amsterdam. Amsterdam.

CAMPORESE, Violante (1785-1839): b. Rome, d. there; concert soprano in Paris at the private concerts of Napoleon; in opera at La Scala, Milan, and at the King's Theatre, London.

CAMPOS, João Ribeiro de Almeida de (ca. 1770-): b. Vizen, Portugal; conductor and professor of church singing in Lamego; wrote two elementary text-books.

CAMPRA (1) André (1660-1744): b. Aix (Provence), d. Versailles; was a pupil of Guillaume Poitevin; maître de CAMPRA (1) Andre (1660-1744); b. Aix (Provence) d. Versailles; was a pupil of Guillaume Poitevin; maître de musaque at Toulon cathedral at 20; maître de chapelle at Arles, 1681; at Toulouse Cathedral, 1683-94, at the Jesuit collegiate church and Notre Dame, Paris. After successfully producing 2 operas, he became conductor of the royal orchestra. He then prod. successively L'Europe galante (1697), Le Carnaval de Venise (1699), Hésione (1700), Arethuse, ou la vengeance de l'amour (1701), Taneréde (1702), Les Muses (1703), Iphigénie en Tauride (1705), Le Triontphe de l'amour (1705), Le Triontphe de l'amour (1705), Hippodamie (1708), Les Fêtes vénitiennes (1710), Idoménée (1712), Les Amours de Mars et Venus (1712), Les Amours de Mars et Venus (1717), Les Ages, ballet-opera (1718), Achille et Déidamie (1712), operas bridging the gap between Lully and Rameau. He also wrote 3 books of cantatas, 5 books of motets, divertissements for the court at Versailles, etc. Ref.: VIII. 84; IX. 26. (2) Joseph: brother of André, player of the double bass at the Opéra; permitted the use of his name on his brother's first opera and ballet.

CAMPS y SOLER, Oscar (1837-): b. Alexandria, Egypt; of Spanish parentage; studied in Florence with Döhler and in Naples with Mercandante; concert pianist; settled in Madrid, where he has written songs, piano pieces, and a cantata; wrote also text-books and philosophical studies.

CAMUSSI, Ezio (b. 1883): contemp. Italian opera composer. Ref.: III. 383.

CANAL, Abbate Pietre (1807-1883): b. Crespano, Venesia, d. there:

CANAL, Abbate Pietro (1807-1883); b. Crespano, Venesia, d. there; professor of classical languages at Padua; writer of musical biography and history.

CANALE (or Canali), Floriano (16th cent.): organist and composer

of church music at Brescia.

CANAVASSO (1) Alessandro: composer of 'cello sonatas, lived in Paris, 1735-53. Ref.: VII. 591. (2) Joseph, brother of Alessandro, composer of sonatas for violin, viola, and 'cello, with

CANDEILLE (1) Pierre-Joseph (1744-1827): b. Espaires, d. Chantilly; dramatic composer, few of whose compositions were produced. (2) (Simons-C.) Amelie-Julie (1767-1834): b. Paris, d. there; daughter of (1); soprano, whose début in 1782 was made in Gluck's Iphigénie en Aulide; actress, teacher and operatic composer in Paris. She wrote operas, trios, sonatas and fantasies for the piano, songs, etc. etc.

CANGE, Charles Dufresne, Sieur du (1610-1688): b. Amiens, d. Paris; law-

yer and lexicographer.

CANNABICH (1) Christian (1731-1798); b. Mannheim, d. Frankfort; composer and conductor, studied under

Stamitz, whom he succeeded in 1757 as concert-master and director of chamber music at the court of Karl Theodor in Mannheim. In 1778 he followed the court to Munich. Both here and in Mannheim Mozart was an intimate friend of hits family. His compositions, including operas, ballets, about 100 symphonies, violin concertos, orchestral trios, quartets, and quintets, developed the style of Stamitz, broadening the form, and enlarging orchestral resources (obbligate clarinets, also in low ne style of Stanilly, Broadening the form, and enlarging orchestral resources (obbligato clarinets, also in low register, etc.). He lacked, however, the originality of his genial master. A symphony (B maj.) and an overture (C maj.) have been repub. in Riemann in the Denkmaler der Tonkunst in Bayern. Ref.: II. 67; VII. 413, 418, 420; VIII. 146, 147, 158. (2) Carl (1764-1806): b. Mannheim, d. Munich; son of (1); violinist, who succeeded his father as Kapellmeister at the court in Munich. He was a fine conductor, but as composer had only a mediocre talent. Ref.: VIII. 93.

CANNICIARI, Don Pompeo (1670-1744): b. Rome, d. there; conductor and composer of the Roman school; collector of a large musical library, now lost.

now lost.

CANOBBIO, Carlo (late 18th cent.): violinist in St. Petersburg, where he produced 2 ballets and composed 2 symphonies, 6 guitar and violin sonatas, arias, etc., as well as three other ballets for the Venetian stage. CANTOR, Otto (1857-): b. Kreuz-nach, Rhenish Prussia; London song

CANTU, Agostino (1878-): Italian opera composer. Ref.: III. 383. CAPEL-CURE, [Rev.] E.: author of text of Elgar's 'The Light of Life.'

text of Elgar's Ref.: VI. 361.

Ref.: VI. 361.

CAPELLA, Martianus Minneus FeIx (5th cent.): Carthaginian poet and
scholar; wrote Satyricon, book 9 of
which deals with musical theory.

CAPELLI. Pseudonym for Apella
CAPOCOI (1) Gaetano (1811-1898):
b. Rome, d. there; maestro di cappella
of the Lateran; produced 2 oratorios in
Rome (1833, '42). (2) Filippo (1840-):
b. Rome; organist at the Lateran; composed for organ and one oratorio. Ref.:
III. 397; VI. 491.

CAPORALE. Andrea (d. London.

CAPORALE, Andrea (d. London,

1756): 'cellist.

CAPOUL, Joseph Amédée Victor 839-): b. Toulouse; studied at the Conservatoire; tenor in the Opéra-Comique, in New York and London; professor of operatic singing in New York National Conservatory; assistant director of the Opéra and director of the Opéra-Comique.

CAPPA, Goffredo (ca. 1647-1717): d. Saluzzo; eminent violin maker, pupil of Amati; founder of a school for violin making in Saluzzo.

CAPRA, Marcello (1862-): b.

Turin; abandoned the army for music,

Stamitz, whom he succeeded in 1757 | which he studied with Haberl. Haller and Renner; founded a music publishing firm in Turin; edits Santa Cecilia.

CAPRI, Julius (1837-seilles; studied at the Conservatory there; taught in St. Petersburg, wrote salon music, songs, one opera, pro-duced in St. Petersburg, 1897. CAPRON, Henri (18th cent.): pio-neer musician in America. Ref.: IV. 66,

CAPUZZI, Giuseppe Antonio (1753-1818): b. Brescia, d. Bergamo; studied with Tartini and Bertoni; violinist in Venice, London and concert leader in Venice, London and concert leader at Bergamo; produced operas and bal-lets in Venice and Milan; wrote quar-tets and quintets for string instruments.

CARACCIO (or Caravaccio), Gio-vanni (ca. 1556-1626); b. Bergamo, d. Rome; conductor at Bergamo and Rome; composed madrigals, canzoni, Rome;

psalms, magnificats, etc.

CARACCIOLI, Luigi (1849-1887): b.

Adria, Bari, d. London; dramatic com-

poser.

CARADORI-ALLAN, Maria C. N. (née de Munck), (1800-1865): b. Milan, d. London; soprano. Ref.: IV. 124. CARAFA DE COLOBRANO, Michele Enrico (1787-1872): b. Naples, d. Paris; an officer in the Napoleonic army; after the defeat at Waterloo, he

army; after the defeat at Waterloo, he abandoned the army for music; composed nearly thirty operas, successfully produced in Italy, Vienna and Paris; taught at the Conservatoire; composed ballets, cantatas and church music.

CARAMUEL DE LOBKOWITZ, Juan (1606-1682): b. Madrid, d. Vigevano, Italy; Bishop of Vigevano; writer on Gregorian music and opponent of the use of solmisation.

the use of solmisation.

CARDON, Louis (1747-1805): b. Paris, d. Russia; harpist, composer of sonatas for harp with violin, 2 harps, 2 concertante symphonies, for 2 harps

and string orchestra, etc.

CARDOSO, Manuel (1569-1650): b.

Fronteira, d. Lisbon[?]; sub-prior,
chapel-master and composer of church

music.

CARESANA, Cristoforo (1655-): b. Tarentum; Neapolitan organist and composer of motets, hymns and duetti da camera.

da camera.

CARESTINI (Cusanino), Giovanni
(ca. 1705-1760): b. Monte Filatrano,
near Ancona, d. there; male soprano;
sang Rome, Prague, Mantua, London,
Venice, Berlin and St. Petersburg.

CAREY, Henry (ca. 1690-1743): d.
London; natural son of the Marquis of
Halifax; composer of popular English
bellads (100 of which he issued under
the title of 'The Musical Century'),
operettas, ballad-operas, etc. Chrysander has proven him to be the composer
of the tune of 'God Save the King.'
Ref.: IV. 324; V. 171.

CARIO, Johann Heinrich (1736-

CARIO, Johann Heinrich (1736-

after 1800): b. Eckernforde, Holstein,

d. there; trumpeter.

d. there; trumpeter.

CARISSIMI, Giacomo (1604-1674):
b. Marino, Papal States; d. Rome; composer; organist at the Cathedral of Tivoli and maestro di cappella at the Apollinaris church in Rome. He had great influence in the development of monody, especially in perfecting the recitative, and enriching instrumental accompaniment; his pupils included Scarlatti, Cesti, J. R. Kerll, Christian Bernard, Krieger and M. A. Charpentier. He composed many oratorios. cantatas. Scarlatti, Cesti, J. R. Kerll, Christian Bernard, Krieger and M. A. Charpentier. He composed many oratorios, cantatas, and other sacred works of which many have been lost. The 15 oratorios that have been preserved (in the Paris Bibliothèque, Cons. Library, British Museum, Christ Church, Oxford, Berlin Royal Library) are as follows: 'Abraham and Isaac,' 'Balthasar,' Diluvium universale, Extremum Dei judicium, Ezechia, Felicitas beatorum, Historia divitis, 'Jeptha,' 'Hioh,' 'Jonas,' Judicium Salomonis, Lamerniatio damnatorum, Lucifer, Martyres, Vis frugi et pater familias. Of the printed works (masses in 5 and 9 voices, etc., 1665, Arion Romanus, 1-5 voices, 1670, Sacri concerti in 2-5 voices, 1675) only a few copies remain, and single motets are to be found in collections issued between 1646 and 1693. An ars cantandi is preserved only in German translations. B. was the first to differentiate the oratorio from the opera and perfect the form of the cantata. Through his pupils he exerted an influence upon the development of opera, which though good in a purely musical sense resulted in the degeneration of which though good in a purely musical sense, resulted in the degeneration of the opera as a music drama. Ref.: I. 386f; V. 160; VI. 230, 247; IX. 16, 18; mus. ex., XIII. 117.

CARL, William Crane (1865-): Bloomfeld. N. J.: studied with

O. Bloomfield, N. J.; studied with Warren, Schiller and Guilmant; organist and conductor in New York, where he is also director of the Guilmant Organ School; tours as concertorganist.

CARLYLE, Thomas, English writer. Ref.: II. 213; VI. 466; IX. 73.

CARMEN, Johannes (early 15th cent.): one of the "three distinguished Parisian' masters mentioned in Martin Le Franc's Champion des Dames (c. 1440), the other two being Tapissier and Cesaris. Of his writings only one extended setting, Pontifici decori speculi (reprinted in Stainer's 'Dufay and His Contemporaries') is preserved. CARMENCITA: Spanish dancer. Ref.: X. 210.

Ref.: X. 210.

CARMICHAEL, Mary Grant: b. Birkenhead, Eng.; studied with Beringer, Bache, Hartvigson and Prout; composed an operetta, "The Snow Queen; songs, a suite for pianoforte, etc.; and translated Ehrlich's 'Celebrated Pianists of the Past and Present' (1894).

CARNABY, William (1772-1839): b. London, d. there; organ composer.

CARNALL, Arthur (1852-1904); b. Petersborough, d. Penge; organist at the latter place; composed an overture,

quintets, etc. CARNEGIE, CARNEGIE, Andrew, contemp. American capitalist; built Carnegie Concert Hall, New York; Pres. N. Y. Oratorio Society, etc. Ref.: IV. 211.

CARNICER y BATLLE, Ramon (1789-1855): b. Tarega, Catalonia, d. Madrid; studied in Urgel and Barcelona; conductor of Italian opera at Barcelona and Royal opera in Madrid; professor of composition at Madrid professor of composition at Madrid

composition at Madrid Conservatory; composed 9 operas, symphonies, church music, etc.

CARO (1) Marco (15th-16th cent): composer of frottole at the court of Mantua. (2) Paul (1859-): b. Breslau; studied there and at the Vienna Conservatory; composed 5 symphonies, sinfonietta, overtures, 2 operas, 2 cantatas, 2 serenades for string orchestra, symphonic poems etc.

phonic poems, etc.

CARON, Philippe (15th cent.): contrapuntist in the style of his masters, Binchois and Dufay; composed masses and chansons, only a few of which still exist.

CARPANI, Giuseppe Antonio (1752-1825): b. Villalbese, Como, d. Vienna; poet at the Viennese court; author of books on Haydn and Rossini; opera-

librettist.

CARPENTER, John Alden (1876-): Illinois; studied at Harvard Univ., b. Illinois; studied at Harvard Univ., with Bernard Ziehn and Edward Elgar; engaged in business in Chicago. He composed notable songs (some with orchestra), a violin sonata, 'Adventures in a Perambulator' (suite for orchestra), a symphony, etc. Ref.: IV. 4217; portrait, IV. 408.

CARPENTRAS (Il Carpentrasso). See Centre, Eleazer.

CARPENTRAS (II Carpentrasso). See Gener, Eleazer.
CARR (1) Benjamin (18th cent.): composer of the first American opera, 'The Archers' (1796). Ref.: IV. 112. (2) Frank Osmond (1858-): b. Yorkshire; Mus. Doc. and composer of dramatic music, including farces, burlesques and comic operas. lesques and comic operas.

lesques and comic operas.

CARRÓ, Albert (1852-): b.
Strassburg; nephew of Michel C.,
the librettist; studied in the Lycée
there; dir. theatre at Nancy, 1884;
Cercle at Alx-les-Bains, 1885-90; succeded Carvalho as dir. of the OperaComique, which position he held from
1898 to 1912; composed for the stage.
Ref.: II. 205; IX. 180, 238, 240, Ref.: 246.

CARRENO, Teresa (1853-): b. Caracas, Venezuela; studied with Gottschalk and Mathias; touted the United States, 1875; Germany, 1889-90; became court pianist to king of Saxony, 1893; has played in all the principal cities of Europe and America; composed a string quartet in B, brilliant piano pieces, and the Venezuelan national hymn. She was married successively to E. Sauret (q.v.), Giov. Tagliapietra

(baritone), E. d'Albert (q.v.) and Ar-turo Tagliapietra.

CARRERAS, Rafael: pub. El Oratorio Musical (1906). Ref.: VI. 232.
CARRODUS, John Tiplady (18361895): b. Braithwaite, d. London; virtuoso on violin which he studied in Stuttgart and London; concert violinist and conductor; teacher at the London National Training School; composer

of violin solos, etc.

CARROLL, Marcus H., contemp.

Anglo-American clergyman and com-

Anglo-American clergyman and composer of songs, part songs, orch. pieces, etc. Ref.: IV. 354.

CARSE, A. von Ahn (1878-): b. Newcastle-on-Tyne; writer of 2 symphonies (C and D), 1 concert overture; Prelude to 'Manfred,' 'The Death of Tintagles,' and a cantata, 'The Lay of the Brown Rosary' (1902). Ref.: III. 443.

CARTER, Thomas (ca. 1735-1804): d. London; studied in Italy; organist, theatre conductor and dramatic composer; wrote incidental music, a concerto for bassoon and piano; sonatas for the piano, songs, etc.

poser; wrote incidental music, a concerto for bassoon and piano; sonatas for the piano, songs, etc.

CARTESIUS. See Descartes.

CARTIER, Jean-Baptiste (1765-1841): b. Avignon, d. Paris; studied with Viotti; accompanist to Marie Antoinette, violinist at Opéra, and in the royal chapel, 1804. He wrote variations and other violin music, also 2 operas.

Ref.: VII. 407, 412, 428.

CARULLI (1) Ferdinando (1770-1841): b. Naples, d. Paris; guitarplayer whose method is the foundation of modern guitar-playing; composed many works for his instrument; wrote a guitar method and a treatise on harmony (Paris, 1825). (2) Gustavo (1800-1877): son of (1); b. Leghorn, d. Boulogne; vocal composer and teacher; wrote an opera, songs and vocal exercises.

CARUSO (1) Luigi (1754-1822):

CARUSO (1) Luigi (1754-1822); b. Naples, d. Perugia; maestro di cap-pella at Perugia Cathedral; composed 69 operas, 5 oratorios and church music. (2) Énrico (1873-): celebrated operatic tenor; b. Naples, studied under operatic tenor; b. Naples, studied under fuglielmo Vergine; début in L'Amico Francesco at Theatre Nuovo, Naples, 1894; has sung in Milan, St. Petersburg, Moscow, Warsaw, Rome, Berlin, Paris, London, New York, etc.; Italian and French répertoire. He created principal tenor rôle in 'The Girl of the Golden West' (Puccini). Ref.: III. 374; IV. 149, 155; IX. 485.

CARVALHO (Carvaille), Léon (1825-1897): b. in a French colony, d. Paris; noted impresario; managed various operas in Paris from 1872 to 1887; Opéra-Comique from 1876; married Mile. Miolan, famous soprano, 1853.

CARVALHO-MIOLAN, Caroline-Marie-Félix (1837-1895): b. Marseilles, d. near Dieppe; studied at the Conservatoire; début at the Opéra-Comique, 1849; sang leading rôles in many of the principal operas.

CARY, Annie Louise (1842-): b. Wayne, Kentucky; studied in Boston and Milan; concert and operatic con-

and Milan; concert and operatic contralto at Copenhagen, Hamburg, Stockholm, Brussels, London, New York, St. Petersburg and the United States.

CASALI, Giovanni Battista (ca. 1715-1792): b. Rome, d. there; conductor at the Lateran; composed in the style of the Roman School; wrote 4 operas and 3 oratorios.

CASALIS Paths (1876-): b. Yengel (1876-)

CASALS, Pablo (1876-drell, Spain; brilliant 'cellist and composer. He studied with Garcia, Rosereda and Breton; in 1897 he accepted a professorship at the Conservatory of Barcelona; toured extensively in Europe and U. S., where he appeared frequently in conjunction with Harold Rayler the planist. His works include Bauer, the pianist. His works include 'cello and violin pieces with piano, orchestral works and La Vision de Fray Martin. He married Susan Metcalfe, English singer. Ref.: portrait, calfe, Er

VII. 596.

CASAMORATA, Luigi Fernando (1807-1881): b. Würzburg, d. Florence; studied law and music; composed unsuccessful ballet and opera, then wrote church-music. He founded the Royal Istituto musicale florentino and published a history of its origin. Besides critical and historical essays, he wrote compositions for voice and instruments and published a manual on harmony.

compositions for voice and instruments and published a manual on harmony. CASATI, Gasparo (d. 1643); Novara; chapel master of the cathedral there, and composer of church music. CASELLA (1) Pietro (13th cent.): earliest composer of madrigals; friend of Dante. (2) Alfredo (1883-): b. Turin; studied at the Paris Conservatoire; professor there, 1912-15; professor at the Liceo musicale di S. Cecilia since 1915; composed a large amount of chamber music, orchestral works, piano pieces and songs. Ref.: III. xxi. CASERTA, Philippe de (15th cent.):

CASERTA, Philippe de (15th cent.): Neapolitan theorist; wrote on measured music; one treatise published in Coussemaker's Scriptores.

CASINI, Giovanni Maria (1670-after 1714): b. Florence, where he was cathedral organist from 1703. He pub. Canzonetti Spirituali, motets, organ pieces, etc. He advocated the re-introduction of the old modes and constructed a clavier with 31 notes to the octave.

CASSELL, Guillaume (1794-1836): Lyons, d. Brussels; singer and

teacher.

CASSIODORUS, Magnus Aurelius

CASSIODORUS, Magnus Aurelus (5th cent.): theoretician at Syllaceum, Lucania; his Institutiones Musicale was printed in the Scriptores of Gerbert. Ref.: (cited) I. 135, 148.

CASTAN, Armand de (1834-1897): b. Toulouse, d. New York; operatte baritone; sang at the Opéra, London Italian opera, and in New York. His répertoire, which was extensive, in-

father, H. SEBASTIEN BLAZE (1763-1833), a notary but also active as composer and poet. C.-B. studied law in Paris and attended the Conservatoire; in 1820 he left the law and settled in Paris as musical litterateur and critic of the Revue de Paris, Journal des Débats, etc., for which he wrote historical articles (in part pub. separate-lay) He also wrote 1/20/2002 ex France torical articles (in part pub. separately). He also wrote L'Opéra en France
(1820, 1826); Dictionnaire de musique
moderne (1821, 1825; repub. with additions by Mées, 1828); Chapelle-musique des rois de France (1832); Physiologie du musicien (1844); Molière
musicien (1852, 2 vols.); Théâtres
lyriques de Paris (1847-56, 3 vols.);
Sur l'opéra français (1856); L'art des
vers lyriques (1858). He translated
German and Italian opera texts (Don
Giovanni, Figaro, Freischütz, Barbiere.

German and Italian opera texts (Don Glovanni, Figaro, Freischütz, Barbiere, Euryanihe, etc.) into French. His son is Henry Blaze de Bury (q. v.). Ref.: (quoted) X. 80f, 93, 100, 131.

CASTILLON, Alexis de (Vicomte de Saint-Victor) (1838-1873): b. Chartres, d. Paris; was pupil of Massé, then César Franck. Together with Duparc and Saint-Saëns, C. was a founder of the Société nationale de musique, but an early death put an end to his creative activity. His works are among the first serious orchestra and chamber music written by Frenchmen. They include Symphonic Sketches, two

music written by Frenchmen. They include Symphonic Sketches, two 'Suites,' an overture, a piano concerto and other piano pieces, much music for strings alone and with piano, and songs. Ref.: III. xvlii, 212f.

CASTRUCCI, Pietro (1689-1752): b. Rome, d. Dublin; violinist, pupil of Corelli; leader of Handel's opera orchestra in London, 1715. C. was the inventor of the violetia marina, resembling the viol d'amore in tone. Handel in Orlando wrote an aria, accompanied by two violetie marine (played by C. and his brother Prospero). C. wrote violin concertos, and 2 books of violin-sonatas. Ref.: VIII. 87. (2)

Prospero (d. London, 1760): violinist in the Italian Opera, wrote 6 soli for violin and bass.

CATALANI (1) Angelica (1779-1849): b. Sinigaglia, d. Paris; celebrated operatic soprano whose voice ranged up to

cluded bass and baritone rôles, among them Mephistopheles.

CASTELLII, Ignaz Franz (1781-1862): b. Vienna, d. there; poet at the court, editor of a musical journal which he founded; composer, librettist of Weigl's Schweizerfamilie and other operas.

CASTELMARY. Pseudonym of CASTAN, ARMAND DE.

CASTIL-BLAZE [Blaze], François Henry Joseph (1784-1857): b. Cavaillon (Vancluse), d. Paris; pupil of his father, H. SEBASTIEN BLAZE (1763-1833), a notary but also active as comCONS.; wrote operas, orchestral and

Stander with his tather and r. Magi; luter at the Paris Cons. and at Milan Cons.; wrote operas, orchestral and piano pieces, chamber music, etc.

CATEL, Charles-Simon (1773-1830): b. L'Aigle, Orne; d. Paris; studied at the Paris École Royale du Chant (later the Conservatoire), where he was accompanist and professor; professor of harmony at the Conservatoire, 1795; wrote a Traité d'harmonie (pub. 1802, used at Conservatoire 20 years); member of Academy, 1815; wrote operas, cantatas, chamber music, etc.

CATELANI, Angelo (1811-1866): b. Guastalla, d. S. Martino di Mugnano; studied at Naples Cons.; later with Donizetti and Crescentini; conductor of Messina opera, maestro di cappella at the cathedral and court at Modena; wrote 3 operas, also a musical history.

wrote 3 operas, also a musical history. CATENHAUSEN, Ernst (1841-):

b. Ratzeburg; conductor and composer. CATHERINE, Empress of Russia. Ref.: II. 15, 16, 40; III. 41; X. 141.

Ref.: II. 15, 16, 40; III. 41; X. 141.

CATOIRE, Georg Lvovitch (1861-): b. Moscow; was a pupil of Klindworth and Willborg in that city; afterward of Rüfer in Berlin and Liadoff in St. Petersburg. C. lives in Moscow and has thus far published a symphony (C min., Op. 7); a symphonic poem, Mzyri (after Lermontoff); a cantata, Russalka; a trio, violin sonatas, a string quartet, a piano concerto, piano pieces, songs and choruses. Ref.: III. 154; VI. 396.

CATRUFO. Giusenpe (1771-1851): b.

CATRUFO, Giuseppe (1771-1851): b. Naples, d. London; composer of operas. CAURROY, François-Eustache du (1549-1609): b. Gerberoy, d. Paris; singer, conductor and superintendent of music at Paris court; composed church-music.

CAVACCIO, Giovanni (ca. 1556-1626): b. Bergamo, d. Rome; maestro di cappella at Bergamo, composer of church music, madrigals, canzonets, etc.

etc.
CAVAILLE-COLL, Aristide (18111899): b. Montpellier, d. Paris; famous organ-builder, which profession his father, Dom HYACINTHE C.-C. (17711862), also followed. C.-C. built the organ at St. Denis, 1833; also those of St. Sulpice, Madeleine, and other Paris churches, as well as in Belgium, Holland and various parts of France. The system of separate wind-chests with different pressures for the low, medium, and high tones, also the fittes octavigr", was very fiexible and capable of land and various parts of France. The brilliant bravura singing. She made her debut at Venice, 1795, then sang at lafterent pressures for the low, medium, La Pergola, Florence, La Scala, Milan, and high tones, also the fittes octaviantes are his inventions. He pub. Études expérimentales sur les tuyaux d'orgue (1849); De l'orgue et de son architecture (1856), and Projet d'orgue monumental pour la Basilique de Saint Pierre de Rome (1875). Ref.: VI. 407,

411.

monumental pour la Basiltague de Saunt Pierre de Rome (1875). Ref.: VI. 407, 411.

CAVALIERI (1) Emilio de' (ca. 1550-1599): d. Florence, as Inspector-General of Art and Artists to the Tuscan court. He was one of the originators of the stile rappresentativo (accompanied monody) and his oratorio, Rappresentazione di anima e di corpo (Rome, 1600), is the first application of that style to sacred music. He also wrote Il Satiro (1590), Disperazione di Filene (1590), and Giuoco della cieca (1595), which are among the very first operatic attempts. Ref.: I. 328f, 334ff, 385; VI. 100, 101 (footnote), 244f, 227; VIII. 82; IX. 8, 16, 21f; mus. ex., XIII. 55. (2) Lina (1874-): b. Rome; operatic soprano; début at Royal Theatre, Lisbon, as Nedda in I Pagliacci; has sung in Naples, Warsaw, London, New York, etc.

CAVALLI, Francesco (real name Caletti-Bruni) (1602-1676): b. Crema, d. Venice; son of a maestro at Crema named Caletti and surnamed Bruni, and protégé of a Venetian nobleman, Federigo Cavalli, whose name he adopted. He was engaged as singer at S. Marco in 1617 and 1628, and second organist in 1640, and first organist in 1665, becoming maestro in 1668. His Giasone (Venice, 1649) went the rounds of Italy; Serse (Venice, 1654) was chosen for the marriage festivities of Louis XIV (1660), and with Ercole amante the hall of the Tuileries was inaugurated. C. also composed a fine Requiem and other church music. He studied with Monteverdi and wrote 41 operas, which developed his master's style in the direction of melodic freedom and consequent decline of dramatic significance. Ref.: I. 346, 380ff, 407; II. 181; V. 159f; VII. 6; IX. 14, 15, 28, 29, 67; mus. ex., XIII. 61.

CAVALLINI, Ernesto (1807-1873): b. Milan, d. there; performer on clarimet and composer for that instrument.

b. Milan, d. there; performer on clarimet and composer for that instrument.

CAVALLO, Peter (1819-1892): b. Munich, d. Paris; organist in various Paris churches.

CAVENDISH. Michael (late 16th cent.): English composer.

cent.): English composed.
CAVOS, Catterino (1776-1840): h. Venice, d. St. Petersburg; studied with Bianchi; maestro di cappella, Imperial Theatre, St. Petersburg, and conductor of Russian opera there, composed Russian, Italian and French operas, cantatas. ballets, choruses, etc. See Additional Composed (1994) 2004 282 tatas, ballets, choruses, etc. See denda. Ref.: III. 41; IX. 380, 382.

CAYLUS, Anne Claude Philippe de Tublères, Comte de (1692-1765): b. Paris, d. there; writer on ancient mu-sic (Paris, 1752),

CECILIA. See CECILIA. CELEGA, Nicolo (1844-1906): b. Polesella, d. Milan; studied at Milan Cons.; composed operas, symphonic poems, instrumental pieces, transcrip-

Cons.; composed operas, symphonic poems, instrumental pieces, transcriptions, etc.

CELESTINE I, Pope. Ref.: I. 143.
CELESTINO, Eligio (1739-1812): b. Rome, d. Ludwigslust; conductor at the court there; teacher in London and composer of sonatas for violm and bass, duos for 'cello and violin.
CELLER, Ludovie (pseud. for Louis Leclerq) (1828-): b. Paris; pub. La semaine sainte au Vatican (1876), Les origines de l'opéra et le 'Ballet de la Reine' (1868), Moltère-Lully: Le mariage forcé [Le Ballet du roi] (1867), Les decors, les costumes et la mise en scène au XVIII's siècle (1869).

CELLES, Dom Jean François Bedos de (1706[?]-1779[?]): b. Caux, d. St. Maur; Benedictine monk; author of L'Art du facteur des orgues (Paris, 1766-1778), and an account of the new organ at St. Martin de Tours in Mercure de France (Jan. 1762). Ref.: VI. 445.

CELLIER, Alfred (1844-1891): b. Hackney, London, d. there; studied with T. Helmore; conductor in Belfast, Manchester, London; composer of a mass, 14 operettas, an opera, 'Pandora,' a symphonic suite, popular songs, etc.

CEREZO, Sebastian: Spanish danc-

songs

CEREZO, Sebastian: Spanish dancer. Ref.: X. 109.

See CZERNOHOR-

CERNOHORSKY.

CERONE, Domenico Pietro (b. Bergamo, 1566): singer at the courts of Spain and Naples; pub. El melopeo, etc. (1613), and Regole necessarie, etc. (1609). Ref.: VIII. 69f.
CERRETO, Scipione (1551-ca. 1632): b. Naples, d. there; pub. treatises on musical theory (2 pub., 1 MS.) at Naples; lutenist and composer.
CERRITO. Fanny, ballerina. See

ples; lutenist and composer.

CERRITO, Fanny, ballerina. See SAINT-LÉON. Ref.: X. 158f.

CERTON, Pierre (ca. 16th cent.): choir master in Paris; contrapuntist and composer of masses, magnificats, chansons, motets, etc., included in collections by Ballard, Attaignant, and Phalèse; pupil of Joaquin.

CERU, Domenico Agostini (b. Lucca, 1817): musical amateur whose profession was engineering; pub. biography of Boccherini and a History of Music in Lucca.

CERVANTES: the author of Don

CERVANTES: the author of Don Quizote. Ref.: VIII. 400; X. 145. CERVENT. See CZERVENY. CERVETTI. See GELINEK.

CERVETTI. See GEINEE.
CESI, Beniamino (1845-1907): b. Naples, d. there; studied at Naples Cons. and privately; taught at the Naples Cons. and at the St. Petersburg Cons.; editor of L'Archivio Musicale; concertized in Italy, also Paris, Cairo, Alexandria, etc.; composed 60 plano pieces, songs, opera and a piano method.

CESTI, Marc' Antonio (1620-1669):
b. Arezzo, d. Venice; was a pupil of Carissimi at Rome; maestro di cappella to Ferdinand II de' Medici, Florence, 1646: tenor in the papal choir, 1660; Vice-Kapellmeister at the Vienna court, 1666-69. His operas include Orontea (Venice, 1649), La Dori (ib., 1663), both of which were very successful. He also prod. Il principe generoso (Vienna, 1855-): contemp. æsthetician and 1646; tenor in the papal choir, 1660; Vice-Kapellmeister at the Vienna court, 1666-69. His operas include Orontea (Venice, 1649), La Dori (ib., 1663), both of which were very successful. He also prod. Il principe generoso (Vienna, 1665), Il pomo d'oro (ib., 1666), Tito (Venice, 1666), Nettuno e Flora Festeggianti (ib., 1666), Semiramide (ib., 1667), Le Disgrazie d'Amore (ib., 1667), Argene (1668), Genserico, and Argia (ib., 1669). With C. is supposed to have begun the degeneration of the opera into a mere 'concert in costume' since he transmitted the Carissimi formalism to the stage (da capo aria, etc.). He also wrote madrigals, songs, etc., and transferred the cantata, perfected by Carissimi, to the stage. Ref.: I. 328f; VI. 105; IX. 15f, 67.

CHABRAN, Francesco (18th cent.): b. Piedmont; aroused enthusiasm in Paris and London as violin virtuoso; composed violin sonatas and cantatas.

tatas.

CHABRIER, Alexis Emanuel (1841-1894): b. Ambert, d. Paris; studied piano with Ed. Wolff, and theory and composition with T. A. E. Semet and Aristide Hignard. L'étoile, his first operetta, was produced 1877 (after variant eretta, was produced 1877 (after various unsuccessful operatic attempts which were not staged). More important were his grand operas, Gwendoline (Brussels, 1886), and Le roimalgré lui (Paris, 1887). The first act of his uncompleted opera, Brisels, was first presented at a Lamoureux concert in 1897. C.'s rhapsody España, for orchestra, is a favorite repertory number. He also wrote piano pieces. C. was choral director at the Chateau d'Eau, 1884-85, and aided Lamoureux in the rehearsing of Tristan und Isolde. Ref.: III. viii, ix, xviii, 2, 286, 341; V. 354; VIII. 353, 366; VIII. 427ff; IX. 443, 454, 457; mus. ex., XIV. 83; portrait, III. 298.

CHADWICK, George Whitfield (1854-): b. Lowell, Mass.; American composer; pupil of Eugene Thayer at Boston, and Reinecke and Jadassohn in the Leipzig Cons.; later of Rheinberger in Munich. He became organist of the South Congreg. church, and teacher of harmony, composition and orchestra-tion at the New England Cons., in Boston. In 1897 he succeeded Faelten as director. He also conducted the Worcester Music Festival. His compositions include 3 symphonies, 7 overtures, symphonic poem sketches, fantures, symphonic poem sketches, fan-tasy, suite, 5 string quartets, a piano quartet, choral works with orch., an opera 'Judith,' a comic opera 'Tahasco,' songs, etc.; pub. a 'Harmony' (1898). Ref.: IV. 248f, 311, 337f, 357, 462; VI. 221, 381, 464; VII. 589; mus. ex., XIV. 212, 215; portrait, IV. 342.

CHAMBERLAIN, Houston Stewart (1855-): contemp. æsthetician and writer, authority on Wagner. He pub. Das Drama Richard Wagners (Leipzig, 1892), and Ruchard Wagner (Munich, 1896). The latter has heen translated into English by G. A. Hight (London, 1897). Ref.: (cited) IX.259,296. CHAMBERLYN (ca. 1509): English organ builder. Ref.: VI. 405. CHAMBONNIERES, Jacques Champion (17th cent.): chamber-cembalist at the French court; composer of clevecin compositions and teacher of many famous pupils, among them the elder Couperins, d'Anglebert, Le Bègue, etc. Ref.: I. 375; VI. 442; VII. 27, 32, 33, 104.

CHAMINADE, Cécile-Louise-Steph-CHAMINADE, Céclie-Louise-Steph-anie (1861-); b. Paris; pianist and composer; studied with Lecouppey, Savard, and Marsick, and composition with Godard. She composed a ballet-symphonie Callirhoe (1888), a sym-phonie-lyrique, Les Amazones (1888), 2 orchestral suites, a Konzertstück for nigno and orchestra and a great numpiano and orchestra and a great number of piano pieces, some of which have become very popular; also many songs. Ref.: V. 318; VII. 342.

CHAMPEIN, Stanislas (1753-1830): h Moreilles d Denies rivided

1830): b. Marseilles, d. Paris; studied with Peccico and Chavet, Paris; composed church music, 2 operettas and 40 operas before 1792; after that date he wrote 15 operas, none of which were produced

CHAMPINGTON, J. (16th cent.): English organ maker. CHAMPION, Jacques. See CHAM-

BONNIÈRES.

CHAMPS, Ettore de (1835-1905): b. Florence, d. there; was educated as a pianist and composer, wrote several operas, skits (farse) and ballets; and in addition composed masses and other church music.

CHANDOS, Duke of. Ref.: I. 433f. CHANNAY, Jean de (16th cent.): Avignon music printer.

Avignon music printer.

CHANTAVOINE, Jean (1877-):
b. Parls; studied with Friedlander,
1898, 1991-02; music critic on the
Revue Hebdomadaire since 1903; on
Excelsior since 1911; has been editor
of L'Année Musicale and Les Mattres
de la Musique; wrote Musiciens et
Poètes (Paris, 1912).

CHARLE LOBENTE. Bunerto

CHAPI y LORENTE, Ruperto (1851-1909): b. Villena, d. Madrid; studied at the Madrid Cons.; later in Rome on a grant from the Spanish Academy; wrote several operas, but is especially well known for his zar-zuelas, of which he has written 155. etc.

CHAPPELL & CO.: music publishing house of Loudon, founded in 1812 by Samuel Chappell, CRAMER, pianist, and LATOUR. William py Samuel, and Latour. William C. (1809-1888), son of Samuel, succeeded his father in 1834; established the Antiquarian Society, 1840; pub. collections of music, songs and an unfin-

cetions of music, songs and an unmusished history of music.

CHAPPLE, Samuel (1775-1833): b.
Crediton, Devon, d. Ashburton; blind organist and pianist; composed pianoforte sonatas with violin accompaniment, anthems, songs, a glee, etc.

CHAPUIS, Auguste - Paul - Jean - Baptiste (1862-sur-Salon; studied under Dubois, Massenet and César Franck; took the Rossini prize, 1885; organist at Notre-Dame-des-Champs. 1882-87, and at Saint-Roch since then; professor of harmony at the Conservatoire since 1894; inspector-general of musical instruction of the schools in Paris since 1895; wrote dramas, cantatas, oratorios, inwrote dramas, cantatas, oratorios, instrumental pieces, choruses, organ music and a treatise on harmony.

CHARD, G. W. (ca. 1765-1849): English organist and composer.

CHARLEMAGNE. Ref.: V. 131; VI.

17f, 400. 17f, 400.

CHARLES (1) I, King of England.

Ref.: X. 84. (2) II, King of England. Ref.:

VI. 90; X. 119, 145. (3) VVIII, Emperor

of Germany. Ref.: II. 64. (4) IX, King

of France. Ref.: VII. 57. (5) X, King

of France. Ref.: VII. 375.

CHARLEE Theodore. (1876.

CHARLIER, Theodore (1876-

virtuoso on trumpet.

CHARPENTIER (1) Marc-Antoine (1634-1702): b. Paris, d. there; pupil of Carissimi in Italy; matire de chapelle to the Dauphin in Paris, which he lost through Lully's machinations; mattre de chapelle to Mile. de Guise; then at the Jesuit collegiate church and monastery, and finally of the Sainte-Chapelle; for a time also intendant to the Duc d'Orléans. He wrote 16 operas and other stage music, also several tragédies spirituelles, masses, moster passer plas d'inking-songs et C eral tragédies spirituelles, masses, motets, pastorales, drinking-songs, etc. C., aggrieved by Lully, avoided the latter's style, probably to his own prejudice, though Fétis considers him superior to Lully in learning. Ref.: I. 410. (2) Gustave (1860-): b. Dieuze; composer; studied violin with Massart, harmony with Pessard, composition with Massenet at the Conservatoire, where he took the grand prix de Rome in 1887. C. first became known through his orchestral suite, Impressions d'Italie, sent to the Cons. from Italy, folhis orchestral suite, Impressions d' 1914; wrote operas and sacred music, Italie, sent to the Cons. from Italy, fol- piano pieces and songs.

CHAPMAN (1): English masque writer. Ref.: VI. 141. (2) William chorus and orchestra, after Baudelaire; Rogers (1855-): b. Hanover, Mass.; chorus-leader and conductor in New York and New England; conductor of the Maine Music Festivals; composer of church music, choral works, songs, 348ff; VIII. 429f; IX. xiii, xiv, 253, 443, other conductors of the Maine Music, choral works, songs, 348ff; VIII. 429f; IX. xiii, xiv, 253, 443, other conductors in the masses of t enorus and orchestra, after Baudelaire; Impressions fausses, for chorus and orchestra, after Verlaine; Louise, an opera (1900); Julien, a lyric drama (1913). Ref.: II. 439; III. viii, ix, 348ff; VIII. 429f; IX. xiii, xiv, 253, 443, opera, IX. 464ff; portrait, III. 298. CHATTERTON, J. B. (1805-1871): b. Norwich, d. London; harpist and composer to the court.

CHAUMET, William (1842-1903): b. Bordeaux; winner of the Cressent and the Rossini prizes; composer of two comic operas, a lyric drama, compositions for orchestra and for piano, songs, etc.

CHAUSSON, Ernest (1855-1899): b. Paris, d. Limay near Mantes; was a pupil of Massenet and César Franck at the Conservatoire. C. held for a long time office of secretary of the Société nationale de musique. His compositions have awakened interest because of their distinction and individuality: among them are a symmetry. cause of their distinction and individuality; among them are a symphonic poem, Vivaine; hymns from the Rig-Veda for chorus and orchestra; Poème de l'amour et de la mer (song with orchestra); a violin concerto; a string quartet (unfinished); a lyric scene, Jeanne d'Arc, some incidental music to plays; also the operas Hélène and Le roi Arthus (Karlsruhe, 1900; Brussels, 1903), a number of songs and plano pieces and some motets. Ref.: III. viii, ix, xiii, 308; songs, V. 355; chamber music, VII. 552, 589; symphony, VIII. 430f; opera, IX. 454. CHAUVET, Charles-Alexis (1837-1871); b. Marnes, d. Argentan; studied

1871): b. Marnes, d. Argentan; studied with Benoist and A. Thomas; organist in Paris churches; composer of organ music and famed for his improvisa-

tions on the organ.

CHAVANNE, Irene von (1868b. Graz; studied at the Vienna Cons; alto at the Dresden Court Opera from 1885; royal chamber singer, 1894.
CHEESE, G. J. (18th cent.): London organist and writer.

organist and writer.

CHELARD, Hippolyte-André-Jean-Baptiste (1789-1861): b. Paris, d. Weimar; studied under Fétis, Gossec and Dourlen; took the grand prix de Rome in 1881; then studied with Baini, Zingarelli and Paesiello; prod. an opera in Naples, 1815. His opera 'Macheth,' prod. in Paris 1827, was not successful, but when given in Munich, 1828, won him an appointment as Kapellmeister; wrote other operas for Munich and conducted German opera in London, 1832-33; prod. operas in Munich and Weimar up to the year 1844.

CHELIUS, Oskar von (1859-) b. Mannheim; studied under Steinbach, Reiss and Jadassohn; entered the army

Reiss and Jadassohn; entered the army and became major-general in 1911; was military attaché at St. Petersburg,

don and the provinces, 1906; United States and Canada, 1916.

CHERUBINI, [Maria] Luigi [Carlo Zenobio Salvatore] (1760-1842): b. Florence, d. Paris. His father, a cembalist, was his first teacher; later he studied with Bart. and Alex. Felici, Bizarri and Castrucci, and finally Sarti, to whom he was sent by Leopold II of Tuscany (later Emperor). After several youthful works he prod. the opera Quinto Fabio (Alessandria della Paglia, 1780). This, unsuccessful, was followed by Armida (Florence, 1782), Adriano in Siria (Leghorn, 1782), Mesenzio (Florence, 1782), a revised version of Quinto Fabio (Rome, 1783), Lo Sposo di tre e marito di nessuna (Venice, 1783), Idalide (Florence, 1784), and Alessandro nelle Indie (Mantua, 1784), which were successful. In 1784 he brought out 2 operas in London (where he was composer to the king for a year), La finta principessa (1785), and Giulio Sabino. After a year in Paris, he prod. Ifigenia in Aulide at Turin; then returned to Paris and failed with a French opera Démonhoon (Opera, 1788). After Leonard's establishment of a licensed Italian opera (Théâtre de la foire) at St. Germain. C. conducted there until 1792. Demophoon (Opera, 1788). After Leonard's establishment of a licensed Italian opera (Théâtre de la foire) at St. Germain, C. conducted there until 1792. His next opera, Lodoīska (1791), began the evolution of a different style, akin to that of the French opera comique composers. In 1795 C. became, with Méhul and Lesueur, inspector of the new Conservatoire. Meantime he prod. Elisa, on le voyage au mont St. Bernard (1794), and Méde (1797), followed by L'Hotellerie portugaise (1798), La Punition (1799), La Prisonnière (1799, w. Boieldieu), and Les deux journées (1800, considered his operatic masterpiece), also Anacréon, on l'amour fugitif (1803), and the hallet Achille a Scyros (1804). Troubles with Napoleon and financial difficulties induced him to accept the commission to set an opera for Vienna. Hence Faniska was brought out (with great vivenes) in 1906 et the Körnthuerton duced him to accept the commission to set an opera for Vienna. Hence Fantska was brought out (with great success) in 1806 at the Kärnthnerthor Theatre. When Napoleon occupied Vienna he returned to Paris and wrote Pimmaglione (1809), Crescendo (1813), Les Abencerages (1814), 2 others in part, and after a protracted retired. d. Geneva; wrote the play Rosamunde,

CHENEY, Moses E. (19th cent.):
American singing teacher; organizer (with E. K. Prouty) of first American musical 'convention.' Ref.: IV. 244.
CHERNIAVSKY (1) Leo (1890-):
b. Odessa; violinist; studied with Auer, later in Vienna and London. (2) Jan (1892-): b. Odessa; brother of (1); pianist; studied with Mme. Essipoff and later with Leschetizky. (3) Michel (1893-): b. Odessa; brother of (1) and (2); 'cellist; studied with Vershilovitch and later under Popper. The brothers toured Russia, 1900; Germany, Holland and France, 1904; Vienna, London and the provinces, 1906; United States and Canada, 1916.
CHERUBINI, [Maria] Luisi [Carlo]

ment turned his attention chiefly to church music, composing his famous 3-part mass in F, a symphony, an overture and a Hymn to Spring for the London Philharmonic Society. After losing his post in the Conservative he was made superintendent of the Royal Chapel, and in 1816 returned to the Cons. as professor of composite to the London Philharmonic Society. After losing his post in the Conservative he was made superintendent of the Royal Chapel, and in 1816 returned to the Cons. as professor of composite for the John Conservative and a Hymn to Spring for the London Philharmonic Society. After losing his post in the Conservative he was made superintendent of the Royal Chapel, and in 1816 returned to the Cons. as professor of composite the London Philharmonic Society. After losing his post in the Conservative he was made superintendent of the Royal Chapel, and in 1816 returned to the Cons. as professor of composite he was made superintendent of the Royal Chapel, and in 1816 returned to the Cons. as professor of composite he was made superintendent of the Royal Chapel, and in 1816 returned to the Cons. as professor of composite he was made superintendent of the Royal Chapel, and in 1816 returned to the Cons. as professor of composite he was made superintendent of the Royal Chapel, and in 1816 returned to the Cons. as professor of composite he was made superintendent of the Royal Chapel, an single arias, romances, nocturnes, duets, etc.; 14 choruses, 4 sets of solfeggi, 11 solemn masses, 2 requiems, many solemn masses, 2 requiems, many Kyries, Glorias, Credos, etc., 1 oratorio, motets, hymns, graduals, etc., 1 Magnificat, 1 Miserere, 1 Te Deum, 4 htanies, 2 Lamentations, 20 antiphones, the most of the larger ecclesiation. htanies, 2 Lamentations, 20 antiphones, etc., most of the larger ecclesiastical works with orchestral accompaniment. His last opera was Alı Baba (1833). Ref.: II. 40ff; V. 49f; VI. 324, 333f; VII. 411; VIII. 101; IX. xi, 111, 112, 113ff, 123, 205, 225; mus. ex., XIII. 215, 216; portrait, VIII. 166.

CHESNIKOFF, P. G.: contemp. Russian composer of church music. Ref.: III. 143; 161.

CHEVE, Emile [Joseph Maurice] (1804-1864): b. Douarnenez, Finisterre, d. Paris; physician who married Nannie Paris (d. 1868), and jointly with her and her brother Amé Paris (1798-1866, b. Finisterre, d. Paris) pub. a series of treatises on Pierre Galin's method of elementary music teaching.

method of elementary music teaching, including Méthode Galin-Chevé-Paris, method of elementary music teaching, including Méthode Galin-Chevé-Paris, Méthode élémentaire d'harmonie (1846), Méthode élémentaire de musique vocale (1844, 6th ed., 1854, transl. into German), Exercises élémentaires de lecture musicale à l'usage des écoles primaires (1860), and thus became one of the chief exponents of the method. The methods are based largely on the use of numbers instead of notes, and the movement of a stick on a blank staff known as the méloplast. C.'s son Armand continued the method with Armand continued the method with compromising modifications, also edited periodical L'avenir musical and wrote a Rapport sur l'enseignement du chant (1881).

CHART (1881).

CHEVILLARD, Camille (1859-):
b. Paris; studied piano with Georges
Mathias; self-taught in composition.
He was assistant conductor of the
Lamoureux Concerts till 1897 when he
succeeded Lamoureux as chief conductor. His compositions include 1 symphonic ballade. Le chiefe et le reseau.

rus-master at the Théâtre Italien, Paris, 1858; held a similar position in London and then became professor in the Cons. at Brussels, 1871. Besides operas he wrote an oratorio, 'Job' (1884), and a singing method.

CHICKERING & SON: celebrated American firm of plano makers, founded in Boston, 1823, by Jonas Chickering (1798-1853). His son, Thomas E. C. (1824-1871), became Chevalier of the Legion of Honor and took the first prize for planos at the Paris Exposition, 1887.

CHILESOTTI. Oscare (1848-):

position, 1867.

CHILESOTTI, Oscare (1848-):

Bassano, Italy; flutist and 'cellist;
contributor to the Gazzetta Musicale
and other papers; lectured throughout
Italy on musical subjects; wrote many
valuable books, especially on old lute
music, pub. 1883 to 1911.

CHITTENDEN, Kate (1856-):

B. Hamilton, Ontario, Canada; planist
and teacher; taught in London, Stamford, Conn., New York and Vassar
College; president of Metropolitan College of Music, and dean of the faculty
of American Institute of Applied Music. Ref.: IV. 255.

CHOP, Max (nom de plume M.
Charles') (1862-): b. Greussen,
Thuringia; abandoned law for the
study of music; las written books of

for which Schubert wrote incidental music and the libretto of Weber's Euryanthe. Ref.: IX. 121, 200, 202.

CHIABRAN. See CHABRAN.
CHIAROMONTE, Francesco (1809-1886): b. Sicily, d. Brussels; studied under Donizetti; prod. the opera Fenicia at Naples in 1844; professor of singing at the Royal Cons.; prod. Caterina di Cleves, 1850; became chorus-master at the Théâtre Italien, Paris, 1858; held a similar position in London and then became professor in the Cons. at Brussels, 1871. Besides operas he wrote an oratorio, Job' (1884), and a singing method.

CHICKERING & SON: celebrated American firm of plano makers, foundprove an unfortunate circumstance in the life of the over-sensitive artist. After an attack of bronchitis which he suffered, Mme. Dudevant accompanied him to Majorca, where she nursed him, but the disease developed into consumption, and, after parting from Mme. D. in 1844, C. visited England twice in search of health. He succumbed in 1849, leaving an imperishable memory both as a great composer able memory both as a great composer and the reformer of pianoforte tech-nique, the first exploiter of the instru-ment's resources in a characteristic

CHRISTIAN FREDERICK VIII, King of Denmark. Ref.: 309.
CHRISTIANI, Elise (1827-1853): b. Paris, d. Tobolsk; 'cellist; made début in Paris, 1845; Mendelssohn wrote a Lied ohne Worte for her.
CHRISTY, Edwin T.: Amer. 'negro' minstrel. Ref.: IV. 361ff.
CHRYSANDER. Friedrich (1826-

minstrel. Ref.: IV. 361II.

CHRYSANDER, Friedrich (1826-1901): b. Lübtheen, Mecklenburg, d. Bergedorf; critic, editor and historian; editor of the Allgemeine musikalische Zeitung, 1868-71; co-editor (w. Philipp Spitta and Guido Adler) of the Viertel-jahrsschrift f. Musikwissenschaft, from 1885. He edited two Jahrbucher für musikalische Wissenschaft (1863, 1867), contaming important peners by varjous containing important papers by various writers, and wrote, besides important articles on Music Printing, the Hamburg Opera, etc., pamphlets on the Minor Key in Folk-song, the Oratorio and a monumental biography of Wardel (1989) m rolk-song, the Oratorio and a monumental biography of Handel (1858-1894). He was one of the founders of the Leipzig Händel-Gesellschaft, superintended the great Handel edition, has edited Bach's clavier works (1856), and Carissimi's oratorios in the Denkmäler der Tonkunst. Ref.: I. 437, 444; VII. 53; IX. 33.

d. London; music critic of the London 'Athenaum,' 1833-71. He travelled much and had a broad knowledge of music, but his criticism is not of great value. He wrote 'Musical Manners in France and Northern Germany' (3 vols., 1841), 'Modern Germany (3 vols., 1841), 'Modern German Music' (1854, 2 vols.), 'Thirty Years' Musical Recollections' (2 vols., 1862), 'Autobiography, Memoir, and Letters' (2 vols.), 'National Music of the World' (1880, ed. by Hewlett), 'Handel Studies' (1859), and 'Prodigy, a Tale of Music' (1866); also ilbrettos, and translations (Gounod's Faust, etc.) (Affect), 'Alexandre - Etienne (1772-1834): b. Caen, d. Paris; student of the theory and practice of music; edited and published musical works and compositions; became director of the Opéra, 1816; re-opened the Conservatoire; pub. a historical dictionary of musicians (1810-11), a Méthode étémentaire de musique et de plaunchant (1811), various other books on method, a musical encylopedia (8 vols., 1836-38), and many other works.

CHOUQUET, (Adolphe-Gustave, CHOUQUET, (Adolphe-Gustave) (1819-1886): b. Havre, d. Paris; taught music in America, 1840-60, then in Paris; won the prux Bordin twice for a history of music from the 14th century to modern times (1873) and a study of dramatic music in France (printed 1873); conservator of instruments at the Cons. from 1871.

CHRISTIANI, Elise (1827-1853): b. Paris, d. Tohloik': 'cellist; made éthut

CIFRA, Antonio (ca. 1575-ca. 1636):
b. Rome, d. Loretto; composer of the
Roman school; studied with Palestrina and Nanini; maestro di cappella
at the German College, Loretto, 161020; at the Lateran 2 years; for the
Archduke Carl of Austria, 1822; pub.
much church music, including motets,
psalms, masses, antiphones, litanies,
madrigals, etc. (1600-38).
CILEA, Francesco (1866Palmi, Calabria; was a pupil of Cesti
and Serrão, and composer of the operas: Gina (Naples, 1889): Tilda (Florence, 1892): L'Arlesiana (Milan, 1896);
Adrienne Lecouvreur (Milan, 1902);
and Gloria (Milan, 1907). Has also
written chamber music and is now director of the conservatory at Palermo.

rector of the conservatory at Palermo. Ref.: III. 369.

Ref.: III. 369.

CIMAROSA, Domenico (1749-1801): b. Aversa, near Naples, d. Venice, being a poor orphan, C. received his early training from Polcano, at the charity school of Minorites, then at the Conservatorio di S. Maria di Loreto, singing under Manna and Sacchini, counterpoint under Fenaroli, composition under Piccini. In 1770 he prod. an oratorio, Giuditia, in Rome; in 1772 his first opera Le Stracagnze del Conte at Naples. His first success came with La finta parigina, prod. at the Teatro Nuovo, Naples, in the following year. In the next 29 years he wrote nearly 80 operas; and he soon became a rival of Paësiello, bringing out operas alternately in the Leipzig Händel-Gesellschaft, superintended the great Handel edition, has edited Bach's clavier works (1856), and Carissimi's oratorios in the Denkmäler der Tonkunst. Ref.: I. 437, 444; VII. 53; IX. 33.

CHRYSANTHOS OF MADYTON (19th cent.): archbishop of Durazzo, Albania; taught church music in Constantinople, wrote Introduction to the Theory and Practice of Church Music,' 1821, and 'Great Theory of Music,' Vienna, where Emperor Leopold made

Cipollini Claussen

him Kapellmeister at 12,000 florins a year. Here he brought out II Matrimonio segreto, his masterpiece, in 1733 and with it for the time eclipsed all rivals, including Mozart. Excepting the latter's operas, Matrimonio is the only one of all the mass of stage works produced in this period that has survived to the present day. It was performed 67 times in Naples in 1793, and was followed by Gli Orazi e Curiazi in Venice. C. had begun another opera, Artemisia, when he suddenly died. He had some time before (1798) been imprisoned for revolutionary activities and saved from execution only by the clemency of King Ferdinand. It was rumored that he was finally poisoned by order of Queen Caroline of Naples, but a posthumous examination dispute the control of the order of the control o by order of Queen Caroline of Naples, but a posthumous examination disposed of the charge. P. is known to have written 76 operas, of which the comic ones (opere buffe) are the best. In his Il Fanatico per gli antichi Romani (1777) he introduced for the first time vocal ensembles into the dramatic crition. He also wrote 7 symphorics 2

mani (1777) he introduced for the first time vocal ensembles into the dramatic action. He also wrote 7 symphonies, 2 oratorios, several cantatas, masses, psalms, motets, requiems, arias, cavatinas, a great variety of other vocal works, solfeggi, etc. Ref.: II. 15; IX. 39, 69, 130, 131f, 380.

CIPOLLINI, Gaetano (1857-): b. Catanzaro, Italy; dramatic composer; studied with Francesco Coppa; composed many vocal romanze, piano pieces, operettas, lyric comedies, a melodrame and an opera.

CISNEROS, Eleonora de (née Broadfoot) (1880-): b. New York; dramatic mezzo-soprano; studied with Mme. Celli, New York, and later with Jean de Reszke and Trabadello in Paris; début as Amneris in Aida in Philadelphia, 1900; sang in Milan and in Trieste; also appeared in Rio de Janeiro, Lisbon, Covent Garden, London, the Vienna Opera and at La Scala, Milan; made a concert tour of Belgum and Germany, 1908, and accompany and Chicago Opera Company since 1910.

CLAASSEN, Arthur (1859-): b. Starsard. Prussia: studied music at

Opera.

CLARK, Rev. Frederick Scotson (1840-1883): b. London, d. there; studied music in Paris and London; organist of Exeter College, Oxford; then studied in Leipzig and Stuttgart; founded London Organ School, 1873; composed many pieces for the organ and harmonium as well as sacred music,

songs, etc.

harmonium as well as sacred music, songs, etc.
CLARKE (1) Jeremiah (ca. 1670-1707): b. London, d. there; chorister in the Chapel Royal; Master of the Children at St. Paul's, 1693; organist of the Chapel Royal, 1704; wrote incidental music to plays and was joint composer of the operas 'The World and the Moon' and 'The Island Princess' (1699). (2) John (Whitfield-Clarke) (1770-1836): b. Gloucester, d. Homer, n. Hereford; organist at Ludlow, Armagh, Dublin, organist and choirmaster of Trinity and St. John's Colleges, Cambridge, later at Hereford; professor of music, Cambridge, from 1821. Mus. D. Cantab. and Oxon. He wrote an oratorio, 'The Crucifixion and the Resurrection' (1822); cathedral services and anthems, glees, songs, chants, etc.; and edited the vocal works of Handel (1809). Ref.: VI. 473f. (3) James Hamilton Smee (1840-1912): b. Birmingham, England; d. Bansted; organist of Queen's College, Oxford, 1866; conducted operas in Paris and London; first conductor of the Carl Rosa Company in 1893; musical director of the Lyceum Theatre from 1878; pub. more than 400 works, including incidental music for some of Shakespeare's plays, operetias, cantasas, church music, songs and instru-

named cermany, 1908, and accompanied Melba on a tour of Australia, 1911; member of the Manhattan Opera Company, and Chicago Opera Company since 1910.

CLAASSEN, Arthur (1859-): b. Stargard, Prussia; studied music at Weimar; conductor of theatres in Göttingen and Magdeburg; conducted the Arion in Brooklyn for 25 years, also the Liederkranz in New York; founded the San Antonio Symphony Society, 1910; pub. Festival Hymn, Waltz-Idyll, songs and choruses.

CLAPISSON, Antoine-Louis (1808- 1860): b. Naples, d. Paris; violinist and composer; member of the Institute of France, 1854; professor of harmony at the Conservatoire, 1861; composed 21 comic operas and many songs. CLAPISSON, studied music at Harvard Univ.; composer of a symph. poem, a symphony, an orchestral prelude, a

CLAYE, José Anselmo (1824-1874):
b. Barcelona, d. there; founder of singing societies in Spain modelled on the French 'Orphéons'; composed songs, choruses and zarzuelas.

choruses and zarzuelas.

CLAXTON, Philander D., American educator. Ref.: IV. 242f.

CLEGG, Edith: b. London; contralto; studied with Klein in London and Bouhy in Paris; début in opera, London, 1906; has sung at Covent Garden and toured Germany as a liedersinger.

CLEMENS, Jacob (called Clemens non Papa, to distinguish him from Pope Clement VII, who was a good player of several instruments): eminent 16th-cent. contrapuntist of the mester to Emperor Charles V at Vienna, and wrote 11 masses, many motets, chansons, etc. Ref.: I. 304; mus. ex. XIII. 40.

ct., XIII. 40.

CLEMENT, Franz (1784-1842): b. Vienna, d. there; Kapellmeister at the Theater an der Wien, Vienna, 1802-11 and 1813-18, in the interim leader at Frague, under Weber; later travelled with Mme. Catalani for several years. He wrote 6 concertos and 25 concertos for violin, overtures, quarters,

with Mme. Catalani for several years. He wrote 6 concertos and 25 concertnos for violin, overtures, quartets, piano concertos, and 1 opera, Le trompeur trompé. Ref.: VII. 444, 451, 456.

CLEMENT (1) Felix (1822-1885): b. Paris, d. there; student of musical history in Paris, was organist and choirmaster at the Church of the Sorbonne; assisted in the establishment of the Institute for Church Music; pub. Chants de la Sainte-Chapelle (1849; 3rd ed., 1875); wrote several methods and other works on the history of music. (2) Edmond (1867-): b. Paris; studied music at the Conservatoire; début at Opéra-Comique, 1889; sang there for 21 years; has sung in most of the principal cities in Europe; at the Metropolitan Opera House, 1909-10; with the Boston Opera Company, 1911-13.

CLEMENT, Pope. Ref.: VII. 89; IX. 22.

CLEMENT OF ALEXANDRIA.

CLEMENT OF ALEXANDRIA.

Ref.: quoted, I. 141.

CLEMENT y CAVEDO (1810-[?]):

b. Gandia, Spain; organist and teacher of music; pub. a text-book of music, framatica Musical; composed an opera, a zarzuela and songs.

CLEMENTI, Muzio (1752-1832):

Rome, d. Evesham, England; son of a goldsmith and musical amateur. He was taught by Antonio Buroni, maestrodi cappella in a Roman church, and the organist Condicelli; subsequently he studied composition with Carpani and singing with Sartarelli, still later he finished his training in an English patron's home in Dorsetshire. At 9 he secured an organist's post in competition with maturer players. At 18, 180

member of the Chicago Opera Company since 1913.

CLAVE, José Anselmo (1824-1874):
b. Barcelona, d. there; founder of in 1773 and earned the praise of C. P. singing societies in Spain modelled on the France Company societies of C. P. Singing Societies of Spain modelled on the France Company societies of C. P. E. Bach, C. was cembelist-conductor of the Interior Company 1773 200 code of the Interior Company 1773 E. Bach. C. was cembalist-conductor of the Italian Opera, 1777-80, and toured on the continent from 1781. In Vienna he met Mozart in competition, which was undecided, though C. afterwards imitated M.'s style, which was expressive rather than brilliant, thus acknowledging the master's superiority. For 20 years C. remained in London (1782-1802) except for a season in (1782-1802) except for a season in Paris; he taught, published his compositions and established a successful plano-factory and publishing house (now Collard's), and incidentally became rich. He travelled for a time with his pupil, John Field (q.v.), who was but one of a number of distinguished ones, including Cramer, Moscheles, Kalkbrenner, and Meyerbeer. His compositions (which were also a lucrative source of income) include symphonies and overtures for orchestra; 106 piano sonatas (46 with violin, 'cello, or flute); 2 duos for 2 pianos; 6 piano duets; fugues, preludes and exercises in canon-form, toccatas, waltzes, variations, caprices, Points and exercises in canon-form, foccatas, waltzes, variations, caprices, Points d'orgue, etc. (op. 19); also an Introduction à Part de toucher le piano, avec 50 leçons, etc. His Gradus ad Parnassum (1817), a great collection of études, is still one of the acknowledged classics of piano pedagogy. It has been edited by Bülow and others. Ref.: II. 106 (footnote), 163; VII. 64, 98, 100, 112, 117, 119f, 143, 157; portrait, VII. 110. CLEMM, John (18th cent.): early American organ builder. Ref.: VI. 496. CLEONICA, Greek dancer. Ref.: X. 70.

X. 70.

CLEONIDES (2d cent.): a Greek writer on music whose treatise, Introductic harmonica, was for many years thought to be the work of Euclid.
CLEOPATRA. Ref.: (as dancer)

X. 17f.

CLERAMBAULT, Louis Nicholas (1676-1749): b. Paris, d. there; composer; organist successively at the churches of St. Jacques, St. Louis, St. Cyr., and St. Sulpice; composed pieces

1892, a symphonic poem, a concerto for violin and orchestra, songs and church music.

for violin and orchestra, songs and church music.

CLIFFORD, Rev. James (1622-1698): b. Oxford, d. London; Senior Cardinal of St. Paul's; pub. 'A Collection of Divine Services and Anthems...' (1664).

CLIFTON (1) John Charles (1781-1841); b. London, d. Hammersmith; studied with Bellamy and Wesley; taught and conducted in Bath, in Dublin and in London; invented the 'Eidomusicon'; prod. an opera 'Edwin' in Dublin (1815); pub. glees, songs, a theory of harmony and a 'Selection of British Melodies.' (2) Chalmers (1889-); b. Jackson, Miss.; studied at Harvard University and Cincinnati Cons.; also with Vincent d'Indy and Gédalge in Paris; conductor of the Cecilia Society, Boston, since 1915; orchestrated 20 of MacDowell's piano pieces; composed piano sonatas, songs,

chestrated 20 of MacDowell's piano pieces; composed piano sonatas, songs, etc. (MS.); contributor to The Art of Music. Ref.: IV. 442.

CLIQUOT, François-Henri (1728-1791): b. Paris, d. there; French organbuilder in partnership with Pierro Dallery after 1765.

CLOSSON, Ernest (1870-): b. St. Josse ten Noode, near Brussels; assistant curator of museum at the Cons. in Brussels, professor there since 1913; has written many musical and folkloristic studies, the latter under the nom de plume Paul Antoine. nom de plume Paul Antoine.

CLOUGH-LEIGHTER, Henry (1874-): b. Washington, D. C.; composer; studied at Columbia and Trinity (Toronto) universities; organist of several churches in Washington and several churches in Washington and Providence; instructor in musical ethics and theory, Howe School of Music, Boston (1900-1901); editorial staff, Oil-ver Ditson Co., Boston (1901-1908); editor-in-chief, Boston Music Co. (G. Schirmer, Boston), since 1908; has composed numerous songs, cycles, cantatas and large choral works; piano Manufacture and studies: pub theoretical

Novelletten and studies; pub. theoretical and technical works. Ref.: IV. 436f.

CLUER, John (d. London, 1729):
English publisher and engraver of music; pub. Handel's Suites (1720), 9 of his Italian operas (1723-29) and a col-

lection of opera songs.

COATES, Eric: contemp. song-writer: Ref.: III. 443. English

song-writer: Ref.: III. 445.
COBB, Gerard Francis (1838-1904):
b. Nettlestead, England; d. Cambridge; studied music in Dresden; president of Cambridge Music Society, 1874-84; chairman of the Board of Music Studies, 1877-92; composed much sacred music, songs and ballads, also instrumental pieces.
COCCHI, Gioacchino (ca. 1715-1804): b. Padua, d. Venice; taught there; wrote 42 operas for Rome, Naples, Venice and London, where he conducted concerts and taught; also 2 oratorios, etc.

oratorios, etc.

COCCIA, Carlo (1782-1873): b. Naples, d. Novara; pupil of Balente, Fenaroli, and Paisiello at Naples; became a prolific writer of operas; travelled through Italy, to Lisbon and London, to produce his almost 40 operas. He was maestro at Novara cathedral when he died. He also wrote masses, other sacred music, arias, duets, etc. Ref.:

ne died. He also wrote masses, other sacred music, arias, duets, etc. Ref.: II. 503 (footnote).

COCCON, Nicolò (1826-1903): b. Venice, d. there; pianist; organist and composer; pub. much sacred music, including an oratoria, Saul, masses, a sacred melodrama, also 2 operas and an operate

an operetta.

COCKS (Robert) & Co.: London firm of music publishers established in 1823. In 1898 the business was transferred to Augener & Company. Their catalogue of publications contains 16,000 items.

their catalogue of publications contains 16,000 items.

COENEN (1) Johannes Meinardus (1824-1889): b. The Hague, d. Amsterdam; studied with Lubeck at Hague Cons.; conducted the orchestra of the Dutch Theatre, Amsterdam, 1864; municipal musical director; founded the Palais Orchestra; composed cantatas, ballet music, symphonies, an opera and various instrumental works. (2) Franz (1826-1904): b. Rotterdam, d. Leyden; studied with Vieuxtemps and Molique; gave tours as concert violinist; director in the Amsterdam Cons. to 1895; composed cantatas, a symphony, quartets and other works. (3) Willem (1837-): b. Rotterdam; brother of (2); pianist, teacher and composer; the first musician to introduce Brahms' chamber music into England; wrote an oratorio 'Lazarus' (1878), piano music, songs, masses, etc. etc.

etc. COERNE, Louis Adolphe (1870-): b. Newark, N. J.; composer; studied under J. K. Paine, Franz Kneisel, and Rheinberger; director of German-American singing societies and organist in churches; associate professor of music, Smith College (1903-1904), director Cons. of Music, Olivet College (1909-1910); director School of Music, Univ. of Wisconsin (1910-15); professor of music, Connecticut College (1915-). He wrote 'Evolution of Modern Orchestration' (1908) and composed a symphonic poem 'Hiawatha'; operas, 'A Woman of Marblehead' and 'Zenobia' (Bremen, 1905-06); melodrama, 'Sakun-(Bremen, 1905-06); melodrama, 'Sakun-tala'; Swedish Sonata for violin and piano; masses, choral works, etc. Ref.: IV. 343; mus. ex., XIV. 274.

IV. 343; mus. ex., XIV. 274.

COFFEY, Charles (18th cent.):
adapted Jevon's 'The Devil of a Wife'
(1686) into the hallad opera 'The Devil
to Pay,' with melodies by Lord Rochester, Colley Cibber and others, which
made a sensation in London, Berlin and
New York. Ref.: II. 8f; IX. 79.

COHAN, George M.: contemp. Amer.
comedian and composer of musical
comedies. Ref.: IV. 463.

COHEN (1) Jules-Émile-David and (1835-1901): b. Marseilles, d. Paris; (190 studied at the Conservatoire; taught erett studied at the Conservatóire; taught there; chorus-master at the Opéra, 1877; composed many songs and piano pieces, also 4 operas, 3 cantatas and several masses, symphonies and oratorios.

(2) See Lara, ISDORO DE.

COINI, Jacques: contemp. stage manager active at Met. Opera House, New York. Ref.: IV. 157.

COLASSE, Pascal (1647-1709): b. Rheims, d. Versailles; pupil of Lully, whom he assisted by writing out the choral and orchestral parts of his operas from the figured bass and melody. He was afterwards accused of appro-

He was afterwards accused of appropriating scores which his master put aside as incomplete. He became mattre de la musique in 1683, royal chamber musician in 1696. A favorite of Louis XIV., he was privileged to produce operas at Lille. There the theatre burned, ras at Lille. There the theatre burned, his opera Polyxene et Pyrrhus (1706) failed, and his mental powers were disrupted. He wrote 10 operas, including Les noces de Théiys et Pélée (1689), also sacred and secular songs. Ref.: IX. 26.

COLBRAN, Isabella (19th cent.): singer, wife of Rossini. Ref.: II. 184f.
COLBURN, George (1878-): b. Colton, N. Y.; studied at the American Conservatory of Music, Chicago; taught there 1903-15, also at Northwestern Military Academy, 1902-15; cond. various musical societies; composed masques and pageants, incidental music and other works.

COLE, Rossetter Gleason (1866-): COLE, Rossetter Gleason (1866-);
b. Clyde, Mich.; studied composition
in Berlin under Max Bruch; has
been professor of music at Ripon
(Wis.) College, Grinnell College and
University of Wisconsin; professor of
music Columbia University Summer
Sessions (1908-). Has composed
cantatas, Ballade for 'cello and orchestre Featesia Symphonique and Rhantra, Fantasie Symphonique and Rhap-sody for organ, numerous other compo-

sody for organ, numerous other compositions for voice, piano, organ, chorus and orchestra; also accompaniments for recitations. Ref.: IV. 384; VI. 384f, 501; mus. ex., XIV. 256.

COLERIDGE-TAYLOR, Samuel (1875-1912): b. London, d. Thornton Heath; was son of a negro physician of Sierra Leone and of an Englishwoman; became choirboy at St. Mary Magdalen, Croydon; went to Royal College of Music in 1890; and in 1898 was teacher there and conductor of a string orchestra. He took a prize in 1893 and studied four years with Charles Villiers Stanford. C. has written a number of imford. C, has written a number of important works, among them a symphony in A min. (1896); chamber music; pieces for violin and piano; pieces for plano solo, a number of songs ('Southern Love Songs,' Seven African Romances'), and choral music, for which he is best known, including 'Hiawatha's Wedding' (1889); Los Gitanos, a cantata-operetta; 'A Tale of Old Japan'; choirmaster in several Philadelphia

and an oratorio, 'The Atonement' (1903). In addition he wrote an operetta, 'Dreamlovers'; music to Herod (an orchestral suite); and an 'African Suite' for piano. Ref.: III. 437; VI. 215f, 370f; mus. ex., XIV. 186; portrait, VI. 202.

VI. 202.

COLLAN, Karl (1823-1871): Finnish composer. Ref.: III. 100.

COLLET, Henri (1885-): b. Paris; studied with Thibaut and Barès in Paris, and later with Olmeda in Madrid; composed El Escorial, a symphonic poem, also songs and instrumental music; wrote books and essays on 16th cent. music, etc.

COLLINS: (1) writer of odes. Ref.: VI. 141. (2) Lottie (19th cent.): English dancer. Ref.: X. 189, 192f.

COLOMBI, Giuseppe (1635-1694): b. Modena, d. there; maestro di cappella of Modena Cathedral, instrumental composer (sinfonie da camera, suites,

composer (sinfonie da camera, suites,

composer (sinjonie da camera, suites, sonatas, etc.).

COLONNA, Giovanni Paola (1637-1695): b. Bologna, d. there; studied with Filipuzzi, Carissimi, Benevoli and Abbatini; maestro di cappella of San Petronio; composed much church mu-

sic, 11 oratorios and 3 operas.

COLONNE, Edouard (correctly Judas) (1838-1910): b. Bordeaux, d. Paris; conductor; pupil of Girard and Sauzay, in violin, and of Elwart and Thomas in composition at the Conservatoire. He founded the famous Concerts du Chatelet in 1874 and in these produced the gigantic works of Berlioz, as well as many by modern German composers. He also directed the official concerts at the Exposition of 1878, and was conductor at the Opera, 1892. His work is being continued under other con-ductors by the orchestra bearing his name

name.

COLUMBI, Vincenzo (16th cent.):
Ital. organ builder. Ref.: VI. 405.

COMBARIEU, Jules-Léon-Jean
(1859-): b. Cahors, Lot; studied
Paris; also with Spitta, Berlin; became
professor at the lyceum Louis-le-Grand,
Paris; and is now professor of the
history of music at the Collège of
France and member of the Conseil supérteur des beaux arts. C. has attracted attention through his musicoesthetic writings, especially Essai sur
l'archéologie musicale au XIX° siècle
et le problème de l'origine des neumes
(1896, awarded prize by Academy); La
musique, ses lois, son évolution (1906);
Histoire de la Musique (Des origines à Histoire de la Musique (Des origines à la mort de Beethoven, 2 vols., 1913, 1914). C. also edited the Documents, mémoires et voeux of the 1900 International Music Congress at Paris and has

churches; founded Broad Street Cons., | 1885; director there Philadelphia,

Philadelphia, 1885; director there since that date.

COMER, Thomas (19th cent.): Boston musical pioneer. Ref.: IV. 188.

COMETTANT, John-Pierre-Oscar (1819-1898): b. Bordeaux, d. Montvillers; studied at the Conservatoire; directed a private musical institute for 20 years; wrote many books on the history of music and musicians published between 1860 and 1895; also composed piano pieces and songs.

COMMER, Franz (1813-1887): b. Cologne, d. Berlin; studied in Cologne, and at Berlin with A. W. Bach (organ), A. B. Marx and Rungenhagen (composition). He was charged with the arrangement of the library of the Royal Inst. for Church Music, made important historical researches, and edited collechistorical researches, and edited collec-tions of old music which include Coltions of old music which include Collectio operum musicorum, Batavorum seculi XVI. (12 vols.); Musica sacra XVI, XVII seculorum (26 vols.); Collection operum pour l'orgue des XVIe, XVIII siècles (in 6 parts), and Cantica sacra (16th-18th cent., 2 vols.). He founded, with Küster and Kullak, the Berlin Tonkünstlerverein, was Royal Musikdirektor, Professor, Senator of the Berlin Academy and president of the Gesellschaft für Musikforschung. He composed music for Aristophanes' 'Frogs,' and Sophokles' 'Elektra'; masses, cantatas, and choruses; was

theatre, 1691-1693. (2) August (1821-1873): b. Berlin, d. there; composer, for many years a friend of Liszt at Weimar; Kapellmeister at Stettin, Ber-lin, Düsseldorf and Cologne; prod. operas in Berlin between the years 1847 and 1868.

CONRIED, Heinrich (1855-1909): b. Bielitz, d. Meran. He was an actor at the Burgtheater, Vienna, in 1873; came to the German Theatre in New York, 1878; succeeded Amberg as manager of the Irving Place Theatre, 1892; and assumed the direction of the Metapolitan Opera House in 1901 as Grave's and assumed the direction of the Metropolitan Opera House in 1901 as Grau's successor; the first to produce Parsifal outside of Bayreuth (1903-04 at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York). Ref.: IV. 149ff.

CONSOLO, Federigo (1841-1906):
b. Ancona, d. Florence; violin virtuoso; studied with Giorgetti in Florence, Vieuxtemps in Brussels, also with Fétis and Liszt; wrote 'Oriental Suites,' 'Hebraic Melodies' and concertos for both violin and piano; also pub. a work on the modern notation of

neumes.

avork on the modern notation of Cantica sacra (16th-18th cent., 2 vols.). He founded, with Küster and Kullak the Berlin Tonkünstlerverein, was Royal Musikdirektor, Professor, Senator of the Berlin Academy and president of the Gesellschaft fur Musikforschung. He composed music for Aristophanes' Frogs, and Sophokles' Elektra'; masses, canatas, and choruses; was choirmaster at the (Cath.) Hedwigskirche and vocal teacher at several schools. Ref.: VI. 425 (footnote).

COMPENIUS (1) Heinrich (b. Nordhausen, 1540): organ builder; built the cathedral organ at Magdeburg (1604), etc. He composed Christitche Harmonia a 5 (1572). (2) Esajas: son of Heinrich (1), was also a famous organ builder in Brunswick, and invented the organ stop called Duifiöte.

COMPERE, Louis (late 15th cent.): b. Flanders, d. St. Quentin; chorister, canon and chancellor of St. Quentin Church; noted contrapuntist. Only twenty-one of his motets exist in collections (pub. 1501, 1503, 1519, 1541).

CONCONE, Giuseppe (ca. 1810-1861): b. Turin, d. there; vocal teacher in Paris, 1822-48; at the time of his death organist of the court choir at Turin. He is famous as the composer of excellent solfeggi, issued in 5 vols. (50 Lezioni, 30 Esercizi, 25 Lezioni, 15 vocalizzi, and 40 Lezioni per Bassol. He also wrote 2 operas, vocal seenes, duets and songs.

CONFUCIUS. Ref.: X. 33, 38.

CONTROIX. Jacques-Félix de (1791-1866): b. Antwerp, d. near Brussels; pianist; founded the 'Société d'Harmonie'; comp. concertos and sonatas for piano.

CONRADI (1) Johann Georg (17th cent.): Kapellmeister at öttingen; one of the earliest German opera composers; prod. operas for the Hamburg' to composer for the Hamburg' to compose for the Ha CONSTANTINE. See Konstantine.

(1869); Fest-Ouverture (1870); 6 German Songs (Leipzig, 1856); a cantata, vocal quartets, etc., 2 symphonies, 2 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 2 symphonies, 2 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 2 symphonies, 2 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 12 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 12 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 13 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 14 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 14 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 14 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 14 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 14 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; music critic for Le vocal quartets, etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; etc., 16 leunes Aveugles; etc., 16 leunes (1869); Fest-Ouvertüre (1870); 6 German Songs (Leipzig, 1856); a cantata, vocal quartets, etc., 2 symphonies, 2 oratorios, several overtures, quartets, and quintets for strings, chorals, etc. (in MS.). Ref.: IV. 357. (2) Frederick Shepherd (1871-): b. Newton, Mass.; pupil of Royal Academy of Music, Munich; taught harmony at New England Cons.; assistant professor of music, Harvard Univ., 1904-07. He composed a fantasy for orch. ('The Mystic Trumpeter'), a symphonic poem ('Ormazd'), 2 operas, 'The Pipe of Desire' (1906, perf. in Boston and New York), and 'The Sacrifice'; cantatas, piano music, songs, etc. Ref.: IV. 154, 227, 377ff; VI. 383f; mus. ez., XIV. 277; portrait, IV. 368.

COOK (1) [Capt.] James. Ref.: I. 16f, 23. (2) Will Marion: contemporary American (negro) composer. Ref.:

16f, 23. (2) Will Marion: contemporary American (negro) composer. Ref.: IV. 443f.

COOKE (1) Benjamin (1734-1793): b. London, d. there; pupil of Pepusch and his master's successor as conductor and his master's successor as conductor at the Academy of Ancient Music; later choirmaster, lay-vicar, and organist (1762) of Westminster Abbey; organist of St. Martin's-in-the-Field, 1782. Mus. D., Cantab. and Oxon. He composed glees, canons and catches, for which he took several Catch Club prizes, also odes, instrumental concertos, church music, organ and harpsichord pieces. Ref.: VI. 472. (2)

James Francis (1875-): b. Bay City, Michigan; studied music in various conservatories in United States chord pieces. Ref.: VI. 472. (2)
James Francis (1875-): b. Bay
City, Michigan; studied music in
various conservatories in United States various conservatories in United States and Europe; organist and teacher of music in Brooklyn; director of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences since 1907; has contributed articles to German musical magazines; editor of 'The Etude'; pub. piano pieces and songs, author of 'A Standard History of Music' (1910), and 'Great Planists on Piano Playing' (1914).

COPERARIO, John (17th cent.): composer of music for masques, etc. Ref.: X. 84.

COPIOLA, Galeria, Roman dancer. Ref.: X. 77.

II. 471; V. 319.

CORDANS, Bartolommeo (17001757): b. Venice, d. Udine; maestro
at Udine cathedral; comp. a great amount
of church music; prod. 3 operas in
Venice, 1729-31.

CORDELLA, Giacomo (1783-1847):
b. Naples, d. there; studied with Fenaroli and Paisiello; professor of solfeggio at the Naples Cons.; comp.
many operas, 19 of which were produced in Naples.

CORDER (1) Frederick (1852-):

duced in Naples.

CORDER (1) Frederick (1852-):
b. London; composer, teacher; curator
of the Royal Acad. of Music (of which
he is a fellow) since 1890; founded
Society of British Composers (1905)
and the publishing firm of Charles Avison (1906); has composed choral
works, an opera, 'Nordisa,' and numerous works for orchestra, songs, etc.
Ref.: III. 421. (2) Paul (1879-): b.
London; studied at the Royal Academy
of Music; professor of harmony and
composition there, 1907; comp. several operas, an overture, a ballet and
other music. other music.

CORELLI, Arcangelo (1653-1713): b. Fusignano, n. Imola, d. Rome; was a pupil of Giov. Batt. Bassani in violin, of music in Brooklyn; director of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences since 1907; has contributed articles to German musical magazines; editor of 'The Etude'; pub. piano pieces and songs, author of 'A Standard History of Music' (1910), and 'Great Pianists on Piano Playing' (1914).

COPPERARIO, John (17th cent.): composer of music for masques, etc. Ref.: X. 84.

COPPOLA, Galeria, Roman dancer. Ref.: X. 77.

COPPET, Edward J. de (1855-1916): b. New York, d. there; founder of the Flonzaley Quartet, composed of Adolfo Betti, 1st violin, Alfred Ponchon, 2d violin, Ugo Ara, viola, and Ivan d'Archambeau, 'cello, who since 1902 have given chamber-music concerts in Europe and United States.

COPPOLA, Pletro Antonio (1793-1877): b. Sicily, d. Catania; studied at the Naples Cons.; contemporary and rival of Rossini; prod. 15 operas between the years 1816 and 1850; his first successful one, Nina pazza per amore, was prod. in Rome, 1835; conducted Lisbon Royal Opera, 1839-42; also composed much church music.

COQUARD, Arthur (1846-1910): b. Prusis, d. Noirmoutier, La Vendée; composer; pupil of César Franck; professor

balo, op. 2 (1685); 12 Suonate a tre, due violini e arcilinto col basso per l'organo, op. 3 (1690); 12 Suonate da camera a tre, due violini e violone o cembalo, op. 4 (1694); 12 Suonate a violono e violone o cembalo, op. 6 (1700) (later arr. by Geminiani as Concerti grossi); Concerti grossi con due violini e violoncello di concertino obbligato e due altri violini. viola e due violini e violoncello di concertino obbligato, e due altri violini, viola e basso di concerto grosso ad arbitrio, che si possono raddoppiare, op. 6 (1712). C.'s works have been frequently reprinted, more recently in editions by Pepusch (op. 1-4, and op. 6, London); and by Joachim, (op. 1 and 2, in Chrysander's Denkmäler). Ref.: I. 375, (life) 394ff, 446, 452, 472; II. 51; III. 385; VII. 6, 37, 93, 389, 392 (works) 396ff, 412, 427, 428, 480, 481; VIII. 85; mus. ex., XIII. 90; portrait, VIII. 398.

COREY, Newton J. (1861-): b. Hillsdale, Michigan; organist of the Fort St. Presbyterian Church; musical editor of "Saturday Night," contributor to The Etude'; has given many lecture recitals.

recitals.

CORNELIUS, Peter (1824-1874): b. Mayence, d. there; began life as an actor; then studied with Dehn at Beractor; then studied with Denn at Berlin (1845-52), and went to Weimar to
join Liszt's circle, being an ardent
champion of Wagner and contributing
frequently to the Neue Zeitschrift für
Musik. Liszt produced his opera, Der
Barbier von Bagdad, in Weimar in
1858, but it encountered such bitter
opposition that it caused Liszt's departure from the town. The work was 1858, but it encountered such bitter opposition that it caused Liszt's departure from the town. The work was later successfully prod. in Dresden, Coburg, Hamburg, and elsewhere. Joining Wagner, C. followed the master to Munich (1865), and there became reader to King Ludwig H., and professor of harmony and rhetoric at the Royal Music School. He prod. at the Royal Music School. He prod. an other opera, Der Cid, at Weimar in 1865; a third, Gunlöd, based on the Edda, remained unfinished and was completed by Lassen (prod. Strassburg, 1892). C. also wrote a song cycle, duest (sop. & bar.), Weihnachtslieder (op. 8), Trauerchöre for male voices (op. 9), and Lyrische Poesien (1861). C. wrote the text for his operas, and was a talented poet and translator. Ref.: II. 380f; III. viii, 235f, 239, 245; V. 298, (songs) 302ff; IX. xiv, (opera) 418f, 420, 497; mus. ex., XIII. 350.

CORNELIUS SEVERUS, Roman poet (18th cent. B. C.). Ref.: VI. 399.

CORONARO (1) Gaetano (1852-1908): b. Vicenza, d. Milan; violinist and composer; studied with Faccio at the Milan Cons.; professor of harmony and composition there; prod. 30peras, also wrote some instrumental music. (2) Antonio (1860-): b. Vicenza; brother of (1); prod. 2 operas, Seili (1880) and Falco di Calabria (1903). (3) Gellio Benvenuto (1863-): b. Vicenza; brother of (1) and (2); pianist and composer;

studied at the Liceo Rossini, Bologna, where he won the first prize with the opera Jolanda, prod. at the Milan Cons., 1889. His other works include a dramatic sketch, Festa a Marina (Venice, 1893) and 3 other operas prod. in Milan and Messina; comp. masses, songs, piano pieces, etc.

CORRE, Joseph (18th cent.): Amer. musical pioneer. Ref.: IV. 67.

CORRI, Domenico (1744-1825): b. Rome, d. London; studied with Porpora; prod. 2 operas; founded a musical text-books, and much vocal musical text-books, and much vocal music.

CORSI, Jacopo (b. ca. 1560): Florentine nobleman and patron of art, in whose palace, as in that of his friend Bardi, were held the memorable meetings of the camerata (incl. Peri, Caccini, Emilo de' Cavalieri, Galilei, Rinuccini, etc.) which inaugurated the era of monody and originated the opera. As a skillful player on the gravicembalo. C. himself assisted in the per-As a skillful player on the gravicem-balo, C. himself assisted in the per-formance of the new music. Ref.: I. 329ff; IX. 8.

CORTECCIA, Francesco Bernardo di (early 16th cent.-1571): b. Arezzo, d. Florence; was organist at San Lorenzo, Florence; was organist at San Lorenzo, 1531; maestro di cappella to Duke Cosimo the Great, 1541-71. Of his compositions 9 pieces, in 4, 6, and 8 parts (Venice, 1539); 3 books of madrigals (1545, '47, '47); Responses and Lessons (1570): 32 Hymns in 4 parts; Canticorum liber primus (1571), have been preserved. His intermedias to dramas are notable. Ref.: VII. 376.

CORTESI, Francesco (1826-1904); b. Florence, d. there; studied with Rossini; vocal teacher, conductor and composer; prod. operas in Rome, Florence and Trieste from 1852 to 1881.

CORTOPASSI, Domenico (b. 1875);

Cosyn Coussemaker

lish composer of lessons for virginals. His name is given to a virginal-book containing 95 pieces for virginals by himself, Orlando Gibbons and others. Ref.: VII. 18.

COTTA, Johann (1794-1868): b. Ruhla, d. Willerstedt; comp. Was ist

Ruhla, d. Willerstedt; comp. Was ist des Deutschen Vaterland?
COTTLOW, Augusta (1878-):
b. Shelbyville, Illinois; concert pianist; début Chicago, 1888; studied in Berlin, 1896; toured Europe; appeared at the Worcester Festival, 1900; soloist with the Boston Symphony Orchestra, 1902.

COTTON VIOLE REF. IV. 17. 20f.

misation. Ref.: I. 172f.
COTTON, John. Ref.: IV. 17, 20f.
COUCY, Regnault, Chatelain de, d.
Palestine, 1192; troubadour who accompanied Richard Cœur de Lion to
the Holy Land. Of his poems (MSS. of
which are in the Bibliothèque Nationale) several modern versions have been pub., of which the Chansons du Chatelain de Coucy, by Francisque-Michel (Paris, 1830), is the most valu-

able.

COUPERIN (1) Louis (1630-1665):

d. Paris; dessus de viole to Louis XIII;
died as organist of St. Gervais. Composed 3 suites of clavecin pieces
(MS.). (2) François Sieur de Croulily (1631-1701): brother of (1); pupil
of Chambonnières; was organist of St.
Gervais, 1679-98. Wrote Pièces d'orgue
consistantes en deux messes, etc.
(MS.). (3) Charles (1638-1669): organist at St.-Gervais as successor to
his brother François (2), 1665. (4)
François (surnamed le Grand, because of his superiority in organ-playing) (1668-1733): b. Paris, d. there;
son of Charles (3). He was a pupil of
the organist, Louis-Jacques Thomelin;
successor to his uncle François (2) at
Saint-Gervais, 1698; claveciniste de la
chapelle, 1701. C. is acknowledged by
eminent critics to be the first great

land in 1829, and there spent the rest of his life. He was operatic conductor in London; director of the Philharmonic Society and the Sacred Harmonic Society; conductor of the new Italian opera, Covent Garden; conductor de Birmingham, Bradford, Leeds and Handel Festivals; was director of music, composer and conductor at Her Majesty's opera; composed operas, oratorios, etc. Ref.: VI. 139, 283f. (2) Carlo (1826-1888): b. Naples, d. there; teacher of theory in the Cons. at Naples. (3) Mario (1838-): b. Taranto; wrote two pantomimes and a number of popular songs, mostly in the Neapolitan dialect. Ref.: VII. 401.

COSYN, Benjamin (17th cent.): English composer for the harpsichord specifical-wrote with since, unlike his predecessors, he wrote only for that instrument; thus he may be regarded as the founder of new art. His manner of writing was peculiar because of his effort to reproduce the pieces as he played them, with all the ornaments, etc. He pub. 4 Livres de pièces de clausecin (Paris, 1713, 1716, 1722, and 1730), of which the third contains 4 concerts a l'usage de toutes sortes d'instrument; Les Gouts réunis, ou Nouveaux Concerts, parable, etc. (Lulli]; Leçons des tienbers a une et deux voic; L'art de limbers a l'art de limbers a le limbers a le limbers a le limbers a le limbers a l'art de limbers a le limbers a l'art de limbers a le limbers a l'art de wrote only for that instrument; thus he may be regarded as the founder of a new art. His manner of writing was peculiar because of his effort to reproduce the pieces as he played them, with all the ornaments, etc. He pub. 4 Livres de pièces de clavecin (Paris, 1713, 1716, 1722, and 1730), of which the third contains 4 concerts a l'usage de toutes sortes d'instruments; Les Gouts réunis, ou Nouveaux Concerts, etc. (1724); L'Apothéose de l'incomparable, etc. [Lulli]; Leçons des ténèbres a une et deux voiz; L'art de toucher du clavecin (1717), also trios. Ref.: I. 398, 440ff, 485; III. 60, 351; VII. 8, 38, 41, 51ff, 63, 86, 207, 267f, 398, 484; VIII. 285; mus. ex., XIII. 100, 102; portrait, VII. 110. (5) Nicholas (1680-1748); b. Paris, d. there; son of (2); organist of St. Gervais. (6) Armand-Louis (1772-1789); b. Paris, d. there; son of (5); organist to the king, of St. Gervais, St. Barthélemy, Ste-Marguerite, and one of the four organists of Notre-Dame. He was a brilliant virtuoso, and wrote much technically good but otherwise mediocre music (sonatas, trios, churchmusic). (7) Elisabeth-Antoinette (née Blanchet), wife of Armand-Louis (6) was a remarkable organist and clavecinist, who played up to the age of 81. (8) Pierre-Louis (1789); assistant to his father, Armand-Louis (6) at St. Gervais. (9) Gervais-François (d. after 1823); son of Armand-Louis (6) and his successor at St. Gervais. He was the last of the famous family, but hardly did justice to the great tradition.

COUPTEY. See Le Couppey.—COURTOIS, Jean (early 16th cent.):

COUPPEY. See Le Couppey. COURTOIS, Jean (early 16th cent.): noted contrapuntist; comp. motets,

mosted contrapunus; comp. moters, masses and psalms.

COURVOISIER, Karl (1846-)

b. Basel; violinist; studied at Leipzig Cons. and in Berlin; conductor of the Düsseldorf Theatre orchestra; taught at Liverpool since 1885; comp. a symphony, concertos and other instruental music; has pub. various books on violin technique.

VI. 368.

COWEN, [Sir] Frederic Hymen (1852-): b. Kingston, Jamaica; English composer; was a pupil of Benedict and Goss in London; of Hauptmann, Moscheles, Reinecke, Richter, and Plaidy, at Leipzig, and Kiel at Berlin. He was director of the Edinburgh Academy of Music in 1882; conductor of the Liverpool Philharmonic, 1887; mus. director of the Melbourne Centennial Exhibition (1888-9); conductor of the Liverpool Philharmonic, and of the Manchester Concerts. He composed 2 operettas, 4 operas, 3 oratorios ("The Deluge," 'Ruth' and 'The Veil'), 8 cantatas and other choral works, 6 symphonies, 4 orchestral suites, 3 overtures, an Indian Rhapsody, a sinfonietta, a ballet suite, a piano concerto, a piano Konzertstück, a plano trio, a piano quartet, over 300 songs and piano pleces. Ref.: III. xiv, 415, 418; V. 327; VI. 314, 369f.

CRABBE, Armand (1884-): b. Brussels; dramatic baritone; studied at the Brussels; Cons.: début at the

Brussels; dramatic baritone; studied at the Brussels Cons.; début at the Kursaal, Ostend; sang at Covent Garden, Metropolitan Opera House, also in Philadelphia and Boston.

CRAEN, Nikolaus (16th cent.): singer in Bruges (1504); composer of motets, some few of which are preserved.

(illustrated); Histoire de l'harmonie au moyen age (1852); 3 chants histoirques (1854); Chants populaires des Flamands de France (1855); Drames liturgiques du moyen age (1861); Les harmonistes de XIIIe et XIIIe stècles (1864), and Scriptores de musica meditævi, nova series (1864-76, 4 vols.), intended to supplement Gerbert's Scriptores. He also edited L'art harmonique aux XIIIe et XIIIIe stècles (1865), and Euvres complètes d'Adam de la Halle (1872).

COUSSER. See Kusser.

COUWENBERGH, H. V.: author of articles on the organ. Ref.: VI. 409.

COWARD, Henry (1849-): b. Liverpool; conductor; lecturer on music at Sheffield University; conductor of Sheffield Musical Union, Leeds Choral Union, Huddersfield Festival Choral Society, and various festivals; has composed cantatas, anthems, glees, etc.; Mus. Doc., Oxon. Ref.: III. 422; VI. 368.

COWEN, [Sir] Frederic Hymen (1852-): b. Kingston, Jamaica; English composer; was a pupil of Benedict and Goss in London; of Hauptmann, Moscheles, Reinecke, Richer (1852-): b. Kingston, Jamaica; English composer; was a pupil of Benedict and Goss in London; of Hauptmann, Moscheles, Reinecke, Richer (1852-): b. Kingston, Jamaica; English composer; was a pupil of Benedict and Goss in London; of Hauptmann, Moscheles, Reinecke, Richer (1852-): b. Kingston, Jamaica; English composer; was a pupil of Benedict and Goss in London; of Hauptmann, Moscheles, Reinecke, Richer (1852-): b. Kingston, Jamaica; English composer; was a pupil of Benedict and Goss in London; of Hauptmann, Moscheles, Reinecke, Richer (1865), and transl. Rousseau's writings include Grosse praktische de the set contains the great 84 Etudes (0p. 30), of which Bülow edited a fine work in the lest contains the great 84 Etudes (0p. 30), of which Bülow edited a fine second piano. These etudes on the same work. He also composed 7 plano concertos, 105 piano sonates, and many other piano pieces; 1 piano quartet (0p. 28), and 1 piano quintet (0p

orana cent. (16th cent.):

CRANACH, Lucas (16th cent.):

German painter. Ref.: VI. 427.

CRANG & HANCOCK (18th cent.):

London organ builders.

London organ Dunders.
CRANZ, August Heinrich (17891870): founder of music publishing
firm in 1813 at Hamburg. It was extended by his son Alwyn (b. 1834) and
his grandson, Oskar, until to-day it
has branches in Vienna, Brusseis,
London and Leipzig.
CRAYWINCKEL, Ferdinand Man-

CRAYWINCKEL, Ferdinand Man-uel de (1820-): b. Madrid; from 1825 an inhabitant of Bordeaux, where he studied with Bellon and became a composer of masses, motets and other church music.

Naples, 1816; pub. collections of ariand Brussels, composer of instrumental ettas, and a treatise on vocalization. and church music.

CRESSENT, Anatole (1824-1870): b. Argenteuil, d. Paris; lawyer and music dilettante who left 100,000 francs as a fund for a prize to be given every three years to the writer of the libretto and score of an opera (prix Cressent) Cressent)

Cressent).

CRISTOFORI, Bartolommeo (incorrectly called Cristofali and Cristofani) (1653-1731): b. Padua, d. Florence; inventor of the first practical hammer-action for keyboard-instruments. After working in Padua as a clavicembali maker, he removed to Florence about the year 1690, when he had (according to Maffel) already made 3 gravecembali col piano e forte, which had, instead of the usual jack plucking the strings with quills, a row of little hammers striking the strings from below. The hammer-action was adopted in principle by Gottfried Silbermann, the Streichers, and by Broadword, bethe Streichers, and by Broadwood, because of which it is called the English action. The new instrument was named Piano-forte by its inventor. C. was made instrument-maker to Prince Fernal and Ar. Modici in 1715 and on the

made instrument-maker to Prince Ferdinando de' Medici in 1716, and on the latter's death, custodian of the court collection of instruments by Cosimo III. Ref.: VII. 155.
CRIVELLI (1) Arcangelo (1546-1617): b. Bergamo; tenor singer in Papal Chapel, 1583; comp. masses, psalms and motets. (2) Giovanni Battista ([?]-1682): b. Scandiano, d. Modena; maestro di cappella to the court of Ferrara, also at Modena and Bergamo; pub. motets and madrigals. Bergamo; pub. motets and madrigals.
(3) Gaetano (1774-1836): b. Bergamo, d. Brescia; famous tenor; sang on all the principal stages of Italy, also in Paris and London. (4) Domenico (1793-1857): b. Brescia, d. London; composer.

menico (1793-1857); b. Brescia, d. London; composer.

CROCE, Giovanni della (surnamed 11 Chiozotto') (ca. 1560-1609); b. Chioggia, d. Venice; pupil of Zarlino; chorister and (1603) maestro at San Marco. He composed a number of important works, including Sonatas a 5 (1580); a 8 (2 vols., 1589, 1590); madrigals a 5 (2 vols., 1585, 1588); Triacca musicale (caprices, or humorous songs in Venetian dialect, a 4-7), his most popular work, containing famous examples of descriptive (program) music (cf. Jannequin), experienced 4 editions (1597-1609); also madrigals a 5-6 (1590, 1607); Cantiones sacrae a 8, canzonette a 4 (1595); masses; Lamentations, Magnificats, Vesper psalms, etc. A selection of his church-music entitled Musica sacra, Penetentials for 6 voyces, with English words, was pub. in London (1608). Ref.: VI. 70.

CROCHE, Monsieur, pen name for Cloude Debyer.

and church music. CROFT (or Crofts), William (1678-1727): h. Nether-Eatington, Warwickshire, d. Bath; chorister in the Chapel Royal, under Dr. Blow; Gentleman of Chapel Royal, 1700, and later organist (at first jointly with J. Clarke); organist of Westminster Abbey, Master of the Children, composer to the Chapel Royal in 1708. He wrote anthems, violin sonatas, flute sonatas, etc. His Musica sacra (30 anthems, 2 vols., 1724) was the first church music engraved on plates in England. Ref.: VI. 451. VI. 451.

CROGER, T. R. Ref.: (cited) VIII.

CROISEZ, Alexander (1816-): b.

CROISEZ, Alexander (1816); D. Paris; composer and writer.
CROMER (1) José Antonio (1826-1888); b. Lisbon, d. there; solo flutist at the San Carlo Theatre, teacher of flute at the Conservatory. (2) Raphael José (1828-1884); b. Lisbon, d. Cascas; performer on the clarinet, the saxophone and the oboe.

CROWWELL, Oliver, Ref. IV 13:

CROMWELL, Oliver. Ref.: IV. 13; 452

CROTCH, William (1775-1847): b. Norwich, d. Taunton; English organist Norwich, d. Taunton; English organist and composer; became assistant to Dr. Randall, organist of Trinity and King's Colleges, Cambridge, at age of 11; organist of Christ Church, Oxford, 1790, of St. John's College and professor of music, Oxford Univ. (1797); music lecturer at the Royal Institute, London (1820); principal of the Royal Academy of Music (1822); composed oratorios, anthems, chants, glees, fugues and concertos for organ, pianoforte pieces, etc., and wrote several theoretical works.

and wrote several theoretical works. Ref.: VI. 474.
CROUCH, Frederick Nicolls (1808-1896): b. London, d. Portland, Maine; 'cellist and singing teacher; comp. 2 operas and wrote songs, including

'Kathleen Mavourneen.'

CROWEST, Frederick J. (1860-): b. London, England; writer and editor; planned and edited 'Master Musicians' and the 'Music Story Series'; author of numerous books on music; general manager and editor Walter Scott Publishing Co., Ltd. Ref.: VI. 252.

CROWNE, John (17th cent.): English masque writer. Ref.: X. 83.

CRUGER, Johannes (1598-1662): b. Gross-Breesen, n. Guhen, d. Berlin; composer of chorales; student at Wittenberg, 1620; pupil of Paulus Homburger at Ratisbon; organist of the St. Nikolauskirche, Berlin, from 1822. Among his famous chorales are Jesu, meine Freude; Jesus, meine Zuversicht; Nun danket alle Gott, etc. He also pub. several celebrated collections of cho-rales and valuable theoretical work. CROCHE, Monsieur, pen name for Claude Debussy. Ref.: III. 332.
CROES, Henri Jacques (1705-1786): b. Antwerp, d. Brussels; violinist, church conductor in Antwerp, Ratisbon practicae (1650). Ref.: VI. 86. CRUVELLI (1) Friederika Marie (1824-1868): b. Westphalia, d. there; dramatic contralto; sang in London, 1851. (2) Johanne Sophie Charlotte (1826-1907): b. Westphalia, d. Monaco; sister of (1); début as contralto in Venice, 1847; sang at the Opéra, 1854. She married Count Vigier, 1856. CSERMAK (1771-1822): Hungarian composer. Ref.: III. 188.

CUCUEL, Georges (1884-): b. Dijon; studied at the Sorbonne; sent to Italy by the government for musi-cal research, 1914; pub. Études sur un orchestre, La Pouplinière et la musique

cal research, 1914; pub. Etudes sur un orchestre, La Pouplineire et la musique de chambre au aviii's siècle (1913), and Les créateurs de l'opéra français (1914). CUI, César Antonovitch (1835-); b. Vilna; composer; is a graduate of the Engineering Academy of St. Petersburg, and professor of fortification there; studied music with Moniuszko and Balakireff; musical editor of the 'St. Petersburg Gazette' (1864-1868); contributed to the Paris Revue et Gazette a series of articles entitled La musique en Russie (pub. in book form, 1880). His compositions include the operas 'The Prisoner in the Caucasus' (1857), 'The Mandarin's Son' (1859), 'William Ratcliff' (1868), 'Angelo' (1876), 'The Filibuster' (1889), 'The Saracen' (1889), 'Manuzelle Fiff' (1900), 'Matteo Falcone' (1908), 'The Captain's Daughter' (1913); 2 scherzi and 4 suites for orchestra; a string quartet, over 200 songs, and salon pieces for piano, 'cello and violin. Ref.: III. xvi, 131ff, 157; V. 366; VII. 330, 331; VIII. 461, 251, 457f; IX. 398, 412f.
CULBERTSON, Sasha (1893-): violinist, after her début in Vienna (1908) she toured Europe and America. CULP, Julia: b. Amsterdam; studied at the Cons. there and with Etelka

CULP, Julia: b. Amsterdam; studied at the Cons. there and with Etelka Gerster; contemp. mezzo-soprano, especially successful as an interpreter of Lieder (Schubert, Schumann, Franz, Brahms, Wolf, Strauss and contemp. composers) in European and American tours, made in conjunction with her accompanist, Coenraad V. Bos. Ref.: accompanist, Coportrait, V. 364.

portrait, V. 364.

CULWICK, James C. (1845-1907):
b. Bromwich, d. Dublin; in 1881 he became organist at the Royal Chapel in Dublin, taught in Alexandra College there, composed church music, works for organ and piano, a dramatic cantata, etc. He wrote two books on the study of music (1882), "The Work of Sir R. Stewart' (1902), and a pamphlet on the first production of the 'Messiah."

CUMMINGS, William Hayman (1831-1915): b. Sidbury, England; d. London; tenor, organist and teacher; founder of the Purcell Society; pub. a 'Biographical Dictionary of Musicians' (1892); comp. a cantata, sacred music and songs.

cois (1719-ca. 1764): b. Brussels, d. Paris; violinist in orchestra of Paris opéra and composer of violin sonatas.

(2) Maria Anna de: b. Brussels, 1710;
sister of François (1); dancer. (3)
Jean Baptiste (ca. 1741-after 1794):
b. Paris, d. Italy; 'cello virtuoso,
travelled and performed in orchestra
of the Opéra. He wrote methods for
'cello and viola, and composed sonatas 'cello and viola, and composed sonatas and solos for his instrument.

CURCI, Giuseppe (1808-1877): singing teacher and dramatic composer.

CURRY, Arthur Mansfield (1866-): b. Chelsea, Mass.; Boston teacher and conductor, whose overture 'Blomidon' was produced at the Worcester Fes-tival (1902), a symphonic poem by the Boston Symphony (1911).

Boston Symphony (1911).

CURSCH-BUHREN, [Franz] Theodor (1859-1908): b. Troppau, d. Leipzig; conductor, editor of the Chorgesang and critic for the Tageblatt; comp. Singspiele, choruses and instrumental pieces.

CURSCHMANN, Karl Friedrich (1804-1841): b. Berlin, d. Langfuhr, near Danzig; abandoned law for music, which he studied with Hauptmann and Spohr. He wrote a one-act opera (prod. which he studied with Hauptmann and Spohr. He wrote a one-act opera (prod. in Cassel, 1828), but is best known for his many songs, the quality and popularity of which rivalled those of Abt. Ref.: III. 19; V. 256.

CURTI, Franz (1854-1898): b. Kassel, d. Dresden; gave up the study of medicine for music; comp. a number of operas prod. between years of 1887 and 1898.

CURTIS. Natalie: b. New York

CURTIS, Natalie: b. New York City; writer and lecturer on folk music; studied in New York, Berlin and Paris; also at the Wagner-Schule in Bayreuth; has pub. collections of songs.

CURWEN (1) Rev. John (1816-1880): b. Yorkshire, England; d. near Manchester; founded the Tonic Sol-fa College in 1862 and pub. numerous books relating to the system. (2) John Spencer (1847-1916): b. Plaistow, d. London; president of the Tonic Sol-fa College, 1880; pub. musical studies and 'Memorials of John Curwen' 1882 Curwen,' 1882.

CURZON, Emanuel-Henri-Parent de (1861-): b. Havre; music critic on the Gazette de France since 1889, editor of Guide musical and Bulletin de la Société de l'histoire du théâtre; has written numerous works on musical subjects, including a biography of Mozart (1914).

CUSANINO. See CARESTINL

): con-CUSCINA, Alfred (1881-mp. Italian opera composer.

ondon; tenor, organist and teacher; tenor, organist and tenor, tenor, organist and teacher; tenor, organist and tenor

Cutell Czibulka

Italian opera; became professor of choirmaster in Padua, organist at piano at the Royal Academy of Music Assisi, where he taught Tartini; diand cond. of the Philharmonic; com- rector of church music in Prague, and posed concert-overtures, a concerto, an oratorio, piano pieces and songs.

CUTELL, Richard (15th cent.): Eng-

lish musician, author of a treatise on counterpoint, a fragment of which is preserved at Oxford.

preserved at Oxford.

CUZZONI, Francesca (1700-1770):
b. Parma, d. Bologna; famous operatic contralto; pupil of Lanzi. She sang in Venice, 1719, and in London under Handel's direction, 1722-26, where she was superseded by Faustina Bordoni (Hasse); then joined the opposition, and until 1826 engaged in bitter contest with her rival. She married the pianist and composer, Sandoni; sang at Vienna, in Italy and Holland, and again in London (1748), but there failed to please. She died in poverty. Ref.: I. 437; IX. 76.

CYBELE, Greek goddess. Ref.: X. 54.

CZAPEK (1) Joseph (1825-1915): b. Prague, d. Gotenburg; student at Prague Cons.; went to Gotenburg as band-master, became opera conductor, organist in church and synagogue, con-ductor of the Philharmonic and leader

of a quartet; composed symphonies, cantatas, masses, etc.; Swedish academician from 1857. (2) See Har-

TON. CZARTORYSKA, Marcelline (née Princess Radziwill) (1817-1894): b. Vienna, d. near Cracow; pianist, pupil of Czerny; resident of Paris from 1848. CZARWENKA, Joseph (1759-1835): b. Bemadek, Bohemia, d. Vienna; oboist and professor of his instrument. CZERNOHORSKY, Bohuslav (1684-1740): b. Nimburg, Bohemia, d. Graz; Franciscan monk whose monastic

Franciscan monk whose name was Padre Boëmo.

rector of church music in Prague, and rector of church music in Prague, and a distinguished composer and teacher there; Gluck, Seeger, and Zach were among his pupils. Of his compositions which were highly valued in his day, only a four-part offertory, Laudatur Jesus, some preludes and fugues for the organ still exist. Ref.: II. 19.

CZERNY, Carl (1791-1857): b. Viena, d. there; pupil of his father, Wenzel C., and of Beethoven (being one of the master's favorites). He was also in-

the master's favorites). He was also in-fluenced by Clementi and Hummel. He luenced by Clement and Hummel. He early became famous both as pianist and teacher, though circumstances prevented his pupils were Liszt, Dohler, Thalberg, Jaell, and many others of prominence. Of more than 1,000 published works, only his études have survived. They include: Die Schule der Gelanfigkeit (op. 299), Die Schule des Legato und Staccato (op. 335), Tägliche Studien (op. 337), Schule des Virtuosen (365), Schule der Virtuosen (365), Schule der Virtuosen (365), Schule der linken Hand (op. 399), Schule des Fugenspiels (op. 400), Schule der Fingerfertigkeit (op. 740). He was the author of an outline of musical history (1851) and an autohiography. Ref.: II. 162; VIII. 44, 64, 182; VIII. 208; portrait, VII. 182.
CZERVENY, Baclay František early became famous both as pianist and

ine (née 1894): b. dist, pupil (2ZERSKI. Pseudonym for TSCHIRGE. (2ZERVENY, Bāclav František (1819-1896): b. Dubec, Bohemia, d. Koniggrātz; famous maker of brass instruments; introduced improvement in the valve system.

CZIAK. See SCHACK.

CZIBULKA, Alphons (1842-1894): b. Szeges-Várally, Hungary, d. Vienna; army band master in Vienna, who monastic He was for operettas and a great deal of ephemeral but popular dance music.

Damcke Daase

DAASE, Rudolf (1822-): b. Berlin; studied with A. W. Bach and others; conductor, teacher and orchestral composer in Berlin.
DACHS, Joseph (1825-1896): b. Ratisbon, d. Vienna; studied with Halms and Czerny in Vienna; was teacher of piano at the Conservatory there.

DAFFNER, Hugo (1882-): b. Munich; studied in the Munich Royal Academy and with Reger and Staven-Munich; studied in the Munich Royar Academy and with Reger and Stavenhagen, also studied musical science in Munich (Dr. phil., 1904); assistant conductor at the court opera there, music critic in Konigsberg, Dresden; now in Berlin. He wrote Die Entwickelung des Klaulerkonzerts bis Mozart (Leipzig, 1908) and other studies, edited Nietzsche's remarks on Carmen (1912), C. P. E. Bach's Versuch über die wahre Art, das Klauler zu spielen (1904) and Leopold Mozart's letters (4 vols.). He composed 2 symphonies, 2 piano quintets, 2 string quartets, 2 trios, 2 violin sonatas, a 'cello sonata, a piano sonata, piano pieces for 2 and for 4 hands, a sonata, a fantasy and fugue for organ, church music and over 300 songs; also 3 operas (not perf.)

DAHL, Balduin (1834-): b. Copenhagen; d. Charlottenlund; leader

DAHL, Balduln (1834-): b. Copenhagen; d. Charlottenlund; leader of the Tivoli Concerts in Copenhagen; composer and director; writer of dance

music.

DALAYRAC (or d'ALAYRAC),
Nicholas (1753-1809): b. Muret (Haute
Garonne), d. Paris; composer of comic
operas. Despite paternal opposition,
he learned harmony from Langlé in
1774; prod. in all 61 operas, including
Le petit Souper (1781), Les Deux Savopards, and Raoul de Crequi. He was
made a chevalier of the Legion of Honor
by Napoleon. Ref.: V. 180; IX. 225.

DALBERG, Johann Friedrich
Hugo von (1752-1812): b. Aschaffenburg, d. there; composer and author.
He composed sonatas for the piano and
cantatas, variations and chamber music. Among his writings are Die Aolsharfe, ein allegorischer Traum, and
über die Musik der Inder, a translation
of 'Indian Music' by Sir William Jones.
DALCROZE, Emile Jaques. See music.

of 'Indian Music' by Sir William Jones.
DALCROZE, Emile Jaques. See
DALE (1) Joseph, prominent London music publisher and composer. His obuse, founded before 1778, lasted until after 1885, and at the opening of the 19th cent, was the most flourishing in London. (2) Benjamin James Philharmonic, singing societies and

(1885-): b. Crouch Hill, London; studied in the Royal Academy of Music,

studied in the Royal Academy of Music, wrote symphonies, 2 overtures, a piano sonata, considerable chamber music, etc. Ref.: III. 442; VII. 598.

DALHEIM, Pierre Baron (1862-): b. Laroche, Dep. Yonne; French journalist, influential in introducing Russian music into France. His wife, Marie Olenina (1872-), is famous as a singer of the songs of Moussorgsky; pub. Les legs de Mussorgski (1908; Russian, 1910).

sky; pub. Les legs de Mussorgski (1908; Russian, 1910).

DALLAM (or DALHAM, DALLUM, DALLAMS) (17th cent.): English organ builders. The father and three sons built, among others, organs at Cambridge and Oxford, and at Worcester, Canterbury and St. Paul's Cathedrals. In 1600 Thomas Dallam presented to the Grand Turk at Constantinople a mechanical clock-organ.

DALL. Roderick (18th cent.):

mechanical clock-organ.

DALL, Roderick (18th cent.):
Scotch minstrel, one of the last of the 'wandering harpists.'

DALLERY (18th cent.): organ builders at Amiens. Pierre, nephew of the founder of the family, worked with Clicquot in the production of the organs of Notre Dame and of the Sainte Chapelle in Paris and of that in the Palace of Versailles.

DALMORES. Charles (1872-):

DALMORES, Charles (1872-):
b. Nancy, France; operatic tenor, who, after study in the conservatories of Lyons and Paris, sang in France and at the Manhattan and Metropolitan

at the Manhattan and Metropolitan Operas of New York, specializing in modern French operas.

DALVIMARE, Martin Pierre (1772-1839): b. Dreux, Eure-et-Loire, d. Paris; virtuoso on harp in Versailles to Louis XVI, at the Opera in 1800, and to the Empress, 1806. He wrote sonatas for harp, duos for harp with plano and with horn, etc.

DAM (1) Mads Gregers (1791-): b. Syendborg; violinist and member of the Berlin Royal Kapelle. (2) Hermann Georg (1815-1858): b. Berlin, d. there; son of (1); composed overtures, entractes, 2 operas and 2 oratorios.

tion of Gluck opera scores.

DAMM, G. See Stringraßer.

DAMON (or DAMAN), William (ca. 1540-ca. 1593): chapel organist to Queen Elizabeth and composer of sacred municipal composer of sacred municipal composer.

Elizabeth and composer of sacred music. He made the 4-part arrangement of psalm tunes used in the Protestant church (The Psalm Tunes in English Meter, 1579, 1591).

DAMOREAU, Laure Cinthie Montalant (Mile. Cinti) (1801-1863): b. Paris, d. there; operatic soprano; sang at the Opéra, 1826-35, in parts written for her by Rossini, and in 1829 she sang in Matrimonio Segreto with Sontag and Malibran. She sang at the Opéra Comique in parts created for her by Auber, 1835-43; also gave concert tours in the United States, Holland, St. Petersburg and Belgium and until 1856 was professor of singing at the Paris Conservatoire. She was the author of an Album de romances and a Méthode an Album de romances and a Méthode

de chant.

de chart.

DAMROSCH (1) Leopold (1832-1885): b. Posen, Prussia, d. New York; composer, conductor and violinist. He received his M.D. from Berlin University in 1854, but discarded medicine for the study of music. After a concert tour of Germany, he was appointed by Liszt violinist in the Grand Ducal Orchestra in Weimar. In 1858-60 he conducted the Philharmonic Society in Breslau, made concert tours with Bülow and Tausig, established quartet concerts in Breslau, founded the Orchesterverein and a choral society there, also conducted the Society for Classical Music and for two years was conductor at the Staditheater. In 1871 he became conductor of the New York Arion Society, and from then until his death came conductor of the New York Arion Society, and from then until his death was influential in New York musical circles, both as the founder of the Oratorio and Symphony Societies and as the conductor of German Opera at the Metropolitan from 1884. He married the singer Helene von Heimburg (1835-1904) in Weimar. He composed a concerto, serenades, romanza, etc. (1835-1904) in Weimar. He composed a concerto, serenades, romanzas, etc., for violin, a festival overture, choral work with orch., songs, duets, etc. Ref.: III. 237; IV. 138f, 183, 185, 210; VI. 220; portrait, IV. 210. (2) Frank Heino (1859-): b. Breslau; son and pupil of (1), also of Pruckner, Vogt and X. Scharwenka; conductor of choral societies in Denver, Newark, Bridgeport, Philadelphia and New York, where he founded the Musical Art Society and in 1898 was made supervisor of music in the public schools. He beof music in the public schools. He became director of the newly founded Institute of Musical Art in 1905. In 1894 he published a 'Popular Method of Sight Singing,' and in 1916 'Some Principles of Music Teaching'; conprising the Art of Music.' Ref.: Berton at the Conservatoire, he later

concerts; taught in St. Petersburg, IV. 187, 211ff, 246, 256ff. (3) Walter Brussels, and Paris; an accurate but unoriginal composer of oratorios, choruses, and piano pieces; revised an edition of Gluck opera scores. Draeseke in Berlin, von Inten, etc., in New York. He became assistant conductor under his father at the Metropolitan Opera and continued under Seidl; succeeded (1) as conductor of the N. Y. Oratorio Society (to 1898) and the Symphony Society (to 1894). He directed an independent opera enterprise in various cities, 1894-99, conducted German Opera at the Metropolitan, 1900-02, then the New York Philharmonic, 1902-03, and again the N. Y. Symphony, for which he secured a permanent endowment. He prod. 2 operas, "The Scarlet Letter' (Boston, 1896) and 'Cyrano' (New York, 1913), an operetta, orchestral works, violin sonata and songs. Ref., IV. 140, 142ff, 184ff, 395; portrait, IV. 276.

DAMSE, Joseph (1788-1852): b. Sokolov, Galicia, d. Rudno, near Warsaw; composer and clarinettist; composed 4 operas, popular Polish songs and dances and 2 masses.

DANA (1) Charles Henshaw (1846-1883): b. West Newton, Mass., d. Worcester, Mass.; pianist, organist and composer. (2) William Henry (1846-): b. Warren, Ohio; studied with Haupt and Kullak and at the London Royal Academy; founder and director of a musical institute in his home city, writer of text-books on music and composer of an orchestral De Profundis.

DANBE, Jules (1840-1995): b. Caen,

fundis.

JANBÉ, Jules (1840-1905): b. Caen, d. Vichy; studied at the Conservatoire; violinist in the Théâtre Lyrique, Opéra Comique and Opéra; conductor of the Théâtre Lyrique and succeeded Lamoureaux at the Comique; played in the Conservatoire concerts till 1892; composed violin pieces, études; pub. a Violin Method.

DANBY, John (1757-1798): d. London; organist and composer. He was

don; organist and composer. He was organist at the chapel of the Spanish Embassy, composed glees, catches, and canons, four books of which were published, and wrote La guida alla musica vocale (1798).

DANCE, William (1775-1840): b. in London, d. in London; musician. In 1771 he was violinist in Drury Lane, and later in the Opera orchestra. In 1790 he acted as band leader at the Handel Commemoration. He was an initiator and afterward a director of the London Philharmonic Society.

DANCHET. Antoine (1871-1740): b.

DANCHET, Antoine (1871-1740): b. Riom, Auvergne, d. Paris as librarian of Bibliothèque Royale; libretist of several of Campra's operas. Ref.: IX.

became professor there; popular composer for violin, and author of five technical books on music. His 150 works are ephemeral in character, but his quartet soiries were famous. (2) Arnaud (1820-1862): brother of Jean; 'cellist, writer of a method and composer of études, duos, etc., for 'cello. (3) Léopold (1823-1895): brother of above, b. at Bagnères-de-Bigorre, d. Paris; composer. He, like Jean, was professor at the Conservatoire, a violinist and the writer of Études and linist and the writer of Etudes and Phantasies.

DANDO, Joseph Haydn Bourne (1806-1894): b. in Somers Town, d. at Godalming, London; violinist. In 1831 he became a member of the Philhar-monic Orchestra and four years later introduced the first genuine chamber music concert, consisting solely of in-strumental quartets and trios. Dando's annual Quartet Concerts lasted from 1836 to 1853. He was music master to Charterhouse School from 1875 until shortly before his death.

D'ANDRIEU. See [D']ANDRIEU.

DANEL, Louis - Albert - Joseph (1787-1875) the Lille of there rouse.

D'ANDRIEU. See [D']ANDRIEU.

DANEL, Louis - Albert - Joseph (1787-1875): b. Lille, d. there; music printer and inventor. In 1856 he retired from business to work on his method, which he analyzed in his Méthode simplifiée pour l'enseignement populaire de la musique vocale and to introduce this 'Langue des sons' in northern France. He established courses at his own cost. He was made Chevalier of the Legion of Honor.

D'ANGELL. See ANGELS. See ANGELIS.

DANHAUSER, Adolphe-Léopold (1835-1896): b. Paris, d. there; taught solfège at the Conservatoire, where he had formerly studied; composed choruses and operas, and wrote a Théorie

de la musique.

DANIEL (1) Hermann Adelbert: German theologian and writer, whose Thesaurus Hymnologicus (5 vols. Inesaurus Hymnologicus (5 Vois. Löschke, Leipzig) is an invaluable secondary source for early church music and the collection of hymns. (2) Salvador, for a few days before his death director of Paris Conservatoire under the Commune in 1871; writer of numerature were processed to the contraction of the commune of the com ous musical monographs.

DANIELS, Mabel: b. Swampscott, Mass.; studied with Chadwick and Ludwig Thuille; contemp. American composer of orchestral pieces, songs, etc. Ref.: IV. 403.

on his share in the Vincentino-Lusitano dispute, where he acted as judge, later defending his verdict against Vincentino.

DANKS, Hart Pease (1834-1903): b. New Haven, Conn., d. Philadelphia; director of music and bass singer in churches, composer of one operetta and more than 1,200 hymns.

DANNEHL, Franz (1870-): b. at Rudolstadt; composer. He studied composition in Brussels, Weimar, and Berlin and wrote chiefly songs and choir pieces, as well as some chamber runsic.

music.

DANNELEY, John Feltham (1786-1836): b. at Oakingham, Berkshire, d. in London; organist of the Church of St. Mary of the Tower at Ipswich; author of 'Elementary Principles of Thorough-bass,' Encyclopædia of Music' and a 'Musical Grammar.'

DANNREUTHER (1) Edward (1844-1905): b. Strassburg, d. London. He studied music at Cincinnati and at Leipzig, became pianist, composer and music critic in London, where in 1872 he founded the Wagner Society, conducted its concerts the following years, and supported the Wagner Festural in 1877. He wrote extensively, both in appreciation of the old school and in defense of the new, and is considered an preciation of the old school and in defense of the new, and is considered an authority on musical ornamentation. In 1905 he wrote the 6th vol. of the Oxford History of Music—'The Romantic Period.' Ref.: III. 91, 430; (quoted) II. 170, 174. (2) Gustav (1853-): b. Cincinnati; violinist, brother of Edward (1). He studied the violin under de Ahna and Joachim in Berlin, lived in London until 1877, three years later became a member of the Boston Symphony Orchestra. He founded the Bechtoven String-Quartet of New York and is the author of 'Chord and Scale Studies for Young Players.'

DANNSTROEM, Isidor (1812-1897): b. at Stockholm, d. there; singer and composer. He studied under Dehn in Berlin, and Garcia in Paris, composed songs, an operetta, Doctor Tartaglia, and was also well known as teacher.

DANTE, Ref.: I. 260f, 264; II. 259f; VII. 318; VIII. 304, 371, 372; (cited) X. iii.

DANZI (1) Innocenz: father of Propris Capillet in Elector's orchestry. fense of the new, and is considered an

DANIELS, Mabel: b. Swampscott, Mabel: b. Swampscott, Mass.; studied with Chadwick and Ludwig Thuille; contemp. American composer of orchestral pieces, songs, etc. Ref.: IV. 403.

DANJOU, Jean-Louis-Félix (1812-1866): b. Paris, d. Montpellier; wrote on church and secular music and assisted in popularizing the French organ in Germany, Holland and Belgium; and Callinet firm.

DANKERS (or DANCKERTS), Ghiselin (16th cent.): b. at Tholen, Zeeland; composer. He was a singer at the Papal chapel, writer of motets and madrigals, several of which are still extant. His fame in great part rests

DA PONTE, Lorenzo (1749-1838): 1797): b. at Cassel, d. in Vienna; comb. in Venice, d. in New York; writer poser and writer. His theoretical of opera texts. A Hebrew by birth, his original name was Emanuele Conegliano, which was changed by the Bishop of Cenado in 1763 upon his conversion. or Cenado in 1763 upon his conversion. In 1784 he became the poet dramatist at Vienna under Joseph II, where he stayed until 1792; during this time he wrote the text for Mozart's Don Giovanni and Cost fan tutte, and Lenozze di Figaro. Upon the accession of Leopold, he went to London and from there to New York, at neither place terror to New York, at neither place was he successful. He finally became teacher of Italian at Columbia University, where he published his memoirs. Ref.: IV. 121ff, 127; IX. 88, 94, 107; portrait, IV. 122.

trait, IV. 122.

DAQUIN, Louis-Claude (16941772): b. Paris, d. there; organist and composer; a pupil of Marchand, organist of St. Antoine at twelve and of St. Paul from 1727 to his death. He pub. Pieces de clavecin (1735), Noëls pour l'orgue ou le clavecin, and a cantata La Rose; and is considered appe of the most interesting harmsichard.

a cantata La Rose; and is considered one of the most interesting harpsichord composers. Ref.: VII. 61.

DARBY, W. Dermot (1885-): b. Athboy, Ireland; studied music with Brendan Rogers, also Benj. Lambord, New York; secretary Modern Music. Soc., 1916; contributing editor, 'The Art of Music.'

Art of Music.'

DARGOMIJSKY, Alexander Sergievitch (1813-1869): b. Govt. Tula, Russia, d. St. Petersburg; appeared as pianist and began composing in youth; living in St. Petersburg from 1835, he became president of the Imperial Russian Mus. Soc., 1867, but was dismissed in 1869. Confined by illness, he made his house the centre of the neo-Russian School. His works include the operas Esperalda (Moscow, 1847). neo-Russian School. His works include the operas Esmeralda (Moscow, 1847), Russalka (after Pushkin, 1856), Kamennoi gósf [The Stone Guest] (posthumous, orchestrated by Rimsky-Korsakoff, prod. with postlude by Cui, 1872), also sketches of a few scenes of a fourth, Rogdana; a ballet, 'The Feast of Bacchus' (1845, prod. 1867), a series of 3-part choruses, a Tarantelle Slave for plano 4 hands, a Finnish Fantasy, a 'Little Russian Cossack Dance' and 'Baba Yaga' for orch.; also a number Baba Yaga' for orch; also a number of songs that have become popular. Ref.: III. 46ff; songs, V. 364f; opera, X. 384f; mus. ex., XIV. 16; port., III. 48. See also individual indexes.

DARWIN, Charles. Ref.: I. 4f;

V. 87.

DASER (DASSER, DASSERUS), Ludwig (ca. 1525-1589): b. Munich, d. Stuttgart; conductor and composer. From 1552 to 1559 he was court Kapell-meister, when Orlando di Lasso suc-ceded him. He was called to a similar position in Stuttgart in 1571. He com-posed a 'Passion' for 4 parts in 1578, some metets bywas etc.

poser and writer. His theoretical works are Generalbass in drei Ak-korden and Anleitung zur Erfindung der Melodie und ihrer Fortsetzung.

DAUBERVAL: French dancer. Ref.:

X. 89, 91, 101. DAUBLAINE DAUBLAINE & CALLINET. A firm of organ builders, founded in 133 at Paris, which still exists at the present date under the name of Merklin, Schütze & Company with its headquarters at Lyons. In 1843 Callinet dissolved the partnership and the firm carried on business as Ducroquet et Cie. (1845-1855), when it changed into its present oppositions. present ownership.

DAUCRESME, Lucien (1826-1892):

DAUCRESME, Lucien (1826-1892):
b. at Elbeuf, Normandy, d. in Paris;
composer of two operas.
DAUDET, Alphonse (1840-1897): b.
Nimes, d. Paris; novelist and librettist;
his L'Arlésienne has been set to music
by Bizet and an Italian version by
Cilea; Poise, Pessard and Massenet
(Sapho) have used his works as librettos. Ref.: II. 391; IX. 247.
DAUNEY, William (1800-1843): b.
Aberdeen, d. Demerara; music-historian. He discovered the Skene Manuscript in the Advocates' Library at
Edinburgh, and republished it as
'Ancient Scottish Melodies from a
Manuscript of the Reign of James VI'
with a lengthy historical introduction to
Scottish music.

Scottish music.

DAUPRAT, Louis-François (1781-1801): b. in Paris, d. there; horn-player and composer. He studied under Kenn, Catel and Gossec. In 1806 he became first horn at the theatre at Bordeaux and two years later succeeded Kenn and Duvernoy at the Paris Opéra, and became chamber musician Opéra, and became chamber musician to Napoleon and to Louis XVIII. He retired from the Opéra in 1831 and from the Conservatoire in 1841. He wrote a Méthode pour cor alto et cor basse, also a concerto and chamber en-sembles with horn. Symphonies, and a Théorie analytique de la musique re-main in manuscript.

main in manuscript.

DAURIAC, Lionel Alexandre (1847-): b. Brest, France; theorist; a psychologist whose researches have led him into the realms of music. From 1896 to 1903 he studied æsthetics and tone psychology at the Sorbonne. He was the first president of the Paris division of the International Society, and since his retirement in 1907 has ranked as honorary president. Among his writings are La psychologie dans l'opéra français; Rossini, biographie critique (in Les musiciens celèbres, 1905) and Le musicien-poète Richard Wagner (1908). (1908).

meister, when Orlando di Lasso succeeded him. He was called to a similar position in Stuttgart in 1571. He composed a 'Passion' for 4 parts in 1578, some motets, hymns, etc.

DAUSSOIGNE-MEHUL, Louis-Joseph (1790-1875): b. Givet, in Argent (1790-1875): b. Givet, in

composition, which, after only moderate success, he abandoned. In 1827 he became director of the conservatory at Liège.

DAUTRESME, Lucien (1826-1892): b. Elbeuf, Normandy, d. Paris; senator and musical amateur who composed 2 operas and smaller works.

DAUVERGNE. See AUVERGNE. DAVARI, Stefano: contemp. writer; author of a monograph, La musica a Mantova (1884).

Mantova (1884).

DAVAUX, Jean-Baptiste (1737-1822): b. Côte-St.-André, d. Patis; one of the Parisian composers who followed the style of the Mannheim school. He wrote symphonies, especially concertante, with 2 solo violins and oboes and horns in the tutti; also string quartets (pub. Paris, Amsterdam, London) and some operas prod. in Paris.

DAVENANT, Sir William cent.): English masque writer. (17th *Ref.:*

Francis W Wilderslowe, DAVENPORT, William (1847-): b. Wilderslowe, near Derby, England; composer. He studied under Macfarren, later his father-inunder Macfarren, later his father-in-law; in 1879 became professor of the law; in 1879 became professor of the Royal Academy of Music; in 1882 took the professorial chair at the Guildhall School of Music. His compositions include an overture, an orchestral prelude and fugue, 2 symphonies, chamber music and songs. He is the author of 'Elements of Music' (1884), 'Elements of Harmony and Counterpoint' (1886) and 'Guide for Plano-forte Students' (1891).

DAVEY. Henry (1853-): h.

(1886) and 'Guide for Plano-forte Students' (1891).

DAVEY, Henry (1853-): b. Brighton; studied musical theory three years at Leipzig Cons., teacher at Brighton, contributor to musical journals and to the 'Dictionary of National Biography'; author of a 'History of English Music' (since Purcell) (1895), and other books on musical history; also lectured on the history of the Passion Music (1903-4). Ref.: III. 430.

DAVID (1) Felicien-Cesar (1810-1876): b. Cadenet, Vaucluse, d. St. Germain-en-Laye; chorister in the Cathedral of Aix, where he studied at the Jesuit College, assisted in conducting the theatre and (1829) became matire de chapelle. In 1830 he studied at the Paris Conservatoire (with Reber, Millot, Fétis), the following two years joined the Saint-Simonists at Ménilmontant and from 1833-1835 toured France from Ménilmontant to Marseilles, also going to Constantinople, France from Ménilmontant to Marseilles, also going to Constantinople, Smyrna and Egypt. In 1869 he was chosen Academician and librarian at the Conservatoire. Of his many compositions the most famous is the symphonic ode Le Désert (1844); others which met with unmodified approval were his operas, La Perle du Brésil (1851) and Lalla Rookh (1862); La fin du monde, though later adjudged the Cremona, Modena, etc.; founded music

20,000 franc prize of the state under the title *Herculaneum*, was refused by 20,000 franc prize of the state under the title Herculaneum, was refused by the Théâtre Lyrique. Besides these David wrote La captive (opera), an oratorio 'Moses on Sinai,' a mystery, an ode-symphony 'Columbus,' 2 symphones, 24 string quintets, 2 nonets for wind, songs, etc., mostly imbued with the atmosphere of the Orient, whose spirit no other European has more sympathetically and comprehendingly portrayed. Ref.: II. 390: III. 7; V. 315; VI. 175ff; IX. 238, 445; VI. 175f, Le Déseri, 176f; portrait, VI. 176. (2) Ferdinand (1810-1873): b. Hamburg, d. Switzerland; studied with Spohr and Hauptmann; violinist at the Gewandhaus, the Berlin Konigstadt theatre, in the home of Baron von Liphardt at Dorpat (later his father-inlaw), at concerts in St. Petersburg, Moscow and Riga. As leader of the Gewandhaus, then in the Leipzig Cons., he trained the most celebrated contemporary violinists. His 50 works in Moscow and Riga. As leader of the Gewandhaus, then in the Leipzig Cons., he trained the most celebrated contemporary violinists. His 50 works include 5 violin concertos, variations, etc., for violin, a sextet, a quartet, 2 symphonies, an opera, also an important 'Violin School,' and edited the Hohe Schule des Violinspiels. Ref.: VII. 409, 412, 443f, 451, 458. (3) Samuel (1836-1895): b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire with Bazin and Halévy, where he won the prizx de Rome with Jephtha (1858), and the following year a second prize for an orchestral work performed with a men's chorus of 6,000. In 1861 he became professor at the Collège de Sainte-Barbe, in 1872 director of the music of all Parisian Synagogues. His compositions include several operas and operetas, prod in Paristory transfer synagogues. Ans compositions include several operas and operates, prod. in Paris, others unperformed, 4 symphonies, choruses, songs, etc., and L'Art de jouer en mesure (1862). (4) Peter Paul (1840-): b. Leipzig; son of Ferdinand; conductor of Carlsruhe orbestners took of the production of Carlsruhe orbestners took of the production of the composition of the production Ferdinand; conductor of Carlsruhe orchestra, now teacher of violin in England. Ref.: (quoted) VII. 449. (5)
Adolphe-Isaac (1842-1897): b. Nantes, d. Paris; successfully prod. 3 pantomimes, a comic opera, and piano pieces. (6) Ernest (1844-1886): b. Nancy, d. Paris; music critic on Paris journals, joint author with Lussy of a history of musical notation; also author of La vie et les œuvres de J. S. Bach. (7) Fanny (1861-): b. Guernsey, Eng.; studied with Reinecke and Clara Schumann; pianist in London, Berlin, Leipzig, etc.

DAVIDE (1) Giacomo, called Da-

DAVIDE (1) Giacomo, called David le père (1750-1830): b. Presezzo, d. Bergamo; famous tenor, sang in opera, concert and church music in Naples,

school at Naples; managed St. Petersburg opera.

DAVIDOFF (1) Charles (1838-1889):

B. Goldingen, Courland, d. Moscow; Cellist; studied with Schmidt, K. C.

Shuberth and Grützmacher, whom he mediaval church dance), X. 106; (on Spanish folk-dance), X. 79; (on Schuberth and Cruzzmacher, whom he mediaval church dance), X. 79; (on Spanish folk-dance), DAVIDOFF (1) Charles (1838-1889): b. Goldingen, Courland, d. Moscow; 'cellist; studied with Schmidt, K. C. Shuberth and Gritzmacher, whom he succeeded as teacher in the Leipzig snuberth and Grutzmacher, whom he succeeded as teacher in the Leipzig Cons. He made an extraordinarily successful début in Leipzig, 1859, and at once became solo 'cellist of Gewandhaus orchestra. Later he occupied a similar position in the Imperial Orchestra, St. Petersburg, where he taught at the Cons. (1862), and also became conductor of the Russian Musical Society (1862) and director of the Cons. (1876-87). He composed a symphonic poem, an orch. suite, 4 'cello concertos, a Russian Fantasy ('cello and orch.) and many popular solo pieces for 'cello; also a piano quintet, a string quartet, and a string sextet. He was the author of a Violoncello Method. (2) Alexi (1867-): nephew of (1); studied 'cello and comp. at the St. Petersburg Cons. (Rimsky-Korsakoff, etc.); won the Belaieff prize for a Petersburg Cons. (Rimsky-Korsakoff, etc.); won the Belaieff prize for a string quartet and prod. an opera, "The Sunken Bell," in St. Petersburg (1903) and Germany.

DAVIDSON, G. F.: London music publisher, who pioneered in cheap music publishing, collecting Dibdin's songs, and publishing sheet music under the name of 'The Musical Treasury,'

DAVIE, James (ca. 1783-1857): d. Aberdeen; choir-director at St. Andrew's Church, where he made collections of psalms for 4 voices, also duets, trios, glees, etc. He arranged a 'Caledonian Repository' of the most favorite Scottish slow airs, marches, strathspeys, reels, jigs hormpines atte and speys, reels, jigs, hornpipes, etc., and these he arranged for the violin.

speys, reels, jigs, hornpipes, etc., and these he arranged for the violin.

DAVIES (1) Ben (Benjamin Grey D.) (1858—): b. Ponadawz, near Swansea, Wales; operatic and concert tenor. A pupil of Randegger's, he won bronze, silver and gold medals and the Evill prize; made his first appearance as Thaddeus in Balfe's Bohemian Girl' at the Royal Theatre in London, and since then has sung both on the Continent and in the United States, in opera and recitals in London, and in many festivals in the English provinces. (2) Fanny. See David, Fanny.

(3) Henry Walford (1869—): b. Convestry, Shropshire; studied at the Royal Coll. of Music, having received a scholarship for composition; organist at St. Anne's, Soho, then Christ Church, Hampstead, and since 1898 at the Temple Church; Mus. Doc. Cambridge 1898. He composed 2 symphonies, 'Holiday Times,' Festival Overture, 'Parthenia,' Woodworth Suite (all for orch.); a choral ballad Herve popular setting of 'Everyman' (moral-ty-play); also chamber music, piano and violin sonatas, songs, etc. Ref.:

105

Beguidilla), X. 110f.

DAVIS (1) John David (1869-):
b. at Edgbaston; pupil at the Raff and the Brussels conservatories and in 1889

the Brussels conservatories and in 1889 became a teacher at Birmingham. He is the composer of an opera, The Cossacks,' chamber music, symphonic hallade, poem and variations. (2) John (early 19th cent.): pioneer opera manager in America. Ref.: IV. 115, 161. (3) T. Kemper. Ref.: IV. 242.

DAVISON (1) Arabella. See Goparab. (2) James William (1813-1885): b. in London, d. at Margate; pianist, critic, composer. He studied music under W. H. Holmes and G. A. Macfarren. After writing many compositions for orchestra, piano and voice, he abandoned that field for musical criticism, and from 1844 to his death he was editor of the Musical World. crucism, and from 1844 to his death he was editor of the 'Musical World.' As music critic of the 'Times' his influence was widespread, and it is to him that England owes her 'Mooday Pops.' (3) William Duncan, brother of James (1816-1903): London music publisher, founder of the 'Musical World.'

DAVY (1) Richard (15th cent.): or-DAVY (1) Richard (15th cent.): organist and music teacher at Magdalen College, Oxford. (2) John (1764-1824): b. Upton-Helion, Exeter, d. London; violinist at Covent Garden; was a popular light opera composer in London, 1800-19. Ref.: V. 172.

DAVYDOW, Stepan Ivanovitch (1777-1825): composer of one opera, concert-overture and choruses; also widely accepted sacred compositions; and general musical director of the Im-

taught at the conservatories of Helsingfors and Wiesbaden, also in Dusseldorf and the Manchester Musical College. He composed for organ, stringed instruments and piano. Ref .: VI. 500.

DAZA, Estéban (16th cent.): Spanish author of Libro de musica en cifras para Vihuela entitulado el Parnaso, a revision of motets and chansons into tablature for the lute, among them compositions of Fr. Guerrero, Maillart, Crequillon and others.

DE. Names preceded by de are usually found under the second word, except when the two are joined. Dutch and expatriated French names are re-

corded under D.

DE AHNA. See AHNA.

DEAKIN, Andrew (1822-1903): b.
Birmingham, d. there; newspaper music critic, writer of a musical hibliography and composer of a Stabat Mater

and masses.

DEANE, Thomas (17th cent.): English organist, violinist and composer.

He received his degree as Doctor of
Music from Oxford in 1731. His compositions are mostly church music, though compositions for the violin are contained in the 'Division Violin.'

DE ANGELIS. See ANGELIS.

DEBAIN, Alexandre - François (1809-1877): b. at Paris, d. there; instrument maker. After working for Sax and for Mercier, he started for himself in 1834, and six years later patented the Harmonium, which he invented and later improved by the 'Prolongement.' He also constructed automotic instruments and perfected the matic instruments and perfected the Concertina.

DEBEFVE, Jules (1863-): b. at Liège; pianist and composer. At first pupil, and now for many years teacher at the Royal Conservatory, he is also the author of church and secular songs, an orchestral rhapsody, an orchestral suite, a comic opera, and piano

studies.

DEBILLEMONT, Jean - Jacques (1824-1879): b. Dijon, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire, wrote operas, operettas, and cantatas, and acted as theatre and concert conductor in Paris.

DEBLOIS, Stephen: 18th cent. Amer. musical pioneer. Ref.: IV. 57t.

DE BOECK, Auguste (1865-): b. Merchtem, Belgium; student, later teacher, at the Brussels Conservatory; wrote an orchestral rhapsody, a sym-

phony, songs, operas, and pieces for organ and pianoforte.

DEBOIS, Ferdinand (1834-1893): b. Brunn, d. there; founded a male choral society and composed male choruses.

DEBROIS VAN DEBUGGE. VAN BRUYCK.

DEBROIS BRUYCK

DEBUSSY, Claude [Achille] (1862-): b. St. Germain-en-Laye; studied with Guiraud at the Conservatoire, where he took the prix de Rome with the cantook the prix de Rome with the prix de Rome w

Demoiselle élue having been rejected as too iconoclastic. He is the acknowledged leader of the ultra-modern impressionistic school; and technically his works are distinguished by the effective use of higher primary overtones. Among his best-known and most distinctive compositions are settings of texts by Baudelaire, Verlaine and Mallarmé, two tone poems, L'après-midi d'un faune, La Mer, and 3 Images (Gigues, Rondes de Printemps, Ibéria); the opera (lyric drama) Pelléas et Mélisande (Opéra-Comique, 1902); 3 nocturnes for orchestra and women's chorus, a string quartet (G women's chorus, a string quartet (6 min., op. 10); a fantasy, for piano and orchestra, many highly poetic and characteristic piano pieces (Estampes, characteristic piano pieces (Estampes, Suite Bergamasque, Proses lyriques, Ballades, Dances, etc.), also for 4 hands (Petite Suite); also three more operas (in MS.), incidental music to Gasquet's antique drama, Dionysos (1904) and d'Annunzio's Le Mariyre de Saint-Sébastien (1911); 3 ballets, Jeux, Khamma, La boite aux joujoux; a cappella settings of 3 Chansons of Charles d'Orléans: songs with piano acc. etc. He léans; songs with piano acc., etc. He has also contributed critical articles to has also contributed critical articles to the Revue Blanche and Gil Blas. Ref.: III. 318ff; songs, V. 358ff; choral works, VI. 387f; piano comps. VII. 353ff; chamber music, VII. 561ff, 604; orchestral works, VIII. 486ff; opera, IX. 470ff; ballet, X. 232; mus. ex., XIV. 96; portrait, III. 334; facsimile MS., VIII. 114. For general references see individual indexes. indexes.

DECHERT, Hugo (1860-): b. Dresden; 'cello virtuoso, who toured Russia, Austria and Italy; solo-'cellist, Berlin Royal Orchestra, 'cellist to the court, and teacher.

DECHEVRENS, Antoine, S. J. (1840-): b. Chêne, near Geneva; conductor in the Jesuit College of Paris, professor of philology and philosophy at Angers University and writer on Gregorian chant.

DECKER. Konstantin (1810-1878): b. Fürstenau, Brandenburg, d. Stolp, Pomerania; teacher, pianist and com-poser in St. Petersburg and Königsberg; composer of 3 operas, chamber music,

DECKER-SCHENK, Johann (1828-): b. Vienna; noted virtuoso on guitar, tenor and theatre conductor in St. Petersburg. He composed music for guitar, mandolin and balaika, etc.; also operas and operettas.

DECREUS, Camille (1876-): b. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire; début as pianist at Paris, 1906; toured England, France and the United States; private teacher in Washington since 1919 1912.

DEDEKIND (1) **Henning** ([?]-1628): cantor and pastor at Langensalza, Thuringia, and Gebesee; writer became librarian of the music division of musical theory and text books. (2) **Constantin Christian** (1628-[?]): b. Which he first catalogued and enlarged. of musical theory and text books. (2) Constantin Christian (1628-[?]): b. Reinsdorf; court musician at Meissen, Reinsdorf; court musician at Meissen, concert conductor and composer of popular church songs with instrumental accompaniment.

DEDLER, Rochus (1779-1822): b. Oberammergau, d. Oberföhring, Vienna; school teacher and composer of the music for the Bessier, Plear given

the music for the Passion Play given

there.

there.

DEERING (or DERING), Richard (-1630): d. London; organist at Brussels, court organist to the English Queen, 1625; composed sacred cantiones, canzonets, etc.

DE FESCH, Willem (ca. 1725-ca. 1760): Flemish organist in Antwerp and London 2 allo, withus or composer

and London, 'cello virtuoso; composer of 2 oratorios, an orchestral mass, canzonets, 7-part concertos, trio sonatas, violin sonatas, violin sonatas, etc.

DEFERS, Louis Pierre (1819-1900):

b. Toulouse, d. there; studied in Toulouse and at the Paris Conservatoire; directed the Toulouse Cons., composed 15 comic operas and operettas, masses,

15 comic operas and operetias, masses, a cantata, etc.

DEGELE, Engen (1834-1866): b.

Munich, d. Dresden; studied at the Munich Conservatory, sang as baritom in Munich, Hanover and at the Dresden court, and composed songs.

DE GIOSA. See Gross.

DEGNER, Erich Wolf (1858-1908): b. Hohenstein-Ernstthal, d. Berka, near Weimar; studied at Chemnitz, Weimar and Wurzburg, taught in Ratisbon, Weimar and Gotha, and was director of music societies and schools in Pettau and Weimar; composed a symphonies of or organ and orchestra, an overture, violin and piano pieces; also 2 symphonies with organ, Martha und ite Mutter, for chorus (MS.), a serenade, etc. (MS.). D. pub. directions and examples for the construction of cadences. cadences.

DEGTAREFF, Stepan Ankievitch (1766-1813): studied in St. Petersburg and Italy, was conductor and church composer for Count Sheremetieff, wrote 60 concertos, part-songs and Russian choruses, very few of which were

printed.

DE HAAN, Willem (1849-):
b. Rotterdam; taught by Nicolai, de
Lange, Bargiel, and at the Leipzig Cons.;
choral conductor in Bingen and at
Darmstadt, where he was also court
Kapellmeister. He wrote works for
male chorus and orchestra, mixed chorus and orchestra, 2 operas, Die Kaiserstochter (Darmstadt, 1855), Die Inkasöhne (1895), also songs, duets, piano
pieces. etc.

which he first catalogued and enlarged He was made royal professor, and edited the periodical Cācilia, 1842-48. He wrote Theoretisch-praktische Harmonielehre (1840, sev. editions); Analyse dreier Fugen aus J. S. Bach's Wohltemp. Klavier, etc. (1858), and edited a collection of music of the 16th and 17th centuries (2 vols., 1837). A Lehre vom Kontrapunkt, dem Kanon und der Fuge, was posthumously pub. (1859, ed. by B. Scholz). Among D.'s famous pupils were Rubinstein, Glinka, Hofmann, Kullak, Cornelius and Kiel. Ref.: III. 16.

DEICHMANN, Carl (1817-1908): English violinist.

DEISS, Michael (16th cent.): Imperial musician to Ferdinand I, composer of motets, among them one on the death of his master.

the death of his master.

DEITERS, Hermann [Clemens
Otto] (1833-1907): b. Bonn, d. Coblentz; pupil of Otto Jahn, studied in
Berlin and Bonn; taught and directed
schools at Bonn, Duren, Konitz, and
Posen, and became provincial school
commissioner in Coblentz, 1885. He
wrote critical articles in the Deutsche wrote critical articles in the Deutsche Musikzeitung, the Allgem. musikal. Zeitung, and the Vierteljahrsschrift für Musikwissenschaft, on Schumann all titerateur, Otto Jahn, Bruch's Odysseus, many studies of Brahms, and a sketch of Beethoven, etc. He also wrote on Greek music theoreticians. He edited the 3rd and 4th editions of Jahn's Mozart' and—his chief work—Thayer's Biography of Beethoven' (from the English MS., vol. I. 1868 and rev. 1901; II. 1872; III. 1879; IV. 1907 [with additions by Riemann]). Vol. Was edited by Riemann and pub. 1908.

with additions by Riemann]). Vol. V. was edited by Riemann and pub. 1908. DE KOVEN, Reginald (1859-): b. Middletown, Conn.; studied in Oxford, pupil of the Stuttgart Cons., of Hauff in Frankfort-on-Main, also of Vannucini (singing) in Florence, Genée in Vienna and Delibes in Paris. He was for a time conductor of the Washington Philharmonie, then critic of the New York World.' He composed a numington Philharmonic, then critic of the New York World.' He composed a number of tuneful operettas, incl. the popular 'Robin Hood' (1890), 'Maid Marian,' 'Rob Roy,' 'The Highwayman,' The Fencing Master,' The Tsigane,' The Red Feather,' 'Happy Land' and 'The Student King'; also a grand opera, 'The Canterbury Pilgrims' (New York Met. Opera, 1917), an orchestral suite, a piano sonata and many songs. Ref.: IV. 353, 458ff; IX. 235; mus. ex, XIV. 231; portrait, IV. 458.

DELACROIX. Joseph. Ref.: IV. 66f.

söhne (1895), also songs, duets, piano pieces, etc.

DEHMEL, Richard: poet. Ref.:

DEHN, Siegfried Wilhelm (17991858): b. Altona, d. Berlin; studied

DELACOUR, Vincent-Conrad-Félix (1808-1840): b. Paris, d. there; harpist and composer.

DE LANGE (1) Samuel (18111858): b. Rotterdam, d. there; organist,

Delâtre Delius

teacher and composer of organ sonatas.
(2) Samuel (1840-1911): b. Rotterdam,
d. Stuttgart; organist and composer;
son of (1); studied in Rotterdam,
Vienna and Lemberg; made concert Vienna and Lemberg; made concert tours throughout Europe; organist and teacher at Rotterdam Music School (1863-1874); teacher in Music School at Basel (1874-1876); teacher at Co-logne Cons., and conductor of Manner-gesangverein and Gürzenichchor (1876-1885); conducted Oratorio Society at The Hague (1885-1893); teacher and vice-director, Stuttgart Cons. (1893vice-director, Stuttgart Cons. (1893-1895); conductor Stuttgart Society for Classical Church Music from 1895; composed an oratorio, Moses, a symphony, a piano concerto, organ sonatas, chamber music works, etc. Ref.: VI. 458, 469. (3) Daniel (1841-): b. Rotterdam: brother of (2); studied in Lemberg and Paris; organist and teacher in Lemberg, teacher in Amsterdam; director of choral societies in Leyden and Amsterdam, with which he produced old Netherland a cappella music with sensational success. also music with sensational success, also in London and Germany. He became director of the Amsterdam Cons. in 1895; music critic and composer of 2 symphonies, several cantatas, an opera, a mass, a Requiem, an overture, a 'cello concerto, songs, etc. He also wrote an Exposé d'une théorie de

wrote an Expose d'une théorie de musique.

DELÂTRE (1) Olivier. Little is mown of him save that he published music in Paris, Lyons and Antwerp. The pieces were chiefly songs and motets and we have impressions of them from 1539 to 1555. (2) [Claude] Pettagen, also a Netherlander of the 16th century. He led the boys' choir at the Cathedral of Verdun, was Kapellmeister to the Bishop of Liège, and a composer of songs and motets. (3) Roland. See Lasso.

See Lasso.

DE L'AULNAYE. See [de l'1] AUL-NAYE.

DELDEVEZ, Edouard-Marie-Ernest (1817-1897): b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire, where he took the first and second prizes; violinist; gave a concert of his own compositions in 1840, became second conductor of the Opera and the Conservatoire concerts, chief conductor of the latter 1872 and the former 1873 also toire concerts, chief conductor of the latter, 1872, and the former, 1873; also professor of the orchestral class at the Cons.; retired 1885. He wrote 3 symphonies, chamber music, ballets, lyric scenes, cantatas, church music (Requiem for Habeneck), and edited Euvres des violinistes célèbres (4 vols.); pub. L'art du chef d'orchestre (1878), also theoretical and historical writings.

DE LEVA, Enrico (1867-); b. Naples; pianist, song composer; prod. an opera, La Camargo (Turin, 1898); also wrote a serenata, and E spingole frangese, which made his fame.

DELEZENNE, Charles-Edouard-

Joseph (1776-1866): b. Lille, d. there; professor of mathematics and physics

professor of maintenances and physics and writer on musical theory.

DELHASSE, Felix (1809-1898): b. Spaa, d. Brussels; founder and editor of the Guide musical, contributor to journals and writer of biographies of musicians.

journals and writer of biographies of musicians.

DELIBES, [Clement-Philibert-1]
Leo (1836-1891): b. St. Germain dval, Sarthe, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire; accompanied at the Enhêâtre-Lyrique, organist of a Paris church and assistant chorus master at the Grand Opéra; composed several operettas, including his first, Deux sous de Charbon (1855), La Source (1866), Coppélia (1870) and Sylvia (1878); 3 ballets, 5 comic operas, Maltre Griffard (1857), Le jarduier et son seigneur (1863), Le roi l'a dit (1873), Jean de Nivelle (1880) and Lakmé (1883), a dramatic scene, La Mort d'Orphée (1878), and a number of pleasing romances. An unfinished opera, Kassya, was completed by Massenet and prod. in 1893. He wrote also incidental music to Le roi s'amuse, and ballet music for Adam's Corsair. In 1831 he was made professor at the Conservatoire, and three years later a member of the Academy. Ref.: II. 389; III. 7, 278; VII. 462; opera, IX. 238, 445; ballet, X. 151, 152, 167; mus. ex., XIV. 10. DELICATI, Blargherita: an Italian soprano in London with her husband in 1789.

in 1789.

DELIDICQUE, Leonard (1821-): b. at La Haye; violinist and composer. Le studied at the Paris Conservatoire, and later founded and conducted the 'Société des Symphonistes.' His com-positions were exclusively for the violin.

DELIOUX, [de Savignac] Charles (1830-): b. Lorient; studied by himself, and with Barbereau and with Halevy; wrote chiefly for planoforte, also a Cours complets d'exercises (piano) and a operact comic opera ano) and a one-act comic opera.

also a Cours complets d'exercises (piand a one-act comic opera.

DELIUS, Frederick (1863-): b.
at Bradford, England, of German parente of his own combecame second cona and the Conservate former, 1873; also
chestral class at the
fe former, 1873; also
chestral class at the
He wrote 3 symmusic, ballets, lyric
hurch music (Req, and edited Œuvres
hurch music (Req, and edited Œuvres
bres (4 vols.); pub.
d'orchestre (1878),
ad historical writtice (1867-): b.
ng composer; prod.
drago (Turin, 1888);
ata, and £ spingole
de his fame.

Charles-Edouard
108

also songs and a music drama in 11 he was a member of the court orchestra scenes, 'Two Episodes from the Life of Niels Lyhne' (after J. P. Jacobsen). mental composer in Geneva. Orchestral quartets, violin sonatas and concert 474, 476f.

474, 4761.

DELLA MARIA, Pierre-AntoineDoménique (1769-1800): b. Marseilles,
d. Paris; studied in Italy, performer on
mandolin and 'cello; produced in
Italy and Paris, 3 opene buffe, a cantata, and 7 opéras comiques.

DELLER, Florian (ca. 1730-1774):
b. Drosendorf, d. Munich; was memher of the court orchestra, concert con-

ber of the court orchestra, concert conductor and court composer at Stuttgart; lived also in Vienna and Munich. He wrote singspiele, comic operas, trio

ne wrote sungspiele, comic operas, trio sonatas and symphonies.

DELLE SEDIE, Enrico (1826-1907):
b. Leghorn, d. Paris; received training from Galeffl, Persanola, and Domeniconi; sang first in Verdi's Nabuco; sang in opera in Italy and Paris, then became professor of singing at the Conservatoire; wrote 2 books on dramatic singing. dramatic singing.

DELLINGER, Rudolf (1857-1910): b. Graslitz, Bohemia, d. Dresden; studied in the Conservatory of Prague; clarinettist, conductor and director; conducted in Hamburg and Dresden, where he produced 7 operettas.

DELMAS, Jean-François (1861-): b. Lyons; studied at the Paris Con-servatoire, bass opera singer at Paris Opéra.

DELMOTTE, Henri-Florent (1799-1836): b. Mons, d. there; author of the Notice biographique sur Roland Delattre (Orlando de Lasso). Ref.: (cited) VI. 58.

DELPRAT, Charles (1803-1888): d. Pau, the Pyrenees; singing teacher in Paris; writer on the art of singing and the history of the Paris Conservatoire.

DELSART, Jules (1844-1900): b. at Valenciennes, d. in Paris; violoncellist. He studied at the Paris Academy of Music and at the Conservatoire, and in 1884 succeeded Franchomme as pro-

fessor of violoncello there.

IESSOF OI VIOIONCEIIO THEFE.

DELSARTE, François [-Alexan-dre-Nicolas-Chéri] (1811-1871): b. Solesme, d. Paris; studied with Choron, Garaude and Ponchard; sang in Opéra Comique and the Variétés, then turned St. Simonist and became church choir director at the church of Abbé Châtel; established teaching courses, gave hisestablished teaching courses, gave his-torical concerts in which he inter-preted the vocal works of Lully, Gluck and Rameau with great success, and was in high demand as vocal teacher. He collected and edited Les archives du chant (reproducing the original editions with the bass written out). Ref.: X. 207, 211f, 214.

symphonies are among his works.

DEMANTIUS, Christoph (1567-1643): b. Reichenberg, d. Freiberg, Saxony; composer of sacred and secular music; Te Deums, magnificats, masses, canzonettas, villanelles, etc., also a "German Passion." He wrote 2 theoretical treatises. treatises.

DEMAR, Joseph Sebastian (1763-1832): b. at Gauaschach, Bavaria; d. Orleans; pupil of F. X. Richter, organist, conductor and writer of concertos for violin, piano, clarinet, horn; also sonatas and instrumental text-books.

DEMAREST, Clifford, contemporary American organist and composer. Ref.: IV. 358f.

DEMELIUS, Christian (1643-1711): b. at Schlettau, Saxony; d. at Nord-hausen; composer. In 1700 he wrote 4-part motets and arias. He is the author of a book on elementary music teaching.

DEMENYI, Desiderius (1871-): b. Budapest; founded Zenekozlony, the leading musical journal of Hungary; comp. sacred music, an operetta, several melodramas and many songs.

DEMETRIUS. Ref.: (mysteries) X.

61, 67, 69.

DEMETRIUS. Ref.: (mysteries) X. 61, 67, 69.

DEMEUR (1) Anne Arsène (née Charton) (1827-1892): b. Saujon, Charente; d. Paris; operatic and concert soprano; sang in Toulouse, Brussels, London, St. Petersburg, Vienna, Paris and America; sang comic and Italian opera, also in three of Berlioz's operas. (2) Jules Antoine (1814-[?]): b. Hodimont-les-Verviers; studied at the Brussels Conservatory and with Dorus; flutist at Brussels Opera and at Drury Lane; accompanied his wife (1) on her tours.

DEMOL (1) Ranlequin (15th cent.): Flemish composer of church music. (2) Pierre (1825-1899): b. Brussels, d. Alost; studied in Brussels, 'cellist and teacher at Besançon, composed 3 cantatæ, a mass, 12 string quartets, an opera and an oratorio. (3) François-Marie (1844-1883): b. Brussels, d. Ostend; studied at the Brussels Conservatory, organist in Brussels and conductor in Brussels. He was nephew of Pierre. (4) Willem (1846-1874): b. Brussels, d. Marseilles, professor in prussels, the results of François, organist and student in Brussels, composer of popular cantatas and songs to Flemish texts.

sels, composer of popular cantatas and songs to Flemish texts.

DEMUNCK (1) François (1815-1854): b, Brussels, d, there; student and professor of the 'cello at Brussels Conservatory; 'cellist also in London; DELIUNE, Louis (1876-): b. Wrote a fantasy and variations. (2) Charlerol, Belgium; studied in Brussels, composer of choruses, violin and 'cello sonatas, and songs.

DEMACHI, Giuseppi (18th cent.): list at the Weimar court, professor b. at Piedmont; violinist. During 1740 of the 'cello in the London Royal

Academy of Music since 1893. In 1879 he married Carlotta Patti (q.v)

DEMUTH, Leopold (1881-1910): b. Brunn, d. Czernovitz; baritone; pupil of Gansbacher at the Vienna Cons. He has sung at Halle, Leipzig and Hamburg, and in 1897 became a member of Viennese court opera

DENEFVE, Jules (1814-1877): b. Chimay; studied at Brussels, became professor at the École de Musique, and 'cellist at the theatre in Mons; later he directed the École, concerts and choral societies. He composed 3 operas, cantatas, male choruses, etc.

DENGREMONT, Maurice (1866-1893): b. Rio de Janeiro, d. Buenos Ayres; violin prodigy at 11, who held the attention of Europe for several years.

years.

years.

DENNÉE, Charles [Frederick]
(1863-): b. Oswego; studied at New
England Cons. and from 1883 pianoforte instructor there; composed comic operas; violin, 'cello and piano
suites, salon pieces, character studies,
songs, etc. His 'Progressive Technique'
is a detailed study of technique for
the pigneforte the pianoforte.

the planoforte.

DENNER, Johann Christoph (1655-1707): b. at Leipzig, d. at Nuremberg; instrument-maker. About the end of the seventeenth century he became the inventor of the clarinet, by virtue of his discovery of the over-blow hole, to which he was led by attempts to improve the old French chalumeau (of cylindrical bore and single reed). He established a factory which was continued very successfully by his sons. Ref.: VIII. 85.

DENTE Edward James (1876-):

Ref.: VIII. 85.

DENT, Edward James (1876-): b. at Ribston, Yorkshire; music historian; Mus. Bac., 1899, and fellow at King's College, Cambridge, 1902. He is the author of 'Alessandro Scarlatti, His Life and Works' (1905) and Mozart's Operas' (1913); and has contributed largely to the 'Encyclopedia Britannica' and 'Grove's Dictionary.' Ref.: III. 431.

DENTICE. Scinio (1560-1629).*

DENTICE, Scipio (1560-1633) d. Naples; an Italian composer who wrote five books of 5-part madrigals and one book of motets.

DENZA, Luigi (1846-): b. Castellammare di Stabbia; studied in the

tellammare di Stabbia; studied in the Naples Conservatory; wrote one opera, Wallenstein, and about 500 songs, among them the well-known Funiculi-funicula; director of the London Academy of Music and singing teacher at the Royal Academy there. Ref.: III. 401; V. 323.

DEPPE, Ludwig (1328-1890): b. Alverdissen, Lippe, d. Bad Pyrmont; studied in Hamburg and Leipzig, taught in Hamburg and conducted the Berlin Royal Opera, also the Royal Kapelle concerts. He wrote a symphony and 2 overtures, also a well-known piano method and a biographical account of his years as court conductor.

DEPRES. See Josquin.

DEPROSSE, Anton (1838-1878): b. Munich, d. in Berlin; composer. He studied in the Royal Music School and under Stunz and Herzog. From 1861-1864 he taught at the same school. Among his compositions are songs, piano pieces, an oratorio and, in manuscript, operas.

DERCKS, Emil (1849-1911): b. at Domnerau, Silesia; organist and composer. He was a pupil of the Royal Institute in Berlin, and later studied under d'Albert; founded oratorio and concert societies at Köslin and at Breslau director of the Waetzoldtsche Society, etc. His songs are worth special mention, also a song book for high schools and a pamphlet, Kirchenchor und Dirigent.

DERESZKE. See RESZKÉ.

DEREPAS, Gustave: (quoted on

DE RESZKE. See RESZKÉ.

DEREPAS, Gustave: (quoted on Franck) II. 472.

DEREYNE, Fely (1883-): b. in Marseilles; opera singer; a pupil of Blasini, and since her début, in 1903, has sung at Covent Garder, at the Boston Opera House, the Metropolitan Opera House, in South America and in Italy. Italy.

Italy.

DERING. See DEERING.

DERUYTS, Jean Jacques (1790-1871): b. Liège, d. there; instructor and composer. His compositions consist of church music, a Te Deum, masses, motets and offertories. He taught César Franck while the latter was at Liège.

DE SANOTIS, Cesare (1830-): b. at Albano, Rome; Italian composer. He wrote fugues, an overture and a Requiem mass, and has published treatises on music.

DESAUGIERS, Marc, Antoine (1742)

treatises on music.

DESAUGIERS, Marc-Antoine (1742-1793): b. at Fréjus, d. in Paris; composer. He was a self-taught musician, who prod. little operas of natural charm in Paris theatres. He celebrated the storming of the Bastille in a festival cantata, Hiérodrame. He was a friend of Gluck and Sacchini, and when the latter died he wrote a Requiem for him.

DESCARTES, René (Renartus Cartesius) (1596-1650): b. at La Haye, Touraine; d. at Stockholm; celebrated philosopher. Among his writings is a small Compendium musices (1613), which shows him to have had an extraordinary understanding of music. His letters also contain short references to music.

to music.

to music.

DESLANDRES, Adolph-Edouard Marie (1840-1911): b. Paris, d. there; organist and composer. He was a pupil at the Paris Conservatoire under Leborne and Benoist, and in 1862 became the organist at Ste. Marie at Battignolles. Among his works are a number of noted choral works, including the Ode à l'harmonie, masses, 'The Seven Words on the Cross,' and cantatas; also concertante instr. pieces. Several of his small operas were pro-

Desmarets Deswert

condemned for abduction; nanisned from the court of Louis XIV, he became mattre de musique to Philip V in Spain and later intendant for the Duke of Lorraine at Lunéville. He also wrote church music, a Te Deum, motets, etc., which were published under the name of Goupillier.

DESMOND, Olga. Ref.: X. 22, 193,

DESORMES, Louis C. (1845-1898): Algiers, d. Paris; composer and conductor.

DESPRES, Després, Desprez, Jos-

quin. See Josquin.

DESSAU, Bernhard (1861-): b. in Hamburg; violinist. He studied under Schradieck, Joachim, and Wieniawski; held successive positions as concert-master at Görlitz, Ghent, Kö-nigsberg, etc., and at Rotterdam was teacher at the Conservatory. Since 1898 he has been active as concert-master at the Berlin Hofoper. He is the author of compositions for the violin.

violin.

DESSAUER (1) Josef (1798-1876):
b. Prague, d. Mödling; studied with Tomaschek and Weber; wrote popular songs, string quartets, overtures and 5 operas. (2) Heinrich (1863-): b. Wurzburg; studied in Munich and Berlin; violinist; taught in Breslau and Linz; devoted much time to the problem of enlarging the viola without changing the fingerboard. He wrote Universal-Violinschule (1967).

DESSOFF, [Felix] Otto (1835-1892): b. Leipzig, d. Frankfort-on-Main; studied with Moscheles, Hauptmann and Rietz at the Leipzig Cons.; conductor of thearres in Chemnitz, Altenburg, Düsseldorf, Aachen, Magdeburg, and of the Vienna court opera, where he also taught at the Cons. of the Gesellschaft der Musikfreunde, and conductor in Carlsruhe and chief conductor at Frankfort Stadtheater. He published some characters.

piano sonata, etc.

DESSOIR (1) Max (1867-): b.
Berlin; author and philosopher. In
his Zeitschrift für Ästhetik und allgems Zeitschrif für Asthelik ind ditge-meine Kunstwissenschaft he treats ex-tensively of music. (2) Susanne (1869-): (née Triepel); b. Grün-berg, Silesia; wife of Max; pianist, singer and author. As a pupil of Amalia Joachim, she studied for ora-torio and opers. She made a reputstorio and opera. She made a reputa-tion as champion of modern composers, and for exemplary song-recital pro-

grams.

duced, among them Dimanche et Lundi (1872), Le Chevalier Bijou (1875) and Fridolin (1876).

DESMARETS, Henri (1662-1741):
b. Paris, d. Lunéville; French courtier and composer, wrote 6 operas and 3 ballets. As he had secretly married ballets. As he had secretly married the daughter of a high official he was condemned for abduction; banished from the court of Louis XIV, he became maître de musique to Philip (Y 1878-):

DESTINN (Kittl), Emmy (1878-):
b. at Prague; dramatic soprano. She discarded her own name to adopt that of her teacher. She made her début as Santuzza in the Berlin Hofoper, lived afterward in Prague and has burget and has condemned for abduction; banished from the court of Louis XIV, he became maître de musique to Philip (Y 1878-):

DESTINN (Kittl), Emmy (1878-):
b. at Prague; dramatic soprano. She discarded her own name to adopt that as Santuzza in the Berlin Hofoper, lived afterward in Prague and has burget and has burget and the Berlin Royal Opera. She is the author of a drama, "Rahel," of poems and stories. Ref.: V 153.

DESTOUCHES (1) André-Cardinal (1672-1749): b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Paris Jesuit School, and later with Campra, for whose Europe galante he wrote several numbers. After the success of his opera Issé, D. became general inspector of the Académie general inspector of the Académie (1713) and mattre de chapelle-musique (1726) and chief intendant (1728). He wrote further the operas Amadis de Grèce (1699); Marthèsie (1699); Omphale (1701); Callirhoé (1712); Télémaque et Calypso (1714); Semiramis (1718); also the ballets Le Carnaval et la Folie (1704); Les Eléments (1725) and Les stratagèmes de l'amour (1726); also the two solo cantatas Oenone (1716) and Sémélé (1719), which were printed; and some church compositions, printed; and some church compositions, incl. a *Te Deum* several times performed. D. was much admired by Louis XIV, who considered him the only substitute for Lully. (2) Franz Seraph von (1772-1844): b. Munich, d. there conductes and tocker is Wei d. there; conductor and teacher in Wei-mar and court conductor in Hamburg; composed 1 opera, 1 comic opera and 1 operetta, and the music to Schiller's Wallensteins Tod, Macbeth, Turandot, Braut von Messina, Jungfrau von Orléans and Tell; to 2 plays by Kotzebue; also piano sonatas, etc., a piano con-certo and a trio.

DESTRANGES, Louis-Augustin-étienne-Rouillé- (1863-): b. Nan-tes; editor and contributor to musical journals, wrote several books on Wagner, Franck, Meyerbeer, Verdi, Saint-Saëns, etc., and a number of thematic guides to modern operas (d'Indy, Chabrier, Bruneau, Humperdinck, etc.); also Berlioz's Troyens.

DESVIGNES, Victor François (1805-1853): b. at Treves, d. at Metz; composer. For many years he directed theatres for operettas in French provinces. In 1832 he founded the conservatory at Metz, which quickly became a succursale of the Paris Conservatory. His pieces include chamber music, church chorales, and several operas in

manuscript.

manuscript.

DESWERT (de Swert) (1) Jules (1843-1891): b. Louvain, d. Ostend; conductor, 'cellist and composer. He studied with Servais in Brussels, concert-master at Düsseldorf, was first 'cellist at Weimar, and in Berlin taught, appeared as virtuoso and was Royal concert-master. In 1873 he became director of the Ostend

DETHIER (1) Gaston: contemp. Belgian organist resident in New York. Ref.: VI. 501. (2) Edouard (1885-): h. Liège; concert violinist; studied at the conservatories of Liege and Brussels; début Brussels, 1903; toured United States and Canada; professor at the Institute of Musical Art, New York, since 1906.

ing actors. After a long apprenticeship in minor roles at Hanover, Breslau, Cassel, he became a feading operatic bass in Dresden. He was distinguished as a leading comedian.

DEVIENNE, François (1759-1803):
b. at Joinville, d. at Charenton; flutist, bassoonist, writer and composer; professor at the Conservatoire until 1902.

He wrote many operaties, 11 operas.

fessor at the Conservatoire until 1902. He wrote many operettas, 11 operas, concertante pieces for wind instr. and orchestra, symphonies, flute concertos, chamber music and sonatas for various instruments. He also published a Flute Method (1795).

DEVRIENT (1) Eduard (1801-1877): b. Berlin, d. Carlsruhe; haritene at the Berlin Royal Opera, directed the court operas of Dresden and of Carlsruhe; author of 5 books on drama and music. Ref.: VI. 242 (footnote); IX. 216. (2) Wilhelmine. See Schröder-Devrient.

DEWEY, Ferdinand (1851-1900): b.

DEWEY, Ferdinand (1851-1900): b. at Montpelier, d. at Beverley, Mass. (U.S.); pianist, composer and teacher. DEYO, Ruth Lynda (1884-): b. Poughkeepsie, New York; concert pianist; début Berlin, 1904; toured Europe and the United States, with Casals, 1915-16.

School of Music; teacher at Ghent and Bruges Cons.; composed 3 'cello concertos, 'cello pieces, a symphony; prod. 2 operas. (2) Jean Caspar Isidore (1830-1896): b. Brussels, d. there; brother of Jules and professor of the 'cello at the Cons. of Brussels.

DETHIER (1) Gaston: contemp. Belgian organist resident in New York. Ref.: VI. 501. (2) Edouard (1835-1: b. Liège; concert violinist; studied at the conservatories of Liege and Brussels; début Brussels, 1903; toured United States and Canada; professor at the Institute of Musical Art, New York, since 1906.

DETTIMER, Wilhelm (1808-1876): b. at Breinum near Hildesheim, d. at Frankfort; singer. He was the son of a farmer, and after completing his education joined a troupe of wandering actors. After a long apprenticeship in minor rôles at Hanover, Bresslau, Cassel, he became a reading oper-

DIANA, Greek goddess. Ref.: X. 54. DIAZ [de la PEÑAL] Eugène-[Emile] (1837-1901): b. Paris, d. Coleville, France; composer. He studied at the Conservatoire under Halévy and Reber and has written songs and 3 operas, one of which, La Coupe du Roi de Thule, received the great prize of the state in 1869.

DIBBERN, Karl (1855-): b. Altona; conductor and composer of light operas also 2 serious ones

tona; conductor and composer of light operas, also 2 serious ones.

DIBDIN (1) Charles (1745-1814): b. Southampton, d. in London; composer, singer, actor and manager. He was the author as well as the composer of a large number of light operas, and well known in his day through his 'table entertainments,' called first 'The Whim of the Moment,' later 'The Oddities,' and which included a large number of sea songs very popular in Engenumber of light operations. note); IX. 216. (2) Wilhelmine. See Schrödder-Devreent.

DEWEY, Ferdinand (1851-1900): b. at Montpeller, d. at Beverley, Mass. (U.S.); planist, composer and teacher.

DEYO, Ruth Lynda (1884—): b. Poughkeepsie, New York; concert pianist; debut Berlin, 1904; toured Europe and the United States, with Casals, 1915-16.

DEZEDE, (Desaides) (ca. 1740-1792): b. in Lyons, d. in Paris; comic opera composer. From 1772 he wrote 18 pieces of from one to three acts, given both in Paris and in Germany (Julie, etc.).

DIABELLI, Antonio (1781-1858): b. at Mattsee, near Sulzburg, d. in Vienna; instructor and composer; pupil of Michael Haydn; monk at Raitenhaslach, then piano and guitar teacher in Vienna, late publisher (at first assoc. Michael Haydn; monk at Raitenhaslach, then piano and guitar teacher in Vienna, late publisher (at first assoc. myth Cappi, then independent, 1824-54, selling out to C. A. Spina). He was a prolific writer of masses, cantatas, and chamber music, but only his educational works (sonatas, 2 and 4 hand, sonatinas, etc.) still deserve recognition. He was Schubert's chief publisher and was acquainted with Beethober of sea songs very popular in Eng-land during her war with France. Dib-

at the age of seventeen at Covent Garden Theatre as Ophelia. In 1812 she played the Countess in Mozart's Nozze di Figaro and spent the next six years at Italian opera in France and Italy. She returned to England in 1818 as Rosina in Bishop's version of Rossini's 'Barber of Seville,' and a few years later withdrew from public life on account of ill health.

DIDELOT, Charles Louis. Ref.: X. 151, 154, 161, 164f, 180f.

DIDEROT, Denis (1713-1784): b. Langres, d. Paris; the celebrated editorin-chief of the 'Encyclopédie' (1751-65), was also author of Principes d'acoustique and Memoires sur différents sujets de mathématique. His opinions on music are contained in his Neveu de Rameau, which was first pub. in German (translated from the original MS. by Goethe, 1805), then in French re-translation, and in the original version not till 1821. In Grimm's Correspondence littéraire are also articles by D., and his correspondence with spondence littéraire are also articles by D., and his correspondence with Grimm is likewise interesting.

DIDYMUS (1st cent. B. C.): b. Alexandria, d. there; theoretician. Besides voluminous references to music in his voluminous references to music in his other works, he wrote a treatise on harmony, which is cited in the works of Porphyry and Ptolemy. He calculated the relations of tones in the tetrachord, mathematically fixing the relation of the major third as 4:5 in all classes of scales. The difference between the major and minor second. all classes of scales. The difference between the major and minor second (9/8:10/9) is called, after D., the Di-dymic, otherwise 'syntonic,' comma dymic, (81:80).

DIEBOLD, Johann (1842-): b. Schlatt; organist and choir director. His compositions include masses, motets and works for the organ.

DIECKMANN, Ernst (1861-): b. Stade; organist. He studied under Haupt, Löschhorn and Alsleben, or-ganist at the cathedral in Verden (Aller); also conductor of an oratorio society. He composed songs and choral

Indiana; organist and conductor; wrote a comic opera, organ pieces and songs.

DICKONS, Mrs. (née Poole) (1770-1833): b. in London; soprano. She was pupil of Rauzzini, and appeared first at the age of seventeen at Covent Garden Theatre as Ophelia. In 1812 she played the Countees in Morart's Norge collection Constitution of the piano at the gave a series of the gave a series of at the age of seventeen at Covent Garden 1889, later founded the Société des den Theatre as Ophelia. In 1812 she played the Countees in Morart's Norge collection Constitution Constitut

anciens instruments, and edited a 2 vol. collection Clavicinistes français. He composed a piano concerto, concert pieces for piano and for violin, chamber music, and many piano pieces.

DIENEL, Otto (1839-1905): b. Tiefenfurth, Silesia; d. Berlin; organist and composer. He studied at Goriliz and at Bunzlau, and the Royal Institute of Berlin; was organist at the Marienkirche and author of Die moderne Orgel (1889); also composer of sacred music, organ pieces, etc.

DIENER, Franz (1849-1879): b. Dessau, d. there; violinist and tenor. He played in Dessau and in Berlin, and sang first at Berlin, then Cologne, Berlin, Nuremberg, Hamburg and Dresden.

DIEPENBROCK, A. J. M. (1862-): b. Amsterdam; noted teacher and composer of church music; wrote 2 Stabat Mater, a Te Deum, a mass, and spiritual songs.

DIERICH, Carl (1852-): b. Heinrichau; noted tenor. He was a pupil of Graben-Hoffmann in Dresden, sang there, in Weimar and in Berlin. He married Meta Geyer, well-known

He married Meta Geyer, well-known lieder singer (soprano).

DIES, Albert K. (1755-1822): b. Hanover, d. Vienna; a landscape painter, who wrote Biographische Nachrichten von Joseph Haudn, nach mündlichen Erzählungen desselben (1819).

DIET, Edmond-Marie (1854-): b. Paris; operatic composer. He studied with Franck and Guiraud, wrote ballets, pantomimes, operettas and comic overas.

comic operas.

DIETER, Christian Ludwig (1757-1822): b. Ludwigsburg, d. Stuttgart; violinist and composer. He composed 8 Singspiele, 2 comic operas and a grand opera, Laura Rosetti, and has left in manuscript for violin, horn and

Haupt, Löschhorn and Alsleben, organist at the cathedral in Verden (Aller); also conductor of an oratoric society. He composed songs and choral pieces.

DIEMER (1) Philip Henry (1839-): b. Augsburg, d. St. Gallen; teacher and composer. A pupil of Holmes and Macharen at the London Royal Academy of Music; he was organist of Trinity of Music; he was organist of Trinity church and music teacher at Bedford. He led the chamber music and was pianist for the Music Society at Bedford, which he himself organized, and is remembered as the composer of cantatas, anthems, part-songs and piano works. (2) (Diemer), Louis (1843-): b. Paris; noted pianist. He studied pianoforte with Marmontel, the organ with Benoist, and was also a pupil of Bazin and of Thomas at the Conserva-

Royal Academy and royal professor (1899). His compositions include a symphony in D minor, overture Normannenschlacht, choral works with orchestra; romance for horn and orchestra; violin concerto, 'cello concerto, 'cello sonata, 4-hand piano sonata; trios, duets, songa piano pieces etc. 'cello sonata, 4-hand piano sonata; trios, duets, songs, piano pieces, etc.; also 2 operas ('Robin Hood' and Das Sonniagskind). He wrote Erinnerungen an J. Brahms (1898). Ref.: III. 14, 257; (quot. on Brahms) II. 451; VIII. 251. (3) Marie: b. Weinsberg; coloratura soprano who studied with Viardot-Garcia, then sang in Stuttgart court opera and the Berlin opera.

DIETRICHSTEIN, Moritz, Graf (1775-1864): b. Vienna, d. there; com-poser and court librarian. DIETTER. See DIETER.

DIETTER. See DIETER.
DIETSCH, Pierre-Louis-Philippe (1808-1865): b. Dijon, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire, choirmaster at St. Eustaches, the 'Madeleine,' later conductor of the Opéra; composer of church music and works for the organ. D. made a setting of Wagner's 'Flying Dutchman' text (in Fr. translation) which its author had sold after his own setting was refused. Ref.

his own setting was refused. Ref.: III. 291; IX. 267. DIETZ (1) Johann Christian (1788– 1845): b. Darmstadt, d. Holland; instru-1845): b. Darmstadt, d. Holland; instrument maker and inventor of melodeon.
(2) Christian: son of (1), pianomaker and inventor of the polyplectron.
(3) Friedrich Wilhelm (1833-1897): b. Marburg, d. Soden; violinist and composer. He studied with Spohr and Kraushaar, taught violin in Frankfort-on-Main, composed chamber music, also pieces for piano, violin and 'cello. (4) Philipp: author of the Restoration of Evangelical Church Music, etc.' (in German, 1903). (5) Max (1857-): b. Vienna; scholar and author of Geschichte des musikalischen Dramas in Frankreich während der Revolution bis zum Direktorium (1885); author of Geschichte des musikalischen Dramas in Frankreich während der Revolution bis zum Direktorium (1885); became Dozent (1886), then professor (1908) in musical science at the Vienna Univ.; contributed to periodical and edited old music. (6) Johanna Margaretha (1867-); b. Frankforton-Main; soprano. She studied at the Raff Conservatory, and became noted for concert single also for ortorio for concert singing, also for oratorio and songs.

DIEUPART, Charles ([?]-1740): London player of harpsichord under Handel, composer of plano pieces, a suite, songs and dance music for plano,

violin, flute, bass-viol and arch-lute.

DIEZ, Sophie (née Hartmann)
(1820-1887): b. Munich, d. there; so-

DIGNUM, Charles (1765-1837): English singer and composer.

DHLIGER, Johann (1593-1647): b. Eisfeld, d. Coburg; deacon, theoretician and composer of sacred compositions (Lutheran).

composer of piano pieces, etc. IV. 405. Ref .:

DIMA, George (1847-): b. Kronstadt; director of Rumanian musical societies in Hermannstadt and Kron-

societies in Hermannstadt and Aronstadt, also church choirmaster and composer of vocal and instr. works.

DIMLER, Anton (1753-1819): b. Mannheim, d. Munich; bassoonist and composer. He studied under Zywny and Abbé Vogler, produced symphonies, concerts, and quartets, also three operettas.

DINGELSTEDT (née LUTZER),
Jenny (1816-1877): b. Prague, d. Vienna; opera-singer in Prague and Vienna.
DINGER, Hugo (1865-): b.
Cölln; critic, professor of dramatic art
at Jena; author of Ruchard Wagners
geistige Entwicklung and Die Meistereiner von Nurnbarg singer von Nurnberg.

DIODORUS. Ref.: (cited) X. 13. DIONYSIUS of Syracuse. Ref.: X.

DIONYSOS, in Greek mythology the god who personifies the forces of Naalso Decline, and therefore comprises the element of tragedy, finding expression in the Dithyramb. Contrary to His cult symbolizes Creation and the Apollonic idea (the contemplative enjoyment of the beauty of form) the Dionysian signifies in æsthetics the subordination of the form to the spirit; thus in expressing the extremes of emotion the Dionysian becomes orgi-astic. The typical Dionysian or orgi-

emotion the Dionysian becomes orgiastic. The typical Dionysian or orgiastic instrument was the aulos, while
the kithara was specifically connected
with the cult of Apollo. (After Riemann). Ref.: X. 56, 67, 69, 74.

DIPPEL, Andreas (1866-): b.
Cassel; studied in Berlin, Milan and
Vienna; operatic tenor in Bremen, New
York, at the Vienna court opera, in
Bayreuth and in London. In 1908 he
became associate manager of the New
York Metropolitan Opera, later director
of the Chicago and Philadelphia Opera
Company. More recently he devoted
himself to the management of modern
opera comique in the U. S. Ref.: IV.
147, 152f, 154, 171f, 179.

DIPPER, Thomas (18th cent.): or-

DIPPER, Thomas (18th cent.): organist of King's Chapel, Boston. Ref.:

IV. 57f. DIRUTA (1) Girolamo (ca. 1560-[?1]: b. Perugia; studied with Porta, Zarlino, Gabrieli and Merulo; entered the Minorite Cloister at Corregio; or-ganist in Venice, at the Chioggia Cathe-dral and at Gubbio; pub. Il Transil-vano o Dialogo sopra il vero modo di sonar organi e instrumenti da penna (1st part 1593; 2nd part [Sopra il vero modo di internalese ciescum canto sem-1820-1887): b. Munich, d. there; sorano.

DIGNUM, Charles (1765-1837): Engsh singer and composer.

DILLIGER, Johann (1593-1647): b.
isfeld, d. Coburg; deacon, theoretician
nd composer of sacred compositions
Lutheran).

DILLON, Fanny, contemp. American

(1st part 1593; 2nd part Isopra it vero
modo di intavolare ciascum canto semplice diminuto] 1609), containing technical directions for organ, a counterpoint treatise, etc. Ref.: VII. 422f. (2)
Agostino: Augustine monk, born in
Perugia, maestro di cappella in Asola,
Rome and Perugia; composer of church
music and poesie heroiche (1617-47).

DITSON, Oliver (1811-1888): found-

DITSON, Oliver (1811-1888): founder in Boston, Mass., of the first large American music publishing firm, now with branches in Philadelphia (conducted by his son, J. Edward), in New York (under the direction of his son, Charles H.) and in Chicago under the name of Lyon & Healy.

DITTERS [VON DITTERSDORF], Carl (1739-1799): b. Vienna, d. Neuhof, District of Pilgram, Bohemia; studied with König, Ziegler, Trani, Bono; violinist in the orchestra of Prince Joseph of Hildburghausen, then at the Vienna court theatre, toured Italy with with holling, Jergier, Train, Boile, violinist in the orchestra of Prince Joseph of Hildburghausen, then at the Vienna court theatre, toured Haly with Gluck, winning great fame as violinist; Kapellmeister to the Bishop of Grosswardein, Hungary (1764-69); to the Prince-Bishop of Breslau at Johannesburg, Silesia, where a theatre was erected for the production of his operas. In 1770 he received the papal Order of the Golden Spur, three years later was ennobled by the Emperor; though, being prodigal of his means, he was obliged to accept the hospitality of the Baron von Stillfried in his castle Rothlhotta. Among his 28 operas (Singspiele) the best are Dokter und Apotheker, Betrug durch Aberglauben, Liebe im Narrenbaus, Hieronymus Knicker and Rothkäppchen, of which the first still appears on the Viennese stage. In a sense it stamps him as Mozart's forerunner in German opera. Ditters also wrote cantatas, oratorios, 12 orchestral symphonies on Ovid's Metamorphoses' which are remarkable examples of early orchestral program music (the six yet extant being reprinted, Leipzig, 1999), over 40 other symphonies (mostly MS.), violin concertos, string quartets, divertissements for 2 violins and 'cello, sonatas (4 hands) and preludes for plano, etc. Ref.: II. 2, 49, 63, 67, 71, 94, 114; VIII. 1666.

DITTERSDORF. See DITTERS.

DITTERSDORF. See DITTERS DIVITIS, Antonius (de Rijeke, Antoine le Riche) (16th cent.): singer in the Bruges chapel, and in the court chapels of Brussels and Paris; composer of motets, chansons, masses, and other church music.

DIYRY. See Ivry.

DIXON (1) George (1820-1887): b. Norwich, d. Finchley; organist at Grantham, Retford and Louth, Mus. D. Oxon; composer of church music (Psalm 121, chorus and orch., etc.). (2) George Washington: Amer. negrominstrel. Ref.: IV. 318.

DIZI, François Joseph (1780-ca. 1840): b. Namur, d. Paris; became a protégé of Erard in London after he had lost all his belongings through an of piano at the Royal High School for D'IVRY. See IVRY.

DISTIN (1) John (1793-1863): English trumpeter, who invented the keybugle. (2) Theodore (1823-1893): b. Brighton, d. London; son of John, He also improved its mechanism, insinger (baritone and bass), and comand composed much for the instrument. He also improved its mechanism, invented the perpendicular harp and estab. a harp factory in Paris with Pleyel (1830). This enterprise lacked success and D. became teacher to the

Royal princesses.

DJEMIL BEY (1858-): b. Constantinople; Turkish court 'cellist.

DLABACZ, Gottfried Johann (1758-1820): b. Cerhenitz, Bohemia, d. Prague; choir director and librarian in Prague; wrote a Robemian biograph. Prague; wrote a Bohemian biographical dictionary and articles on the history of art.

tory of art.

DLUGGRAJ, Adalbert (ca. 1550-ca. 1603): performer on the lute at the Polish court, composer of villanelles, of which 10 are pub. in Besard's Thesaurus musicus (Cologne, 1603).

DLUSKI, Erasmus (1857-): b. Podolia; studied at the St. Petersburg Cons. with Rimsky-Korsakoff, etc. He st the composer of a string quartet, Slavic rhapsodies, and 2 operas, also of many songs. of many songs.

DÜBBER, Johannes (1866-); b. Berlin; studied and taught in Berlin, theatre conductor there, in Darmstadt, Coburg, and Hannover; produced 6 operas, also operettas, a Tanzmärchen; also wrote a symphony and numerous

songs.

Songs.

DOBRZYNSKI (1) Ignaz: conductor to Senator Ilinsky; composer of polonaises, published by his son. (2) Ignaz Fēlix (1807-1867): b. Romanoff, Volhynia; d. Warsaw; studied with his father and with Elsner as fellow-student of Chopin; was opera and concert conductor in Warsaw, and concertized in Germany. He composed 2 symphonies, a Suite characteristique and orchestral fantasy, 'a piano concerto, chamber music, violin, 'cello and piano pieces, and one opera, 'The Filibusters.' (3) Johanna, née Miller: wife of Ignaz Felix D.; singer and teacher at the dramatic school of Warsaw.

DOEBBER, Johannes. See Döbber.

DOEBBER, Johannes. See Döbber.

DOEBBER, Johannes. See Döber.

Sechter; pianist at the Naples court, in Germany, Austria, Denmark, Holland Erange and Russia. DOBRZYNSKI (1) Ignaz: conduc-

Secnier; plants at the Naples court, in Germany, Austria, Denmark, Holland, England, France and Russia, where he devoted himself to composition and married a Russian countess, being himself ennobled by the Duke of Lucca. He wrote nocturnes, variations, transcriptions, fantasies, etc., for the piano, which have elegance but lack depth; also one opera, Tancreda. Ref.:

Music, in Berlin, and became professor there in 1908. His compositions include 2 symphones, the overture Zrinyi, a suite for orchestra, variations for piano and orchestra, a piano quintet, 2 piano concertos, a Konzertstück lished a psalm for 8 voices. Music, in Berlin, and became professor there in 1908. His compositions include 2 symphonies, the overture Zrinyi, a suite for orchestra, variations for piano and orchestra, a piano quintet, 2 piano concertos, a Konzertsthek for 'cello, 4 rhapsodies, 2 string quartets, a serenade for string trio, 2 'cello sonatas, a string sextet, 2 piano sonatas, variations for piano and 'cello, a 'cello sonata, a violin sonata, Passacaglia, humoresques, etc., for piano, a piano suite, a ballet pantomime, Der Schleier der Pierrette (1910), a one act opera, Tanie Simone (1912), songs, etc. Ref.: III. 195f; VII. 338, 589; VIII. 419; X. 166; portrait, III. 192.

DOHRN (1) Georg (1867-): b. Bahrendorf, near Magdeburg; studied at the Cologne Conservatory, chorus repetitor at the Munich opera, opera conductor in Flensburg, Weimar and Munich; director of the Breslau Orchesterverein and Singakademie. (2) Wolf and Harald. Ref.: X. 234.

DOLLEY, Charlotte. See Sainton, Boll of Painter Ref.: X. 45.

Madame.

DOLCI, painter. Ref.: X. 45. DOLES, Johann Friedrich DOLES, Johann Friedrich (1715-1797): b. Steinbach-Hallenberg, d. Leipzig; pupil of J. S. Bach, became cantor at Freiberg (1744) and municipal cantor at the Thomasschule, Leipzig, from 1756 to 1789. He published considerable church music, including Neue Lieder (1750), Melodien zu Gellerts geistlichen Oden und Liedern (1758), also a book of chorales, songs with easy melodies for beginners, 4 vols. chorale preludes, Psalm 46, and 6 sonatas per il clavicembalo. Halso wrote masses, passion music, Te Deum, etc. (MS.). Ref.: II. 107; VI. 457; IX. 80.

DOMANTEVSKI, Boleslaus (1859-): (1715-

DOMANIEVSKI, Bolesiaus (1859-):
b. Gronóvek, Russian Poland; studied piano with Wieniawski and Rubinstein; professor of pianoforte at Cracow Conservatory, director of the Warsaw Music School, author of pianoforte technique manuals (Vademecum pour le pianiste, 2 vols., one of the most important of its kind), etc.

DOMANOWECZ, Nicolaus Zmeskall von. Ref.: VII. 492, 518.

DOMARTO, Petrus de (late 16th cent.): composer of the 4-part mass Spirius Almus in Codex 14 of the papal chapel, long supposed to be his only extant work, but another mass (3 parts) was found by Haberl in Codex 88 in Trent (now Vienna) also a 3-part Et in terra in Codex B80 of the chapter archives of St. Peter's, Rome.

DOMINICETI, Cesare (1821-1888):
b. Desenzano, Largo di Garda, d. Sesto id Monze composer of 6 Italian oppers

lished a psalm for 8 voices.

DOMNICH (1) Heinrich (1767-1844): b. Würzburg, d. Paris; horn player at Mayence and in Paris, where he studied with Punto; then teacher at the Conservatoire. He wrote concertos, concertantes, and romances for horn and piano (2) Jakob (1758-): horn player, brother of (1), settled in America. (3) Arnold (1771-1834): b. Wurzburg, d. Meiningen; brother of (1) and (2); horn player.

DONATI (1) Baldassare ([?]-1603): d. Venice. where he sang in St

(1) and (2); norn player.

DONATI (1) Baldassare ([?]-1603): d. Venice, where he sang in St. Mark's, conducted the 'little chapel' (which prepared singers for the great chapel); was seminary director, and, after Zarlino's death (1590), chapelmaster at St. Mark's. He was one of the most important writers of madrigals and motets of his time. His works include 5, and 6 port Madricals (1552). gals and motets of his time. His works include 5- and 6-part Madrigals (1553), 2 hooks 4-part Villanesche alla Neapoletana and Madrigals (1550) and a book of motets (5-8 parts, 1597). (2) Ignazio (early 17th cent.): b. Casalmaggiore near Creniona; maestro di cappella in various Italian cities (Milan, 1631-33), composer of church concertos masses motets undiriest etc.

certos, masses, motets, madrigals, etc.

DONAUDY, Stefano (1879-): b.

Palermo; wrote 4 operas, produced in

Palermo and in Hamburg.

DONE, William (1815-1895): b. orcester, d. there; English organist Worcester, and conductor.

and conductor.

DONGELLI, Domenico (1790-1873):
b. Bergamo, d. Bologna; tenor.

DONI (1) Antonio Francesco (1519-1574): b. Florence, d. Monselice, near Padua; entered the Servite Monastery but left it in 1539. He wrote, among other (non-musical) works, a Dialogue on music (Latin, 1534, Ital. 1541, etc.), also a Libreria, important as a catalogue for historians. (2) Giovanni Battista (1593-1647): a Florentine nobleman who studied literature and philosophy at Bologna and Rome; law in France, taking his degree at Pisa. He went to Paris with Cardinal Corsini, then to Rome at the invitation of Cardinal Barberini, who was passionately fond of music, and with whom he travelled. He engaged chiefly in the chapel, long supposed to be his only extant work, but another mass (3 parts) was found by Haberl in Codex 88 in Trent (now Vienna) also a 3-part lit in terra in Codex B80 of the chapter archives of St. Peter's, Rome.

DOMINICETI, Cesare (1821-1883): b. Desenzano, Largo di Garda, d. Sesto di Monza; composer of 6 Italian operas and professor in Milan Conservatory.

DOMINIQUE, Parisian harlequin.

Ref.: X. 100.

DOMMER, Arrey von (1828-1905): b. Danzig, d. Treysa, Thuringia; stud-112. Donizetti Dörffel

DONIZETTI (1) Gaetano (1797-1848): b. Bergamo, d. there. Though intended for the law his natural bent was toward art. He studied architecture and literature, and in music became a pupil of Salari (singing), Gonzales (pi-ano) and Mayr (harmony) at Bergamo, latter of Pilotti and Padre Mattei in Bologna. To satisfy his father he entered the army, but while stationed in Venice among his works being the studies Tater of Pilotti and Padre Mattel in Bologna. To satisfy his father he entered the army, but while stationed in Venice composed and produced his first opera Enrico di Borgogona (1819), which was successful, as was Il Falegname di Livonia (1820), but Le nozze in Zilla, given in Mantua in 1820, failed. With the success of Zoraide di Granata 2 years later, D. obtained his release from the army. In 1830 after a too prolific production of operatic scores (23 in 7 years) he composed and produced with great success Anna Bolena in Milan, thus gaining the upper hand in his rivalry with Bellini. He now produced, among other operas, L'Elisur d'amore (Milan, 1832), the tragic Lucrezia Borgia (La Scala, Milan, 1833), and the immensely popular Lucia di Lammermoor (Naples, Teatro S. Carlo, 1835). Enjoying European celebrity, he now visited Paris in 1835, and produced Marino Faliero at the Théâtre des Italiens. He succeeded Zingarelli as Director pro tem. of the Naples Cons. in 1837. Shortly after, the censor's veto on the production of Poluuto (written for Ad. Nourrit after Corneille's Polyencte) so angered him that he forsook Milan for Paris. Here he prod. La Fille du régiment (Opéra-Conique, 1840), Les Martyrs, an amplification of the forbidden Poliuto he prod. La Fille du régiment (Opéra-Comique, 1840), Les Maryrr, an ampli-fication of the forbidden Poliuto (Opéra, 1840) and La Favorite (Opéra, 1840), which were sensationally suc-cessful. Again in Italy, he brought out Adelasia (Rome, 1841) and Maria Padilla (Milan, 1841) with success and in Vienna during 1842 he composed Linda di Chamounix, which aroused such enthusiasm that the Emperor con-ferred on him the titles of court comsuch enthusiasm that the Emperor conferred on him the titles of court composer and master of the Imperial chapel for which D. had also written a Miserere and an Ave Maria. Don Pasquale was prod. in Paris, 1843. At the pinnacle of favor, D. continued his ceaseless labors to the detriment of his health, brought out his last work, Caterino Cornaro (Naples, 1844), and in 1845 became a victim of paralysis caused by overwork. Aside from his 67 operas, he wrote many songs, ariettas, duets, and canzonets; also masses, a Requiem, cantatas, vespers, psalms, a Requiem, cantatas, vespers, psalms, motets; also 12 string quartets and plano pieces. Ref.: II. 187, 192ff; operas, IX. xii, 137, 142, 144, 347; mus. ex., XIII. 248; portrait, II. 200. (2) Alfredo (1867-): b. at Smyrna; conductor and teacher of counterpoint at Milan. In 1889 he produced the oneat Milan. In 1889 he produced the one-act operas Nana and Dopo l'Ave Maria with good results. Aside from sev-eral unperformed operas he wrote pi-Leipzig University.

which he pub. piano arrangements. DONT, Jakob (1815-1888): b. at Vienna, d. there; violinist and composer, teacher at an Academy of Music, then the Pædagogium of St. Anna, and from 1873 at the Cons. in Vienna. He wrote extensively for the violin, chief among his works being the studies called Cardine of Paragraphy. called Gradus ad Parnassum.

called Gradus ad Parnassum.

DONZELLI, Domenico (1790-1873): b. Bergamo, d. Bologna; a tenor for whom Rossini wrote the part of Torvaldo; first visited England in 1829 (simultaneously with Mendelssohn).

DOOR, Anton (1833-): b. Vienna; taught by Czerny and Sechter; planist in Baden-Baden, Wiesbaden, the Stockholm court, Austria-Hungary, Leipzig, Berlin and Amsterdam; taught at the Moscow Conservatory and was professor at the Viennese Gesellschaft der Musikfreunde.

der Musikfreunde.

DOPPLER (1) [Albert] Franz (1821-1833): b. Lemberg, d. Baden, near Vienna; flutist in Pesth and Vienna; assistant ballet director at Vienna court opera and composer of 5 operas. (2) Karl (1825-1900): b. Lemberg, d. Stuttgart; virtuoso on flute in Paris, Prussals and London; conductor at the Stuttgart; virtuoso on flute in Paris, Brussels and London; conductor at the Stuttgart court and director of music at Pesth; wrote pieces for flute, Hungarian operas and music for popular Hungarian plays. (3) Adolf (1850-1906): b. Graz, d. there; student, teacher, critic and composer in his native town, wrote choruses and piano sonatas. (4) Arpad (1857-): son of Karl (2), b. Pesth; student, teacher and Royal professor at the Stuttgart Conservatory, choir director of the court opera, composer of an opera, works for orchestra, choruses and songs.

DORATI. Nicola (16th century):

DORATI, Nicola (16th century): composer, probably of the Venetian school; published 6 books of madrigals.

school; published & books of madrigals. DORET, Gustave (1866-): b. Aigle; studied with Joachim, Marsick and Massenet; directed the concerts of the National Exposition at Geneva; directed the Concerts Harcourt and the historical concerts established by him and Bordes; succeeded Gabriel Marie as chef d'orchestre of the Société Nationale de musique. He composed 4 operas, an oratorio, orchestral pieces, cantatas, male and mixed choruses and songs.

male and mixed choruses and songs.

DÖRFFEL, Alfred (1821-1905): b.
Waldenburg, Saxony, d. Leipzig; studied with Fink, Müller and Mendelssohn; custodian of the music department of the Leipzig City Library; editor for Breitkopf & Härtel and Peters, whose editions of the classics owe their accuracy largely to his ability. He also produced a thematic catalogue, Führer durch die musikalische Welt, and wrote a history of the Gewandhaus concerts, etc. He was a music critic and honorary doctor of philosophy at Leipzig University.

1858 he taught at the Dresden Conserva-His works include many educational works for piano, simple sonatas,

tional works for piano, simple sonatas, technical exercises, études, etc.

DORN (1) Heinrich Ludwig Egmont (1804-1892): b. Konigsberg, d. Berlin; studied with Berger, Zelter and Klein; taught at Frankfort, Königsberg and Leipzig; conductor in Leipzig, Hamburg, Riga, Cologne, where he founded a music school; court opera conductor in Berlin, also active as teacher and critic; titular professor, member of the Academy of Arts. He was teacher and critic in Berlin and wrote 8 operas, an operetta, a ballet, piano and orchestral pieces. He wrote also 4 books of musical criticism and an autobiography. sical criticism and an autobiography.
(2) Alexander Julius Paul (1833-(2) Alexander Julius Paul (1833-1901): b. Riga, d. Berlin; music teacher in Poland, at Cairo, Alexandria, and the Berlin Royal High School; director of music societies in Cairo, Alexandria, and Crefeld. He composed more than and Creicid. He composed more than 100 works, including operettas, masses, works for orchestra, piano and voice. (3) Otto (1848-): b. Cologne; son of Heinrich; studied in Berlin, France, and Italy; taught at the Stern Cons., Berlin; music critic and royal music director in Wieshaden; royal professor.

Berlin; music critic and royal music director in Wiesbaden; royal professor; composer of overtures, a 'Prometheus' symphony and 3 operas, also piano pieces, 2 and 4 hands, and songs.

DÖRNER, Arnim W. (1851-): b. Marietta, Ohio; pianist. He was a pupil of Kullak, Bendel and Weitzmann in Berlin. After further instruction at Stuttgart and Paris, he returned to the United States to become professor of piano at the Cincinnatt College of Music. He pub. technical exercises, etc.

cises, etc.

DORNHECKTER, Robert (1839-1890): b. Franzburg, Pomerania, d. Stralsund; organist, teacher and founder of singing societies, composer for organ, pianoforte pieces and choruses.

DORUS-GRAS, Julie - Aimée - Jo-

sche. See Steenkiste.
DOSS, Adolf von (1825-1886): b. Poss, Ador von (10.20-1000); D. Pfarrkirchen, Lower Bavaria; d. Rome; dramatic composer. He studied in Munich, entered the Jesuit order in 1843 and worked in Germany, Belgium and Rome. He wrote 6 operas, 2 operatias, a mass, 11 oratorios, cantatas, 3 symphonies and 3 large collections.

DÖRING (1) Gottfried (1801-1869): b. Friedrich (1783-1860): b. Hildburg-b. Pomerendorf, d. Elbing; cantor. He studied under Zelter at the Royal Institute of Church-Music, from 1828 was cantor at the Church of Mary in Elbing, and has published collections of chorales and musical essays. (2) Karl Heinrich (1834-): b. Dresden; music teacher and composer. He studied at the Leipzig Conservatory, and later under Hauptmann and Lobe. From 1858 he taught at the Dresden Conserva-Drechsler and C. Schuberth and his son (3). He wrote an opera, masses, overtures, a symphony, 9 quartets, 12 concertos, sonatas, variations, etc., and pub. a 'Cello Method. (2) [Justus Bernard] Friedrich (1808-1874): b. Leipzig, d. Hamburg; son and pupil of the elder Friedrich; planist and noted teacher. (3) Karl Ludwig ('Louis') (1811-1897): b. Dresden, d. Cassel; son and pupil of Justus (1); 'cellist at Cassel.

DOUAY, Georges (1840-Paris; dramatic composer. He studied under Duprato and is known as the

composer of many one-act operettas.

DOURLEN, Victor-Charles-Paul (1780-1864): b. at Dunkirk, d. Batignolles, near Paris; dramatic composer. He studied at the Paris Conservatoire, in 1856 won the Prix de Rome and from 1816 to 1842 was professor at the Conservatoire. His compositions in His compositions in-Conservatoire. conscivatorie. Ills compositions include small operas and some chamber music. He also published a Tableau synoptique des accords, a Traité d'armonie (1834) and Traité d'accompagnement (1840).

monie (1834) and Traite accompagnement (1840).

DOW, Daniel (1732-1783): b. Perthshire, d. Edinburgh; musician. While teaching at Edinburgh he produced several collections of Scottish melodies.

DOWLAND (1) John (1562-1626): b. Westminster, London, d. London; travelled and studied in France, Germany and Italy; court chamber lutenist in Denmark, and in England; published collections of songs with accompaniments of lute and viols, including 'The First Booke of Songs or Ayres, etc.' (1600, 1603, 1603, 1613; Musical Antiquarian Society, 1844); 'Lachrymae, or Seven Teares Figured in Seven Passionate Pavans, etc.' (1605); 'A Pilgrim's Solace' (1612). Ref.: I. 306; IV. 4; VII. 394. (2) Robert, son of John (17th cent.): lutenist to English court, produced pedagogical books for the lute.

DRAESEKE, Felix August Bernhard (1835-1913): b. Coburg, d. Dresden; pupil of Rietz in Leipzig Cons., and disciple of Liszt at Weimar. After at time at Dresden he went to Lausanne as teacher in the Cons. (1864-74), also spending one year teaching in the Royal Music School, Munich, under Bülow. In 1875 he went to Geneva and finally succeeded Wüllner in 1884 DOSS, Adolf von (1825-1886); b. and finally succeeded Wüllner in 1884 farrkirchen, Lower Bavaria; d. Rome; as professor of composition in the ramatic composer. He studied in the studied in the factor of the Jesuit order in 1843 and worked in Germany, Belgium and Rome. He wrote 6 operas, 2 operatas, a mass, 11 oratorios, cantatas, rettas, a mass, 11 oratorios, cantatas, symphonies and 3 large collections.

DOSTOIEVSKY. Ref.: III. 40, 108; 3 symphonies (op. 22, in G; op. 25, in F; op. 40, Tragica in C); Akad-DOTZAUER (1) [Justus Johann] Draghi Dreyschock

udes to Calderon's Life a Dream,' and Kleist's 'Panthesilea' (both MS.); Serentata in D, for small orch., op. 49; piano concerto, op. 36; violin-concerto; Konzertstuck for 'cello and orch.; Adventiled (soli, chorus and orch.) op. 30; Requiem in B min., op. 22; Easter scene from Faust (bar. solo, mixed chorus and orch.), op. 39; quintet (violin, viola, 'cello, and horn), op. 48; dand conductor in Dessau; and teacher there.

DREGERT, Affred (1836-1893): b. Frankfort-on-Oder, d. Elberfeld; studied in Dresden, 'cellist and conductor in Dessau; and teacher there.

DREGERT, Affred (1836-1893): b. Frankfort-on-Oder, d. Elberfeld; studied in Berlin, director of opera and male choral societies in Stralsund, Cologne and Elberfeld; royal musical dimage and Cantada; studied in Merian (1876); Die Beseitigung des Tritonus (1876); and a versified Harmonoielehre (1884). Ref.: III. 235, 241; VI. 355; VIII. 251; portrait, III. 202.

DRAGHI (1) Antonio (1635-1700): b. Rimini, d. Vienna; dramatic composer. He conducted the Hofkapelle in Vienna, wrote no less than 172 operas, 43 oratorios and cantatas, 2 masses, a Stabat Mater, hymns, some in collaboration with the emperor, etc. Ref.: Well-Tempered Clayichord. arranged

As oratorios and cantatas, 2 masses, a Stabat Mater, hymns, some in collaboration with the emperor, etc. Ref.: IX. 45. (2) Glovanni Battista (late 17th-early 18th cent.): perhaps brother of (1); pianist, court teacher in London and collaborator with Lock, on 'Shadwell,' 'Psyche,' d'Urfey's Wonders in the Sun,' etc. He composed educational pieces for plano.

DRAGONETTI. Domenico. (1763-

educational pieces for piano.

DRAGONETTI, Domenico (17631846): b. Venice, d. London; virtuoso
on the double-bass. He was selftaught, excepting a few lessons from
Berini, player at St. Mark's, whom he
succeeded in 1782 (after having played
in opera orchestras 5 years, and having composed concertos etc., for douin opera orchestras 5 years, and having composed concertos, etc., for double-bass which could be played by no one but himself). He appeared at London in 1794: and was immediately engaged for the King's Theatre. He also played at the Antient Concerts and the Philharmonic, together with his friend Lindley (q.v.). At the unveiling of the Beethoven monument in Bonn in 1845 D. still led the double-bass players (in the Fifth Symphony). He left a remarkable collection of scores, engravings, and old instruments to the British Museum, and his favorite 'cello (a Gasparo da Salo) to St. Mark's, Venice.

DRAGONI, Giovanni Andrea (ca.

DRAGONI, Glovanni Andrea (ca. 1540-1598): b. Mendola, d. Rome; studied with Palestrina, maestro di cappella

ied with Palestrina, maestro di cappella of the Lateran, composed madrigals, villanelles, motets, etc.

DRASEKE, F. A. B. See DRAESEKE.

DRATH, Theodor (1828-): b.
Winzig, Silesia; pupil of Marx, studied as cantor at Bunzlau Seminary, royal Musikdirektor, composer and theorist.

DRAUD, Georg (1573-ca. 1636): b.
Davernheim, Hesse. d. Butzbach; author of 3 large bibliographies, musically as well as otherwise important (all titles in Latin, 1611, 1625).

planist in New York and Boston, composed chamber music, plano works and songs; he revised an edition of Bach's Well-Tempered Clavichord, arranged Beethoven's symphonies for 4 hands, and did much for the appreciation of German music (especially Franz's songs) in America songs) in America.

songs) in America.

DRESSLER (1) Gallus (16th cent.):
b. Nebra; cantor and composer of
church music (motets, magnificats,
psalms, Cantiones sacrae, etc.); also
author of pedagogical works for the
Magdeburg schools. (2) Ernst Christoph (1734-1779): b. Greussen, Thuringia, d. Cassel; chamber musician at
Bayreuth and Gotha; opera singer in
Vienna and Cassel, composer of songs,
etc. (3) Louis Raphael (1861b. New York; son of WILLIAM D., a
conductor; organist, pianist and composer of church music, etc.; editor of
Chas. H. Ditson & Co., New York.

DRESZER, Anastasius Vitalis

DRESZER, Anastasius Vitalis (1845-1907): b. Kalisch, Poland, d. Halle; studied in Dresden Conservatory, in Leipzig and Berlin; founder and director of a music school cultivating choral song in Halle; composer of 2 symphonies, an opera, a string quartet and niamoforte sonatas. and pianoforte sonatas.

and planoforte sonatas.

DREVES, Guido Marla (1854-);
b. Hamburg; lived in Vienna and Holland; hymnologist and historian of the Middle Ages; wrote six books of musical history, including Analecta hymnica medii ævi (1886-1904, 45 volumes); also O Christ hie merk! Ein Gesangbüchlein geistlicher Lieder (1885), Archaismen im Kirchenliede (1889), etc.

DREYER, Alexis de (1857-); b.

DREYER, Alexis de (1857-): b. Russia; composer of berceuse and bur-lesque, prélude and étude for the piano,

DREYSCHOCK (1) Alexander (1818-1869): b. Zak, d. Venice; studied at Prague with Tomaschek, toured (all titles in Latin, 1611, 1625).

DRECHSLER (1) Joseph (1782-1852): b. Wallisch-Birken, Bohemia, d. wusic school there; wrote brilliant but Vienna; theatre leader at Baden and ephemeral works for the pianoforte. (2) Raimund (1824-1869): b. Zak, d., Leipzig, brother of Alexander; violinist, teacher of the violin at Leipzig Conservatory, assistant concert conductor at the Gewandhaus. (3) Elizabeth (née Nose) (1832-1911): b. Cologne, d. there; concert contratto, wife of Raimund (2), retired upon the death of her husband. (4) Felix (1860-1906): b. Leipzig, d. Berlin; studied at the Berlin Royal High School and with Ehrlich; successful concert pianist, teacher of pianoforte at the Stern Conservatory, and composer of a violin servatory, and composer of a violin sonata and piano pieces.

sonata and piano pieces.

DRIEBERG, Friedrich Johann von (1870-1856): b. Charlottenburg, d. there; composer of several operas, never produced, and author of 8 hooks on Greek music, which, however, are amateurish, his theories being over-thrown by the writings of Bellermann and Fortlage (1847). One of his operas is supposed to be composed according to Greek principles.

DRIGO. Refr.: X. 186.

DROBISCH (1) Moritz Wilhelm (1802-1896): b. Leipzig, d. there; professor of mathematics, then philosophy, at Leipzig Univ.; wrote 5 treatises on the mathematical determination of relative pitch. Originally Drobisch sup-

the mathematical determination of relative pitch. Originally Drobisch supported the theory of 12 semitones, but his last book changed in viewpoint and advocated the principle of 'pure temperament.' (2) Karl Ludwig (1803-1854): b. Leipzig, d. Augsburg; studied with Dröbs and Weinlig; music teacher in Munich and evangelical church conductor at Augsburg. He wrote masses, Requiems 3 orstorios etc. (3) Theo-Requiems, 3 oratorios, etc. (3) Theodor (1838-1905): b. Augsburg, d. Osnabrück, son of (2); Musikdirektor in Minden (1853-5); published a humorous musical calendar.

DROBS, Johannes Andreas (1784-1825): b. near Erfurt, d. Leipzig; organist, teacher and composer (for organ and for piano) of sonatas, fugues, etc.

and for piano) of sonatas, fugues, etc.

DROUET, Louis François Philippe
(1792-1873): b. Amsterdam, d. Bern;
studied at the Conservatoire; flutist at
the courts of Holland, of Napoleon and
Louis XVIII; manufacturer of flutes in
London, court Kapellmeister at Coburg;
lived in New York, Frankfort-onMain, and Berne. He wrote concertos,
fantasies, etc., for his instrument.

DROZDOWSKI, Jan (1858-): b.
Cracow; pupil at the Conservatory of
Vienna, teacher at the Cracow Cons.;
wrote on piano technique, a general
music text-book, and a musical history
in Polish.

in Polish.

DRUFFEL, Peter (1848-); b. Wiedenbrück, Westphalia; writer on music, composer of ballads, songs, the old German Liederspiel, Der Erlöser; ecclesiastical music, and editor of mediæval vocal works (German songs, 15th-16th cent., Palestrina, etc.).

DRYDEN, John (1631-1700); the great poet who wrote the 'Ode to St. wrote Glossarium ad scriptores mediæ

play and light operas.

DRYVERS, L. Ref.: VI. 409.

DUBARRY. See Barry, Marie Du.

DUBEN (1) Andreas (1558-1625):

b. Lützen, d. Leipzig; organist of St.

Thomas's, Leipzig. (2) Andreas
(ca. 1590-1662): son of (1), d. Stock-holm, where he was conductor and organist at the court. (3) Gustaf (1624-1690): b. Stockholm, d. there; son of Andreas (2); the superior artist of the family; court musician, organist of German Church and royal conductor; published an important collection of

Andreas (2); the superior artist of the family; court musician, organist of German Church and royal conductor; published an important collection of spiritual and secular songs of the late 17th cent. (4) Gustaf (1659-1726): b. Stockholm, d. there, son of Gustaf (3); succeeded his father as conductor. (5) Andersen (1673-1738): conductor in Stockholm; brother of (4), was ennobled and made court marshal.

DUBOIS (1) [François-Clément-]
Théodore (1837-): b. Rosnay, Marne; studied at the Conservatoire (Marmontel, Benoist, Bazin, A. Thomas), 1853; took the Grand Prix de Rome, 1861; maitre de chapelle and organist in Paris, where he became professor and director of the Conservatoire and member of the Académie, also officer of the Legion of Honor. Dubois is both prolific and versatile; he has written oratorios, 'The Seven Words of Christ' and 'Paradise Lost' (prize of the City of Paris); a lyric scene 'The Rape of Proserpina'; comic operas, La Guzla de l'émîr (1873), Le pain bis (1892); ballet La Farandole (1883); also orchestral suites, symphonic overture, 'Frithjof' overture, symphonic poem, Notre Dame de la Mer (1897), a piano concerto, piano pieces and songs; also organ pieces and sacred works, 'Chlodwig's Baptism' (Latin Ode by Leo XIII), motets, masses, etc. Ref.: III. 336; VI. 206, 305f, 479, 485; VIII. 335; X. 151. (2) Léon (1859-): b. Brussels; studied at Brussels Cons. where he won the Grand Prix de Rome; assistant conductor Théâtre de la Monnaie, Brussels, conductor of the Vauxhall summer concerts; composed 4 operas, a ballet, a symphonic poem, etc., music for a mimodrame, Le mort, etc.

sels Cons., 1912.

eras, a ballet, a symphonic poem, etc., music for a mimodrame, *Le mort*, etc. He also wrote a manual of harmony. He succeeded Tinel as director of Brus-

et infimæ latinitatis (3 vols.), republished by the Benedictines of St. Maur (1733-36 and 1840-50), also by Favre (1883-88, 10 vols.), containing valuable DUJARDIN, Jean. See Orgo, G. descriptions of musical instruments of the middle ages.

DUCHEMIN, Nicolas (16th cent.): Paris music printer ca. 1549-71, who pub. a 17 vol. chanson collection (a sort of continuation of Attaignant's),

also masses and motets.

DUCHESNE. Ref.: (cited) I. 146.

DUCIS, Benoit (Benedictus Ducis): real name Herzog, Benedikt. HERZOG (1).

DUCROQUET. See DAUBLAINE. DUDEVANT, Madame. See See SAND,

DUFAU, Jennie: b. Rothau, Alsace; soprano; debut at Weimar, 1906; member of the Chicago Opera Company ber of the since 1911.

since 1911.

DUFAY, Guillaume (ca. 1400-1474):
b. Chimay, Hainault, d. Cambrai; one of the three great 15th cent. contrapuntists; papal singer (1428-1437); in 1433-35 was with Eugenius IV in Pisa and Florence, later probably in Paris and in the chapel of the anti-pope Felix V. (Amadeus VIII. of Savoy), finally became canon at Cambrai. F. X. Haberl's list (in the Viertelyahrsschrift fur Musikwissenschaft. 1885) of Du-Haberl's list (in the Vierteljahrsschrift fur Musikwissenschaft, 1885) of Dufay's compositions extant in Rome, Bologna and Trieste, include about 150 numbers (masses, motets, church music, chansons, etc.). There are still other examples in Paris, Cambrai, Munich and Brussels. To Dufay is attributed the introduction of open or white notes, and Adam de Fulda credits him with many other changes in notawhite notes, and Adam de Fulda credits him with many other changes in notation. D.'s music has real charm and great clarity. With him the preference for 4-part writing begins. Ref.: I. 235f, 240ff; V. 148; VI. 42 (footnote), 47f; mus. ex., XIII. 17, 19.

DUFRANNE, Heetor: b. Belgium; dramatic barifone; début Brussels, 1896; sang at Covent Garden, Opéra-Comique and Manhattan Opera House, New York; member of the Chicago Opera Company. 1910-13.

New York; member of the Chicago Opera Company, 1910-13.

DUGAZON, Louise-Rosalie (1753-1821): b. Berlin, d. Paris; singer in comic opera known as two distinct personalities, 'Jeunes' and 'Mères' Dugazon through her charm and adaptability in both types of rôles.

both types of rôles.

DUIFFOPRUGCAR (properly Tieffenbrücker), Caspar (1514-1572): b.
Freising, d. Bavaria. The date of his birth was established by Dr. Coutaigne of Lyons in his work Gaspard Duifforonocari et les luthiers lyonnais du XVII's siècle (Paris, 1893). He was reputed to be the first maker of violins; but according to Vidal (in Les instruments à archet) the violins said to be made by Vuillaume, who, in 1827, used D.'s model of a viola da gamba for his violins. D. probably learned his trade 1911

DUJARDIN, Jean. See Orro, G. DUKAS, Paul (1865-): b. Paris; studied with Dubois, Mathias, and Guiraud at the Conservatoire; won the Guiraud at the Conservatoire; won the prix de Rome with a cantata, Velleda (1888); professor at the Conservatoire since 1909; music critic of Revue Hebdomadaire and Gazeite des Beaux-Aris; composer of 3 overtures, a symphony in C, a symphonic poem L'Apprenti-Sorcier (1897), piano sonata, prelude and variations on a theme by Rameau, Prélude élégiaque; prod. an opera, Ariane et Barbe-Bleue (Paris, 1907; New York, 1911), a ballet, La Péri, etc.; revised several ballet-operas of Rameau for the complete edition. Ref.: meau for the complete edition. Ref.: III. viii, ix, x, xi, xiv, xviii, 321, 334, 357f; VI. 392; VIII. 440ff; IX. 443, 469.

DULCKEN (1) Luise (née David) (1811-1850): b. Hamburg, d. London; sister of Ferdinand David; concert planist and teacher in London. (2) Ferdinand (1837-1902): b. London, d. Astoria (U. S.); brother of Luise (1); studied with Moscheles, Mendelssohn, Gade Hauptmann Becker and Hiller. Gade, Hauptmann, Becker and Hiller; pianist throughout Europe, professor at Warsaw Conservatory, composer of one

opera, a mass, etc.

DULICHIUS, Philippus (1562-1631):
b. Chemnitz, d. Stettin; where he was cantor from 1587; studied in Leipzig Univ. and probably was a pupil of Gabrieli in Italy. He is known exclusively as a vocal composer, having published 8 books containing cantiones, hymns, 8-part choruses, etc., including Centuriae vitonum et septem vocum harmonias sacras laudibus sanctissimæ Triados consecratas continentes (4 parts), repub. by R. Schwartz (Denkmäler deutscher Tonkunst, I. vol. 31), etc.

31), etc.

DU LOCLE, Camille (1832-1903): b. Orange, Vancluse; d. Nice; secretary of the Paris Opéra, director of the Opéra-Comique; author of the French version of Verdi's Don Carlos, La Force du destin and (with Nuitter) of Alda; also librettist of Reyer's Sigurd, and Salammbo, and Duvernoy's Helle. Ref. II. 495; IX. 36.

DULON, Friedrich Ludwig (1769-1826): b. Oranienburg, near Potsdam; d. Würzburg; virtuoso on flute in concert tours, at the Russian court, in Stendal and Würzburg. He wrote 9 duos for flute and violin, a concerto, duets and capriccios for the flute.

DUMONT, Henry (1610-1684): b. Cons. della Pietà de' Turchini. His Villers l'Évêque, near Liége, d. Paris; first opera, Nerone (Rome, 1735), was organist there and music director of the a great popular success, completely Paris court chapel; canon of Maestricht eclipsing Pergolesi's Olimpiade. D.

Paris court chapel; canon of Maestricht cathedral; composed masses and motets, some with instr., chansons, etc.

DUN, Finlay (1795-1853): b. Aberdeen, d. there; viola player, singing teacher, editor and composer.

DUNCAN (1) William Edmonstoune (1866-): b. Sale, Cheshire; studied at the Royal Academy of Music and privately with Maefarren; teacher in a music school at Oldham; composer of an opera, 'Perseus' (1892); church music, choral works with orchestra, orchestral works (concert overture, etc.), chamber music, organ and composer of an opera, Fersets (1532); church music, choral works (concert overture, etc.), chamber music, organ and piano pieces. He pub. 'Melodies and How to Harmonize Them' (1906); 'The Story of Minstrelsy' (1907); 'Encyclopedia of Musical Terms' (1913). (2) Isadora (1880-): b. San Francisco; dancer who became internationally famous for her choreographic interpretations of classic and romantic instrumental music. She exerted great influence on the modern interpretive movement in dancing in Europe (Germany and Russia); married the artist, Gordon Craig, in Berlin and became the head of an endowed school operating in Europe and America. Her sister, Elizabeth, at first associated with her, maintains an independent school of dancing in Berlin, etc. Ref.: X. 22. 187, 197ft, 204, 206, 211, 212, 213, 214, 244, 247; (quoted), 196f; (compared with St. Denis), 210; (influence in Russia), 218f; (pupils), 248; portrait, X. 200; Elizabeth D., X. 202.

DUNHAM, Henry Morton (1853-): b. Brockton, Mass.; studied music at New England Cons., director of music at Lasell Sem., Auburndale; composed organ sonatas, a symphonic poem, church music, etc., and published an 'Organ School' (1893); composed organ sonatas and other organ pieces, a Symphonic poem, and

composed organ sonatas and other or-

composed organ sonatas and other organ pieces, a symphonic poem, and church music.

DUNHILLI, Thomas Frederick* (1877-): b. Hampstead; English composer and teacher; studied at Royal Coll. of Music and with Franklin Taylor and Stanford; nine years professor of piano at Eton College; examiner for the Associated Board; professor of harmony and counterpoint at Royal Coll. of Music (1905-); founded the Thomas Dunhill Concerts of British mony and counterpoint at Auyar Control of Music (1905-); founded the Thomas Dunhill Concerts of British Chamber Music; composer of works for flute and orchestra, 'cello and orchestra, songs, quintets, quartets, trios, etc. Ref.: III. 442; (cited) VII. 460, 589.

eclipsing Pergotesis Olumpiace. Di-became maestro di cappella at S. Nicolo di Bari, Naples, meantime visited Vi-enna, and went to Holland, Paris, and London (1744), composing all the while. Upon the encouragement of the Duke of Upon the encouragement of the Duke of Parma (at whose court he became tutor) he began composing French operettas, the first of which, Ninette a la cour (Paris, 1755), was so well received that the composer settled in Paris. Here he prod. a number of light and frivolous pieces suited to the prevailing taste. By virtue of these he is considered one of the founders of French opera bouffon. He wrote about 13 Italian and 20 French operas.

DUNKELFEIND. See NICHELMANN.
DUNKIL, Johann Nepomuk (1832-): b. Budapest; studied with Liszt and Rubinstein; pianist and partner in the music publishing firm of Rózsavölgyi & Cie.

DUNKLER, François (1816-1878): b. Namur, d. Hague; military band-master, skillful in writing arrange-ments for the military band.

ments for the military band.

DUNKLEY, Ferdinand [Luis]
(1869-): b. London; composer.

After a thorough training in counterpoint and composition under Higgs,
Turpin, Parry, Barnet and others, he came to the United States, where he took the directorship of St. Agnes'
School at Albany, N. Y. In 1889 he took a 50-guinea prize for an orchestral suite

DUNLAP, William (18th cent.): librettist of first American opera. Ref.: IV. 112.

Invertist of first American Opera. Ref.: IV. 112.

DUNNY James Philip, contemp. American composer. Ref.: IV. 440.

DUNOYER. See GAUQUIER.

DUNSTABLE [Dunstaple], John (ca. 1370-1453): b. Dunstable, Bedfordshire; d. Walbrook; an eminent composer of the 15th cent., perhaps teacher of his younger contemporaries Binchois and Dufay, being noted by Tinctor as one of the 'fathers' of counterpoint. Of his works are extant a 3-part song, O Rosa bella (Vatican Library, another copy at Dijon); an enigmatical canon which is still unsolved (British Museum), also 4 MS. pieces; a Patrem; a Regina celi letter, and 2 motets, Sub tua protectione and Quam pulchra est (Liceo filarmonica, Bologna); 2 Et in terra (a 3), and an Ave Maris Stella (a 2) (Univ. Library, Bologna); also some MSS. at Vienna. Recent researches have uncovered the fact that D. adapted the style of the Recent researches have uncovered the fact that D. adapted the style of the Florentine Trecentists—the solo song DUNI, Egidio Romualdo (1709- with artistic instr. accompaniment—to 1777): b. Matera (Naples), d. Paris.; sacred song and thus created the form studied first with Durante in the Cons. of motet, hymn, etc., based on free della Madonna di Loreto, then in the paraphrases of the chant melodies,

odies as shown in the 6 sacred and several secular pieces in the 7 Trent Codices discovered by Haber! (Denkmaler d.T. in österreich VII. [1900]) and the Gloria, etc., in the Cod. Bologna 37 (Woolridge's Early English Harmony'), indicate a creative genius of true greatness. Ref.: I. 236, 249ff; III. 409; mus. ex., XIII. 14.

[ST.] DUNSTAN. Ref.: VI. 401.

DUNSTEDE. See Tundsted.

DUPARC, (Marie-Eugène-] Henri [Fouques] (1848-): b. Paris; composer, whose ill health forced him into retirement in 1885, much to the regret of his master, César Franck, who

into retirement in 1885, much to the regret of his master, César Franck, who valued his songs very highly. His symphonic poem 'Lenore' (1875) was prod. by Pasdeloup in 1877, arranged for 2 pianos by Saint-Saëns and for 4 hands (1 piano) by César Franck. Besides this are preserved 6 piano pieces Fenilles volantes, the duet La futte (sop. and ten.), the orch. nocturne Aux étolles and a number of very individual songs. Other works turne Aux étoiles and a numoer or very individual songs. Other works (including a 'cello sonata, a suite and Poème nocturne for orch.) were destroyed by the composer, who exercised a very strict self-criticism. Ref.: III. x, xviii, 287, 311; V. 355.

DUPONT (1) Joseph (the Elder) (1821-1861): b. Liège, d. there; violinist; studied at Liège Conservatory; wrote 2 operas, music for the violin, ensembles and songs, mostly MS. He

wrote 2 operas, music for the violin, ensembles and songs, mostly MS. He was professor of the violin at the Conservatory at the time of his death. (2) Anguste (1827-1890): b. Ensival, near Liège; d. Brussels; pianist. He travelled in England and Germany and in 1850 became professor of piano at Brussels Conservatory; composed études, concertos, fantasies for the piano; also some ensembles. (3) plano; also some ensembles. (3)

Joseph (the Younger) (1838-1899): b.
Ensival, d. Brussels; teacher and conductor.

After studying at the Liège ductor. After studying at the Liège Conservatory, he took the prix de Rome at Brussels, where in 1872 he became professor of harmony. Previously he had held conductor's posts at Warsaw and at Moscow. He succeeded Vieux-temps as director of popular concerts at Brussels. (4) Gabriel (1878.): b. Caen; studied at the Paris Conservatoire, won the prix de Rome, 1901; his opera, La Cabrera, received the Milan prize in 1904; prod. La Glu (Cannes, 1910), La Farce du Cavier (Brussels, 1912).

prize in 1904; prod. La Glu (Cannes, 1910), La Farce du Cuvier (Brussels, 1912).

DUPORT (1) [Jean] Pierre (1741-1818): b. Paris, d. Berlin; 'cello virtuoso, member of the Hofkapelle, Berlin, later director of court concerts; end, choral works with orch., songs, etc.; Beethoven wrote his 'cello sonatas vith obligato piano part ever written) for D., bigato piano part ever written) for D., or his brother (2). (2) [Jean] Louis (1749-1819): b. Paris, d. there; brother in Rheinberg and Stockholm; opera

masses being treated in the same way. of (1); 'cello virtuoso, founder of the The breadth and simplicity of his mel-odies as shown in the 6 sacred and lin at the outbreak of the Revolution, but returned 1806, and later became imperial solo 'cellist and teacher at the Cons. His Stradivari 'cello was sold to Franchomme for 25,000 francs. soid to Franchomme for 25,000 francs. He wrote sonatas, variations, duos, fantasies, etc., and the epoch-making Essai sur le doigter du violoncelle et la conduite de l'archet (1770; repub. 1902). Ref.: VII. 591. (3) French ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 91, 101f.

DUPOUX, Marie Jules (1844-): A vignon, where he was choirmaster:

b. Avignon, where he was choirmaster; student of the liturgical song of Orien-tal nations, writer of controversial pamphlets and articles on Gregorian

song.

DUPRATO, Jules-Laurent (1827-1892): b. Nimes, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire, composed cantatas, operettas, etc.; wrote recitatives and became professor of harmony at the Conservatoire.

DUPREZ (1) Louis-Gilbert (1806-1896): b. Paris, d. Passy; tenor, singing teacher, author and composer. He made his début in grand opera in 1836, became professor of singing at the Conservatoire six years later and founded his own school for singing. His com-positions are of slight value. He marpositions are of slight value. He mar-ried Mile. Duperron, also a singer. (2) Caroline (1832-1875): b. Florence, d. Pau; daughter of above, sang from 1850-1858 at the Paris Opéra, the Opéra-Comique and Théâtre Lyrique; married the pianist Amédée van der Heuvel, 1836, and retired 1858. DUPUIS (1) Thomas Sanders (1730-1796): b. London, d. there; organist and composer. In 1789 he became or-ganist at the Chapel Boyal and the fol-

and composer. In 1789 he became organist at the Chapel Royal and the following year was made Mus. D. by Oxford. Besides organ concertos, piano sonatas and glees, he composed much church music published after his death. Ref.: VI. 472. (2) Jacques (1830-1870): b. Liège, d. there; violinist and composer. He studied under Prumes and Daussoigne-Méhul, taught violin at the Conservatory. Few of his compothe Conservatory. Few of his compositions have been published and they consist in the main of violin concertos and sonatas. (3) Sylvain (1856-): b. Liège; music teacher and conductor, b. Liège; music teacher and composer. He took the prix de Rome in 1881, taught at the Liège Conservatory, and is the author of 2 or chestral suites, 2 operas, 3 cantatas, symphonic poem, etc. (4) Albert

singer in Stockholm and Copenhagen; composer for flute, violin and choruses.

composer for flute, violin and choruses, DURAND (1) (Duranowski), Auguste Frédéric (1770-1809): b. Warsaw; son of a court-musican; violinist and conductor. Ref.: VII. 412. (2) fmile (1830-1903): b. St. Brieuc, Côtesdu-Nord, d. Neuilly; teacher, composer and writer. He studied and taught at the Conservatoire, where he became professor of harmony. His taught at the Conservatoire, where he became professor of harmony. His compositions are songs and operettas, and he published a text-book of harmony and accompaniment. (3) Marie-Auguste (1830-1909): b. Paris, d. there; organist and music publisher. He studied the organ with Benoist, was He studied the organ with Benoist, was organist of prominent Paris churches 1849-74 and in 1870 acquired with Schönewerk the publishing firm of Flaxland, conducting it first as Durand & Schönewerk, then Durand & fils. The house has pub. many works of modern French composers (Massenet, Saint-Saëns, Lalo, Widor, Debussy, etc.). D. himself wrote masses, songs, dance-movements in old style, and especially pieces for harmonium.

etc.). D. himself wrote masses, songs, dance-movements in old style, and especially pieces for harmonium.

DURANTE (1) Francesco (1684-1755): b. Fratta Maggiore, Naples; d. Naples; studied with Greco and Scarlath. In 1718 he became director of the Neapolitan Cons. San Onofrio, later maestro at the Cons. S. Maria di Loreto. A founder of the Neapolitan school, Durante wrote wholly sacred music (13 masses, 16 psalms, 16 motets, 12 madrigals, 6 plano-sonatas, Jeremiads, a 'pastoral mass,' etc.) It is his style and ideal that survives through the 18th and early 19th century, for among his pupils were Jommelli, Piccini, Sacchini, Pergolesi, Paisiello and Duni. Ref.: I. 400f; II. 8, 11, 14; VII. 59, 97; VI. 137; IX. 21. (2) Ottavio (17th cent.): Roman composer in the aria style of Caccini; published (Rome, 1608) Arie devote le quali contengono in se la maniera di cantar con grazia l'imitazione della parole e il modo di scriver passagi ed altri affeti.

D'URFEY, Thomas (ca. 1649-1723): b. Exeter, d. London; author of dramas set by Purcell; singer and writer of songs, many of which were published in his 'Wit and Mirth.'

DUROFF, Sachar Sacharovitch (171-1886): b. Moscow, d. St. Peters-

harmonique (1855), and Résumé élé-mentaire de la technie harmonique, etc. (1876). D. also wrote operas, church

music and chamber music.

DUSSART. See SARTO, JOHANNES DE. DUSSEK (1) Franz (1736-1799): b. Chotebof, Bohemia; d. Prague; pianist, teacher and composer of chamber must. teacher and composer of chamber music, piano sonatas, symphonies, etc. (2) Johann Ladislav (1761-1812): b. Caslav, Bohemia; d. St. Germain-en-Laye; boy soprano, studied at Jesuit College and Prague Univ. and (1783) at Hamburg with C. P. E. Bach; organist, pianist and performer on the harmonica invented by Hessel; lived in Berlin, Lithuania, Paris, London, Hamburg, Prague, etc. Dussek's nationalism is the quality which makes his compositions and reputation enduring. He wrote 2 English operas (with indifferent success), a solemn mass, and oratorios, trios, quartets, quintets, etc., 12 concertos and a symphonic concertante. His piano compositions include sonatas, fugues, and other pieces. His piano His piano compositions include sonatas, fugues, and other pieces. His pianoforte method appeared in English, French and German. Ref.: II. 90; III. 165, 166; VII. 98, 176. (3) Olivia (1797-1847): daughter of Franz, wife of Buckley; organist in London, where she composed children's songs and wrote 'Musical Truths' (1843).

DUSTMANN, Marie Luise (née Meyer) (1831-1899): b. Aachen, d. Charlottenburg; operatic soprano in Breslau, Cassel, Dresden, Prague, the Vienna court, London and Stockholm. She became a Kammersängerin in 1860, and taught singing at the Vienna Conservatory.

servatory.

DUTROCHET (18th-19th cent.): theorist on vocal technique. Ref.: (cited)

Sacchini, Pergolesi, Paisiello and Duni, Ref.: I. 400f; II. 8, 11, 14; VII. 59, 97; VI. 137; IX. 21. (2) Ottavio (17th cent.): Roman composer in the aria style of Caccini; published (Rome, 1608) Arie devote le quali contengono in se la maniera di cantar con grazia l'imitazione della parole e il modo di scriver passagi ed altri affeti.

D'URFEY, Thomas (ca. 1649-1723): b. Exeter, d. London; author of dramas set by Purcell; singer and writer of songs, many of which were published in his 'Wit and Mirth.'

DUROFF, Sachar Sacharovitch ([?]-1886): b. Moscow, d. St. Petersburg, d. there; son of Otto; studied at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg and taught Russian Church music at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg.

DURNER, Ruprecht Johannes dumisic History and taught Russian church music at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg, d. there; son of Otto; studied at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg, d. there; son of Otto; studied at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg, d. there; son of Otto; studied at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg, d. there; son of Otto; studied at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg, d. there; son of Otto; studied at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg, d. there; son of Otto; studied at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg, d. there; son of Otto; studied at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg, d. there; son of Otto; studied at the Conservatory of the Russian Symphony concerts. In 1894 he published a collection of folk-songs of northern Russia.

DUVAL, Edmond (1809-[?]): b. Enghien; he was expelled from the Conservatory of the Nusicale.

DURUTTE, François-Camille-Antoine [Content of Mischell of the Prederic (1765-1838): b. Montbeliard, d. Paris; hornist at Paris Opéra and professor of the horn at the Conservatoric of the Conservatory of the Nusicale.

BUVERNOY (or Duvernois) (1) Frédéric (1765-1838): b. Montbeliard, d. Paris; hornist at Paris Opéra and professor of the horn at the Conservatoric of the

horn, he published a Méthode de cor mizte. (2) Charles (1766-1845): brother of Frédéric; clarinettist in Paris theatres and professor at the Conservatoire. He composed 2 sonatas and duetvariations for the clarinet. (3) Henribuouis-Charles (1820-1906): son of Charles; b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire, where he became professor of solfeggio. He wrote Solfège des chanteurs (1855), Solfège artistique (1880), etc., and composed about 100 piano pieces. (4) Charles-François (1796-1872): b. Paris, d. there; opera singer at the Comique, vocal teacher at the Conservatoire and superintendent of the Pensionnat des élèves du chant. (5) Victor-Alphonse (1842-1907): b. Paris, d. there; studied with Bazin and Marmontel at the Conservatoire and superintendent of the Pensionnat des élèves du chant. (5) Victor-Alphonse (1842-1907): b. Paris, d. there; studied with Bazin and Marmontel at the Conservatoire and superintendent of the Pensionnat des élèves du chant. (5) Victor-Alphonse (1842-1907): b. Paris, d. there; studied with Bazin and Marmontel at the Conservatoire and superintendent of the Pensionnat des élèves du chant. (5) Victor-Alphonse (1842-1907): b. Paris, d. there; studied with Bazin and Marmontel at the Conservatoire and Rapasody (orch.); S. Slavic Dances and Rhapsody (orch.); Scherzo capriccioso (orch.); string sexonard, Trombetta, Stiehle and Jacquard)

servatoire; joint-founder (with Léonard, Trombetta, Stiehle and Jacquard) of concerts for chamber music; teacher of pianoforte at the Conservatoire. He has produced a 3-act and a 4-act opera, a symphonic poem, orchestral pieces, etc. He became a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor and music critic on the République française. (6) Jean-Baptiste (early 19th cent.): prolific composer of graceful piano-compositions (variations, easy pieces), pub. from 1825 on, and a series of valuable piano études, still widely used.

DUYSEN, Jes Lewe (1820-1903): b. Dagebull, d. Berlin; founder of a pianoforte manufacturing firm in Berlin.

DUYZE. See Van Duyze.

DVORAK, Antonin (1841-1904): b. Mühlhausen (Nelahozeves), Bohemia; d. Prague. Destined for the butcher's trade, he learned to play the violin from the village schoolmaster in his youth and left home at the age of 16 to enter the Prague Organ School, studying under Pitzsch, and earning his livelihood as violinist in a small orchestra. In 1862 he joined the National Theatre orchestra as a viola player. In 1873 he prod. a hymn for male chorus and orch. which brought him a government stipend (1875), enabling him to devote himself to commale chorus and orch, which brought him a government stipend (1875), en-abling him to devote himself to com-position. Liszt assisted him by secur-ing the performance of his works, which were from the outset distin-guished by a vigorous and consistent nationalism. D. went to England, where his choral works achieved nounlerity hationalism. D. went to England, where his choral works achieved popularity, and to New York, where he was the artistic director of the National Cons. in 1892-95. Among his works are the Bohemian operas 'The King and the Charcoal Burner' (Prague, 1874), Wanda (1876), Selma Sedlak (1878), Turde Palice (1881), Dimitrije (1882), and

Scherzo capriccioso (orch.); string sex-Scherzo capriccioso (orcii.); sums sca-tet; 2 string quintets; piano quintet in A, op. 18; 6 string quartets; 2 piano quartets; a string trio; 2 piano trios; mazurek for violin and orch.; serenade for wind with 'cello and double-bass; noturno for string orch.; violin sonata, 57; viono piaces (Dances, Legends noturno for string orch.; violin sonata, op. 57; piano pieces (Dances, Legends for 4 hands, Silhouettes, etc.); also songs, duets, part-songs, etc. Ref.: For life and work see III. 175ff, 181; songs, V. 312; choral works, VI. 202f, 293, 342f; violin music, VII. 466; chamber music, VII. 558f, 583, 585f; orchestral works, VIII. 378f; mus. ex., XIV. 145; portrait, III. 178.

DWELHAUVERS, DWELHAUVERS, Victor Felix (1869-1915): b. Liège, where he studied at the Cons., also studied natural sciences in Leipzig and became docent for physics at Liège University; also music critic of the Express, and musical history teacher in Thiébaut's High School for Music at Ixelles (Brussels). He wrote L'intensité relative des harmoniques (1887), Messung der Tonstärke (dissertation, 1890), La symphonie prehaydnienne (on Noël Hamal, 1908), also on Richard Wagner (1889) and single studies of that master's works. Victor works.

DWIGHT, John Sullivan (1813-1893): b. Boston, d. there; graduate of Harvard and Cambridge Seminary; founded and edited 'Dwight's Journal of Music,' the first musical periodical issued in America. Ref.: (quoted) IV. 100, 238.

DYNES, John Bacchus (1823-1876): b. Kingston-on-Hull, d. St. Leonards-on-Sea; priest, vicar, Mus. D. at Dur-ham, composer of excellent English church music.

([?]-1788): English

Eager Eberwein

EAGER, John (1782-1853): b. Norwich, d. Edinburgh; violinist, teacher and organist at Yarmouth; partisan of Logier; composer of pianoforte sonata and songs.

and songs.

EAMES, Emma (1867-): b.
Shanghai, China, of American parents; operatic soprano, trained in Boston and at Paris; sang at Opéra, Covent Garden, Metropolitan Opera House, and Madrid. She created the rôles of Juliette, Colombe, Zaire in the operas of Gounod, St. Saëns, and de la Nux respectively. Her parts in Wagner's operas are Eva, Elsa, Elisabeth and Sigfinde. She married (2nd) Emilio de Gogorza, the baritone. Ref.: IV. 143, 147; portrait, IV. 141.

EASTCOTT, Richard (1749-1828): b. Exeter, d. Livery Dale, Devonshire; composer and writer; published a musical history and a story of the bards. EBDEN, Thomas (1738-1811): b. Durham, d. there; organist of the Cathedral from 1763-1811, composer of 2 harpsichord sonatas, 6 glees, a march and 2 volumes of cathedral music.

EBELING (1) Johann Georg (1637-1676): b. Luneburg, d. Stettin; composer of church music and chorales. In 1662 he was director of the cathedral and college of St. Nicholas in Berlin and in 1668 received the professorship at the Caroline Gymnasium at Stettin. Chief among his works is the collection of 120 religious songs in the Pauli Gerhardi Geistliche Andachten; also pub. Archwologiet Orphices sive collection of 120 religious songs in the Pauli Gerhardi Geistliche Andachten; also pub. Archæologiæ Orphicæ sive Antiquitates. Some cantatas are still in manuscript. (2) Christopher Daniel (1741-1817): b. Garmissen, Hildesheim, d. Hamburg; author, critic. He studied theology and belles-lettres at Göttingen, and in 1784 became professor at the Hamburg Gymnasium and city librarian there. He translated Chaselaux's 'Concerning the Union of Music and Poetry and with Klopstock translated Handel's 'Messiah.' He contributed from 1766 to 1770 to the publication Hamburger Unterhaltungen, and the Hannoverian magazine on 'Opera' and 'Search of a Selected Musical Library.' EBELL, Heinrich Karl (1775-1824): b. Neuruppin, d. Oppeln; composer and conductor. From 1801-1804 he abandoned his position as judge for that of Kapellmeister at the Breslau theatre. His compositions comprise 10 operas and operettas, an oratorio, arias, songs and instrumental works.

EBERHARD, Johann August (1739-1809): b. Halberstadt. d. Halle: profes-

also of treatises and contributions to the Musikalisches Wochenblatt, Berlin. EBERHARDT (1) Goby: author of EBERHARDT (1) Goby: author of two books on method for the violin (1907). (2) Anton: composer of 2 operas, produced 1895 and 1905 (Aachen). EBERHARDUS FRISENGENSIS OF Eberhard von Freisingen (11th cent.): Benedictine monk; theorist, wrote De mensura fistularum and Regulæ ad fundentas notas.

EBERI, Anton (1766-1807): b. Yienna, d. there; pianist and composer. He made many concert tours, was acquainted with Mozart and in boyhood won praise from Gluck. Among his

won praise from Gluck. Among his compositions are symphonies, sonatas, pianoforte trios, chamber-ensembles,

pianoforte trios, chamber-ensembles, and five operas (one melodrame, 1794). Several of his Variations appeared first under Mozart's name and his Symphony in E-flat received from at least one critic higher praise than Beethoven's Enoica. Ref.: VIII. 208.

EBERLIN (1) Daniel (1630-1692): b. Nuremberg, d. Cassel; violinist and composer. After fighting in the land militia of Cassel, and with the papal troops at Morea against the Turks, he held successively the positions of librarian at Nuremberg. home secretary and held successively the positions of librarian at Nuremberg, home secretary and chapel master in Cassel. He was considered by Telemann, his father-in-law, strong as both violinist and contrapuntist. Of his compositions there remain only a trio-sonata and a choral and cantata in manuscript. (2) Johann Ernst (1702-1762): b. Jettingen, d. Salzburg; organist and composer. In 1729 he became chief organist in the cathedral at Salzburg. He wrote oratorios, fugues, motets and cantatas and his contrapuntal work was held in esteem by Mozart and passed through many editions. by Moza editions.

Hamburg Gymnasium and city librarian there. He translated Chaselaux's 'Concerning the Union of Music and Poetry and with Klopstock translated Handel's 'Messiah.' He contributed from 1766 to 1770 to the publication Hamburger Unterhaltungen, and the Hannoverian magazine on 'Opera' and 'Search of a Selected Musical Library's EBELL, Heinrich Karl (1775-1824): b. Neuruppin, d. Oppeln; composer and conductor. From 1801-1804 he abandoned his position as judge for that of Kapellmeister at the Breslau theatre. His compositions comprise 10 operas and operatas, an oratorio, arias, songs and operatas, an oratorio, arias, songs and instrumental works.

EBERHARD, Johann August (1739-1809): b. Halberstadt, d. Halle; professor of philosophy at the latter place, author of 3 works on musical theory,

in Berlin. Of his compositions his music to Holtels' Lenore is best known; through Russia supervising the musical he wrote also three operas, a cantata, a concerto for the flute, and a string a knowledge of the famous Mannheim quartet.

EBNER, Wolfgang (ca. 1610-1665): b. Augsburg, d. Vienna; organist at court and conductor and organist, St. Stephen's, Vienna. Although highly esteemed by his contemporaries, very little of Ebner's work is extant.

ECCARD, Johannes (1553-1611): b. Muhlhausen, Thuringia, d. Berlin; organist and composer. A pupil of Orlando di Lasso in Munich, he held

Mulhausen, Thuringia, d. Berlin; organist and composer. A pupil of Orlando di Lasso in Munich, he held his first position at Augsburg in Fugger's household and in 1608 attained the rank of Kapellmeister at Berlin. He was one of the most distinguished of Protestant church musicians and his chorales are still in use. Of his com-pilation of church music and chorales his Geistliche Lieder are the most immis ceisuicae Lieaer are the most important, and were repub. by Stobaus, 1642-44. One of his compositions set to English words 'When Marry to the Temple Went' appeared in the Bach Choral Magazine. Eccard also composed many songs for special occasions. Ref.: VI. 88f.

posed many songs for special occasions. Ref.: VI. 85f.

ECCARIUS-SIEBER, Arthur (1864-): b. Gotha; teacher in Zug, Zurich and Dusseldorf; founder of Swiss Academy of Music; critic, editor (1897-1901) of Kammermusik, published 12 pedagogical works for violin and plano, a violin music guide, etc.

ECCLES (1) Solomon (1618-1683): b. London, d. there; musician. In 1667 he wrote 'A musick lector' and contributions to 'The Division Violin.' Ref.: (cited) IV. 13f. (2) John (1668-1735): b. London, d. Kingston, Surrey; composer. Eldest son of Solomon, he began his career as theatrical composer in 1681 and continued for nearly twenty-five years. During this time he composed the music for many of Dryden's and Congreve's plays, winning in 1700 the second prize for musical composition to Congreve's Judgment of Paris.' In 1704 he became Master of the King's Band, and wrote for it masque and court music. (3) Henry ([?]-ca. 1742?): violinist in King's Band at London, later in Paris, where he published 'Twelve Solos for the Violin after Corelli.' (4) Thomas: violinist; 3rd son of Solomon. He was an excellent performer, but dissipated his abilities. was an excellent performer, but dissi-pated his abilities.

ECK (1) Johann Friedrich (1766-1809 or 1810): b. Mannheim, d. Bamberg; violinist. He was a pupil of Donner and rose to high eminence as concert leader at Munich. After his marriage in 1801, he spent the remainder of his life in Paris, where he published six violin concertos and a concertante for two violinis. Ref.: end, Haupt and Löschhorn in Berhe published six violin concerts and a concertante for two violinis. Ref.: eriand, Holland, Austria and Germany VIII. 418. (2) Franz (1774-1804): b. Mannheim, d. Strassburg; violinist. In 1802, forced to leave the Munich hand

school of violin playing. In Russia he was solo violinist at the St. Petersburg court, but again involved himself

burg court, but again involved himself in scandals, and was transported. He ended his life in an insane asylum. Ref.: VII. 418f, 440.

ECKARDT, Johann Gottfried (1735-1809): b. Augsburg, d. Paris; composer and pianist; he ranked second to Schobert among Paris clavecinists, but has left only 8 piano sonatas in print. Ref.: II. 67, 102.

ECKEL, Mathias (early 16th cent.): German composer of motets, part-songs, hymns and chansons.

hymns and chansons.

ECKELT, Johann Valentin (1673-1732): b. Werningshausen, d. Sondershausen; virtuoso on organ; organist at Werningerode and at Sondershausen;

at Wernigerode and at Sondershausen; author of three theoretical works, one still in manuscript at his death; composer of a Passion and organ-cantatas. ECKER (1) Karl (1813-1879): b. Freiburg, d. there; abandoned law for music, studied with Sechter and wrote male quartets and songs. (2) Wenzel. See Gericke, Wilhelm.

ECKERT, Karl Anton Florian (1820-1879): b. Potsdam, d. Berlin; pianist, composer and conductor. Eck-

pianist, composer and conductor. Eckert owed his entire musical education to pianist, composer and conductor. Eckert owed his entire musical education to patrons, who throughout his life showered favors upon him. The poet Forster had him taught by Greulich, Ries and Rungenhagen; later, in 1839, he studied with Mendelssohn. He was a 'wonder-child,' composing an opera, Das Fischermädchen, at the age of ten, an oratorio at thirteen, and another at twenty. Among his compositions are operas, a symphony, church music and many less ambitious works; few of them have survived. As a conductor he was unsurpassed in his day, acting as director of the Vienna court opera in 1853, Kapellmeister in 1860 at Stuttgart, and director at Berlin.

ECKHOLD, Herman Richard (1855—): b. Schandau, Saxony; violinist and conductor; studied at Ipresden Cons.; conductor of various opera companies.

companies.

ECORCHEVILLE, Jules (1872-1915): b. Paris, d. in battle; pupil of Franck; critic; editor of the Parisian section of the 'International Musical Society'; author of several books deal-

his first series of organ recitals. In 1877 he took the directorship of the Hershey Music School, where he gave a series of one hundred weekly con-certs on the organ. His own composi-tions are in the classic forms, fugues, regulate and coppus He translated preludes and canons. He translated Haupt's Theory of Counterpoint and Fugue' and published two sets of organ pieces for church and concert. Ref.: VI. 460.

EDELMANN, Johann Friedrich (1749-1794): b. Strassburg, d. on a Paris guillotine; composer of pianoforte pieces and of an opera, Ariadne (prod. 1782).

EDGCUMBE, Richard, Earl of Mount- (1764-1839): b. London, d. there; patron of music, author of perreminiscences which preserve anecdotes of opera singers popular in England from 1773-1834. He wrote one opera, Zenobia, which he produced in London

EDSON, Lewis (1748-1820): b. Bridgewater, Mass., d. Woodstock, N. Y.; hymmologist, compiled 'The New York College of Sacred Music.'
EDVINA, Marie Louise Lucience

(née Martin): b. Quebec; dramatic so-prano; studied with Jean de Reszké; member of Chicago Opera Company since 1915.

EDWARD VI, King of England, Ref.: VI. 90, 449; VII. 375.
EDWARDS (1) Richard (1523-EDWARDS (1) Richard (1523-1566): b. Somersetshire; composer; Master of the Children of the Chapel Royal; compiler of 'The Paradise of Dainty Devices' (pub. 1576); wrote dramatic pieces 'Damon and Pythias' and 'Palamon and Arcite,' played before Queen Elizabeth; probably composed part-songs. Ref.: VI. 75. (2) Henry Sutherland (1829-1906): b. at Hendon, Middlesex, d. London; historian and litterateur. He wrote a 'History of the Opera... from Monteverde rian and litterateur. He wrote a 'History of the Opera . . . from Monteverde to Verdi' . . . (2 vols.), a 'Life of Rossini,' the 'Lyric Drama' (2 vols.), the 'Prima Donna' (2 vols.), and 'The Russians at Home.' (3) Henry John (1854-): b. Barnstable; organist, pianist and composer. After studying with his father, Bennett, Macfarren, H. C. Banister and Cooper, he took his doctor's degree in music from Oxhis doctor's degree in music from Ox-ford in 1885. His work is chiefly reliford in 1885. His work is chiefly religious—oratorios, motets and church music. (4) Julian (1855-1910): b. Manchester, d. Yonkers, N. Y.; in London he produced the operas 'Corinna' (1880) and 'Victorian' (1883). Later he went to America, where he produced the operas 'King René's Daughter' (N. Y. 1893) and 'The Patriot' (Boston, 1907), also 15 comic operas and several large choral works. His library of opera scores was donated to the N.Y. Public Library. Ref.: IV. 461. EEDDEN (1) Gilles van den (ca.

In teacher of Beethoven. (2) Jean Baptite tiste (b. 1842, Ghent); composer; pupil of the Ghent and Brussels conservative of the Ghent and Brussels conservative with a cantata, Fausts laatste less, nacht. In 1878 he succeeded Huberti as Director of the Mons Cons. Among and his works besides many minor pieces his works, besides many minor pieces are oratorios, cantatas, a symphonic poem, a scherzo and an opera.

EFFREM, Muzio (ca. 1555- [?]): b. Naples, d. there [?]; court conductor at Mantua and Florence; composed madrigals, opposed to the style of Marco da Gagliano (1623).

EGAN, Eugene: an Irish dwarf, who

built the organ in Lisbon Cathedral,

EGENOLFF (or Egenolph), Christian (1502-1555): d. Frankfort-on-Main; music printer whose work was of poor quality and whose publications consist mainly of reprints.

EGGELING, Eduard (1813-1885): b. Brunswick, d. Harzburg; teacher, writer

and composer.

EGGHARD, Jules (real name Count Hardegg) (1834-1867): b. Vienna, d. there; pianist and composer of popular salon pieces.

EGIDI, Arthur (1859-): b. Berlin; organist, director, teacher and composer. He studied at the Royal High School and with Kiel and Taubert, has taught at a Cons. in Frankfort-on-Main and at the Royal Institute for Church Music; organist in Berlin and composer of songs, choruses and an overture.

EGLI, Johann Heinrich (1742-1810):

overture.

EGLI, Johann Heinrich (1742-1810):
b. Seegráben, Zürich, d. Zürich; Swiss song composer; prod. 7 books of Swiss folk-songs, part-songs, etc.

EHLERT, Louis (1825-1884): b. Königsberg, d. Wiesbaden; composer, pianist and critic; studied under Mendelssohn at the Leipzig Cons., 1845, and at Vienna. He directed the Società Chernbini at Florence up to 1869 and from then on taught successively in Berlin, Meiningen and Wiesbaden. His compositions were universally successful, including overtures to 'Hañz' and 'A Winter's Tale,' a 'Spring Symphony,' a Requiem für ein Kind, but it is through his critical writings that he is best known. He published a volume of Briefe über Musik in 1859, which was translated into French and English. Römische Tage (1867, 1888), Aus der Tonwelt (2 vols., 1877) are travel souvenirs and essays. Ref.: III. 20.

EHMANT, Anselm (1832-1895): d. Paris; conductor, teacher and didactic composer for piano.

Paris; conductor, teacher and didactic composer for plano.

EHNN-SAND. Bertha (1845-): b. Pesth; pupil of Frau Andriessen; operatic soprano; sang in Linz, Graz, Hanover, Nuremberg, and (1868-1885) at the court opera of Vienna.

EEDEN (1) Gilles van den (ca. 1705-1782): organist; court organist and composer in Bonn, 1726-80; facturer of excellent pianofortes, for

which he has taken first prizes in Munich, Paris, London and Vienna.

EHRENHOFER, Walther Edmund (1872-): b. Hoheneble, Bohemia; engineer and musician, chorus leader of a musical society at Rossitz, 1897; an expert on the mechanism of the organ and author of Grandzüge der Orgel-baurevision. He is the editor of a periodical on organ building and com-

periodical on organ building and composes piano sonatas, duets, etc.

EHRLICH (1) Friedrich Christian
(1807-1887): b. Magdeburg, d. there; instructor, musical director, pianist and composer. His two operas are Die Rosemädchen and König Georg. (2) [Alfred] Heinrich (1822-1899): b. Vienna, d. Berlin; pianist, critic and author; court-pianist to King George V at Hanover; composed a few piano works, a Konzertstück in ungarischer Weise, Lebensbilder and Variations on an Original Theme? As a music critic he has contributed to the Berliner Tageblatt, Die Gegenwart, and Die neue Berlatt. he has contributed to the Berther Tage-blatt, Die Gegenwart, and Die neue Ber-liner Musikzeitung; he wrote Shake-speare als Kenner der Musik, Modernes Musikleben, etc. (3) A.: pseudonym of an anonymous author who pub-lished works on music and musicians, 1893-99.

1893-99.
EIBENSCHUTZ (1) Albert (1857-):
b. Berlin; music teacher. He was a
pupil of Paul and Reinecke at the
Leipzig Cons., and since then has
taught at Leipzig, Cologne, Berlin, and
at his own conservatory at Wiesbaden.
(2) Hona (1873-): b. Pesth; planist.
A pupil of Schmitt and of Clara Schumann, she toured with great success
from 1890 to 1902, when she married

EICHBERG (1) Julius (1824-1893): b. Düsseldorf, d. Boston; violinist and composer. He studied under Rietz and at the Brussels Cons., taught the violin at Geneva and after leading orchestral concerts in New York and Boston, he became director of the Boston Cons. and founded a school for the study of became director of the Boston Cons, and founded a school for the study of the violin. His compositions number not only pieces for the violin, but four operettas. Ref.: IV. 250, 457. (2) Osear (1845-1898): b. Berlin, d. there; composer, teacher and writer on music. In 1888 he became president of the Berlin Music Teachers' Society, and for 15 years he was music critic of the Börsen-Courier. His critical works were on Wagnerian music: his composers. were on Wagnerian music; his compositions include pieces for the piano, choruses and songs.

choruses and songs.

EICHBORN, Hermann Ludwig
(1847-): b. Breslau; ahandoned law
for music, which he studied under
Bohn. He became a virtuoso on waldhorn and trumpet, composed for piano
and waldhorn, also wrote comic operas and singspiele. He was the joint
inventor with Heidrich of the 'octavewaldhorn' and his monographs on wind
instruments are a valuable contribution
to musical history. to musical history.

EICHHEIM, Henry: contemp. American composer. Ref.: IV. 447.

EICHHORN (1) Johann Paul (1787-1835): court musician, Coburg; father of (2), (3) and (4), who were prodigles and appeared in concert tours as violinists. (2) Johann Gottfried Ernst (1822-1844): son of (1); violinist. (3) Johann Karl Eduard (1823-1896): court conductor, Coburg; brother of (2). (4) Alexander (1827-1903): director of court music, Coburg, brother of (2) and (3).

EICHNER, Ernst (1740-1777): b. Mannheim, d. Potsdam; concert-conductor, virtuoso on bassoon in Paris, London and Potsdam; composer of 31 symphonics, piano concertos and so-

symphonies, piano concertos and so-natas, trios with piano obbligatos, duets for violin and 'cello, etc. Eich-ner was an able representative of the younger Mannheim School. Ref.: VIII. 145.

145.
EICKHOFF, Paul (1850-): b. Gütersloh; professor of philology at Wandsbeek Gymnasium; author of 2 books on the Sapphie strophe and a study of the Gütersloher Choralbuch.
EIJKEN (1) Jan Albert van (1822-1868): b. Amersfoort, Holland, d. Elberfeld; pupil in composition and the organ of Leipzig Conservatory and of J. Schneider; organist and teacher in Amsterdam, Rotterdam and Elberfeld. He is distinguished for his excellent works for the organ, but has written He is distinguished for his excellent works for the organ, but has written besides songs, quartets, a violin sonata, etc. Ref.: VI. 469. (2) Gerhard Isaac van (b. 1832): b. Amersfoort; brother of Jan; organist and teacher in Utrecht, 1855. (3) Heinrich van (1861-1908) b. Elberfeld, d. Berlin; son of Jan; studied at Leipzig Cons. and in the Berlin Academy, then taught theory at the Royal High School, Berlin, and wrote articles on chorale and harmony. He has also composed songs. He has also composed songs.

EIJKENS, Daniel Simon (1812-1891): b. Antwerp, d. there; composer

of operas, choruses, etc. EILENBERG, Richard (1848-

EILEN BERG, Richard (1848-): b. Merseburg; composer of marches, ballet, operettas, salon pieces, etc.; was for a time Musikdirektor in Stettin; later settled in Berlin.

EILERS, Albert (1830-1896): b. Cöthen, d. Darmstadt, where he was basso-cantante at City Theatre; in 1876 chosen by Wagner for the rôle of Fasolt in the Bayreuth production of the 'Ring.' 'Ring.'

'Ring'
EINSTEIN, Alfred (1880-): b.
Munich; writer of studies on musical
subjects, including Zur deutschen Literatur für Viola da Gamba.
EISBEIN. See Osbonne, Adrienne.
EISENHUT, Georg (1841-1891): b.
Aaram, d. there; student in Vienna
Cons., composer of 2 Croatian operas,
also dances, etc.
EISFELD, Theodor (1816-1882): b.
Wolfenbüttel, d. Wiesbaden; studied
violin and composition under Müller and

K. G. Reissiger and singing with Rossini; conducted the Paris Concerts Vivsmi; conducted the raris Concerts Vivienne and the Philharmonic Society, New York. He was an honorary member of the Cecilia Academy of N. Y. and returned to Germany, 1865. Ref.: IV. 203.

EISLER, Edmund (1874-): b. Vienna; composer of 8 operettas and a pantomime prod. in Vienna, 1901-1908.

EISSLER (1) Marianne (1865-

 b. Brunn; violinist. (2) Emma: sister of Marianne; pianist.
 EIST, Diet von: Minnesinger. Ref.: I. 218.

EITNER, Robert (1832-1905): b. reslau, d. Templin, Uckermark; music Breslau, d. Templin, Uckermark; music teacher and historian. He studied with Brosig, then taught music and conducted concerts in Berlin. In 1863 he founded a school for pianoforte in Berlin and published his Hilfsbuch beim Klavier-unterricht (1871) as the result of his practical experience. His dictionary of Dutch Composers and his editions of Sweelingths organ compositions. Sweelinck's organ compositions were done for the Amsterdam Society for the Promotion of Music. He edited the Monatshefte für Musikgeschichte (1869-1905) and the Publikation alterer prak-tischer und theoretischer Musikwerke. His greatest achievement is his bio-His greatest achievement is his blographical work, the Quellenlexikon über die Musiker und Musikgelehrten der christlichen Zeitrechnung bis zur Mitte des 19. Jahrhunderts. Ref.: IX. 9. EITZ, Karl (1848-): b. Wehrstedt, Germany; singing teacher and theoretician. As vocal teacher in the Eisleben Bürgerschule he has endeavered to introduce a sort of Topic

ored to introduce a sort of Tonic sol-fa method similar to that used in Sol-1a method similar to that used in English-speaking countries. He published a school song book for use in Saxony, 1893; in 1889 a *Deutsche Singfibel*, and he has embodied his system in the instruction for the city schools of Eisleben. He is the author of other

books on his method, etc.

BOOKS on his method, etc.

ELANDI, Rita: b. Cincinnati, O.;
contemp. dramatic soprano, who created
'Santuza' in the English version of
I Pagliacei; sang in Italy, Spain, Germany and New York.

ELDERING, Bram (1865-): b.
Groningen, Holland; violinist, conductor. He received his training from
Joachim and others and conducted the
Parlin Philbarmonic Society and the Berlin Philharmonic Society and the

court chapel in Meiningen.

ELEANOR OF AQUITAINE. Ref.:

ELERS (or Elerus), Franz (ca. 1500-1590): b. Ulzen, d. Hamburg; cantor, teacher of singing, director of the

author of monographs on church music.

sic.
EL FARABI. See ALFARABI.
ELGAR, Sir Edward [William]
(1857-): b. Broadheath, Worcester,
Eng.; violinist and composer. His
early training was very slight. He
studied the organ under his father's
guidance, and violin under Pollitzer.
He acted as bandmaster to the county
asylum for the insane, his musicians
being the attendants, 1879-84; conducted
the Worcester Amateur Instrumental Sothe Worcester Amateur Instrumental Society for seven years, during four of which he was organist at St. George's. In 1900 he received the degree of Mus. Doc. from Cambridge, and two years later was knighted. The Worcester Festival of 1890 produced his Froissart overture; songs, cantatas and orchestral pieces followed, and in 1900 he wrote for the Birmingham Festival 'The Dream of Gerontius.' His compositions include oratorios ('The Light of Life,' The Dream of Gerontius,' 'The Apostles,' a trilogy), cantatas ('The Black Knight,' 'King Olaf,' 'Caractacus,' 'The Music Makers,' et.), concert overtures ('Froissart,' 'Cocaigne,' 'In the South'), 'Enigma Variations' and 'Pomp and Circumstance' for orchestra, a 'Falstaff' symphony, a serenade for chorus and orchestra, another for string orch, chamber music, organ sonata, violin pieces, piano pieces, etc., many of which were given in a three-day festival at Covent Garden, in the Birmingham Festival of 1903, the London Festival of 1911 and in the United States. Ref.: III. x, xi, xiv, xviii, 415, 419; V. 371f; choral works, VII. 21iff; organ, VI. 494; orch. works, VIII. 474; mus. ex., XIV. 181; portraits, III. 424; VI. 360. ELIAS, Salomonis (13th cent.): priest at St. Astere, Perigord; author of Scientia artis musicæ (1274) which ciety for seven years, during four of which he was organist at St. George's.

ELIAS, Salomonis (13th cent.): priest at St. Astere, Perigord; author of Scientia artis musicae (1274) which notes 'archaisms' in sacred and secular music of his time.

ELIOT, John. Ref.: (cited) IV. 16, 19ff. ELISI, Filippo (18th cent.): Italian

ELISI, Filippo (18th cent.): Italian tenor, sang in London, 1765.

ELIZABETH, Queen of England.

Ref.: IV. 5; VI. 90, 93, 448, 449; VII. 4;

X. 84, 145, 150.

ELIKUS, Albert: contemp. American composer. Ref.: IV. 400.

ELILA, John (1802-1888): b. Thirsk, York, d. London; violinist at the King's Theatre, in the Concerts of Ancient Music and in the Philharmonic, London, Lecturer at the London Institution. don, lecturer at the London Institution and author of musical lectures, sketches and memoirs.

ELLBERG, Ernst Henrik (1868-): Soderhamm, Sweden; studied at the Stockholm Cons.; professor there since 1903; composed a symphony in D; 2 concert-overtures; a ballet-pantomime, Askungen (Stockholm, 1907); instrutor, teacher of singing, director of the Hamburg Cathedral, prod. (1588) a book of sacred songs, collects, responses, etc. ELEWIJCK, Xavier Victor van (1825-1888): b. Ixelles lès Bruxelles, d. Tirlemont; conductor of Louvain Cathedral and of sacred concerts; composer of motets and orchestral pieces; d. Pau; 1842, concert conductor at

poser for his instrument.

poser for his instrument.

ELLERTON, John Lodge (18071873): b. Cheshire, d. London; a dilettante, but a prolific composer. He wrote
11 operas (English, German and Italian), a Stabat Mater, an oratorio, 251
other compositions, including masses,
string quartets and quintets, glees and
other vocal works, 6 symphonies and 4
concert overtures. concert overtures

ELLEVIOU, Jean (1769-1842): b. Rennes, d. Paris; famous tenor of the Opéra Comique. Méhul wrote the leading rôle in 'Joseph' for him, as did Boieldieu in Jean de Paris.

ELLICOTT, Rosalinde Frances (1857-): b. Cambridge; pupil of Wingham at the Royal Music Academy; composer of 4 cantatas given at music festivals, 3 concert overtures, and cham-

ber music, choruses, songs, etc.
ELLING, Catherinus (1858-): b.
Christiania; studied there, at Leipzig
and Berlin, teacher at Christiania and Berlin, teacher at Christiania Cons., organist in Oslo, official collector of Norwegian folk-melodies since 1908;

of Norwegian folk-melodies since 1908; composed an opera, an oratorio, a symphony, music to 'A Midsummer Night's Dream,' chamber music, songs, etc.; wrote on Norwegian composers, folk-melodies, etc. Ref.: III. 98.

ELLIOTT, James William (1833-): b. Warwick, Eng.; organist, trained by Macfarren; organist at St. Mark's, London, 1874; composer of 2 operettas.

ELLIS, Alexander John (1814-1890): b. Horton, d. Kensington; writer on musical theory; translator of the theoretical works of Helmholtz, Ohms and Preyer and author of monographs, published as introductions to his translations. He was held in high esteem both in the Royal Society of Arts and the Musical Association and has contibuted original material to the history of music in his 'History of Musical Pitch'

ELLMENREICH, Albert (1816-1905): b. Carlsruhe, d. Lübeck; actor, poet and composer of 3 operas, prod. Schwerin.

Schwerin.

ELMAN, Mischa (1892-): b.
Talnoi; popular violin virtuoso, whose public career began at 5, who has studied with Fidelman and Auer; has toured Europe and America several times. Ref.: VII. 464f.

ELMENHORST, Heinrich (1632-1704): b. Parchim, Mecklenburg, d. Hamburg; author of sacred songs set by J. W. Franck, also librettist of German opera at Hamburg.

ELOV (or d'Ameryal) (15th cent.):

Salzburg; violin virtuoso, second only became professor of the College of Muto Joachim in popularity, and com- sic in Cincinnati. His 2 important compositions are cantatas, Valerian and Belshazzar.

ELSNER, Josef Xaver (1769-1854): b. Grottkau, d. Warsaw; violinist and composer. In 1799 he went to Warsaw, where in 1816 he directed a School of Song and Declamation, which afterward became the Warsaw Conservatory. The wrote 19 operas, 3 symphonies, 6 string quartets, etc., beside treatises on rhythm and metre in the Polish language.

and metre in the Polish language. ELSON (1) Louis Charles (1848-): b. Boston, Mass.; pupil of Kreissmann (singing) and Hamann (piano) in Boston, Gloggner-Castelli (theory) in Leipzig; professor of theory at the New England Cons. since 1882; editor 'Musical Herald,' then critic on Boston 'Courier,' Advertiser,' etc.; author, or editor) of Herald, then critic on Boston 'Courier,' 'Advertiser,' etc.; author (or editor) of many books on musical history, asthetics and pedagogy, notably 'History of American Music' (2nd ed. 1916), as well as joint editor of the series 'Great Composers and Their Works.' Ref.: (on early American music) IV. 2, 32; (cited) IV. 97; (quoted) IV. 99; (on American patriotic songs) IV. 320, 324. (2) Arthur (1873-): b. Boston; studied at New England Cons.; author of a number of books on music and of a number of books on music and musicians (1901-16).

musicians (1901-16).

ELSSLER (1) Fanny (1810-1888): b. Gumpendorf, d. Vienna; famous ballet dancer in Berlin, London, Paris and America. Ref.: X. 151, 155ff. (2) Theresa (d. Meran, 1878): dancer and morganatic wife of Adelbert of Prussia.

ELSTER, Daniel (1796-1857): b. Benshausen, d. Wettingen, near Baden; student of medicine and of music; teacher of the latter at Baden, Bremgarten and Wettingen, writer of textbooks and composer of choruses.

ELTERLEIN. See Gottschald.

ELTERLEIN. See GOTTSCHALD ELITERLEIN. See GOTTSCHALD.
ELVEY (1) Stephen (1805-1860): b.
Canterbury, d. Oxford; organist of New
College, director of music in the University there; composer of songs and
religious music. (2) [Sir] George Job
(1816-1893): b. Canterbury, d. Windles
sham, Surrey; organist of St. George's
Chapel, Windsor; composer of church music.

ELWART, Antoine Aimable Elle (1808-1877): b. Paris, d. there; com-poser and author; was a chorister at St. Eustache; at thirteen was apprenticed to a box-maker, but he ran away and became violinist in a small thea-tre. He studied composition under Fétis at the Conservatoire. In 1828, while a pupil of Lesueur, he founded Concerts d'émulation which lasted six years; man opera at Hamburg.

ELOY (or d'Amerval) (15th cent.):
French conductor at St. Croix at Orleans, composer of church music, whose work, save for one mass and a few fragments of other masses, has entirely perished. Ref.: I. 244.

ELSENHEIMER, Nicholas J. (1866-): b. Wiesbaden; a pupil of Lesueur, he founded Concerts d'émulation which lasted six years; in 1831 he received the Grand Prix de Rome. From 1836-1871 he was associated with the Conservatoire as teacher (Gouvy, Grisar, Weckerlin studied with him). His compositions include symphonies, overtures, chamber music, vocal and instrumental church music. Among his 16 books on musical sub-

iects are Histoire de la Société des Conjects are histoire de la Societe des Con-certs du Conservatoire (1860), Feuille harmonique (1841), Le contrepoint et la fugue appliqués au style idéal and Histoire des concerts populaires (1864). ELWES, Gervase Cary (1866-) b. Northampton; diplomat who aban-doned that field for music; tenor known in Eurape and America es e singer of

in Europe and America as a singer or

in Europe and America as a singer of Brahms.

ELWYN, Earl of. Ref.: VI. 401.
EMERSON (1) Luther Orlando (1820-): b. Parsonsfield, Mass.; composer of sacred songs and compiler of 5 collections. (2) Ralph Waldo. Ref.: (quoted on Eissler) X. 155.

EMERY, Stephen Albert (1841-1891): b. Paris, Maine; d. Boston; stud. Leipzig Cons., and with Spindler at Dresden; teacher in New England Conservatory and Boston University, 1867; member of the faculty of Boston Univ., associate editor Musical Heraid and author of 'Foundation Studies in Piano Playing,' and 'Elements of Harmony' (1880, 2nd. ed. 1907). He composed piano sonatas, string quartets, choruses, etc. Ref.: IV. 334; portrait, IV. 332.

EMMANUEL, Maurice (1862-): b. Bar-sur-Aube; studied at the Conservatoire and later specialized in musical history under Gevaert in Brussels; professor at the Conservatoire ince 1910; joint editor of Rameau's works, pub. by Durand; won the Académie prize with a Histoire de la langue musicale (2 vols., Paris, 1911); wrote many other valuable works on music, and has composed instrumental pieces, songs, etc.

EMMERICH, Robert (1836-1891):

songs, etc.

songs, etc.

EMMERICH, Robert (1836-1891):
b. Hanau, d. Baden-Baden; abandoned
law and the army for music; produced
3 operas in Darmstadt, conducted the
city theatre at Magdeburg, directed the
New Singing Society in Stuttgart, and
has composed besides 2 symphonies,
a centrate, etc.

nas composed besides 2 sympnomes, a cantata, etc.

EMMETT, Daniel D. (19th cent.):
American negro minstrel, composer of 'Dixie.' Ref.: IV. 316, 318, 327f.

[DELI ENCINA, Juan (1469-ca. 1534): b. Encina, near Salamanca, d. Salamanca; court poet and composer to Duke of Alba; called the 'father of Spanish drama' and precursor of the Spanish drama' and precursor of the oratorio by virtue of his sacred representaciones or autos; also composer of solo songs and part-songs.

of solo songs and part-songs.

ENDE (1) Heinrich von (1858-1904): b. Essen-on-Ruhr, d. Cologne; music publisher, writer and composer of songs and piano pieces. (2) Amelia von (née Kremper) (1856-): b. Warsaw, Poland; pianist, composer and teacher; studied at the Warsaw Cons. and in Milwaukee and Chicago; taught in Milwaukee, Chicago and New York; lecturer on musical history, Von Ende School of Music; correspondent for the Musikalische Wochenblatt, Leipzig; contributor to Musical Courier and Musikalische Wochenblatt, Leipzig; b. Königsberg, d. Berlin; philologist, contributor to Musical Courier and gymnasium teacher, then teacher of

other musical journals; composed 'Four Songs for Medium Voice' (Berlin, 1899) and many other songs in MS.; also solos for violin and piano; pub. 'New York' (Berlin, 1909); contributor to 'The Art of Music' (1916). (3) Herwegh von (1877-): b. Milwaukee; violinist; studied at American Cons. of Music, Chicago, with Bernhard Ziehn and Josef Vilim, Chicago, and with Carl Halir, Anton Witek and Ernst Eduard Taubert in Berlin; teacher at American Cons. of Music, 1893; 1st violin Berlin Philharmonic Orch.; concerts in U. S., 1899-1900; director of violin department, American Institute of Applied Music, New York, 1903-10; organized von Ende Violin School, 1910, von Ende School of Music, 1911, von Ende String Quartet, 1907; member Rübner-von Ende-Altschuler Trio.

ENDLER (or Enderle, or Enderlein), Wilhelm Gottfried (1722-1793): b. Bayreuth, d. Darmstadt; conductor and composer of unpublished concertos, orch. suites, symphonies.

ENESCO, Georges (1881-): b. Cordaremi, Rumania; violinist and composer, pupil of Hellmesberger in Vienna, Marsick (violin) and Fauré (comp.) at the Paris Cons., composer of violin sonatas, suites, string quintet, Poème rouman for orch., symphony.

(comp.) at the Paris Cons., composer of violin sonatas, suites, string quintet, Poème roumain for orch., symphony, symph, suite, etc. Ref.: VII. 466. ENGEL (1) Johann Jakob (1741-1802): b. Parchim, Mecklenburg; d. there; teacher and theatre director in Berlin; author of "Uber die musicalische Mahlerey, an operatic text, etc. (2) David Hermann (1816-1877): b. Neurunin d Merseburg, teacher of musicalische die state die descent of musicalische descent descent of musicalische descent d Mahlerey, an operatic text, etc. (2) David Hermann (1816-1877): b. Neuruppin, d. Merseburg; teacher of music in Berlin; teacher and organist in the Merseburg Cathedral and cathedral school; composer for the organ and author of three books on organ and choir instruction. (3) Carl (1818-1882): b. Thiedewiese, near Hanover; d. Kensington, London; an accepted and valued authority on the history of musical instruments and European folk-song; the author of 10 books, contributor to the 'Musical Times,' etc. He published 'The Music of the Most Ancient Nations' (1864, 2nd ed., 1870); 'An Introduction to the Study of National Music' (1866); 'Musical Instruments of All Countries' (1869); 'A Descriptive Catalogue of the Musical Instruments in the South Kensington Museum' (1874); 'Catalogue of the Special Exhibition of Ancient Musical Instruments' (2nd ed., 1873); 'Musical Myths and Facts' (1876, 2 vols.); 'The Literature of National Music' (1879); 'Researches into the Early History of the Violin-Family' (1883); 'The Pianist's Handbook' (1853); 'Reflections on Church Music for Churchgoers' (1856). Ref.: (quoted) I. 13, 16, 70, 80; IV. 446f. (4) Gustav Eduard (1823-1895): b. Königsberg, d. Berlin; philologist, symnasium teacher, then teacher of singing at Kullak's Academy and the Royal High School for Music. He wrote books and essays on singing, musical asthetics, analysis, and was critic for various Berlin newspapers. (5) Pierre Emile (1847-): b. Paris; operatic tenor; sang New Orleans, Brussels, and Paris. (6) Julius Paris, operatic tenor; sang New Orleans, Brussels, and Paris. (6) Julius Was associated with him in the firm. After his death his nephew, Pierre E., Dimitrievitch (1868-): b. Berd dontributor to music-lexicons.

ENGELBERT VON ADMONT (14th cent.): d. Admont, 1331; theoretician, author of De musica (Gerbert, Scriptontores, iii).

ENGELBRECHT, C. F. (1817-1868): b. Kyritz, d. Havelberg; composer of many valued compositions for the organ.

ENGELMANN (1) Georg (17th cent.): director of music at Leipzig; prod. 3 books of 5-part paduans, gallards, etc. (2) C. See Kaffka.
ENGELSBERG, E. S. See Schön,

EDUARD.

ENGLANDER, Ludwig (19th cent.): German-American composer of light operas. Ref.: IV. 461f.
ENGLEFRIED, George and

American organ Charles: contemp. A builders. Ref.: VI. 410.

ENNA, August (1860-): b. Nakskov, Denmark; studied the violin alone in Copenhagen; toured in an 'international' orchestra; prod. the operetta, 'A Village Tale,' and published an orchestral cuits and published an orchestral cuits and published and publis etta, 'A Village Tale,' and published an orchestral suite and a symphony; through Gade's patronage he received the Ancker scholarship for German study. Since then his compositions include 7 operas (prod. with success), 2 ballets, a violin concerto, 2 symphonics Marchen (examb nictures) nano nies, Märchen (symph. pictures), piano pieces and songs. Ref.: III. 73f.
ENOCH, Frederick. Ref.: VI. 182.
ENOCH & Co.: 19th cent. music publishing house in London.

ENSTONE, Edward (18th cent.):
English organist; musical pioneer in
America. Ref.: IV. 24f.
EPHORUS, Greek writer, 1st cent.
B.C. Ref.: (cited) I. 95.
[L'] EPINE, Francesca Margerita
de (17th cent.): Italian wife of Dr.
Pepusch; sang and played the harpsichord. Maria Gallia, her sister, was
also a singer. also a singer.

also a singer.

EPSTEIN (1) Julius (1832-):
b. Agram; pianoforte professor; studied with Lichtenegger, Halm, Rufinatscha; taught at the Vienna Conservatory. (2) Rudolfine: daughter of (1); cellist. (3) Eugenia: daughter of (1); violinist in Austria and Germany. (4) Richard (1869-): b. Vienna; son of (1); noted as an accompanist.

ERARD (1) Sébastiem (1752-1831); b. Strassburg, d. near Passy; of German descent, the founder of the Erard harp and pianoforte firm in England

Greek music and instruments.

creek music and instruments.

ERB, Maria Josef (1860-): b.

Strassburg, Alsatia; student of church
music in Paris; organist, pianist and
teacher in Strassburg, composer of
five operas, a Singspiel, a tone poem,
songs, a symphony, violin sonata, organ pieces, piano pieces, a mass, etc.

See Addenda.

ERBACH. Christian (20 1570)

See Addenda.

ERBACH, Christian (ca. 1570-1635): b. Algesheim, Hesse; d. Augshurg; organist of the latter city, composer of important motets and organ pieces. Ref.: VI. 431.

ERBEN (1) Balthasar (17th cent.-1686): organist and conductor in Weimar and at Danzig; teacher and composer of instrumental part songs, preserved in manuscript in Berlin Royal Library. (2) Robert (1862-): b. Troppau; operatic composer. In 1895 he produced 'Enoch Arden' at Frankfort-on-Main; the following year a fairy comedy at Mayence. He lives in Berlin. Berlin.

Berlin.

ERDMANNSDÖRFER, Max von (1848-1905): b. Nuremberg, d. Munich; court conductor at Sondershausen, conductor in Moscow, Bremen, Munich and St. Petersburg (Imp. Russian Mus. Soc.); court conductor and teacher at the Academy in Munich, 1897-98; composer of choral works, overture, piano pieces and songs. He married (2) Pauline Fichtner (Oprawill), pianist, teacher and composer.

teacher and composer.

ERGO, Emil (1853-): b. Selseazeate; studied in Holland, Antwerp, and at the Conservatoire; has conducted male choruses; music teacher at Ixelles lès Bruxelles; writer of works on theory and contributor to musical publications.

ERHARD (or Erhardi), Laurentius (16th cent.): b. Hagenu, Alsace; cantor at Frankfort-on-Main; author of a chorale book and a Compendium Mu-

sices.

ERK (1) Adam Wilhelm (1770-1820): b. Herpf, near Meiningen; d. Darmstadt; organist in Wetzlar, Worms, Frankfort-on-Main and Darm-### ARD (1) Sebastien (1752-1831); stadt; composer for organ and collector b. Strassburg, d. near Passy; of German descent, the founder of the Erard harp and pianoforte firm in England and France; patronized by Duchess of Berlin; director of chorus at the cathe-Villeroi and Louis XVI. The first draft there and at the court chapel at French pianoforte was made by him | St. Petersburg. Founder of choral so-

cieties; pub. important compilations of | cicties; pub. important compilations of school songs and folk-songs, notably Deutscher Liederhost (1856, continued by F. M. Böhme, 1893-94, 4 vols.). Volksklänge (male chor.), etc. (3) Friedrich Albrecht (1809-1878): b. Wetzlar, d. Düsseldorf; associated with his brother (2) in the production of school song books and compiler of 3 collections of songs

ERKEL (1) Franz (1810-1893): b. Gyula, d. Pesth; conductor of Pesth national theatre and of Hungarian male choral societies; composer of 9 Hungarian conductors. choral societies; composer of 9 Hun-garian operas and Hungarian folk songs. Ref.: III. 190. (2) Julius (1842-1909): b. Pesth; son of Franz (1); teacher. (3) Alexander (1843-1900): b. Budapest, d. Békés-Czábra; composer of 4 operettas, operatic con-ductor and general musical director. (4) Ladislaus (1844-1896): music teacher in Pressburg. ERILANGER. (1) Julius (1830-):

(4) Ladislaus (1844-1896): music teacher in Pressburg.

ERLANGER (1) Julius (1830-): b. Weissenburg, Alsace; composer. He studied at the Conservatoire, has written for the piano; comp. a few operettas; lives in England. (2) Gustav (1842-1908): b. Halle, d. Frankfort-on-Main; composer. He studied with Reinecke at Leipzig, and spent his life at Frankfort, where he wrote pieces for orchestra, choir and piano. (3) Camille (1863-): b. Paris; composer. He studied at the Conservatoire under Mathias, Durand, Taudau and Bazille; received the Prix de Rome in 1888. He is the composer of orchestral works, songs, operas, a Requiem and a symphonic poem. (4) Friedrich. See [b']ERLANGER, Frédéric. (5) Ludwig: composer of a ballet, Der Teufel im Pensionat (Vienna, 1894), and an opera, Ritter Olaf (1b., 1901). (6) Viktor: composer of an operetta prod. in Vienna, 1901. enna, 1901.

enna, 1901.

[d'] ERLANGER, Baron Frédéric (nom de plume, Frédéric Regnal) (1868-): b. Paris; composer of operas; prod. Noël (Paris, 1912; Chicago, 1913); also wrote instr. music.

ERLEBACH, Philipp Heinrich (1657-1714): b. Esens, d. Rudolstadt; court conductor there, disciple of Lully. His compositions include religious and secular arias with accompaniments, or-

Wilhelm (1814-1865): b. Brinn, d. Nice; violinist, trained under Böhm and Mayseder; composer of popular concert pieces and known through his frequent concert tours, especially in Paris. Ref.: I. 460; VII. 445. (3) Heinrich (1846-): b. Dresden; nephew of Heinrich Wilhelm (2); studied at the Cons. of Budapest and with Rebling; tenor in the Berlin Royal Opera since 1875. (4) Alfred (1860-1898): b. Périgueux, d. Paris; son of (2); contributor to Ruvista Italiana and Revue encuclopédique; writer on the dramatic

encyclopédique; writer on the dramatic art of Berlioz and of Wagner. ERNST II. Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (1818-1893): b. Coburg, d. Reinhardsbrunn; composer of 5 operas, 2 operettas, songs, cantatas, etc.; wrote an autobiography.

an autodiography.

ERRANI, Achille (1823-1897): b.

Italy, d. New York; pupil of Vaccai,
singing teacher and tenor in New York.

ERRERA, Hugo (1843-): b.

Venice; composer of piano pieces and
songs; member of the council of the
Liceo Benedetto Marcello.

ERPERIM Learn Paril (1825-): b.

ERTEL, Jean Paul (1865-): b. Posen; planist, teacher of music, critic, editor, and composer. He studied with Tauwitz, Brassin, and Liszt. He became Dr. jur. in Berlin, taught music there and contributed to various journals. He wrote a symphony, 6 symphonic poems, a violin concerto chamber music, an opera, songs, etc. ERTMANN, Dorothea von (1778-1848); d. Milan, pianist; friend of Beethoven.

ESCHENBACH, Wolfram von: ESCHENBACH, Wolfram von: Minnesinger. Ref.: IX. 281.
ESCHENBURG, Johann Joachim (1743-1820): translator of Italian and English librettos, also of various books on music, including those of Webbe and Burney; author of Enturur feiner Theorie und Literatur der schönen Redekünste.

ESCHMANN (1) Johann Karl (1826-1882): b. Winterthur, d. Zürich; writer of text-books and exercises for piano. (2) Carl E.-Dumur (1835-1913): b. Wädenswil, near Zurich, d. Lausanne, teacher, author of a pianist's guide and technical work.

His compositions include religious and secular arias with accompaniments, orchestral suites, cantatas, compositions for the organ, etc.

ERLER, Hermann (1844-): b. Radeberg, near Dresden; founder of music publishing firm, editor of a Berlin music journal, and critic on Berliner Fremdenblatt. Clara, his daughter, married Felix Senius; she was known as a concert soprano and her husband as a tenor.

ERNST (1) Franz Anton (1745-18805): b. Georgenthal, Bohemia; d. Gotha; virtuoso on violin, court conductor at Gotha and composer of violin concertos. He wrote for Allgemeine Musikalische Zeitung, 1805, Uber den Ban der Geige. (2) Heinrich 1844
134

Misicale to 10/10.

ESLAVA, Don Miguel Hilario (1807-1878): b. Burlada, Navarre, d. Madrid; church conductor at Ossuna, Seville, and at the court of Queen Isabella; professor and director in Royal Conservatory; composed church music,

Conservatory; composed church music, 3 operas, organ pieces, and wrote textbooks; edited valuable collections.

ESPAGNE, Franz (1828-1878): b. Münster, Westphalia, d. Berlin; pupil of Dehn and his successor in the Royal Library in Berlin; director of music and editor of the complete works of Beethoven and Palestrina, also 3 symphonies of Carl Philip Emanuel Bach

Bach.

Bach.

ESPINOSA, Juan de (16th cent.):
Spanish composer of ballades, etc.;
wrote a treatise on principles of
musical practice and theory.

ESPOSITO (1) Michele (1855-): b.
Castellamare, near Naples; professor
of pianoforte at Royal Music Academy,
Dublin, after study in Naples and
Paris; founder of orchestral societies,
chamber musician, composer of string
quartets, 2 symphonies, orchestral suite,
rhapsodies, fantasies, and 3 operas
produced in St. Petersburg and Moscow. (2) E.: contemp. Russian operetta

produced in St. Fetersburg and Mos-cow. (2) E.: contemp. Russian operetta composer. Ref.: III. 155. ESSER (1) Heinrich (1818-1872): b. Mannheim, d. Salzburg; conductor of concerts in Mannheim and Salzburg of concerts in Mannheim and Salzburg and theatres at Mannheim, Vienna, and of the court opera there. His compositions include works for orchestra and chorus, also 3 operas. (2) Cateau (1859-): b. Amsterdam; studied at Frankfort-on-Main and in Paris; director of Vereeniging to Beoefening van vocale en dramatiche Kunst.

vocale en dramatiche Kunst.

ESSIPOFF, Annette (1851-1914): b. St. Petersburg; wife of Leschetizky, with whom she had studied; planist in Russia, London, Paris, America, and Vienna, where she made her home.

ESTE (Est, East, or Easte) (1)
Thomas (ca. 1550-1609): London music printer; pub. The Whole Booke of Psalmes, containing 4-part settings by various composers, also works of Byrd, Morley and Weelkes. (2) Michael (d. Litchfield, ca. 1638): composer of madrigals, pastorals, anthems, glees and instrumental pieces.

rigals, pastorals, anthems, glees and instrumental pieces.

ESTERHAZY, Princes Nikolaus and Anton: patrons of music. The former was friend as well as patron of Haydn. Ref.: II. 87, 88, 92; VI. 335; VII. 496; VIII. 95; IX. 119.

ESTERLEY, George (18th cent.): early American musical promoter. Ref.: IV. 75.

ETT, Caspar (1788-1847): b. Eresing, near Landsberg, Bavaria: d.

sing, near Landsberg, Bavaria; d. E. Munich; court organist at St. Michaels, TON.

aries. They founded a music firm and pub. works of Verdi, but parted in 1862. Léon retained the publishing house and published L'Art musical, while Marie continued La France musicale to 1870.

ESLAVA, Don Miguel Hilario (1807-1878): b. Burlada, Navarre, d. Madrid; church conductor at Ossuna, Seville, and at the court of Queen Isabella; professor and director in Royal Conservatory; composed church music, a vertical seville, and when the court of Queen Isabella; professor and director in Royal Conservatory; composed church music, aristokenos. Aristoxenos.

EULENBURG (1) Ernst (1847-): b. Berlin; founder of music publishing firm publishing since 1892 the Payne miniature score edition, etc. (2) Philipp, Count zu (1847-): b. Königsberg; poet, composer of songs; German ambassador in Vienna.

terman ambassador in vienna. EULENSTEIN, Charles (1802-[?]): b. Heilbronn, Wurttemberg; virtuoso on Jew's harp and guitar. EULER, Leonhardt (1707-1783): b. Bassel, d. St. Petersburg; theorist. He taught mathematics at St. Petersburg and at Berlin and wrote on the acoustics of music in verious treaties in tics of music in various treatises, in which he has introduced the use of logarithms to determine pitch.

EUMOLPOS, Greek priest. Ref .: I.

EURIPIDES, Greek dramatist. Ref .: I. 120.

EUSEBIUS, Bishop of Cesærea. Ref .: 139f.

EUTERPE: the Greek muse lyric poetry, especially the patron god-dess of flutists.

EUTING, Ernst (1874-): b. London; pupil in Berlin of Royal High

London; pupil in Berlin of Royal High School and University; wrote essays on the history of 16th and 17th cent. wind instruments; founder of Deutsche Instrumenten-Bau Zeitung.

EVANS (1) Charles Smart (1778-1849): d. London; chorister in Chapel Royal, altist and composer of glees, for which he received several prizes. He was also organist in St. Paul's. (2) David Emlyn (1843-1913): b. near Newcastle Emlyn, Wales, d. London; editor of Gaelic journals, including Y Cerddor; pub. a 2 vol. collection of Gaelic Melodies.

EVERARD. Camille - François

Gaelic Melodies.

EVERARD, Camille - François (1825-[21]): b. Dinante, Belgium; pupil at Liége, Paris, and Naples conservatories; basso cantante in Naples, Vienna, St. Petersburg, Madrid; professor in Cons. of St. Petersburg and (1890) in Kieff.

EVERS, Karl (1819-1875): b. Hamburg, d. Vienna; pianist and composer. He studied under Schmitt and Krebs at Hamburg and in Leipzig under Mendelssohn; toured Europe, and lived in Paris and Vienna. His compositions include 4 piano sonatas and 12 'songs without words' characterizing different nationalities.

EVESHAM, Monk of. See Oding-

EVESHAM, Monk of. See ODING-

Eweiick Eysler

studied with Felix Schmidt.

EWER & Co. A music publishing firm, founded by John J. Ewer, which nrm, founded by John J. Ewer, which acquired the sole rights of many of Mendelssohn's compositions. After several changes of hands, it was bought in 1860 by Wm. Witt and incorporated with the firm of Novello & Co. and exists to-day as Novello, Ewer & Co. EXIMENO y PUJADER, Antonio (1729-1808): b. Valencia, d. Rome; Jesuit theoretician; author of Dell'origine & delle recole della musica colla origine e delle regole della musica colla

origine e delle regole della musica colla storia del suo progresso, decadenza e in rinovazione, which elicited a riposta of Padre Martini, combated in turn by E. EXPERT, Henri (1863-): b. Bordeaux; studied with Niedermeyer, Franck and Gigout. He has taught at the École Nationale de Musique Classique, lectured at the École des Hautes EYMEN (or Eykens). See Eijken, fully in 1903 the Société d'Études Musicales et Concerts Historiques. Historiques. Historiques and Gigous production, an edition of the French and Flemish music of the 15th

EWEIJCK, Arthur Henry van and 16th centuries. The collections (1866-): b. Milwaukee; baritone have been divided into six classes: singer in concerts in Berlin, where he I. Les Maîtres-Musiciens de la Renais-1. Les Maîtres-Musiciens de la Renaissance française; II. Bibliographie thématique; III. Les Théoriciens de la musique au temps de la Renaissance; IV. Sources du corps de l'art franco-flamand de musique des XV° et XVI° siècles; V. Commentaires; VI. Extraits des Maîtres-Musiciens. Besides these, he has published a Huguent psalter, etc.

des Maitres-Mussciens. Besides these, he has published a Huguenot psalter, etc. EYBLER, Joseph (1765-1846); b. Schwechat, near Vienna; d. Schönbrunn, near Vienna; director and composer. He studied with Albrechtsberger, Haydn and Mozart; held positions in Vienna as choir director and Imperial first Kapellmeister, and was distinguished as a composer of church music, masses, offertories, etc.

EYKEN (or Eykens). See Eijken, or Eijkens.

Faber Falcon

FABER (1) Jacobus. See LEFEEVRE. (2) Nikolaus (14th cent.): founder of famous family of organ builders; priest in Halberstadt, where he constructed the first German organ. (3) [Magister] Heinrich ([?]-1552): b. Lichtenfels, d. ölsnitz; wrote a Compendiolum musicæ and a 'Practical Introduction.' (4) Benedikt (early Introduction. (4) Deneural (cars, 17th cent.): composer at Coburg of

17th cent.): composer at Coburg of Psalms, cantiones, etc.
FABIO. See URSILIO.
FABRI (1) Stefano [il maggiore] (16th cent.): conductor in Rome. (2) Stefano [il minore] (1606-1658): conductor and composer. (3) Annibale Pio [detto Balino] (1697-1760): b. Bologna, d. Lisbon; studied with Pistocchi; tenor and composer; favored by Emperor Charles VI and other princes; sang in Handel's Tolomeo, in London, 1729.
FARRICIUS (1) of Agusendants

FABRICIUS (1) of Aquapendente (16th cent.): early investigator of vocal physiology. Ref.: V. 55f. (2) Werner (1633-1679): b. Itzehoe, Holstein; d. Leipzig, studied law, became advocate, but at the same time organist of St. Thomas', Leipzig, and musical director of St. Paul's; pub. Deliciae harmoniae (5-part partitas, 1657), sacred songs, 4-part arias, dialogue concertos (1662), etc., and a Manductio to thorough bass (1675). (3) Johann Albert (1668-1786): b. Leipzig, d. Hamburg, professor of elocution at Hamburg, author of three treatises valuable in musical history.

FACCIO, Franco (1841-1891): b.

FACCIO, Franco (1841-1891): b. Verona, d. Monza; studied at Milan Conservatory, to which he returned as professor of harmony in 1868. He

conservatory, to which he returned as professor of harmony in 1868. He ranks high among Italian operatic composers for the originality of his style; he conducted with success in Milan and London. Besides operas, he wrote a symphony, a cantata and two sets of songs. He was a friend, fellow-student and collaborator of Bolto.

FAELTEN, Carl (1846-); b. Imenau; studied with Montag and Schock, and at Arnstadt; pianist and teacher in the Hoch Conservatory at Frankfort, at the Peabody Institute of Baltimore and the New England Conservatory of Boston. In Boston he founded in 1897 the Faelten Pianoforte School for teachers, which he still directs. He has written pedagogical works (piano). Ref.: IV. 248.

FAGGE, See Lafage.

FAGGE, Arthur: contemporary English conductor. Ref.: III. 422.

FAGO, Nicolo (1674-1740): b. Tarento, d. Naples; composer of oratorios, cantatas, operas and masses. He was called, after his birthplace, Il Tarentino. He studied with Scarlatti and Provenzale, whom he succeeded at the Cons. de Turchini. He taught, among others Leonardo Leonard. Leonardo Leonardo Leonardo. among others, Leonardo Leo and Jommelli.

melli.

FAHRBACH (1) Josef (1804-1883):
b. Vienna, d. there; performer on flute and guitar and composer of concerti for flute. (2) Philipp, Sr. (1815-1885):
b. Vienna, d. there; director and composer of dance music and two operas. (3) Wilhelm (1838-1866): b. Vienna, d. there; composer of dance music. (4) Philipp, Jr. (1840-1894): b. Vienna, d. there; composer of dance music and bandmaster.

FYHRMANN. Expert Hang (1860-):

FÄHRMANN, Ernst Hans (1860-): b. Beicha; cantor and organist in Dres-den, where he taught the organ at the

Cons. and composed organ-concerti, so-natas, etc. Ref.: VI. 487. FAIGNIENT, Noë (ca. 1570 in Ant-werp): composer in Lasso's style; wrote

werp): composer in Lasso's style; wrote arias, motets, madrigals, etc.
FAIRCHILD, Blair (1877-): b.
Belmont, Mass.; composer living in New York and Paris; wrote orchestral sketches, chamber music, choral works (with cochectre and a cancella) and

sketches, chamber music, choral works (with orchestra and a cappella) and songs. Ref.: IV. 432f; mus. ex., XIV. 307. FAIRFAX. See FAYRFAX. FAIRLAMB, J. Remington (1837-1908): b. Philadelphia, d. New York; after studying in Paris and Florence he returned to America as organist in Philadelphia and New York. FAISST (1) Immanuel Gottlob

he returned to America as organist in Philadelphia and New York.

FAISST (1) Immanuel Gottlob Friedrich (1823-1894): b. Essligen, Württemberg, d. Stuttgart; abandoned theology for music, in which he was self-educated; toured as organ virtuoso, 1846; in Stuttgart founded the Society for Classical Church Music, 1849, and with Lebert, the Cons., where he taught organ and in 1859 became director, also acting as organist at the Stiftskirche. He composed organ pieces, songs, part-songs, male choruses, motets, cantatas, etc., and edited, with Lebert and Bülow, Cotta's Issue of piano classics; wrote Elementurund Chorgesangschule (2 parts) and a historical essay on the piano sonata. His harmony method was perpetuated by Percy Goetschius. Ref.: VI. 463. (2) Klara. See Addenda.

FALCON, Marie Cornelle (1812-1897): b. Paris, d. there; studied at

the Conservatoire; operatic soprano; debut, 1832, at the Opera; created rôles of Mrs. Ankerstroem in Gustave III, Morgiana in Ali Baba, Rachel in La Juive, Valentine in Les Huguenots, and others.

others.

FALDIX, Guido: studied in Sondershausen, Charlottenburg, Berlin Univ., Rostock and Heidelberg; director at Rostock Cons. and wrote on aesthetic effect of intervals, etc.

FALK-MEHLIG, Anna (1846-): b. Stuttgart; studied at the Cons. there, then with Liszt; pianist in concert tours in Germany, England and America; then settled at the Wurttemberg court.

FALKENBERG, Georges (1854-): Paris; studied there with Mathias, Durand and Massenet; teacher and composer for pianoforte, author of a trea-tise on piano pedals.

FALKENFLETH, Haagen. Ref.: (quoted on Jörgen-Jensen) X. 165.

(quoted on Jörgen-Jensen) X. 165.

FALL, Leo (1873-): b. Olmütz, studied at Vienna Cons., conductor at theatres of Berlin, Hamburg and Cologne; now in Vienna as composer of popular operetas (11 prod., Vienna, Berlin, London, etc., to 1914), including 'The Dollar Princess' (1907). Eternal Waltz' (1912), etc.; also prod. 2 operas, Frau Denise (1902) and Irritcht.

FALLIER, Nikola (1882-): b. Ivanowetz, Croatia; studied with Bruckner, Massenet and Delibes; taught at Agram Cons., opera director, composer.

FALTIN, Richard Friedrich (1835-): b. Danzig; studied there with Markull, at Dessau and at Leip-

vith Markull, at Dessau and at Leipzig Cons.; since 1869 conductor of opera and symphony concerts at Helsingfors, Finland, organ professor at the Cons., pub. songs, choruses, chorale books, etc.

FALTIS, Emanuel (1847-1900): b. Lanzow, Bohemia; d. Breslau; conductor of municipal theatres of Ulm, Stettin, Riga, Lubeck, Basel and Bremen; court conductor for 14 years at Coburg, for which he composed masses and church music. He died blind.

FAMINZIN, Alexandrovitch Sergievitch (1841-1896): b. Kaluga, Russia, d. Ligovo, near St. Petersburg; studied in the University of St. Petersburg and with Hauptmann, Richter and Moscheles in Leipzig; professor for two years at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg: sacretory of the Russian Musical

rine Band, Washington, 1893; composed 2 grand operas and 2 comic operas.

FANELLI, Ernest (1861-): violinist in cafés and dance halls, whose Tableaux Symphoniques, written in 1886, and based on Gautier's 'Romance of a Mummy,' was produced by the Colonne orchestra with great success in 1912. It was shown by F. only in order to obtain work as a copyist.

Ref.: III. 361.

FANING, Eaton (1850-): b. Helston. Cornwall; studied at the Royal

Ref.: III. 361.

FANING, Eaton (1850-): b. Helston, Cornwall; studied at the Royal Academy of Music, where he received medals, scholarship and prizes; professor there, and at the National Training School; performer on 'cello and drums; director of music at Harrow, conductor of choral classes at the Royal College of Music, of clubs and of the Madrigal Society. He composed 2 operettas, 2 quartets, a symphony, an overture, church services and orchestral works. overture, cl tral works.

tral works.

FARABI. See Alfarâbi.

FARINA, Carlo (early 17th cent.):
b. Mantua; Electoral chamber musician at Dresden, 1625, later in Danzig and Italy; one of the first to write violin music in virtuoso style; pub. 5 aggitardes.

2-part Pavane, Gagitardes. books 2-part Pavane, Gagliarde, Brandi, Mascherate, Arte francest, Volte, Balletti, Sonate e Canzoni (1626-28). Ref.: VII. 382, 467 (foot-

(1626-28). Ref.: VII. 362, 407 (1001note).

FARINELLI (1) Jean Baptiste
(1655-ca. 1720): b. Grenoble; uncle of
the celebrated male soprano (2); concert-master in Hanover, 1680, player in
orchestras at Osnabruck and Hanover,
ennobled by the King of Denmark; app.
minister resident to Venice by George I.
of England (1740). Composed flute
concertos and stage music; falsely said
to be the author of the Folies
d'Espagne, known in England as 'Farinelli's Ground.' His brother George
was also a violinist and played in Lisbon, Paris, and London. (2) (real
name Carlo Broschi) (1705-1782): b.
Naples, d. Bologna; male soprano;
studied with Porpora, and later with
his rival, Bernacchi; sang in Rome,
Venice, Vienna, Naples, Bologna and
other cities in Italy; in 1734, he appeared in London at the opera which
rivalled Handel's. He took London by
storm and was the hero of opera there
for two years, when he left for France note). burg and with Hauptmann, Richter and Moscheles in Leipzig; professor for two years at the Conservatory of St. Petersburg; secretary of the Russian Musical Society; composed 2 unsuccessful operas, instrumental music, including a Russian Rhapsody for violin and orchestra. He wrote 'Songs for Russian Children' and published research work on Russian folk-songs, instruments, etc.

FANCIULLI, Francesco (1853-1915): b. Porto San Stefano, Tuscany, etc.

A New York; studied music in Florence; operatic conductor in Italy; succeeded Sousa as conductor of the Ma-

ber music, piano concerto, orchestral

ber music, piano concerto, orchestral suite, string quartets, songs, piano pieces, etc., also 2 operettas.

FARKAS, ödön (Edward) (1852-):
b. in Puszta-Monostor, Hungary; he abandoned his course as civil engineer to study music at Pesth, and the year after graduation became director of the Klausenburg Cons., Transylvania. He has composed and successfully prod. 4 operas, and has written songs, ballads, orchestral works, a symphony, string-quartets, overtures, etc. Ref.: III. 200.

FARMER (1) John (late 16th-early 17th cent.): cathedral organist in Lon-

FARMER (1) John (late 16th-early 17th cent.): cathedral organist in London and Dublin, composed a book of 4-part madrigals (1599), contributed a 6-part madrigals (1599), contributed a 6-part madrigal to 'The Triumphs of Oriana' and many tunes to Este's Whole Booke of Psalmes.' Previous to his life in London, Farmer was cathedral organist in Dublin. (2) Thomas (d. before 1695): English composer of instrumental music and songs, also of books of exercises; an elegy with words by Tate and music by Purcell was written upon his death. (3) Henry (1819-1891): b. Nottingham, Eng., d. there; violinist, organist, and composer. Ref.: VI. 346. (4) John (1836-1901): b. Nottingham, d. Oxford; studied at the Leipzig Conservatory and with Späth at Saxe-Coburg; teacher at Zurich and at Harrow; organist at Balliol College, where he founded a musical society and popular concerts. His compositions are part-songs, glees, etc., a requiem, an oratorio, a fairy opera, orchestral pieces and choruses. He edited school books of hymns, glees, marches, and school songs. of hymns, glees, marches, and school

FARNABY (1) Giles (16th cent.):
Mus. Bac. Oxon.; London composer of
canzonets, madrigals, virginals, etc.
contributor to books of Este and Ravenscroft. (2) Richard: son of Giles;
composed virginals preserved in the
fitzwilliam Virginal Book.

FARNSWORTH, Charles Hubert
(1859.). Cessyis Turkey: stud-

FARNSWORTH, Charles Hubert (1859-): b. Cesaria, Turkey; studied organ with B. D. Allen at Worcester, Mass.; head of music department, Colorado Univ., 1888-1900; associate professor, Columbia Univ., since 1900; pub. 'Education Through Music' and various other educational books and articles on music.

Tritto at a Neapolitan conservatory; lish organist at Ely, Hereford, Salismaestro di cappella in Venice, Turin bury cathedral and London; composed and Trieste; composed church music for organ. (3) Danand operas in the style of Cimarosa.

FARJEON, Harry (1878-): b.

FARJEON, Harry (1878-): b.

Hohokus, N. J.; studied (1895-1901) at for organ and arranger of lessons for the Royal Academy of Music, London; and in 1903 became professor of theory there; his compositions include champer the results of the property organists.

for organ and arranger of lessons for the viol.

FARRAR, Geraldine (1882-): b. Melrose, Mass.; studied with Lorenz, Trabadello and Lehmann; début, as Marguerite in the Berlin Royal Opera; has sung there, throughout Europe, and at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, in rôles including Mme. Butterfly, Manon, Mignon, Elizabeth, Tosca, Carmen, and others. She created the Goosegirl in the Königskinder of Humperdinck. Ref.: IV. 151, 155; IX. 427; portrait, IV. 144.

FARRENC (1) [Jacques Hippolyte] Aristide (1794-1865): b. Marseilles, d. Paris; flutist; composer for flute, etc., music historian who assisted Fétis; wrote Les concerts historiques de MFétis; pub. Trésor des panistes (1861-72), a selection of piano music from the 16th cent to Mendelssohn, with historical notes by F. and Fétis (20 vols.).

(2) Louise, née Dumont (1804-1875): b. Paris, d. there; wife of (1); studied with Reicha; concert pianist, touring with her husband, pianoforte professor for thirty years at the Conservatoire. She composed pianoforte sonatas, études, chamber music, symphosor for thirty years at the Conserva-toire. She composed pianoforte so-natas, études, chamber music, sympho-nies and overtures. She continued her husband's *Tresor des pianistes* and wrote a treatise on agrémens. Ref.: VII.

FARWELL, Arthur (1872-): b. St. Paul, Minn.; studied with H. A. Norris in Boston and with Humperdinck; from 1901-1912 he conducted the Wa-Wan Press publication of American compositions; since then he has interested himself in the growth of municipal music in parks, docks, etc. in ested himself in the growth of municipal music in parks, docks, etc., in New York City; director Music School Settlement there, since 1915. Among his works are orchestral pieces on Indian themes, the 'Cornell' overture, 'Love Song' and the music for several pageants, also harmonizations of Indian and Negro melodies; dept. editor The Art of Music'. Ref.: IV. 226f, 310, 410ff; 273ff; mus. ex., XIV. 282.

FASCH (1) Johann Friedrich: b. Buttelstedt near Weimar, d. Zerbst: alumnus of the Thomasschule, Leipzig, under Kuhnau, 1701, entered the Univ. 1707 and established a Collegium musicum, for which he composed French

sicum, for which he composed French overtures in the manner of Telemann. He prod. 3 operas in Naumburg and Zeitz (1710-12), studied composition in Darmstadt and in 1714 prod. an opera in Bayreuth; became conductor and composer to Count Morzin, and in 1722 court Kenellmeister in Zerbst. Of F's FARRANT (1) Richard (1530-1580):
Gentleman of the Chapel Royal and
Master of the Children at Windsor;
composed a church service, anthems,
etc. (2) John (early 17th cent.): Engtatas, 12 masses, 69 overtures, 21 concertos, overtures (orch. suites), trio sonatas, quatuors, etc. (some pub. by Riemann). Ref.: II. 7, 8, 52, 56; VIII. 138. (2) Carl Friedrich Christian (1736-1800): b. Zerbst, d. Berlin; son of (1); hecame 2nd. cembalist (with C. P. E. Bach) to Frederick the Great, 1756, was for a time conductor of the Royal Opera, then taught. He founded and conducted the Berlin Singakademie, and so revived the cultivation of choral singing in Germany. Most of his compositions were destroyed by his order; positions were destroyed by his order; a 16-part mass was pub. in 1839. FASOLO, G. B. (17th cent.): Italian composer of canzoni. Ref.: V. 160.

FAUGUES, Vincent (15th cent.): Netherland composer, of whose works only 5 masses are preserved (Papal Chapel and Modena).

Chapel and Modena).

FAURE, Gabriel [Urbain] (1845-):
b. Pamiers; studied with Niedermeyer, Dietsch and Saint-Saëns; organist at Rennes and in Paris churches; after participating in the Franco-German war taught at the Niedermeyer School, and in 1877 became conductor at the Madeleine; succeeded Massenet as professor of composition at the Conservatoire, 1896, and Dubois as director, 1905, and academician. He composed many sonss, duets, piano rector, 1905, and academician. He composed many songs, duets, piano pieces, sonata Berceuse, Andante for violin and piano, elegy, romance, serenade, etc., for 'cello and piano, 2 piano quartets, a piano quintet, a violin concerto, a ballade for piano and orch. 2 orch. suites, symphony in D (MS.), choral works with orch., Requiem, and other church music, also 2 operas ('Prometheus,' 1900, and 'Penelope,' 1913) and an operetta L'organiste. Bef.: III. 291ff; songs. V. 349ff; piano 1913) and an operetta L'organiste. Ref.: III. 291ff; songs, V. 349ff; plano music, VII. 352f; opera, IX. 475; mus. ex., XIV. 87; portrait, V. 346. See also individual indexes.

FAURE, Jean Baptiste (1830-1914): b. Moulins, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire and with Trevaux at the Madeleine; first baritone at the Opéra-Comique, where he created rôles in operas of Grisar, Auber and Meyerbeer. He sang in opera in London, Brussels, Berlin and Vienna, where he was created imperial chamber singer. was created imperial chamber singer. Fauré was a good actor as well as singer; his wife, Mile. Lefebre, whom he married 1859, was a member of the Opéra Comique. In 1857 he taught at the Conservatoire. He published 2 books of songs and in 1888 a Traité.

FAUST, Karl (1825-1892): b. Neisse, Silesia, d. Bad Cudowa; bandmaster at Luxemburg, Frankfort-on-Oder, Breslau; conductor of orchestra at the Silesian Concerts and director of mu-sic at Waldenburg. He wrote marches

and dance tunes.

Favart, Paris; author of Mémoires et rayart, Paris; author of Memotres et correspondences littéraures (3 vols., 1808). Ref.: II. 24, 31; IX. 42, 70, 81. (2) Marie Justine Duronceray (1727-1772): b. Avignon; said to have collaborated with her husband (1) on his operettas, in the leading rôles of which she excelled as actress and singer.

oberetas, in the leading roles of which she excelled as actress and singer.

FAWCETT (1) John (1789-1867): b. Wennington, Lancashire, d. Bolton; abandoned the trade of a shoemaker for the musical profession and composed church music, still locally popular, an oratorio, published 3 collections of psalms and hymn tunes, etc. (2) John, son of (1) (ca. 1824-1857): b. Bolton, d. Manchester; organist at Farnworth and Bolton; studied with S. Bennett at the London Royal Academy; Mus. B., Oxford; composed a cantata and other music.

FAY (1) Amy (1844-): b. Bayou Goula, Miss.; studied with Taussig, Kullak and Liszt; planist and teacher at Chicago and New York; published Music Study in Germany (1881). (2) C. N. (19th cent.): Amer. musical patron; instrumental in establishing Chicago Orchestra, 1890. Ref.: IV. 191.

FAY, Guillaume de. See Dufay.

FAYOLLE, François Joseph Marie (1774-1852): b. Paris, d. there; pub. with Choron, a Dictionnaire historique des musiciens (2 vols., 1810-11), also Notices sur Corelli, Tartini, etc. (1810), Sur les drames lyriques, etc. (1813), Paganini et Bériot (1830).

FAYRFAX, Robert (ca. 1470-1521): organist at St. Albans' Abbey, Mus. D., Cambridge, 1502; Gentleman of the Chapel in the reign of Henry VIII, and attendant upon the Field of the Cloth of Gold; composed masses, magnificats and songs and was accounted first among English composers of his day.

and songs and was accounted first among English composers of his day.

FECHNER, Gustav Theodor (1801-1887): b. Gross-Särchen, d. Leipzig; professor and writer on physics; wrote also on sound and asthetics. FEDERICI, Vincenzo (1764-1827): b. Pesaro, d. Milan; professor of coun-terpoint and censor at Milan Conserva-tory: composed 44 serious operas one

tory; composed 14 serious operas, one comic, produced in Italy and Paris. He wrote also several cantatas. Ref.: IX.

FEDERLEIN, G. H. (1835-): b. Neustadt-an-der-Aisch, near Nürnberg; studied at the Conservatory at Munich; settiled in New York, to teach and write. Ref.: VI. 501.

FEINHALS, Fritz (1869-): b. Cologne; pupil of Giovanni and Selva; sang in Essen and Mayence and from 1898 as heroic baritone at the Munich court opera

court opera.
FELSTED, Samuel: 18th cent. com-

poser of oratorio. Ref.: IV. 61.

FAUSTINA. See Hasse, Faustina.
FAVART (1) Charles Simon (1710-1792): b. Paris, wrote texts of about 150 operettas produced at the Salle

FELTON, [Rev.] William (1713-1769): b. Cambridge; composer for harpsichord, on which he was a distinguished performer.

FELTRE, Alphonse Clarke, Comte de (1806-1850): b. Paris, d. there; oper-

atic composer.

FENAROLI, Fedele (1730-1818): b. Lanciano, Abruzzi, d. Naples; studied with Durante at Naples, where he later taught Cimarosa and other distinguished composers; composed church music of simple character and a method for thoroughbass (1775, many editions).

FENELL (or Ffinell): d. 1709, Dublin; organist at St. Patrick's, Dublin; organist at Christ Church Cathedral;

organist at Christ Church Cathedral; manuscript compositions still extant in the Chester Cathedral Library.

FENTON, Lavinia: d. Greenwich 1760; singer and actress on London stage; created the part of Polly in the Beggar's Opera'; afterward became the Duchess of Bolton. Ref.: IX. 78.

FEO, Francesco (ca. 1685-post

Duchess of Bolton. Ref.: 1X. 78. FEO, Francesco (ca. 1685-post 1740): b. Naples; famous opera composer of the Neapolitan school. He studied with Ghizzi, whom he succeeded, in 1740, as teacher at the Naples Cons. della Pietà. He produced his first opera, L'Amor turannico, ossia Zenobia, at Naples, 1713, and 5 others to 1731. Feo also wrote 3 intermezzi, an oratorio, masses, and other churchmusic. Ref.: I. 400f; II. 6, 8, 11; IX. 21. FERRAGUIT. Beltrame (early 15th

FERAGUT, Beltrame (early 15th cent.): French and possibly Provençal composer, 12 pieces from whom have been preserved and are to be found in

Bologna and Oxford.

FERDINAND III, Emperor of Germany (1637-1657): patron of Italian opera in Vienna; himself a composer whose works were preserved and published in 1892 by Adler. Ref.: VI.

FERLING (1) Franz Wilhelm (1796-1874): b. Halberstadt, d. Brunswick; court oboist and composer of études and concertos for the oboe. (2) Gustav (1835-1914): b. Brunswick; 1st oboist in the Stuttgart court orchestra; teacher of pienforts of the Concerns. onoist in the staticage teacher of planoforte at the Conserva-tory there. (3) Robert (1843-1881): b. Brunswick, d. St. Petersburg; member of the Stuttgart orchestra; Russian imperial chamber musician.

FERNANDEZ, Antonio (early 17th cent.): b. Souzel, Portugal, d. Lisbon (?); church conductor at Lisbon, where he published a theoretical work, 1626. FERNANDEZ-CABALLERO, Man-

he published a theoretical work, 1626. FFERNANDEZ-CABALLERO, Manuel (1835-1906): b. Murcia, d. Madrid; studied at Madrid Conservatory and became popular as writer of Spanish operettas, or zarzuelas, producing about 220 in 50 years. Besides these, he wrote some church music.

FFERRABOSCO (1) Domenico (16th cent): church conductor in Balogna.

Felton
gorian chant and mensural music; com- madrigals and motets. (2) Alfonso
(ca. 1525-1589): b. Bologna, d. Turin;
Domenico. musician in the (ca. 1525-1539): b. Bologna, d. Turin; son of Domenico, musician in the courts of Queen Elizabeth and later of the Duke of Savoy; friend of Byrd and composer of madrigals preserved in collections by Young, Phalese, Morley and Clifford. Ref.: X. 84. (3) Alfonso, son of (2) (ca. 1575-1628): b. Greenwich; teacher of music to Prince of Wales, 1605; wrote 'Ayres' and Lezione per viola. (4) Alfonso and (5) Henry; sons of (3); musicians at the English court. (6) Constantino: musician and composer at the Viennese court at the end of the 16th cent. (7) John (d. 1682): organist at the Cathedral of Ely.

FERRARI (1) Benedetto (1597-1681): b. Reggio, d. Modena; studied in

1681): b. Reggio, d. Modena; studied in Rome and acquired a reputation as virtuoso on theorher constitution. tuoso on theorbo; operatic librettist in Venice, where Manelli and Monteverdi wrote the settings; of his opera, Armida, he wrote both text and music. He was a member of the band of the Modena court, in the service of Ferdinand in Vienna, and maestro di cappella at the Modena court. He is distributed by Europe se the originator. pella at the Modena court. He is distinguished by Burney as the originator of the term 'cantata,' used in his Musiche varie a voce sola. Ref.: IX. 12, 59. (2) Carlo (1730-1789): b. Piacenza, d. Parma; brother of Domenico; 'cellist, member of the Parma court band; the first to introduce into Italy the use of the thumb in 'cello fingering. Ref.: VII. 591. (3) Domenico (d. 1780): b. Piacenza, d. Paris; virtuoso on violin; studied with Tartini and at Cremona received with applause in Vienna and Paris; published sonatas for violin and paris; published sonatas for violin and bass, and trio sonatas. Ref.: VIII. 404. (4) Jacopo Gotifredo (1759-1842): b. Roveredo, South Tyrol, d. London; studied in a monastery near Chur, also with Latilla and Campan, who took him to Paris as conductor and royal accompanist. During the revolution he taught music in London. and royal accompanist. During the revolution he taught music in London. Besides 5 operas, 2 ballets and an oratorio, he wrote pieces for piano, for harp and flute, and published a Treatise of Singing' and a work on the practice and theory of music. (5) Francisca (ca. 1800-1828): b. Christiana, d. Gross-Salzbrunn; harpist. (6) Serafino Amadeo de' (1824-1998). 1885): b. Genoa, d. there as dir. of the 1885): b. Genoa, d. there as dir. of the Cons., opera composer. (7) Carlotta (1837-1907): b. Lodi, d. Bologna; studied at Milan Conservatory, composed operas, a Requiem and Italian songs. (8) Emilio: b. 1851; composer of 4 operas and an operetta produced in Milan. (9) Gabriella (1851-): b. Italy; studied with Leborne, Ketten, Gounod and Duprato; pianist and composer of 3 operas produced at Monte Carlo and Paris; she wrote also orchestral suites and songs. wrote also orchestral suites and songs. (10) Gustave (1872-): b. Geneva; cent.): church conductor in Bologna, (10) Gustave (1872-): b. Geneva; singer in Papal choir, composer of pupil of the Cons. there, and of Gigout, Paris; composer of music for mine (1858-): b. Tramutola; stud-Irving's 'Hamlet' (1905), Rousseau cantata, Almanach aux umages, for women's chorus and soli, a song cycle, Livre pour toi, and organ pieces. He has travelled for some years with Eyette Guilbert whose collection of Everet Collection of Everet Collections, when he also directed the Famiglia Artistica. In 1897 he was made Chevalier of the Italian Crown. He Everet Collection of the content of the content of the state of the Italian Crown. He work an orthest placeting and Than-

tata, Almanach aux images, for women's chorus and soli, a song cycle, Livre pour toi, and organ pieces. He has travelled for some years with Yvette Guilbert whose collection of French folk-songs he arranged.

FERRARI-FONTANA, Edoardo (1878-): b. Rome; début as tenor at Turin, 1910; sang Wagner rôles in Italy, and at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York; engaged for the Boston Opera Company, 1913-14; married Margarete Matzenauer, 1912.

FERRARI-TRECATE, Luigi (1884-): Italian composer of the operas, Il piccolo monianaro (1904), Galvina (1904), and Fiorella (1904).

FERRATA, Giuseppe (1866-): b. Gradoli, Romagna, studied with Sgambati at the Liceo of the Academy of St. Cecilia, Rome, also with Liszt; pianist and teacher, for some time in New York, then in New Orleans, composer of a number of piano pieces and études, a string quartet, pieces for piano and violin, also a small festival mass, a mass for men's chorus and organ, choral songs and songs. Ref.: III. 397, 398.

FERREIN: anatomist. Ref.: V. 56.
FERREIRA DA COSTA, Roderigo

FERREIN: anatomist. Ref .: V. 56. FERREIRA DA COSTA, Roderigo (1776-1825): b. Setubal, d. Lisbon; studied law and mathematics, was a member of the Lisbon Academy and

member of the Lisbon Academy and wrote a valuable book of theory, entitled Principios de musica.

FERRETTI (1) Giovanni (16th cent.): Venetian composer of canzoni and madrigals. (2) Don Paolo (19th cent.): b. Subiaco; abbot of the Benedictine monastery San Giovanni at Parma; member of the executive committee of the Italian St. Cecilia Society; pub. valuable works on rhythmic treatment of Gregorian Chant, Principi teorici e pratici de Canto Gregoriano (1906) and Il Cursus metroco e il Ritmo delle melodie del Canto trico e il Ritmo delle melodie del Canto Gregoriano.

FERRETTO, Andrea: contemporary HERRETTO, Andrea: contemporary Italian operatic composer; produced the operas L'amor d'un angelo (Vicenza, 1893), I Zingari (Modena, 1900), Idillio tragico (Venice, 1906), La Violunata (Vicenza, 1908, rev., 3 acts, Venice, 1913), Fantasma (Vicenza, 1908).

FERRI (1) Baldassare (1610-1680): b. Perugia, d. there; chorister at Orvieto, sang at the courts of Warsaw and Vienna a male sonrano whose virtu-

wrote an orchestral overture and rhapsody, songs and salon pieces, music for organ, violin and harp; 2 operas, etc.

FERTE. See Papillon De LA FERTÉ. FESCA (1) Friedrich Ernst (1789-1826): b. Magdeburg, d. Carlsruhe; studied in Magdeburg and Leipzig; concert violinist in Magdeburg, member of the Gewandhaus orchestra, soloist in the Oldenburg court Kapelle, at the court in Cassel, 1st violinist and concert conductor at Carlsruhe. Besides cert conductor at Carlsruhe, Besides quartets, quintets and other chamber music, Fesca wrote 2 operas, 4 overtures and 3 symphonies. (2) Alexander Ernst (1820-1849): son of Friedrich, b. Carlsruhe, d. Brunswick; concert pianist; composed and produced 4 operas, and wrote many songs which still retain their popularity.

FESCH, Willem de. See De Fesce,

WILLEM

WILLEM.

FESSLER, Eduard (1841-): b.

Neuberg, Bavaria; studied with Hauser,
Munich; operatic baritone.

FESTA (1) Constanzo (ca. 14901545): b. Rome, d. there; sang in the
papal chapel, wrote madrigals, motets,
a Te Deum, Credo, litanies, and Magnificat. He was the first noteworthy
Italian composer in the 'imitative' motet style, also one of the first madrigal
writers. Ref.: I. 273ff, 303f; VI. 72. (2)
Gluseppe Maria (1771-1839): b. Trani,
Naples, d. Naples; conductor of Neapolitan theatre and to the court; virtuoso on violin there and in Paris; he
wrote music for his instrument. (3) wrote music for his instrument. (3) Francesca, sister of (2) (1778-1836): b. Naples, d. St. Petersburg; studied with Aprile; sang in Italy, Paris and St. Petersburg.

FESTING, Michael Christian (1680[?]-1752): b. London, d. there; violinist at the English court, conductor and founder of a music society in London; composer for violin, also of odes and cantatas.

FETIS (1) François-Joseph (1784-1871): b. Mons, Belgium, d. Brussels; musical theorist, historian and critic. At 7 he wrote violin-duets; in his ninth At 7 he wrote violin-duets; in his ninth year he composed a concerto for violin with orch.; and at 9 was organist to the Noble Chapter of Sainte-Waudru. He studied at the Paris Conservatory under Rey, Boieldieu and Pradher. His first important theoretico-literary work (never completed) was an investigation of Guido d'Arezzo's system and of the history of notation. In 1806 he commenced the revision of the plain-song and entire ribual of the eto, sang at the courts of Warsaw and Vienna; a male soprano whose virtuosity has hardly been excelled. (2)
Nicola (1831-1886): b. Mola di Bari,
Italy, d. London; Neapolitan singing
teacher and dramatic composer.

FERRIER, Paul-Raoul-Michel-M.
(1843-): b. Montpelier; Parisian
composer of light opera.

FERRON, Adolf (1855-): theatre conductor in Berlin and Vienna,
composer of 2 operettas.

FERRONI, Vincenzo Emidio Car-

nimself to composition and philosophical researches into the theory of harmony. In 1813 he became organist of the collegiate church of St.-Pierre at Douai, and teacher of harmony and singing in the municipal music-school. From this period date La science de l'organiste and the Méthode élémentaire d'harmonie et d'accompagnement (1824). In 1818 he went to Paris where himself to composition and philosophtatre d'harmonie et d'accompagnement (1824). In 1818 he went to Paris where he published some piano music, and brought out several successful operas. He became prof. of composition at the Conservatoire, and in 1824 his Traité du contrepoint et de la fugue was published as a Cons. text-book. In 1827 he became librarian of the Conservatoire and founded to Revue music servatoire and founded La Revue mu-sicale, which he edited alone until 1832 (its publication ceased in 1835). He also wrote for Le National and Le Temps. In 1828 he competed for the prize of the Netherlands Royal Instithe with a memoir, Quels ont été les mérites des Néerlandais dans la musique, principalement aux XIV°-XVI° siècles ... which was printed by the Institute. In 1832 he began his famous historical lectures and concerts which Institute. In 1832 he began his famous historical lectures and concerts, which were first suggested by Choron. In 1833 he was called to Brussels as mattre de chapelle to King Leopold I, and director of the Conservatoire; he held the tor of the Conservatoire; ne neig the latter position for 39 years. He also conducted the concerts of the Academy, which elected him a member in 1845. The chief work of F. is his Biographic universelle des musiciens et bibliographie générale de la musique in 8 volumes (1837-1844; 2nd ed. 1860-65; Suppl. of 2 vols. 1878-1880, edited by A. Pougin). His other writings include Traité de l'accompagnement de la partition (1829); Solfèges progressifs A. Pougin). His other writings include Traité de l'accompagnement de la partition (1829); Solfèges progressifs (1827); La musique mise à la portée de tout le monde (1830; Ger. transl. by Blum, 1833; Engl. eds. London, 1831, and Boston, Mass., 1842); Manuel des principes de musique (1837); Menuel des principes de musique (1837); Manuel des jeunes compositeurs, des chefs de musique militaire, et des directeurs d'orchestre (1837); Méthode des méthodes de plano (1837); Méthode des méthodes de chant (1840); Méthode elémentaire du plain-chant (1843); Traité complet de la théorie et de la pratique de l'harmonie (1844); Notice biogr. de Nicolò Paganini (1851; with short history of the violin); Antoine Siradivari (1856; with researches on bowed instruments); Histoire générale de la musique (5 vols.; including only down to 15th cent.). Fétis composed 6 operas (1820-1832), symphonies and other works for orchestra, sacred music, and sonatas, etc., for piano. Ref.: VIII. other works for orchestra, sacred music, and sonatas, etc., for piano. Ref.: VIII. 51. (2) £douard-Louis-François (1812-1909): b. Vouvignes, near Dinant, d. Brussels; son of (1); edited Revue musicale' (1833-35); librarian of the Brussels Library; pub. Les musiciens belges to 1'étranger (1848), Les artistes belges à l'étranger (1857-65). (3) Adolphe-Louis-Eu-12, where he won the Holstein scholar-

gene (1820-1873); b. Paris, d. there; son of (1); music-teacher in Paris after 1856; composed for piano and har-

1856; composed for plane and nar-monium, and prod. an opera. FEURICH, Julius (1821-1900): b. Leipzig, d. there; plane manufacturer. FEVIN (1) Antonius de (ca. 1473-ca. 1515): b. Orleans; composer of important masses, motets, etc. (2) Robertus (15th and 16th cent.): b. Cambrai; conductor to the Duke of Cambrai; conductor to the Duke of Savoy; composer of masses and motets. FEVRIER, Henri Louis (d. Paris 1780): produced 2 books of music for clavecin (1734, 1755). Ref.: IX. 477. FFRANGCON - DAVIES, David Thomas (1860-): b. Bethesda, Car-narvon; abandoned priesthood to be-come a concert baritone; studied music with Latter Shakerneare and Bandeg.

with Latter, Shakespeare and Randeg-ger; sang in Berlin and teaches in the Royal Academy of Music, London. In 1905 he published 'The Singing of the

Future.

FIALA, Joseph (1751-1816): b. Lob-kowitz, Bohemia, d. Donaueschingen; oboist, 'cellist, conductor; composed two symphonies, quartets, duets for violin and 'cello, trios for flute, oboe and bassoon, and concertos for flute, oboe, bassoon and 'cello.

FURCH Zanto (1850-1900): b.

and bassoon, and concertos for flute, oboe, bassoon and 'cello.

FIBICH, Zdenko (1850-1900): b. Seborschitz, Bohemia, d. Prague; studied there and at Leipzig Conservatory, assistant conductor of the National theatre at Prague, director of the choir in the Russian church. He composed 7 Czech operas, Bukovin (1874), Blanik (1881), The Bride of Messina' (1884), The Tempest' (1895), Hedy (1897), Sarka (1898), The Fall of Arcona' (1900), besides the trilogy Hippodamia (1890-91, prod. Prague and Antwerp); 6 melodramas; Hochzeitscene, Windsbraut and 'Spring Romance' for chorus and orch.; 3 symphonies, 6 symphonic poems, 5 overtures, orch. suite; piano quartet, piano quintet (with violin, 'cello, clarinet and horn), 2 string quartets, about 400 piano pieces, etc. Ref.: III. 181ff; VIII. 382; portrait, III. 178.

FIBY, Heinrich (1834—); b. Vienna; studied at the Conservatory there; solo-violinist, director and teacher at Laibach; director and teacher in Znaim; composer of choruses and songs.

songs

FICHNA, Ida (1853-): b. Vienna; studied with Fuchs and Hölzl, singing teacher in Vienna. FICHTNER, Pauline. See ERD-

MANNSDÖRFFER.

MANNSDORFFER.
FICKENSCHER, Arthur: contemp.
American composer. Ref.: IV. 450.
FIEBACH, Otto (1851-): b.
Ohlau, Silesia; organist and Musikdirektor in Konigsberg, composer of an oratorio and 6 operas, prod. in Dresden

ship; teacher and director at Hamburg near Paris; Cons., conductor of the Philharmonic Pougin's edit there and conductor of the Boston Symbony Orchestra during 1908-12. He modern theat

phony Orchestra during 1908-12. He wrote a piano quintet, a string quartet, a symphony, songs, etc.

FIELD, John (1782-1837): b. Dublin, d. Moscow; pianist and composer; son of a violinist. Studied theory and piano-playing with his grandfather, an organist, and Clementi, with whom he went to Paris in 1802, where he created a sensation by his interpretation of Bach's and Handel's fugues, and to St. Petersburg, where he settled as teacher and virtuoso. After a Russian tour he and virtuoso. After a Russian tour he appeared in London (1832), playing a concerto of his own at the Philharmonic; then in Paris, Belgium, Switzerland concerto of his own at the Phillanmonic; then in Paris, Belgium, Switzerland and Italy. After a severe illness
he was taken back to Moscow, playing
in Vienna on the way. F., aside from
being a brilliant virtuoso, was an important composer. He forms the link
in the history of piano playing between
Clementi and Chopin. His pianoworks, aside from his Nocturnes, are
forgotten, but these are an original
creation, both their name and style being an innovation. Unrelated to the
established forms (sonata, etc.), they
prepared the way for the fanciful piano
piece, in free style, such as Chopin's
Nocturnes, etc. F. wrote 7 concertos,
4 Sonatas, 2 Airs en Rondeau, Air
russe varié, Polonaise, romanzas,
rondos, variations, etc., 2 fantasias and
18 nocturnes. Ref.: II. 258; VII. 55,
132, 176, 179, 183, 254, 278; portrait,
VII. 182.

FUELLITZ, Alexander von (1860-):

VII. 182.

FIELITZ, Alexander von (1860-):
b. Leipzig; studied music in Dresden
and became theatre conductor at Zurich,
Lubeck, and Leipzig; teacher in the
Stern Conservatory, Berlin, to which he
returned after teaching in Chicago in
1905 and directing the symphony orchestra there the following year. He
has produced 2 operas in Lubeck and
Hamburg; wrote many songs and a
romance for piano and violin. Ref.:
III. 20; V. 310f.

FIERENS-GEVAERT. Henri

FIERENS-GEVAERT (1870-): b. Brussels; studied music with Gevaert; published 2 books on contemporary music and contributes to musical journals.

musical journals.

FIGULUS, Wolfgang (16th cent.):
b. Lübben, d. Meissen; cantor at the
Thomasschule and at Meissen; edited
collections of sacred music, works of
Agricola, Ebert, Galliculus, etc.

FILBY, William Charles (1836-):
b. London; studied music in Paris, organist at St. Paul's, London, leader of
singing societies and composer of

near Paris; writer; contributed to Pougin's edition of Fétis' Buographie Universelle; author of 2 books on the modern theatre. (3) Filippo (1830-1887): b. Vicenza, d. Milan; studied law in Padua, but abandoned this profession to follow that of musical critic in Milan. Besides his journalistic criticisms, he published Musica e musicustand Printed Wagner (German 1875)

cisms, he published musica e musicista and Richard Wagner (German, 1876).

FILKE, Max (1855-1911): b. Stubendorf-Leobschutz, Silesia, d. Breslau; singer in the Breslau Cathedral and cantor in Duderstadt, then studied in 1880 at Leipzig Cons. and became chorus leader at Straubing, then directed the Cologne Singerkreis. He became the Cologne Sangerkreis. He became chapel master at the Breslau Cathedral, 1891, taught at the Royal Institute for Church Music, 1893; royal Musikdirektor, 1899. He wrote orchestral masses, a Requiem and other church and choral

music.

FILLMORE, John Comfort (1843-1898): b. New London, Conn., d. there; studied at Oberlin, and Leipzig Cons., substitute director of Oberlin Cons., one year, then teacher at Ripon and Milwaukee. He wrote three valuable text-books on musical history, translated Riemann's Klavierschule and Natur der Harmonik and assisted Miss Alice Fletcher in her studies in Indian music. music.

FILLUNGER, Marie (1850-): b. Vienna; studied at the Cons. there, with Marchesi and at the Berlin Hochschule; concert and oratorio soprano, noted throughout Europe, South Africa and Australia. She settled in England where since 1904 she has taught at the Royal College of Music at Manchester.

Royal College of Music at Manchester. FILTZ (Filz, Fils), Anton (ca. 1730-1760): b. Bohemia, d. Mannheim, where he was first 'cellist in the orchestra from 1754; pupil of Joh. Stamitz and gifted composer in his master's style, whom he approaches in originality and expressiveness, though not in workmanship. He wrote 41 symphonies (printed op. 1, 6 a 4 [quartets], op. 2, 6 with 2 horns, op. 5, 6 a 8, others in collections), string trios, trio sonatas, piano trios, 'cello sonatas, concerti, etc. Ref.: II. 67; VIII. 93, 145.

445.

FINCK (1) Heinrich (1445-1527):
d. Vienna; studied in Cracow; composer at the court of Albert I. Alexander and Sigismund I of Poland; then at the courts of Stuttgart (1510), Salzburg (1524) and from 1524 to his death Regens chori and teacher at the Schottenkloster of Vienna. He wrote songs pub. by Sablinger (1545) and Rhaw (1542). His Schöne gussellesene Lieder des ganist at St. Faur's, London, teader of singing societies and composer of church music, plano sonatas, operettas, organ works, etc.

FILIPPI (1) Giuseppe de ([?]-1856): physician and author of Saggio sull' estetica musicale. (2) Giuseppe de (1825-1887): b. Milan, d. Neuilly, poser of note and author of a work Fincke Fischer

on musical theory, published 1558. (3)
Henry Theophilus (1854-): b.
Bethel, Maine. After studying with
H. K. Paine in Boston, he went
to the Royal Music School of Munich;
then turned to psychology and anthropology. He is music critic on the New
York Evening Post, and author of biographies of Wagner (2 vols., 1893;
transl. into German, 1897); Edvard
Grieg (1906; transl. into Ger., 1908).
He also wrote Chopin and other Essays
(1889), Paderewski and His Art (1895),
Anton Seidl (1899), and Songs and
Song Writers (1900). Ref.: IV. 353,
368; V. 319.

FINCKE, Fritz (1836-): b. Wis
FINCE

1739): b. Milan, d. Turin; composed 27

seria operas, produced in Italy and
Vienna.

FIORILLO (1) Ignazio (1715-1787):
b. Naples, d. Fritzlar, near Cassel;
studied with Leo and Durante; composed operas, an oratorio, a Requiem,
Te Deums, etc.; conductor at the courts
of Brunswick and of Cassel. (2)
Federigo (1753-before 1823): b. Brunswick; performer on violin and viola
in Riga; Paris and London; conductor in Riga; composer of '36 Caprices,'
etc., for violin, and of ensemble
works.

FIUCKE, Fritz (1836-): b. Wis-

FINCKE, Fritz (1836—): b. Wismar; studied in Leipzig Cons.; violinist in Frankfort-on-Main; organist at Wismar; vocal teacher at Peabody Institute, in Baltimore, in 1879; author of Anschlagselemente (1871) and com-

of Anschlagselemente (1871) and composer of pieces for piano.

FINDEISEN (1) Otto (1862-):
b. Brunn; composer of 6 operettas produced in Bremen, Leipzig, Hamburg, etc., among them the folk-opera, Hennigs von Treffenfeld. (2) Nikolai Fedorovitch (1868-): b. St. Petersburg; studied at the Cons. there and in 1893 founded the Russian Journal of Music. He is a contributor to various Russian musical journals and a historian of Russian musical author of books on Glinka, Napravnik, and a historian of Russian music, author of books on Glinka, Napravnik, Seroff, Rimsky-Korsakoff, the Russian art song and other subjects.

FINGER, Gottfried (ca. 1658-after 1723): inhabitant of Olmütz; from 1685-1702 at the court of James II at

London, then chamber musician and composer of German opera at the court of Queen Sophie Charlotte at Berlin. From 1717 to 1723 he was councillor and court conductor at Mannheim. and court conductor at Manniettin. Besides operatic compositions in English and German, F. wrote sonatas for violin, gamba, flutes, oboes, etc.

FINK (1) Gottfried Wilhelm, and (2) Christian. See Addenda.

FINO, Giocondo (1867-): b. Turin; studied with Bolzoni in Turin;

Trin; studied with Bolzoni in Turin; composed a mass, a string quartet, Nubi di Vita for orchestra, an oratorio Noëmi e Ruth, and the operas Il Battista (1906), La Festa del Grano (1910) and Visioni di Dante (1916).

FIORAVANTI (1) Valentino (1764-1837): b. Rome, d. Capua; studied with Sala at Naples; from 1816 maestro di cappella at St. Peter's, Rome; composer of some church music and cantatas, also 77 operas produced throughout Italy, in Lisbon and in Paris. He was one of the most distinguished Italian composers of his day. (2) Vincenzo (1799-1877): b. Rome, d. Naples; church conductor in Naples and director there of the Albergo dei poveri; like his father (1) a composer of light operas, about forty of which he produced at Neapolitan theatres.

FIORE, Stefano Andrea (1875-

Vienna.

FIORILLO (1) Ignazio (1715-1787):
b. Naples, d. Fritzlar, near Cassel;
studied with Leo and Durante; composed operas, an oratorio, a Requiem,
Te Deums, etc.; conductor at the courts
of Brunswick and of Cassel. (2)
Federigo (1753-before 1823): b. Brunswick; performer on violin and viola
in Riga, Paris and London; conductor in Riga; composer of '36 Caprices,'
etc., for violin, and of ensemble
works.

FIQUE, Karl (1867-): b. Bremen; studied in Leipzig Conservatory; pianist, composer and lecturer, residing in Brooklyn, New York.

FISCHEL, Adolf Königsberg; studied Berlin cigar-dealer (1810-[?]): with Spohr; composed who string quartets and music for the violin.

of Anschlagselemente (1871) and comsors of pieces for piano.

FINDEISEN (1) Otto (1862-):
Brunn; composer of 6 operettes proluced in Brenen, Leipzig, Hamburg,
to, among them the folk-opera Herilevel of the Constant of Consta

court musician; composed the song Hoch Deutschland, herrliche Siegesbraut. (11) Karl August (1829-1832).

b. Ebersdorf, Saxony, d. Dresden; studied at Freiburg Seminary; organist of various churches in Dresden; composed the opera Loreley; a high mass; organ symphonies and concertos; orchestral suites, etc. (12) Paul (1832-1894); b. Zwickau, d. Zittau, where he was cantor in the Johanneskirche after 1862; founded the Zittauer Choralbuch. (13) Georg (1836-); b. Hanover; wrote many valuable articles on musical subjects for various journals; pub. works on the opera in Hanover, Hans von Bulow and others. (14) Emil (1838-1914); operatic bass. He sang in Graz (début 1857), Pressburg, Stettin, Brunswick, Danzig, Rotterdam, Dresden and from 1835 New York, where he later taught. Wagner rôles. (15) Franz von (1849-); b. Munich; famous 'cellist, retired as Generalmusikdirektor in Munich, 1912.

FISCHHOF (1) Joseph (1804-1857); h. Moravia, d. Vienna; abandoned the study of medicine at Vienna for a musical career and taught there privately and at the Cons. of the Gesell-schaft fir Musikfreunde. Besides piano works and ensembles he wrote the Versuch einer Geschichte des Klavierbaues and his manuscripts preserve valuable material for Beethoven biographers. (2) Robert (1856-); b. Vienna; professor at the Cons. there; prod. an opera st Groz (1968).

and his manuscripts preserve valuable material for Beethoven biographers. (2) Robert (1856-): b. Vienna; professor at the Cons. there; prod. an

opera at Graz (1906).

professor at the Cons. there; prod. an opera at Graz (1906).

FISH, William (1775-ca. 1863): b. Norwich, d. there; violinist, oboist and concert leader in Norwich, where he also taught. Composed songs and vocal works, sonatas and concertos.

FISHER (1) John Abraham (1744-1806): b. Dunstable, d. London; studied with Pinto in London; violinist in London, Dublin and Vienna; composed pantomines for Covent Garden, an oratorio, symphonies, preludes, etc. (2) William Arms (1861-): b. San Francisco; studied with Morgan, Parker and Dvořák, also in London; teacher and music editor in Boston; composer of songs, etc.

FISSOT, Alexis Henri (1843-1896): b. Airaines, Somme, d. Paris; trained at the Conservatoire, virtuoso on organ and planoforte and composer for the latter.

latter

FITELBEG, Georg (1879-): b. Dünaburg, Livonia; studied at the Warsaw Cons., conductor of the Warsaw Philharmonic Orchestra, 1908; pub. several symphonies, piano and violin music; other works in MS.

FITZENHAGEN, Wilhelm K. Fr. 1848-1890): b. Seesen Evynswick d.

(1848-1890); b. Seesen, Brunswick, d. Moscow; 'cellist and composer for 'cello; concert-master and professor at the Cons. in Moscow.

FLAUBERT, Gustave: French novelist. Ref.: IX. 389.
FLAXLAND, Gustave Alexandre (1821-1895): b. Strassburg, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire; taught music, founded a music publishing bouse and signs feature.

music, founded a music publishing house and piano factory.

FLECHA (1) Juan (1483-1553): b. Catalonia, d. Poblet, Tarragona; Carmelite monk and teacher of music to Spanish Infanta. (2) Fray Mateo (1520-1604): b. Catalonia, d. Solsona; court conductor at Prague; composer of sacred and secular music in Prague (where he was Kapellmeister to Charles V) and Spain. Whither he returned in

(where he was Kapellmeister to Charles V) and Spain, whither he returned in 1589; nephew of (1).

FLECK, Henry T. (1863-); b. Buffalo, N. Y.; founded Euterpe Choral Society, 1889, and the Harlem Philharmonic, 1890, which he conducted until 1901; then became professor of music at Hunter College, New York; conducted free concerts established by the Board of Education of New York City in 1910.

FLEGHER. Ange (1846-); b.

FLEGIER, Ange (1846-): b. Marseilles; studied at the Conservatory there and at Paris; produced Fatima, a comic opera in Marseilles, 1875; wrote besides orchestral cantata and 2

operas.

FLEISCHER, Oskar (1856-): b. Zörbig, Saxony; teacher of history of music at the Royal Hochschule fur FITZWILLIAM (1) Richard (d. Musik, professor extraordinary at the

the conservatories of Vienna and Paris; professor at Bucharest and virtuoso at the Rumanian court; for a time he taught in the Amsterdam Cons., and since 1908 he has lived in Berlin, where he has given violin soirées, etc. He visited the U. S. in 1914-15.

FLETCHER: (1) English poet. Ref.: VI. 141. (2) Alice C. (1845-). b. Boston; ethnology assistant at the Peabody Museum of American Archæology and Ethnology since 1882; author of 'A Study of Omaha Indian Music' (1893) and 'Indian Story and Song from North America' (1900).

FELINTOFT, [Rev.] Luke (?]-

Song from North America' (1900).

FLINTOFT, [Rev.] Luke ([?]-1727): b. Worcester, d. London; Gentleman of the Chapel Royal, minor canon at Westminster; possibly the inventor of the double chant, the earliest example of which is his in G minor.

FLITCH, J. E. Crawford. Ref.: (quoted) X. 190f.

FLODERER, Wilhelm (1843-).

Brinn; composer of 2 operas produced at Linz, also Unter der Linde, for soil, chorus and orchestra.

FLODIN. Karl (1858-); b.

University and custodian of the royal collection of musical instruments, Berlin; president of the Internationale Musikgesellschaft, 1899, and editor of its publications; wrote several works on musical instruments (1892, 1893), and musical instruments (1892, 1893), w. A. Mozart (1899), Neumen-Studien (3 vols., 1895-1904), etc.

FLEISCHER-EDEL, Katharina Wilhelmine (1875-): b. Muhlheim; studied in the conservatories of Cologne and Dresden; dramatic soprano in Dresden court opera, later in the Hamburg Staditheater.

FLEMMING, Friedrich Ferdinand (1778-1813): b. Neuhausen, Saxony, d. Berlin; member of Zelter's Liedertafel; composed many male choruses, including the popular Integer vitae.

FLESCH, Carl (1873-): b. Moson, Hungary; violin virtuoso; studied in the conservatories of Vienna and Paris; professor at Bucharest and virtuoso at the Bumanian court; for a time

ratories itic soitic sosongs and hymns.

FLORIDIA, Pietro (1860Modica, Sicily; studied with Cesi,
Modica, Sicily; studied with Cesi,
Serrão, Polidori and Lauro Rossi in
Naples, professor at Palermo Cons.,
1888-90, now teaching in New York;
prod. the operas Carlotta Clepier (Naples, 1882), Maruzza (Venice, 1894), La
Colonia libera (Rome, 1899), and Paoletta' (English, Cincinnati, 1910); puborchestral pieces, piano pieces, and
Berlin,
es, etc.
Ref.:

Ref.:

Ref.:

Tritto; became librarian of the archives
there, wrote a history of the Naples
Conservatories, their teachers and pupils, also on Wagner and on Bellini,
and a Metodo di canto; composed
church music, orchestral work and cantatas, besides songs in his native dialect. Ref.: (quoted) II. 16.

FLORIO, Caryl (pseudonym of Willam James Robjohn): contemp.
American composer of church music.

Ref.: (17. 359.

FLORIZEL. See Reuter.

FLORIZEL. See Reuter.

FLORIZEL. See Floreshim.

FLOROW, Friedrich, Freiherr von
(1812-1883): b. Teutendorf, Mecklen-

canon at Westminster; possibly the inventor of the double chant, the earliest example of which is his in G minor.

FLITCH. J. E. Crawford. Ref.: (quoted) X. 190f.

b. Brunn; composer of 2 operas produced at Linz, also Uniter der Linde, for soli, chorus and orchestra.

FLODIN, Karl (1858-): b. Wasa, Finland, studied at Leipzig Cons., music critic in Helsingfors, 1886-1905, writer on Finnish music and musicians; composer of Helena, scena for sop. and orch., music to Hauptmann's Hannele, corfège for wind band, male and women's choruses.

FLOERSHEIM, Otto (1853-): b. Aachen; studied at Cologne Conservatory; for some years editor of the New York 'Musical Courier'; composer for orchestra and planoforte; resident in Germany.

FLONDOR, Theodor Johann von (d. Berlin, 1908): Rumanian composer of one opera and one operetta.

FLONDOR, Theodor Johann von (d. Berlin, 1908): Rumanian composer of one opera and one operetta.

FLOOD, [William Henry] Grattan (1859-): b. Lismore, Ireland; gave up the church for a musical career; studied theory with Dr. Kerbusch and Sir R. Stewart; became organist at the pro-Cathedral, Belfast, 1878; at Thurles

19, 232f.

FLOWER, Eliza (1803-1846): b. Harlow, Essex; d. there; composer of hymns and anthems popular in their day, among them the original musical setting to 'Nearer, My God, to Thee.'

FLOWERS, George French (1811-1872): b. Boston, Eng., d. there; studied in Germany and played the organ at the English Chapel in Paris, then in various churches in London and elsewhere. He founded the Contrapunitist's Society and the British School of Vocalization. He composed fugues, a mass, vocal works, etc., and wrote on the construction of fugue and harmony.

FLUGEL (1) Gustave (1812-1900): b. Nienburg-on-Saale, d. Stettin; studied with Fr. Schneider at Dessau; taught at Köthen, Magdeburg, Stettin, and the Neuwied Semmary, where hecame Royal Musikdirektor, 1856; cantor and organist at Schlosskirche, Stetin after 1859; wrote many pieces for tor and organist at Schlosskirche, Stetin, after 1859; wrote many pieces for organ, instrumental music, choruses, etc. (2) Ernst Paul (1844-1912): b. Halle, d. Breslau; son of (1); organist and teacher; founded the Flügel-Verein; composed for the piano and organ and wrote songs and a cappella choruses, also choral works with orch. FODOR (1) Joseph (1752-1828): b. Venloo, d. St. Petersburg; studied with Benda and, after touring, settled as violinist in Paris, then at St. Petersburg. His compositions are concerti

violinist in Paris, then at St. Petersburg. His compositions are concertiand soli for the violin. (2) Josephine (1793-[?]): b. Paris, daughter of Joseph and a planist at 11 years of age. After her marriage in 1812 with the actor Mainvielle, she travelled as an operatic soprano and sang at the Paris Opéra Comique and the Italian Opera. She sang also in London, Naples and Vienna. (3) Enrichetta: daughter of Josephine; sang at the Berlin Friedrich

vienna. (3) Enrichetta: daughter of Josephine; sang at the Berlin Friedrich Wilhelm Theatre, 1846-49.

FOERSTER. See also FÖRSTER.

FOERSTER, Adolph Martin (1854-): b. Pittsburg, Pa.; studied at the Leipzig Cons.; living in Pittsburg as teacher and chernly conductor; corrected. the Leipzig Cons.; Ivving in Fittsburg as teacher and choral conductor; composed orchestral pieces (Festival, Dedication and Heroic marches, prelude to Goethe's 'Faust,' etc.), chamber music, arias with orchestra, songs, piano pieces, organ and church music. Ref.: IV. 196,

visits to Paris and Italy, and finally moved to Darmstadt. Ref.: II. 380; IX. 19, 232f.

FLOWER, Eliza (1803-1846): b. Harlow, Essex; d. there; composer of hymns and anthems popular in their day, among them the original musical day, among them the original musical setting to Nearer My God to Thee.' still extant.

FOHSTRÖM, Alma (1861-): b. Helsingsfors; studied with Madame Nissen-Saloman in St. Petersburg; concert soprano.

FOKINE (1) Michael: contemporary Russian dancer, associated with Diag-hileff in the modern reform movement

hileff in the modern reform movement (Ballet Russe). Ref.: III. 340; X. vi, 219f, 220, 228, 231, 244. (2) Vera (Fokina): wife of (1); Russian ballerina. Ref.: X. 171, 220, 221, 224. FOLVILLE, [Eugénie Émille] Juliette (1870-): b. Liége, Belgium; studied with her father and Malherbes, O. Musin and César Thomson; gave concerts (piano and violin) in Northern France, Belgium and London; professor of piano at Liége Cons., 1898; composed 2 piano sonatas, 2 books of songs, a piano quartet, 3 orchestral suites, church music, violin pieces, an opera, Atala (Lille, 1892; Rouen, 1893), and numerous other works.

FOMIN, E. P. (1741-1800): earliest composer of Russian birth. Ref.: IX. 380.

FONTAINE (1) Mortier de. MORTIER. (2) Petrus (early 15th cent.): singer in the Papal chapel and composer of rondeaux. (3) - Hendrik (1857-): b. Antwerp; student and later singing teacher at Antwerp Conservatory; concert bass; sang in Renoit's Inviter servatory; cond Benoit's Lucifer.

FONTANA (1) Giovanni Battista ([?]-1630): d. Brescia; composed sonatas for violin with 'cello, for 2 violins with bassoon, for 3 violins, etc. Ref.: I. 368; VII. 383, 476. (2) Jules (1810-1869): b. Warsaw, d. Paria: tacker and priorist in London Paris; teacher and pianist in London. Paris, America; composer for piano-

Ref .: VI. 380. FONTANE, Theodor. FOOTE, Arthur William (1853-): b. Salem, Mass.; studied with B. J. Lang, S. A. Emery, and J. K. Paine, and graduated A. M. at Harvard in orchestral pieces (Festival, Dedication and Heroic marches, prelude to Goethe's Faust,' etc.), chamber music, arias with orchestra, songs, piano pieces, organ and church music. Ref.: IV. 196, 197.

FOGGIA, Francesco (1604-1688): b. Rome, d. there; composer and conductor in courts of Bonn, Munich and Vienna, in churches at Narni, Monte Fiascone and Rome; he followed the Roman School and wrote masses, motets, offertories, and other church music.

FOGLIANI (or Fogliano, or Foglianus) (1) Ludovico (late 15th cent.-ca. 1539): b. Modena, d. there; musical theorist who was among the first (with)

of Rheinberger, Reinecke, Raff, Jensen, etc., estab. in Leipzig since 1862.

FORCHHAMMER, Theophil (1847-):

b. Schiers, Graubunden; studied at the conservatory of Stuttgart; became cathedral organist and royal music di-rector in Magdeburg; composed organ concerto, and pieces for organ, piano

and songs.
FORD (1) Thomas (ca. 1580-1648):
b. England; musician to Prince Henry, son of James I, and to Charles I; wrote 'Musicke of Sundrie Kindes . . ' son of James I, and to Charles I; wrote 'Musicke of Sundrie Kindes...' (1607), the madrigal 'Since First I Saw Your Face,' songs in Leighton's 'Teares' and canons in Hilton's 'Catch That Catch Can.' (2) Ernest A. C. (1858-): b. London; pupil of Sullivan and of Lalo in Paris; conductor at the Empire Theatre, London. He composed 'Daniel O'Rourke,' opera (1884), 'Nydia,' duologue (1889), 'Joan,' opera (1890), 'Mr. Jericho,' operetta (1893), 'Jane Annie or The Good-Conduct Prize,' comic opera (London, 1893); a cantata for fe

or the Good-Conduct Prize, comic opera (London, 1893); a cantata for female voices, a motet, ballets, songs, duets, etc. Ref., III. 430, 432.

FORKEL, Johann Nikolaus (1749-1818): b. Meeder, near Coburg, d. Göttingen; Chorprafect at Schwerin; organist and harpist. He became organist at the Univ. of Göttingen and Musikdirektor in 1778; specialized in musical history and became hop. Dr. phil sikdirektor in 1778; specialized in musical history and became hon. Dr. phll. He wrote ther die Theorie der Musik (1774); Musikalisch-kritische Bibliothek (1778-9, 3 vols.); ther die beste Einrichtung öffentlicher Concerte (1779); Genauere Bestimmung einiger musikalischer Begriffe (1780); Musikalischer Almanach für Deutschland (1782, 1783, 1784, 1789); Allgemeine Geschichte der Musik (1788 to 1801, 2 vols.; only down to 1550); Allgemeine Litteratur der Musik (1792); ther Joh. Seb. Bachs Leben, Kunst und Kunstwerke (1803; Engl. transl., 1820). He transcribed in modern notation, Graphaus' Missæ XIII (1539), and the Liber XV missarum of Petrejus (1538); masses by Okeghem, Obrecht, and the Liber XV missarum of Petrejus (1538); masses by Okeghem, Obrecht, Josquin, and others. Only the proof-sheets, corrected by F., are preserved in the Berlin Library, the plates having been destroyed by the French troops. He composed sonatas and variations, songs, oratorio Hiskias, 2 cantatas, Die Macht des Gesangs and Die Hirten an der Krippe zu Bethlehem; also symphonies, trios, choruses, etc. Ref.: II. 31.

FORMES (1) Karl Johann (1816-1889): b. Mülheim-on-Rhine, d. San Francisco; made his début as operatic bass at Cologne, 1841; sang in Mannheim, London, and the United States. (2) Theodor (1826-1874): b. Mühlheim, d. near Bonn; brother of (1); made his début as tenor at Ofen, 1846; sang at Vienna, Mannheim, Berlin and in the United States.

FORMSCHNEIDER. See GRAPHEUS.

Naples, d. there; composed the operas Maria di Torre (Naples, 1873), Salammbo e Zuma (ib., 1881), and Un dramma in vendemmia (Florence, 1896).

FÖHNER, Christian (1610-1678): b. Wettin, d. there; organ-builder, and inventor of the 'wind-gauge' (1675); his organs at Halle (Ulrichskirche) and Weissenfels (Augustusburg) are still in use. Ref.: VI. 405.

FÖRNIA-LABEY (née Newman), Rita (1878-): b. San Francisco;

FORNIA-LABEY (née Newman), Rita (1878-): b. San Francisco; studied with Jean de Reszke, Paris, and Frau Nicklass-Kempner, Berlin; début as coloratura soprano at Ham-burg; sang in various cities of Ger-many, Covent Garden, London, and at the Metropolitan Opera House, New

York, since 1908.

FORONI, Jacopo (1825-1858): b. Verona, d. Stockholm; directed an Italian operatic troupe, conducted at the Stockholm court, and composed 4 operas, besides overtures and études

secandary countries and studes for piano.

FORSTER (1) Georg (ca. 1514-1558): b. Amberg, d. Nuremberg; physician who pub. a great collection of German songs (5 parts, 15[?], 1539-56).

(2) Georg ([?]-1587): b. Annaberg, Saxony, d. Dresden; court Kapellmeister there. (3) William (1739-1808): b. Brampton, d. London; violin maker, whose 'cellos are especially valuable and rare. His son William (1764-1824) succeeded him. (4) Joseph (1845-): b. Trofaiach, Styria; composer of the operas Die Walifahrt der Konigin (Vienna, 1878), Die Rose von Pontevedra (Gotha, 1893), Der tod Mon (Vienna, 1902), and 2 ballets for Vienna (1881, 1883).

enna (1881, 1883).

FÖRSTER (1) Caspar (Sr.): cantor in Danzig, 1607, Kapellmeister of St. Mary's church there, 1627, and proprietor of a book store. (2) Caspar (Jr.) (1617-1673): b. Danzig, d. near there; cousin of (1), in whose book store he was employed, and whom, after musical activities in Warsaw and Italy, he succeeded in St. Mary's church; court Kapellmeister in Copenhagen, 1660-61; composer of an opera, church music, and theoretician. (3) Christoph (1693-1745): b. Bibra, Thuringia, d. Rudolstadt; chamber musician and later ducal Kapellmeister in Merseburg, Rudolstadt; chamber musician and later ducal Kapellmeister in Merseburg, then court Kapellmeister in Rudolstadt. Of his compositions 26 church cantatas, a mass, a Sanctus, and setting of psalm 117, also 4 secular cantatas, 12 symphonies, 6 orchestral suites, concertos, richin sonatos and a trio for 2 violins. phonies, 6 orchestral suites, concertos, violin sonatas and a trio for 2 violins and continuo are preserved. Ref.: II. 7. (4) Emanuel Aloys (1748-1823): b. minimum, London, and the United States. 2) Theodor (1826-1874): b. Mühleim, d. near Bonn; brother of (1); inde his début as tenor at Ofen, 1846; and the United States. 4 Vienna, Mannheim, Berlin and the United States. FORMSCHNEIDER. See Grapheus. FORMARI, Vincenzo (1848-1900): b.

of the Vienna court opera 170m 190s since when F. has lived in Vienna.

FORTSCH, Johann Philipp (1652-1732): b. Wertheim, Franconia, d. Eutin; physician by profession, but adopted music, sang in Hamburg, and succeeded Theile at Gottorp as Kapell-meister to the Duke of Schleswig, 1680. He wrote 12 operas; clavichord-concertos, etc. Ref.: IX. 30.

FORSYTH, Cecil (1870-): b. Kent, England; studied with Sir Herbert Stanley and with Sir C. Villiers Stanford at the Royal College of Music, London; composer of an opera, several overtures, a viola concerto in 6 min., Chant Celtique for viola and orchestra, string quartets, 2 masses, 4 orchestral studies based on Hugo's Leamisérables, many vocal pieces and a number of works for solo voice with orchestra; published 'Music and Nationalism' (1911) and 'Orchestration' (1914); contributor to The Art of Music. Ref.: (cited) VIII. 9, 20, 33, 36, 47.

47. Tester (1) Stephen Collins (1826-1864): b. Lawrenceville (Pittsburg), Pa., d. New York; American composer of songs in folk-style. He was chiefly self-taught, learned to play the flageolet at 7, wrote a waltz for 4 flutes and pub. his first song, 'Open thy lattice, love,' in 1840. During 1845-46 he wrote 'The Louisiana Belle,' 'Old Uncle Ned,' and 'O Susanna'; these were followed by 'My old Kentucky home,' 'Old dog Tray,' 'Massa's in the cold, cold ground,' 'Gentle Annie,' 'Willie, we have missed you,' I would not die in spring-time,' 'Come where my love lies dreaming,' 'Old folks at home,' 'Nellie Boyne,' 'Old folks at home,' Nellie was a lady,' 'O, boys, carry me 'long,' 150

Fraemcke

ough-bass (1805). Ref.: VII. 510. (5)
Noseph (1833-1907): b. Bohemia, d.
Prague, where he studied at the Organ
School; was organist and choir director
at various churches and the Dom; also
theory teacher at the Cons. and school
exammer in music; composer of polyphonic choral music acappella, masses,
Requems and organ music; author of a
harmony method. (6) Alban (1849-):
b. Reichenbach, studied at the Dresden Cons., concert master in various cities, choral conductor, conservatory teacher in Dresden, court Kapellmeister at Neustrelitz, 1882-1908; composer of a symphony, a festival march,
chamber music, 3 violin sonatas, instructive piano pieces, and 3 operas,
(3) Andolph Martin. See Forasser.
(3) Andolph Martin. See Forasser.
(3) Andon (1867-1915): b. Croatia, pianist and teacher in Berlin. (9) Josef
B. (1859-): b. Prague, son of (5),
critic and conservatory teacher in Hamburg; composer of 2 symphonies, a
symphonic poem, suites, 2 operas, a
Stabat Mater, and other sacred choral
works, also chamber music, piano
pieces and songs. His wife, Bertha
Lauterer, is an opera singer; member
of the Vienna court opera from 1903
since when F. has lived in Vienna.
FORTSCH, Johann Philipp (16521732): b. Wertheim, Franconia, d.
Eutin; physician by profession, but
adopted music, sang in Hamburg, and
succeeded Theile at Gottorp as Kapellmeister to the Duke of Schleswig, 1680.
He wrote 12 operas; clavichord-concertos, etc. Ref.: IX. 30.

FORSTH, Ceeli (1870ken, England; studied with Sim HerFORSTH, Ceeli (1870ken, England; studied with Sim Hercomposer of the Vienna court opera from 1903
since when F. has lived in Vienna.
FORSTH, Ceeli (1870ken, England; studied with Sim Herstructive of the place of Schleswig, 1680.
He wrote 12 operas; clavichord-concertos, etc. Ref.: IX. 30.

FORSTH, Ceeli (1870ken, Chamber music, piano
composer of polyserver defended with Sim Hercomposer of the vienna court opera from 1903
since when F. has lived in Vienna.
FORTSCH, Johann Philipp (16521732):

lish and French music.

FOURDRAIN, Félix (1880-):
composed the operas Echo (Paris,
1906), La Légende du point d'Argentan
(ib., 1907), La Glaneuse (Lyon, 1909),
Vercingétorix (Nice, 1912), Madame
Roland (Rouen, 1913) and Les contes
de Perrault (Paris, 1913).

FOURNIER (1) Pierre-Simon
(1712-1768): b. Paris, d. there; introduced round-headed notes which he
described in Essai d'un nouveau carac-

duced round-headed notes which he described in Essai d'un nouveau caractère de fonte (1756), also pub. a treatise on the history of music printing (Paris, 1765). (2) Emile-Eugène-Alix (1864-1897): b. Paris, d. Joinville-le-Pont; studied at the Conservatoire, won the prix de Rome with the opera Stratonice (Opéra, 1892); pub. songs and wrote an opera, Carloman, which was not produced.

FOX, Felix (1876-): b. Breslau; studied at Leipzig Cons.; won the Helbig prize; then studied with Phillipp in Paris; became a teacher and pianist in Boston, 1897; with Buonamici founded a piano-school there, 1898.

(1855songs.

[Le] FRANC, Guillaume ([?]-1570): b. Rouen, d. Lausanne; singer and choir master in Geneva and Lau-

sanne; composed church music.
FRANCESCO DEGLI OF ORGANI.

See Landino, Francesco.

FRANCHETTI, Alberto, Baron (1860-): b. Turin; studied with Nicolò Coccon and Fortunato Magi, also in the conservatories of Munich and Dresden (Draeseke); composed orchestral and chamber music, also the orcaestral and chamber music, also the operas, Asraèle ('dramatic legend,' 1888), Cristoforo Colombo (1892), Fior d'Alpe (1894), Il Signor di Pourceaugnae (1897), and Germania, which was produced also in Covent Garden and the New York Metropolitan Opera House. Ref.: III. 369, 392; VIII. 446. (2) Valerio: Italian violinist, nephew of Alberto.

FRANCHI-VERNEY, Giuseppe Ip-olito. Conte della Valetta (1848-

FRANCHI-VERNEY, Giuseppe Ippolito, Conte della Valetta (1848-1911): b. Turin, d. Rome; founded a Quartet Society, 1875, and the 'Accademia di Canto Corale,' 1876; composed a lyric sketch and a ballet (Naples, 1896); wrote a paper on Donizetti (Rome, 1897).

FRANCHOMME, Auguste (1808-1884): b. Lille, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire; played 'cello in orchestra of the Opéra, 1827, of the Théâtre Italien, 1828; teacher of 'cello in the Conservatoire, 1846; composed many works for the 'cello.

FRANCHINUS. See Gafori.

FRANCHINUS. See GAFORI. FRANCIS I OF AUSTRIA. Ref .: II. 27.

FRANCIS II OF AUSTRIA. Ref.:

FRANCIS, Samuel (18th cent.): a musical pioneer in America. Ref.: IV.

musical pioneer in America. Ref.: 1V. 65.

FRANCK (1) Melchior (ca. 1580-1639): b. Zittau, d. Coburg, where he was court Kapellmeister from 1603. He published Melodiae sacrae a 4-12 (1600-7; 3 parts); Musikalische Bergreyen (1602); Tentsche Psalmen und Kirchengesänge (1602); Neue Paduanen, Galitarden, etc. (1603); Opusculum etticher newer und alter Reuter-Liedlein (1603); and a number of similar collections, both of secular and sacred music, settings of psalms and other scriptures, dances, occasional pieces, etc. Many are reprinted, others preserved in manuscript in various libraries. A list of his works was published in the Monatshefte für Musikgeschichte, vol. xvii. Ref.: VII. 472; VIII. 125. (2) Johann Wolfgang (ca. 1641-after 1695): b. Hamburg, d. London; prod. 14 operas in London from 1679 to 1686; also pub. violin sonatas and Geistliche Melodien (1831, repub. 1857). (3) Joseph (1820-1891): b. Liége, d. Paris; brother of César (4); 151

FRAGEROLLE, Georges Auguste | organist and teacher; pub. church musics, several operas, a pantomime, c. [Le] FRANC, Guillaume ([?]-170); b. Rouen, d. Lausanne; singer and several parts of the parts Cons., taking first prize in plano and second in the parts Cons., taking first prize in plano and second in the parts Cons. The proposed for the parts Cons. The proposed for the parts Cons. ing first prize in piano and second in composition; organ pupil of Benoist, whom he succeeded as professor of organ at the Conservatoire, and as organist at Ste. Clotilde, 1872. He is the originator of a distinctive style of extraordinary loftiness, nobility and richness, and one of the great modern developers of the classic forms; generally regarded as the true founder of the modern french school. He comthe modern French school. He composed a 4-act comic opera, Hulda (Monte Carlo, 1894); an unfinished 4-Monte Carlo, 1894); an unfinished 4-act lyric drama, Ghiselle (Monte Carlo, 1896); the oratonos Ruth et Boaz and La Redemption (1871); a choral symphonic poem, Les Béatitudes; a symphonic poem, Les Béatitudes; a symphonic poem, Les Chasseur maudit; another for piano and orchestra, Les Djinns; a symphony in D min.; a piano sonata, a violin sonata, a string quartet, a piano quintet, each a masterplece of its kind; also Prélude, Aria et Final and Prélude Chorale et Fugue, for piano, songs, etc. Ref.: I. 478; II. 439, 469ff, 371f; III. xi, xii, xiv, xviii, 205, 277ff, 279, 281f, 296; (influence) III. 301, 314, 319; songs, 354f; choral works, VI. 295f; organ works, 470f; piano comp., VII. 207, 345ff, 461; chamber music, VII. 547ff, 561, 58f, 586; orchestral works, VIII. 324, 334ff; opera, IX. 443, 454, 460; mus. ex., XIII. 362, 367; portraits, II. 470; VI. 300. mus. ex., XII 470; VI. 300.

FRANCKE (1) Kuno. Ref.: (quoted) II. 48. (2) August Hermann: founder of a piano factory in Leipzig,

1865

1865.
FRANCKENSTEIN, Clemens, Freiherr von (1875-): b. Wiesentheid, Lower Franconia; conducted in London, Wiesbaden, and Berlin; intendant at court opera, Munich, 1912; General-intendant since 1914; composed the operas Griseldis (1898), Fortunatus (1909) and Rahab (1911).
FRANCO (1) of Paris (sometimes called Franco the Elder), was mattre de chapelle at Notre-Dame, Paris, callod, A. D. (2) of Cologne, prior of the Benedictine Abbey at Cologne in 1190; b. Dortmund; author of Musica et cantus mensurabilis, Compendium de discantu, both printed in Gerbert's Scriptores. It is possible that historians have confused the two Francos,

and superintendent of the King's music (1760). He wrote 2 books of violin sonatas, and produced 10 operas together with Rebel. Ref.: VII. 406. (2) there; nephew of (1); violinist in Opéra orch.; assistant conductor, conductor, and for a while director of the Opéra. He composed a 1-act opera. He composed a 1-act opera. Tokke to there the composed a 1-act opera. Tokke to the tokke tok Opéra. He composed a 1-act opera, Ismène et Lindor (Opéra, 1766), other operas, and pub. Diapason général de tous les instruments à vent, etc. (1772). FRANK, Ernst (1847-1889): b. Mu-

nich, d. near Vienna; Kapellmeister at nich, d. near Vienna; kapeilmeister at Wurzburg, 1868; chorus-master at the court opera, Vienna, 1869; court Kapell-meister at Mannheim, 1872-77; succeed-ed Bulow as opera Kapellmeister in Hanover, 1879-87; composed 3 operas

and many songs.

FRANKE. Hermann (1834 b. Neusalz-on-the-Oder; cantor in Crossen and in Sorau; royal Musikdirektor; composer of sacred and secular ora-torios, songs, etc.; author of a hand-book on music and an introduction to

liturgical singing.

FRANKENBERGER, Heinrich Friedrich (1824-1885): b. Wumbach, Schwarzburg-Sondershausen; studied Heinrich there and in Leipzig; violinist, teacher and assistant conductor of the Hof-kapelle, Sondershausen; prod. 3 operas, methods for organ and harmony and was distinguished for his ability as a harpist.

harpist.

FRANKLIN, Benjamin (1706-1790):
b. Boston, d. Philadelphia; the great
American statesman and scientist, who
invented the 'musical glasses' which he
called the 'Harmonica'; also wrote various essays on the music of his day.

Ref.: IV. 29, 70.

FRANKO, Sam (1857-): b. New
Orleans; member of the Theodore
Thomas Orchestra, 1880, concert-master,
1884-91; founded the American Symphony Orchestra in 1894; gave chamber-music concerts at the Aschenbrödel
Club, New York, 1893-1901; teacher at
Stern Cons., Berlin, 1910; became a
private teacher in New York, 1915; pub.
works for the violin.

works for the violin.

FRANZ, Robert (real name Knauth, changed in 1847, by official permission) (1815-1892): b. Halle, d. there. He en-(1815-1892): b. Halle, d. there. He encountered parental opposition in youth but was allowed to finish his musical education under Fr. Schneider at Dessau (1835-37). He then devoted six years to the study of Bach, Beethoven, Handel and Schubert. F.'s first set of 12 songs appeared in 1843; he became organist at the Ulrichskirche, conductor of Singakademie and Musikdirektor at Halle Univ., where he received the title of Doctor of Music in 1861. In 1868 Halle Univ., where he received the true of Doctor of Music in 1861. In 1868 he resigned on account of deafness. He wrote 350 songs, besides church music, chorales, male choruses, revisions of Bach and Handel; also Mittellungen über J. S. Bachs Magnificat (1863), ther Bearheitungen filters Tonwalke

phonies, violin concertos, and other instrumental works. Ref.: VII. 418. (2) Ferdinand (1770-1833); b. Mann-heim, d. there; violinist, and composer; neith, d. there; violinist and composers studied composition with Padre Martini; court concert master, court Kapellmeister and director of the German opera at Munich; music director of the National Theatre at Frankfort-on-Main; composed nine violin concertos, a concerto for two violins, six string quartets, a symphony, operas and other works. Ref.: VII. 418.

FRASCHINI, Gaetano (1815-1887): b. Pavia, d. Naples; operatic tenor in Italy and England.

b. Pavia, d. Naples; operatic tenor in Italy and England.
FRASI, Guulia (18th cent.): Italian singer; appeared in Handel's works in England, 1743-58.
FRAUENLOB, surname of Heinrich von Meissen (d. Mayence, 1813): one of the last minnesingers, whose Marienleichen in their inflated style seem to show their composer's close relation to the Meistersinger. He is indeed supposed to have founded the first master singers' school at Mayence; 15 of his melodies are contained in the Colmar MS. F. is, according to a legend, said to have been carried to his grave by women. Ref.: I. 220, 222; VIII. 479.
FREDERICK the Great (Frederick II), King of Prussia (1712-1786): b. Berlin, d. Potsdam; was an accomplished flute-player and an amateur composer, having written an opera, Il re pastore, an overture ('Acis and Galathea'), flute solos, an aria and marches. C. P. E. Bach, Quantz, Graun, Benda and others were his musical mentors. Some of his works are pub. by Bretitopf and Härtel. Ref.: 1. 468f; II. 31, 48, 50, 58, 70, 78, 107, 204, 277; VI. 245; VII. 414; VIII. 150; IX. 82, 108; portrait, II. 58.
FREDERICK WILLIAM (1) II. King of Prussia. Ref.: VI. 179; VII.

FREDERICK WILLIAM (1) II, King of Prussia. Ref.: VI. 179; VII. 487, 494. (2) III, King of Prussia. Ref.: III. 198. (3) IV, King of Prussia. Ref.: II. 261.

FREDERIX, Gustav (1834-1894): b. Liège, d. Brussels; critic.

FREER, Eleanor, Everest: contemp. American song composer. Ref.: IV. 404.

FREIBERG, Otto (1846-): b. Naumburg; studied at the Leipzig Cons. and with Lachner; violinist in the court orchestra at Karlsruhe; music director at Marburg University and at Göttin-gen, where he was also professor ex-traordinary.

FREMSTAD, Olive: contemp. Ameriüber Bearbeitungen älterer Tonwerke, can dramatic soprano; b. Stockholm,

FRENE, Eugene Henri (ca. 1860-1896): b. Strassburg, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire; conducted the Alsatian Choral Society of Paris and the orchestra of the Ostend theatre; wrote the opera Quand on aime, prod.

FRERE, Roderick Walter How-FRERE, Roderick Walter Howard (1863-): b. England; Anglican priest at St. Dunstan, Stepney, 1887, now at Mirfield, who edited for the Plainsong Society the Graduale Sartsburiensis (1894), the Bibliotheca musica liturgica (a descriptive catalogue of mediæval MSS. in Britain, 1901) and the Gregorian Antiphonale Missarum (1896), etc., also prepared a new edition of Ravenscroft's Psalter, etc. FRESCHI. Glovanni Domenico

FRESCHI, Glovanni Domenico (1640-1690): b. Vincenza, d. there; composed church music, an oratorio, 'Judith,' and 14 operas, all except one of which was produced in Venice. Ref.: IX. 20.

IX. 20.

FRESCOBALDI, Girolamo (1583-1644): b. Ferrara, buried at Rome; famous organist, composer, pupil of Luzzasco Luzzaschi at Ferrara; travelled to Flanders and was probably organist at Mechlin, 1607. He pub. his first work, a collection of 5-part madrigals, at Antwerp, 1608 (printed by Phalèse); became organist of St. Peter's, at Rome, where 30,000 people are said to have attended his first performance, and held this post till he died, though in 1628-33 he was courtorganist at Florence. Froberger was his pupil, 1637-41. F. is also important as composer, having introduced daring innovations in harmony (foreshadowing our modern key-system), daring innovations in harmony (foreshadowing our modern key-system), new developments in fugal form, and improvements in notation. He published Fantasie a 2, 3 e 4 (1608); Ricercari et canzoni francesi (1615); Toccate e partite d'intavolatura di cembalo (1615): Il 2º libro di toccate, canzoni, versi d'inni, magnificat, gagliarde, correnti ed altre partite d'intav. di cembalo ed organo (1616); Capricci sopra diversi soggetti (Rome, 1624; repub. in Venice, 1628, with the Ricercari of 1615); 2 books of Canzoni a 1-4 voct per sonare e per cantare con ogni sorte d'istrumenti (1620, 1637); Arle musicali di toccate, Kyrie, canzoni, capricci et ricercari in partitura per sonatori con sonare e per cantare con ogni sorte d'istrumenti (1620, 1637); Arie musicali a più voci (1630); Fiori musicali di toccate, Kyrie, canzoni, capricci et ricercari in partitura per sonatori con basso per organo (1635). A fourth book of Canzoni alla francese was pub. at Venice, 1645, from manuscripts; in this form he also left Lamentazione, and In te, Domine, speravi for double choir. Ref.: 1. 358ff; III. 385; VI. 424f, and double fugue for large orchestra,

Sweden, stud. Chicago, Milwaukee, and with Lehmann; debut in Cologne; sang Amsterdam, Antwerp, Vienna, Munich, Covent Garden, Met. Opera House, New York, in all leading Wagner rôles, incl. Isolde, Kundry and Brümnhilde, also other operas. Created 'Salome' (in Strauss' opera) in America.

FRENE, Eugène Henri (ca. 1860-1866): b. Strassburg, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatorie; conducted the Kaiser Wilhelm Gedachtniskirche there since 1905; composed several operation. eras, a symphonic poem, incidental music, an overture, church music, pi-ano pieces and songs.

FREUDMAN, Ignaz. See FRIED-

FREUND (1) or Freundt, Cornelius ([?]-1591): b. Plauen, Vogtland, d. Zwickau; composer of Protestant church music. (2) Robert (1852-): b. Pesth; studied with Moscheles, Coccius, Taussig and Liszt; composer of piano-

Taussig and Liszi, composit of particles and songs.

FREY (1) M. ([?]-1832); violinist, conductor and operatic composer at the Mannheim court. (2) Adolf (1865-); b. Landau, Palatinate; https://doi.org/10.1009/10.1 Adolf

the Mannheim court. (2) Adolf (1865-): b. Landau, Palatinate; studied with Mme. Schumann, Faisst and Brahms; court musician to Prince Alexander Friedrich of Hesse, 1887-93; professor of music at Syracuse University, New York, since 1893.
FREZOLINI, Erminia (1818-1834): b. Orvieto, d. Paris; operatic soprano; her début was made at Florence in Beatrice di Tenda (1838); sang in several Italian cities as well as in London, Paris, St. Petersburg and New York. York.

FRIBERTH, Karl (1736-1816): b. Wullersdorf, Lower Austria, d. Vienna; tenor to Prince Esterhazy at Eisenstadt; Jesuit conductor in Vienna and composer of church music.

FRICHOT
said by Fetis to have invented the
Russian bassoon. Ref.: VIII. 51.
FRICK, Philipp Joseph (1740-1798):
b. Würzburg, d. London; organist at
the court of Baden-Baden; virtuoso on the musical glasses; teacher and writer in London.

er in London.
FRICKE (1) August Gottfried
Ludwig (1829-1894): b. Brunswick, d.
Berlin; operatic bass in Brunswick,
Bremen, Königsberg, Stettin and in the
Berlin Royal Opera. (2) Richard
(1877-): b. Oscherslehen; studied
in Berlin; organist, director and singing teacher in Insterburg; composer of
male chowness, a string cmartef, pieces male choruses, a string quartet, pieces for piano and organ.

a piece for 13 wind instruments and 2 harps; Verklärte Nacht for soli and orchestra; choral works for women's voices, and songs. Ref.: VI. 357.
FRIEDBERG, Carl (1872-): b. Bingen, Germany; studied at the Frankfort Cons.; taught piano there, 1893-1904; professor at Cologne Cons., 1904-14; toured the United States, 1914; professor of piano at the Institute of Musical Art since 1916.
FRIEDENTHAL. Albert (1862-):

Musical Art since 1916.

FRIEDENTHAL, Albert (1862-): b. Bromberg; studied with Agath, Steinbrunn and Kullak; pianist resident in Berlin; has made world-wide tours since 1882. He pub. Stimmen der Völker (5 books), Musik, Tanz und Dichtung bei den Krolen Amerikas (1913); wrote piano pieces and songs. Ref.: (cited) IV. 305.

FRIEDHEIM, Arthur (1859-): b. St. Petersburg; studied with Rubinstein and Liszt; toured America, 1891; taught in the Chicago College of Music, 1897; lived subsequently in New York, London, Munich and in New York again since 1913; wrote a piano concerto, piano pieces and songs; prod. an opera, Die Tänzerin, Karlsruhe, 1897.

FRIEDLANDER, Max (1852-):

FRIEDLANDER, Max (1852-): b. Brieg, Silesia; studied with Garcia and Stockhausen; Dr. phil. at Rostock, 1887, with the thesis Beiträge zur Biog-raphie Franz Schuberts; became pro-fessor and Musikdirektor at Berlin ressor and musikurektor at bernin Univ., 1903; exchange professor at Har-vard, 1911; pub. a complete edition of Schubert's songs and 100 Deutsche Volkslieder (1885); also assisted in preparing Volksliederbuch für Männer-cher (1906) and a similar work for mixed choirs; edited new editions of the songs of Schumann, Mendelssohn and Beethoven, and wrote many valuable critical essays.

FRIEDMANN, Ignaz (1882-); b. Podgorze, near Cracow; studied in Leipzig and Vienna; toured Europe since 1905; prepared a new edition of Chopin's work in 12 volumes; wrote plano pieces and pieces for 'cello and

York Symphony; composed the comic operas, 'The Firefly,' 'Katinka,' etc.; also wrote many piano pieces, songs and instrumental music.

and instrumental music. FRIMMEL, Theodor von (1853-): b. Amstetten, Austria; assistant custodian of the Imperial Museum, Vienna, 1884-93; director of the art gallery of Count Schönborn-Wiesentheid and teacher of history of art at the Athenaum there; editor of the Beethoven-Forschung since 1908; wrote many books on Beethoven.

FRISCHEN. Jasef (1862-): b.

FRISCHEN, Josef (1863-): b. Garzweiler, Palatinate; studied at Cologne Cons.; conductor of the Musiklogne cons.; conductor of the Musik-akademie and Philharmonic Concerts in Hanover, since 1902; Royal Musik-direktor and conductor of the Lehrer-Gesangverein in Brunswick; wrote 3 choral works with orchestra, instrumental pieces, etc.

FRISKIN, James (1886-): b. Glasgow; studied at Boyal Coll.

Glasgow; studied at Royal Coll. of Music, composer of chamber music, orchestra suite, motets. Ref.: III. 442; VII. 589.

FRITZE, Wilhelm (1842-1881): b. Bremen, d. Stuttgart; studied in Bremen, Leipzig and Berlin; toured France and Italy, conducted the Singakademie, Liegnitz, 1866-77; wrote the oratorios Fungel and David, a symphony, concertos for violin and piano, church music and songs.

music and songs.

FRITZSCH. Ernst Wilhelm (18401902): b. Lutzen, d. Leipzig; studied
at the Leipzig Cons.; secured the musicpublishing business of Bomnitz in
Leipzig in 1866, which he sold to
C. F. W. Siegel in 1903: pub. Wagner's collected works; edited the Musikalisches Wochenblatt from 1870 and
Musikalische Hausblätter in 1875. By Musikalische Hausblätter in 1875. By publishing the works of young com-posers, F. has been instrumental in furthering modern music.

FRIZ (or Fritz), Gaspard (1716-1782): b. Geneva, d. there; studied with Somis; violinist and composer of

leipzig and vienna; toured surope in since 1905; prepared a new edition of Chopin's work in 12 volumes; wrote piano pieces and pieces for 'cello and piano.

FRIEDRICH. See also FREDERICK.
FRIEDRICH AUGUST OF SAX-ONY. Ref.: VI. 148.
FRIEDRICH BARBAROSSA. Ref.: VIII. 414.
FRIEDRICH BARBAROSSA. Ref.: VIII. 414.
FRIES, Wulf (Christian Julius) 1825-1902): b. Garbeck, Germany, d. Rozbury, Mass.; played in the Bergen theatre orchestra after 1842; founded the Mendelssohn Quintet Club in Boston; gave concerts throughout the New England States until 1901.
FRIEZE, Henry S.: contemp. American musical educator. Ref.: IV. 268.
FRIME, See FRICK.
FRIME, See FRICK.
FRIMI, Rudolph (1881-): b. Henry S.: contemp. American musical educator. Ref.: IV. 268.
FRIEZE, Henry S.: contemp. American musical educator. Ref.: IV. 268.
FRIEZE, Henry S.: contemp. American musical educator. Ref.: IV. 268.
FRIEZE, Henry S.: contemp. American musical educator. Ref.: IV. 268.
FRIEZE, Henry S.: contemp. American musical educator. Ref.: IV. 268.
FRIEZE, Henry S.: contemp. American musical educator. Ref.: IV. 268.
FRIEDRICH SARBAROSSA. Ref.: VIII. 414.
FRIEZE, Henry S.: contemp. American musical prima demonstration of the more and the imperial choir and studied the organ. In 1637 he was court organ. In 1637 he was court organ. In 1637 he was court organ. In 1635-70. He then made to his post at Vienna; there he was given 200 florus to enable him to study in Rome under Frescobaldi, and after 4 years eturned to his post at Vienna; there he was spiven 200 florus to enable him to study in Rome under Frescobaldi, and after 4 years eturned to his post at Vienna; there he was court organ. In 1637 he was court organ. In 1637 he was court organ. In 1637 he was court organ. In 1638 he enable (No. 1605/17-1667): b. Halle(?), d. Hérican, piano concertos, the court, Haute-Saône, France, etchorated the organ. In 1637 he was court organ. In 1637 he was court

toccatt, canzoni, ricercari, capricci, etc. (1693; reprinted at Mayence in 1695), and Diverse curiose e rare partite musicali, etc. (1696); also Suites de clavecin (1 vol.). Ref.: I. 359f, 376; VI. 431, 442; VII. 15, 23 (footnote), 24, 32, 75, 104, 473; VIII. 284f.
FRÖHLICH (1) Joseph (1780-1862); b. Würzburg, d. there; founded a vocal and instrumental society for students, which became the Academic Institute

which became the Academic Institute of Music in 1804, when he became Do-zent and Musikdirektor at the Univ., advancing to professor of æsthetics, etc., in 1812. His institute became im-portant through various accessions, and is now the Royal School of Music. F. is now the Royal School of Music. F. wrote masses, a requiem, symphonies, an opera, sonatas, choral songs, etc., contributed musical articles to periodicals, and pub. a Musiklehre with directions for playing all instruments in use, also separate methods for each single instrument, and a vocal school. (2) Anna (1793-1880), Barbara (1797-1845), Josephine (1803-1878) and Katharina (1800-1879), four sisters, of which the first was vocal teacher at the Vienna Cons., and the second and third singers of note, the fourth being third singers of note, the fourth being known as the particular friend of the poet Grillparzer. (3) Danish composer. Ref .: X. 163.

FROMM (1) Andreas (17th cent.): cantor and composer at Stettin; composed the first German oratorio, 1649, Der reiche Mann und der arme Lazarus. Der reiche Mann und der arme Lazarus. His Dialogus Pentacostalis is still extant. (2) Emil (1835-): b. Spremberg; studied with Grell, Bach and Schneider; cantor at Cottbus and organist and royal director of music at Flensburg; founded a choral society for mixed voices; composed a Passion cantata, works for the organ and men's choruses (3) M. J. See Addende

choruses. (3) K. J. See Addenda. FRONTINI, F. Paolo (1880-): b. Catania; studied with Platania and Rossi; directed the Institute for Music

Rossi; directed the Institute for Music in Catania and composed an opera and an oratorio, produced in Bologna, 1893 and 1882 respectively. Ref.: III. 394.

FROSCHAUER, Johann (15th cent.): printer in Augsburg, the first said to have used movable type, 1498.

FROST (1) Charles Joseph (1848-): b. Westbury on the Trym; London organist and founder of a choral society; Mus. B. and Doc., Cambridge; teacher at the Guildhall School of Music and examiner at the School for Organists; composed oratorios, church

Stockerau; Kapellmeister to Count Nicolaus Esterhazy, and at the City Theatre, Linz-on-Danube; composed 3 operas, 3 masses, a symphony, etc. FRUGATTA, Giuseppe (1860-): b. Bergamo; studied at Milan Cons., and became professor there; composed various works for piano, instrumental pieces, etc.; also pub. a Preparazione al Gradus ad Parnassum di Clementi (1913). (1913).

FRUH, Armin Lebrecht (1820-1894): b. Muhlhausen, d. Nordhausen; operatic composer; inventor of the semeiomelodicon.

FRUYTIERS. (16th cent.): Jan

Flemish composer.

Flemish composer.
FRY (1) William Henry (18131864): b. Philadelphia, d. Santa Cruz;
music critic to the New York Tribune;
composed 2 operas prod. in Philadelphia, 4 symphonic poems, cantatas, a
Stabat Mater and songs. Ref.: IV. 132,
1671, 333f; portrait, IV. 332. (2) D. H.
(19th cent.): American critic. Ref.:
(quoted) IV. 130. (3) E. R. (19th
cent.): American impresario. Ref.: IV.
128. 128.

FRYER, Herbert (1877-): b. Hampstead, London; pianist; studied at the Royal Academy of Music, and became professor there; concertized in England and America; became professor at the Institute of Musical Art, New York, 1915; composed for the piano.

FRYSINGER, J. Frank (1878-): b. Hanover, Pa.; studied in Baltimore, New York, Philadelphia and London; director of Hood College Cons., Fred-erick, Md.; head of organ department at University School of Music, Lincoln, Ne

at University School of Music, Lincoln, Nebraska, since 1911; pub. many pieces for piano and organ.

FUCHS (1) Georg Friedrich (1752-1821); b. Mayence, d. Paris; studied with Cannabich at Mannheim; professor of clarinet in the Conservatoire, 1795; composed for the clarinet and wrote chamber music. (2) Aloys (1700 1821); b. Parece Silegia d. Vib. Catania; studied with Platania and Rossi; directed the Institute for Music in Catania and composed an opera and an oratorio, produced in Bologna, 1893 and 1882 respectively. Ref.: III. 394.

FROSCHAUER, Johann (15th effect). printer in Augsburg, the first said to have used movable type, 1498.

FROSCHAUER, Johann (15th effect). Divided the printer in Augsburg, the first said to have used movable type, 1498.

FROSCHAUER, Johann (15th effect). Westbury on the Trym; London organist and founder of a choral so-ciety; Mus. B. and Doc., Cambridge; teacher at the Guildhall School of Music and examiner at the School for Organists; composed oratorios, church services and anthems, choruses and organ sonatas. (2) Henry Frederick (1848-1901): b. London, d. there; organist and music critic; author of a biography of Schubert (1881, 2nd ed., 1889). (3) William Alfred (1880-): Aritiker (1898). Takt und Rhythmus im b. London; singing teacher at St. Paul's, and composer of church music.

FROTZLER, Carl (1873-): b. Stockerau, Austria; studied at the Vipenna Cons.; organist at the Pfarrkirche.

1894; prod. an opera, Zingara (Brünn, 1892), and made arrangements of Han-del, Schubert and Gluck. (5) Robert (1847-): b. Frauenthal; brother of (4); studied at Vienna Cons., and be-came professor of theory there, 1875; pub. symphonies, orchestral serenades, came professor of theoly there, 1673, pub. symphonies, orchestral serenades, an overture, much piano and instrumental music; prod. 2 operas. (6)
Albert (1858-1910): b. Basel, d. Dresden; studied at Leipzig Cons.; owner and manager of the Wiesbaden Cons., 1889-98; professor at the Dresden Cons. ince 1898; composed an orchestral suite, a violin concerto, instrumental music, songs, choruses, etc. (7) Karl (1865-): b. Offenbach; studied at the Hoch Cons. in Frankfort; played in St. Petersburg under Rubinstein; professor at the Manchester Royal College; pub. a 'Violoncello Method' (3 vols., 1906).

FUCHS, Ferdinand Karl (1811-1848): b. Vienna, d. there; studied at the Vienna Conservatory, composed songs, and 3 operas.

FUENILIANA, Miguel de (16th.)

songs, and 1 operas.
FUENLIANA, Miguel de (16th cent.): virtuoso on lute and chamber musician, produced and dedicated to Philip II of Spain a work for the lute containing, besides fantasias by Fhimself, lute arrangements of vocal compositions of Morales, the Guerreros, Flecha Vasquez and others.

Flecha, Vasquez and others.

FUENTES (1) Don Pasquale (18th cent.-1768): b. Albaida, Valencia, d. there; conductor of the Cathedral there and composer of church music. (2)

Francisco de Santa Maria de: Francisco ciscan monk; produced in Madrid, 1778,

Dialectos musicos.

FUERTES, M. S. See SURIANO.

FUGER, Kaspar (ca. 1562-1617): b.

Dresden, d. there; studied with Figulus
and at the Leipzig University; cantor
and deacon at the Dresden Kreuzschule; wrote Christliche Verse und Gesänge, etc.

FUGERE, Lucien (1848-): b. Paris; studied with Raguenau; baritoms singer in operetta and comic opera.

FUHRER, Robert (1807-1861): b. Prague, d. Vienna; studied with Vitasek; teacher at the School for Organists at Prague, conductor of the cathedral there: organist in Grunden. Bied dral there; organist in Gmunden, Ried and Vienna; prolific composer of masses and church music, composed for organ and wrote 2 books (on Greek

scales and on rhythm, 1847).

FUHRMANN (1) Georg Leopold (early 17th cent.): author of work for the lute in French and German tablature, published in Nuremburg, 1615.
(2) Martin Heinrich (1669-after 1740):
b. Templin, d. Berlin; cantor, theoretician and critic, most of whose writings were in the nature of polemics.

FULDA, Adam von. See ADAM. FULLER (1) Loie: contemporary dancer. Ref.: III. 364; X. 189, 190ff. (2) Margaret. Ref.: (quoted on Elssler) X. 155.

FULLER-MAITLAND, J. A. See

MAITLAND. FULLSACK, Zacharias (early 17th cent.): member of the council band at Hamburg; produced, with Christian Hildebrand, a collection of dance music, including compositions of Bateman, Borchgreving, Brade, Dowland, etc. FULSZTYNSKI, Sebastian (16th

Borchgreving, Brade, Dowland, etc. FULSZTYNSKI, Sebastian (16th cent.): Polish composer.
FUMAGALLI (1) Disma (1826-1893): b. Inzago, d. Milan; stud. in Milan Cons. and taught there from 1857; composer of over 250 pieces of piano music. (2) Adolfo (1828-1858): b. Inzago, d. Florence; pianist, brother of (1); pupil of Gaetano Medaglia, of Angeleri and Ray at Milan Cons. (1837-47); toured Italy, France, and Belgium, earning the sobriquet 'Paganin of the pianoforte'; wrote many elegant and effective piano pieces which became very popular. (3) Polibio (1830-): b. Inzago, Italy; brother of (1) and (2); pianist and composer piano and organ music. Ref.: III. 397. (4) Luca (1837-): b. Inzago, Italy; brother of (1), (2) and (3); pupil of Milan Cons.; concertpianist, played with great success in Paris (1860), and has written salonmusic for piano, also an opera, Luigi XI, prod. at Florence, 1875. (5) Vincenzo (1840-): teacher of composition at Milan Cons. (6) Mario Leon (1864-): b. Milan; studied with Ceina; baritone of note. Ceina; baritone of note.

Ceina; baritone of note.

FUMI, Vincesiao (1823-1880): b.
Montepulciano, Tuscany, d. Florence;
studied under Giorgetti in Florence;
opera conductor and composer.

FURCHHEIM, Johann Wilhelm
(ca. 1635-1682): b. Dresden (?), d.
there; violinist, 1655, court organist,
1666, concert-master, 1680, and vice
Kapellmeister, 1682; important violin
composer; pub. Musikalische TafelBedienung for strings and continuo,
Auserlesenes Violin-Exercitium (5-part
chamber sonatas, 1687), other works in
MS. Ref.: VII. 386.

FURLIANETTO (1) Bonaventura
(1738-1817): b. Venice, d. there; singing teacher, organist, director of a con-

(1738-1817): b. Venice, d. there; singing teacher, organist, director of a conservatory for girls there; composed masses, etc., for performance by his girl pupils; conductor at St. Mark's and teacher at the Philharmonic Institute. (2) Pier Luigi (1849-1880): b. Magliano, Venetia, d. Venice; composed masses, cantatas and operas.

FURNHJELM, ETIK Gustav (1883-): b. Helsingfors: professor of composi-

b. Helsingfors; professor of composition at the Helsingfors Cons. since 1909; composed a symphony in D, a Phantastic Overture, a piano quintet and a Konzertstück for violin and orch.

FURNO, Giovanni (1748-1837): b. Capua, d. Naples; taught Bellini, Ricci, etc., at Naples conservatories.

FURSCH-MADI, Emmy (1847-1894): b. Bayonne, France, d. Warren-ville; studied at the Conservatoire and made her début in Paris; sang in the

Fürstenan Fyffe

tan opera House, New York.

FÜRSTENAU (1) Kaspar (17721819): b. Münster, d. Oldenburg; flutist and chamber virtuoso. (2) Anton Bernhard, son of Kaspar (1) (17921852): b. Münster, d. Dresden; virtuoso on flute and composer for his instrument. (3) Moritz (1824-1889): son of A. B. (2), b. Dresden, d. there; virtuoso on flute, custodian of the royal private music collection, teacher at the private music collection, teacher at the Conservatory there. He was a distinguished student of musical history, wrote on the Dresden court opera and conservatory, etc., pamphlets and articles for musical journals and contributions to the Allgemeine deutsche

New Orleans French Opera Company, lished among other music, works of at Covent Garden and in the Metropolitan Opera House, New York.

FUX, Johann Joseph (1660-1741): b. Hirtenfeld, Upper Styria, d. Vienna. He was organist at the Schottenkirche, Vienna, in 1696, court composer, 1704, Kapellmeister at St. Stephen's, 1698, and Kapellmeister to the court in 1715, holding the post under 3 successive emperors, till his death. Of his works 405 have been preserved but few published. His famous treatise on counterlished. His famous treatise on counterpoint, Gradus ad Parnassum, was published originally in Latin (1725), later in Ger., It., Fr. and Eng. Though it did not recognize the modern system of ticles for musical journals and conticles for music

Gabler.

Gade

GABLER, — (d. Ravensburg, Wirttemberg, 1784): built the organ in Weingarten monastery (62 stops, 4 manuals and pedal).

manuals and pedall.

GABRIEL (1) Mary Ann Virginia
(1825-1877): b. Banstead, Surrey; composer of a cantata, 'Evangeline,' of operettas and popular songs. (2) Richard (1874-): b. Zackenzin, Pomerania; studied in Royal Institute for
Church Music and the Meisterschule of
Humperdinck: organist at Sagan; bis Church Music and the Meisterschule of Humperdinck; organist at Sagan; his compositions include a spring overture and choral works w. orch. (3) Max: contemp, theatre conductor in Hanover; composer of operettas produced with success at Magdeburg, Hanover, Breslau

and Berlin.

GABRIELI (1) Andrea (ca. 1510-1586): b. Venice, d. there; pupil of Adrian Willaert; chorister at San Marco in 1536, and in 1566 second organist. He was the most famous organist of bis time and counted among his pupils his nephew (2), and Hans Leo Hassler. of his many compositions the following are extant: Sacræ cantiones a 5 (1565 and 1584); Cantiones ecclesiasticæ a 4 Of his many compositions the following are extant: Sacre cantiones a 5 (1565 and 1584); Cantiones ecclesiasticæ a 4 (1576 and 1589); Cantiones searæ a 6-16 (1578); six-part masses (1570); 2 books of madrigals in 5 to 6 parts, 3 books in 3 to 6 parts, 2 books in 6 parts (1572-1586); Psalmi poenitentales 6 vocum (1583); Canzoni alla francese per l'organo (1571 and 1605); Sonate a 5 (1586). Many of his organ-pieces appeared in the Intonationi d'organo (1593), Ricercari per l'organo (3 vols., 1595), of his vocal music in the Canti conceriati a 6-16 (1587); also single pieces in Phalèse's Harmonia celeste (1593), Symphonia angelica (1594), and Musica divina (1595); a somet in Zuccarini's Corona di dodeci sonetti (1586), and songs for double chorus, for the reception of Henry III. of France, in 1574, are in Gardane's Gemme musicali (1587), Ref.: I, 330, 356; VI. 69, 421; VIII. 10; VIII, 123f. (2) Glovanni (1557-1612); b. Venice, d. there; nephew and pupil of Andrea (1), distinguished as organist, teacher (of Heinrich Schütz et al) and composer; leader of the Venetian school he published Madrigali a 6 voci o istromenti (1585); Madrigali e ricercari a 4 voci (1587); Ecclesiastice can-

22 voci (1615). His edition of the Canti concertati include 10 of his own compositions, while Andrea's Intonazioni positions, while Andrea's Intonazioni and Ricercari per l'organo (153-95) and other contemporary collections contain many others. Ref.: I. 356; VI. 69, 234, 321; VII. 10, 11, 471; VIII. 80, 123, 124; IX. 29.

GABRIELLI (1) Domenico (ca. 1640-1690): b. Bologna, d. Modena; maestro at the Church of San Petronic, and president of the Philharmonic

and president of the Philharmonic Academy, Bologna, 1683; prod. 9 op-eras; a volume of motets, Vexillum Academy, Bologna, 1683; prod. 9 operas; a volume of motets, Vexullum pacis (1695), Cantate a voce sola (1691) and a collection of dances for 2 violins, 'cello and basso continuo (1703) were pub. posthumously. (2) Catterina (1730-1796): b. Rome, d. there; operatic singer famous at all European courts. (3) Count Nicolo (1814-1891): b. Naples, d. Paris; studied at Naples Cons.; composed 22 operas and 60 ballets. ballets.

GABRIELSKI, Johann Wilhelm (1791-1846): b. Berlin, d. there; celebrated flute virtuoso, who toured, and wrote solo and ensemble pieces for flute. His brother Julius (1806-1878) and his son Adolf also devoted themselves to the flute.

GABRILOWITCH, Ossip (1876-): b. St. Petersburg; studied with Tol-stoff, Rubinstein and Leschetizky; con-cert pianist, conductor and composer for pianoforte. He toured the United States frequently with great success, and married the singer Clara Clemens, the daughter of Mark Twain, who appears with him in joint recitals. Ref.: portrait, VII. 364.

GABUSSI, Vincenzo (1800-1846): b. Bologna, d. London; studied with Padre Mattei; taught piano and voice;

Padre Mattei; taught piano and volce; prod. several operas and pub. a series of songs very popular in Italy.

GADE, Niels Wilhelm (1817-1890): b. Copenhages, d. there; was the son of a joiner and instrument-maker. He abandoned his father's trade after study in the violin for a time; then became a pupil of Wexschall, leader of the court orchestra, of which G. became a member; also studied theory with Berggreen. When 16 he appeared as a concert-violinist. In 1841 his overture Nachklänge von Ossian took the first prize at the Copenhagen Musical Society's competition, carrying with it a He published maarigali a o voct o istromenti (1585); Madrigali e ricer-cari a 4 voci (1587); Ecclesiasticæ cartiones 4-6 vocum (1589); Sacræ symphoniæ a 6-16 (for voices or instruents, 1597); Symphoniæ sacræ, lib. II, royal stipend for the further prosecution of the composer's studies. In

certs in Mendelssohn, frequently conducted the Gewandhaus concerts in Mendelssohn's absence, and succeeded him as conductor upon his death in 1847. In 1848 he returned to Copenhagen as court conductor. G. is the leading northern representative of the Romantic school and has exerted a strong influence in Denmark and Scandinavia. He wrote 8 symphonies, 5 overtures, 2 orchestral suites, Novelettes for orch., 1 string quintet, 1 string cett, 1 trio, 2 violin concertos, 3 violin sonatas, fantasy pieces for clarinet, 1 sonata and many pieces for piano, songs and choral works of large calibre, notably, Comala, The Erl King's Daughter, The Holy Night, The Crusader, etc.; also an opera, Martotta, and sacred choral songs. Ref.: II. 263, 347; III. 69, 72, 92; choral works, VI. 169ff; piano music, VII. 326; orchestral music, VIII. 8, 2331, 486; ballet, X. 133, 151; portrait, VI. 176.

GADSBY, Henry Robert (1842-1907): b. Hackney, London, d. Putney; pupil of William Bayley, otherwise self-taught; organist at St. Peter's, Brockley; professor of harmony at Queen's College, London, 1884; professor at the Guildhall School of Music. He composed Psalm 180; cantatas; music to 'Alcestis' and 'Andromache'; 8-part Festival Service in D; 3 symphonies; overtures, orchestral scene 'The Forest of Arden'; a string quartet; services, anthems, part-songs, etc.; wrote a 'Supplemental Book of Exercises' for sight singers; also a 'Harmony' (1884).

GADSKI, Johanna (1871Anclam, Prussia; studied in Stettin; operatic soprano; sang in Berlin, Bay-enth. London and New York. Her

GADSKI, Johanna (1871-): b. Anclam, Prussia; studied in Stettin; operatic soprano; sang in Berlin, Bayreuth, London and New York. Her Wagner rôles, notably Eva in Die Meistersinger, Brünnhilde and Isolde, are especially noteworthy. Ref.: IV. 145, 147.

GAFORI (also Gaforio, Gafuri, Gaffurio), Franchino (Latinized to Franchinus Gafurius or only Franchinus) (1451-1522): b. Lodi, d. Milan; theorist; studied theology and music; lived in Mantua, Verona and (1477) Genoa; having fled with the fugitive Doge Prospero Adorno to Naples, held public disputations there with Filippo da Caserta and G. Spataro; was choirmaster at Monticello 3 years; in 1484 became singer and master of the boys in Milan Cathedral and first singer in the choir of Duke Lodovico lived in Mantua, Verona and (1477) Genoa; having fled with the fugitive Doge Prospero Adorno to Naples, he held public disputations there with Filippo da Caserta and G. Spataro; was choirmaster at Monticello 3 years; in 1484 became singer and master of the boys in Milan Cathedral and first singer in the choir of Duke Lodovico Sforza; founded a music-school at Milan 1485. He wrote Theoricum opus harmonicæ disciplinæ (Naples, 1480; 2nd ed. Milan, 1492, as Theoria musicæ); practica musicæ sive musicæ; practica musicæ; pr

1842 Mendelssohn played G.'s symphony tation in block-print; other editions in C minor and the Nachklänge at a Gewandhaus concert, and, remaining in Leipzig, G. became an intimate friend grad scriptum (Milan, 1508); De harof Schumann and Mendelssohn, frequently conducted the Gewandhaus concurred in Mendelssohn's absence and P. Meleguli), and Analogia Fragelini. (Milan, 1518, with biography of G. by P. Meleguli), and Apologia Franchini Gafurii adversus Joannem Spatarium et complices musicos Bononienses

et complices musicos Bononienses (Turin, 1520). GAGLIANO (1) Marco di Zanobi da (c. 1575-1642): b. Gagliano, Tuscany, d. (Turin, 1520).

GAGLIANO (1) Marco di Zanobi da (c. 1575-1642): b. Gagliano, Tuscany, d. Florence; composer; founded Academia degl' Elevati at Florence (1607); priest and maestro di cappella at the church of San Lorenzo; composed operas, Dafne (1608), Medora (for coronation ceremonies of Emperor Ferdinand II, 1619), and La Flora (with Peri, 1628); also madrigals and church music; one of the most notable of the first composers in the Stile rappresentativo. Ref.: I. 335, 378; (quoted) I. 333; IX. 9, 13. (2) famous family of violin makers of Naples who followed the Stradivari model. Alessandro, a pupil of Stradivari, worked from 1695-1725; his sons, Nicolo and Genaro, from 1700-50. Fernando (1736-81) was a son of Nicolo.
GAHRICH, Wenzel (1794-1864): b. Bohemia, d. Berlin; violinist; composer of ballets for Taglioni, then ballet conductor at the Royal Opera, Berlin.
GAYIL, Edmée-Sophie (née Garre) (1775-1819): b. Paris, d. there; studied singing under Mengozzi and toured southern France and Spain; studied theory under Fétis, Perne and Neukomm; sang in London, 1816, in Germany and Vienna, 1818; composed operas, Les deux jaloux (1813); Mademoiselle de Lannay à la Bastille (1813); Angéla (1814 with Boieldieu); La méprise (1814); La sérénade (1818); also vocal romances and nocturnes.
GAILHARD, Pierre (1848-): b. Toulouse; studied at the Conservatoire, Paris; début as bass, Opéra Comique, 1867; director of the Opéra, 1884-1907; wrote a scenario for Vidal's ballet, La Maladetta (1893) and the libretto for Guernica (1895).
GALANDIA. See Garandia.
GALE, Clement R.: contemp. Anglo-American organist and church composer. Ref.: IV. 357.
GALEAZZI, Francesco (1758-1819):

American organist and church com-poser. Ref.: IV. 357. GALEAZZI, Francesco (1758-1819):

composer of operas, including Anion (Milan, 1900), and La Dorise; also organ music, etc. Ref.: III. 397.
GALES, Weston (1877-): b. Elizabeth, N. J.; studied at Yale University, in New York and Paris; organist and choirmaster of Christ Church, New York, 1902-8, of Emanuel Church, Boston, 1908-13; founder and conductor of the Detroit Symphony Orchestra.

GALILEI, Vincenzo (ca. 1533-ca. 1600): b. Florence, d. there; father of the astronomer, Galileo G. He was the astronomer, Galileo G. He was skilled on the lute and violin, and familiar with ancient Greek theory. He became a member of the so-called Florentine camerata, the circle of artists and amateurs meeting at Count Bardi's palace, and his compositions for solo voice with lute-accompaniment are convoice with lute-accompaniment are considered the starting-point of the monodic style cultivated by the founders of opera. He published Discorso della musica antica e della moderna (Florence, 1581) to the 2nd ed. (1602) of which is appended a polemical Discorso intorno alle opere di messer Gioseffo Zarlino di Chioggia (originally issued separately in 1589); and Il Fronimo, dialogo sopra l'arte del bene intopolaga e rettamente suonare la mu-

nimo, dialogo sopra l'arte del bene intavolare e retiamente suonare la mnesica, etc. (Venice, 1583; 2nd ed., 1584). Ref.: I. 329f; V. 154; VIII. 480; IX. 5, 8. GALIN, Pierre (1786-1821): b. Samatan, France, d. Bordeaux; started in 1817 courses in a simple method of learning music, which he set forth in his Exposition d'une nouvelle méthode pour l'enseignement de la musique (1818), issued in 2nd and 3rd editions under the title of Méthode du Méloplaste (1824, 1831), later known as Galin-Chevé-Paris Method.
GALITZIN (1) Nicolas Borissovitch (1794-1866): d. Kurski; Russian prince, 'cellist, and an amateur of exceptional

Saint-Quentin, d. Paris; 'cello player and student of lutherie; wrote Les Instruments à archet à l'Exposition universelle de 1867 (Paris, 1867); Les luthiers italiens aux XVII° et XVIII° siècles, nouvelle édition du 'Parfait Luthier' (La Chélonomie) de l'abbé Sibire, suivie de notes sur les maîtres des diverses écoles (Paris, 1869); a reprint of du Manoir's Le mariage de la musique avec la danse, with historical infroduction and explanatory notes (Paris, 1870); Les instruments des Écoles italiennes, catalogue précédé d'une introduction et suivi de notes sur les Ecoles italiennes, catalogue précédé d'une introduction et suivi de notes sur les principaux maîtres (Paris, 1872); while in Vienna, 1873, he edited the Rapport sur les instruments de musique [à archet] (Paris, 1875).

GALLENBERG, Wenzel Robert, Graf von (1783-1839): b. Vienna, d. Rome; joint-director of the opera in Vienna, 1821-3; failed as manager of the Kärntnerthor Theater, 1829; wrote about 50 ballets and much piano music.

GALLI, Amintore (1845-1): b. Talamello, near Rimini; editor and composer; studied at Milan Cons. for several years on the editorial staff of the publisher Sonzogno, in Milan, and lecturer on the history of music at the Cons.; since 1872 has been music reviewer for the Secolo and editor of Il teatro illustrato and Musica populare; composer of the overs Il corpo divo composer of the opera Il corno d'oro (1876) and 'David' (1904), the oratorios Espiazione and Cristo al Golgata, a setting of Goethe's Totentanz for bari-

of learning music, which he set forth in his Exposition d'une nouvelle méthode pour l'enseignement de la massique (1818), issued in 2nd and 3rd editions under the title of Méthode du Méthodeste (1824, 1831), later known as Galin-Chevé-Paris Méthod.

GALITZIN (1) Nicolas Bortssovitch (1794-1866): d. Kurski; Russian prince, 'cellist, and an amateur of exceptional accomplishment, to whom Beethoven dedicated an overture (op. 124) and 3 quartets (op. 127, 130, 132), and with whom he corresponded to the time of his death. Ref.: VII. 520. (2) Georg (1823-1872): b. St. Petersburg, d. there; son of (1); established a choir of 70 boys in Moscow, 1842, and later an orchestra which toured Europe and America introducing Russian music; wrote masses, orchestral works, instrumental soli, songs and Cheves, singing in more than 20 operas during the years 1862-78 and 1832-1842. (1) Jacques François (1795-1864): b. Perpignan, d. Paris; horn virtuoso; studied under Dauprat at Paris Conservatoire, where he took first prize; played in the Odéon and Théâtre Italien; member of the Royal chapelle, and in 1832 chamber musician to Prince George of Denmark in London, 1706; organist at Somerset House; composer of cantatas, a Te Deum, a Inbilate, anthems, flute and 'cello solos; also music to the Morning Hymn of Adam and Eve; from Milton's 'Paradise Lost,' and Hughes' opera Calypso and Telemachus (1712), as well as music to plays, masques and pantomimes. Ref.: X. 149f.

GALLIA (2) Jules (1822-1897): b.

church music.

church music.
GALLUS (1) Jacobus (or Jacob
Händl, or Hähnel) (ca. 1550-1591); b.
Carniola, d. Prague; Kapellmeister to
the Bishop of Olmütz, later Imperial
Kapellmeister at Prague; composer contemporary with Palestrina and Lasso;
bes written pieces pub in Badenhas written pieces pub. in Boden-schatz's Florilegium Portense, Proske's Musica dipina and collections of Schoschatz's Florilegium Fortense, Proske's Musica divina and collections of Schoberlein, Zahn, Becker, Rochlitz, and others; also the following printed works: Missae selectiores (1580, 5-8 parts, four books), Musici operis harmoniarum, 4, 5, 6, 8 et plurium vocum (1st part, 1586; 2nd, 3rd, 1587; 4th, 1590), Moralia 5, 6 et 8 vocibus concinnata (1586), Epicedion harmonicum . . Caspari Abb. Zabrdovicensis (1589), Harmoniae variae 4 vocum (1591), Harmoniarum moralium 14 voc.1 (1589-90, 3 parts), Sacrae caniones de præcipuis festis 4-8 et plurium vocum (1597), Mottettae quae praestant omnes (1610). Handel in his 'Funeral Anthem' used Gallus' Ecce quomodo moritur justus. (2) Johannes (Jean Ie Cocq, Maître Jean, Mestre Jhan) (d. ca. 1543): Dutch contrapuntist; was maestro di cappella to Duke Ercole of Ferrara; pub. many pieces in collections and in a volume of motets printed by Scotto (1543). (3) See Méderitsch, Johanne. GALPIN, [Rev.] F. W.: contemp. English collector of, and writer on, old instruments. Ref.: III. 430.
GALSTON, Gottfried (1879-): b. Vienna; studied in Vienna and Leip-

old instruments. Ref.: III. 430.
GALSTON, Gottfried (1879-):
b. Vienna; studied in Vienna and Leipzig; taught at the Stern Cons., Berlin;
1903-7, titular professor at the Cons.,
St. Petersburg, since 1908; toured Australia, Europe and America, 1912-13;
pub. a Studienbuch (1909).
GALIPPI. Bulgassare (1706-1784):

GALUPPI, Baldassare (1706-1784): b. Island of Burano (from which he was surnamed il Buranello), d. Venice; was surnamed il Buranello), d. Venice; pupil of his father, a barber and violin player, and Lotti. He prod. Dorinda (Venice, Teatro S. Angelo) with brilliant success in 1729. He was so successful in comic opera that he was called padre dell' opera buffa. He was also a harpsichord player and composer for that instrument. He visited England in 1741 and was maestro at St. Mark's, director of the Cons. degli Incurabili, and organist at various churches, 1762-64; was maestro to the court of Catherine II of Russia, 1765-68, and again director of the Incurabili at Venice. He wrote 54 operas, oratorios, a cantata, and other church must care in MS.

GANTYOORT, Arnold Johann Michel States; connected with the Coluited States; connected with the Coluited States; connected with the Coluited States; connected with the Columbia connected with the Columbia can be a constant of the control of the Incurability of the control of the Incurability of the Columbia can be a constant of the Columbia c

gave concerts in various countries of Europe, then became concert-pianist and teacher in New York, 1892; wrote an opera, Harlekin, an operetta, Johannistraum, piano pieces and songs.

GALLIGNANI, Giuseppe (1851);
b. Faenza; studied at the Milan Cons.; maestro di cappella at Milan Cathedral, and editor of La Musica Sacra; composed 4 operas, organ-pieces and church music.

Sic. Ref.: II. 15, 179; VII. 97, 116f; IX. 39, 53.

GAMBALE, Emmanuele: Milanese music teacher; wrote La riforma musicale . . . (1840), advocating a basic cale . . . (1840) which he carried out in his La prime parte della riforma musicale . . . (1846) wherein are études written in his new notation; translated Fétis' Harmony. Fétis' Harmony.

GAMBLE, John (17th cent.): English violinist and composer.
GAMUCCI, Baldassare (1822-1892):

GAMUCCI, Baldassare (1822-1892): Florentine planist and writer.

GANASSI, Silvestro (del Fontego): b. Fontego, n. Venice, ca. 1500; author of La Fontegara, la quale insegna di suonare il flauto, etc. (Venice, 1535; a method for the 7-holed flüte-à-bec, with explanations of the 'graces'); and Regula Rubertina che insegna suonare de viola d'arco tastada (1542-3, in 2 parts; a method for viola and bass viol), two highly valuable books, which were printed by G. himself and only one copy of each is extant (Liceo Filarmonico, Bologna). Ref.: VII. 374.

GAND, Ch.-Nicolas-Eugène (ca. 1826-1892); d. Boulogne-sur-Seine; famous violin maker.

1826-1892): d. Boulogne-sur-Seine; famous violin maker.

GANDOLFI, Riccardo [Cristoforo Daniele Diomede] (1839-): b. Voghera, Piedmont; studied with Conti, Pacini, and Mabellini; inspector of studies, then librarian-in-chief of the Real Instituto di Musica, Florence; at first composer of operas, then of instrumental works (overtures, etc.) and church music (masses, Requiem, cantata, etc.); wrote historical studies on Francesco Landino (1888), Mozart (1891), on early Florentine monody, Malvezzi and Cavalieri, Rossini, and valuable articles in the Rivista musicale Italiana and Ricordi Musicali Fiorentini. Italiana and Ricordi Musicali Fiorentini.

GANNE, Louis-Gaston (1862). b. Buxières-les-Mines, Allier; studied under Dubois and Franck at the Conservatione; chef d'orchestre of the balls at the Opéra and first chef d'orchestre at the municipal Casino at Royan; company the bullst posteniores and different conservations. the municipal Casino at Royan; composer of ballets, pantomimes, and divertissements; also the vaudeville Tout-Paris (1891), a comic opera, Rabelais (1892), and the vaudeville operetta Les Colles des femmes (1893); has pub. about 50 light pieces for piano for 4 honds purperous conge et p.

1827; composed concertos, fantasias, trios, duets, etc., for 'cello. (3) Leopold (1810-1869): b. Mayence, d. Berlin; violinist, brother of (1) and (2); made concert tours with Moritz G.; joined Berlin court orchestra, 1827; made concert tours with motile G.; joined Berlin court orchestra, 1827; became concert-master, 1840; pub. duos for violin and 'cello. (4) Eduard (1827-1889): b. Mayence; pianist, director of a Berlin music school. (5) Rudolph (1877-): b. Zürfch; pianist and composer; studied in the conservatories of Zürfch, Lausanne and Strassburg; also under Busoni, Blanchet and Urban in Berlin; toured Europe, taught in Chicago, 1901-05; has played with leading orchestras and musical organizations throughout U. S. and Canada; has composed a symphony, concert piece for piano and orch., piano pieces, songs, etc. (6) Wilhelm (1883-1914): b. Mayence; pianist, studied under Eckert in Berlin and Anschütz in Coblenz; professor at the Guildhall School of Music, London; conducted the Ganz Orchestral Concerts in London from 1879-82, composed fashionable salon pieces for piano.

fashionable salon pieces for piano. GARAT, Pierre-Jean (1764-1823): b. Ustaritz, Basses-Pyrenées, d. Paris; concert singer and teacher; studied singing cert singer and teacher; studied singing under Franz Beck in Bordeaux; studied law at University of Paris in 1780; became private secretary to Count d'Artois; after the revolution accompanied Rode to Hamburg; with him returned to Paris in 1794, where G. sang at the Feydeau Concerts, 1795, became professor of singing at the Conservatoire; was the foremost singer on the French concert stage in every department of vocal music for more than 20 years. Nourrit, Levasseur and Ponchard were his pupils.

years. Nourrit, Levasseur and Ponchard were his pupils.

GARAUDÉ, Alexis de (1799-1852):
b. Nancy, d. Paris; studied theory under Cambini and Reicha, and singing under Crescentini and Garat; was a singer in the royal choir from 1808-30 and professor of singing in the Conservatoire from 1816-41; pub. 3 string quintets, many ensemble pieces for violin, flute, clarinet and 'cello, sonatas and variations for piano, a solemn mass, solfeggi, vocalises, arias, duets, songs, etc.; also a Méthode de chant (1809, op. 25; 2nd revised ed. as Méthode complète de chant, op. 40); Solfège, ou méthode de musique; Méthode complète de piano; and L'harmonic rendue facile, ou théorie pratique de cetta reigne (1895)

lege of Music, Cincinnati, since 1894; pub. educational music books.

GANZ (1) Adolf (1796-1870): b. Mayonce, d. London; violinist; 1819, conductor at Mayence; Kapellmeister to the Grand Duke of Hesse-Darmstadt, 1825. (2) Moritz (1806-1868): b. Mayonce, d. Berlin; 'cellist, brother of (1); first 'cellist in Berlin Court Orchestra, 1827: composed convertos. fautasias. several ballets and a cantata, Endimion; several ballets and a cantata, Endimion; teacher of his children, Marie Malibran, Pauline Viardot and Manuel Garcia. Ref.: II. 185; IV. 118f. (3) Manuel (1805-1906): b. Madrid, d. London; world-famous vocal teacher; professor at Paris Cons. (1847-50), subsequently at Royal Acad. of Music, London; studied the functions of the vocal organs and invented the laryngoscope; author of Mémoire sur la voix humaine (1840) and Traité complet de l'art du chant (1847); among his pupils were Eugénie Garcia, Jenny Lind, Henriette Nissen and Jul. Stockhausen. Ref.: V. 10, 57f; portrait, V. 58. (4) Marie-Félicità. See Malibran. See Malibran.

GARCIN, Jules-Auguste-Salomon (1830-1896): b. Bourges, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire, Paris; joined the orchestra of the Opéra, 1856, and became first violin, 1871; conductor of the Cons. concerts, 1882-92; and professor of violin there after 1890; composed a symphonic suits for orphetries. posed a symphonic suite for orchestra and violin pieces, including a con-

certino and a concerto.

GARDANO (or Gardane), Antonio (ca. 1500-1571): d. Venice; early Italian music printer; reprinted many current publications, important novelties, and his own compositions as Mottetti del Frutto (1539) and Canzoni francesi (1564). His heirs published under his name until 1650. name until 1650.

GARDEL, Maximilian: ballet composer. Ref.: X. 14, 89, 91, 131, 148, 151, 162.

GARDEN, Mary (1877-): b. Edinburgh, but reared in America; operatic soprano; studied with Fugère and Chevallier in Paris; début at Opéra Comique in 1900 in 'Louise' Charpentier), one of her most successful rôles; created Marie in La Marseillaise, Diane in La Fille du Tabarin, settlatse, Diane in La Fille du Taparin, etc.; created Mélisande in Pelléas et Mélisande (Debussy); sang Hérodiade, Manon, Thais in Massener's operas, Salomé in Strauss' opera, etc., both in Paris and the U. S., where she appeared first at the Manhattan Opera House, then with the Chicago Opera Co. Ref.: por-

for violin, flute, clarinet and 'cello, sonatas and variations for piano, a solemn mass, solfeggi, vocalises, arias, duets, songs, etc.; also a Méthode de chant (1809, op. 25; 2nd revised ed. as Méthode complète de chant, op. 40); Solfège, ou méthode de musique; Méthode complète de piano; and L'harmonic rendue facile, ou théorie pratique de cette science (1835).

GARCIA (1) [Don] Francisco Saverio (1731-1809); b. Nalda, d. Saraverio (1731-1809); b. Nalda, d.

GARIEL, Eduardo (1860-): b. Monterey, Mexico; studied with Marmontel in Paris; music and language teacher at the Normal school in Saltillo, Mexico; pub. Chopin, la tradicion de su musica, etc. (1895), Causas de la decadenza del arte musical en Mexico andan elementary

(1896), method.

method.

GARLANDIA (1) Johannes de (b. ca. 1190): English writer; founded a school of music in Paris and was for a time on the faculty of the new University of Toulouse; author of Demusica mensurabili, pub. in Coussemaker's Scriptores, Vol. I., and a dictionary, containing much valuable information on old instruments, published in the Collection de documents inédits de l'histoire de France, first series (Paris, 1837). (2) Johannes de (ca. 1300): author of Introductio musicae secundum, pub. in Coussemaker's Scriptores, Vol. I., and Optima introductio in contrapunctum, the oldest known work on counterpoint, pub. in Scriptores, Vol. III.

GARNIER, François-Joseph (1759-

GARNIER, François-Joseph (1759-1825): b. Lauris, Vaucluse, d. there; studied with Sallantin in Paris; second oboe at the Opéra, 1778, first oboe, 1786; pub. music for the oboe, concertos, symphonies, duos, etc.; also a

Méthode pour le hauthois.

GARRETT, George Mursell (1834-1897): b. Winchester, d. Cambridge; pupil of Elvey and Wesley, organist at Winchester and Madras cathedrals and Cambridge Univ., Mus. D. 1867, F. R. C. O. He became lecturer on harmony and counterpoint and was examiner in music at Cambridge Univ., conductor and solo pianist of St. John's Coll. Musical Soc., composed an oratorio, "The Shunammite" (1882);

oratorio, 'The Shunammite' (1882); caniatas, 4 services, and other church music; part-songs, songs, organ pieces, etc. Ref.: VI. 493.

GARRISON, Mabel: b. Baltimore, Md.; studied at Peabody Cons. and in New York; début as soprano in Boston, 1912; member of Aborn Opera Co., 1912-13; Metropolitan Opera Company since 1914.

since 1914.

GARSO, Siga (1831-1915): b. Tisza Vesceny, Hungary, d. Vienna; studied in Pesth; début at Arad, 1854; taught in Bremen and wrote several books on singing, including Schule der speziellen Stimmbildung auf der Basis des losen

building, Kurze Belehrung uver au innere Einrichtung der Orgeln . . . (1832, 2nd ed., 1841).

GASCUE, Francisco (1848-):
b. San Sebastian, Spain; student of Basque folk-music; pub. La musica popular vascongada (1906), Ensayos de critica musical (1909-10), Historia de la Sonata (1910) and Origen de la musica popular vascongada (1913); also essays in various musical journals.

GASPARD DA SALO. See GASPARO DA SALO.

DA SALO.

GASPARI, Gaetano (1807-1881): b. Bologna, d. there; historiographer; Bologna, d. there; historiographer; studied under B. Donelli at Licco Musicale, 1820, took first prize in composition in 1827 and was made honorary maestro in 1828; maestro di cappella at Cento and Imola until 1836; then assistant to Donelli and after his death professor of solfeggio, 1840; librarian to the Licco and professor of æsthetics, 1855; maestro di cappella at S. Petronio, 1857-66; appointed a member of the Royal Deputation for historical research in Romagna, 1866; wrote Richerche, documenti e memorie risquardanti la storia dell' arte musicale in Bologna (1867), Ragguagli sulla capella musicale della Basilica di S. Petronio in Bologna (1869), Memorie . . . dell' nella morie della Basilica di S. Petronio in Bologna (1869), Memorie . . . dell' and capella musicale della Basilica di S. Petronio in Bologna (1869), Memorie . . . dell' and capella musicale della Basilica di S. Petronio dell' arte dell' arte dell' arte dell' arte musicale della Basilica di S. Petronio dell' arte dell' in Bologna (1869), Memorie . . . dell' arte mus. in B. al XVI secolo (1875); composed masses, a Miserere in 2 parts with small orchestra, a 5-part Miserere mei Deus with organ and an Ave Maria

mei Deus with organ and an Ave Maria for children's voices with piano. GASPARINI (1) (or Guasparini), Francesco (1668-1737): b. Camaiore, d. Rome; studied under Corelli and Pasquini in Rome; director of music at the Cons. della Pleta, Venice (ca. 1700); maestro di cappella at the Lateran, Rome, 1735; prod. about 40 operas at Venice, Rome, Vienna, etc.; wrote masses, motets, cantatas, psalms, an oratorio, 'Moses,' etc.; also a method of figured-bass playing, L'Armonico pratico al cembalo, etc. (Venice, 1683; 7th ed., 1802). Benedetto Marcello was his most famous pupil. (2) Michelangelo (1685-1732): b. Lucca, d. Venice; contralto and composer; studied under Lotti; founded a famous singing school at Venice where Faustina Bordoni was at Venice where Faustina Bordoni was his pupil; brought out 5 operas in Venice.

GASPARO DA SALO (or Bertolotti) (ca. 1542-1609): b. Salo, d. Brescia (?), where he settled about 1563 as a maker where he settled about 1563 as a maker of viols, violins, viole da gamba, and contrabass viols; is credited with having modernized the form of the violin, giving the f-holes their present shape, also its graceful curve to the scroll, and prolonging and sharpening the 4 corners of the bouts. His eldest son, Francesco Giovary, Peolo Maggini and Stimmbildung auf der Basis des losen Tones (1911).

GARTNER, Joseph (1796-1863): b. Tachau, Bohemia, d. Prague; organ builder there; pub. a book on organ Florence; 'cello pupil of Sbolci and in

composition of Tacchinardi; student of musical history; gave illustrated lectures in Florence, Rome, and Parma (some pub., 1899); librarian of the Parma Cons. since 1902; pub. directions for interpreting 16th-cent. notation, a small Storia della Semiografia musicale (Milan, 1905), etc.; founded the 'Assoziazione dei musicologi italiani' (affiliated with the Int. Mus. Soc.) GASSMANN, Florian Leopold (1729-1774): b. Brüx, Bohemia, d. Vienna; abandoned a commercial career for music, running away from home at 12, and made his way as a harper to Padre Martini in Bologna, who taught him

and made his way as a harper to Padre Martini in Bologna, who taught him two years. He entered the service of Count Leonardo Veneri at Venice, then went to the Vienna court as ballet composer, 1764, succeeded Reutter as court Kapellmeister, 1771. He founded the Tonkinstler Societät (now the 'Haydn') for the relief of the widows and orphans of musicians. G. composed 23 operas, orchestral and chamber works, and church music. Salieri, his pupil, became the teacher of his 2 daughters, Maria Anna and Maria Theresia (Rosenhaum), opera singers of note. Ref.: II. 62; VII. 499, 503.

GASSNER, Ferdinand Simon (1798-

of note. Ref.: II. 62; VII. 499, 503.
GASSNER, Ferdinand Simon (1798-1851): b. Vienna, d. Karlsruhe; violinist and chorusmaster at the National Theatre, Mayence, 1816; Musikdirektor at Giessen University, 1818; Dr. phil., 1819; chorusmaster at the Darmstadt Theatre after 1826; ed. the musical journals, Musikalischer Hausfreund, 1822-35, Zeitschrift für Deutschlands Musikvereine und Dilettanten; pub. Partiturkenntniss. . . (1838, French ed., 1871), Dirigent und Riptentst (1846), and a Universallexikon der Tonkunst (1849); also composed 2 operas, ballets, songs, etc.
GASTINEL, Léon-Gustave-Cyprien (1823-1906): b. Villers, d. Paris; studied under Halévy at the Conservatoire; took first grand prix de Rome for his cantata Velasquez in 1846; prod. Le Miroir (1853), L'Opéra aux fétiches (1857), Titus et Bérénice (1860), Le buisson pert (1861), Le Barde (Nice, 1896), and the ballet Le rève (Grand Opéra, 1890); has also written 3 operas not produced; also 4 oratorios and 3 solemn masses, orchestral compositions, chamber music. choruses, etc. GASSNER, Ferdinand Simon (1798-

orchestral compositions, chamber mu-

orchestral compositions, chamber music, choruses, etc.
GASTOLDI, Giovanni Giacomo (ca. 1556-1622): b. Caravaggio, d. Milan(?); was maestro di cappella at Mantua and Milan. Composed canzoni, canzonetti, madrigals, masses, psalms, vespers, balletti concerti, etc., published 1581-1611. Ref.: V. 153; VII. 377.
GATES, Bernard (ca. 1685-1773): d. North Acton; English singer and composer.

poser.

composition of Tacchinardi; student of musical history; gave illustrated lectures in Florence, Rome, and Parma (some pub., 1899); librarian of the Parma Cons. since 1902; pub. directions Primitifs de la Musique Française, 1914; organist and maître de chapelle at St. Jean-Baptiste-de-Belleville; recipient of many honors in France and elsewhere; composed Missa Paschalis; Messe brève, Petite Messe, Messe Solen-nelle, the cantata Au Christ Rédemp-teur, Jeanne d'Arc, incidental music; motets and organ works; wrote His-toire du chant liturgique à Paris (vol.

totre du chant liturgique à Paris (vol. I, 1905), Les origines du chant (1907), a catalogue of musical MSS. in the libraries of France (1907), a new method of Gregorian chant (1908), L'Art grégorien (1911), La musique de l'église (1911), Le Graduel et l'Antiphonaire romains (1913).

GATAYES (1) Guillaume-Pierre-Antoine (1774-1846): b. Paris, d. there; pub. music for guitar, solo and with other instruments; wrote methods for guitar and one for harp. (2) Joseph-Léon (1805-1877): b. Paris, d. there; son of (1); harpist and composer for the harp; music critic for Parisian journals. (3) Félix (1809-?): b. Paris; son of (1); pianist and composer of symphonies; overtures and military music for orchestra; toured military music for orchestra; toured Europe, America and Australia.

military music for orchestra; toured Europe, America and Australia.

GATTI-CASAZZA, Giullo (1869-): b. Ferrara, Italy; operatic impresario; manager of La Scala, Milan, till 1908; then of the Metropolitan Opera House, New York; married Francès Alda, soprano (q. v.).

GATTY (1) Sir Alfred Scott (1847-): b. Ecclesfield, Yorkshire; composed 2 operettas, 'Sandford and Merton's Christmas Party' (1880) and 'Not at Home' (1886); musical plays, 'Rumpelstiltkin,' 'The Goose Girl' and 'The Three Bears,' also several volumes of children's songs and piano pieces. (2) Nicholas Comyn (1874-): b. Bradfield; Mus. B., Cambridge, 1898; music critic for 'Pall Mall Gazette,' 1907-14, assistant conductor at Covent Garden; wrote the operas 'Greysteel' (1906), 'Duke or Devil' (1909), 'The Tempest,' orchestral pieces, piano concerto, instrumental music and choruses. ruses

ruses.

[du] GAUCQUIER, Alard (correct name Dunoyer, also Latinized to Nuceus) (16th cent.): b. Lille; tenor, then Vice-Kapellmeister in the Vienna court chapel, 1564-76, Kapellmeister to Duke (later Emperor) Matthias; composer of Magnificat 4-6 voc. (1574), Quatnor missae 5, 6-8 vocum (1581), and other church music.

GAUDENTIOS: Greek writer, 1652. GAUDIO MELL (16th cent.): teacher of Palestrina. According to Pitoni he was maestro to the King of Portugal, and went to Rome in 1580 to take advantage of the fame gained by his pure

GASTOUE, Amédée (1873-): b. er of Palestrina. According to Pitoni Paris; studied with Deslandres, Lavignac, Guilmant and Magnard; edited Revue du Chant Grégorien (1896-1905),

Fakenham, Birmingham, and Edgebaston; graduated (1863) as Mus. Bac., Cantab.; conductor of the Walsall Philharmonic in 1887; teacher and conduc-

tab.; conductor of the Waisail Philharmonic in 1887; teacher and conductor at the Birmingham and Midland
Inst., and teacher at King Edward's
High School for Girls and at the Blind
Asylum; wrote an oratorio, 'Hezekiah'
(1861); several cantatas, including
'Ruth' and 'The Holy City'; passion
music; the 96th Psalm; an ode, 'A
Song of Life'; glees, vocal trios and
duets, songs and part-songs, etc.
GAULTIER (1) Jacques, Sieur de
Neue, called le vieux or l'ancien (ca.
1600-ca. 1670): b. Lyons, d. Paris; lute
virtuoso at the English court and at
Paris. (2) Denis (called le jeune or
l'illustre) (between 1600 and 1610-1672):
b. Marseilles, d. Paris; cousin of (1),
celebrated lute virtuoso and composer
for the lute. His Pièces de luth and
Livre de tablature were printed, the
former in 1660, the latter by his widow
and cousin. No copies are preserved,
but several manuscript collections have
been found. G. and his cousin established a lute school at Paris, and been found. G. and his cousin established a lute school at Paris, and among their pupils were Mouton, du Faux, Gallot, and du But. (3) Pierre (17th cent.): lute composer, issued suites for lute, 1638. (4) Ennémond (1635-ca. 1680): Royal chamber lutenist in Paris: pub true hocks of vices in in Paris; pub. two books of pieces in lute tablature. (5) Pierre (1642-1697): b. Cioutat, Provence, d. at sea; he bought from Lully the patent for an operatic enterprise at Marseilles, where he performed an opera of his own, 1687. (6) Aloysius Edouard Camille, Abbot (1755-1818): b. Italy, d. Paris. He originated a new method for musi-cal elementary teaching and described it in his Eléments de musique, etc. (1789), an 18th cent. forerunner of modern kindergarten methods.

kindergarten methods.

GAUNTLETT, Henry John (18051876): Wellington, Shropshire, d. London; by profession a lawyer but also organist in several churches and Mus. Doc., Lambeth, 1843. Together with the organ-builder, William Hill, he was instrumental in introducing the C organ, instead of the earlier F and G organ, into England. He published many anthems, hymns, songs, glees, and organ pieces, also some compilations of church music. Ref.: VI. 407.

GAUTHIER, Gabriel (1808-[?]): b. Dept. of Saône-et-Loire, France; studied at the Institute for the Blind, Paris, 1818, where he was instructor, 1827-40; organist of St. Étienne-organic volume violin professor at the Conservatoire, where he had numerous distinguished pupils. In France he is considered the founder of the French school of violin playing. Besides 6 concertos, 9 sonatas, 24 Matinées (studies in all the keys), and the celebrated Romance de Gaviniés he wrote a comic opera, Le prétendu (prod. 1760). Ref.: VII. 408f.

GAVRONSKI, Voitech (1868-): D. Seimony, near Vilna; studied at Warsaw Musical Institute, later Berlin and Vienna; orchestral conductor in Vilna; concertized in Russia; founded a music school in Orel, then settled in Warsaw (composed a symphony, 3 string quartets (one received the Paderewski

pil; there he is supposed to have founded a music school; the confusion of his name with Goudimel, according to Riemann, has created the legend that the latter was Palestrina's teacher and founder of the famous music school in Rome.

GAUL, Alfred Robert (1837-1913): b. Norwich, Eng., d. Edgebaston; studied under Dr. Buck; was organist at Fakenham, Birmingham, and Edgebaston; graduated (1863) as Mus. Bac., Canton; graduated (1863) es Mus. Bac.,

GAUTIER (1) Jean-François Eu-gène (1822-1878); b. Vaugirard, near Paris, d. Paris; studied violin under Habeneck and composition under Ha-Habeneck and composition under Halevy in the Paris Cons.; became second conductor at the Théâtre National (later the Théâtre Lyrique), 1848; professor of harmony at the Conservatoire, 1864, which subject he later combined with history. He also wrote many critiques for the Paris journals; was musical director at the Church of St. Eugene. Among his works are a number of comic operas which were produced at the Théâtre Lyrique and at the Opéra Comique; an oratorio, The Death of Jesus, an Ave Maria, a cantata, etc. (2) Théophile (1811-1872): b. Tarbes, d. Paris; prominent writer, author of the romance Mademoiselle de Maupin and many years dramatic editor of La the romance Mademoiselle de Manpin and many years dramatic editor of La Presse and the Moniteur universal. Also published Les beautés de l'opéra (1845); Souvenirs du théâtre (1833), the latter work treating in detail of various famous musicians. Ref.: X. 152, 153, (quoted) 157.

GAVEAUX, Pierre (1761-1825): b. Béziers, d. Paris; studied under Franz Beck at Bordeaux; was tenor at the church of Saint-Séverin; opera 'singer at Bordeaux, Montpellier, and in the Opéra Comique, Paris, 1789; composed 33 operas, chiefly for the Théâtre Feydeau.

deau.

GAVINIES, Pierre (1726-1800): b. Bordeaux, d. Paris; violin virtuoso. He was mostly self-taught, following the style of the old Italian masters. He first appeared at the Concerts Spirituels (1741), which he established in conjunction with Gossec. In 1795 he became violin professor at the Conservatoire, where he had numerous distinguished pupils. In France he is considered the founder of the French school of violin playing. Besides 6 concertos, 9 sonatas, 24 Matinées (studies in all the keys), and the celebrated Romance de Gaviniés he wrote a comic opera,

sons.

GAY (1) John (18th cent.): English
writer, author of the text of the 'Beggar's Opera.' Ref.: IX. 74, 79. (2)
Maria (1879-): b. Barcelona;
dramatic contralto; made her début as Carmen, Brussels, 1902; toured
Europe, sang at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, 1908-9, with the
Boston Opera Company, 1910-12, and
with the Chicago Opera Company since
1913.

GAYNOR. Jessie: contemp. Ameri-

can composer of songs, etc., 6 operettas (4 w. Bedle). Ref.: IV. 355.
GAZTAMBIDE [y Garbayo], Joaquim (1822-1870); b. Tudela, Navarra, d. Madrid; studied at Madrid Conservations: conductor and one of the foundation. tory; conductor and one of the founders of the 'Concert Society,' also honorary professor at the Conservatory; wrote 40 zarzuelas (operettas). A younger relation, Xavier G., has composed zarzuelas.

GAZZANIGA, Giuseppe (1743-1819): b. Verona, d. Crema; studied at Naples; prod, his first opera, Il finto cieco, in Venice, 1770; maestro di cappella of Crema cathedral, 1791; composed in all 33 operas, 4 oratorios, and much

church music.

GEBAUER (1) Michel Joseph (1763-GEBAUER (1) Michel Joseph (1763-1812): b. La Fère, Aisne, d. during the retreat from Moscow; oboist in the Royal Swiss Guard, 1777; oboist in the Garde Nationale, 1791; professor at the Conservatoire; bandmaster of the Garde des Consuls, and later of the Imperial Guard; wrote more than 200 marches for band; pub. many duets for 2 violins, violin and viola, for 2 flutes, for flute and horn, flute and bassoon, etc.; also quartets for flute, clarinet, horn, and bassoon. (2) Francois-René (1773-1845): b. Versailles, cois-René (1773-1845): b. Versailles, d. Paris; bassonist; studied under his brother Michel and Devienne; professor of bassoon at Conservatoire, 1796-1802 and after 1825; member of Opéra orchestra, 1801-26; composed quintets, quartets, trios, duets, sonatas, études and symphonies concertantes for wind interturents elles overtures military. instruments, also overtures, military marches and pot-pourris; wrote a method for bassoon. (3) Etienne-François (1777-1823): b. Versailles, d. matches and porposition. (3) Etienne-François (1777-1823): b. Versailles, d. Paris; flutist; studied under his brother Michel and Hugot; flutist in the Opéra Comique orchestra, 1801-22; composed more than 100 flute solos, flute duets, sonatas for flute and bass, exercises for sonatas for flute and bass, exercises for flute, airs varies for clarinet, etc. (4) Pierre-Paul (1775-[?]): b. Versailles; died young; pub. 20 horn duets. (5) Franz Xaver (1784-1822): b. Eckersdorf, n. Glatz, d. Vienna; choirmaster at the Augustiner Hofpfarrkirche, Vienna, 1816; founded the celebrated Concerts spirituels, was their first conductor; also a member of the Geelland o at the Augustiner Hofpfarkirche, Vienna, 1816; founded the celebrated Concerts spirituels, was their first conductor; also a member of the Gesellschaft der Musikfreunde; was a friend of Beethoven; pub. songs and partical transfer of the Gesellschaft der Musikfreunde; was a friend of Beethoven; pub. songs and partical transfer of the Gesellschaft der Musikfreunde; was a friend to the Boston Symphony Orchestra, 1900; wrote a string quartet, a

prize, 1898), 2 operas, piano pieces, songs. (6) Johann Christian (1808-1884): b. Copenhagen, d. there; pupil of Kuhlau, later Weyse and J. P. E. Hartmarier, author of the text of the 'Beggar's Opera.' Ref.: IX. 74, 79. (2) a piano method, other educational piano works; composed songs, sacred choral songs, children's songs, etc., and translated Richter's Harmony into Danish.

GEBEL (1) Georg (Sr.) (1685-1750); b. Breslau, d. there; studied under Winkler and Krause; organist at Brieg, 1709, and at Breslau, 1713; invented a clavichord with quarter-tones, also a clavicymbalum with a pedal keyboard; composed many unpublished pieces, incomposed many unpublished pieces, including a passion oratorio, cantatas, masses, psalms, canons up to 30 parts, organ pieces, clavichord music, etc. (2) Georg (Jr.) (1709-1753): b. Brieg, Silesia, d. Rudolstadt; studied with his father; second organist at St. Maria Magdalene, Breslau, and Kapellmeister to the Duke of Ols, 1729; joined Count Bruhl's orchestra at Dresden, 1735; Kapellmeister to the Prince of Schwarz-Rapellmeister to the Prince of Schwarz-burg-Rudolstadt, 1747; wrote 12 operas, 2 passions, 2 Christmas cantatas, sets of cantatas for several ears, more than 2 passions, 2 Christmas cantatas, sets of cantatas for several ears, more than 100 orchestra symphonies, partitas, concertos, and a great variety of instrumental and vocal music. (3) Georg Sigismund ([?]-1775): d. Breslau; organist of the Elisabeth-kirche; composed preludes and fugues for organ. (4) Franz Xaver (1787-1843): b. Furstenau, n. Breslau, d. Moscow; studied under Albrechtsberger and Abbé Vogler; Kapellmeister at Leopoldstadt Theatre, Vienna, in 1810; later at theatres in Pesth and Lemberg; plano teacher in Moscow, 1817-43; composed operas, a mass, 4 symphonies, overtures, string quintets and quartets, many piano pieces, etc.
GEDALGE, André (1856-): b. Paris; studied under Guiraud at the Conservatoire, 1884; took the second grand prix de Rome in 1885, prix Cressent in 1895 with the lyric drama Hélène; composed music to Carré's pantomime Le petit Savoyard (Paris, 1891); Vaux de Vire for solo, chorus and orchestra (1895); a 1-act opéra bouffe, Pris au piège (Paris, 1895); 2 symphonies, several orchestra suites, a string quartet, piano pieces, etc.; author of Traité de la fugue (1901 et seq.), Les gloires musicales du monde (1898).

GEAR, George Frederick (1857-): b. London; studied at the London

GEAR, George Frederick (1857-): b. London; studied at the London Academy of Music and became profes-Academy of Music and became professor there; musical director of the German Reed Company, 1876-92; composed instrumental music, piano sonatas, songs, and the operettas, 'A Water-Cure' and 'Hobbies.'

musicians; also several articles for Grove's 'Dictionary,'
GEIBEL (1) Emmanuel (1815-1885): German poet. Ref.: V. 330f; VI. 198, 222. (2) Adam (1855-): b. Neuenheim; studied at the Pennsylvania Institute for the Blind and with Dr. D. D. Wood of Philadelphia; organist of the Stetson Mission since 1885; established a music publishing firm, 1897; president of the Adam Geibel Music Co. since 1906; Mus. D., 1911; wrote cantatas, pieces for organ and piano, songs, etc.
GEIJER, Erik Gustaf (1783-1847): b. Ransätter, Wermeland; d. Upsala; professor at Upsala Univ; musical editor of a collection of Swedish folksongs, Svenska Folkvisor (3 vols., 1814-6, 2nd ed., 1846); pub. with Lindblad a collection of modern Swedish songs, also original songs of like character.

songs, also original songs of like character.

GERISLER (1) Johann Gottlieb (1721-1827): d. Zittau; author of Beschreibung und Geschichte der neuesten und vorzüglichsten Instrumente und Künstwerke fur Liebhaber und Künster (1792-1800, in 12 parts) which contains a description of the Bogen-klavier. (2) Paul (1856-): b. Stolp, Pomerania; dramatic composer; studied under his grandfather; musical director at Mecklenburg, and Konstantin Decker; chorus-master at the Leipzig City Theatre, with Angelo Neumann's Wagner troupe, 1881-82; Kapellmeister at Bremen (under Seidl). 1883-85; has composed the operas Ingeborg (Bremen, 1884), Hertha (Hamburg, 1891), Die Ritter von Marienburg (Hamburg, 1891), Palm (Lübeck, 1893), and Wir Siegen (1 act, Posen, 1898); music to the dramas Schiffbrüchig and Unser täglich Brod gieb uns heute (both Hamburg, 1890); the symphonic poems Der Rattenfänger von Hameln (1805), score published), Till Eulenspiegel, Mira, Maria Magdalena, Heinrich von Ofterdingen, Ekkehard, Beowulf, Der Hidalgo, Walpurgsisnacht, Am Meere, Der wilde Jäger, Jerneue Tannhäuser; 2 cycles for soli, chorus and orchestra, Sansara and Golgotha; orchestral episodes; songs, etc. GEISSLER (1) Karl (1802-1869): b. Weimar, d. Wiesbaden; made GESISSLER (1) Karl (1802-1869): b. Weimar, d. Wiesbaden; made GEISSLER (1) Karl (1802-1869): b. is début as operatic baritone, Weimar, Mulda, Saxony, d. Bad Elster; Musik-

sonata for piano and violin, and other works for the piano.

GEBHARDI, Ludwig Ernst (1787-1862): b. Nottleben, Thuringia, d. Errurt; organist and teacher at Erfurt Seminary; pub. several collections of organ pieces, school songs, a Choralbuch, a method for organ and 'Method of Thoroughbass' (4 vols., 1828-35). GEDEONOFF (19th cent.): Russian ballet-master. Ref.: X. 131.

GEHBEL, Eduard: author of the text of Spohr's Jessonda. Ref.: IX. 211.
GEHRING, Franz (1833-1884): d. Penzing, n. Vienna; lecturer on mathematics at Vienna University; wrote Mocart's biography for Hueffer's Great Musicians'; also several articles for Grove's 'Dictionary.'

GEIBEL (1) Emmanuel (1815-1885): Garman not Ref. V 3216. VI. 1835-1846. VII. 1835-1846. VIII. 1835-1846. VIII.

wees, Bohemia, d. Maitland; was a monk in a monastery in Seelau, left it and gained wide reputation as a violinist; to hide his identity in Italy he assumed the name of Cervetti. Among his works are violin concertos and sonatas. (2) Joseph, Abbé (1758-1825): b. Selez, Bohemia, d. Vienna; became piano teacher in the family of Count Kinsky on Mozart's recommendation. He wrote a vast number of variations, fantasias, etc., on popular themes, brilliant, but of slight artistic merit, also chamber music (trios, sonatas for violin, piano, etc.), mostly published in Vienna, whither he accompanied his patron. Ref.: II. 161f; VII. 182. GELIZER: Christian Fürchtegott: German poet. Ref.: II. 49, 275. GELTZER: Russian ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 185.

GELTZERI RUSSIAI BARCI GARCI. Ref.: X. 185.
GEMINIANI, Francesco (ca. 1680-1762): b. Lucca, d. Dublin; pupi of Scarlatti, Corelli, and Lunati (il Gobbo). He went to London in 1714, where

1828, and at the court theatre, Weimar, after 1829; wrote the operas, Die Sonnenmänner (1828) and Die Verrather auf den Alpen (1833), also pub. his memoirs in 4 vols. as Aus dem Tagebuch eines alten Schauspielers (1862-6). His daughters, Doris (1826-1912) and Emilie (1833-1905), became famous, the former as an actress, the latter as a singer. a singer.

GENEE (1) [Franz Friedrich] Richard (1823-1895): b. Danzig, d. Baden, GENEE: (1) [Frain Friedling and (1823-1895): b. Danzig, d. Baden, n. Vienna; opera composer; studied under Stahlknecht at Berlin; theatre Kapellmeister at Reval, Riga, Cologne, Aix-la-Chapelle, Dusseldorf, Danzig, Mayence, Schwerin, Amsterdam, and Prague, 1848-67; Kapellmeister at the Theater an der Wien, Vienna, 1868-78; wrote libretti for Strauss, Suppé, and Millöcker, as well as some of his own; composed the operetus Der Geiger aus Tirol (1857), Der Musikfeind, Die Generalprobe, Rosita, Der schwarze Prinz, Am Runenstein (with von Flotow, 1868), Der Seekadett (1876), Nanon, Im Wunderlande der Pyramiden, Die letzen Mohikaner, Nisida, Rosina, Zwillinge, Die Puraten, Due Dreizehn (1887). (2) Adeline: contemporary Danish ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 151, 167; por-Adeline: contemporary Danish t dancer. Ref.: X. 151, 167; por-

(2) Adeline: contemporary Danish ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 151, 167; portrait, X. 168.

GENERALI, Pietro (correctly Mercandetti) (1782-1832): b. Masserano, Piedmont, d. Novara; studied under G. Massi at Rome; prod. his first opera, Gli amanti ridicoli, there, 1802, followed by 50 more in the chief Italian cities, Lisbon, etc. I baccanali di Roma (Venice, 1815) is considered the best. G. was conductor in Barcelona; then maestro di cappella at Novara cath., where he wrote an oratorio, Il volo di where he wrote an oratorio, Il voto di 1827, masses, psalms, etc. Ref.:

Jefte, 18 IX. 133.

in Rome; taught singing in the Conservatoire, Paris, after 1795; pub. a Méthode de chant (1819) and a treatise

methode de chant (1819) and a treatise on harmony in support of Rameau's theory (1833). GERARDY, Jean (1877-Liège, son of Dieusonné G., professor at the Conservatory (1848-1900); studied with R, Bellmann at Liège Cons.; 'cello virtuoso of international renown; toured

virtuoso of international renown; toured Europe and America frequently. Ref.: portrait, VII. 598.

GERBACH (1) Joseph (1787-1830).

Säckingen, Baden, d. Karlsruhe; teacher at the Teachers' Seminary there; pub. school songs and Rethenlehre... (1832). (2) Anton (1801-1848): b. Säckingen, d. Karlsruhe; brother of (1) and his successor at the Seminary; pub. a plano method, songs, quartets, and a Tonlehre.

GERBER (1) Heinrich Nikolaus (1702-1775): b. Wenigen-Ehrich, near Sondershausen, d. Sondershausen. He studied the organ with J. S. Bach, while

Sondershausen, d. Sondershausen, n. studied the organ with J. S. Bach, while studying law at Leipzig, 1724-27; became organist at Heringen, 1728, and to the court at Sondershausen, 1731. He wrote much organ music and pieces for clavichord and pianoforte; also invented improvements in the organ and a xylo-phone with keyboard. (2) Ernst Lud-wig (1746-1819): b. Sondershausen, d. wig (1746-1819): b. Sondershausen, d. there; son and pupil of (1); studied law and music in Leipzig, learned cello and organ, then assisted, and in 1775 succeeded his father as organist. His fame rests on his Historischbiographisches Lexikon der Tonkünstler (Leipzig, 2 vols., 1790-92) which was based on a collection of portraits collected on his travels and such meagre material as his local library and his publisher, Breitkopf, yielded. The his publisher, Breitkopf, yielded. The supplementary edition, Nenes hist.-biogr. Lextkon der Tonkünstler, con-tained many corrections and additions

Later (called Carpentras), Eleazar (ca. 1475-1532): b. Carpentras, Vancluse, d. Avignon; Papal singer; composer of 4-part masses and other church music, printed in round notes and as choir book (without ligatures).

GENSS, Hermann (1856-): b. Tilisit; studied at the Royal Hochschule fur Musik, Berlin; taught at Lubeck, Hamburg and the Sondershausen Cons.; director of the Scharwenka-Klindworth Cons., Berlin, 1893; professor at the Irving Institute, San Francisco, 1899, and director there since 1905; prod. an opera, Hunold, der Spielmann (1914); wrote chamber music, orchestral works and songs.

GEORGES, Alexandre (1850-) b. Arras, France; studied at the Niedermeyer School, Paris, and became professor there; composed the operas, Le Printemps (1890), Poèmes d'amour (1892), Charlotte Corday (1901), Miarka (1995), Myrrha (1909), Sangre y Sol (1912), incidental music and songs.

GERRARD, Henri-Philippe (1763-1848): b. Liége, d. Versailles; studied the most eminent next to

Gericke Gervinus

Luther; was deacon of St. Nicholas', Berlin, 1657-66, and from 1676 archdeacon in Lubben; poet of 'O Haupt voll Blut und Wunden,' 'Nun ruhen alle Walder,' etc. (2) Paul (1867-): b. Leipzig, pupil of the Cons. there, organist in Leipzig and Zwickan; composer of organ pieces, sacred and secular songs, choral works, etc. (3) Ellena (1883-): b. Leipzig; studied at the Leipzig Cons.; made her début as contralto, Leipzig, 1903, with A. Nikisch as accompanist; engaged for the Leipzig Opera where she appeared in 16 performances of Werther; but abandoned the stage for the concert platform, on which she has been eminently successwhich she has been eminently successful; toured America every season since 1912 as lieder singer (soprano); also successful in oratorio. Ref .: portrait, V. 364.

GERICKE, Wilhelm (1845-): b. Schwanberg (Styria); pupil of Dessoff; Kapellmeister, Vienna Hofoer, 1874; conductor Boston Symphony, 1884-89 and 1898-1908, spending the installar of the conductor terim in Vienna (where he conducted the Gesellschaftskonzerte) and Dresden. He composed an operetta, a Requiem,

He composed an operetta, a Requiem, concert overture, chamber music, songs, etc. (MS.). Ref.: IV. 190f.

GERLACH (1) Dietrich (16th cent.):
music printer in Nuremberg, associated with Ulrich Neuber 1566-71, working independently till his death, 1575, when the business was continued by his widow till 1592. (2) Theodor (1861-):
b. Dresden; theatre Kapellmeister in various German cities; director of a musical training institute at Carlsruhe; composer of songs (some 'spoken'). chamber music serenade for string orchestra, organ sonata, Lob der Musica (Luther), for chorus and orchestra, patriotic songs for men's chorus, incidental music, and an opera Matteo Falcone (Hanover, 1898), also 2 'spoken operas.'

GERLE (1) Conrad (d. 1521): celetrated Nuremberg lute-maker in 1469. (2) Hans (d. Nuremberg, 1570): probably son of (1); known as early as 1523 as violinist and maker of violins and lutes. He wrote Lauten-Parthien in der Tabulatur (1530); Musica Teusch in der Tabulatur (1530); Musica Teusch auf die Instrument der grossen und kleynen Geygen auch Lauten, etc. (1532); Musica und Tabulatur, auff die Instrument . . . gemert mit 9 teuischer und 38 welscher auch Frantzösischer Liedern und 2 Mudeten, etc. (2nd ed. to the former, 1546), Musica Teusch ander Theil (1533), and Ein newes sehr kinstliches Lautenbuch, darinen eitliche Preambel und welsche Tentz, mit vier Stimmen, etc. (1552). Ref.: VII. 374.

GERMAN, Edward (1862-): b. Whitchurch, Shropshire; composer; studied at Royal Acad. of Music; became musical director of the Globe Theatre, 1889, conductor of concerts at the Crystal Palace, etc. He wrote operas and operettas (The Rival Poets.)

1886; 'The Emerald Isle' [with Sullivan], 1901; 'Merrie England,' 1902; 'The Princess of Kensington,' 1903; 'Tom Jones,' 1907; 'Fallen Fairies,' 1909); also 1 symphonic poem, symphonic suites, 2 symphonies, marches, etc., for orch.; incidental music to Shakespearean and other plays ('Henry VIII,' 'As You Like It,' etc.) and many songs. Ref.: III. 425, 426, 432.

GERMER, Heinrich (1837-1913): b.

425, 426, 432.

GERMER, Heinrich (1837-1913): b. Sommersdorf, Saxony, d. Dresden; studied at the Berlin Akademie; taught piano in Dresden; wrote Die Technik des Clavierspiels (1877), Die Musikalische Ornamentik, Rhythmische Probleme, Wie spielt man Klavier? and a piano method; also edited the piano sonatas of Mozart and Beethoven and studies from Czerny.

GERNSHEIM, Friedrich (1839-): b. Worms; pianist; studied at Leipzig Cons. and Paris; Musikdirektor at Saarbrücken Cons.; teacher at Cologne, 1865-74 (ducal professor, 1872); conductor of the Maatschappij concerts at Rotterdam, 1874; teacher at the Stern

ductor of the Maatschappij concerts at Rotterdam, 1874; teacher at the Stern Cons., Berlin, 1890-97; and conductor of the Stern Gesangverein to 1904, also of the Eruditio musica of Rotterdam from 1897; member of the senate of the Berlin Royal Academy, and head of an academic master-school for com-rosition. G. wrote A symphonies position. G. wrote 4 symphonies, overtures, piano concerto, 2 violin concertos, 'cello concerto, choral works cerros, cello concerto, choral wolds (Salamis, Wächterlied an der Neujahrsnacht 1200, Odins Meeresritt, and Das Grab in Busento for male chorus and orchestra; Nordische Sommernacht, Preislied, Der Nornen Wiegenlied, Photestalle and Agrinning for wired orchestra; Nordische Sommernacht, Preislied, Der Nornen Wiegenlied, Phōbus Apollo and Agrippina for mixed chorus and orchestra; some with solos), and especially chamber music, 3 piano quartets, 2 piano quintets, trios, 3 violin sonatas, 2 'cello sonatas, 4 string quartets and 1 string quartet. Ref. III. 209f; VII. 321, 324, 466; VIII. 251. GERSTER, Etelka (Mme. Gardini-Gerster) (1855-): b. Kaschau, Hungary; coloratura soprano; pupil of Marchesi at the Vienna Cons., made début at Venice, 1876, as Gilda in Rigoletto; sang at Marseilles, Genoa, and Kroll's, Berlin, and subsequently all through Europe and (1878, 1883, 1887) in the U. S. Since 1896 she has taught in Berlin and for a time in New York. Ref.: IV. 137, 160.

in Berlin and for a time in New York. Ref.: IV. 137, 160.
GERVILLE-REACHE, Jeanne: contemp. operatic mezzo-soprano in Europe and America. Sang leading rôles in Manhattan Opera House, New York. Ref.: IV. 152.
GERVINUS, Georg Gottfried (1805-1871): b. Darmstadt, d. Heidelberg; historian and man of letters; was a founder of the Leipzig Händel-Verein; wrote Händel und Shakespeare. Zur Asthetik der Tonkinst (1868). A selection of songs from Handel's oratorios and operas, called Naturgemässe Ausbildung in Gesang und Klavierspiel, Ausbildung in Gesang und Klavierspiel,

GESIUS (or Göss), Bartholomäus (ca. 1555-1613): b. Muncheberg, near Frankfort-on-Oder, d. Frankfort-on-Oder; composer of church music; pub. numerous collections of psalms, hymns, chorals, motets, masses, etc., 1588-1624; also a Synopsis musicae practicae (1609 [1615, 1618]).

GESUALDO, Don Carlo, Prince of Venosa (ca. 1550-1614): an accomplished musician, who, living in the new era of the monodic style cultivated by the Florentines, was known as a 'chromaticist.' His methods were ahead of his generation, his music being not only rich in contrapuntal devices, but also distinguished by melodious voice-leaddistinguished by metodious voice-feadings, and appropriateness to the text. He published 6 books of Madrigali a 5 (Genoa, 1585; score, 1613). Ref.: I. 276. GETTY, Alice: contemp. American song-writer. Ref.: IV. 406.

song-writer. Ref.: IV. 406.

GEVAERT, François-Auguste (1828-1908): b. Huysse, near Oudenarde, d. Brussels; musical theorist and composer; studied at Ghent Cons., 1841-47, and took the grand prix de Rome for composition. He was organist at the Jesuit church from 1843. He prod. 2 operas in Belgium, then visited, successively, Paris (producing an opera at the Théatre Lyrique), Spain, Italy and Germany; he prod. 9 more operas and a festival cantata, De nationale verjaerday, which won him the Order of Leopold. G. was chef de chant at the Paris Opéra, 1867-70, and succeeded Fétis as director of the Brussels Cons., 1871. Opera, 1807-70, and succeeded reins ad director of the Brussels Cons., 1871. He composed 12 operas, 3 cantatas, a Missa pro defunctis, Super flumina Babylonis, an overture, Flandre au lion, ballads, songs, etc. His theoretical and historical writings constitute probably his most valuable work. They include Rapport sur la situation de la musique en Espagne (1851), Leerboek van den Gregoriaenschen Zang (1856), and Rapport sur la stination de la musique en Espagne (1851), Leerboek van den Gregoriaenschen Zang (1856), and Traité d'instrumentation (1863), long considered the best of its kind thus far published (revised as Nouveau traité, etc., 1885, and transl, into German by Riemann; 2nd part, Orchestration, 1890); also Les origines du chant liturgique de l'église latine (1890; transl. by Riemann); Vademecum de l'organiste; and the monumental La Mélopée antique dans l'église latine. He also edited Les gloires d'italie (1868) and Chansons du XVmsiècle (1875) both valuable collections of old music practically arranged. Ref.: (Citations, etc.) I. 131, 135, 140, 144, 146f; VIII. 89 (footnote), 91.

GEYER, Flodoard (1811–1872): b. Berlin, d. there; studied composition with Marx; founded the Mannergesangverein, 1842, and was a co-founder of the Tonkinstlerverein; taught theory in the Kullak-Stern Cons., 1851-66; music critte for various German papers; composed operas, symphonies, songs

was published by his wife, Victoria, and chamber music, also wrote a Kompositionslehre (1862) and a work on
GESIUS (or Göss), Bartholomäus

the use of silent keyboards in teaching.

GHEERT. Jacques. See TURNHOUT. Gerard de.

GHEYN, Matthias van den (1721-1785): b. Tirlemont, Brabant, d. Lou-vain; organist at St. Peter's, Louvain, and town carilloneur for many years; pub. Fondements de la basse continue; also pieces for organ and carillon, and 6 divertissements for harpsichord, ca.

GHISELIN (Ghiseling or Ghiselinus), Jean (15th-16th cent.): Netherland contrapuntist; may be identical with Verbonnet; wrote 5 masses in Petrucci's Missae diversorum (1503); 5 motets in the Mottetti della corona (1505)

GHISLANZONI, Antonio (1824-1893): b. Lecco, d. Caprino-Bergamasco; manager of *Italia Musicale* and editor of the *Gazzetta Musicale*, Milan; wrote more than 60 libretti and pub.

wrote more than 60 libretti and pub. Reminiscenze artistiche.
GHIZEGHEM. See HEYNE.
GHRO, Johann. See GROR.
GHRO, Johann. See GROR.
GHRO, Johann. See GROR.
GHYS, Joseph (1801-1848): b. Ghent,
d. St. Petersburg; violinist; studied
under Lafont at Brussels Conservatory;
taught at Amiens and Nantes; toured
France, 1832, Belgium, 1835, Germany
and Austria, 1837, and northern Europe; wrote Variations for violin with
piano or orchestra; Le mouvement perpetuel, for violin with string quartet;
violin concerto in D; romances;
L'orage for violin solo, etc. L'orage for violin solo, etc. GIACCHE. See BERCHEM.

GIACCHETTO. See Buus.

GIACOBI (Giacobbi), Don Girolamo (1567-1630): b. Bologna, d. there as maestro di cappella at S. Petronius; one of the first Bolognese opera composers, having prod. Andromeda (1610), the festival drama Reno sagrificante

GIAMMARIA: 16th cent. Jewish lutenist. Ref.: I. 328.
GIANELLI, Pietro, Abbate (ca. 1770-1822): b. Friuli, d. Venice; pub. an early Italian dictionary of music (1801), also a Grammatica ragionata della musica (1801) and a collection of biographies of musicians (1822).
GIANETTINI, Antonio (1649-1721): b. Venice, d. Modena; maestro di cappella at the court of Modena; prod. 6 operas (3 in Venice, 3 in Hamburg); 6 oratorios, cantatas and church music.
GIARDA. Luigi Stefano (1868-):

GIARDA, Luigi Stefano (1868-): b. Cassolnovo, Pavia; studied at the Milan Cons.; taught at the Padua Mu-sic School and at the Royal Cons., Na-

sic School and at the Royal Cons., Naples; wrote the operas, Rejetio and Lord Byron,' orchestral and instrumental music, 'cello studies, etc. GIARDINI, Felice de' (1716-1796): b Turin, d. Moscow; violinist and composer; pupil of Paladini and of Somio at Turin; played in theatre orchestras in Rome and Naples and small conin Rome and Naples, and small concerts; then appeared in London with great success and in Paris became a court favorite. He became leader at the 14-15 popular London 1752 mancourt favorite. He became leader at the Italian opera, London, 1752, manager in 1756, and again in 1763, but losses caused his return to the concert stage in 1765. He led the Panthéon concerts, 1774-80, the Italian opera, 1782-83; in 1790 failed again with opera in London and took his troupe to Russia, where he died. He prod. 5 operas in London, also an oratorio, Ruth (1752), and wrote 5 sets of violin solos. 6 duets. London, also an oratorio, Rulh (1752), and wrote 5 sets of violin solos, 6 duets, 6 violin sonatas, 12 violin concertos, 6 piano quintets, 12 string quartets, string trios, songs, etc. Only his violin music is of permanent value. Ref.: VII.

404.

GIBBONS (1) Edward (ca. 1570-ca. 1650): organist at Bristol cathedral, 1592-1611, Exeter, 1611-44; Mus. D., Oxon., 1590. Wrote anthems, etc. (MSS. in British Museum and Oxford). (2) Ellis (d. ca. 1650): brother of (1); organist at Salisbury cathedral. (3) Orlando, brother of (1) and (2), (1583-1625): b. Cambridge, d. Canterbury; chorister at King's Coll., Cambridge, 1596; organist of the Chapel Royal, 1604, Westminster Abbey, 1626. Mus. D., Xoon., 1622. He published 'Fantasies of III. parts . . . composed for viols' (1610). This, the earliest engraved compositions in England, has been edited by E. F. Rimbault and reprinted (1843). Pieces for the virginal, pub. in 'Parthenia,' were reprinted in 1843 organist at Salisbury cathedral. (3) organist at Salisbury cathedral. (3) orlando, brother of (1) and (2), (1583-1625): b. Cambridge, d. Canterbury; chorister at King's Coll., Cambridge, 1596; organist of the Chapel Royal, 1604, Westminster Abbey, 1626. Mus. D., Oxon., 1622. He published 'Fantasies of III. parts . . . composed for viols' (1610). This, the earliest engraved compositions in England, has been edited by E. F. Rimbault and reprinted (1843). Pieces for the virginal, publin 'Parthenia,' were reprinted in 1843 (1843). Pieces for the virginal, publin 'Parthenia,' were reprinted in 1843 (1843). Pieces for the virginal, publin 'Parthenia,' were reprinted in 1845 (1843). Pieces for the virginal, publin 'Parthenia,' were reprinted in 1845 (1843). A selection of his church music, edited by Ouseley, in 1873. A selection of harpsichord pieces has been repub. by Augener. There are church compositions in Wither's 'Hymns and Songs of the Church,' Boyce's 'Cathedral Music' and Leighton's 'Teares or Lamentations of a Sorrowfull Soule' (1614).

collection of folk-songs, orchestral and instrumental music.

GIAMMARIA: 16th cent. Jewish lutenist. Ref.: I. 328.

GIANELLI, Pietro, Abhate (ca. 1770-1822): b. Friuli, d. Venice; pub. an early Italian dictionary of music (1801), also a Grammatica ragionata della musica (1801) and a collection of biographies of musicians (1822).

GIANETTINI, Antonio (1649-1721): b. Venice. d. Modena: maestro di cap-otter works. other works.

other works.

GIBSON, [George] Alfred (1849-):
b. Nottingham; studied violin with
Henry Farmer; first violin at Drury
Lane Opera, 1867, and at Covent Garden, 1871-83; leader of King's Private
Band since 1893; professor of violin at
the Royal Academy of Music.

GIBSONE, Guillaume-Ignace (ca.
1826-): b. London; studied piano
with Moscheles; teacher and composer
in London since 1850; wrote 3 cantatas, an opera and 2 symphonies in
MS.; pub. sonatas for piano and violin.

MS.; pub. sonatas for piano and violin, songs and piano pieces.

MS.; pub. sonatas for plano and violin, songs and plano pieces.

GIDE, Casimir (1804-1868): b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire, and became a partner in his father's book business in 1847; prod. 6 operas (1828-58) and 7 ballets in Paris. GIESEKE, Ludwig (18th cent.): German writer. Ref.: IX. 101.

GIGAUIT, Nicolas (ca. 1645-): b. Claye, Brie; organist at St. Martin's, St. Nicolas aux champs and St. Esprit at Paris; pub. Livre de musique pour l'orgue (1685, repub. by Guilmant), also Livre de Noëls diversifés a 2, 3 et 4 parties (1685).

GIGHI: 17th cent. composer of sonatas, etc. Ref.: VII. 478.

GIGOUT, Eugène (1844-): b. Nancy; pupil, later teacher, at Niedermeyer School, Paris; also studied with Saint-Saens. He became organist at St. Augustin in 1863 and became famous as concert organist through western Europe; founded an organ-school, subsidized by the government, at Paris, 1885. G. has composed many organ pleces, large and small, over 300 Gregorian and plain-song compositions, and vocal pieces. He bub. Album Gregorian

pil of MacDowell; composer of orchestral works, some based on negro and other racial idioms, including A Comedy Overture, Humoresque on Negro Minstrel Tunes, Negro Rhapsody, Riders to Sea (symphonic prologue), The Dance in Place Congo (symphonic poem); also songs, plano pleces, etc. Champion of nationalism in American music. Ref.: IV. 311, 408ff; (quoted on racial influence) IV. 278; mus. ex., XIV. 264; portrait, IV. 408. (5) Jean [pseudonym for Max Winterfeld] (1879-): pupil of Xaver Scharwenka; Kapellmeister in Bremerhaven, Hamburg and Berlin (Apollo Theatre) till 1910; composer of operettas and farces, including Polnische Wirtschaft (Berlin, 1911; Paris, 1914, as Ménage polonais), etc. (6) [Sir] W. S. (19th cent.): English humorist, author of texts for Sullivan's musical comedies. Ref.: IX. 235.

GILBERTTE, Hallett (1875-): b. Winthrop, Maine; studied in Boston; composer of songs which have become popular, including 'In Reverie,' 'Spanish Serenade,' 'Song of the Canoe,' Two Roses,' etc.

'Two Roses,' etc.

Two Roses, etc.
GILCHRIST (1) James (1832-1894):
d. Glasgow; eminent violin maker. (2)
William Wallace (1846-1916): b. Jersey City, N. J.; studied under H. A.
Clarke at the Univ. of Pennsylvania; choirmaster at St. Clement's Church, Philadelphia, 1873; organist Christ
Church, Germantown, and teacher at the Philadelphia Musical Acad. from
1882: conductor of choral societies: the Frinadelphia Musical Read. Ironia 1882; conductor of choral societies; composed Psalm xlvi, for soli, chorus, orchestra and organ, 'Song of Thanksgiving,' 'The Rose,' cantata (1887), 'Ode' to the Sun,' 'Autumn

composed Fsain MV, 101 Son, corrus, orchestra and organ, 'Song of Thanksgiving,' 'The Rose,' cantata (1887), 'Ode to the Sun,' 'Autumn Dreaming,' orchestral works, songs, church music, etc. Ref.: IV. 357. (3) Connie (19th cent.): English dancer. Ref.: X. 189.

GILES, Nathaniel (ca. 1550-1633): b. Worcester, England; d. Windsor; chorister of Magdalen Coll., Oxford, 1559; organist and choir-master of St. George's Chapel, Windsor, 1595; succeeded Hunnis as Master of the Children of the Chapel Royal, 1597; Mus. Doc. Oxon., 1622; wrote some pieces in Leighton's 'Teares or Lamentacions of a Sorrowfull Soule' (1614); a service and an anthem in Barnard's 'Church Music' (1641): Lesson of Descant of Thirtie-eighte Proportions of Sundrie Kindes' in Hawkins' History of Music'; several anthems in MS.

GILIBERT, Charles (1866-1910): b.

GLUBERT, Charles (1866-1910); b. Paris, d. New York; studied at the Conservatoire and sang at the Opéra-Comique, Paris, later in Brussels; first appeared at the Matancillan Conservation. nque, Faris, later in Brussels; first appeared at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, in 1900, where he sang until 1903; Manhattan Opera House, 1906-10; excelled in baritone roles of modern French operas, notably the Father in Charpentier's Louise. Ref.: IV. 148, 152.

GILL, Allen: contemp. English choral conductor. Ref.: III. 422.
GILLE, Karl (1861-): b. Eldagsen, near Hanover; Kapellmeister in Elbing; Hofkapellmeister in Schwerin, 1891; conductor at the Stadttheater, Hamburg, 1897, at the Volksoper, Vienna, 1906-10; and since 1910 at the Hanover court theatre.

Hanover court theaure.
GILLES. See Bredos.
GILMAN (1) Lawrence (1878-);
b. New York; music critic ('Harper's Mag.,' etc.); wrote biography of Edward MacDowell (1999) and several studies in musical asthetics. Ref.: (cited) IV.
266 368. (2) Benjamin Ives. Ref.:

in musical esthetics. Ref.: (cited) IV. 366, 368. (2) Benjamin Ives. Ref.: (cited) I. 14, 40. GILMORE, Patrick Sarsfield (1829-1892): b. near Dublin, d. St. Louis, Mo.; organized the famous Gilmore's Band in Boston, 1859; bandmaster in the Federal army at New Orleans, 1864; conducted 2 great music festivals in Boston, National Peace Jubilee, 1869, and World's Peace Jubilee, 1872. G. toured the United States, Canada and Europe (1878) with his band; composed dance music, songs, military music and arrangements for band. sic and arrangements for band.

GILSE, Jan van (1881): b. Rot-terdam; studied at Cologne Cons., and with Humperdinck in Berlin; conducted opera in Bremen and Amsterdam; composed 3 symphonies, 2 of which won prizes (1902, 1909), an overture, intermezzi, Eine Lebensmesse, songs and an opera, Frau Helga von Stavern.

GILSON, Paul (1865-): b. Brusselle Edition

opera, Frau Helga von Stavern.
GILSON, Paul (1865-): b. Brussels; Belgian composer, a self-taught musician; won the grand prix de Rome in 1892 with canitata Sinat; produced opera Alvar at Brussels (1896); also brought out another cantata, Francesca da Rumini (1895); symphonic sketches, La, mer (1892), a septet and scherzo for wind-instruments, orchestral fantasy on Canadian folk tunes (1898), a Scottish rhapsody, two symphonic poems and other works for orchestra, the operas Gens de mer (1902) and Prinses Zonnenschijn (1903), choral works, songs, etc.
GINER, Salvador (1832-1911): b. Valencia, d. there; studied at the Valencia Cons.; composed a symphony, Lascuarto Estaciones, a cantata, Feria de

cuarto Estaciones, a cantata, Feria de Valencia, an oratorio, Judit, and 10 operas, the most successful of which were Sagunto (1891) and El Sonador (1901).

GINGUENE, Pierre-Louis 1816): b. Rennes, d. Paris; member of the French Academy; literary historian; wrote Lettres et articles sur la musique

wrote Lettres et articles sur la musique (1783), containing his journalistic papers on the Gluck-Piccini controversy; also articles on mus. history in the Encyclopédie, etc. Ref.: IX. 58.

GIORDANI (corr. Carmine), Tommaso (1744-ca. 1816): b. Naples, d. Dublin; appeared in buffo rôles at the Haymarket Theatre, London, 1762; taught music and managed an Italian opera-troupe at Dublin; wrote an op-

era, 'Perseverance' (Dublin, 1789); an oratorio, 'Isaac'; trios for flutes and bass, 5 books of flute-duos, duos for 'cello, plano-pieces, songs, etc. (2) (Giordanello), Giuseppe (1744-1798): brother of (1); b. Naples, d. Fermo; opera-composer; fellow-student of Cimarosa and Zingarelli at the Conservatory of Loreto; popular teacher and composer in London, 1772-82; composed about 30 operas, including Il Bacio, 1794, 6 piano quartets, 30 piano quartets, 6 string quartets, 30 piano quartets, 6 string quartets, 30 ff. Scarlatti at Cons. San Onofrio, trios, 6 violin concertos, piano sonatas for 2 and 4 hands; preludes and exercises for piano; soprano duets; 5 books of Canzonette for solo voices; composed for the church. Gizziello'; composed for the church. bass, 5 books of flute-duos, duos for cello, piano-pieces, songs, etc. (2) (Giordanello), Giuseppe (1744-1798): brother of (1); b. Naples, d. Fermo; opera-composer; fellow-student of Cimarosa and Zingarelli at the Conservatory of Loreto; popular teacher and composer in London, 1772-82; maestro di cappella of Fermo cathedral; composed about 30 operas, including Il Bacio, 1794, 6 piano quintets, 3 piano quartets, 6 string quartets, 30 trios, 6 violin concertos, piano sonatas for 2 and 4 hands; preludes and exercises for piano; soprano duets; 5 books of Canzonette for solo voices; other secular and sacred music in MS. GIORDANO, Umberto (1868-):

croises for piano; soprano duets; 5 books of Canzonette for solo voices; other secular and sacred music in MS. GIORDANO, Umberto (1868-); b. Naples; dramatic composer; produced a 4-act opera seria Andrea Chenier, La Scala, Milan, 1896; a 2-act opera seria Regina Diaz, Naples, 1894; and a 3-act 'melodrama' (opera) Mala vita, Rome, 1892, produced in Milan as II Voto. 1897; Madame Sans-Gêne (N. Y., 1915), Ref.: III. 389, 377; IX. 481,485. GIORGIO. See Banti. GIORGIO. See Banti. GIORGIO. See Janovic. GIORA, Nicola de (1820-1885): b. Bari, d. there; pupil of Ruggi, Zingarelli and Donizetti at Naples; composer of Don Checco (1850) and 23 other, less successful, operas. He also wrote romanzas, canzoni, etc., of popular nature, and church music. GIORZA, Paolo (1838-1914): b. Milan, d. Seattle, Wash.; composed many successful ballets produced principally at La Scala, Milan (1853-66), also one opera, military and dance music. GIOVANELLI, Ruggiero (ca. 1550-1820): b. Velletri, d. Rome; maestro di cappella in San Luigi de' Francesi at Rome, 1587; later in the Collegium Germanicum; succeeded Palestrina as maestro di cappella at St. Peter's, 1599; prepared a new edition of Graduals (2 vols., 1614-15). His printed works include 3 books of 5-part madrigali satruccioli (1587); 2 books of 5-to 8-part motets; 3-part Canzonette and Villanelle (1592-93); also scattered madrigals in the collections of Scotto and Phalese; other works in MS. are in the Vatican Library. GIOVANNI DA CASCIA, or Johannes de Florentia (14th cent.): b. at Cascia, near Florence; founder of the style reform that spread from Florence soon after 1300 (ars nova);

GIZZIELLO, Gioachino. CONTI.

CONTI.

GLADSTONE, Francis Edward (1845-): English organist; b. Summertown, n. Oxford; studied under Wesley, 1859-62; organist at Weston-super-mare, Llandaff, Chichester, Brighton, London, and Norwich; choir-director at St. Mary of the Angels, Bayswater; Mus. Doc. Contab., 1879; professor of counterpoint, etc., at Trinity College, London, in 1881; professor of harmony and counterpoint at Royal College of Music in 1883; composed church music, an overture, some chamber-music (all in MS.); also organ pieces; wrote "The Organ-Student's Guide' and a "Treatise on Strict Counterpoint," 1906. terpoint,' 1906.

Guide and a 'treause on strict counterpoint,' 1906.

GLAREANUS, Heinrich Loris (or Henricus Loritus) (1488-1563): b. Glarus; d. Freiburg, Baden; attended the Latin School at Bern; studied theology at Cologne; also music under Cochläus; crowned poet laureate by Emperor Maximilian I, 1512; taught and lectured in Basel, Paris, and Freiburg; wrote Isagoge in musicen (Basel, 1516); and the Dodecachordon (1547), in which he advocates 12 church-modes instead of the usually accepted eight. It is also a valuable source for the history of mensural music, notation, and early music-printing; pub. Musicae epitome ex Glareani Dode kachordo (159; in German; Uss Glareani Musik ein Ussung... 1557); revised edition of Boetius' writings, edited by M. Rota, 1570.
GLASENAPP, Karl Friedrich

GLASEN APP, Karl Friedrich (1847-1915): b. Riga; studied philosophy at Dorpat; contributor to the Bayreuther Blätter; head-master at Riga from 1875; wrote Richard Wagner's Leben und Wirken (Leipzig, 2 vols., 3rd ed. 1894); also a Wagner-Lexikon (Stuttgart, 1883).

hannes de Florentia (14th cent.): b. at Cascia, near Florence; founder of the style reform that spread from Florence soon after 1300 (ars nova); lived at the court of Mastinos II della Scala (1329-51) at Parma; composed madrigals, caccias, canzoni and ballads. Ref.: I. 263, 266.

GIRARD, Narcisse (1797-1860): b. Martes, France, d. Paris; studied at the Thomasschule, Leipzig; became a teacher, musical director and Nantes, France, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire; mattre de chapelle at pub. chorales, plano music, songbooks the Opéra Italien, 1830-2, at the Opéra-

Kurze Anweisung zum Choralspiel (1824), and a work on the theory of musical composition by means of a 'musical compass' (1828). (2) Franz (1798-1861): b. Obergeorgenthal, Bohemia, d. Copenhagen; studied at Prague and in Vienna; Kapellmeister in Vienna, 1817, and in Berlin, 1830; Royal conductor at Copenhagen after 1842; wrote 13 operas, of which Des Adlers Horst (1838) was the most successful, incidental music, an overture, cantata, etc. Choralspiel

Horsi (1833) was the most successful, incidental music, an overture, cantata, etc.

GLASS, Louis Christian August (1864-): b. Copenhagen; studied at Brussels Cons.; pianist, 'cellist and composer of symphonies, overtures, an orchestral suite, instrumental music, etc. Cf. Christian H. G. (Addenda).

GLAZOUNOFF, Alexander (1865-): b. St. Petersburg, where he attended the Polytechnie Institute and became acquainted with Balakireff and Rimsky-Korsakoff in 1830; then studied composition with Rimsky-Korsakoff. He prod. his first symphony in 1831, and at Weimar under Liszt in 1834; his second in Paris, 1889, and his fourth in London. He conducted the Russian Symphony Concerts at St. Petersburg with Rimsky-Korsakoff and Liadoff, 1896-97. His numerous works include ron orchestra: 8 symphonies, 5 suites, 6 overtures, 2 serenades, 2 fantasies, a symphonic poem, a 'symphonic tableau,' an elegy, a Poeme Lyrique, Rhapsodie Orientale, Le Printemps, marches, waltz, etc.; Chambers Music: 5 string quartets, a string quintet, a brass quartet, Quatuor slave, a Réverie for horn, and In Modo Relugioso, quartet for brass; for prano: a suite, 2 sonatas, études, dances, etc.; also songs. Ref.: III. xi, xi, xi, xvi, xvii, 137ff; V. 368; VI. 395; VII. 333; VIII. 45iff; X. 183, 186, 224; portrait, III. 150.

GLEASON, Frederick Grant (1848-): b. Middletown, Conn.; pupil of Dudley Buck, and Moscheles, Richter, Plaidy, Lobe, etc., at Leipzig Cons.; of Loeschhorn, Weitzmann, and Haupt at Berlin, and Beringer in London; organist in Hartford, New Britain; teacher in Chicago. He composed organ and piano pieces, songs, church music, cantatas; also symphonic poem, orchestral sketches, etc. Ref.: IV. 346.

GLEISSNER, Franz (1760-ca. 1815): b. Neustadt-on-the-Waldanb, d. Munich; inventor of lithographic process of songs, was first to be so printed;

n. reustadt-on-the-Waldnab, d. Munich; inventor of lithographic process of music printing. His work, a set of songs, was first to be so printed; introduced his invention in Munich, Offenbach and Vienna.

GLEITT. Karl (1992)

GLEITZ, Karl (1862-): b. Hitzerode, near Cassel; studied at the Leipzig Cons. and the Akademie, Munich; composed 6 symphonic poems, a fantasy for piano and orchestra and a violin sonata; pub. Künstlers Erdenwallen (1896-07). GLEN, John (1833-1904): b. Edinburgh, d. there; manufacturer of bagpipes from 1866 and student of early Scotch music; wrote several books on Scotch dances and melodies.

Scotch dances and melodies.

GLIÈRE, Reinhold Moritzovitch (1875-): b. Kieff; composer; studied at the Cons. of Moscow under Taneieff and Ippalitoff-Ivanoff. His compositions include 2 string quartets, 3 string sextets, a string octet, 3 symphonies, a symphonic poem, 'The Sirens,' a ballad for 'cello, piano pieces and songs. Ref.: III. xvii, 146, 150f; VII. 396; VII. 555; VIII. 463; X. 206, 207, 254, 259; portrait, III. 150.

GLINKA, Mikhail Ivanovitch (1804-1857): b. Novospaskoi, near

GLINKA, Mikhail Ivanovitch (1804-1857): b. Novospaskoi, near Smolensk, Russia; d. Berlin; the great 'classic' of Russian music. He was 'classic' of Russian music. He was of noble birth, studied languages in St. Petersburg, then violin with Bohm, and piano and theory with C. Mayer. He also was a pupil of John Field at Moscow, and of S. W. Dehn in Berlin, and became a brilliant pianist. G. spent 4 years in Italy, and was influenced by the composers of that country. In 1834 he wrote the Russian national opera 'A Life for the Czar,' which was successfully produced at national opera 'A Life for the Czar,' which was successfully produced at St. Petersburg in 1836. 'Russlan and Ludmilla' followed in 1842. Both works are still popular. G. went to Paris in 1844, where he gave orchestral concerts, then to Madrid and Seville, where he wrote 'Jota Aragonese' (a capriccio brillante), and Souvenir d'une nuit d'été à Madrid, both for orchestra. After sundry travels and sojourns in Warsaw and St. Petersburg, G. worked on his autobiography and or sojourns in Warsaw and St. Petersburg, G. worked on his autobiography and plans for another opera, but died before they came to fruition. His works include, besides those mentioned, 2 unfinished symphonies, 2 polonaises, a tarentella, a fantasia, and Kamarinskaja for orchestra; a septet, 2 string quartets, a trio for piano, clarinet and oboe; rondos, waltzes, and sets of variations for piano; dramatic scenes, vocal quartets, romances, and songs. Ref.: III. xvi, 38, 39, 42f, 107, 134; V. 127, 257; VII. 329; symphonic works, VIII. 234f; operas, IX. 381, 385; X. 104, 181, 224, 254; portrait, III. 48.

GLÖGGL (1) Franz Xaver (1764-1839): b. Linz-on-Danube, d. there; Kapellmeister at Linz theatre and at the cathedral, also municipal Musikdirektor; wrote a short treatise on harmony (1810), a musical Lexikon (1822) and Der musikalische Gottesdienst (1822). (2) Franz (1797-1872): b. Linz, d. there; son of (1); founded a music business in 1843; pub. the Neue Wiener Musikzeitung, 1830-62, and founded an Akademie der Tonkunst, 1849-53, also a singing school called Polyhymnia. GLOVER (1) Sarah Ann (1785-1867): b. Norwich, England; d. Malvern; inventor of the Tonic Sol-fa system of notation, afterwards modified G. worked on his autobiography and

and developed by the Rev. John Curwen; pub. 'A Manual of the Norwich Sol-fa System...' (1845); and a tacked by hostile critics. Moreover, Sol-fa System...' (1845); and a tacked by hostile critics. Moreover, they led to his relations with the sec-manual Containing a Development of the Tetrachordal System' (London, 1850). (2) Stephen (1812-1870): b. London, d. there; music teacher and composer of many popular songs and duets, part-songs, trios, etc.; also salon-music for piano. (3) John William (1815-1900): b. Dublin, d. there; conductor; director of the choir at St. Patrick's Cathedral; teacher of singsaion-music for piano. (3) John William (1815-1900): b. Dublin, d. there; conductor; director of the choir at St. Patrick's Cathedral; teacher of singing at the Normal School; founded the Dublin Choral Union, 1851; lectured in Dublin and London; composed 2 operas, cantatas, masses, organ concertos, piano pieces, etc. (4) William Howard (1819-1875): b. London, d. New York; violinist; studied under Wagstaff; later a member of English Opera orchestra; toured Italy, Germany, and France; founded a school for music and drama in London. He also sang in opera and was critic for the Morning Post' for several years; settled in New York, 1868; wrote an opera, Ruy Blas (London, 1861); the operattas 'The Coquette' (1845?), 'Aminta' (1855?), 'Once Too Often' (1862), 'Palomita'; the cantata 'Tam O'Shanter' (1855); orchestral overture 'Manfred'; 12 romances for piano, and other piano-pieces, vocal quartets, duets, and

songs.

GLUCK (1) Christoph Willibald (1714-1787): b. Weidenwang, near Neumarkt, Upper Palatinate; d. Vienna; son of a game-keeper. He visited the Jesuit college at Komotau from the age of 12, learned to play the violin, harpsichord, and organ, and was chorister in St. Ignaz. He went to Prague to continue his musical studies, was noticed by Father Czernohorsky, an eminent musician, and under his tuition mastered the 'cello, his favorite instrument. He went to Vienna in 1736, where he was patronized by Prince Melzi; was taken to Milan, to Sammartini, who finished him in harmony and counterpoint. G. began his, operatic career with Artaserse (La Scala, 1741), which brought him commissions for other theatres. Demofoonte was followed by 8 others, and at the height of his success G. went to London, where of his success to went to London, whether failed with a pasticcle, Piramo e Tisbe. This led him to serious study and determination to reform his style. He visited and heard Rameau's operas, also Hamburg, Dresden and Vienna, also Hamburg breaden and Vienna, and the authorist of the accuration of the company of the compan also Hamburg, Dresden and Vienna, where he cultivated the acquaintance of literary men, and resducated himself in musical æsthetics. After La Semiramide riconosciuta (Vienna, 1748) and a number of other works showing increased dramatic power, also some experiments with adaptations of French opéras comiques, G. produced his re-form operas, Orfeo ed Euridice (1762), Alceste (1767), and Paride ed Elena (1769), to librettos by Calzabigi. They (1875) and Cordelia (1881).

court, G. secured his success against a powerful opposition. Iphigénie was followed by Alceste (1776) and Armide (1777), and the famous Gluck-Piccini controversy now ensued, leading to the production of Piccini's Roland, and the destruction of G.'s sketches for the same subject, when he heard of the cabal which purposed to match the two composers against each other. He recomposers against each other. He returned to Paris in 1779, with his masterpiece, Iphigènie en Tauride (libretto by Guillard), and with it established his supremacy. His last opera, Echo et Narcisse, produced in the same year, was in the nature of an anti-climax. He retired to Vienna in 1780, seven years before his death. G. also composed a De fore his death. G. also composed a De profundis for chorus and orch., 7 odes for a solo voice, with piano; 6 overtures; and an unfinished cantata, Das jungste Gericht, which Salleri finished Ref.: For life and work see II. 11, 17ff; odes, V. 177; operas, IX. 41ff; 102f, 121, 148, 152, 200; mus. ex. XIII. 203, 206, 207; birthplace, II. 18; portrait, II. 34. For general references see individual indexes. (2) Alma (real name Reba Fiersohn) (1884-): b. Bucharest, Rumania; studied with Buzzi-Peccia in New York; made her début as operatic soprano at the Metropolitan Opera House in Werther, 1909; abandoned the stage for concert Metropolitan Opera House in Werther, 1909; abandoned the stage for concert work and studied with Sembrich in Berlin; has toured the United States with success several times; married the violinist Efrem Zimbalist in 1914.
GLUTH, Victor (1852-): b. Pilsen; composer; teacher at the Royal Academy of Music, Munich; has composed the operas Der Trentajäger (1885), Horand und Hilde, and Et resurrexit.

resurrexit.

GMEINER, Lula (1876-): b. Kronstadt; studied with Grigorovicz and Walter and Herzog; violinist and altoist.

altoist.

GNECCHI, Vittorio (1876-): b.

Milan; Italian composer, resident in
Turin; prod. Viriti d'amore (1896) and
Cassandra (Bologna, 1905). Ref.: III. 382.
GNECCO, Francesco (1769-1810): b. Genea, d. Milan; operatic composer
whose genius was more fruitful than
original. His operas were produced in
Genoa, Naples, Milan, etc. Ref.: II.
187 (footnote).

GORATTI. Stefano (1852-1913): b.

iight, popular music.

GOBBI (1) Henri (1842-): b.
Budapest; pupil of Volkmann and
Liszt; music teacher and critic in Budapest. He wrote piano pieces in the
Hungarian vein; a festival cantata celebrating the 50th anniversary of Liszt's
career in public; male choruses, etc.
Ref.: III. 200. (2) Aloys (1844-):
b. Budapest; brother of Henri (1);
violinist and teacher.
GOBEL Karl (Heinrich Edward)

violinist and teacher.

GÖBEL, Karl (Heinrich Eduard)
(1815-1879): b. Berlin, d. Bromberg;
Kapellmeister at Danzig Theatre and
conductor of the Bromberg Gesangverein after 1840; wrote a singspiel, 2
operas, chamber music, choral works
and songs; also pub. a Compendium
für den Musikunterricht . . . (1873).

GOCKEL, August (1831-1861): b. Willibadessen, Westphalia; studied at the Leipzig Cons.; made a tour of the United States, 1853-55; wrote a piano

the Leipzig Cons.; made a tour of the United States, 1853-55; wrote a piano concerto and other piano pieces.

GODARD, Benjamin [-Louis-Paul] (1849-1895): b. Paris, d. Cannes; studied with R. Hammer, then at Paris Cons. with Vieuxtemps, and composition with Reber. He played in public at 9, and visited Germany with Vieuxtemps twice. His first public work was a violin sonata (1865), followed by other violin sonatas, a trio, string quartets which won the Prix Chariter from the Institut de France for merit in the department of chamber-music.' He also wrote the operas Les bijoux de Jeannetie (Paris, 1878); Pedro de Zalamea (Antwerp, 1884); Jocelyn (Brussels, 1888); Le Dante (Paris, 1890); Jeanne d'Arc (Paris, 1891); and La Vivandière (Paris, 1895; posthumous, the last 2 acts orchestrated by Paul Vidal), which had great success. Two other operas (not performed), incidental music to 'Much Ado about Nothing,' a Symphonie-ballet (1882); the 'Gothic,' 'Oriental,' Legendary,' B minor and 'Tasso' symphonies; Scènes poétiques and Lanterne magique and Ouverture dramatique (orchestral suites); a violin concerto (Romanitque), a piano concerto, piano

GOBBAERTS, Jean-Louis (1835-1886): b. Antwerp, d. Saint-Gilles, near Brussels; studied at the Brussels Cons.; played before Queen Victoria and pub. 6 waltzes for piano at 8 years; played before Queen Victoria and pub. 6 waltzes for piano at 8 years; played in the Grand National Concerts at 12; studied for 3 years with J. W. Davisendapest; pupil of Volkmann and Sundapest; pupil of Volkmann and Liett; wright factors and crific in Bulliant Concerts in England; made the tour of Germany. Dlaying made the tour of Germany. made the tour of Germany, playing in Leipzig in the Gewandhaus, 1855; toured the world, including India, Australia and America, 1873-76; retired

Australia and America, 1873-76; retired from concert giving in 1880, and has since lived at Tunbridge Wells; pub. a ballad and piano pieces (1852-53). GODEFROID [DIEUDONNÉ - JOSEPH-GUILLAUME-] FÉIK (1818-1897): b. Namur, d. Villers-sur-Mer; harpist; studied at the Conservatoire; lived in Paris and Brussels: wrote popular hero and Brussels; wrote popular harp pieces and salon music for piano; prod. 3 operas. His brother, Jules-Joseph (1811-1840), was also a harpist who wrote for harp and piano and prod. 2 operas.

GODFREY (1) Daniel (1831-1903): b. Westminster, England, d. Beeston, near Nottingham; studied at the Royal near Nottingham; studied at the Royal Academy of Music and became professor of military music there; toured the United States with his band, the Grenadier Guards, in 1872; composed waltzes and arrangements for military band. (2) Daniel (1868-): b. London; studied at the Royal College of Music; conducted the London Military Band, 1889-91, and other organizations; established the Bournemouth Municipal Orchestra, 1896, and in 1911 the Municipal Choir; composed many arrangements for military band, dances and marches. marches.

ments for military band, dances and marches.

GODOWSKY, Leopold (1870-):
b. Vilna, Poland; pianist; début 1879, touring Poland and Russia; studied in Vilna 2 years; studied under Rudorff in the Royal Hochschule, Berlin, later with Saint-Saëns in Paris; toured America 1884-85, and frequently since then; director of piano department at Broad Street Conservatory, Philadelphia, 1894; head of piano department in Chicago Conservatory, 1895; returned to Berlin, 1900; became director of the Klaviermeisterschule in Vienna, 1909 (Royal professor); toured United States, 1912, and has since then been living in New York; pub. Moto perpetuo (2 different pieces), Polonaise in C, Valse brillante in E, Märchen, Valse romantique, Menuet in E, and Valse-Scherzo for piano; also an arrangement for left hand of Chopin's Stude (op. 25, No. 6), 2 songs, and more than 100 works in MS.; also editor of 'The Progressive Series of Lessons, Exercises, Studies and Pieces' (St. Louis, 1912-15).

GOEDICKE, A.: contemporary Russire Contemporary Reserverses. magique and Ouveriure dramatique (orchestral suites); a violin concerto (Romantique), a piano concerto, piano pieces, études, over 100 songs and a lyrie scena' complete the list of his works. Ref.: III. 35f, 283; V. 317f; VII. 342; VIII. 345, 346; portrait, III. 30. GODDARD (1) Joseph (1833-) contemp. English writer on music; associate editor of the London 'Musical Times'; author of a piano method, Moral Theory of Music' (1852), 'Musical Development,' The Deeper Sources of the Beauty and Expression of Music' (1906), etc. (2) Arabella (1838-) b. St.-Servan, n. Saint-Malo, Brittany; noted pianist; began playing at age of 4; studied under Kalkbrenner at 1766

Union at Baden-Baden since 1891; composed an opera, Sarastro, in 3 acts, a sequel to Mozart's 'Magic Flute,' orchestral and choral works, etc. (3) Otto Ernst (1864-): brother of (2); b. Weimar; town cantor there since 1888; composer of vocal music. GOEPP, Philip Henry (1864-): b. New York; studied in New York and Philadelphia; organist and teacher in Philadelphia; organist and teacher in Philadelphia; since 1892; founded the MS. Musical Society there; author of the program books of the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra since 1900; pub. 'Annals of Music in Philadelphia' (1896), 'Symphonies and their Meaning' (3 vols., 1898, 1902, 1913); composed for piano, organ, and violin, songs, a cantata and an opera. cantata and an opera.

GOERING, Theodor (1844-1907): b. Frankfort, d. Munich; music critic for the Augsburg Abendzeitung; contributed to Goldstein's Musikwelt and to the Cologne Zeitung; pub. Der Messias von Bayreuth (1881).

GOES, Damião de (1500-1573): b. Alemquer, Portugal; d. Lisbon; ambassador to France, Italy, Poland and Denmark; also lived in Rome and Louvain; wrote a Tractado theorica da musica (MS.); also 3- to 6-part mo-tets (MS.) in Lisbon, and one or two motets printed in collections. GOETHE (1) Johann Wolfgang von: the great German poet, who, as on every other subject, held definite opin-jons concerning music and encouraged

ions concerning music and encouraged the development of the German Sing-spiel. His texts have been set by the development of the German Singspiel. His texts have been set by nearly all the great composers since his time. He was acquainted with Beethoven, but did not fully appreciate him, and preferred Zelter's settings to Schubert's. Ref.: II. 49, 134, 140, 223, 232, 283; III. 61, 267, 358; V. 193, 198f; VI. 168, 172, 196, 348, 435; VIII. 226, 301, 317, 410, 415, 440; IX. 54, 80, 120, 188, 209, 238, 240, 245, 252, 480; portrait, V. 200. (2) Walther Wolfgang von (1818-1885): b. Weimar, d. Leipzig; son of the great poet (1); studied in Leipzig; chamberlain to the Grand Duke; prod. 3 operettas in Weimar (1839-53); pub. several books of songs and piano music.

GOETSCHUS, Percy (1853-): the development of the German Singspiel. His texts have been set by pearly all the great composers since his time. He was acquainted with Beethoven, but did not fully appreciate him, and preferred Zelter's settings to Schubert's. Ref.: II. 49, 134, 140, 223, 223, 283; III. 61, 267, 358; V. 193, 198f; VI. 168, 172, 196, 348, 495; VIII. 226, 301, 317, 410, 415, 440; IX. 54, 80, 120, 183, 209, 238, 240, 245, 252, 480; portrait, V. 200. (2) Walther Wolfgang von (1818-1885): b. Weimar, d. Leipzig; chamberlain to the Grand Duke; prod. 3 operettas in Weimar (1839-53); pub. several books of songs and plano music.

GOETSCHIUS, Percy (1853-): b. Poterson, N. J.; studied piano under Faisst and Doppler at Stuttgart Conservatory, 1873-78; taught the English classes there from 1876, also often acted as Faisst's substitute; took charge of all the female classes in Research of the Schwäbischer Merkur; later opera-critic for the Neues Tage-

studied under J. G. Töpfer at Weimar; conducted choral societies, etc., in the United States from 1873. (2) Karl Eduard (1859-): b. Weimar; son of (1); conductor of the Musical Union at Baden-Baden since 1891; composed an opera, Sarastro, in 3 acts, a sequel to Mozart's 'Magic Flute,' orchestral and choral works, etc. (3) of Material Used in Musical Composed an opera, town cantor there since 1888; composer of vocal music.

GOEPP, Philip Henry (1864-): b. New York studied in New York and Philadelphia; organist and teacher in Philadelphia; organist and teacher in Philadelphia; organist and teacher in Philadelphia; organist in Musical Form' (1902), 'Lessons of the program books of the Philadelphia; organist and teacher in Philadelphia; of Music in Philadelphia; of GOEAVINUS, Anton Hermann (1802), 'Annals of Music in Philadelphia'

GOGAVINUS, Anton Hermann (16th cent.): Dutch writer; physician at Venice, a friend of Zarlino; pub. the first Latin translation of the Harmonics of Aristoxenos and of Ptolemy; also fragments of Aristotle and Porphyry (1552).

GOGOL: Russian poet. Ref.: III. 39, 108, 123, 136, 138; IX. 389, 398, 410; X. 104, 171.

GÖHLER, [KARL] Georg (1874-): b. Zwickau; writer and composer; studied at the Univ and Cons. of Leipzig, obtaining his Dr. phil. at the former with a study on the compositions of Cornelius Freundt (16th cent.); director of the Riedelverein, 1898; court Kapellmeister at Altenburg, 1903, and at Karlsruhe, 1907-9, again director of the Riedelverein and of the orchestral concerts of the newly founded Musical Society of Leipzig from 1909: conductor Society of Leipzig from 1909; conductor of the New Opera and singing teacher in Hamburg, from 1913; composer of 2 symphonies, an orchestral suite, songs

works for piano; author of 'Three Graduating Courses' (6 vols.).

GOLDBERG (1) Johann Theophilus [Gottlieb] (ca. 1730-1760): b. Konigsberg, d. Dresden (?); famous organ and clavichord player; chamber musician to Count Bruhl; studied under Friedemann Bach and later J. S. Bach; wrote 2 concertos, 24 polonaises, and a sonata with minuet and 12 variations, for clavichord; 6 trios for flute, violin and bass; a motet, a cantata, a Rsalm (all unpub.). Ref.: (Goldberg Variations) VII. 67. (2) Joseph Pasquale (1825-1890): b. Vienna, d. there; vocal teacher; brother of Fanny G. Marini and Catherine G. Strassi, singers; studied violin under Mayseder and Seyfried; singing under Rubini, Bordogni and Lamperti; appeared as a bass singer at Genoa, 1843, in Donizetti's La Regina di Golconda; sang in Italy several years; was concert singer and teacher in Paris and in London after 1861; pub. La Marcia trionfale for Victor Emmanuel's entry into Rome; also several songs.

GOLDE (1) Joseph G. director of

rionfate for victor Emmanuel's entry into Rome; also several songs.

GOLDE (1) Joseph G.: director of the Soller singing society at Erfurt.
(2) Adolf (1830-1880): son of (1); succeeded to the directorship of the Erfurt society. He composed a symphony and other probestral pieces also singer. and other orchestral pieces, also piano music of the popular salon order.

and other orchestral pleces, also plano music of the popular salon order.

GOLDMARK (1) Karl (1836-1915):
b. Keszthely, Hungary; composer; studied violin with Jansa at Vienna, theory with Böhm at the Cons., for the rest was self-taught. In 1858 he played a plano concerto of his own in Vienna, then produced a trio, a plano quartet, string quartets, etc.; also the concert-overture Sakuntala (op. 13), and an orchestral 'Scherzo, Andante, and Finale' (op. 19). His first opera, Die Königin von Saba (Vienna, 1875), was followed by Merlin (Vienna, 1886), and Das Heimchen am Herd (after Dickens), (Vienna, 1896), Die Kriegsgefangene (Vienna, 1899), and Der Fremdling. He also wrote 2 male choruses, the popular 'Rustic Wedding' symphony (op. 27); a second symphony (E flat); 3 more overtures, Im Frühling, 'Prometheus Bound,' and 'Sappho'; an orchestral scherzo, 2 suites for violin and piano, other chamber music, songs, etc. Ref.: VIII. 320f; mus. ex., XIV. 37. (2) Rubin (1872-): b. New York; nephew of Karl (1); studied at Vienna Cons. (composition with Fuchs), then with Joseffy (plano) and Dvořák (comp.). He taught at the National Cons., New York, Colorado College, etc., and gave many lecture-recitals. His compositions include chamber music (violin sonata, trio, string quartet) whitch won the Paderwski prize, 1910; sic (violin sonata, trio, string quartet) which won the Paderewski prize, 1910; also a Theme and Variations and an overture for orch., piano pieces, songs, etc. Ref.: IV. 381; portrait, III. 246.

Venice, d. Paris; creator of the Italian comedy of manners; wrote 200 stage pieces, including many opera libretti. Ref.: IX. 498.

comedy of manners; wrote 200 stage pieces, including many opera libretti. Ref.: IX. 498.

GOLDSCHMIDT (1) Sigmund (1815-1877): b. Prague, d. Vienna; distinguished planist; pupil of Tomaschek; created a sensation in Paris with his brilliant playing, from 1845 to 1849. There he also published a number of compositions for plano and orchestra, but later he succeeded to his father's banking business and ceased to follow music as a profession. (2) Otto (1829-1907): b. Hamburg, d. London; brilliant planist; pupil of I. Schmitt and F. W. Grund and studied in the Leipzig Conservatory with von Bulow, under Mendelssohn and, finally, under Chopin in Paris, 1848. Went to London, where he played at a Jenny Lind concert, 1849; followed her to America, 1851, and then married her. He was leader of the music festivals in Düsseldorf, 1863, and again in Hamburg, 1866; acted as substitute director of the London Royal Academy of Music, 1863; organized the Bach Choir in London, 1875, and brought it to a flourishing condition. His works include 'The Choral Book' (in collaboration with Bennett, 1862; supplement, 1864); the Biblical idyl, 'Ruth,' plano pieces, a trio, songs, etc. (3) Adalbert von (1848-): b. Vienna and studied at the Conservatory there; a studious amateur and ardent Wagnerite. He composed Die Sieben Todsunden, a cantata (1875), and an opera, Helianthus (Leipzig, 1884); also a trilogy, Gaea (1889), songs, piano pieces, etc. Ref.: III. 241. (4) Hugo (1859-): b. Breslau, where he studied under Hirschberg and Schäffer; abandoned music for a while, but in 1887 began studying singing under Stockhausens in Frankfort then abandoned music for a while, but in 1887 began studying singing un-der Stockhausens in Frankfort, then der Stockhausens in Frankfort, then studied musical history under Bohn, in Breslau; became a director in the Scharwenka-Klindworth Conservathe Scharwenka-Klindworth Conservatory, in Berlin, 1893. Among his works are Die italienishe Gesangmethode des 17. Jahrhunderts (1890); Der Vokalismus des neuhochdeutschen Kunstgesangs und der Bühnensprache (1892); Handbuch der deutschen Gesangspädagogik (1896); Studien zur Geschichte der italienischen Oper im 17. Jahrhundert (2 vols., 1901-04); Die Lehre von der vokalen Ornamentik (1907); and various minor articles.

GOLDWIN. John (cs. 1670-179); d.

(1997); and various minor articles.
GOLDWIN, John (ca. 1670-1719); d.
London, where he was organist at St.
George's Chapel, composer of church
music, whose works are preserved in
MS. in Christ Church, Oxford; a service being printed in Arnold's 'Cathedral
Music' and anthems in collections of
Boyce and Page.
GOLIVELLE. Stefano (1818-1891);

so a Theme and Variations and an certure for orch., plano pieces, songs, c. Ref.: IV. 381; portrait, III. 246. Coser; studied under Donelli and Vac-GOLDONI, Carlo (1707-1793): b. cai; toured Italy, France; England and

GOLISCIANI, Enrico: librettist. Ref.: IX. 499.

GÖLLERICH, August (1859-): b. Linz; studied with Bruckner and Liszt; took over the Ramann Music School at Nuremberg, 1890, and founded branches in Furth, Erlangen, and Anshach; since 1896 director of the Musikverein and the Schubertbund at Linz; author of A. Reissmann als Schriftsteller und Komponist (1884), a biography of Liszt in Reclam's Universalbibliothek (1887), a small volume on Beethoven (1904), a sketch of Liszt with catalogue of his collected works (1908), guides to Liszt's Graner mass (1897), Wagner's Nibelungen (1897), etc.

GOLLMICK (1) Karl (1796-1866): b. Dessau, d. Frankfurt; writer; for many years repetitor at the Municipal Theatre of Frankfurt; composed many piano pieces and songs; author of a Praktische Gesangschule, a Leitfaden für junge Musiklehrer, Kritische Terminologie für Musiker und Musikfreunde (1833), Musikalische Novellen und Silhouetten (1837), Herr Fétis als Mensch, Kritiker, Theoretiker und Komponist (1852), Handlexikon der Tonkunst (1858), Autobiographie (1866), articles, librettos, translations, etc. (2) Adolf (1825-1883): b. Frankfurt, d. London; son of (1); pianist and violinist; composer of operas, cantatas, orchestral and chamber music.

GOLOVINE, Russian artist. Ref.: IX. 378.

GOLOVINE, Russian artist. Ref .: IX. 378.

IX. 378.

GOLTERMANN (1) Georg [Eduard] (1824-1898): b. Hanover, d. Frankfort-on-Main; studied under Prell, Menter at Munich, and Lachner; made concert-tours, 1850-52; became musical director at Würzburg, 1852; second Kapellmeister at the Frankfort Theatre, 1853; first, 1874; composed for 'cello; 6 concertos, sonatas with pianoforte, Morceaux caractéristiques with pianoforte, Danses allemandes with pianoforte, Adagio with orchestra, Elegie with pianoforte; also a symphony in A minor (op. 20), 2 Festspiel-Ouvertiren (op. 24 and 94), and songs. (2) Johann August Julius (1825-1876): b. Hamburg, d. Stuttgart; 'cellist; teacher at Prague Cons., 1850-62; first 'cello at Stuttgart, 1862. (3) August (1826-1890): d. Schwerin; court planist.

Germany, 1842; taught piano and became piano professor in the Liceo Musicale, Bologne, until 1870; composed about 300 piano pieces, including 5 stonatas, 3 toccatas, 24 preludes, 12 studies, etc.

GOLISCIANI, Enrico: librettist.

Ref.: IX. 499.

GÖLLERICH, August (1859-):

GÖLLERICH, August (1859-):

Linz; studied with Bruckner and Liszt; took over the Ramann Music School at Nuremberg, 1890, and founded by branches in Furth, Erlangen, and Ansbach; since 1896 director of the GOMEZ, Antonio Carlos (1839-

(1544). Ref.: I. 296f.

GOMEZ, Antonio Carlos (18391896): b. Campinas, Brazil; d. Pará;
pupil of Rossi in Milan Cons. He
produced the operas A noite do castello (Rio de Janeiro, 1861); Se sa
minga (Milan, 1867); Il Guarany,
ballet opera (Milan, 1870); Salvator
Rosa (Venice, 1874); Maria Tudor (Milan, 1877); Lo Schiavo (Rio, 1889), also
2 very popular 'Reviews,' a hymn to
celebrate American independence (1876)
and the cantata Colombo (1892). Ref.: and the cantata Colombo (1892). Ref.:

and the cantata Colombo (1892). Ref.: III. 408.

GOMIZ, José Melchior (1791-1836): b. Onteniente, Valencia; d. Paris; bandmaster in Valencia; prod. an opera, La Aldeana, in Madrid, where he pub. a volume of patriotic songs in 1823; went to Paris because of political unrest and obtained some vocal pupils from Garcia; pub. a Vocal Method, then taught in London, 1826-29, where he prod. a choral work, L'Inverno; again in Paris he prod. comic operas, Le diable à Seville, Le revenant, Le portefaix and Mock le Barbu; also music to Aben Humaya; some grand operas remained MS. He is said to be the composer of the patriotic song El himno de Riego. Berlioz thought very highly of his works.

GOMOLKA, Nicholas (1539-1609): b. Cracow [?], d. Jazlowiecz, Galicia; composer; member of the Polish court band; published Melodie na psalterz polski (1680), melodies to texts of the Polish poet, Jan Kochanowski.

GOMPERTZ, Richard (1859-): b. Cologne; studied at the Cons. there and with Joachim; concert violinist; taught at Cambridge University, the London College of Music and in Dresden; his compositions consist chiefly of sonatas for his instrument.

den; his compositions consist chiefly of sonatas for his instrument.

GONZAGA, Duke Vincenzo. Ref.:

pnony in A minor (op. 20), 2 FestspielOuvertüren (op. 24 and 94), and songs.

(2) Johann August Julius (1825list; teacher at Prague Cons., 1850-62; first 'cello at Stuttgart; 'telcourt planist.

GOMBERT, Nicolas (ca. 1495-1570):

B. Bruges; was a pupil of Josquin des Prés. He was master of the boys at the Imperial Chapel, Madrid, 1530.

Through the patronage of and organist.

179

GOODBAN (1) Thomas (17801863): b. Canterbury, d. there; chorister, leader and director of the Club there; wrote methods for violin and pianoforte, etc. (2) Charles (18121881): b. Canterbury, d. Hove; son of flhomas; Mus. B. Oxon. (3) Henry William (1816-): son of (1), 'cellist and composer of overture played at Crystal Palace. (4) Thomas (1822-): son of Thomas (1); violinist. (5)

James Frederic (1833-1903): nephew of (1); d. Harborne, Kent; violinist and organist.

GOODGROOME (1) John (ca. 1630-1704): composer; chorister at Windsor, gentleman of the Chapel Royal; musician in ordinary to the King. (2) John (18th cent.): organist in Cornhill. (3) Theodore: singing teacher to Pepys and his wife.

GOODENDAG. Johnness (2011)

GOODENDAG, Johannes (15th cent.): Carmelite monk in Ferrara, theoretician, teacher of Franchinus Gaoretician, teacher of Franchinus Ga-furius; a Kyrie composed by him, dated 1473, is preserved in manuscript in Ferrara (reproduced in Forkel's Mu-sikgeschichte II. and Marpurg's Kri-tische Briefe II.).

GOODHART, A. M.: contemp. Eng-sh composer of organ and church lish composer music. Ref.: III. 442.

music. Ref.: III. 442.

GOODRICH (1) Alfred John (1847-): b. Chilo, O.; writer; taught in New York, Fort Wayne, St. Louis, Abingdon, Chicago, London, and since 1910 in Paris; author of 'Music as Language' (1881), 'The Art of Song' (1888), 'Complete Musical Analysis' (1889), 'Analytical Harmony' (1894), 'Theory of Interpretation' (1898), 'Theory of Interpretation' (1898), 'Guide to Memorizing Music' (1900). (2) [John] Wallace (1871-): b. Newton, Mass.; dean of New England Cons., Boston, since 1907; organist (Trinity Ch. and Boston Symphony); founder of the Choral Art Society, Boston; also conducted St. Cecilia Soc., Worcester Festivals, Boston Opera Co., etc. Ref.: IV. 208. IV. 208.

GOODSON (1) Richard (1655-1718):
d. Greta Tew; organist and professor
of music in Oxford University; Mus.
D.; composed Odes still extant. (2)
Richard (d. Oxford, 1741): son of (1),
Mus. B. Oxon.; organist at Newbury
and successor to his father's posts. (3)
Katherine (1872-): b. Watford,
Eng.; studied at the Royal Academy
of Music and with Leschetizky; pianist
in London Popular Concerts and on
tours in Europe and the United States;
has appeared with leading orchestras GOODSON (1) Richard (1655-1718): has appeared with leading orchestras in London, Vienna, Paris, Leipzig, New York, etc.; wife of Arthur Hinton, composer.

GOODWIN, Amina Beatrice: contemp. English planist; b. Manchester, England; studied with her father, Reinecke, Jadassohn, Delaborde, Liszt and Clara Schumann; founder of a school in London; wrote on technique and composed for piano.

GOOSSENS (1) Eugene (1845?-1996): b. Belgium, d. Liverpool; studied in Bruges and the Brussels Conservatory; choirmaster, conductor and professor of music in Liverpool. (2) Eugene, Jr. (1893-): son of (1); conductor of Carl Rosa Opera Co; studied at Brussels Cons. and Royal Coll. of Music (Stanford, etc.); composer of symphonic variations for orch, etc.; resident in England. Ref.: III. 441.

GOOVAERTS, Alphonse Jean Marie André (1847-): b. Antwerp; composer and historian; composed a composer and historian; composed a Messe solennelle for chorus, orchestra and organ, a mass for 4 voices with organ, smaller church works, motets, Flemish songs, etc.; author of Historie et bibliographie de la typographie musicale, etc. (1880), La musique d'église (1876), monographs on Pierre Phalèse, etc.; founded a choir in the Antwerp cathedral to revise the old church music of the Netherlands.

GÖPFERT. Karl Andreas (1768-

GÖPFERT, Karl Andreas (1768-1818): b. Rimpar, near Würzburg, d. Meiningen; clarinet virtuoso and com-poser; composed 4 clarinet concertos, poser; composed & clarinet concertos, a symphonic concertante for clarinet and bassoon, a horn concerto, duets for 2 clarinets, for 2 horns, for guitar and flute, 5 quartets for clarinet, violin, viola and bass, quintets and octets for wind instruments, etc.

GORCZCKI, Gregor Gabriel (ca. 1650-1734): d. Cracow; director of music at the Cracow Cathedral and com-

poser of church music.
GORDIGIANI (1) Giovanni Battista (1795-1871): b. Mantua, d. Prague; was (1795-1871): D. Mantua, d. Frague; was first an opera, then a concert singer; after 1822 he was teacher of singing in the Prague Cons. He wrote considerable church music, many songs and 3 operas, Pygmalion (1845), Consuelo (1846) and Lo scrivano publico (1850). (2) Luigi (1806-1860): b. Modena, d. Florence, produced 7 operas a hellet

(2) Luigi (1806-1860): b. Modena, d. Florence; produced 7 operas, a ballet, an oratorio and 3 cantatas, but is chiefly famous for his Tuscan popular songs, founded on old folk poems. Ricordi has pub. 2 vols. of the Canti populari italiani. Ref.: V. 266.

GORDON (1) John (1702-1739): b. Ludgate, d. there; studied at Westminster and Cambridge; professor of music at Gresham College. (2) William (18th-19th cent.): studied with Drouet; Swiss flutist of English parentage; invented improvements in flute construction, but had no success in Germany, Paris or London, a disappointment which resulted in insanity, 1836.

GORING-THOMAS. Arthur. THOMAS

GORITZ, Otto: contemp. German operatic baritone, chiefly famous for his Wagnerian rôles (Beckmesser, etc.); member of the Metropolitan Opera Co., New York, where he created the 'Spiel-mann' in Humperdinck's Königskinder (1911). Ref.: IV. 149.

(1911). Ref.: IV. 149.
GORLIER, Simon (16th cent.): music printer and composer at Lyons; pub. 4 books of instrumental works, 1558-60 (Tabulature de fiúte à l'Allemand, Tabulature d'espinette, Tabulature de guiterne, Tabulature du cistre), Musique tant à jouer qu'à chanter a 4 ou 5 parties (1560).
GÖRNER (1) Johann Gottlieb (1697-1778): b. Penig, Saxony, d. Leipzig; organist of the Paulinerkirche,

Gorno Gottschald

in America, 1881-82; profesor of pianoforte at Cincinnati College of Music; composed an opera, cantatas, etc.

GÖROLDT, Johann Heinrich (1773-after 1853): b. Stempeda, near Stolberg, d. Quedlinburg; composer and writer; composed piano pieces, chorales for men's voices with organ, cantatas, hymns, motets, etc.; author of Letifaden zum grundlichen Unterricht im Generalbass und der Komposition (2 vols., 1815-16), Die Kunst nach Noten zu singen (1832), Handbuch der Musik (1832), Die Orgel und deren zweckmässiger Gebrauch (1835), Gedanken und Bemerkungen über Kirchenmusik (1830), Ausführliche theoretischpraktische Hornschule (1830).

GORIIA, Tobio. See Boiro, Arrico.
GORTER, Albert (1862-): b. Nuremberg; studied music at the Munich Academy and was Kapellmeister at the theatres of Ratisbon, Treves, Elberfeld, Breslau, Stuttgart, Karlsruhe, Leipzig and Strassburg successively; since 1910 municipal Kapellmeister at Mayence; composer of the operas Der Schatz des Rhampsinit (1894), Das süsse Gift (1906) and Paria (1908), also orchestral and piano pieces, songs, etc.
GOSS (1) John Jeremiah (1770-1817): b. Salisbury, d. London; chorister at Salisbury cathedral; altoist at Chapel Royal, St. Paul's and Westminster. (2) [Sir] John (1800-1880): b. Fareham, Hampshire; d. Brixton (London); choir boy in the Chapel Royal; pupil of Attwood, whom he later succeeded as organist of St. Paul's (1872); composer to the Chapel Royal; Pianoforte Student's Cathechism of the Rudiments of Music' (1835); edited 'Chants Ancient and Modern' (with W. Mercer, 1841), 'Church Psalter and Hymn Book' (1882) and 'The Organist's Companion' (organ pieces, 4 books). Ref.: VI. 475.

GOSSEC, François-Joseph (1734-1829): b. Vergnies, Belgium; d. Passy. After studying the violin at Antwerp,

GOSSEC, François-Joseph (17341829): b. Vergnies, Belgium; d. Passy.
After studying the violin at Antwerp, and 4 others (not prod.), also an orch. he went to Paris (1751) with letters to Rameau, and became conductor of La Pouplinière's private orchestra.
His first symphonies, influenced by those of Stamitz and the Mannheim school, were the first of their kind in France, preceding Haydn's by 5 years.

Gorno

Gottschald

1716, and the Thomaskirche, 1721; founded a Collegium musicum, 1723; musical director of the Paulinerkirche, 1736. (2) Johann Valentin (1702-[?]): formusical director of the Hamburg Cathedral; pub. Sammlung neuer Oden und Lieder (3 parts, 1742, 1744, 1752).

GORNO, Albino: b. Cassalmorano, Cremona, Italy; studied at Milan Conservatory; pianist; accompanied Patti in America, 1881-82; profesor of pianoforte at Cincinnati College of Music; composed an opera, cantatas, etc.

GÖROLDT, Johann Heinrich (1773- after 1853): b. Stempeda, near Stoler, d. Quedlinburg; composer and writer; composed piano pieces, chorales for men's voices with organ, cantatas, hymns, motets, etc.; author of Leitfaden zum grundlichen Unterricht im Generalbass und der Komposition (2 vols., 1815-16), Die Kunst nach Noten zu singen (1832), Handbuch der Musik (1830), Ausführliche theoretisch-praktische Hornschule (1830).

GORTIER, Albert (1862-): b. Nuremberg; studied music at the Munich Academy and was Kapellmeister at the thearters of Ratisbon, Treves, Elberfeld, Breslau, Stuttgart, Karlsruhe, Leipzig, d. Surmannet of the retired to Passy. His Esides, these there is a famous Reguent, a Symphonie concertante der the concertante of the concerts printing, and the Concerts Spirituels, at first directing the Concerts Spirituels, at Chantilly, in 17760. epoch in French music by bringing an enlargement of orchestral resources. Besides these there is a famous Requiem, a Symphonie concertante for 11 instruments, overtures, serenades, quartets for flute and strings, string trios, and violin duets; also 3 oratorios (Sanl. La Nativité, L'Arche d'alliance), masses, Te Deums, and motets; also choruses to Racine's Athalie and Rochefort's Electre. His revolutionary compositions, the festival plays Offrande à la patrie (1792) and Le camp de Grand-Pré, as well as the Chant du 14 Juillet (on the storming of the Bastille), and many hymns, marches, etc., should be mentioned as the expression of his ardent democratic sentiments. Ref: II. 41, 65, 68, 106; V. 183; VI. 284; VII. 499; VIII. 92, 147, 169, 324; portrait, VIII. 166.

GOSTLING, [Rev.] John (ca. 1650-1733): bass singer in the Chapel Royal, minor canon at Canterbury, sub-dean of St. Paul's and prebendary of Lincoln; Purcell's anthem, 'They that go down to the sea in ships,' was written to cover his remarkable range, D-e'. GOTTHARD, Johann Peter (Pāzdirek) (1839-): b. Drahanowitz, Mo-

ten to cover his remarkable range, D-e'.
GOTTHARD, Johann Peter (Pāzdirek) (1839-): b. Drahanowitz, Moravia; settled in Vienna, where he conducted the Orchestral Union and directed a publishing house. He wrote the comic opera Idana (Gotha, 1889) and 4 others (not prod.), also an orch. suite, 6 string quartets, a piano quintet, choruses, songs, etc.; coeditor of the Universalhandbuch der Musikiteratur.

symphonies of Beethoven. His pen-composed name was 'von Elterlein.'

name was 'von Elterlein.'
GOTTSCHALG, Alexander Wilhelm (1827-1908): b. Mechelrode, near
Weimar, d. Weimar; studied with
Töpfer and Liszt; teacher at Tiefurt;
succeeded Töpfer as music teacher at
the Weimar Seminary and court organist; also teacher of musical history
at the Grand Ducal Music and Orchestra School; from 1865 editor of Urania,
and from 1872 musical reviewer of
Dittes' Padagogischer Jahresberuht;
also editor of Chorgesang, 1885-97; also editor of Chorgesang, 1885-97; pub. the organ works of Litzau and Töpfer, a choral book, a historical muropier, a chorai book, a historical music album, a Hesse organ album, a hiography of Töpfer, Repertorium fur die Orgel (with Liszt), Kleines Hundlexikon der Tonkunst (1867), Liszt und sein legendarischer Kantor [G.] (1908); Franz Liszt in Weimar und seine letzten Lebensjahre (1910); composed church songs. choruses piano and organical designations of the composed of the choruse songs. church songs, choruses, piano and organ pieces.

gan pieces.

GOTTSCHALK (1) Louis Moreau (1829-1869): b. New Orleans, d. Rio de Janeiro; studied with Stamaty, Paris; concert pianist in France, Switzerland, Spain and the Americas; his repertoire consisted largely of his own compositions, of salon music, brilliant and often sentimental in character, also Spanish folk-songs. Ref.: IV. 307, 334f; mus. ex., XIV. 191; portrait, IV. 332. (2) Gaston: brother of Louis M. (1); singer and teacher in Chicago.

GOTTWALD (1) Joseph (1754-

GOTTWALD (1) Joseph (1754-1833): b. Wilhelmstal, near Glatz, d. Breslau; choir-boy in Breslau Cathedral; chief organist at the Kreuzkirche, 1783-1819, and at the cathedral from 1819. 1819; composer of masses, motets, hymns, etc. (2) **Heinrich** (1821-1876): b. Reichenbach, d. Breslau; studied violin with Pixis at the Prague Cons.; violin with Pixis at the Prague Cons.; musical director at Hohenelbe; teacher at Breslau; associate editor of the Neue Zeitschrift für Musik; composed orchestral works, masses, horn pieces, piano pieces, etc.; author of Ein Breslauer Augenarzi und die neue Musikrichtung (1859).

GÖTZ (1) Franz (1755-[?]): b. Straschitz, Bohemia; played in the orchestra of the theatre in Brünn; was concert-master in Johannisberg, later Kapellmelster in the Brunn theatre and finally Kapellmelster to the Archbishop of Olmitz. He wrote various sym-

composed Francesca von Rimini (Mannheim, Sept. 30, 1877); a symphony in F; a setting of Schiller's Nanie and other choral works; a Fruhlingsouverture; a concerto each for

mannerm, sept. soi, and schiller's Naine and other choral works; a Fruhlingsouveriure; a concerto each for violin and piano; a piano quintet with double bass (C min.); a piano quartet in E, a piano trio in G min., a piano sonata, 4 hands; 2 books of songs, etc. Ref.: III. viii, 209, 239, 245f; IX. 420.

GÖTZE (1) Johann Nikolaus Konrad (1791-1861): b. Weimar, d. there; violinist; studied violin under Spohr at Gotha, Müller at Weimar, and Kreutzer at Paris; musical director to the Grand Duke, 1826-48, and chorusmaster at the opera; gave concerts in Vienna and elsewhere; prod. 4 operas at Weimar, vaudevilles and melodramas, also wrote chamber-music. (2) Franz (1814-1888): b. Neustadt-on-Orla, d. Leipzig; studied violin under Spohr at Cassel; joined the Weimar court orchestra in 1831; studied singing, and was leading operatenor at Weimar, 1836-1852; taught singing in the Leipzig Conservatory, 1853-67; privately after 1867; wrote a pamphlet, Fünfzehn Jahre meiner Lehrhatigkeit (1868). (3) Augusta (1840-1908): daughter of (2); b. Weimar, d. Leipzig; vocal teacher; taught in the Dresden Conservatory, 1870-75; established a singing-school in Dresden; engaged at the Leipzig Conservatory, 1891; pub. tiber den Verfall der Gesangskunst (1884), also some stage poems as 'Auguste Weimar.' (4) Karl (1836-1857): b. Weimar, d. Magdeburg; studied under Töpfer, Gebhardi, and Liszt; chorus-master at the Weimar opera, 1885; theatre conductor at Magdeburg, Berlin, 1869, Breslau, 1872, and Chemnitz, 1875; composed the operas, Eine Abschiedsrolle, Die Korsen (Weimar, 1868), Judith (Magdeburg, 1887); a symphonic poem Eine Sommernacht (op. 20), and other orchestral music; pianoforte pieces, songs, etc. (5) Heinrich (1836-1960); b. Wartha, Silesia; d. Breslau; studied singing under Franz Götze at the Leipzig Cons; taught music in Russia and Breslau; became teacher in the Liebenthal Seminary in 1871; and obtained a similar taught music in Russia and Breslau; taught music in Russia and Breslau; became teacher in the Liebenthal Seminary in 1871; and obtained a similar post at Ziegenhals, Silesia, in 1885; Royal Musikdirektor, 1889; composed 2 serenades and 6 sketches for string-orchestra; a 4-part mass with orchestra; pieces for organ and piano; songs, choruses, etc.; wrote Populäre Abhandlungen über Klavierspiel (1879), and Musikalische Schreibübungen. (6) Emil (1856-1901): b. Leipzig, d. Charlottenburg; dramatic tenor; studied under Prof. Gustav Scharfe at Dresden; engaged at the court theatre, 1878-81. finally Kapellmeister to the Archbishop of Olmütz. He wrote various symphonies, concertos and chamber music, which still exist in manuscript. (2) Hermann (1740-1876): b. Königsberg, Prussia, d. Hottingen, near Zürich; was a pupil of Köhler, Stern, Bülow and H. Ulrich at the Stern Cons. He succeeded Th. Kirchner as organist at Winterthur; founded a singing society, conducted operas, composed and taught, settling at Zürich in 1887, and Hottingen in 1870. Aside from his chef d'œuvre, the opera Der Widerspenstigen Zähmung (Mannheim, 1874), he

and Vienna; since 1892 a member of the Berlin Royal Opera.

GOUDIMEL, Claude (ca. 1505-1572): b. Vaison, near Avignon; a church composer, who may have been a pupil of Josquin. The school long supposed to have been founded by him, was actually established by GAUDIO MELL (q.v.); G. probably never was in Italy. He was a partner of the music-printer N. Duchemin in Paris (1555-1566). His compositions, including masses, motets, chansons, odes, psalm-settings were pub. in France, the oldest are in MS. (Vatican and at Valliscella). G. perished in the Massacre of St. Bartholomew, but was probably murdered at the instigation of jealous rivals, not for Protestantism. Ref.: I. 294f; VI. 96; mus. ex., XIII. 35.

GOULD (1) Nathaniel Duren (1781-1864): b. Chelmsford, Mass.; d. Boston; conductor of singing schools in New Hampshire and Massachusetts; of the Middlesex Musical Society, 1807; went to Boston in 1819. Besides editing several collections of hymn-tunes, he pub. a 'History of Church Music in America' (1853). Ref.: IV. 242. (2)
Sabine Baring (1834-): b. Exeter, England; pub. 'Songs of the West' 'Garland of Country Song,' 'English Minstrelsy' (8 vols., 1895), 'Book of Nursery Songs and Rhymes' (1895); composer of sacred songs.

GOUND, Robert (1865-): b. Seckenheim, near Heidelberg; studied

GOUND, Robert (1865-); b. Seckenheim, near Heidelberg; studied at the Leipzig and Vienna Cons.; teacher in Vienna; composer of a Romantic Suite for piano and violin, a piano quartet and songs.

mantic Suite for piano and violin, a piano quartet and songs.

GOUNOD, Charles-François (1818-1893): b. Paris, d. there; received his first lessons from his mother. He studied further at the Conservatoire, under Reicha, Halevy, Lesueur and Paer and won the 2nd Prix de Rome, 1837, and the Grand Prix de Rome, 1837, and the Grand Prix de Rome, 1839, both with cantatas. His compositions in Rome were of similar character, a Mass, Requiem (performed in Vienna, 1842), and after his return to Paris he devoted himself at first exclusively to church music, being at the point of taking orders himself. His symphony in E-flat, however, was followed by an opera Sapho (unsuccessfully prod., 1851; later revised and revived, 1834). This was followed by others, as follows: La None sanglante, 5-act grand opera (1854), Le Médecin malgré lui, com-op. (1858), Faust (1859), Philémon et Bancts (1860), La Reine de Saba (1862), Mireille (1864), La Colombe (1866), Roméo et Juliette (1887), Cing Mars (1877), Polyeucte (1878), Le tribut de Zamora (1881). All but Faust and Roméo had indifferent success. On these two and his choral works rests Roméo et Juliette (1867), Cinq Mars (1877), Polyeucte (1878), Le tribut de Zamora (1881). All but Faust and 1900): b. Bnin, n. Posen, d. Potsdam; Roméo had indifferent success. On these two and his choral works rests his fame. The latter include 5 masses; a Stahat Mater, the oratorio Tobie, the

operas), later in Hamburg, New York and Vienna; since 1892 a member of the Berlin Royal Opera.

GOUDIMEL, Claude (ca. 1505-1572): b. Vaison, near Avignon; a pupil of Josquin. The school long a pupil of Josquin. The school long supposed to have been founded by him, supposed to have been founded by him, was actually established by Gaudin sacred trilogies, also music for church music-printer N. Duchemin in Paris (1555-1556). His compositions, including masses, motes, chansons, odes, psalm-settings were pub. in France, the oldest are in MS. (Vatican and at Valliscella). G. perished in the which gave large concerts in the Crystal founder of Gounod's Choir in London, which gave large concerts in the Crystal Palace and at the Philharmonic. He was a commander of the Légion d'Honneur and a member of the Institute. G. wrote a Method for the cor à pistons, a book on Le Don Juan de Mozart and many critical articles in various journals. Ref.: II. 207, 386ff, 438; III. 7, 788; IV. 356; vocal works, V. 278f, 298, 313f; VI. 205f, 245, 286f, 341f; operas, IX. xiii, 223, 238ff; mus. ex., XIII. 261; portrait, IX. 248.

GOURRON. See ALVAREZ.

GOURY. Ludwig Theodore (1822-

portrait, IX. 248.

GOURRON. See ALVAREZ.

GOUVY, Ludwig Theodore (1822-1898): b. Goffontaine, near Saarbrücken, d. Leipzig; studied in Paris, Berlin and Italy; composer of 6 symphonies, overtures, songs, a large amount of chamber music, a Sinfonietta, symphonic paraphrases, piano sonatas, serenades, variations, etc., for piano, a Missa brevis for soli, chorus and orchestra, a Requiem, a Stabat Mater, the passion cantata Golgatha, dramatic scenes for solo, chorus and orchestra, an opera, Cid, etc.

GOW (1) Niel (1727-1807): b. Inver, Dunkeld, Scotland; d. there; violinist and composer; studied under John Cameron; wrote six collections of 'Strathspey Reels' (1784-1822). (2) Nathaniel (1763-1831): son of (1); violinist and composer; leader of the Edinburgh Concerts for several years after 1791; had a music-business in Edinburgh; composed the song 'Caller Herrin.' (3) Niel G., Jr. (1795-1823): son of (2); violinist and composer; wrote 'Bonnie Prince Charlie'; Flora McDonald's Lament,' etc. (4) George Coleman (1860-): b. Ayer Junction, Mass.; studied in Pittsfield and Worcester, also with Bussler in Berlin; professor of music in Vassar College since 1895; pub. 'Structure of Music' (1895), etc., also songs and part-songs. GOZZI. Ref.: IX. 259.

GRAAN, Jean de (1852-1874): b. Amsterdam, d. The Hague; studied with Joachim, violinist of note. GRABEN-HOFFMANN, Gustav (correctly Gustav Hoffmann) (1820-1900): Print December 1895 of the december of Music' (1895), etc., also the print of the GRABEN-HOFFMANN, Gustav (correctly Gustav Hoffmann) (1820-1900): Print December of Music' (1895), etc., also the print professor of December of Music' (1895), etc., also the print professor of Music (1852-1874): b.

Grammann Grabowsky

the once popular 500,000 Tenfel; also piano pieces, part-songs, duets, solfeggi. He wrote Die Pflege der Singstimme (1865); Das Sinduum des Gesangs (1872) and Praktische Methode als (1872) and Praktische Methode als flute virtuoso; Kapellmeister in Augstute (1874) Grundlage für den Kunstgesang (1874). Ref.: V. 312.

Ref.: V. 312.

GRABOWSKY (1) Countess Clementine (1771-1831): b. Posen, d. Paris; where she lived from 1813; pianist; pub. sonatas, polonaises, etc., for piano. (2) Ambroise (b. Galicia, 1782): a Cracow hookseller who made musicohistorical investigations; pub. a study of Polish composers of the period 1514-1659, also articles on Cracow musical life in the early 19th cent. (3) Stanislaus (d. Vienna, 1852): professor of piano at the Kszemenicz Lyceum; pub. polonaises, mazurkas, etc., very popupolonaises, mazurkas, etc., very popular at the time, in Vienna.

GRABU, Lewis (Louis Grabut) (17th cent.): French violinist; engaged as Royal court composer in London,

(17th cent.): French violinist; engaged as Royal court composer in London, composer of music for the stage (music for "Arladne," "Timon of Athens," 'Albion and Albanius'). After Purcell's advent, against which he could not hold his own, he returned to Paris, but again went to London later.

GRADENER (1) Karl Georg Peter (1812-1883): b. Rostock, d. Hamburg; 'cellist and quartet-player in Helsingfors; then Musikdirektor at Kiel Univ., where he conducted a choral society. Later he founded a Singakademie at Hamburg, and taught singing and theory at Vienna Cons. and at the Hamburg Cons. He wrote, besides a number of fine choral works, including the oratorio 'John the Baptist,' 2 operas (MS.); 2 symphonies; overture to Flesco; a piano concerto; a Romanza for violin and orch; a string octet; 5 piano quintets; 3 string quartets; 1 string trio; 2 piano trios; 3 violin sonatas; a 'cello sonata (op. 59); a sonata for piano and violin, and a number of small pleces for the plano. He pub. a Hammontelehre (1877), and Gesammelte natas; a 'cello sonata (op. 59); a sonata for piano and violin, and a number of small pieces for the piano. He pub. a Harmonielehre (1877), and Gesammelte Aufsätze (Hamburg, 1872). Ref.: III. 14. (2) Hermann (1844-): b. Kiel; studied with his father (1) and at the Vienna Cons.; organist at Gumpendorf, 1862; violinist in the Vienna court orchestra, 1864; teacher of piano at the Horak Piano School, 1873, and since 1877 at the Cons. of the Friends of Music; director of the Orchestral Union for Classic Music; lecturer in harmony and counterpoint at the Univ. of Vienna since 1899; composer of a Capriccio and a Sinfonietta for orchestra, variations for organ, strings and trumpet, a violin concerto, a 'cello concerto, a piano concerto, an octet for strings, 2 piano quintets, string quartets, 2 trios and other chamber music, piano pieces, songs, and a rhapsody, Der Spielmann, for soli, chorus and orchestra.

GRAEW. See Graff. tony and counterpoint at the Univ. If Vienna since 1899; composer of a apriccio and a Sinfonietta for orchesa, variations for organ, strings and rumpet, a violin concerto, a 'cello concerto, a piano concerto, a octet or strings, 2 piano quintets, string constituent of the operas Melusine, op. 24 (Wiesden, Der Spielmann, for soli, chorus oddy, Der Spielmann, for soli, chorus of concerto, a concerto, a piano piano concerto, a 'cello cons.; disciple of Wagner; composer of the operas Melusine, op. 24 (Wiesden, 1875); Thusnelda und der Triumphzug des Germanucus, op. 29 (Dresden, 1881); Das Andreasfest, op. 35 (Dresden, 1882); Ingrid (2 acts), op. 57; Das Irrlicht (1 act), op. 58 (Dresden, 1894); also a Trauerkantate for

flute virtuoso; Kapellmeister in Augsburg, etc.; composed an opera for Vienna (1779), also symphonies, quartets, contatas, concertos, etc. (2) Max (1873-): b. Vienna, where he studied at the Univ. (Dr. jur.) and is music critic of the Neue Wiener Journal; pub. Deutsche Musik im 19. Jahrhundert (1898), Wagner-Probleme und andere Studien (1900), Die Musik im Zeitalter der Renaissance (1905), Die innere Werkstadt des Musikers, etc., also translated Rolland's Paris musical, Bruneau's Musicuens français and La musique de Russie. Ref.: VIII. 271.

GRAFE, Johann Friedrich (1711-1787): b. Brunswick, d. there; was the

GRAFE, Johann Friedrich (1711-1787): b. Brunswick, d. there; was the first after Sperontes to pave the way for the epoch of song composition in Germany by publishing collections of odes with melodies; he published Sammlung verschiedener und auserlesener Oden (4 parts, 1737, 1739, 1741, 1743), Oden und Schafergedichte in Musik (1744), 50 Psalmen, geistliche Oden und Lieder (1762).

GRAFF (1) Konrad (1783-1851): b. Riedlingen, Swabia, d. Vienna; apprenticed to the Vienna plano maker Jakob Schelkle; started in business for himself, 1804, and was one of the leading plano manufacturers in Vienna; plano maker to the Austrian court. (2) Wilhelm Paul: poet. Ref.: VI. 200.

GRAHAM, George Farquiar (1789-1871).

GRAHAM, George Farquhar (1789-1887): b. Edinburg, d. there; studied at Edinburgh Univ., chiefly self-taught in music; pub. a collection "The Songs of Scotland" (3 vols. 1848-49, new ed. by Muir Wood, 1887); also some vocal

compositions and theoretical essays.

GRAHU, Lucile: ballerina. Re X. 163f.

X. 163f.

GRAINGER, Percy Aldridge
(1883-): b. Brighton, Victoria, Australia; pianist; studied piano with
Kwast at Frankfort; has toured extensively, giving concerts of his own
compositions; chosen by Edvard Grieg
to play the Grieg Concerto at the Leeds
Festival, 1907; first pianist to introduce
the works of Debussy in Scandinavia,
Britain and colonies; has specialized
in the study of primitive music and
folk-songs; pub. more than 60 pieces
for orchestra, chorus, chamber music,
voice and piano; author of various articles in musical magazines. Ref.:

at sea (English channel steamer 'Sussex,' torpedoed by German submarine);
pupil of Pujol and Pedrell, also of
Charles de Bériot in Paris; pianist;
composer of the operas Marıa del Carmen (Madrid, 1898), Folletto (fragments, prod. Barcelona, 1903) and
Goyescas (New York, 1915). He also
pub. several books of piano pieces
(Danzas españolas, Cantos de la juventud, Valses poeticos. Estudios espres-(Danzas espanoias, Cantos ae la Jupen-tud, Valses poeticos, Estudios espres-ivos, etc.), songs on texts by Apeles Mestres, Galician folk-songs and a symphonic poem, La nit del mort. Ref.: III. 406.

GRANCINO, Paolo (17th cent.): violin maker in Milan; pupil of Nicola His sons, Giovanni Battista and Giovanni, were also violin makers; the former also made 'cellos.

GRANDI (1) Allesandro de' ([?]-1630): b. Venice (?), d. Bergamo; church composer of the Venetian School; studied under G. Gabrieli; School; studied under G. Gabrieli; maestro di cappella at the Accad. della Morte in Ferrara, 1597; singer at San Marco, Venice, 1617; succeeded Negri as vice-maestro there, 1620; became maestro di cappella at Santa Maria Maggiore, Bergamo, 1627; pub. (1607-40) Madrigali concertati, litanies, vesper psalms, Te Deums, Tantum ergos, 6 vols. of 2- to 4-part motets; 8-part Messe Concertate; 2-, 3- and 4-part mottetti concertati; 3-part Salmi concertati; and 3 vols. of 1- to 4-part motets with 2 violins. (2) Ottavio Maria: ca. 1610 organist at Reggio, violinist; pub. 22 sonatas (1-6 parts) with continuo.

GRANDIS (1) Vincenzo de ([?]-

with continuo.
GRANDIS (1) Vincenzo de ([?]-1648): singer in the Papal chapel, 1605-30; pub. 8-part vespers and motets. (2) Vincenzo de (17th cent.); ducal Kapellmeister at Hanover, 1675-80, subsequently at the court of Modena; composed oratorios.
GRANDJEAN, Axel Karl William (1847-): b. Copenhagen; pupil of the Cons. there; at first opera singer (one season), then teacher and composer; theatre Kapellmeister, choral conductor and chorus-master of the Royal Theatre at Copenhagen; prod. Royal Theatre at Copenhagen; prod. Danish operas and ballets, a choral work, Tracefuelen (1884), also piano pieces, songs, duets, etc.

GRANDMOUGIN, Charles. Ref.:
III. 293.

GRANDVAL, Mme. [Marie Félicie] Clémence [de Reiset] Vicomtesse de (1830-): b. Saint-Remy-des-Monts. Sarthe, France; studied with Flotow and Saint-Saëns; operatic composer for Darie and Bordows. Paris and Bordeaux; wrote prize ora-torio, symphonic poem and songs. GRAUN (1) August Friedrich GRANER, Paul (1873-): b. Ber- (1698-1765): b. Wahrenbrück, Saxony,

soli, chorus and orch.; 2 symphonies; string quartets and trios, violin sonatas, plano pieces, songs, etc. Ref.: III. 256.

GRANADOS [y Campina], Enrique (1867-1916): b. Lerida, Catalonia, d. at sea (English channel steamer 'Sussex,' torpedoed by German submarine); pupil of Pujol and Pedrell, also of Charles de Bériot in Paris; planist; composer of the operas Maria del Carpmen (Madrid, 1898), Folletto (fragments, prod. Barcelona, 1903) and Gouescas (New York, 1915). He also GRANINGER, Charles Albert

GRANINGER, Charles Albert (1861-): b. Cincinnati; student and later professor in the College of Music there; director of several musical so-

cieties

GRANJON, Robert: music-printer and typefounder at Paris, 1523; Lyons, 1559, and Rome, 1582; engraved round note-heads, instead of the lozenge-shaped ones then in use, and did away with the ligatures, etc.

GRANOM, Louis Christian Austin (18th cent.): published sonatas, trios, etc. for flute.

etc., for flute.

GRANT, James Augustus. (cited) IV. 298. Ref .:

GRAPHEUS, Hieronymus ([?]-1556): music-printer and typefounder in Nuremberg (from 1533). His name is the Greek form for Formschneider (type-cutter), which he assumed in place of his family name Resch. Ref.: VI. 37.

GRAS, [Mme.] Julia Aimée Dorus (1807-): b. Valenciennes; operatic singer in Paris and London.

GRASSE, Edwin (1874-): b. New York City; blind violinist; studied with Hauser in New York and César Thomson in Brussels; début in Berlin, 1902; concertized in Europe and America.

GRASSET, Jean Jacques (ca. 1767-1839): b. Paris, d. there; violinist, con-ductor and professor.

ductor and professor.

GRASSINI, Josephina (1773-1850):
b. Varese, Lombardy, d. Milan; studied in Milan; début there, 1794, in Artasere by Zingarelli; operatic contralto in Italian cities; sang in London, 1804, and Paris. Ref.: IX. 133.

GRAST, Franz (1803-1871): b. Geneva, d. there; founded a choral society at Geneva, with which he gave sacred and historical concerts; for many years teacher of theory at the Geneva Cons.: composed pieces for Geneva Cons.; composed pieces for chorus; author of Grand Traite de l'harmonie moderne and Traité de l'instrumentation moderne.
GRATIANI. See GRAZIANI.

GRAU, Maurice (1848-1907); b. Brunn, Austria, d. Paris; operatic impresario; manager of the New York Metropolitan Opera (1888-1903). Ref.: IV. 142ff, 149, 175, 177.

GRAUMANN, Mathilde. See Maragragia.

d. Merseburg; was from 1729 until his | u. Merseburg; was from 1/29 until his death choir leader in the cathedral of Merseburg. (2) Johann Gottlieb (ca. 1698-1771): b. Wahrenbrück, d. Berlin; pupil of his brother (2) at the Kreuzschule, Dresden; studied violin with Pisendel and later Tartini at Padua. He conducted Crown Prince Frederick's orch. at Rheinsbeck 1728. and was and orch. at Rheinsbeck 1728, and was leader in the Royal orch. at Berlin from leader in the Royal orch. at Berlin from 1740. He composed 40 symphonies, 20 violin concertos, 24 string quartets, string trios, etc. Ref.: II. 58; V. 164; VII. 413, 414, 415, 420. (3) Kanl Heinrich (1701-1759): b. Wahrenbrück, d. Berlin. He studied in the Kreuzschule, Dresden, and with J. C. Schmidt, and attended the opera under Lotti frequently. He became tenor in the Brunswick opera 1775, and there prod. his first opera Pollidoro (1726), followed by 5 more operas for Brunswick, where he had become vice-Kapellmeister. There Frederick the Great became his patron, for whom he set a number of There Frederick the Great became his patron, for whom he set a number of French cantatas, and by whom he was commissioned to establish the Italian opera in Berlin, which he conducted and for which he wrote 28 operas, including Rodelinda (1741), Artaserse (1743), Catone in Uttea (1741), Alessandro nell' Indie (1745), Adriano in Siria, Demofonte (1746), Miridate (1751), Semtramide (1754), Ezio (1755), Merope (1756). Hasse was his only German rival in opera. Nevertheless G. only survives as a composer of sacred music. Besides his surviving passion oratorio, Der Tod Jesu (1755), passion oratorio, Der Tod Jesu (1755), he wrote 2 passion cantatas, about 25 other church-cantatas with orch., and other church-cantatas with orch., and 20 Latin motets (a cappella); funeral music for his Royal patrons, and 2 sets of church melodies for every day in the year. His instrumental music includes 12 concertos for harpsichord and strings, others for flute, etc., trios and organ fugues. Ref.: I. 416; II. 58; VI. 245f, 328; VIII. 140; IX. 33f, 45, 54, 50 59.

GRAUPNER (1) Christoph (1683-1760): b. Kirchberg, Saxony, d. Darmstadt; studied under Kuhnau at the Thomasschule, Leipzig; accompanist at Hamburg to the opera under Keiser, 1706; vice-Kapellmeister, 1710; companied for the control of the control posed 6 operas prod. in Hamburg, Dido (1707); Die lustige Hochzeit (1708), with Keiser; Hercules und Theseus posed 6 operus prod. In the control of (1707); Die lustige Hochzeit (1708), with Keiser; Hercules und Theseus (1708), Antiochus und Stratonice (1709), Bellerophon (1709), Simson (1709); also 3 for Darmstadt, Berenice und Lucio (1710), Telemach (1711), and Beständigkeit besiegt Betrug (1700); for bernstehord. Acht Parthieen and Beständigkeit besiegt Beirng (1719); for harpsichord, Acht Parthieen für Clauer (1718), Monatliche Clauier-früchte (1722), Acht Parthieen für das Clavier (1726), Die vier Jahreszeiten (1733); also a Hessen-Darmstädtisches Choralbuch, as well as a large number of works in MS. (2) Gottlieb (18th cent.): pioneer musician in America. Ref.: IV. 100, 207, 236. GRAY, Alan (1855-): b. York; Mus. director Wellington College 1883-92; 'organist Trinity Coll., Cambridge, since 1892. Composed cantatas, trios, quartets and sonatas. Ref.: III. 442. GRAZIANI (or Gratiani). Bonifacio (1605-1664): b. Marino, Papal States, d. Rome; maestro di cappella in the Seminario Romano and in the

Jesuit church; works, pub. posthumously, include 7 vols. of 2-6-part Motets; 6 vols. 1-part Motets, 1 vol. of 5-part Psalms with organ; 1 vol. of Salmi concertati; 2 vols. of 4- to 6-part Masses; 3- to 8-part Litanies; Vespers; sacre e morali con basso Musiche d'organo.

GRAZIOLI, Giovanni Battista (ca. 1750-ca. 1820): b. Bogliaco, d. Venice; organist of St. Mark's, Venice; pub. 18 piano sonatas.

18 piano sonatas.

GRAZZINI, Reginaldo (1848-1906):
b. Florence, d. Venice; studied with Mabellini at the Royal Cons., Venice; theatre conductor in Florence, director of the Cons. and conductor of the municipal theatre at Reggio d' Emilia, 1881; professor of theory and artistic director of the Liceo Benedetto Marcello, Venice, 1882; composed a Cantata biblica (1875), a 3-part mass, symphonies, piano pieces, an opera, etc.

GREATHEED. [Rev.] Samuel

phonies, piano pieces, an opera, etc. GREATHEED, [Rev.] Samuel Stephenson (1813-): b. Weston-super-Mare; studied music with W. C. Ball and G. W. Schwarz, and theology at Cambridge; rector at Corringham, Essex, and composer of church music (anthems, organ fugue, Te Deum, etc.) in counterpoint; author of a 'Sketch of Sacred Music' and 'Treatise on the Science of Music.'

ence of Music.'
GREATOREX, Thomas (1758-1831): b. North Wingfield, Derby, England; d. Hampton, n. London; studied under Dr. B. Cooke, 1772, chorister at Concert of Antient Music, 1778; organist of Carlisle cathedral, 1780-84; taught in London, 1789-93; conductor of the Concert of Antient Music; revived the Vocal Concerts, 1801; organist of Westminster Abbey, 1819-31; pub. 12 glees (1832); Psalms; chants; 'A Selection of Tunes' (London, 1829); 'Parochial Psalmody' 'Parochial Psalmody'

Parochial Psalmody'
GRECO (or Grecco), Gaetano (ca. 1680-[7]): b. Naples; studied with A. Scarlatti; teacher at Cons. de' Poveri di Gesù Cristo, 1717, then Cons. of San Onofrio, where he taught Pergolesi, Vinci, and Francesco Durante. He wrote Litanies a 4 with 2 violins, viola, bass and organ, harpsichord music, toccatas and fugues for organ, etc. Ref.: II. 8; VII. 38; 43; IX. 21.

Idel GREEF, Arthur (1862-): b. Louvain; pianist; pupil of L. Brassin; professor at Brussels Cons. since 1885. GREEF, Wilhelm (1809-1875): b. Kettwig-on-Ruhr; d. Mors; pub. with Erk, school song-books and new editions of Rinck's preludes, postludes, and Choralbuch.

Green Greith

churches; composer to the Chapel Royal and music professor at Cambridge; composed anthems, oratorios, masques, cantatas, catches, etc. He was a friend of Haydn, with whom he quarrelled because of his friendship for Bononcini. Ref.: I. 432; VI. 451f. (2) [Harry] Plunkett (1865-): b. Old Connaught House, Wicklow, Ire.; studied with Hromada, Goetschius, Vannuccini, Welch and Blume; concert bass well known in Great Britain and Amerwell known in Great Britain and America; has sung in Covent Garden; professor Royal Coll. of Music, London.

GREENWOOD, John (d. Preston 1909): organist, pianist and composer.

GREENWOOD, John (d. Preston 1909): organist, pianist and composer. GREETING, Thomas (late 17th cent.): London teacher of the flageolet, for which he published a book of instruction (1680), accompanied by a collection of popular songs and dances, arranged for this instrument. Among his pupils were Mr. and Mrs. Pepys. GREFF, Valentin (known under the Hung. name Bakfark) (1507-1576): b. Kronstadt, d. Padua; successively in the service of the King of Hungary, Cardinal de Tournon, Sigismund August II of Poland, and the court of Vienna; one of the most distinguished lutenists of his time; pub. Intabulatura (1552), Tablature de luth (1564), Harmoniae musicae (2 parts, 1565, 1568). GREGOIR (1) Jacques Mathieu Joseph (1817-1876): b. Antwerp, d. Brussels; teacher and composer; studied piano under Henri Herz, and Rummel; composed opera Le Gondolier de Venise (Antwerp, 1847), Laudia Sion and Faust for chorus and orchestra; a piano concerto; many piano pieces and piano études in collaboration with Lénoard, Servais and Vieuxtemps; duos and fantasias for violin or 'cello and piano. (2) Edouard Georges Jacques (1822-1890): b. Turnhout, near Antpiano. (2) Edouard Georges Jacques (1822-1890): b. Turnhout, near Ant-werp, d. Wyneghem; brother of (1); studied under his brother and under studied under his brother and under Rummel at Biebrich; gave piano concerts; travelled with Teresa and Maria Milanollo, 1842; became a composer and writer in Antwerp about 1851. His library was left to the Antwerp His library was left to the Antwerp Music School; composed 8 operas, La Vie (Antwerp, 1848), De Belgen en 1848 (Brussels, 1851); Leicester (Brussels, 1851); Leicester (Brussels, 1854); Willem Benkels, Flemish opéra comique in 1 act (Brussels, 1856); Willem de Zwyger (1856); La belle Bourbonnaise (1860?); a historical symphony, Les Croisades; a symphonic oratorio, Le Deluge; an overture, Hommage à Henri Conscience; an overture in C; music for organ and for piano; over 100 male choruses; harmonium pieces; violin music; songs; wrote

GREEN, Samuel (1730-1796): b. Essai historique sur la musique et les London, d. Isleworth; organ builder. Ref.: VI. 406.

GREENE (1) Maurice (1696-1755): b. London, d. there; chorister and organist at St. Paul's and other London churches; composer to the Chapel Royal and music professor at Cambridge; (1863): Notice sur l'origine du céclompossed anthems, oratorios, masques, (1863): Notice sur l'origine du céclompossed anthems, oratorios, masques, (1863): Notice sur l'origine du céclompossed anthems, oratorios, masques, (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compossed anthems, oratorios, masques, (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compossed anthems, oratorios, masques, (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. compositeur Louis van Beethoven (1863): Notice biographique sur F. J. and biographical works.

GREGORI, Giovanni Lorenzo (17th cent.): violinist in Lucca, composer who was the first to use the term Conwho was the first to use the term Concerto grosso (Concerti grossi a più stromenti, 2 V. conc. con i ripieni se piace e Arciliuto o Violoncello con il B. c. per l'Organo, op. 2; Lucca, 1698), though he was probably anticipated in the composition of such works by Corelli and Torelli. Besides other works for strings, he wrote 2 elementary theoretical works theoretical works.

GREGOROVITCH, Charles (1867-): b. St. Petersburg; studied with Bese-kirski and Wieniawski, and with Jo-achim in Berlin; well-known violinist.

GREGORY (1) L (The Great), Pope 590-604, after whom the ritual chants of the Catholic Church are named, was not himself a composer nor did he, according to modern historians, introduce the various Antiphonies, Responses, Offertories, Communions, Hallelujahs, etc., into the church. However, under his regime the final arrangement of these charts tools. Place arrangement of these chants took place, although minor changes and additions although minor changes and additions were made subsequently. Before Gregory, the popes Damasus I (386-384), Leo I (440-461), Gelasius I (492-496), Symmachus (498-514), John II (523-526), and Boniface (530-32) made efforts at a strict organization of the Liturgy, and it is certain that long before Gregory certain parts of the Liturgy had the same order as to-day. The Gregorian tradition has been at acked by many learned historians. tacked by many learned historians, though, in a broad sense, it continues to be maintained by the Church. The

piano pieces, songs, an oratorio, a sym-

phony, 3 Singspiele, etc.

phony, 3 Singspiele, etc.

GRELL, Eduard August (18001886): b. Berlin, d. Steglitz, n. Berlin;
organist in Berlin, 1817; vice-director of
the Singakademie, later chief conductor,
1832; court-cathedral organist, 1839,
member of the Berlin Academy, 1841,
choirmaster at the cathedral 1843-45.
He succeeded Rungenhagen as teacher
f composition at the Akedemie, mem-He succeeded Rungenhagen as teacher of composition at the Akademie; member of the Academy Senate; Royal Musikdirektor, 1838; Royal Professor, 1858; received the order pour le merite, 1864; Dr. phil. (hon.) from Berlin Univ., 1838. G. considered vocal music superior to any other and practically confined his efforts to this class. He composed a 16-part mass; an oratorio Die Israeliten in der Wüste; a Te Deum; cantatas, motets, hymns. Deum; cantatas, motets, hymns, psalms, Christmas songs, duets, songs; also an arrangement of the Evangelical Gesangbuch for male chorus (1883). He pub. Aufsätze und Gutachten (Berlin, 1887). Ref.: III. 16.

GRENIE, Gabriel Joseph (1757-1887): b. Bordeaux, d. Paris; inventor of the orgue expressif (harmonium), which Erard developed.

which ferard developed.
GRESNICH [Gresnik], Antoine
Frédéric (1755-1799): h. Lucerne, d.
Paris; studied at the College of Lucerne in Rome and with Sala in Naples; lived for some years in London,
where he was musical director to the
Prince of Wales, and later in Paris;
composed the operas Il Francese
bizarro (1797), Demetrio, Alessandro
nell' Indie, La donna di cattivo umore,
Alceste, L'amour exilé de Cythère, Léonidas on les Spartiates, La forêt de
Brahma; vocal works, a concerto for
clarinet and bassoon, etc.
GRETA, Jeanne (née Greta

GRETA, Jeanne (née Greta Hughes): b. Lancaster, Mo.; studied with Gaston, Gottschalk, Agramonte, Mme. La Grange, Critikos and Dubulle; coloratura concert soprano in England, Scotland and New York. She married Herbert Witherspoon, 1899. GRETCHANINOFF, Alexander

GRETCHANINOFF, Alexander Tichonovitch (1864): b. Moscow, pupil of Safonoff (piano) at Moscow Cons., and of Rimsky Korsakoff (composition) in St. Petersburg; composer of songs, duets, 'At the Parting of the Ways' for bass and orch. (op. 21), choruses; Mussulman Melodies for voice and piano (op. 25); pieces for viclin and piano, 2 string quartets (op. 2 in G mal., received the prize of the St. Petersburg Chamber Music Society, and op. 14): a symphony in B minor. St. Petersburg Chamber Music Society, and op. 14); a symphony in B minor, an orch. Elegy; music to Ostrovsky's fairy play 'Snow White,' and Tolstoy's tragedies 'Czar Feodor' and 'Ivan the Terrible'; the operas Dobrynja Nikititch (Moscow, 1903) and Suor Beatrice (ib., 1912); also church music (choruses, a liturgy, etc.). Ref.: III. 128, 143, 144ff; VII. 555; IX. 415; X. 255; mus. ex., XIV. 125.

GRETRY, André-Ernest-Modeste (1741-1813): b. Liége, d. Montmorency; son of a violinist; pupil of Leclerc and Benekin, later Moreau. His imagination was stimulated by the operatic performnces of an Italian troupe at performances of an Italian troupe at Liége. Though he was too impatient to master his counterpoint, he wrote 6 symphonies at Liége, 1758, and in 1759 a mass, which secured his further study in Rome under Casali and Martini. He prod. the intermezzo Le Vendammiaties, 24 Rome, 1765, but he tini. He prod. the intermezzo Le vendemmiatrice, at Rome, 1765, but he quickly turned to comic opera, and went to Paris, via Geneva, where he remained a year in hopes of inducing Voltaire to write him a libretto. He successfully produced a new setting of Fovert's Isabelle et Gertryde at Geneva. Favart's Isabelle et Gertrude at Geneva, which was very successful. In Paris he came under the patronage of Count Creutz, the Swedish minister, who got him Marmontel's comedy *Le Huron* to set. This was the first of a series of unprecedented comic opera successes, including Le Tableau parlant (1769); including Le Tableau parlant (1769);
Les deux avares, Sylvain, L'Amitiè à
l'épreuve (1770); Zémire et Azor, L'Ami
de la maison (1771); Le Magnifique
(1773); La Rosière de Salency (1774);
Cèphale et Procris, La fausse magie
(1775); Matroco, Les Évênements imprévus (1777); Le jugement de Midas,
L'Amant jaloux (1778); Aucassin et
Nicolette (1779); La double épreuve
(Colinette à la cour), Richard Cœur de
Lion, etc., etc. He brought out, besides, 2 grand operas Andromaque and
Le Caravane du Caire, the libretto of
which was by the Count of Provence,
later Louis XVIII. Altogether he prod
about 50 operas, full of melody and
simple expressiveness, which may well simple expressiveness, which may well be considered the foundation of the be considered the foundation of the French opera comique. G. also wrote a Méthode simple d'harmonie (1802), which exhibits his lack of technical knowledge, and Mémoires ou Essais sur la musique (3 vols., 1789). G. was one of the three first chosen to represent the department of musical composition in the Institut. He became inspector of the Conservatoire in 1775, but resigned shortly after. Napoleon made him a chevalier of the Legion of Honor in 1802 and granted him a pension of 4,000 francs in compensation for losses sustained in the Revolution. Ref.: II. 25, 41, 106; IV. 62, 79, 81; V. 180; IX. 70, 73, 210, 225; X. 148; mus. ex., XIII. 3.

GRIBUIEDOFF, Teleshova: Rus-

GRIBOYEDOFF, Teleshova: Russian ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 178.
GRIBOYEDOFF: modern Russian dramatist. Ref.: III. 108.
GRIECO. See GRECO.

GRIECU. See GRECO.
GRIEG, Edvard Hagerup (18431907): b. Bergen, d. near there. He
was a pupil of his mother, a gifted
pianist, and of Hauptmann, Richter,
Rietz and Reinecke, at the Leipzig
Cons.; also of Wenzel and Moscheles in
piano. Later he studied with Gade in

Griepenkerl Grimm

Griepenkerl

Copenhagen and was influenced by Hartmann and Nordraak, thus asserting his Scandinavian individuality: He wisted Italy twice and at Rome was in touch with Liszt, G. founded a Musical Union in Christiania in 1867 and conducted it until 1880. In 1879 he played his piano concerto, op. 16, at the Gewandhaus, in 1879, and made long stays in Lelpzig. He also visited England three times, receiving the honorary Mus. D. from Cambridge. For a time he conducted the Philharmonic Concerts at Christiania. Ris compositions include: For oncerts. In Autumn, concert overture, op. 11; Elegiac Melodies for strings, op. 34; Norwegian Dances, op. 35; Aus Holberg's Zeit, suite for strings, op. 40; Peer Gynt Suite I, op. 40; Th. Op. 55; 2 Melodies op. 27; T. For prans. 1 Concerto (A. min.), op. 16; 1 string quartet, op. 27; T. For prans. 1 concerto (A. min.), op. 16; 1 sonata, op. 7; 4 pieces, op. 27. For prans. 1 concerto (A. min.), op. 16; 1 sonata, op. 7; 4 pieces, op. 27; Album-Leaves, op. 28; Improvisata, op. 29; Waltz-Caprices, op. 27; Norwegian Folt-songs and Dances, op. 29; Valtz-Caprices, op. 37; Norwegian Folt-songs and Dances, op. 4; Peer Gynt Suite I, op. 29; Waltz-Caprices, op. 37; Norwegian Folt-songs and Dances, op. 4; Peer Gynt Suite I, op. 29; Waltz-Caprices, op. 37; Norwegian Folt-songs and Dances, op. 4; Peer Gynt Suite I, op. 28; Improvisata, op. 29; Waltz-Caprices, op. 37; Norwegian Folt-songs and Dances, op. 4; Peer Gynt Suite I, op. 28; Improvisata, op. 29; Waltz-Caprices, op. 37; Norwegian Folt-songs and Dances, op. 4; Peer Gynt Suite I, op. 28; Improvisata, op. 29; Kaltz-Caprices, op. 37; Norwegian Folt-songs and Dances, op. 4; Peer Gynt Suite I, op. 23; Romance with Variations, op. 51. GRILLET, Laurent (1851). Peets, suite of the condition of the three times, receiving the honorary Mus. D. from Cambridge. For a time he conducted the Philharmonic Concerts at Christiania. His compositions include: For organization of the conducted the Philharmonic Concerts at Christiania. His compositions include: For organization of the concert overture, op. 11; Elegiac Melodies for strings, op. 34; Norwegian Dances, op. 35; Aus Holberg's Zeut, suite for strings, op. 40; Peer Gynt Suite I, op. 47; II, op. 55; 2 Melodies for strings, op. 53. Chamber Music: 3 violin sonatas, op. 36; 1 string quartet, op. 27. For Piano: 1 concerto (A min.), op. 16; 1 sonata, op. 7; 4 pieces, op. 1; 3 poetic tone pictures, op. 3; Romances and Ballads, op. 9; 6 sets of 'Lyric Pieces,' op. 12, 38 (2 series), 43, 47, 55; Romances, op. 15; Ballade, op. 29; 'Album-Leaves,' op. 28; Improvisata, op. 29; Waltz-Caprices, op. 37; Norwegian Folk-songs and Dances, op. 17, and 'Pictures of' Folk-life,' op. 19. Piano 4 Hanns: 2 symph. pieces, op. 4; Peer Gynt Suite I, op. 23; Romance with Variations, op. 51. Vocal: Bergliot, melodrama w. orchestra; Vor der Klosterpforte (solo, female chorus and orch.), op. 19; songs for male voices and orch, op. 23, Landerkennung (male chorus and orch.), op. 32; Der Einsame (bar, string orch and 2 horns), op. 36; children's songs and a cycle from Haugiussa, and some 10 sets of songs. Ref.: II. 440; III. xiv, xv, xvi, 64, 68, 69, 70, 72, 77, 89f, 96, 99, 332; songs, V. 297f; choral works, VI. 205; piano compositions, \$26ff; chamber music, VII. 327f, 556; orchestral works, VIII. 340ff, 470; X. 104, 133, 201, 205; piano compositions, \$26ff; chamber music, VII. 327f, 556; orchestral works, VIII. 340ff, 470; X. 104, 133, 201, 205; piano compositions, \$26ff; chamber music, VII. 327f, 556; orchestral works, VIII. 340ff, 470; X. 104, 133, 201, 205; piano compositions, \$26ff; chamber music, VII. 340ff, 470; X. 104, 133, 201, 205; piano compositions, \$26ff; chamber music, VII. 340ff, 470; X. 104, 133, 201, 205; piano compositions, \$26ff; chamber music, VII. 340ff, 470; X. 104, 133,

SIC, VIII. 34.63ff, 470; X. 104, 133, 201, 205, 206; mus. ex., XIV. 25, 27; portrait, III. 90.

GRIEFENKERL (1) Friedrich Konrad (1782-1849): b. Peine, Bruns-kick, d. Brunswick; teacher at the Kellenberg Institute, Hofwyl, Switzerland; professor at the Carolinum, Brunswick; author of a Lehrbuch der Asthetik (1827); pub. with Roitzsch the first edition of J. S. Bach's instrumental compositions. (2) Wolfgang Robert (1810-1868): b. Hofwyl, d. Brunswick; contributor to the Neue Zeitschrift für Musik; author of Das Musikfest, oder die Beethovener (1838), Ritter Berlioz in Braunschweig (1847).

GRIESBACHER, Peter (1864-): b. Egglham; priest; music prefect at the School for Church Music and Iterature, were pub. as Correspondence liteters, containing interesting details on contemporary French music and literature, were pub. as Correspondence lite

téraire, philosophique et critique in 17 vols. Ref.: II. 24, 31, 102 (footnotel. (2) the Brothers: collectors of fairy tales. Ref.: IX. 188. (3) Karl (1819-1888): b. Hildburghausen, d. Freiburg, Silesia; 'cellist and composer for his instrument. (4) Karl Konstantin Ludwig (1820-1882): b. Berlin, d. there; harpist; Royal chamber musician. (5) Julius Otto (1827-1903): b. Pernau, Livonia, d. Münster; founder of a choral society in Gottingen; conducted the Cactilenverein in Munster, Royal the Gacilienverein in Munster, Royal Musikdirektor at Acad, there, 1878. He composed a symphony, 2 suites in canon-form for string orchestra, also

songs and piano pieces.

GRIMMER, Christian Friedrich (1798-1850): b. Mulda, near Freiberg, d. Langenhennersdorf, near Perna; song composer; pub. Deutsche Lieder und Balladen (1832), Romanzen und Balla-den im Volkstone (1877).

GRISAR, Albert (1808-1869): b. Antwerp, d. Asnières, n. Paris. He abandoned a commercial career for mu-Antwerp, d. Asnières, n. Paris. He abandoned a commercial career for music, and was for a short time a pupil of Reicha. He prod. Le Mariage impossible at Brussels, 1833, and received a government subsidy for further study in Paris. Then he prod. Sarah, L'An mille (1837), La Suisse à Trianon (1838), Lady Melvul (1838), L'Eau merveilleuse (1839), W. Flotow and Pilatil, Les travestissements (1840), and L'Opérà à la cour (1844), w. Boieldieu); and after studying with Mercadante in Naples, Gilles ravisseur (1848), Les Porcherons (1850), Bonsoir, M. Pantalon (1852), Le carilloneur de Bruges (1852), Les amours du Diable (1853), Le chien du jardinier (1855), Voyage autour de ma chambre (1859), La chatte merveilleuse (1862), Bégatements d'amour (1864) and Douze unocentes (Bouffes, 1865). Twelve other operas (some unfinished), dramatic scenes, over 50 romances were also composed by him. Ref.: II. 211; XI. 232, 236.

GRISI (1) Giuditta (1805-1840); b. Milan, d. near Cremona; celebrated operatic mezzo-soprano; studied with Minoja and Banderali at Milan; sang at principal Italian Operas and at Paris. She married Count Barni, in 1834, and retired. (2) Giulia (1811-1869); b. Milan, d. Berlin; sister of Giuditta (1); operatic soprano. She studied with Giacomelli at Bologna, Pasta, and Mar-

operatic soprano. She studied with

GRISWOLD, Gertrude (d. London, 1912): American soprano; studied with Agramonte, New York and at the Paris Conservatoire; made her début at the Opéra; sang later at the Metropolitan Opera House.

GROBLICZ, Martin (16th-17th cent.): violin-maker; pupil of Maggini in Brescia; worked in Cracow and Warsaw.

Warsaw.

GROCHEO, Johannes de: musical theoretician flourishing ca. 1300; author of a tract Theoria (Cod. 2663, Darmstadt Court Library); pub. in Latin and German by Johannes Wolf in the Sammelbande of the Int. Mus. Soc. (I. 1). It is important for mediaval musical history, since it contains detailed information concerning secular music, giving definition of a number of special forms and technical rules of construction. of construction.

GROH (Ghro, Grohen, Krochen), Johann (15[?]-16[?]): b. Dresden; organist at St. Afra, Meissen (1604) and at Wesenstein (1623), composer of Paduanes, published 36 Intraden (1603), 2 collections Paduanes, and a setting of the 104th Psalm (1613), etc. Ref.: VII. 472.

GRÖNLAND, Petersen (1760-1834): Schleswig, d. Altona; organist at

Altona; song composer.

GROSHEIM, Georg Christoph (1764-1847): b. Cassel, d. there; com-Christoph posed works for organ and piano, 2 operas, vocal works, etc.; pub. a reformed Hessian Chorale book, a muoperas, vocal works, etc.; pub. a reformed Hessian Chorale book, a musical journal Euterpe and a piano score of Gluck's Iphigenua in Aulis with German translations of the text; author of Das Leben der Kinstlerin Mara (1823), "ber Pflege und Anwendung der Stimme (1830), Chronologisches Verzeichnis vorzuglicher Beforderer und Meister der Tonkunst (1831), Fragmente aus der Geschichte der Musik (1832), Versuch einer asthetischen Darstellung mehrerer Werke dramatischer Tonmeister (1834), "ber den Verfall der Tonkunst (1835); contributor to musical journals and to Schilling's Universallexikon der Tonkunst.

GROSJEAN (1) Jean Romary (1815-1883); b. Rochesson, d. St. Dié; organist at Remiremont, 1837, at the Cathedral of St. Dié, 1839; published several collections of organ works by good masters. (2) Ernest (1844-); b. Bagney; nephew of (1); organist at Verdun; composed numerous pieces for organ and piano; author of Théorie et pratique d'accompagnement du plainchant

et pratique d'accompagnement du plainchant.

GROSS, Johann Benjamin (1809-1848): b. Elbing, d. St. Petersburg; 'cellist; member of the Lephardt Quar-tet at Dorpat; first 'cellist of the Im-perial Orchestra, St. Petersburg; pub. a 'cello somata with bass and one with operatic soprano. She studied with Gacomelli at Bologna, Pasta, and Marliani; sang in Italy till 1832, then in Parls and London as prima donna assoluta. She married, 1st, Count Melcy, 2nd, Mario, with whom she toured America (1854). Ref.: II. 193; IX. 145, 152. (3) Carlotta (19th cent.): ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 151, 158.

GRISWOLD, Gertrade (d. London CROSSI, Carlotta (correctly Characteria Characteria Carlotta (correctly Characteria Characteria Characteria Carlotta (correctly Characteria Characteria Characteria Characteria Carlotta (correctly Characteria Characteria Characteria Characteria Characteria Carlotta (correctly Characteria Characteria

GROSSI, Carlotta (correctly Charlotte Grossmuck) (1849-): b. Vienna, coloratura operatic singer, pupil of the Vienna Cons.; sang at Vienna Opera 1868-69; Berlin Opera 1869-78. Ref.: VII. 390, 478. Grossmann Grünfeld

GROSSMANN (1) Burckhard: in 1619 invited the celebrated Saxon composers of the time (Schein, M. Frank, R. Michael, M. Praetorius, Tobias Michael, Johann Groh, M. Altenburg, H. Schutz, Chr. Demantius, etc.), to set Psalm 116 to music, and pub. the collection in 1623 (only complete copy in Berlin Royal Library). (2) Ludwig (1835-): b. Government of Kalish, Russia; pupil of Rungenhagen in Berlin, etc.; founded the instrument firm of 'Hermann and G.' in Warsaw, 1857; co-founder of the Warsaw Musical Soc. and member of the management of the Imp. Theatre; composer of ballet suite, symphonic poem, 3 operas, etc. (3) Max (1856-): b. Jastrow, West Prussia; physician in Berlin, who wrote several books on violin building, old Italian violins, also articles on similar subjects in various journals. With the violin builder Otto Siefert he conducts an instrument factory 'Neu-Cremona,' the products of which have aroused much attention.

GROVE, [Sir] George (1820-1900): b. Claphem Surrey & London: musical

much attention.

GROVE, [Sir] George (1820-1900):
b. Clapham, Surrey, d. London; musical historian and lexicographer; a civil engineer, by profession; became secretary of the Society of Arts, 1850; secretary of the Crystal Palace Co., 1852, and a member of its Board, 1873. He wrote analytical programs for the Crystal Palace concerts; edited 'Macmillan's Magazine' for 15 years, and became director of the Royal Coll. of Music in 1892, which position he resigned in 1894. His monumental 'Dictionary of Music and Musicians' (4 vols., later 5; recently revised by J. A. Fuller-Maitland) of which he was editor-in-chief and a copious contributor, was first and a copious contributor, was first brought out in 1879-89. He also wrote Beethoven and His Nine Symphonies' (1896); and an appendix to Hellborn's Life of Schubert. He was made D. C. L. (Durham, 1875), LL. D. (Glasgow, 1885) and a committee member of the Bach - Gesellschaft. Ref.: (citations, etc.), I. 313; II. 143, 150, 162, 166, 168f, 344; VIII. 196.

344; VIII. 196.
GROVLEZ, Gabriel (1879-): b.
Lille; studied with Dièmer, Lavignac
and Fauré at the Paris Cons. (premier
prix), toured Europe as pianist with
the violinist Marteau; piano professor
at the Schola Cantorum for 10 years;
conductor at the Opéra-Comique and
the San Carlos, Lisbon; composed a
fairy legend in 3 acts, Cœur de Rubis,
music to Laloy's Chagrin au Palais
d'Hans. Poème Symphonique for orch. music to Laloy's Chagrin au Palais d'Hans, Poème Symphonique for orch. (after Freiligrath), Poème symphonique in 3 parts for soli chorus and orch. Musique de Scène et Ballet for a Chinese play adapted by Pierre Lolay; 50 Mélodies (songs), a violin sonata, plano pieces, including Improvisations sur Londres and L'Almanach aux Images; also Chansons enfantines, etc. Ref.: III. 407.

GROSSMANN (1) Burckhard: in 1619 (1759-1805): b. Nuremberg, d. there; wited the celebrated Saxon composers the time (Schein, M. Frank, R. ichael, M. Praetorius, Tohias Michael, blann Groh, M. Altenburg, H. Schutz, hr. Demantius, etc.), to set Psalm 116 (2) Franz (1787-1865): b. Hallein, d. there; organist; composer of Stille Macht, hellips Nacht (1818). (3) (23 (only complete copy in Berlin oyal Library). (2) Ludwig (1835-): b. Wösendorf, near oyal Library). (2) Ludwig (1835-): b. Wösendorf, near Government of Kalish, Russia; pupil the Rungenhagen in Berlin, etc.; founded the instrument firm of 'Hermann of 'Her method.

method.

GRUENBERG, Eugene (1854-);
b. Lemberg, Galicia; studied at the Vienna Cons.; member of the Leipzig Gewandhaus Orchestra; with the Boston Symphony until 1898; taught violin at the Boston Cons. and at the New England Cons., Boston; pub. a Theory of Violin Playing, studies, essays, etc., and composed a symphony.

GRUN (1) Jacob (1837-): b. Pesth; violinist; studied under Joseph Bohm, Vienna, and Hauptmann, Leipzig: was

violinist; studied under Joseph Bohm, Vienna, and Hauptmann, Leipzig; was a member of the court band at Weimar, 1858, and at Hanover, 1861-65; made as concert tour; then, 1868, became concertmaster of the Court Opera, Vienna, and, since 1877, professor in the Conservatory. (2) Friederike (1836-): b. Mannheim; operatic soprano at Frankfort, Cassel, Berlin, Bologna and elsewhere. She married the Russian Baron von Sadler. 1869.

Frankfort, Cassel, Berlin, Bologna and elsewhere. She married the Russian Baron von Sadler, 1869.

GRUNBERG (1) [Paul Emil] Max (1852-): b. Berlin; violinist; member of the court chapel at Melningen; concert-master at Sondershausen, later at the Prague Landestheater; teacher at the Stern Cons., Berlin, and director of the Orchestral Society of the Friends of Music there, since 1905; author of a Führer durch die Literatur der Streichinstrumente (1913). (2) See GRUENBERG.

GRUND, Friedrich Wilhelm (1791-1874): b. Hamburg, d. there; founded the Hamburg Singakademie, 1819, and conducted the Philharmonic concerts, 1828-62; composed symphonies, quartets, piano, 'cello and violin sonatas, a quartet for piano and wind instruments, an 8-part mass, piano studies,

etc.
GRUNEWALD (1) Gottfried (16731739): d. Darmstadt; singer at the
Hamburg Opera, 1703; vice-Kapellmeister at Darmstadt, 1712; composed
the opera Germanicus (1704), 6 piano
partitas, a piano sonata, etc. (2)
Gottfried (1859-): b. Querstädt,
near Eisleben; composer of the one-act
operas Astrella (1894), Die Brautehe
(1904) and Der fromme König (1905);
also Der Sängers Fluch for chorus and
orchestra, etc. orchestra, etc.

r Londres and L'Almanach aux Im-es; also Chansons enfantines, etc. fg: III. 407. GRUBER (1) Johann Sigismund Frussian Court pianist; has composed

the operetta Der Lebemann (1903), the comic opera Die Schönen von Fogaras (1907), and piano pieces. (2) Heinrich (1855-): b. Prague; 'cellist; studied at the Prague Cons.; teacher of 'cello at Kullak's Academy, Berlin, 1876-84; member of the Royal Orchestra since 1886 tra since 1886.

fra since 1886.
GRUNICKE, [Anton] Franz (18411913): b. Falkenhain, d. Berlin; organist; studied with his father and with
Marx, Grell and Taubert; music teacher
at Landau, 1865-70; teacher of piano,
harmony and, later, organ at Kullak's
Academy, Berlin, 1871; organist of the
Reformed Jewish Congregation, 1883;
organ teacher at the Klindworth-Scharorgan teacher at the Klindworth-Scharwenka Cons.

GRUNN, J. Homer: contemp. Amer-

GRUNN, J. Homer: contemp. American composer. Ref.: IV. 401.
GRUNSKY, Karl (1871-): b. near Schorndorf, Württemberg; at first political writer in Stuttgart, then musical critic, etc.; critic of the Schwabische Merkur, 1895-1908; musical editor of Kunstwart, collaborator on the ttor of Kunstwart, collaborator on the Wagner-Jahrbuch, etc.; pub. Musik-asthetik (1907), Musikgeschichte des 17. und 18. Jahrhunderts (1905, 1914), do. for the 19th cent. (1902-8); and other works on musical history, plano transcription, Bach's arrangements of others' music, also guides to Bruckner symphonies etc. symphonies, etc.

symphonies, etc.
GRUTZMACHER (1) Friedrich
Wilhelm (1832-1903): b. Dessau, d.
Dresden; 'cellist, composer and teacher; studied under his father; 'cello with
Drechsler and theory with Schneider;
'cello of the Gewandhaus orchestra,
1849; 'cello teacher at the Conservatory;
chember withuse in Dresden 1860; 1849; 'cello teacher at the Conservatory; chamber virtuoso in Dresden, 1860; made long concert tours. His brother Leopold G., O. Bruckner, W. Fitzenhagen, E. Hegar, and E. Hilpert were among his pupils; composed concerto for 'cello and orchestra; variations for 'cello and orchestra; variations for 'cello and orchestra; many pieces and studies for 'cello; orchestral music; chamber music; piano pieces; songs. (2) Leopold (1835-1900); b. Dessau, d. Weimar; brother of (1); studied 'cello with Drechsler, theory with Schneider; played in the Gewandhaus and theatre orchestras at Leipzig; first 'cello in the Schwerin court orchestra, Prague Landestheater, Meiningen court orches Schwerin court orchestra, Prague Landestheater, Meiningen court orches-tra at Weimar; composed many pieces for 'cello. (3) Friedrich (1866-). b. Meiningen; son and pupil of (2); first 'cello in the Sondershausen court orchestra; joined the theatre orchestra in Pesth, 1890; 'cello professor at the Cons. 1892-94; teacher in Cologne Cons. since 1894 since 1894.

GUADAGNINI: a family of Italian violin makers, established first in Piacenza and later in Milan, consisting of Lorenzo (ca. 1695-1740), a pupil of Stradivari, his son Giovanni Battista (ca. 1785), and the latter's sons Gaetano and Giuseppe. GUALDO, Giovanni (18th cent.): pioneer musician in America. Ref.: IV. 70.

IV. 70.

GUAMI (1) Gioseffo (ca. 1540-1611): b. Lucca, d. there; Ducal chapel organist at Munich, second organist St. Marks, Venice, later organist Lucca Cathedral; composed 3 books of 5-part madrigals (1565-84), motets in 5-10 parts (1585): Canzonetic alla Francese for organ and other instrumental canzoni published in contemporary collections, etc. Ref.: VI. 422. (2) Francesco, trombonist of the Munich Hof-kapelle, 1568-80, and chapel master in Venice churches; published 3 books madrigals in 4-6 parts and a book of 2-part ricercari (1588). (3) Vincenzo, son of (1); court organist at Brussels and successor to his father in Lucca, 1612. 1612

GUARNERI (or Guarnerius), a famous Cremonese family of violin makers. (1) Pietro Andrea (ca. 1630): head of the family, pupil of Nicola Amati, worked 1650-95. His violins Amati, worked 1650-95. His violins (labelled Andreas Guarnerius Cremonae sub titolo Sanctae Theresiae 16—) are inferior to those of his nephew (5). Ref.: VIII. 73. (2) Giuseppe (b. 1660): son of (1); worked 1690-1730; his best period is 1690-1710. His violins, labelled Joseph Guarnerius filius Andreæ fecit Cremonæ sub titolo St. Theresiæ 16—, are modelled after Stradivari. (3) Pietro (b. ca. 1670): second son of (1), worked in Cremona, 1690-1700, then at Mantua till 1725. (4) Pietro, son of Giuseppe, worked 1725-40; made violins and 'cellos after his father's models. (5) Guarneri del Gesü (because of the 'I H S' often appearing on his labels) (1683-ca. 1745): nephew of (1). He worked independently 1725-45; (1). He worked independently 1725-45; the violins of his medium period rival the best of Stradivari. His label reads

the best of Stradivari. His label reads Joseph Guarnerius, Andreae Nepos Cremonae 17—, I H S. From his later period are preserved instruments of very poor quality, whose origin has been questioned. Various explanations have been offered, such as his having taken to drink, or having had to work with inferior materials, during a long term of imprisonment. Ref.: VIII. 74. GUDEHUS, Heinrich (1845-1999): b. Altenhagen, Hanover. d. Dresden; dramatic tenor; studied under Frau Schnoor v. Carolsfeld and Louise Ress at Dresden, 1872; sang at Brunswick, Riga, Lübeck, Freiburg (Baden), and Bremen, 1875-8; Dresden court opera, 1880-90; created the rôle of Parsifal at Bayreuth, 1882; appeared in German opera in New York, 1890-91; played guest rôles in Berlin Opera House, 1895-96. guest 1 1895-96.

GUENIN, Marie-Alexandre (1744-1819): b. Maubeuge, d. Paris; studied violin with Capron, and composition with Gossec; was musical intendant to the Prince of Condé, 1777; a member of the Royal orch., 1778, solo violin at

408, 409f.

408, 409f.

GUÉRANGER, Dom Prosper (1795-1875): b. Sable-sur-Sarthe, d. in the Benedictine Monastery of Solesmes, of which he was abbot; wrote a history of the monastery, 1835, also Institutions liturgiques (3 vols., 1840-53; 2nd ed., 4 vols., 1878-85), L'année Liturgique (15 parts, 1840-1901, repub.), and St. Cécile et la société Romaine (1873, 8th ed., 1898). He is the real founder of the highly important work of restoration of the Gregorian chant carried on by the Benedictines of Solesmes. His faithful assistant in his works was Dom Jausions, and his successors Dom Pothier Jausions, and his successors Dom Pothier

Jausions, and his successors Dom Pothier and Dom Mocquereau. Ref.: VI. 467.
GUERRERO (1) Francisco (1528-1599): b. Seville, Spain, d. there; studied under Morales; maestro at Jaen cathedral, 1546; choir-singer at Seville Cathedral, 1550; wrote El Viage de Jerusalem que hizo Fr. G. . . . (1611); composed a number of masses, motets and other sacred music (pub. 1559-97). (2) Rosario: contemp. Spanish dancer. Ref.: X. 210.

Ref.: X. 210.

Ref.: X. 210.

GUGLIELMI (1) Pietro (1727-1804):
b. Massa di Carrara, d. Rome; composer; studied with his father, Giacomo and at the Cons. S. Maria di Loreto, Naples; maestro di cappella at St. Peter's, Rome; composed 116 operas, including I due gemelli, I viaggatori, La serva innamorata, I fratelli Pappa Mosca, La pastorella mobile, La bella pescatrice, La Didone, and Enea e Lavinia, the oratorios La morte d'Abele, La Betulia liberata, La distruzzione di Gerusalemme, Debora e Sisara and Le lagrime di San Pietro, a truzzione di Gerusalemme, Debora e Sisara and Le lagrime di San Pietro, a 5-part mass for orchestra, and other church works, motets, 6 divertissements for piano, violin and 'cello, 6 quartets for piano, 2 violins and 'cello, piano pieces, etc. Ref.: II. 14; IX. 39. (2) Pietro Carlo (called Guglielmini to distinguish him from his father above) (ca. 1763-1827): b. Naples, d. Massa di Carrara, noted as opera composer, producing 25 operas in Naples and Milan; also vocal teacher in London. London.

GUI, Vittorio: contemporary Italian conductor and composer of songs (translations from the Chinese), etc.

Ref .: III. 400.

Ref.: III. 400.

GUI (GUIDO) DE CHALIS (12th cent.): abbot of the Cistercian monastery at Châis, Burgundy; author of a treatise on plain-chant, De cantu ecclesiastico; also Discantus ascendit duas voces, printed in Coussemaker's Concertos, and Histoire de l'harmonia au moyen âge. Ref.: I. 174f.

GUICCIARDI, Countess Giulietta (1784-1855): amateur pianist, pupil of Beethoven in Vienna; married Count Gallenberg (q.v.). Ref.: II. 141, 145.

GUIDETTI, Giovanni (1532-1592): author of De praeceptis artis musicae,

the Grand Opéra, 1780-1800. He com- b. Bologna, d. Rome; studied under posed much symphonic and chamber Palestrina; was appointed cappellano music, but of little value. Ref.: VII. and chorister in the Papal choir, 1575; and chorister in the Papal choir, 1575; worked with Palestrina on a revised edition of the Gradual and Antiphonary; pub. Directorium chori ad usum sacro-sanctae basilicae Baticanae... (Rome, 1582, and other editions); Cantus eccl. passionis Domini Nostri Jesu Christi, secundum Matthaeum, Marcum, Lucam et Joannem (Rome, 1586); Cantus eccles officii majoris hebdomadae... (Rome, 1587; 1619); and Præfationes in cantu firmo... (Rome. 1588). (Rome, 1588).

GUIDICIONI, Laura (16th cent.):

Ref.: I. 328.

GUIDO D'AREZZO or Guido Aretinus (ca. 995-1050?): b. Arezzo, Italy; d. Avellano (?). The great reformer of musical notation was a monk in the Benedictine monastery of Pomposa, near Ferrar, where his abilities so aroused the envy of his fellow-monks that G. left the monastery and either wandered from place to place, disseminating his new ideas, or went to the Benedictine monastery of Arezzo. Pope John XIX called him to Rome in order to learn his novel system of teaching, and it is supposed he then became prior of the Camaldolite fraternity at Avellano. Much has been ascribed to G. for which he cannot be credited (such as the invention of mensural notes), but he certainly introduced the 4-line staff, retaining the red F-line and the yellow G-line preof musical notation was a monk in the red F-line and the yellow C-line previously used, and drawing between them a black A-line, above them a black E-line, and writing the mensural notes in regular order on these lines and in the speaks. black E-line, and writing the mensural notes in regular order on these lines and in the spaces. He also added new lines above or below these, as occasion required; hence his invention, wherever adopted, finally did away with all uncertainty of pitch. It is not certainly established that Guido invented the system of Solmisation but he is generally supposed to have done so. Whether he practically applied this method in the hexachordal system of Mutation is disputed. According to Fétis, his chief merit was his method of teaching vocal intervals by the aid of a sliding graduated scale adapted to the monochord. Ref.: I. 187ff; V. 34; VI. 18.

GUIGNON, Jean-Pierre (or Ghignone, Giovanni Pietro) (1702-1774): b. Turin, d. Versailles; the last to bear the title of roi des violons et mattre des ménétriers; studied violin in Paris and entered the King's service in 1733; composed several books of concertos, sonatas, and duos for violin. GUILBERT, Yvette: contemp. French singer of characteristic chansons, hallads and folk-songs in costume; highly esteemed in Europe and America.

GUILELMUS, Monachus (ca. 1450):

GUILLAUME (1) Count of Poitiers (1087-1127): Troubadour. Ref.: I. 205. (2) Canon of Auxerre (16th cent.): inventor of the 'serpent.'

GUILLEBERT. See TREBELLI. GUILLEMAIN, Gabriel (1705-1770): b. Paris, d. there; composer of 3 books of violin sonatas (with continuo); variations and caprices for vionnuo); variations and caprices for vio-lin solo, divertissements de simphonies en trio (2 violins and continuo), 2 books sonatas for 2 violins without bass, clavecin sonatas with violin ac-companiment, 6 string quartets (con-certino à quatre), and 'Conversations' for flute, violin, gamba, and continuo. A ballet divertissement by G. was prod. 1749 Ref. v VII 409.

A ballet divertissement by G. was prod. 1749. Ref.: VII. 409.
GUILMANT (1) Jean-Baptiste (1793-1890): b. Boulogne; organist. (2) Alexandre-Félix (1837-1911): b. Boulogne, d. near Paris; son and organ pupil of (1), stud. organ with Lemmens, harmony with Carulli. At 16 he was organist of St. Joseph's, at 18 a solemn mass by him was performed. He became teacher in Boulogne Cons. and cond. of a musical society at 20. He was appointed organist at Ste. Trinité, 1871, after brilliantly inaugurating organs at St. Sulpice and Notre Dame. In 1896 he became organ-professor at the at St. Sulpice and Notre Dame. In 1896 he became organ-professor at the Conservatoire. He also toured England, Italy, Russia, and the United States with great success. He composed Belsazar, a Tyric scene' (chorus, soli and orch.); Christus vincit (hymn for chorus orch.) etc.) a symphomy for soni and oren.); Christus vincit (hymn for chorus, oren., etc.), a symphony for organ and oren.; 7 organ sonatas, Marche funèbre et chant seraphique; many concert-pieces for organ, besides motets, masses, etc. Ref.: III. 36, 285; VI. 442 (footnote), 444, 468, 479, 480ff; portrait, VI. 464.

GUIMARD, Madeline: French ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 91, 94, 99, 100f. GUIMERA, Spanish dramatist. Ref.:

IX. 431.

GUIRAUD, Ernest (1837-1892): b. New Orleans, d. Paris; pupil of his father, Jean-Baptiste G., a talented musician (prix de Rome, 1827), later Marmontel, Barbereau and Halevy at the Paris Cons., and winner of the grand prix de Rome, 1859. He produced the opera Le roi David in New Orleans at 15. He became professor at the Cons. in 1876. He produced the operas Sylvie (1864); En prison (1869); Le Kobold (1870); Mme. Turlupin (1872); Piccolino (1876); La galante aventure (1882); and the ballet 'Gretna Green' (1873); also an orchestral suite, a solemn mass, an overture, etc. His a solemn mass, an overture, etc. His

treating of English descant (reprinted in Coussemaker's Scriptores, II.).

GUILLARD, N. F.: librettist of Gluck's Iphigénie en Tauride. Ref.:

GUILLAUME (1) Count of Poitiers (1087-1127): Troubadour. Ref.: I. 205. (20 Canon of Auxerre (16th cent.): in
(2) Canon of Auxerre (16th cent.): in
(2) Canon of Auxerre (16th cent.): in
(3) Troubadour. Ref.: I. 205. (4but in Stockholm in 1886; sang (20 Canon of Auxerre (16th cent.): in
(4) Troubadour. Ref.: I. 205. (4but in Stockholm in 1886; sang (20 Canon of Auxerre (16th cent.): in
(5) Troubadour. Ref.: I. 205. (4but in Stockholm in 1896 and has since been internationally known: since been internationally known: Grand-ducal chamber singer.

GULLI, Luigi (1859-): b. Scilla; studied at the Royal College of Music, Naples, with Cesi; taught in Rome and founded the Gulli Quintet Society

there.

GUMBERT, Ferdinand (1818-1896); b. Berlin, d. there; studied under E. Fischer and Clapius; tenor singer at Sondershausen Theatre; baritone at Co-logne Theatre, 1840-42; studied com-position under Constantin Kreutzer; position under Constantin Kreutzer; settled in Berlin as composer, vocal teacher and music critic; wrote about 500 songs; the operettas, Die schone Schusterm (1883), Die Kunst, geliebt zu werden (1850), Der kleine Ziegenhirt (1854), Bis der Rechte kommt (1856), Karoluna, etc., prod. in Berlin; also wrote Musik, Gelesenes und Gesammeltes (1800), and translations of libretti and songs.

GUMPELZHAIMER, Adam (1559-1625): b. Trostberg, Bavaria; d. Augsburg; church-composer and theorist; studied under Jodocus Enzmüller; candidate in the composer and the construction of the composer and the construction of the composer and the construction of the composer and the c studied under Jodocus Enzmunier; can-tor at Augsburg from 1881; wrote Erster and Zweiter Theil des Lust-gärlieins teutsch und lateinischer Lie-der von 3 Stimmen (1591; 1611; often republished); Erster and Zweiter Theil des Würtzgartleins 4-stimmiger geist-licher Lieder (1594; 1619; etc.), and other collections, an 8-part setting of Psalm 50, and numerous motets. H.

other collections, an 8-part setting of Psalm 50, and numerous motets. H. Faber's Compendium musicae was revised and edited by G. (Augsburg, 1591; 11 other editions).

GUMPERT, Friedrich Adolf (1841-1906): b. Lichtenau, Thuringia, d. Leipzig; horn virtuoso; played at Bad Nauheim, St. Gallen, Halle, and from 1864 in the Gewandhaus Orchestra, Leipzig; pub. a Praktische Hornschule. Leipzig; pub. a Praktische Hornschule, a collection of transcriptions for horn, orchestral studies for clarinet, oboe, fagott, trumpet and 'cello, a horn quar-

tet and horn studies.

GUMPRECHT, Otto (1823-1900): b.

Erfurt, d. Meran; editor of the musical feuilleton of the Nationalzeitung, cal feuilleton of the Nationalzeitung, 1849; author of Musikalische Charakterbilder (1869), Neue Musikalische Charakterbilder (1876), Richard Wagner und sein Bühnenfestspiel, Der Ring des Nibelungen (1873), Unsere klassischen Meister (2 vols., 1833); edited the 5-vol. Erlesene musikalische Meistervereite terwerke.

a solemn mass, an overture, etc. And posthumous opera, Brünhilde, was edited by Saint-Saëns and prod. as Frédégonde (1895). Ref.: VIII. 345, 346.
GUIVIER, Prospero (18th-19th)

principally his own compositions; established an orchestra of his own in Berlin in 1843; made a trip to America in 1849; Royal Musikdirektor in 1850; bandmaster to the 23rd Austrian Infantry at Brünn, 1858; composed mnantry at Brünn, 1858; composed more than 300 marches and dances. His daughter Virginia, an opera singer, filled engagements in Berlin, Frankfort, etc. (2) Johann (1828-1883); b. Zsambek, d. Pecs, Hungary; nephew of (1); composer of dance-music; gave concerts in Berlin, 1843-45; St. Petersburg, 1845-54.

GUNKE, Joseph (1801-1883): b. Josephstadt, Bohemia, d. St. Petersburg; from 1834 violinist and organist at the Imperial Theatre, St. Petersburg, teacher of the court chapel choir from 1864; from 1872 librarian at the Cons.; composed a mass, a Requiem, an ora-torio, songs and chamber music; au-thor of Handbuch der Harmonielehre (1852), Vollstandige Kompositionslehre (3 volumes) and Briefe uber Musik

(1863).

(1863).

GUNN, John (ca. 1765-ca. 1824): b. Edinburgh (?), d. there; writer and 'cellist; teacher of 'cello at Cambridge and London, 1789-95; wrote piano method; '40 Favorite Scotch Airs Adapted for Violin, German Flute, or 'Cello ...'; 'Theory and Practice of Fingering the Violoncello ...' (1793); 'Art of Playing the German Flute'; 'An Essay, Theoretical and Practical, on the Application of Harmony, Thorough-bass and Modulation to the Violoncello' (Edinburgh, 1801); 'An Historical Enquiry Respecting the Performance of the Harp in the Highlands of Scotland, from the Earliest Times until 1807).

GUNTHER, Hermann (1824-1871): b. Leipzig, d. there; composed the opera Der Abt von St. Gallen (1884) under the pseudonym of F. Herther. His brother, Dr. Otto G., was director of the Leipzig Cons., 1881-97.

of the Leipzig Cons., 1881-97.

GUNTHER-BACHMANN, Caroline (1816-1874): b. Dusseldorf, d. Leipzig; singer in the Leipzig Opera from 1834 until her death, first as soubrette and later in elderly comic roles.

GURA (1) Eugen (1842-1906): b. Pressern, n. Saatz, Bohemia; d. Aufkirchen; dramatic baritone; studied at the Polytechnic, the Akademie, Vienna, and in the Munich Cons.; debut at Munich as Count Liebenau, in Der Waffenschmied, 1865; sang in Breslau 1867-70, in Leipzig 1870-76, in Handurg 1876-83, and in Munich 1883-95.

(2) Hermann (1870-): b. Breslau; studied at the Royal Academy of Music, Munich; baritone singer in Weimar, Berlin, Aachen, Zürich, Basel, Munich and Schwerin; chief stage director at the latter, 1897, and Grand Ducal chamber singer; director of the Comic Opera, Berlin, 1911; singing teacher in Berlin. Berlin.

GURLITT, Cornelius (1820-1901): b. Altona, n. Hamburg; d. there; dra-matic composer; studied under Rei-necke the elder, and Weyse at Copen-hagen; organist of the Altona Haupt-kirche in 1864; army musical director in the Schleswig-Holstein campaign; professor in Hamburg Cons., and Royal kirche in 1864; army musical director in the Schleswig-Holstein campaign; professor in Hamburg Cons., and Royal Musikdirektor in 1874; wrote the opera Scheik Hassan; Die römische Mauer (Altona, 1860); operetta, Rajael Sanzio; a string quariet; 3 violin sonatas, 'cello sonata, and 2 sonatinas for 'cello; piano sonatas; many instructive pieces for piano; duets and songs.

GURLICH, Joseph Augustine (1761-1817): b. Münsterberg, Silesia, d. Berlin; organist of the Catholic Hedwigskirche, Berlin, 1781, double-bass player in the Court orchestra, 1790, second director of the Opera, 1811, court Kapellmeister, 1816; composed operas, ballets, an oratorio, incidental music, songs, etc.

GUSIKOFF, Michael Joseph (1809 [?]-1837): b. Government of Mohileff, Russia; d. Aachen; became virtuoso on a cembalo constructed by himself; concertized through Europe; composed and transcribed for his instrument.

GUSSAGO. Cesario (early 17th cent.): organist at Brescia; pub. Sacrae Cantiones 8 v. (1604), Sacrae laudes 3 v. (1612), Sonate a 4, 6, 8 con alcuni concerti a 8 con le sue sinfonie (1608).

GUSTAV III, King of Sweden. Ref.: IX. 358.

GUTHEIL-SCHODER, Marie (1874-): b. Weimar; operatic

GUTHEIL-SCHODER, Marie (1874-): b. Weimar; operatic mezzo-soprano; studied with Virginia Gungl; member of the Weimar Court Opera, 1891-1900; since then of the Vienna Court Opera; her husband, Gustav Gutheil (1868-1914), was Kapellmeister at Strassburg, Weimar and Vienna.

GUTMANN, Adolf (1819-1882): b. Heidelberg, d. Spezzia; pianist and composer; pupil and friend of Cho-

GUTZMANN, Hermann (1865-):
b. Billow, Pomerania; studied medicine in Berlin; lecturer on internal
medicine at Berlin Univ.; author of
Stimmbildung und Stimmpflege (1906),
Physiologie der Stimme und Sprache
(1909), and articles on the hygiene of the voice.

the voice.

GUYOT, Jean (1512-1588): b. Châtelet, d. Lucerne; studied at Louvain and Lucerne; precentor at St. Paul, Lucerne, 1546, Rapellmeister to Ferdinand I in Vienna, 1563, subsequently at St. Lambert, Lucerne; composed songs and motets and wrote a theoretical work, Minervalia artium (1554).

GUZEWSKI, Adolf (1876-): b. Dyrwianz, Lithuania; studied at St. Petersburg Cons. and with Noskowski in Warsaw; teacher of piano and theory at Moscow Cons. since 1910; composed the Polish opera, The Ice Office Constant of the Co

Guzman Gvs

Maiden's (1907), a symphony, orchestral variations, etc.; wrote a work on practical instrumentation (1909).

GUZMAN, Juan Bautista (1846-): b. Aldaya, Valencia; studied with J. M. Ubeda; organist at Salamanca, 1872; maestro di cappella at churches of Avila, 1875, Valladolid, 1876, and the Metropolitan Basilica, Valencia, 1877; pub. works of J. B. Comes (1889); then entered the Benedictine monastery at Monserrat, Catalonia, where he revived the old Boy's Singing School (Escolania) for which he has written 5 volumes of songs. umes of songs.

mes of songs.

GYROWETZ, Adalbert (1763-1850):

b. Budweis (Bohemia), d. Vienna. He was secretary to the Count of Funkirchen in Vienna and later became secretary of the Imperial Legation at va-

rious German courts, having command of six languages and considerable legal knowledge. In Vienna his symphonies were well received, and after studying with Sala in Naples, he went to Milan, Paris, and London, where he composed an opera, Semramide, whose production was prevented by the burning of the theatre. G. was court Kapellmeister and conductor at the court opera the theatre. G. was court kapenmenster and conductor at the court opera, 1804-31. His compositions include 30 operas and Singspiele, 40 ballets, 19 masses, 60 symphonies, over 60 string quartets, 40 piano sonatas, pieces for piano, violin and 'cello, overtures, company designs of the colonyage of the colonyage of the string and the string dangers of the colonyage of the string of the string

Haack Habert

HAACK, Karl (1751-1819): b. Potsdam, d. there; studied with Franz Benda; concert-master to the Prince, later King Friedrich Wilhelm II; later court Kapellmeister; chief representative of the Benda school of violin playing, composer of violin concertos and sonatas for the violin. Ref.: VII. 416.

HAARKLOU, Johannes (1847-)

L. Söndfjord, near Bergen: 1878-1876

HAARKLOU, Johannes (1847-b). Söndfjord, near Bergen; 1873-1876 pupil of the Leipzig Conservatory; 1877-1878 of Kiel, Bungert and Haupt in Berlin; since 1880 organist of the old Akers church at Christiania; conductors and paper and proposed to the control of the old Akers church at Christiania; conductor of popular symphony concerts, 1885-1888. He has written an oratorio, Skapelsen (1891), several operas, 2 symphonies, sacred and secular sonatas, songs, part-songs, chamber music and piano pieces. He is also known as a music critic. Ref.: III. 98.

HAAS (née Hollander), Alma (1847-): b. Ratibor; studied music with Wandelt and Kullak; pianist at the Gewandhaus concerts and at London; teacher, after the death of her husband (1882), at Bradford and King's colleges.

colleges.

HAASE, Rudolf (1841-othen; studied with H Cöthen; studied with Hauptmann, Moscheles and Bernsdorf in Leipzig; teacher at the Seminary and organist at the cathedral in Cöthen, 1867; Ducal Musikdirektor and professor; pub. plano pieces, organ works, men's choruses and a Leitfaden für den Schulesangungerneht (1913). den Schulgesangunterricht (1913).

HABENECK (1) François Antoine (1781-1849): b. Mézières, Ardennes, d'Paris; famous volinist and conductor; a pupil of Baillot at the Conservatoire, where he later taught; violinist in the orch. of the Opéra Comique, later first violin of the Opéra. He conducted the Concerts du Conservatoire, 1806-15, and upon the reorganization of the Société upon the reorganization of the Société des Concerts du Cons. he definitely hecame conductor. To him the world-reputation of these concerts is due, as well as the general acceptance of Beethoven's works in France. He became director of the Opéra in 1821-24, then violin professor and inspector of the Cons., and finally conductor of the Opéra as Kreutzer's successor. He was both an excellent teacher and conductor. His compositions comprise 2 violin professor and conductor. His compositions comprise 2 violin teacher and conductor. tor. His compositions comprise 2 vio-lin concertos, duos concertants for 2 violins, variations for string quartet Gmunden; teacher, organist and writer;

and for orchestra, and some pieces for the violin. Ref.: VII. 447. (2) Corentin: brother of F. A. (1); violinist. Ref.: VII. 447. (3) Joseph: brother of (1) and (2); violinist. Ref.: VII. 447. HABERBIER, Ernst (1813-1869): b. Königsberg, d. Bergen, Norway; concert pianist and teacher in St. Petershurg and Moscow: composed études.

burg and Moscow; composed études.

burg and Moscow; composed etudes.

HABERL, Franz Xaver (1840-1910):
b. Oberellenbach, d. Ratisbon. He studied at Passau where he entered the priesthood and became cathedral Kapellmeister (1862-67), holding a similar position in Ratisbon (1871-82). The interim he had spent as organist of S. Maria dell'Anima at Rome. In Batisbon he founded (1874) a school In Ratisbon he founded (1874) a school In Ratisbon he founded (1874) a school for church music of international reputation, and later he was made honorary canon of the Cathedral of Palestrina by the Pope, receiving the honorary title of Dr. theol. from Würzburg Univ. in 1889. H. is one of the most eminent investigators in the field of polyphonic church music of the 15th-17th centuries. He edited the Cäcilienkalender from 1876, enlarging it as the Kirchenmusikalisches Jahrbuch in 1885. He pub. studies in periodicals and sep-Kirchenmusikalisches Jahrbuch in 1885. He pub. studies in periodicals and separately, including Wilhelm Dufay (1885), Die römische Schola cantorum, etc. (1887), and he continued the publication of the collection Musica divina after Schrem's death. He also edited the periodical, Musica sacra, from 1888, and completed (1894) the monumental edition of Palestrina's complete works, begun by others (Breithopf & Härtel); also participated in the complete edition of the works of Orlando di Lasso. H.'s once highly valued treatises on liturgical songs and old church music are no longer authentic, since the Editio Medicæa of 1614 (which he had been commissioned to edit by the Pope, and which formed the basis of his theories) has been shown to be not traceable to

which formed the basis of his theories) has been shown to be not traceable to Palestrina. Ref.: (cited on Palestrina) VI. 64 (footnote), 425 (footnote). HABERMANN, Franz Johann (1706-1783): b. Königswart, Bohemia, d. Eger; conductor and teacher in Paris, Florence and Prague; published masses, litanies and wrote (MS.) symphonies, orretories sometas etc. oratorios, sonatas, etc.

edited the Zeitschrift für katholische Kirchenmusik, 1868-83; composed much church music and some works for orchestra; author of Beitrage zur Lehre von der musikalischen Kompostion (4 vols., 1899 et seg.), Praktische Orgelschule (2 vols.), Chorgesangschule (1882), Kleine praktische Orgelschule, Orgelbuch für die Österreichische Kirchenprovinz, Theoretischpraktische Klauerschule.

praktische Klauverschule.

HACKETT, Karleton (1867-):
b. Brookline, Mass.; vocal teacher and critic; studied in Florence, London and critic; studied in Florence, London and Munich. He was head of the vocal dept., Northwestern Univ. 1896-1911; do., American Cons. of Music, Chicago, from 1897; vice-pres. of the latter since 1906; music critic of Chicago Evening Post' since 1909. Ref.: (cited) IV. 169. HACKL, N. Lajos (1868-): b. Siegraben; studied with Kössler, teacher at National Conservatory of Pesth, editor of a musical journal, composer of songs and choruses, and author of a method of choral singing.

HACQUART. Carolus (ca. 1649-ca.

a method of choral singing.

HACQUART, Carolus (ca. 1649-ca. 1730): b. The Hague or Bruges, d. The Hague; started weekly concerts there, 1693; composed a singspiel De triomfeerende Min (1680), Cantiones sacrae 2-6 v. c. istr. (1764), Harmonia Parnassia (1686).

2-6 v. c. istr. (1764), Harmonia Farnassia (1686).

HADLEY, Henry [Kimball] (1871-): b. Somerville, Mass., studied violin with Heindle and Allen, theory with Emery and Chadwick in Boston, also Mandyczewski in Vienna; organist and instructor, Garden City, L. I., 1895; conductor at Mayence Stadttheater, 1908; Seattle Symphony Orch., 1909; San Francisco Orch. to 1915; composed 4 symphonies (No. 2 won Paderewski and New England Cons. prizes), symphonic poem 'Salome,' symphonic fantasy, rhapsody 'The Culprit Fay,' 3 overtures, a music drama, an opera Safté (Mayence, 1909), 'cello Konzertstuck, several cantatas, choruses, songs, piano pieces, church music. Ref.: IV. 375ff, 462; VI. 383; portrait, IV. 368.

HADOW, William Henry (1859-): b. Ebrington, Gloucestershire, England; cfidtor of the important 'Oxford History of Music' and author of its 5th volume; Viennese period' (1904); received his musical education in Darmstadt (1882); and with Loyd in Oxford (1884-1885). Gradusted 1890 as Mus. Bac. H. pub-

musical education in Darmstatt (1862); and with Loyd in Oxford (1884-1885). Graduated 1890 as Mus. Bac. H. published historical essays ('Studies in modern music') 2 volumes (1892-1893); 'A Croatian Composer' J. Haydnj (1897); wrote a primer of sonata form (1896) and composed cantatas, hymns, violin sonatas. a viola sonata and

cond. of the People's Chorus and instructor in orchestration at Yale Univ. since 1902. He composed symphonic since 1902. He composed symphonic tta, choral works, cantata, etc. ('The Haunted Oak of Naunau,' 'Young Lovel's Bride,' etc.), sonata and other pieces for violin, etc.

for violin, etc.

HAFFNER, Johann Christian
Friedrich (1759-1833): b. Oberschonau,
d. Upsala; conductor of a travelling
theatre company, organist and accompanist at Stockholm; composer of operas in the style of Gluck (Elektra,
Alkides, Rinaldo); collector and arranger of Swedish folk-songs. He pub,
a Swedish book of chorales with the
melodies in their 17th century form
(1819, 1821), also preludes for these
and 4-part arrangement of old Swedish
songs (2 books, 1832-33). H. became
Kapellmeister at the court theatre in
Stockholm (1798-1808). Stockholm (1798-1808).

HAFFNER, Johann Ulrich ([?]-1767): d. Nuremberg; founder of a music firm in Nuremberg, where he pub-

sic firm in Nuremberg, where he published collections of pianoforte sonatas, including those of P. E. Bach, Schobert, Appell, Scarlatti, etc. He had a reputation as a lute virtuoso.

HAGEL (1) Karl (1847-): b.
Thuringia, violinist in Erfurt and Hildesheim, conductor in Nordhausen, Munich and Bamberg; composer of 4 symphonies, overtures, 5 string quartets, a string quintet, a sextet, a wind sextet, trios, etc. (2) Richard (1872-): b. Erfurt, son and pupil of Karl (1); concert-master in Abo, Finland, later Kapellmeister and founder of the Philmeister of the Leipzig Stadttheater and the Riedel-Verein.

HAGEMAN, Maurits Leonhard

the Riedel-Verein.

HAGEMAN, Maurits Leonhard (1829-): b. Zutphen; studied at the conservatoires of The Hague and Brussels, with Fétis, Michelot and de Bériot; Musikdirektor at Groningen, 1853-65; director of the Philharmonic Society and the Cons. of Batavia, 1865-75; Musikdirektor at Leeuwarden; founder and director of the Municipal Cons. there; composed piano pieces, songs, choral works w. orch., an oratorio.

HAGEN (1) Friedrich Heinrich von der (1780-1856): b. Schmiedeberg, d. Berlin; professor of literature in Berlin, writer on German, French and Flemish

and with Loyd in Oxford (1884-1885).
Graduated 1890 as Mus. Bac. H. published historical essays ('Studies in modern music') 2 volumes (1892-1893);
'A Croatian Composer' [J. Haydn] (1897); wrote a primer of sonata form (1896) and composed cantatas, hymns, violin sonatas, a viola sonata and sonatas for two pianos. Ref.: III. 430; (citations, etc.) II. 15, 40, 59, 88, 98, 104, 110, 112, 227; VI. 336f.

HAESCHE, William Edwin (1867-): b. New Haven, Connecticut; pupil of B. Listemann, Perabo and Parker; co-founder, dir. and violinisti of the New Haven Symphony Orchestra; in Danzig and Bremen, conductor writer on German, French and Flemish

at Freiberg and Hamburg, Riga and book on vocal training, published in the court of Dresden, where he di-lata. His wife was Amalie Naumann, rected the Conservatory. His com-née Morstadt. positions comprise a comic opera and a one-act operetta.

HAGER, Johannes. See Hasslin-

GER-HASSINGEN.

HAGG (1) Jacob Adolf (1850-):
Ostergarn, Gothland; studied with J.
van Boom, Stockholm, Gade, Copenhagen, and Kiel, Berlin. H. is the composer of numerous intimate plano miniatures (songs without words, impromptus, etc.); pieces for 'cello and piano; organ pieces piano sonatos: and a organ pieces; pieces for cello and plano; organ pieces; piano sonatas; and a Northern Symphony.' Ref.: III. 79. (2) Gustaf (1868—): virtuoso on organ, which he teaches at Stockholm Conservatory; composer of several large orchestral, chamber and organ works works.

WOTKS.

HAGUE (1) Charles (1769-1821): b.
Tadcaster, d. Cambridge; professor and
composer. (2) Harriet (1793-1816):
daughter of Charles, pianist and composer. (3) Eleanor: contemp. Amer.
collector of folk-songs. Ref.: IV.
(quoted) 312f.

HAHN (1) (Han, Gallus), Ulrich
([?]-1478): b. Ingolstadt, d. Rome;
the first printer of a missal in Roman
choral notes (graceful square notes on

the first printer of a missal in Roman choral notes (graceful square notes on red lines like those of Scotus), having pub. the Missale Romanun in 1476. J. Reyser and O. Scotus were H.'s successors. Ref.: I. 285. (2) Albert (1828-1880): b. Thorn, d. Lindenau, near Leipzig; conductor in Bielefeld, founder of a musical periodical, Die Torkwest and author of Magazia near Leipzig; conductor in Bielefeld, founder of a musical periodical, Die Tonkunst, and author of Mozarts Requiem (1867), Zur Organisation der Musik im ganzen Lande (1879), etc. (3) Reynaldo (1874—): b. Caracas, Venezuela; pupil of Massenet at Paris Cons.; composer of an idylle polynésienne (3 acts) L'Ile du Rêve (prodat Opéra Comique, 1898); incidental music to Daudet's L'Obstacle, and other scenic works; also piano pieces for 2 and 4 hands, and numerous songs. Ref.: V. 319; VI. 355, 388.

HAHNEL (1). See Gallus, J. (2) Amalie (1807-1849): b. Grosshübel, Bohemia, d. there; contralto at the Berlin Royal Opera.

HAINAUER, Julius (1827-1897): b. Glogau, d. Breslau; founder of a publishing firm in Breslau.

HAINL, François George (1807-1873): b. Issoire, d. Paris; studied at the Conservatoire; 'cello virtuoso; conducted at a Lyons theatre and the Conservatoire concerts, also the court concerts in Paris 1867. In 1863 b. was

servatoire concerts, also the court concerts in Paris, 1867. In 1863 he was one of the directors of the Paris Opéra. He composed for the 'cello and wrote on the history of music in Lyons (1952). (1852)

HALE (or Halle), Adam de la.

HALE (or Halle), Adam de la.
See ADAM.
HALE, Philip (1854-): b. Norwich, Vt.; critic; studied law; pupil of Dudley Buck and of Haupt, Faisst, Urban, Bargiel, Rheinberger, Guilmant, Raif and Scholz in Europe; organist at Albany, Troy, N. Y., and Roxbury, Mass.; cond. of the Schubert Club (male chorus), Albany (1887-89); music critic for the Boston 'Home Journal,' 1889-91; 'Boston Post,' 1890-91; 'Boston Journal,' since 1891 (now 'Boston American'); also sometime editor of the Boston Musical Record,' and Boston correspondent of the 'Musical ton correspondent of the 'Musical Courier'; author of program notes for Boston Symphony Orchestra. He has lectured at Columbia Univ. and elsewhere. Ref.: (quoted) IV. 219f, 390; VI. 460.

HALEVY (1) Jacques-François-Fromental-Elie (1799-1862): b. Paris, d. Nice. He entered the Conservatoire at 10, studied with Cazot, and later piano HALEVY with Lambert, harmony with Berton, and counterpoint with Cherubini; won the Prix de Rome in 1819 with his canand counterpoint with Cherubini; won the Prix de Rome in 1819 with his cantata Herminie, having already written an opera, a four hand piano sonata, etc. After two other vain attempts he got a one-act comic opera, L'Artisan, produced at the Théâtre Feydeau, in 1827 became professor at the Conservatoire, and cembalist at the Italian Opera in the same year. With Rifaut he composed Le Roi et le Batelier in honor of Charles X in 1827, and in 1829 made a success with Clari (with Malibran) at the Théâtre Italien, followed by Le dilettante d'Avignon and the grand ballet Manon Lescaut (1830). After his appointment as chef de chant at the Opéra, he produced La langue musicale at the Comique; La tentation (1832; ballet-opera, with Gide) at the Opéra; also Les Souvenirs de Lafleur and a completion of Hérold's unfinished Ludovic (1832). His masterpiece, La Juive, was produced at the Opéra in 1835 and was followed by L'Eclaur, a comic opera; Guido et Ginevra (1838); Les Treize (1839); Le Drapier (1840); La Reine de Chypre; Le Guitarero (1841); Charles VI (1843); Le Lazzarone (1844); and Les mousquetaires de la reine (1846); Le Val d'Andorre (1848; adaptand Les mousquetaires de la reine (1846); Le Val d'Andorre (1848; adapted for the English stage in London, 1850); La Fée aux roses (1849); La 1850); La Fée aux roses (1849); La Dame de pique (1850); La Tempesta (1t. opera, London, 1850); Le Juif errant (1852); Le Nabab (1853); Jaguarita (1855); L'Inconsolable (1855); Valentine d'Aubigny (1856); La Magicienne (1857). He also collaborated with Adam, Auber and Carafa, in Les premiers pas, with which the National Opéra was inaugurated (1847). He composed, besides the works mentioned, romances, nocturnes. Dart-songs for HAIZINGER, Anton (1796-1869): b. Adam, Auber and Carafa, in Les Wilfersdorf, Lichtenstein, d. Carlsruhe; pupil of Salieri; teacher in Vienna; Operatic tenor there and in Carlsruhe, Paris and London. He wrote a text romances, nocturnes, part-songs for

male voices; scenes from 'Prometheus Unbound' (1849); 2 cantatas (1859); and 2 unfinished operas, Vanina d'Ornano (completed by Bizet) and Le Déluge. His Leçons de lecture musicale was adopted as the text-book for singing in the Paris schools, and in the capacity of secretary of the Académie (he was a member from 1836), he delivered funeral orations, published as Souvenirs et portraits (1861) and Derniers souvenirs et portraits (1863). Ref.: II. 207; IX. 180ff, 235, 238; musex. XIII. 255. (2) Ludovie (1834-1908): b. Paris; French author and librettist; collaborated with Mellhac in writing librettos for Offenbach's op- lesides secular choruses, songs, melo-(ne was a member from 1836), he delivered funeral orations, published as Souvenirs et portraits (1861) and Derniers souvenirs et portraits (1863). Ref.: II. 207; IX. 180ff, 235, 238; mus. ex.. XIII. 255. (2) Ludovie (1834-1908): b. Paris; French author and librettist; collaborated with Meilhac in writing librettos for Offenbach's operettas and Bizet's Carmen; member of the French Academy, 1884. Ref.: II. 393; IX. 238, 248.

HALIR (1) Karl (1859-1909): b. Hohenelbe, Bohemia, d. Berlin; studied with Joachim; played with Bilse and at Königsberg and Mannheim; court concert-master, at Weimar, Berlin, member of the Joachim Quartet, leader of a quartet founded by himself, wrote a book of scale studies. Ref.: VII. 451, 465. (2) Therese, née Zerbst (1859-): b. Berlin; studied with Eichberg, concert soprano, married Karl H., 1888.

HALL, Leland (1883-): b. Malden, Mass.; studied musical history and asthetics at Harvard University, piano with Harold Bauer in Paris and Ros-

ied with Josebim; played with Bilse and at Königsberg and Mannheim; court concert-master, at Weimar, Berlin, member of the Joachim Quartet, leader of a quartet founded by himself, wrote a book of scale studies. Ref.: VII. 451, 465. (2) Therese, nee Zerbet (1859-); b. Berlin; studied with Eichberg, concert soprano, married Karl H., 1888.

HALL, Leland (1883-): b. Mandesthetics at Harvard University, planowith Harold Bauer in Paris and Bostor; assistant professor of musical history and asthetics at Harvard University of Wisconstin, 1910-12; lecturer on music in Columbia University, 1913-14; associate editor of The Art of Music, 1913-16.

HALLE (Sir] Charles (real name Kurl Halle) (1819-1895): b. Hagen, Westphalia, d. Manchester. He was an infant prodigy, a pupil of Rink at Darmstadt, and intimate with Cherubini, Chopin, Liszt, Kalkbrenner, etc., in Paris, where he made a brilliant success. This he repeated in London, where he became a fashionable teacher. In Manchester he directed the Gentlemen's Concerts, and, in 1857, founded the Charles Halle's Orchestra, giving subscription concerts. He was also connected with the London Popular Concerts, gave Beethover recitals and in 1880 prod. Berlioz's Faust in London. In 1890 and 1891 he visited Australia with his wife (née Neruda), whom he married in 1888. In that year he was knighted and in 1884 was made hon. Mus. Doc. by Edithurgh University. He published a number of compositions and a method for plano, also an 'Autoholography' (1897). Ref.: III. 411.

HALLE, N. Anders (1846-): b. Gotenburg, Sweden; stud. with Reinecke, Rheinberger and Rivide. He conducted the Musical Union, Gotenburg, 1872-78 and 1883; and the Royal Opera at Stockholm from 1892. He composed 2

besides secular choruses, songs, melodramas, string quartets, etc.; author of essays in Haberl's Kirchenmusikalisches essays in Haber's Archenmusikalisches Jahrbuch, a Kompositionslehre für den polyphonen Kirchengesang (1891), a Vademecum fur den Gesangsunierricht (1876), Modulationen in den Kirchen-tonarten and a collection of Exempla polyphoniae ecclesiasticae.

HALTENHOF (18th cent.): instrument maker at Hanau; improved mechanism of waldhorn; invented the tu-

anism of waldhorn; invented the tuning slide.

HALVORSEN, Johan (1864-); b. Drammen, Norway; studied violin with Lindberg and theory with Nordquist at the Stockholm Cons.; concertmaster of the Bergen 'Harmonie'; then studied with Brodsky in Leipzig, toured as virtuoso; concert-master of the Aberdeen Philharmonic for a time and teacher at the Helsingfors Cons. 3 years. After further studies (composition with Aberdeen Philharmonic for a time and teacher at the Helsingfors Cons. 3 years. After further studies (composition with A. Becker, Berlin; violin with César Thomson, Liége) he became conductor of the theatre and the Harmonie symphony concerts in Bergen, and in 1899 conductor at the National Theatre, Christiania. He composed a violin concerto, 3 suites for piano and violin, music for several dramas (Björnson, etc.), a coronation cantata for King Haakon, choruses, piano pieces, and songs. Ref.: III. 98.

HAMAL. Jan Noel (1709-1778): b. Liège, d. there; church conductor and composer of symphonies, arias, and one opera, prod. there.

HAMBOURG, Mark (1879-): b. Gogutschar-Woronesch, South Russia; pupil of his father and Leschetizky; brilliant pianoforte virtuoso and teacher; resident in London; made successful tours of Europe and America.

HAMEL, Marte Pierre (1786-1870): b. Auneuil, d. Beauvais; built the great organ in the cathedral of Beauvais; author of Nouveau manuel complet du facteur d'orgues (1849), founded a Philharmonic Society at Beauvais which was one of the first to play Beethoven's symphonies in France.

HAMBOVS. See Hanbovs.

vais which was one of the first to play Bethoven's symphonies in France.

HAMBOYS. See HANBOYS.

HAMBOYS. See HANBOYS.

HAMBERIK, Asger (1843-): b.
Copenhagen; composer; at first self-taught, then pupil of Gade, Matthison-Hansen, and Haberbier; also piano pupil of Bülow at Berlin. In Paris he met Berlioz (1864), who went with him to Vienna in 1866. At the Paris Exhibition he was a member of the musical jury and received a gold medal for his Hymne de la Paix. He composed 2 operas, Tovelille' and Hjalmar and Ingeborg,' fragments of which were perf, in Paris and Copenhagen, also an Italian opera, La Vendetia (Milan, 1870). In 1871 he became director of the Conservatory of the Peabody Institute, and of the Peabody symphony concerts in Baltimore. He also wrote Der Wanderer (1872), a festival cantata to commemorate the new Swedish constitution (1866); an Oper ohne Worte (1883); a choral, Christliche Trilogie (pendant to a Trilogie judaique brought out in Paris); 5 symphonies (1880-91); 5 orchestral Nordische Sutten, a fantasia for cello and orch.; a piano quartet, cantatas,

songs, etc. Ref.: III. 73, 74f; IV. 247; VIII. 470.

HAMERLING, German poet. VI. 210. Ref.:

HAMERTON, William H. (1795-after 1829): b. Nottingham, d. Calcutta;

after 1829): b. Nottingham, d. Calcutta; singing teacher and composer.

HAMILTON (1) Newburg: librettist of Handel's 'Samson.' Ref.: II. 56. (2) James Alexander (1775-1845): b. London, d. there; author of 'Modern Instruction for the Pianoforte' (in part frequently republished); also a number of musical catechisms (singing, organ, harmony and thorough-bass, counterpoint, double-counterpoint, orchestration and score playing, etc.); also 'A New Theoretical Musical Grammar' (3d ed. 1848). He translated Cherubini's 'Counterpoint,' Baillot's 'Violin School,' etc. (3) Edward (19th cent.): American Counterpoint, 'Baillot's Violin School,'

'Counterpoint,' Baillot's 'Violin School,' etc. (3) Edward (19th cent.): American musical pioneer. Ref.: IV. 222.

HAMMERICH, Angul (1848-): b. in Copenhagen; brother of Asger Hamerik (q. v.), studied 'cello with Rudinger and Neruda; became contributor to Naer og Fjern, music critic of Nationalitidende, and wrote on the Conservatory of Copenhagen, etc. He became docent for musical science at Copenhagen Univ., pub. a valuable study on music at the court of Christian IV of Denmark, and another on old Norse lore. He also founded the Copenhagen collection of old instruments, 1898. ments, 1898.

HAMMERSCHMIDT, Andreas (1611-1675): b. Briux, in Bohemia, d. Zittau; organist at Freiberg, and at Zittau, where a statue of him was erected. His compositions, important historically, and original in content, include Instrumentalischer erster Fleiss (1636); Munikulische Andachten (1638). Dio-

HAMMOND, William G.: contemp.

HAMMOND, William G.: contemp. American composer of church music, songs, etc. Ref.: IV. 355.

HAMPEL (1) Anton J. ([?]-1771): horn virtuoso, member of the Dresden court orchestra, 1737. He invented the crooks for the horn by which the pitch of the instrument is changed. He also designed the 'Inventionshorn' made by J. Werner of Dresden, which was imitated in the 'Inventionstrumpete' of Wöggel (Auxberg) about 1770. Ref.: VIII. 98. (2) Hans (1822-1884): b. Prague, d. there; pupil of Tomaschek, and composer of piano pieces.

HANBOYS, John (14th cent.): English writer on measured music.

HANBY, B. R. (19th cent.): American writer of 'negro minstrel' songs. Ref.: IV. 318.

HAND, Ferdinand Gotthelf (1786-

HAND, Ferdinand Gotthelf (1786-1851): b. Plauen, d. Jena; councillor and professor of Greek literature, pub. an Asthetik der Tonkunst (2 vols., 1837-41).

HANDEL (1) (or Händel, Handl). See Gallus. (2) Georg Friedrich (George Frederick) (1685-1759): b. Halle, d. London; was the son of a barber, who became afterwards surgeon and valet to the Prince of Saxe-Magdeburg, and his second wife, Dorothea Taust, daughter of a pastor. In spite of his father's opposition he secretly learned to play the harpsichord by himself and at 7 years of age had an opportunity to be heard on the organ by the Duke of Saxe-Weissenfels who insisted on his musical education. He then studied counterpoint, canon, and fugue with the organist Zachau at Halle and practised the oboe, spinet, harpsichord, and tised the oboe, spinet, harpsichord, and organ, became assistant to his teacher, tised the oboe, spinet, harpsichord, and organ, became assistant to his teacher, and for three years composed a motet for every Sunday. In 1702 H. entered Halle Univ. as a law student, following his father's desire, and at the same time was organist at the Calvinistic Domkirche. In 1703 he went to Hamburg, where he was engaged by Kesser, director of the German opera, as violino ripieno, and later superseded Keiser as clavecinist. Here he wrote a Passion to words by Postel, and prod. 2 operas, Almira and Nero (1705). In 1706 he went to Florence, where he prod. his first Italian opera, Rodrigo, which was followed by Agrippina in Venice, the oratorios La Risurrezione and il Trionfo del Tempo e del Disinganno in Rome, and the serenata Aci, Galatea e Polifemo in Naples. There he was influenced by Alessandro Scarlatti. In 1709 he became Kapellmeister to the Elector of Hanover, and in 1710 he visited England, producing his Rinaldo, at the Haymarket. His success induced him to return to London in 1712 (again on leave of absence) and he prod. Il Pastor Rido and

This brought him royal favor, and an annuity of £200. H. failed to return to Hanover, and when, in 1714, the Elector became George I. of England, it was necessary to obtain intercession, and to curry favor by composing the famous 'Water Musick' in order to have himself reinstated at court. On a visit to Hanover with his royal petrop inimetri reinstated at Court. On a visit to Hanover with his royal patron (1716-18) H. comp. the Brockes Passion.' In 1718 he succeeded Dr. Pepusch as chapel master to the Duke of Chandos, and comp. his first great English oratorio, 'Esther,' also the secular oratorio 'Acis and Galatea,' and the Chandos Te Deums and Anthems. He became music-master to the Prince of Wales' daughters, and in that capacity wrote his 'Lessons' (Suites de Pièces) for harpsichord, incl. the 'Harmonious Blacksmith.' Becoming dir. of the new Royal Academy of Music (Ital. opera), he prod. Radamisto in 1720, with Senesino and Margherita Durantasti. His success led to the rivalry between himself and Bononcini, which raged, with the public divided, until 1731, when Bononcini had to leave England in humiliation because of flagrant plagiarism. H. had meantime become naturalized, in 1729 joined Heidegger in the management of the King's Theatre and in 1733 undertook the management of, the opera alone. He made enemies and was opposed by a rival organization (Senesino, Porpora, later Hasse), and in 1737 failed. His health was impaired and he went to the continent, while Heidegger resumed his operatic venture. H. wrote some operas for it, of which the last was Deidamia (1741). Henceforth he devoted himself to oratorio. 'Saul' and 'Icrael in Egypt' had been performed in 1739, also the 'Ode for St. Cecilia's Day,' and the ode L'allegro, il penseroso, ed il moderato in 1740. 'The Messiah' was brought out in 1746, then 'Joshua' (1748), "Solomo' (1748), "Smeles' (1750), and 'Jephthah' (1762). In 1750 H. revisited Germany, two years later he was afflicted with catract and after three operations became totally blind, but he continued his musical performances under the direction of his pupil, John Christopher Smith, and accompanied his oratorios on the organ until the year of his death. H. is recognized as one of the greatest of all musicians, the creator and supreme master of the oratorio, as we know it to-day, and the superior of all his contemporaries to Hanover with his royal patron (1716-18) H. comp. the 'Brockes Passion.' In 1718 he succeeded Dr. Pepusch don in 1712 (again on leave of absence) and he prod. Il Pastor fido and Teseo, also an Ode for the Queen's birthday, and a Te Deum and Jubilate in celebration of the Peace of Utrecht.

ing:
For Harpsichord: The Lessons, in 3 FOR HARPSCHOED: The Lessons, in 3 sets; 6 fugues; 4 minuets and a march, the 'Forest Musick' (Dublin, 1742); and short pleces. FOR STRINGS, etc.: The 'Water Musick' (1715); the 'Fireworks Musick' (1749); 4 sets of 6 organ concertos (1738, '40, '60, '61); 3 organ concertos (1797); numerous string-trios (sonatas); concertone in 9 parts, for 2 solo violins, 'cello, oboe, and string-orch. (1741); a concerto for trumpets and horns, another for horns and sideand horns, another for horns and side-drums (MS.); sonata for 2 violins; sonatas for violin, viola, and oboe;

arums (Ms.); sonata for 2 violins; sonatas for violin, viola, and oboe; etc.

Among the original manuscripts bequeathed to his amanuensis, Joh. Chr. Schmidt (and presented by the latter's son to George III) are 32 vols. of operas, 21 of oratorios, 7 of odes and serenatas, 12 of sacred music, 11 of cantatas and sketches, and 5 vols. of instrumental music. To this must be added the Fitzwilliam Collection at Cambridge, containing 7 volumes in rough drafts, notes and sketches for various works; also a complete Chandos Anthem. An edition of H.'s works in 36 volumes, by Arnold, pub. by command of George III, in 1786, is incomplete and incorrect, and has been superseded by the 100 vols., edited by Chrysander and pub. by the Händel-Gesell-schaft. Ref.: For life and work see I. 418ff; (as organist) VI. 452f; for choral works, VI. 127f, 246ff; organ works, VII. 454f; harpsichord compositions, VII. 87; orchestral works, VIII. 135ff; opera, IX. 31ff; dances, X. 99, 121, 145; mus. ex., XIII. 156, 158, 159, 161; portrait, I. 438; organ (illus.), VI. 402; facsimile of MS. (Messiah), VI. 252. For general references see individual indexes.

HANDROCK, Julius (1830-1894): b. Naumburg, d. Halle; teacher, composer and music critic; wrote studies and exercises; friend of Liszt and Franz.

HANDEL VON CHRONENTHAL, Julia (1839-): b. Graz; studied in Paris; composed 4 symphonies, 22 piano sonatas, a string quartet, noctures, arrangements of Chinese melodies for orchestra, etc.; she married the Marquis d'Héricourt de Valincourt.

court.

HANFF, Johann Nicolaus (1630-1706): b. Wechmar, d. Schleswig; ca-thedral organist in the latter city; one of the most distinguished masters of choral writing before Bach. Six of his choral preludes are preserved (pub. by R. Straube in *Choralvorspiel alter Meister*); some of them served as models for Bach.

HANSTANGL (née Schröder), opera singer, pupil of Viardot-Garcia, sang at the Théàtre Lyrique, Paris, courpera, Stuttgart, then, after studying with Vannucini in Florence, at the false (1906), and songs.

et seq.) and oratorios, the follow-ing:
Frankfort Stadttheater, and, since 1895, has been instructor in singing at the FOR HARPSICHORD: The Lessons, in 3 Hoch Conservatory. She wrote Meine

HOCH CONSERVATORY. She wrote Meine Lehrweise der Gesangskunst (1902). Ref.: IV. 133.

HANNIKAINEN, P. J. (1854—): b. Helsingfors; studied there; teacher at the seminary of Iyväskylä, director of the Student's Choral Union at Helsingfors; edited the first Finnish musical journal, Saveletiä, 1887-90; pub. a collection of Finnish folk-songs and dence and correll religions. and dances, and several volumes of his

own songs and choruses.

HANON, Charles Louis: b. 1820; organist and piano teacher at Boulognesur-Mer, author of Le pianiste virtuose, a valuable set of 60 progressive studes. He also pub. a collection of extracts from the works of the great masters, an elementary piano method, and a collection of 50 cantiques choisis.

HANSEN, [Emil] Robert (1860-):

elementary piano method, and a collection of 50 cantiques choisis.

HANSEN, [Emil] Robert (1860-):
b. Copenhagen; 'cellist; studied at the Copenhagen Cons. and in Dresden; member of the Dresden Court Orchestra, 1877-89, and of the Gewandhaus Orchestra, Leipzig, since 1891; teacher at the Leipzig Cons.; has composed much chamber music, a symphony and other works for orchestra, the opera Frauenlist (1911), and the operatout the vorks for orchestra, the opera Frauenlist (1911), and the operatout be wilde Komiesse (1913).

HANSLICK, Eduard (1825-1904): b. Prague, d. Vienna. After studying law and becoming Dr. jur. (having meantime been a pupil in music of Tomaschek at Prague), he became music critic for the Wienna Presse (1855-64), and for the Neue Freie Presse from 1864. He was lecturer, then professor (1861-95) of musical history and æsthetics in Vienna Univ. H. wrote Vom Musikalisch-Schönen; ein Beitrag zur Revision der Ästhetik der Tonkunst (Leipzig, 1854), which went through many editions and was translated into French, Spanish, English, Italian, Russian, etc. It enunciates a theory of pure æsthetic values, discrediting all non-musical, or sentimental elements in musical appreciation. H. also pub. Geschichte des Konzertwesens in Wien (1869), Aus dem Konzertsaal (1870), Die moderne Oper (1875, et seq.), Musikalische Stationen (1880); Aus dem Opernleben der Gegenwart (1884); Suite: Aufsätze über Musiku und Musiker (1885), Konzerte, Komponisten u. Virtuosen der letzten Jahre (1888); Mus dem Tagebuch eines Musikers (1892); Aus meinem Leben (1894), 2 vols.), Fünf Jahre Musik (1896), etc., and edited Th. Billroth's posthumous essay, Wer ist musikalische? (1895). Ref.: Il. 436, 440.

HANSMANN, Viktor (1871-1909): b. Warasdin, Croatia, d. Berlin; composer of the operas Enoch Arden (1897).

de la Monnaie and director of the Colis-Brussels; composed a number of op-eras, 6 masses and other church music (2) Charles Louis [the Younger] (1802-1871): b. Ghent, d. Brussels; 'cellist in the orchestra of the National Theatre, Amsterdam, and second conductor the orchestra of the National Lieauc, Amsterdam, and second conductor there, 1824; professor of harmony at the Brussels Cons., 1827; second director of the Théâtre Ventadour, Paris, 1834; at the French Opera, The Hague, 1835; Kapellmeister at the Théâtre de la Monnaie, Brussels, 1848-69, and opera director there 1851-54; composed operas, ballets, symphonies, overtures, orchestral fantasies, a 'cello concerto, a violin concerto, 2 clarinet concertos, a Symphonie concertante for clarinet and Symphonie concertante for clarinet and

Symphonic concertants for clarinet and violin, masses, a Requiem, etc.

[d'] HARCOURT, Engène (ca. 1855-): b. Paris, there studied at the Conservatoire, also with Bargiel, etc., in Berlin. He founded the eclectic popular concerts in his own hall (Salle Harcourt), which he resumed in 1900 as Grands oratorios à l'église St. Eustache. He composed a mass, an opera 3 symphonic symphonic parts of the composed a mass. an opera 3 symphonic parts of the symphonic parts of the composed a mass. an opera 3 symphonic parts of the composed a mass. He composed a mass, an opera, 3 symwhere the composed a mass, an opera, 3 symphonies, string quartets, etc., translated Weber's Freischutz, etc., into French, and wrote a study on contemporary music in Italy (1907), also Germany and Austria (1908), produced by virtue of a state subvention.

HARDELLE (17th cent.): harpsi-chord player, pupil of Chambonnières. Ref.: VII. 36.

[d'] HARDELOT, Guy (Mrs. Rhodes): b. Chateau d'Hardelot, near Boulogne, France; contemp. London composer of popular songs and one operetta.

HARDING, Henry Alfred (1855-): b. Salisbury; studied with Corfe; organist, director and conductor at Sidmouth and Bedford; composed church music and piano pieces; wrote an 'Analysis of Form' and 'Musical Ornaments.

HARINGTON, Henry (1727-1816):
b. Kelston, Somerset, d. Bath; published glees, catches, etc.
HARKNESS. See SENKRAH.
HARMSTON, J. William (1823-1881): b. London, d. Lubeck; teacher

and composer.

and composer.

HARNISCH, Otto Siegfried ([?]1630): d. Celle; cantor at St. Blasius,
Brunswick, 1588, at the Pädagogium
Göttingen, 1603, at Celle, 1621; pub.
Neue Instige deutsche Liedlein zu 3
Stimmen (1588), Fasciculus selectissimarium cantionum (1592), Rosetum
musicum (1617), Resurrectio Dominica (1622), Cantiones Gregorianae (1624),
Lustige Deutsche Lieder (1651); author of Artis musicae delineatio (1608).

HARPER (1) Thomas (1787-1853):

Victor: contemp. American song writer.

Ref.: IV. 355.

HARRISON (1) Samuel (1760-1812):
b. Belper, Derbyshire, d. London; d. there; tenor. (2) William (1813-1868): b.
London, d. there; tenor (3) Annie
Fortescue: wife of Lord Arthur William Hill, composer of operetta, cantot tata, songs, etc. (4) Julius: contemp.
HARRISON (1) Samuel (1760-1812):
b. Belper, Derbyshire, d. London; d. there; tenor. (2) William (1813-1868): b.
Harrison (1813-1868): b.
London, d. there; tenor. (3) Annie
Fortescue: wife of Lord Arthur William Hill, composer of operetta, cantot tata, songs, etc. (4) Julius: contemp.
HARRISON (1) Samuel (1760-1812):
b. Belper, Derbyshire, d. London; d. there; tenor. (2) William (1813-1868): b.
Harrison (1813-1868): b.
Harrison (1813-1868): b.
London, d. there; tenor. (3) Annie
Fortescue: wife of Lord Arthur William Hill, composer of operetta, cantot tata, songs, etc. (4) Julius: contemp.

HANSENS (1) Charles Louis

Josef (1777-1852): b. Ghent, d. Brussels; studied in Ghent and with Berton in Paris; theatre conductor in Ghent, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Utrecht and Antwerp; conductor of the Théâtre de la Monnaie and director of the Cons.

Brussels: composed a number of op-

etc.

HARRER, Gottlob (d. 1755, Leipzig): successor of J. S. Bach as cantor at St. Thomas; composed 24 symphonies, 24 partien, oboe trios, flute duets, piano sonatas, also several oratorios, passions, and psalms.

HARRIERS-WIPPERN, Louise (née Wippern) (1837-1878): b. Hildesheim, d. Silesia; celebrated opera singer at the Berlin Royal Opera.

HARRIS (1) Thomas, organ builder, contracted to build an organ for Worcestern.

contracted to build an organ for Worcester Cathedral in 1666; probably emigrated to France with his son. (2) grated to France with his son. (2) René (Renatus), son of (1), the most celebrated of this family of English organ builders, in 1690 agreed to improve and enlarge the organ in Magdalen College, Oxford, built by his grandfather. He was a rival of Father Smith, whom he followed to England sometime after 1660. He built ages to sometime after 1660. He built, acc. to Rimbault, 39 organs. Ref.: VI. 406. (3) Renatus, Jr., and John, organ builders in London (18th cent.). The latter worked with his son-in-law John Byfield, under the firm name, Harris & Byfield, under the firm name, Harris & Byfield. (4) [Sir] Augustus (1852-1896): b. Paris, d. Folkestone, impresario. He made his début as an actor in the title role of Macbeth, at Manchester, 1873, and was then engaged by Col. Mapleson as stage-manager. He leased the Drury Lane Th. in 1879 and prod. plays and pantomimes successfully. He turned to Italian opera in 1887, securing control first of Her Majesty's Theatre, then the Olympia. and 1887, securing control first of Her Majesty's Theatre, then the Olympia, and various provincial stages. He also staged French and English operas successfully. Ref.: (quoted) IV. 146. (5) Clement Hugh Gilbert (1871-1897): b. Wimbledon; killed in battle at Pentepigadia, in the Greco-Turkish War; studied with Clara Schumann at the Hoch Cons., Frankfort; pianist; composer of a symphonic poem, 'Paradise Lost,' a romance for clarinet, violin and piano, a violin romance, concert studies, etc., for piano, and songs. (6) Charles K.: contemp. American writer of popular songs. Ref.: IV. 454. (7) of popular songs. Ref.: IV. 454. (7)
Victor: contemp. American song writer.
Ref.: IV. 355.
HARRISON (1) Samuel (1760-1812):

tions of secular vocal works (choice ayres, songs, and dialogues), hanquet of music, etc. (2) Philip (d. ca. 1749):
son of (1), organist at London churches, pub. a collection of organ fugues and composed Milton's 'Morning Hymn' (Paradise Lost'). (3) John Thomas (1805-1874): d. London; English violin maker. (4) George (1839-1891): b. London, d. there; son of (3), author 'The Violin, its Famous Makers, and their Imitators' (London, 1875, 2nd ed. 1885). one of the most important works their Imitators' (London, 1875, 2nd ed. 1885), one of the most important works on violin making; also the Violin and its Music' (1881). He inherited his father's business, which is continued by George H. (1860-) of the third generation, and which is celebrated for its fine imitations of Cremonese violins.

its fine imitations of Cremonese violins.

HARTEL (1) See Breitroff and
HARTEL (2) Gustav Adolf (18361876): b. Leipzig, d. Homburg v. d.
Höhe; violinist and composer, Kapellmeister at Bremen, Rostock and Bad
Homburg. He wrote an opera, 3 operettas, trio burlesque for 3 violins and
piano, etc. (3) Benno (1846-): b.
Silesia, pupil of Kiel, teacher of theory
at Berlin Royal High School; composer.

HARTKER (10th cent.): Benedictine
monk at St. Gall; wrote the antiphony
(Cod. 359 of the Foundation library of
St. Gall), often named after him.

HARTMANN (1) [Johan Peder]

HARTMANN (1) [Johan Peder]
Emilius (1805-1900): b. Copenhagen, d.
there. He studied with his father, an
organist at Copenhagen, whose assistant
he became, and taught in the Copenhagen Cons. He devoted himself chiefly nagen Cons. He devoted minsel chiefly to operatic compositions, producing his first work Ravnen eller Broderpröven in 1832. This was followed by 'The Golden Horns' (1834), 'The Corsairs' (1835) and Liden Kirsten (1846). Aside from these he pub. choral works with orchestration as well as symphosies. orchestration, as well as symphonies, overtures, violin concerto, piano pieces, song cycles, incidental music to plays and ballets. After visiting Germany, France and Switzerland he became (1840) dir. of the Copenhagen Cons., and in 1849 Royal Kapellmeister. Upon the fiftieth anniversary of his musical career, in 1874, a grand concert was given, a Hartmann scholarship was given, a Hartmann scholarship founded, and the Danebrog order conferred on H., who later received the honorary degree of Ph. D. from Copenhagen Univ. H.'s daughter married Niels W. Gade. Ref.: II. 347; III. 71f, 73; X. 133, 151, 152, 163. (2) Emil (1836-1898): b. Copenhagen, d. there; son of (1); pupil of his father and Gade; organist in Copenhagen and 1891 successor of Gade as conductor of the Gade; organist in Copenhagen and 1891 successor of Gade as conductor of the Copenhagen Musical Society. He composed 3 symphonies, an orchestral suite, Norse folk-dances (for orch), several operas, a ballet, a violin concerto, a piano concerto, a serenade for piano, 'cello and clarinet, etc. (3) Ludwig (1836-); b. Neuss; pupil of

opera. (5) Georges, French publisher. Ref.: III. 320. (6) Pater (Paul von An der Lan-Hochbrunn) (1863-1914): b. Salurn; studied with Pembaur at Inns-Saluri; studied with remnaur at mus-bruck, entered the Franciscan order at Salzburg; organist of the Church of the Savior, Jerusalem, 1893, and at the Ca-thedral of the Holy Tomb, 1894; organ-ist at the Monastery of Aracocli, Rome, and organist and director of the Scuola Musicale Connectiva 1895; since 1906

ist at the Monastery of Aracocli, Rome, and organist and director of the Scuola Musicale Cooperativa, 1895; since 1906 has lived in the Franciscan monastery of St. Anna in Munich; composer of the oratorios Petrus (1900), Franziskus (1902), Das letzte Abendmahl (1904), Der Tod des Herrn (1905), Die letzten Worte Christi (1908), a Te Deum, masses, organ pieces, etc.

HARTOG (1) Edonard de (1829-1909): b. Amsterdam, d. The Hague; composer of the comic operas Le marriage de Don Lope (1885) and L'amour mouillé (1868), the 43rd Psalm for soli, chorus and orchestra, 2 string quartets, a suite for string quartet, meditations for violin, organ and piano, songs, piano pieces, etc., several operas, orchestral sketches, etc., in MS.; collaborator on Pougin's supplement to Fétis' Biographie universelle. (2) Jacques (1837-): b. Zalt-Bommel, Holland; studied with Karl Wilhelm in Krefeld and Ferdinand Hiller in Cologne; teacher of the history of music at the Amsterdam Cons., 1886-1913; lecturer at the Univ. of Amsterdam, 1903; author of Eene Symphonie in woorden, Grootmeesters der Toonkunst (1904 et seq.); translated Lebert and Stark's Klavierschule, Langhans' Musikgeschichte (1913), Bresaur's Methodik des Klaviervanterrichts,

der Toonkunst (1904 et seq.); translated Lebert and Stark's Klavierschule,
Langhans' Musikgeschichte (1913), Breslaur's Methodik des Klavierunterrichts,
Richter's and Jadassohn's text-books on
harmony, Plaidy's Technische Studien
and Reinecke's Beethovens Klaviersonaten; composed overtures, a concertino for violin, songs, etc.
HARTYIGSON (1) Frits
b. Grenaa, Jutland; pupil of Gade and
von Bulow; court pianist to the Princess of Wales, professor at the Institute for the Blind and at the Crystal
Palace, at the Royal Academy of Music, 1888, and at the Royal College
of Music, 1905. (2) Anton (1845-1911):
b. Aarhus, d. Copenhagen; brother of
(1); pupil of Tausig and Neupert; pianist and teacher in London and Copenhagen. (3) Albert (1851-): b.
Copenhagen; pupil of Rübner and
Lambcke; composer of the opera Bryllup i Klosteret (1891), the operetta
Sylvana, Erik Emuns död, for soli,
chorus and orchestra, etc.

HARTY, Hamilton (1879-); b.

ganist in Magheracoll, Belfast and Dublin; studied with Esposito; composed an Irish Symphony, comedy overture, 'Ode to the Nightingale' for soprano and orchestra, a violin concerto, a piano quartet and pieces for 'cello.

HARWOOD, Basil (1859-): English organist and composer; organist at St. Barnabas, Pimlico, Ely Cathedral, Christ Church, Oxford (1892-1909); examiner for musical degrees, Oxford; composer of organ music, church services, anthems and psalms; Mus. Doc., Oxon. Ref.: VI. 494f.

HASE, Oskar von. See Addenda; also Brettroof and Hartel.

also Breitkopf and Härtel.

HASEL, Johann Emmerich (1828-1900): b. Ofen, d. Vienna; studied in Vienna Conservatory; composed for stage and orchestra; wrote a harmony

method.

HXSER, August Ferdinand (1779-1844): b. Leipzig, d. Weimar; choral director at the court opera, Weimar, 1817; director of church music and music teacher at the seminary there, 1829; composed numerous church and orchestral works, piane piaces song oce, composed numerous church and orchestral works, piano pieces, songs, etc; author of Versuch einer systematischen Übersicht der Gesanglehre (1823), and a method of choral singing (1831).

HASKELL (1) M. A. Ref.: (quoted) IV. 299. (2) C. S., contemp. American organ-builder. Ref.: VI. 408. (3) W. E., contemp. American organ-builder. Ref.: VI. 410. HASLER, Hans Leo [von]. See

HASSLER.

HASLER, Hans Leo [von]. See HASSLER.

HASLINGER (1) Tobias (1787-1842): b. Zell, d. there; entered the music firm of Steiner as bookkeeper in 1810, and became Steiner's successor in 1826, continuing the business under his own name. (2) Karl (1816-1868): son of (1); continued his father's business under the firm name of 'Karl Haslinger quondam Tobias.' It still exists, but was bought by Schlesinger (Robert Lienau) of Berlin in 1875. Karl H. was also a prolific composer, especially for the piano. In earlier days the firm had intimate relations with Beethoven.

HASSE (1) Nikolaus (17th cent.): organist at Rostock ca. 1650, pub. Deliciae musicae, containing dance movements for strings, 'clavicimbel' or theorbo (1656; append. 1658). (2) Johann Adolph (1699-1783): b. Bergedorf, near Hamburg, d. Venice; was the pupil of his father, a school-master and organist. He became tenor at the Hamburg Opera at 18, and in 1722 went to the Brunswick theatre, where he prod. his first opera, Antigonus (1723), with success. In 1724 he went to Italy to study with Porpora, but left him for A. Scarlatti. After writing a serenade for two voices, sung by Farinelli and Signora Tesi, he affirmed his success with an opera, Il Sesostrate,

County Down, Ireland; composer; organist in Magheracoll, Belfast and Dublin; studied with Esposito; composed an Irish Symphony, comedy overture, 'Ode to the Nightingale' for soprano and orchestra, a violin concerto, a piano quartet and pieces for 'cello.

HARWOOD, Basil (1859-): English organist and composer; organist at St. Barnabas, Pimlico, Ely Cathedral, Christ Church, Oxford (1892-1909); examiner for musical degrees, Oxford; composer of organ music, church services, anthems and psalms; Mus. Doc., Oxon. Ref.: VI. 494f.

HASE, Oskar von. See Addenda; also Berikkopf And Harfel. position, and returned to Dresden in 1739. There he and his wife were 1739. There he and his wife were popular favorites until the siege of Dresden in 1760, when both of them were dismissed without pension, retiring to Vienna. He comp. several new operas to Metastasio's libretti, in successful rivalry with Gluck, and in his 75th year (1744) prod. at Milan his last opera, Ruggiero, for the marriage of Archduke Ferdinand. His works include over 100 operas; 10 oratorios; 5 Te Deums, a Requiem; masses, magnificats, misereres, litanies, motets, psalms, cantatas, clavier-sonatas, fluteconcertos, clavier-concertos, etc. A concertos, clavier-concertos, etc. A valuable collection of his MSS, is in the Dresden Library, but most of his works were destroyed during the siege of Dresden after being prepared for a Dresden after being prepared for a complete edition by order of the King of Poland. Ref.: I. 416, 427; II. 5ff, 31; VII. 7, 43; IX. 33, 36, 41. (3) Faustina (née Bordoni) (1693-1783); b. Venice, d. there; wife of Johann Adolph; famous operatic mezzo-soprano, pupil of Gasparini and Marcello; made her début in Pollarolo's Ariodante in 1716, and soon became famous as the 'New Syren.' She sang at Venice with Cuzzoni and Bernacchi in 1719, also at Naples and Florence (where a medal was struck in her honor) in 1722, and in Vienna in 1724. Here Handel engaged her for London, where during 1726-28 she out-rivalled Cuzzoni, being acknowledged supreme where during 1726-28 she out-rivalled Cuzzoni, being acknowledged supreme in brilliance and finish of vocalization. After her marriage to Hasse (1729) her life was bound up in his and both died in the same year. Ref.: I. 416, 437; II. 5ff. (4) Gustav (1834-1889): pupil of Leipzig Cons.; teacher and composer of songs. (5) Max (1860-): b. near Weimar; music critic in Magdeburg; editor of P. Cornelius' complete works and writer of a monograph on Cornelius. nelius.

HASSELBECK, Rosa. See Sucher.
HASSELT-BARTH, Anna Maria
Wilhelmine (1813-1881): b. Amsterdam, d. Mannheim; studied in Frankfort, Carlsruhe and Florence; début fort, Carlsruhe and Florence; début 1831 in Trieste, sang in Italian operas, in Munich and Vienna.

nelli and Signora Tesi, he affirmed his HASSLER (or Hasler) (1) Hans success with an opera, Il Sesostrate, Leo [von] (1564-1612): b. Nuremberg,

Andrea Gabrieli in Venice (1584), being the first notable German composer who went to Italy for study. The influence of the Gabrielis is apparent in his work. He was organist to Count Octavianus Fugger at Augsburg, then court musician to Emperor Rudolf II (who ennobled him) in Prague, and died while on his way to accept an appointment at the court of the Elector of Savony. He is considered one of of Saxony. H. is considered one of the founders of German music, one of the most famous organists and composers of his time. He wrote Canzonette a 4 voci (1590); Cantiones sacrae for 4, 8 and more voices (1591, 1597, 1607); Madrigall a 5-8 voci (1596), New teutsche Gesang nach Art (1596), Newé teutsche Gesang nach Art der welschen Madrigalien und Canzonetten (1596, 1604, 1609); Missae 4-8 vocum (1598); Lustgarten newer deutscher Gesäng, Ballettt, Galliarden und Intraden mit 4-8 Stimmen (1601, 1605, 1610); Sacri concentus, 5-12 voc. (1601, 1612); Psalmen und christliche Gesänge (a 4, fugweis, 1607); Kirchengesänge, Psalmen und geistliche Lieder (a 4, 'simpliciter,' 1608, 1637); Litaney deutsch Herrn Dr. Martini Lutheri (a 7, f. double chorus, 1619); Venusgarten oder neue lustige liebliche Täntze teutscher und polnischer Art (1615); oder neue lustige liebliche Täntze teutscher und polnischer Art (1615) and motets pub. in contemp. collections. Ref.: V. 162; VI. 421, 430. (2) Jakob (1566-1601): b. Nuremberg, d. Hechingen[?], brother of Hans Leo (1), was organist to the Count of Hohen-zollern-Herbingen; famous virtuoso, and composer of much sacred music. (3) Kaspar (1570-1618): b. Nuremberg, d. there; brother of (1) and (2); organist and editor of a collection of church music. Sumphonical sacred. (Nuremberg. music, Symphoniae sacrae (Nuremberg, 1598-1600).

HÄSSLER (1) Johann Wilhelm (1747-1822): b. Erfurt, d. Moscow; nephew and pupil of Kittel, organista Erfurt from the age of 14; concertized as wandering journeyman (being a capacher, by trade), and founded a personal of the control maker by trade), and founded a permanent concert enterprise as well as a music shop in Erfurt. After travels in England, Russia, etc., he became imperial conductor in St. Petersburg, 1790, and from 1704 truth in Macacy. perial conductor in St. Petersburg, 1790, and from 1794 taught in Moscow. He composed clavier pieces which show relation to the style of the Mannheim school, rather than to that of C. P. E. Bach, among them sonatas, concertos, rondos, fantasies, variations. He also wrote organ pieces and songs. His great D minor Gigue is best known of his works. Portrait, VI. 426. (2) Sophie, wife of (1), and her husband's successor in the management of the music business (1790-97), after which she followed him, and later taught in Erfurt. Erfurt.

HASSINGER-HASSINGEN, Johann (1892-1898): b. Vienna, d. there; published 2 operas, an oratorio, and published 2 operas, an oratorio, and

d. Frankfort. He studied with his fatchamber music; he was also minister ther, town musician of Nuremberg, and Andrea Gabrieli in Venice (1584), being under the pseudonym of Johannes Hager.

Hager.

HASTINGS, Thomas (1787-1872): b. Washington, Litchfield Co., Conn., d. New York; musician, teacher, and writer; altogether self-taught. He was editor of the Utica (N. Y.) 'Recorder'; then became organizer of church-choirs and teacher of psalmody in New York. He wrote 'The History of Forty Choirs' (1854), and 'Dissertation on Musical Taste' (1822; 2nd ed. 1853), also hymnunes and anthems.

HASTREITER, Helene (1858-): b. Louisville, Ky.; studied with Lam-perti; operatic contralto in Italy; mar-ried Dr. Burgunzio and settled in

tunes and anthems.

ried Dr. Burgunzio and settled in Genoa.

HATHERLY, Stephen Georgeson (1827-): organist in various English towns, mus. dir. of the Greek church in Liverpool, taking orders in the Greek church at Constantinople and becoming protopresbyter 1875. He wrote a treatise on 'Byzantine Music' (1892), arranged Byzantine church melodies, pub. a Greek Service and gave lectures on Greek church music.

HATTON (1) John Liptrot (1809-1886): b. Liverpool, d. Margate (Kent); conductor at Drury Lane, 1842, where he produced an operetta 'The Queen of the Thames' in 1844, and later musical director at the Princess Theatre, London, for which he wrote incidental music. He prod. an opera, 'Pascal Bruno,' in Vienna, 1884, and 'Rose' ('Love's Ransom') at Covent Garden; also a cantata 'Robin Hood' (1856), a biblical drama 'Hezekiah' (1877) and many songs, some pub. under the pseudonym Czapek. He visited America in 1848. (2) George Frederick, son of (1), became court pianist at Meiningen, 1881.

HATTSTAEDT, John James (1851-): b. Monroe, Michigan; studied music in Boston and Germany; taught piano in Detroit, St. Louis and

(1851-): b. Monroe, Michigan; studied music in Boston and Germany; taught piano in Detroit, St. Louis and Chicago before 1886, when he founded the American Conservatory of Music, Chicago, of which he is still president and director; writes and lectures on musical subjects. Ref.: IV. 254f.

HAUFF, Johann Christian (1811-1891): co-founder of the Frankfort Music School, composer and author of Theorie der Tonsetzkanst (5 vols.,

Theorie der Tonsetzkunst (5 vols.,

HAUFFE, Luise (1837-1882): b. Düben, d. Leipzig; pianist, married Raymund Hartel, of the firm of Breitkopf & Härtel (q. v.).
HAUK, Minnie (1852-): b. New Market

HAUK, Minnie (1852-): b. New York; soprano; pupil of Strakosch; début in New York and London, sang at the Vienna Hofoper 2 years, then on various principal European operatic

His first fonts were made for Attaignant in 1525.

nant in 1525.

HAUPT, Karl August (1810-1891):
b. Kuhnau, Silesia, d. Berlin; pupil of A. W. Bach, Klein, and Dehn; organist of various Berlin churches; famous for his fine improvisations in the style of J. S. Bach. He taught theory and organ-playing at the Konigliches Kirchenmusik-Institut, in Berlin, and in 1869 he received the title of professor and became director of the musical section of the senate of the Akademie. He published part-songs, songs, and a Choralbuch (1869), and wrote many organ compositions. Ref.: VI. 460.

HAUPTMAN (1) Moritz (1792-1868):
b. Dresden, d. Leipzig; pupil of Grosse in piano and harmony, Scholz in violin and Morlacchi in composition; later pur-

in plane and narmony, scholz in violin and Morlacchi in composition; later pu-pil and lifelong friend of Spohr. He became successively violinist in the Dresden court orch., music teacher to the family of Prince Repnin (with whom he stayed in Russia five years). whom he stayed in Russia hye years). Member of Spohr's court orch, at Cassel, and cantor at the Thomasschule and professor at the Cons. in Leipzig. Among his pupils were Ferd. David, Burgmüller, Kiel, Joachim, Sullivan, Bülow, Cowen, etc. His most valuable work was as theorist, having laid the scientific foundation of modern musical theory in his Die Natur der Harmonik theory in his Die Natur der Harmonik und Metrik (1853, Eng. transl., 1888). He also wrote Erlauterungen zu J. S. Bachs Kunst der Fuge; über die Beantwortung des Fugenthemas, and short essays in various periodicals, many of which were collected and pub. by his son as Opuscula (1874). Die Lehre von der Harmonik appeared (edited by Oscar Paul) posthumously (1868), as well as 3 vols. of letters. He composed an opera, Mathilde (Cassel, 1826); also string quartets, duets and sonatas for violin, 2 masses. motets. part-songs. Bachs Kunst der Fuge; über die Beant-

string quartets, duets and sonatas for violin, 2 masses, motets, part-songs, canons, duets, and songs. Ref.: VI. 88. (2) Gerhart, poet. Ref.: IX. 423. HAUSCHKA, Vincenz (1766-1840): b. Mies, Bohemia, d. Vienna; 'cellist and barytone player; pupil of his father, a school teacher, Zöger, and Christ. He was 'cellist to Count Joseph von Thun in Prague (1782); and made successful concert tours through made successful concert tours through formany. He wrote numerous pieces for 'cello, barytone, etc. (MS.) and pub. 9 sonatas for 'cello and bass, and a

mund von (1872-): b. Graz; son and pupil of (1), also Degner and Pohlig. He prod. a mass in 1899, an opera, Helfrid, at Graz in 1893 and another, Zinnober, at the Munich court opera in 1888 (text by himself after E. T. A. Hoffmann). His 'Dionysian Fantasy' for full orchestra was brought out in Munich, 1899. He also wrote Fantasy for full orchestra was brought out in Munich, 1899. He also wrote the symphonic poems Barbarossa, 1902, Wieland der Schmied (1904), a number of mixed choruses with orchestra, and men's choruses with orchestra, also a Natursymphonie (1911). He was guest conductor of the opera at Graz, 1896-97, conductor of the Kaim concerts at Munich from 1899, of the Museum concerts at Frankfort, 1903-06, and of the Philharmonic concerts in Hamburg since 1910. He wrote

06, and of the Philharmonic concerts in Hamburg since 1910. He wrote Alexander Ritter, ein Bild seines Charakters und Schaffens (1907). Ref.: III. 270; VI. 357f; VIII. 414ff.

HAUSER (1) Franz (1794-1870); b. near Prague, d. Freiburg; highly esteemed opera singer (baritone) at Prague, Cassel, Dresden, Vienna, London, Leipzig, Berlin and Breslau. After his retirement he taught singing at his retirement he taught singing at Vienna and became director of the Munich Conservatory, which he organ-Munich Conservatory, which he organized in 1846. He wrote a Gesanglehre (1866), and possessed an extraordinarily complete collection of Bach's works, including many manuscripts. (2) Miska (1822-1837): b. Pressburg, d. Vienna; violin virtuoso who appeared all through Europe, North and South America Australia, etc. He described

all through Europe, North and South America, Australia, etc. He described his American travels in a book, Aus dem Wanderbuche eines österreichischen Virtuosen (2 vols., 1858-59).

HAUSMANN (1) Valentin, name of musicians in 5 succeeding generations of the same family. The first (b. 1484, Nuremberg) was a composer of chorales, friend of Luther and Johann Walther; the second, organist at Gerbstädt, composed motets. canzonets. dances. ther; the second, organist at Gerbstädt, composed motets, canzonets, dances, etc.; the third was an organist at Löbejun, whose son was court music director at Cöthen, and whose grandson, Valentin Bartholomäus (b. 1678), was cathedral organist at Merseburg and Halle, also organist and burgomaster at Lauchstädt. Both the last and his father are said to have been authors of theoretical tracts. (2) Robert (1852-1909): b. Rottleberode, Harz Mts., d. Vienna; 'cellist; pupil of Theodor Müller at the Berlin Hochschule (where he afterwards taught), and Piatti in London. He was 'cellist of the Hochberg quartet in Dresden, 1872-76, and of the Joachim quartet from 1879. Ref.: VII. 451. (3) Victor: German composer of operas (Enoch Arden, Die Nazarener, Unter der Reichsfahne) (1906).

HAWDON, Matthias ([?]-1787): d. Newcastle; organist and composer there. 9 sonatas for 'cello and bass, and a book of three-part vocal canons.

HAUSE, Wenzel (19th cent.): celebrated virtuoso on the double-bass, professor at Prague Cons.; pub. a double-bass method and exercises.

HAUSEGGER (1) Friedrich von (1837-1899): b. St. Andrå, d. Graz; Dozeni for musical history and theory at Graz University, 1872, and author of a notable work on musical æsthetics, Musik als Ausdruck (1885). He also wrote on 'Richard Wagner and Schopenhauer,' on the beginnings of harmony, 'German Masters,' etc. (2) Sieg-

madrigals, etc., and pub. a new edition of Morley's "Triumphs of Oriana," etc. (2) Marie Billington-H. (afterwards Mrs. Merest) (1816-86), daughter of (1); was a well-known contralto.

Mrs. Merest) (1816-86), daughter of (1); was a well-known contralto.

HAWKINS, [Sir] John (1719-1789): b. London, d. Westminster; musical historian. A lawyer by profession, he became an enthusiastic musical amateur, a member of various societies, and writer of cantata texts for John Stanley. After his marriage, which made him financially independent, he devoted himself to musical literature and was knighted in 1772. Among his writings are 'An Account of the Institution and Progress of the Acad. of Ancient Music' (pub. anonymously, 1772); 'General History of the Science and Practice of Music' (5 vols., 1776, containing 58 portraits of musicians; repub. by Novello, 2 vols, 1875), which was the result of 16 years' labor and upon which Burney drew for material for the last 3 vols. of his own history (Vol. I. being issued simultaneously with Hawkins' work). H., more painstaking and conscientious than Burney, made his compilation more reliable as a work of reference, though Burney was a better musician. Ref.: (cited) a work of reference, though Burney was a better musician. Ref.: (cited) VI. 419, 454.

HAWES (1) William (1785-1846): the choir by his brother Michael, and b. London; choir master of St. Paul's, le was largely dependent on charity 1817, Master of the children at the Chapel Royal, 1817, and later director Through Metastasio, the librettist, who of English Opera at the Lyceum, where he prod. for the first time in London Preischütz (1824), Cosi fan tutte (1824) and "The Vampire" (1829). He also wrote English comic operas, pub. glees, and pub. a new edition the choir by his brother Michael, and be choir by his brother Michael, and be came in the same house, he became Musical Instructor in a Spanish famulish, the Martines, for their daughter acquainted with Porpora (her singing madrigals, etc., and pub. a new edition acquainted with Porpora (her singing teacher), who taught him somewhat and secured him a stipend of 50 francs from the Venetian Ambassador. H. had composed 6 trios, sonatas and other pieces, a Mass in F, and a comic opera, Der neue krumme Teufel, prod. at the Stadttheater, 1752 (a satire on the lame baron Affligio. official director of the baron Affligio, official director of the court opera, and suppressed, but afterwards given in Prague, Berlin and elsewhere), for which he received 24 ducats. The Countess Thun now engaged him as harpsichordist and singing-master, and Carl Josef von Fürnberg patronized him by taking his first string quartet (1753), followed by seventeen others within a year. In 1758 Count Ferdinand Maximilian Morzin made him Musik-Maximilian Morzin made him Musik-direktor and Kammercompositeur at Lukavec, near Pilsen, and in 1759 he went to Eisenstadt, as second Kapell-meister to Prince Paul Anton Ester-hazy, who had heard his first sym-phony in D. He succeeded Werner as first Kapellmeister upon the latter's death. In 1762 Prince Nikolaus Ester-hazy succeeded his deceased brother, and under him music and musicians and under him music and musicians were raised to a higher status. While in his service Haydn composed about was a better musician. Ref.: (cited)
VI. 419, 454.

HAWLEY, Charles B. (1858-1915):
b. Brookfield, Conn.; studied with Webb, Revarde, Buck and Mosenthal; singer (bass), organist and song composer in New York. Ref.: IV. 355-HAYDN (1) [Franz] Josef (1732-1809): b. Rohrau-on-the-Leitha, Lower Austria, d. Vienna. His father, Mathias, a wheelwright, was sexton and organist of the village church, and a fine tenor singer. His mother, Maria Köller, who had been cook in the household of Count Harrach, the lord of the village, sang in the village church choir, and of the twelve children, three became musicians. A cousin, Johann Matthias Frankh, choir leader and School rector at Hainburg, discovered Josef's talent at 5 and gave him elementary instruction in singing, violin and other instruments, hesides teaching him Latin. Next, Georg Reutter engaged the boy as chorister for St. Stephen's, at Vienna, and undertook his further education, but largely neglected it. From the ages of 8 to 13 H. practically taught himself, then wrote a mass, and managed to purchase for his further training Fux's Gradus ad Parnassum and Mattheson's Volkom-mener Kapellmeister. When his voice changed in 1748 he was supplanted in 30 symphonies, 40 quartets, diverti-menti, and a number of other chamber

repeated his former triumphs and returned home at the invitation of a new Prince, to reorganize the Esterhazy chapel. In 1797 he wrote the Austrian National Anthem, 'Gott erhalte Franz den Kaiser,' and his fame reached its zenith when he composed his two great oratorios in 1798 and 1801. Thenceforward, in falling health, he lived in retirement. At a special performance of the 'Creation' he appeared once more, but had to be carried out before the finish, friends and pupils, among them Beethoven, surrounding him to take leave. The shock of the hombardment of Vienna by the French hastened the master's end. Haydn's marriage, which had taken place in 1760, while he was at Eisenstadt, proved unfortunate, his wife being extravagant and of evil temper H. the eldest of fortunate, his wife being extravagant and of evil temper. H., the eldest of the three great German 'classics,' is frequently called the father of the symphony and the string quartet, and in the best though not accurate sense he is. He developed all the classic instruis. He developed all the classic instrumental forms and in the oratorio field rivals even Handel. His works, which place him in the front rank of the world's great masters, are of an astounding number, and may be summarized as follows: Orchestral: 104 symphonies (incl. overtures, divertimenti, cassations, sextets, etc.). 'The Seven Words on the Cross' (1785; rearranged later as a quartet and again [by M. Haydn] as an oratorio); 9 violin concertos, 6 'cello concertos, 16 concertos for other instruments (lyre, barytone, double-bass, flute, horn). CHAMBER MUSSIC: 77 string quartets, 32 trios tone, double-bass, flute, horn). CHAM-ber Music: 77 string quartets, 32 trios for strings and other instrumental com-binations, 175 pieces for barytone, 4 violin sonatas, 6 duets for violin and viola, 7 nocturnes for lyre, and numerviola, / nocturnes for tyre, and numerous small pieces. For harrscreeps on Piano: 20 concertos, 38 piano trios (35 with violin and 'cello, 3 with flute and 'cello), 53 sonatas and divertimenti, 4 sonatas with violin, 9 minor pieces. Dramatic works: Der neue krumme DRAMATIC WORKS: Der neue krumme Teufel; La vera costanza (written 1776 for the Vienna Hoftheater, but prod. as Laurette in Paris, 1791); Lo Speciale, -act comic opera (Esterhàz, 1768); revived as Der Apotheker at Dresden Hoftheater (1895); 3 other Ital. opere buffe, 4 Italian comedies and 5 marionette-operas; Orfeo (unfinished); music to several plays; 22 detached arias. Vocal: 3 oratorios (The Creation, The Seasons, Il ritorno di Tobia), 14 masses, 2 Te Deums, a Stabat Mater, 13 offertories, cantatas, motets, arias, etc., a cantata for solo voice and piano, Ariana a Nazos; a cantata for vocal solo and vived as Der Apotheker at Dresden Hoftheater (1895); 3 other Ital. opere buffe, 4 Italian comedies and 5 marionette-operas; Orfeo (unfinished); music to several plays; 22 detached arias. Vocal: 3 oratorios ("The Creation," "The Seasons," Il ritorio di Tobia), 14 masses, 2 Te Deums, a Stabat Mater, 13 offertories, cantatas, motets, arias, etc., a cantata for solo voice and piano, Ariana a Naxos; a cantata for vocal solo and barytone, Deutschlands Klage auf den Tod Friedrichs des Grossen; The 10 Commandments in canon-form, 36 German songs, 12 canzonets, the Austrian National Hymn; other songs, collections of Scotch and Welsh folk-songs; vocal duets, trios, etc. Ref.: For life and Yologia (1655), Liège); chapel canon of St. John's, Liège; intendant of court music to the Duke of Pfalz-Neuburg.

work see II. 83ff; (rel. to Mozart) II. 105ff; (rel. to Beethoven) II. 138; for songs, V. 177f; for choral works; VI. 130f, 258ff; for piano compositions, 135ff; string quartets, 491ff; symphonies, VIII. 147ff; opera, IX. 112, 119; mus. ex., XIII. 170, 171, 175, 291; portraits, II. 92; VII. 488. (2) Johann Michael (1737-1806); b. Rohrau, d. Salzburg; brother of Josef (1); composer and organist. As a boy he had a remarkable soprano voice, three octaves in compass, and he replaced his had a remarkable soprano voice, three octaves in compass, and he replaced his brother Josef as chorister at St. Stephen's, Vienna, in 1745. He studied violin and organ, became assistant organist, and in 1757 Kapellmeister at Grosswardein. He was concert-master and director at Salzburg to Archbishop Sigismund, 1762, and organist of the Cathedral and St. Peter's church there in 1777. During the French occupation of Salzburg in 1800 he lost his property, but was assisted by his brother and friends, also the Empress Maria Theresa, who commissioned him to comesa, who commissioned him to com-pose a mass, in which she sang the soprano solos. Having established a school of composition, he taught, among school of composition, he taught, among other pupils of distinction, Reicha and Weber, and wrote a number of thorough-bass exercises for his pupils, later (1833) pub. as Partitur Fragmente by Martin Bischofsreiter, a Benedictine monk. H. composed a mass and vespers for Prince Esterházy, who twice offered to make him Vice-Kapellmeister of his chapel. His brother Josef ranked his church compositions above his own his church compositions above his own. Chary of publication, he declined frequent offers made by publishers, but left no less than 360 church composileft no less than 360 church compositions, including oratorios, masses, cantatas, 2 Requiems, graduals, etc.; also operas, operettas, 4-part songs, solo songs, and canons in 4 and 5 parts. His instrumental works include 30 symphonies, 1 sextet, 3 quintets, serenades, marches, 12 orchestral minuets, a violin concerto, 50 short organ pieces, etc. Ref.: II. 73ff, 102; VII. 499; VIII. 169.

HAYES (1) .William (1707-1777): b. Hexham, d. Oxford; organist of Shrewsbury, Worcester Cathedral, and Magdalen College, Oxford; professor of music at Oxford; Mus. D., 1749. He composed psalms, glees, catches, etc.;

He wrote a great number of masses, motets, hymns, etc. (2) (also Aimo) Niccolò Francesco (1679-1729): b. Rome, d. London. He was of German parentage; went to London, 1704, and there introduced Italian opera in conjunction with Clayton and Dieupart. He prod. his operas, Camilla, 1706, and Etearco, 1711, and arranged those of other composers. Under his régime opera was sung in polyglot style, partly English, partly Italian. The advent of Handel caused the failure of his enterprise and later he joined his rival, for whom he wrote librettos. He also pub. He wrote a great number of masses, whom he wrote librettos. He also pub. 2 books of sonatas for violin and bass.

HAYNES, Walter B. (1859-): b. Kempsey, Eng.; studied in Leipzig Conservatory; church organist and professor of the London Royal Academy

of Music.

HAYS, William Shakespeare (1837-): Louisville, Ky.; composer of about

b. Louisville, ky.; composer on about 300 popular songs.

HAYTER, Arthur Upjohn (1833-1999): b. Brooklyn; organist.

HEAP, Charles Swinnerton (1847-1900): b. Birmingham, d. there; studied at the Leipzig Cons. under Moscheles and Reinecke, as beneficiary of the London Mendelssohn foundation, also under Rest at Liverpool: conductor and pian-

don Mendelssohn foundation, also under Best at Liverpool; conductor and pianist at Birmingham from 1868, Mus. D., Cambridge, 1870. He composed chamber music, overtures, organ pieces, songs, cantatas, anthems, etc.

HEBENSTREIT, Pantaleon (1669-1750): b. Eisleben, d. in Dresden; violinist. He was a dancing-master at Leipzig, but went to Merseburg to escape his creditors. Here, upon suggestions to improve the dulcimer, he invented the instrument which was to become a precursor of the piano. Louis XIV named it the 'Pantalon,' after its originator's name, who played it on concert tours with brilliant success. He became Kapellmeister and dancingmaster to the court at Eisenach in 1706 and pantalon chamber musician at the

master to the court at Eisenach in 1706 and pantalon chamber musician at the Dresden court in 1714. Ref.: VIII. 138.

HECHT (1) Eduard (1832-1887): b. Dürkheim, d. Didsbury, near Manchester; pianist, studied at Frankfort; for many years choral conductor in Manchester and Bradford; professor of harmony at Owen's College from 1875. (2) Gustav (1851-): b. Quedlinburg; studied at the Royal Institute for Church Music, and with kiel and Sieber; music teacher in the Seminary of Cammin, 1874-1902, at Köslin since 1902; composer of choral works with and without orchestra, songs, violin music, etc.; edited the official chorale book for Pomerania; author of Praktische Ergebnisse der Harmonielehre. monielehre.

HECKEL (1) Wolf: publisher of a Lute Book at Strassburg, 1562, which constitutes one of the most interesting the Basle music sci examples of early lute music. (2) of a choral society.

Emil (1831-1908): b. Mannheim, d. there; at first partner then head of the music and pianoforte house founded by his father K. Ferd. H.; was largely instrumental in the establishment of the Bayreuth festivals, and head of the Wagner societies from their inception. He was also instrumental in making known the works of Hugo Wolf, concerning whom his son, Karl H., wrote a book, Hugo Wolf in seinem Verhaltnis zu R. Wagner (1905). (3)

Johann Adam (d. 1877): founder of a wind instrument factory in Biebrich-on-Rhine; with the clarinettist Almenrader made experiments to improve clarinets and bassoons (1824-35), continued by his son Wilhelm, who constructed the bartione oboe (Heckelphone) in 1905, contra-bassoon reaching down to A (1900) Hestelphone clarinets along down to A (1909), Heckelphone clarinets (cylindrical bore) and the contrabass clarinet.

bass clarinet.

HECKSCHER, Celeste: contemp.
American composer. Ref.: IV. 404.
HEDOUIN, Pierre (1789-1868): b.
Boulogne; author of a great number of
opera librettos, song texts, etc., collaborator on various musical journals,
composer of romances and writer on
Monsigny (1821), Gossec, Grétry, Lesueur, Meyerbeer, Paganini, Gluck, etc.
HEERINGEN, Ernst von (18101855): b. near Sondershausen, d. Washington; attempted a reform of musical
notation which involved the abolition

notation which involved the abolition of sharps and flats and the substitu-tion of white notes and black notes to tion of white notes and black notes to distinguish basic and derived tones, also simplification of time indications, clefs, etc. (1850). The miscarriage his plans drove him to America.

HEERMANN, Hugo (1844-): b. Heilbronn; studied at Brussels Cons., under Meerts, de Bériot and Fétis, also in Paris He concertized successfully

under Meerts, de Bériot and Fétis, also in Paris. He concertized successfully as violin virtuoso, became concert-master at Frankfort, 1865, and head of the violin department of the Hoch Cons., 1878. In 1904 he founded a violin school of his own, and three years later went to Chicago, whence he returned to Germany in 1910. He edited Bériot's 'Violin School' (1896) and was for a time leader of the Frankfort string quartet. quartet.

HEGAR (1) Friedrich (1841-): b. Basle; concert master in Leipzig and later in Zürich, conductor of the sub-scription concerts there and from 1868 conductor of the Tonhallenorchester. conductor of the Tonhallenorchester. Later he was conductor of choruses at Zurich, and since 1876 director of the music school there. He composed an oratorio, Manasse, and other choral works, also a violin concerto, etc. (2) Emil (1843-): b. Basle; brother of (1); first 'cellist of the Gewandhaus orchestra and teacher of 'cello at the Leipzig Cons. Later he became a concert baritone and teacher of singing at the Basle music school, also conductor of a choral society. HEGNER (1) Anton (1861-1916):
b. Copenhagen, d. New York; studied at
the Copenhagen Cons.; solo 'cellist of
Philharmonic orch. there; gave concerts in Germany and United States;
composed 'cello and orchestral pieces
of semi-popular character. (2) Otto
(1876-1907): b. Basle, d. Hamburg; pianist; pupil of Huber, d'Albert, etc.; appeared in Germany and America; composed piano pieces. (3) Anna (1881-):
sister of Otto (2); violin teacher at the
Hoch Cons., Frankfort.

HEGYESI, Louis (1853-1894): b. Arpad, Hungary, d. Cologne; 'cellist in
the Florentine Quartet; teacher at the
Cologne Conservatory.

Cologne Conservatory.

HEGYI, Béla: contemporary Hungarian composer of operettas.
HEIDE. von der. See Von der

HEIDE, von der.

HEIDE. Ref.: I. 437. HEIDEGGER.

HEIDEGGER. Ref.: I. 437.
HEIDINGSFELD, Ludwig (1854-):
b. Jauer; studied at the Stern Cons.,
Musikdirektor at Glogau, 1874, Liegnitz, 1884; teacher at the Stern Cons.,
conductor of the Danzig Gesangverein
(Singakademie), 1896; inaugurated orchestral concert in Danzig, 1896-97;
conducted some male choral societies
there, 1897-98, founded a Cons., 1899;
composer of the operettas Der Neue
Dirigent (1907) and Aite Burschenherr
tichkeit (1911), orchestral works, plano
pieces, songs, etc.
HEIDRICH, Maximilian (18641909): b. Deutsch-Paulsdorf, d. Dresden; studied at the Dresden Cons., and
with Gade; composed operas, sacred

with Gade; composed operas, sacred and secular vocal works, chamber music, organ and piano music.

HEIGHTINGTON, Musgrave (1680-1774): d. Dundee; organist and com-

HEIN, Karl (1864-): b. Rends-burg; studied at the Hamburg Cons.; 'cellist in the Hamburg Philharmonic Orchestra, 1885-90, then teacher at the German Cons. in New York, of which he has been co-director with August

Fraemcke since 1903.

HEINE, Heinrich: German

HEINE, Heinrich: German poet, whose lyrics have inspired virtually all romantic composers as well as many of the modern schools. Ref.: II. 224, 249, 288f; V. 224f, 233ff, 248ff; VII. 134; VIII. 287; IX. 158, 172, 188; portrait, V. 200. HEINEFETTER (1) Sabine (1809-72): b. Mayence, d. Illenau; opera singer; 'discovered' as harp girl and made her début at Frankfort, 1825. Later she appeared with great success in Paris, Berlin, Dresden and on tours. (2) Clara (married name Stöckel) (1816-Clara (married name Stöckel) (1816-1857); sister of (1), singer. (3) Kathin-ka (1820-1858): sister of (1) and (2); appeared as singer in Paris and Brussels.

over Hofkapelle with his father (1); first flutist of the Imperial Orchestra, St. Petersburg; later lived in Vienna, and wrote concertos and solo pieces

for flute.

HEINICHEN, Johann David (1683-1729): b. Krossuln, near Weissenfels, d. Dresden; studied music at the Thomasschule, Leipzig; lived for many years in Italy; for some time Kapellmeister to Augustus the Strong of Saxony; composed 7 masses, 2 Requiems, 6 serenades, 57 cantatas, 11 concertos, 3 operas, a suite for orchestra, etc.; author of Der Generalbass in der Komposition, etc. (2nd ed., 1728).

HEINK, Ernestine. See Schumannasschule, Leipzig; lived for many years

HEINK.

HEINRICH XXIV. See Reuss-

KÖSTRITZ.
HEINRICH (1) Anton Philipp HEINRICH (1) Anton Philipp (1781-1861): b. Bohemia, d. New York; composer of songs and inst. pieces. (2) Johann Georg (1807-1882): b. Steinsdorf, d. Sorau; organist, Royal Musik-direktor; wrote a valuable organ method (1861), etc. (3) Max (1853-): b. Chemnitz; studied with Klitsch in Zwickau and at the Dresden Cons.; concert singer; teacher of circuits is Zwickau and at the Dresden Cons.; concert singer; teacher of singing in Philadelphia, Alabama, London, Chicago, Boston, and New York; composed songs, music to Poe's 'Raven,' etc.

HEINTZ, Albert (1822-1911); b. Eberswalde, d. Berlin; wrote analyses on Wagnerian music dramas, also two-and four-hand paraphrases of Wagnerian themes; organist of the Petrikirche, Berlin.

kirche, Berlin.

HEINZE (1) Gustav Adolf (1820-1904): b. Leipzig, d. near Amsterdam. Like his father he was clarinettist in the Gewandhaus Orchestra, Leipzig, but also toured as clarinet virtuoso, became second Kapellmeister at the Breslau Stadttheater and there prod. 2 operas. He became conductor of German opera at Amsterdam, conductor of choral soat Amsterdam, conductor of choral societies there and wrote oratorios, masses, cantatas, etc. (2) Sarah (née Magnus) (1838-1901): b. Stockholm, d. Dresden; wife of the music publisher Gustav H.; planist. Her daughter, Helene H., wrote on plano technique.

HEISE, Peter Arnold (1830-1879): b. Copenhagen, d. Stokkerup; studied at Leipzig Conservatory; teacher at Sorō and Copenhagen; wrote songs and a hallad: produced two successful op-

Soro and Copennagen; wrote songs and a ballad; produced two successful operas. Ref.: III. 73.

HEISER, Withelm (1816-97): b. Berlin, d. near there; opera singer, band master, and singing teacher, whose Berlin, d. near there; operations master, and singing teacher, whose songs achieved considerable popularity.

HEITER, Amalie. See Amalia.

Songs achieved considerable popularity.

1857); sister of (1), singer. (3) Kathinka (1820-1858): sister of (1) and (2);
appeared as singer in Paris and Brussels.

HEINEMEYER (1) Christian (17961821): b. Celle, d. Hanover; flute virtuoso; member of the Hanover Hofkapelle; toured in Germany and Russia.

(2) Ernst Wilhelm (1827-1869): b.

Hague and at Paris Cons. (under Chevillard and Jacquard); toured with Mme.

Essipoff; became solo 'cellist of the
Bilse orch., then Philharmonic, Berlin;
toured Europe with Ysaye, America
alone, and established popular ty.

soirées in Berlin with A. Schnabel and A. Wittenberg (piano and violin, resp.). various masses, motets, and chansons HELEN PAVLOVNA, Grand Duchess of Russia, born as Princess of Wurttemberg (d. 1873); founded the Murttemberg (d. 1873); founded the IELLMESBERGER (1) Georg (1800-1873); b. Vienna, d. Neuwaldegg, Imperial Russian Musical Society in near Vienna; famous violin pedagogue. 1859 with Anton Rubinstein and others; He was Schubert's successor as soin 1858 opened music classes in her increase deviation; the Victoria as soin 1858 opened music classes in her increase deviation; the Victoria as soin 1858 opened music classes in her increase deviation; the Victoria as soin 1858 opened music classes in her increase deviation; the Victoria as soin 1868 opened music classes in her increase deviation. in 1858 opened music classes in her palace, which developed into the St. Petersburg Conservatory in 1862. An opera prize offered in her honor after opera prize onered in her honor after her death was won by Tschaikowsky. She stood in close personal relation to Rubinstein, who dedicated his G minor symphony to her. Ref.: III. 49.

HELGAIRE, 9th cent. historian. Ref.: (quoted) I. 189.

HELLER, Stephen (1815-1883): b. Pesth, d. Paris, the was educated at the College of the Piarists and received piano lessons from F. Brauer, playing in public at the age of 9 with such success that he was sent to Vienna to study with Carny becoming however, the cess that he was sent to Vienna to study with Czerny, becoming, however, the pupil of Anton Halm. Later he studied harmony with Czibulka. He began giving concerts in Vienna in 1827 and toured Hungary, Poland, and Germany, 1829-32. After an illness he was adopted by a wealthy family at Augsburg and was thus enabled to pursue further study, also that of composition. In 1838 he went to Paris and became the friend of Liszt, Chopin, Berlioz, and others, gaining a great reputation as pianist and teacher. He began composing in Augsburg and his first works having been commended by Schumann, he became more widely known. works having been commended by Schumann, he became more widely known. In 1849 he visited London, where his playing was greatly admired, and in 1862 he again played at the Crystal Palace with Hallé. His over 150 works include Characteristic pieces (Traumbilder, op. 79; Promendes d'un solitaire, op. 78, 80, 89; Nuits blanches (Blumen-, Frucht-, und Dornenstucke), op. 82: Dans les bois. op. 86, 128, 136; (Blumen-, Frucht-, und Dornenstucke), op. 82; Dans les bois, op. 86, 128, 136; Egloques, op. 92; 3 Bergeries, op. 106; Voyage autour de ma chambre, op. 140; Tablettes d'un solitaire, op. 153; Herbstblätter, op. 109; Balletstücke, op. 111; 3 Ballades, op. 115; 3 Préludes, op. 117; Tarentelles, op. 53, 61, 85, 137, etc.); Études (graded, op. 125, 47, 46, 45, 90, 16); 4 sonatas, 3 sonatinas, waltzes, Ländler, mazurkas, scherzl, caprices, nocturnes, Songs without Words, variations, other ballades, Ref.: watters, Lander, mazurkas, scherzi, caprices, nocturnes, Songs without Words, variations, other ballades. Ref.: II. 322; III. 17; VII. 321; VIII. 275.

HELLINCK [Johannes] Lupus (frequently designated as Lupus or Lupi): 16th-cent. Netherland composer. There is considerable composer.

caprices, nocturnes, Songs without words, variations, other ballades. Ref.: toire musicale française (1902), Gossec II. 322; III. 17; VII. 321; VIII. 275.

HELLINCK [Johannes] Lupus or Lupus o

HELLINE'S PLACE IN (1806-1873): b. Vienna, d. Neuwaldegg, near Vienna; famous violin pedagogue. He was Schubert's successor as soprano chorister in the Imperial chapel; and a pupil of Böhm (in violin) and of E. Förster (in composition) at the Cons., where he became assistant teacher in 1821, titular professor in 1825, and professor in 1833. He also toured Austria, Hungary and Bohemia successfully and succeeded Schuppanzigh as conductor of the Imperial Opera in 1830. Among his pupils were Ernst, Hauser, Joachim, and his own sons, Georg (2) and Josef (4). He wrote a string quartet, 2 concertos, variations, and solo pieces for violin. Ref.: VII. 445. (2) Georg, Jr. (1830-1852): b. Vienna, d. Hanover; son of Georg (1); was a pupil of his father, and in composition of Rotter. He toured through Germany and England with success and became concert-master of the Hanover Royal orch. He wrote 2 operas (prod.) and symphonies, etc. (in MS.). (3) Rosa, daughter of Georg, Jr. (2): singer, who made her debut at the Vienna Hofoper in 1883. (4) Joseph (1828-1893): b. Vienna, d. there; artistic director of the Conservatory, where he was also professor of violin, besides holding the post of concert-master at the Imperial Opera and from 1877 that of court Kapellmeister. From 1849 he led a string quartet. (5) Joseph, Jr. (1855-1907): b. Vienna, d. there; 2nd violin of his father's quartet; solo violinist of the court orchestra, and violin professor at the Cons. from 1878. After occupying intermediary positions, he became first court Kapellmeister in 1900, later occupying a similar position at Stuttgart (1904-5). He wrote 6 operettas, 6 ballets, and other stage pieces. (6) Ferdinand (1863-): b. Vienna; brother of (4); 'cellist in the court orchestra and his father's quartet, also teacher at the Cons. and from 1886 solo 'cellist of the court opera. HELLOUIN, Frēdērte (1864-): b. Paris; studied with Massenet at the Conservatoire; since 1902 on musical faculty of the £cole des hautes études sociales; author of Feuillets d'histoire mus

Ferdinand (1821-1894): b. Potsdam, d. Charlottenburg, physicist; physiologist and writer on acoustics; studied medicine in the Military Institute of Berlin, became military surgeon at Potsdam; then teacher of anatomy (for artists) at the Academy of Fine Arts; professor of physiology at Konigsberg Univ., Bonn and Heidelberg, and of physics at Berlin in 1871. He wrote a number of scientific treatises which physics at Berlin in 1871. He wrote a number of scientific treatises which enjoy world-wide fame, among them Lehre von den Tonempfindungen als physiologische Grundlage fur die Theorie der Musik (Brunswick, 1863), translated into English as 'Scinations of Tone as a Physiological Basis for the Theory of Music.' This work supplements and completes the theorie of plements and completes the theories of Rameau, Tartini, Wheatsone, Corti and others, establishing a definite physical basis for all the phenomena of musical sounds, singly or in combinations. It furnishes incontestable formulæ for all classes of consonant and dissonant tone-effects, and proves 'with scientific precision what Hauptmann and his school sought to establish by laborious dialectic processes' (Baker). Among the results achieved by H.'s experiments are the laws governing the differences in timbre (tone color or quality) in different instruments and voices; the physiology of the major triad; the nature and limits of musical perception by the human ear, a theory of the inherent pitch of different vowels (is singing) and the discovery of a series of sound colors corresponding to those of the solar spectrum. He also analysed scientifically the scales of various sounds, singly or in combinations. lysed scientifically the scales of various exotic nations. Ref.: V. 16, 580.

HELSTED (1) Eduard (1816-1900):

HELSTED (1) Eduard (1816-1900); violinist, teacher at the Cons. and composer of ballets and other stage works.
(2) Karl Adolph (1818-1904): b. Copenhagen, d. there; flute teacher at Cons., composer of symphonies, chamber music, and choral works. (3) Gustav (1857-): b. Copenhagen, son of (2), pupil of Gade, Hartmann, etc., composer of a symphony, piano pieces, songs, etc.

pieces, songs, etc. HEMPEL, Frieda (1885-HEMPEL, Frieda (1885-): b. Leipzig, operatic soprano, pupil of Mme. Kempner at Stern Cons. She made her début at the Berlin Royal Opera in 1905, toured Europe and joined the Met. Opera Co., New York, in 1912, where she sings leading coloratura rôles as well as leading parts in operas of Wagner, R. Strauss, etc. Ref.: IV. 155.

TV. 155.

HEMPSON (Hampson), Denis (1695-1807): b. Craichmore, d. Magilligan at the age of 112; one of the last Irish hards; is said to have sung the old melodies in their original form and to have played the harp in the old manner (with long finger nails) with great virtuosity.

HENDERSON, William James (1855-): b. Newark, N. J., critical control of the control

chiefly self-taught in music; composer of some light operas. He became music critic of the New York 'Times' in 1887, of the New York 'Sun' in 1902; and has lectured at the N. Y. Coll. of Music and the Inst. of Musical Art (N. Y.). He pub. 'The Story of Music' (1889), 'Preludes and Studies' (1891), 'What Is Good Music' (1899), 'The Orchestra and Orchestral Music' (1899), 'Richard Wagner, His Life and His Dramas' (1901), 'Modern Musical Drift' (1904), 'The Art of the Singer' (1906), 'Some Forerunners of Italian Opera' (1911), also poems, fiction, etc. Ref.: (citations, etc.) I. 326; II. 276, 282; IV. 144, 186; V. 207f; VIII. 479; IX. 3.

HENDRICKS, HENDRICKS, Francis: contemp. American composer. Ref.: IV. 442. HENIUS, Joseph (d. 1912): pupil of

ber music, comic opera and songs. Ref.: IV. 393. Dvořák; American composer of cham-

HENKEL (1) Michael (1780-1851): b. Fulda, d. there; cantor, court musi-cian and composer of church works, organ pieces, etc.; edited a Choralbuch (1804). (2) Georg Andreas (1805-(1804). (2) Georg Andreas (1805-1871): son of (1); composed church music, overtures, marches, etc. (3) Heinrich (1822-1899): b. Fulda, d. Frankfort; pianist; teacher at Frank-fort; co-founder of the Music School fort; co-founder of the Music School there; pub. piano pieces, songs and technical studies for piano, also other pedagogical works. (4) Karl, son of (3); violin teacher in London; pub. finger exercises for violin.

HENNEBERG, Johann Baptist (1768-1822): b. Vienna, d. there; organist at the Schottenstift; conductor of the Theater an der Wieden; later Imperial court chapel organist; composed Singspiele and church music.

HENNIG (1) Karl (1819-1873): b. Berlin, d. there; organist and composer of cantatas, psalms, songs, male quar-

of cantatas, psaims, songs, male quartets, etc. (2) Karl (1845-): b. Berlin, pupil of Richter and Kiel; teacher and organist in Berlin and Posen where he founded a choral society. He wrote several books on vocal method, musical asthetics, piano teaching, theory, etc., and composed a cantata, songs, choruses, etc.

ruses, etc.

HENNING, Carl Wilhelm (1784-1867): b. öls, d. Berlin; violinist; studied with Rode and others; violinist in the orchestra of the Royal Opera and later concert-master; musical director at the Royal Municipal Theatre, 1823-26, at the Opera, 1836, and Kapellmeister, 1841-48; composed the opera Die Rosenmädchen, ballets, cantatas, incidental music, etc.

HENNIUS. See Haym.

important to musical history as the perfector of the choral cantata text in which the middle strophes are re-composed as arias and recitatives, while the beginning and end retain their original form. He wrote the text of Bach's St. Matthew Passion and of a number of his important cantatas. Ref.: VI. 244.

HENRIETTA MARIA, Queen England. Ref.: X. 84. HENRION, Paul (1819-1901):

Paris, d. there; popular French composer of over 1,000 romances and chansonettes, also 3 operettas.

sonettes, also 3 operettas.

HENRIQUES (1) Robert (1858-):
b. Copenhagen; 'cellist; pupil of Neruda, Grutzmacher and Popper, and of Kretschmer in Dresden; founded and conducted the 'G dur' and 'Symphonia' societies in Copenhagen, 1886-93; music reviewer for the Danebroog and other papers, 1892-96; director of the student orchestra, 1902-03; composer of orchestral works, a suite for oboe, 'cello pieces, songs, etc. (2) Fini Baldemar (1867-): b. Copenhagen; eminent violinist; studied with Svendsen and Joachim; member of the Copenhagen court orch, and composer of orchestral and piano music.

Joachim; member of the Copenhagen court orch., and composer of orchestral and piano music.

HENRY VIII, King of England.

Ref.: V. 111; VI. 89, 449; X. 84.

HENSCHEL (1) [SIr] George (1850-); b. Breslau; baritone, conductor and composer; studied piano with Moscheles and Wenzel, singing with Gotze and A. Schulze, and theory with Reinecke and Kiel. He toured through Europe and several times the U. S., also jointly with his wife (2); was conductor of the Boston Symphony Orch., 1881-84; founded the London Symphony Concerts in 1885 and became professor of singing at the Royal Coll. of Music in 1886. He composed an opera, Friedrich der Schöne; an oratorio; serenade for orchestra; canonsuite for string orch.; psalms, partsongs, some fine songs, etc. Ref.: III. 212; IV. 190; songs, V. 308ff; choral comp., VI. 345. (2) Lillian H. (1860-1901): soprano; was a pupil of her uncle, Chas. Hayden, Mme. Viardot and of George Henschel, whom she married in 1881, and with whom she was associated in joint song recitals and on concert tours in Europe and America.

HENSEL (1) Fanny Cäcilia (1805-1847): sister of Felix Mendelssohn:

HENSEL (1) Fanny Caellia (1805-1847): sister of Felix Mendelssohn; married the painter H.; excellent pinaist and composed 'Songs Without Words,' songs and a trio. (2) Heinrich: contemp. opera singer. Ref.: IV.

press, teacher to the princes, and later inspector of musical instruction of the Imperial educational institutions for girls. As a pianist H. took very high rank, especially for his poetic interpretations. As a composer he is remembered chiefly for a piano concerto in F minor, five concert études (incl. La Gondole, Poème d'amour, Fruhlingslied), which are in some respects comparable to Mendelssohn's 'Songs Without Words'; also Impromptus, Ballads, etc., concert paraphrases, a Without Words; also impromptus, Ballads, etc., concert paraphrases, a trio, and a second piano part for Cramer's Etudes. He also issued a splendid edition of Weber's piano works. Ref.: II. 322; III. 17; VII. 217.

HENTSCHEL (1) Franz (b. Berlin, 1814): studied with Grell and W. A. Bach; theatre Kapellmeister in Erfurt, Attenburg and Berlin; composed an opera Die Hexenreise, marches, concerto for wind instruments, etc. (2) Theodor (1830-1892): b. Schirgiswalde, d. Hamburg; studied in Dresden and Prague; theatre Kapellmeister in Leipzig, Bremen and Hamburg; composed the operas Matrose und Sanger (1857), Der Konigspage (1874), Die Braut von Lusignan (1875), Lanzelot (1878) and Des Königs Schwert (1890), a mass for double chorus, songs, etc.

HEPWORTH (1) George (1825-[?]): b. Almondbury; went to Ger-many, 1841, organist at Gustrow, and grand-ducal Musikdirektor at Schwerin; grand-ducal Musikdirektor at Schwerin; composer; wrote on Bach, etc. (2) William (1846-): b. Hamburg; organist in Chemnitz, pub. a string quartet, arranged Bach's organ prelude and fugue in A min. for orchestra, and wrote a manual on the care, etc., of string instruments (1895), which was translated into English (1899).

HERBART, Johann Friedrich (1776-1841): German philosopher who extended his speculations to music, believing to find there a revelation of general laws. He was the first to attempt to fix the normal duration of the rhythmic pulse. He was also a pianist

and composer.

and composer.

HERBECK, Johann Franz von (1831-1877): b. Vienna, d. there; distinguished conductor; was practically self-taught in music; choir-director of the Piaristenkirche, Vienna, 1853; chorus-master of the Vienna Männergesangverein, 1856; professor at the Cons., and chorus-master of the Singverein, 1858; conductor of the Gesellschaft der Musikfreunde, 1859, and again from 1875; chief court Kapellmeister, 1866; director of the Imperial opera, 1871, which position he resigned because of intrigues. He composed part-songs, some for male voices with HENSELT, Adolf von (1814-1889):
b. Schwabach, Bavaria; d. Warmbrunn, Silesia; pianist and composer; studied with Hummel at Weimar and with Sechter in Vienna. He successfully toured Germany in 1837, and went to St. Petersburg in 1838, where he became chamber-pianist to the Emperial spart-songs, some for male voices with norn-quartet, others with orchestra, also several sets for mixed chorus; graduals, 2 masses; symphonices, Symphonice Variations, Tanzmomente for

orchestra and a string quartet. Ref:
III. 212; VI. 334.

HERBERT (1) Victor (1859b. Dublin, Ireland; composer and conductor; studied in Germany; first 'cellist. Court Orchestra, Stuttgart; solo 'cellist Metropolitan Opera House, New York; soloist and conductor, Theodore Thomas, Seidl's and other orchestra; conductor Pittsburgh (Pa.) Orchestra (1898-1904) and Victor Herbert's New York Orchestra (1904-). Has composed numerous successful comic operas; 2 grand operas, 'Natoma' and Madeleine'; an oratorio, 'The Captive'; a concerto for violoncello and orchesNew York as teacher and conductor; studied at Stern Cons.; settled in New York as teacher and conductor; 'Madeleine'; an oratorio, 'The Captive'; a concerto for violoncello and orchesa concerto for violoncello and orchestra; compositions for orchestra, violin, 'cello, songs, etc. Ref.: IV. 154ff, 197, 447, 460; mus. ex., XIV. 228; portrait, V. 458. (2) Therese (Herbert-Förster), wife of Victor H. (1): b. Germany; operatic prima donna; sang in several German opera houses; American début at Thalia Theatre, New York (1887). Ref.: IV. 141.

HERBING, Laugust Bernhard! Val-

HERBING, [August Bernhard] Valentin ([?]-1786); adjunct organist and vicar at the Cathedral of Magdeburg; pub. Musikalische Belustigungen (1758). Musikalische Versuche an Fabeln und Erzählungen des Herrn Prof. Gellerts (1759); composer of songs.

HERBST, Johann Andreas (1588-1666): b. Nuremberg, d. Frankfort; Ka-pellmeister at Hesse, Darmstadt, Frank-fort and Nuremberg; theoretician who originated the rule against hidden fifths as it is still preserved in some text books. He wrote Musica practica (1642), Musica poetia (1643), etc., composed German madrigals and church works.

HERDER, Johann Gottfried von, the great German poet (1744-1803): is important to musical history as having aroused general interest in the revival of folk-song, thus influencing the course of development of the German Lied. He also held definite views on Lied. He also field definite views on musical aesthetics, which he expounded in Kalliyone (1800). Also in Adrasta he writes of music (Handel, the Monodrama, etc.), and he composed texts for cantatas and oratorios, set by Mithel and E. W. Wolf; also opera texts, which were not set to music. Ref.: III. 61; V. 110; VI. 192.

HERING (1) Magister Carl Gottlieb (1766-1853): b. Schandau, Saxony; d. Zittau; musical pedagogue and composer of children's songs which have become popular. He wrote a number of methods and manuals on piano play-

become popular. He wrote a number of methods and manuals on piano play-ing, thorough-bass, singing for chil-dren, violin playing, etc.; pub. several chorale books and instructive piano mu-sic. He founded a Musikalisches Jusic. He founded a Musikatisches Ju-genablait fur Gesang, Klavier und Flöte in 1830, which was continued by his son. (2) Karl Eduard (1807-1879): b. Oschatz, d. Bautzen; son of (1); composer of oratorios, a mass, and other extended works; a number of male choruses, chorales, etc. He

of (2); teacher and song-writer.

HERITTE-VIARDOT. See VIARDOT.

HERMAN, Reinhold Ludwig
(1849-): b. Prenzlau; conductor;
studied at Stern Cons.; settled in
New York as teacher and conductor
(Deutscher Liederkranz); returned to
Berlin, first as substitute for J. Stern,
then conductor of Waldemar Meyer's
orch. concerts. He was conductor of
the Handel and Haydn Society, Boston, 1898-99. He composed 4 operas,
orchestral pieces, choruses and songs.

HERMANN (1) Matthias (16th
eart): b. propely at Warkary or

HERMANN (1) Matthias (16th cent.): b. probably at Warkenz or Warkoing, Flanders (hence Verrecoi-Warkoing, Flanders (hence Verrecoi-enses); cathedral chapel-master at Mi-lan, 1538-55; composer of a realistic 'tone-painting,' Battaglia Taliana, re-printed in various collections; also motets, etc. (2) Johann David: b. Germany about 1785; piano teacher to Queen Maria Antoinette; composer of 6 piano concertos, 15 sonatas, etc. (3) Queen Maria Antoinette; composer of 6 plano concertos, 15 sonatas, etc. (3) Jakob Gottfried (1772-1848): b. Leipzig, d. there; philologist and celebrated writer on metrics. (4) Gottfried (1808-1878): b. Sondershausen, d. Lubeck; violinist (pupil of Spohr) and planist; formed a string quartet with his brother Karl ('cellist); later court Kapellmeister in Sondershausen, municipal Kapellmeister in Lubeck, and of the Bach-Verein, Hamburg. He prod. operas; pub. orchestral and chamber music. (5) Friedrich (1828-1907): b. Frankfort, d. Leipzig, where he was first violinist in the Gewandhaus and stadttheater_orchestras and teacher at Stadttheater orchestras and teacher at the Cons. From 1878 he devoted him-self to composition, being best known self to composition, being best known for his violin music; also prepared editions of classics for string instruments.

(6) Willy (1868-): b. Silesia; organist and composer of choruses (4 to 8 parts), sacred and secular, and men's choruses. (7) Robert (1869-1912): b. Berne; self-taught as composer, received encouragement from Grieg and later studied for a short time with Humperdinck. He composed chamber music, violin sonata, piano suites, two symphonies, a concert overture, songs, etc. (8) E. Hans G. (1870-): b. Leipzig; double-bass player in various orchestras, and composer of songs. ous orchestras, and composer of songs, d by also an opera, a symphony, string quartet, etc. (9) Georg (pseud. Georg nass, and complete the string distribution of the string quartet, etc. (9) Georg (pseud. Georg nass, and complete the string that the string that

HERMANNUS CONTRACTUS (the Lame) [Count von Vehringen] (1013 [?]-1013 [?]-1014 [?]-1054]: h. Sulgau, Suabia; d. Biherach; Benedictine monk at Reichenau. He director, 1869, Kapellmeister, 1887; wrote an important Chronicle (from the foundation of Rome), containing valuable data on musical history, also some little tracts on music, reprinted in Gerbert's Scriptores. He invented a system of musical notation, which was probably based on the Byzantine, but near Paris. Though his father was a Guido's method, just then coming into vogue, prevented the acceptance of H.'s ideas.

HERMANNUS DE ATRIO (early 15th cent.): composer of 2- and 3-part chansons preserved in Vienna (Codex Trent, 89), of which one contains a chord reaching to D below the bass staff, indicating clearly the use of the bass viol.

HERMES, Egyptian god. Ref .: X.

HERMESDORFF, Michael (1833-1885): b. Treves, d. there; priest and cathedral organist; edited the Treves Cacilia, and began the edition of the Graduele ad usum romanum cantus S. Gregorii, the completion of which he Gregori, the completion of which he did not live to see. He pub. a gradual, etc., for the Treves diocese, a Harmonia cantus choralis (4 parts), wrote 3 masses, edited the 2nd ed. of Lück's collection of church music (4 vols.) and translated Guido d'Arezzo's Micrologus.

HERMS, Adeline (1862-): b. Friesack; concert singer (mezzosoprano); pupil of the Berlin Hochschule and O. Eichberg; married Eugen

Sandou, 'cellist, 1895. HERMSTEDT, Johann (1778-1846): b. Longensalza, d. Sondershausen, as court Kapellmeister; clarinet virtuoso, for whom Spohr wrote 3 of his 4 clarinet concertos. H. also composed for his instrument and for military hands military bands.

HERNANDEZ, Pablo (1834-):
b. Saragossa, where he was organist, later going to Madrid as pupil, then teacher at the Cons. He wrote an organ method, 6 organ fugues, a mass with orchestra, and other church music; also a symphony, an overture and a number of Spanish operettas (Zaranglas) zuelas).

HERNANDO, Rafael José Maria (1822-): b. Madrid, pupil of the Cons. there, also studying in Paris, where Cons. there, also studying in Parls, where he prod. a Stabat Mater. He prod. a number of operettas (Zarzuelas) in Madrid and became director of the Théâtre des Variétés, devoted to the exploitation of the Zarzuela type of composition. He became secretary of the Madrid Cons., 1852, professor of harmony there, and composed hymns, cantatas, a votive mass, etc.

HERNER, Karl (1836-1908): b. Rendsburg, d. Hanover; violinist; pupil of Prague Cons. and Joachim; member of orchestras in Hamburg, Kiel, Co-17

HERODOTUS. Ref.: cited, A. 15.
HERODOTUS. Ref.: cited, A. 15.
HEROLD, Louis-Joseph-Ferdinand
(1791-1833): b. Paris, d. at Thernes,
near Paris. Though his father was a
musician and a pupil of C. P. E. Bach,
he did not desire the pursuit of the
profession by his son, whose talent
was discovered by Fétis. After his father's death H. entered the Conservather's death H. entered the Conserva-toire, studied the piano with Louis Adam (winning first prize in 1810), harmony with Catel, and composition with Méhul. He won the Prix de Rome in 1812. He became pianist to Queen Carolme at Naples, and there produced his first opera, La gioventh di Enrico Quinto (1815). Returning to Paris, he finished the score of Boieldieu's Charles de France (1816), earning a success which he followed up with Les Rosières (1817) and La Clochette. After writing (1817) and La Clochette. After writing some instrumental music and several unsuccessful operas, he determined to imitate the style of Rossini, but returned to his own field—comic operawith the successful Marie (1826). While with the successful Marie (1826). While filling the posts of planist, then chorusmaster at the Italian Opera (1824-26) he prod. Les Muletters, L'Asthénie, Vendôme en Espagne, Le Roi René, and Le Lapin blanc. He became, in 1827, chef de chant at the Grand Opéra, for which he wrote several charming ballets (of which one, La Somnambule, furnished Bellini the subject of his opera). After further minor works. H secured his Bellini the subject of his opera). After further minor works, H. secured his most brilliant success with Zampa (1831), followed by L'Auberge d'Aurey, written jointly with Carafa, and La Marquise de Brinvilliers (1831) with Auber, Batton, Berton, Blangini, Boielieu, Carafa, Cherubini and Paër. Le Pré aux clercs (1832), his last completed work, is second only to Zampa m popularity, and his unfinished Ludovic was successfully completed by Halévy. H. also wrote 55 works for plano, including sonatas, caprices, rondos, divertissements, fantasies, variations and potpourris. Ref.: H. 207, 211; VIII. 101, 109; IX. 228, 230; portrait, IX. 226.

trait, IX. 226.

HERSCHEL (1) Friedrich Wilhelm, the celebrated astronomer (1738-1822): b. Hanover, d. near Windsor, Eng.; was originally a musician ('cellist), who went to England with the Hanoverian guard. He became organist in Halifax and in Bath; also wrote a symphony and 2 band concertos. (2) Jakob (d. 1792 in Hanover): brother of (1); violinist and composer of violin sonatas, trio sonatas and quartets with obbligato clavier part, also symphonies, etc.

HERTEL (1) Johann Christian

(1699-1754): b. öttingen, d. Strelitz: tos. His music has been aptly styled virtuoso on the viola da gamba, and composer of many orchestral and chamber-music works. (2) Johann Wilhelm (1727-1789): b. Eisenach, d. Schwerin; son of (1); concert-master, then court Kapellmeister, at Strelitz; composer of a number of symphonies, concertos for different instruments, ora concertos for different instruments, ora torios, and cantatas, psalms, piano Paris: for a time also in England. torios, and cantatas, psalms, piano sonatas, etc., highly esteemed in their day, also edited a collection of favorite (chiefiy Italian and French) music (1757-58, 2 parts). (3) Peter Ludwig (1817-1899): b. Berlin, d. there; court composer and ballet conductor at the Royal Opera, Berlin; composed a number of ballets, chiefly to scenarios by P. Taglioni.

by P. Taglioni.

HERTHER, F. See Gunther.

HERTZ (1) Michael (1844-): b.

Warsaw; pupil of Reinecke, Moscheles, Wenzel, Plaidy and Ruchter at the Leipzig Cons., later of Kullak and Kiel; piano teacher at the Stern Cons., Berlin, teacher in Warsaw. He composed 2 operas, much music for the stage, orchestral works, piano pieces, choruses and songs. (2) Alfred (1872-): b. Frankfort-on-the-Main; conductor; studied at Baff Cons.. Frankfort. Consultations. studied at Raff Cons., Frankfort. Conductor: Hoftheater, Altenburg, Saxony ductor: Hoftheater, Altenburg, Saxony (1892-95); Stadttheater, Barmen-Elber-feld (1895-99); Spring concerts, London (1899); Stadttheater, Breslau (1899-1902); German opera, Metropolitan Opera House, New York (1902-15); San Francisco Symphony Orchestra from 1915. H. conducted at Covent Garden, London, spring and fall, 1910, and directed first performances in America of Parsital, Salome, Konigskinder, Der Rosenkavaller, and original productions of Parker's 'Mona' and 'Fairyland,' Damrosch's 'Cyrano de Bergerac,' etc.; contributor to 'The Art of Music' (1915). Ref.: IV. 149, 153.

HERTZBERG, Rudolf von (1818-1893): b. Berlin, d. there; studied with Berger and Dehn; singing teacher and

Berger and Dehn; singing teacher and later director of the cathedral choir there; Royal Musikdirektor and Royal professor.

rofessor.

HERVÉ, Florimond Ronger (1825-1892): b. near Arras, d. Paris; was at first organist, then became the originator of the French operetta, his affiliation with the theatre beginning in 1848, when he appeared in an intermede of his own composition, Don Quichotte et Sancho Pansa, at the Théâtre National. In 1851 he became conductor of the Theâtre du Palais-Royal. In 1854 he established the Folies Concertates (later the Falies Nouvelles Concertantes (later the Folies Nouvelles and Folies Dramatiques), where he in-augurated the diminutive type of bur-

(1871), HERZ (1) Jacques [Simon] (1794-1880): b. Frankfort, d. Nice; studied at Paris Cons.; pianist and teacher in Paris; for a time also in England; then assistant to his brother (2) at the Conservatoire. He composed a horn sonata, violin sonata, piano quintet and piano pieces. (2) Henri (1806-1888): b. Vienna, d. Paris; piano virtuoso, pupil of his father, of Hunten at Coblentz, Pradher, Reicha, and Dourlen at the Paris Cons., where he won the first piano prize. Moscheles' visit in 1821 led him to emulate that master's style. He toured Germany with the violinist Lafont in 1831; visited London in 1834 and became piano prothe violinist Lafont in 1831; visited London in 1834 and became piano professor at the Paris Cons. in 1842. After losses in the piano manufacturing business, he undertook a concertour through the United States, Mexico and the West Indies (1845-51), after which he was successful with a second business venture making pianos which which he was successful with a second business venture, making planos which received first prize at the Paris Exhibition of 1855. As a pianist H. was rather sensational; as a composer he catered to the popular taste. His 200 or more works were ridiculed by musicians, but netted their composer high revenues. Only his études and Piano Method are likely to survive. H. pub. Mes voyages en Amérique (1866), a reprint of his letters to the Moniteur Universel. Ref.: III. 18; VII. 285ff, 297, 447.

HERZFELD, Victor von (1856-); b. Pressburg; violinist, teacher; pro-fessor at the National Academy, Pesth, from 1886; 2nd violin of the Hubay-Popper Quartet; also composer of or-chestral and chamber music.

chestral and chamber music.

HERZKA, S. (1843-): b. Szegedin; pupil of the Vienna Cons. and of Marmontel, Ambroise Thomas and Berlioz in Paris; piano virtuoso; teacher at the National Institute of Music, Agram, and since 1870 in Vienna; composed the opera Heinrichs IV. erste Viche (1808) Liebe (1806).

HERZOG (1) Benedikt (known as Benedictus Ducis) (16th cent.): b. probably near Constance; organist of the Marienkapelle, Antwerp, and primicerius of the Guild of St. Lucas; appointed organist of the Royal Chapel, London, 1516; apparently went from there to Vienna; became a follower of the Reformation and held pastorates at Ulm and Schalkstetten; the facts of his Ulm and Schalkstetten; the facts of his life are circumstantial; he is supposed to have been a pupil of Josquin des Près, upon whose death a song of lesque or frivolous operetta of which he himself wrote over 50 (including L'œil crevé, Le Petit Faust, and Le mouvel Aladin), and which became the successful vehicle of the more talented offenbach. H. wrote his own libretcompositions presumably by him there have been pub. a song of mourning on the death of Erasmus of Rotterdam (J. Moderne, Lyons, 1538), 2 occasional compositions (Kriestein, Augsburg, 1540), 10 4-part German church songs in Rhaw's Neue deutsche kirchtliche Gesänge (1544), 6ur 3-part songs in Petrejus's Trium vocum cantus (1541), 40 pieces pub. in the collected works of T. Susato; 2 pieces in the Antwerp festival music in honor of Emperor Maximilian I (1515). Ref.: I. 297. (2) Johann Georg (1822-1909): b. Schmolz, Bavaria, d. Munich; organist and organ teacher at Munich Cons., later Musikdrektor and professor at Erlangen Univ.; virtuoso on the organ and composer of chorales, portludes, postludes and interludes, fantasies, etc., for organ; pub. an Organ School, Chorale books, etc. (3) Emilie (1860-); b. Ermatingen, Switzerland; singer; made her début at the Munich court theatre, where she became soubrette and coloratura singer; later at the Royal Opera at Berlin, where she achieved a reputation in Mozart operas; toured and became first mistress of singing at the Royal High-School for Music, Berlin.

HERZOGENBERG, Heinrich von (1843-1900): b. Graz, Styria, d. Wiesba-

School for Music, Berlin.

HERZOGENBERG, Heinrich von
(1843-1900): b. Graz, Styria, d. Wiesbaden; studied with Dessoff at Vienna
Cons., 1862-64. In 1874 he founded, at
Leipzig, the Bach-Verein, with P. Spitta,
F. v. Holstein, and A. Volkland, and
succeeded the latter as its director. He
was prof. of comp. at the Berlin Hochschule (1885-92), and became president
of the Meisterschule for composition,
also a member of the Akademie. He
wrote an oratorio, Die Geburt Christi;
a symphonic poem, Odysseus; 2 symphonies, Deutsches Liederspiel for solo,
chorus and piano duet, and a number phonies, Deutsches Liederspiel for solo, chorus and piano duet, and a number of other choral works, settlings of psalms, etc.; also chamber music, piano pieces (2 and 4 hands), songs, duets, etc. He married Elizabeth von Stockhausen, a talented pianist (1847-92). Ref.: III. 209, 210; VIII. 419.

HESDIN, Pierre (18th cent.): singer at the court of Henri II of France; singer in the papel chapel, 1547-1559; composed masses, motets and chansons.

HESE ELITINE. James (121-1763):

composed masses, motets and chansons.

HESELTINE, James ([?]-1763):
English organist and composer.
HESSOD. Ref.: I. 92; X. 52, 65.
HESS (1) Joachim: organist and composer of chamber at Gouda, Holland, 1766; wrote several treatises on organ playing and organs, in Dutch. (2) Karl (1859-1912): b. Basle, d. Berne; stud. at Leipzig; organist at Berne cathedral, also professor at the Univ. He wrote an organ sonata and preludes, a piano quintet and choral works (motets, a cappella, Psalm 90, etc.), also songs.

(3) Willy (1859-): b. Mannheim; violinist; pupil of his father and Joachim; concertized; became concertmaster in Frankfort, Rotterdam, Maniform, Bruch, Weingartner, etc.); violinist, pianist and composer of chamber music, vocal pieces, grand mass, etc. (3) Ernst Ludwig, Grand-Duke of (1868-): b. Darmstadt; pub. several songs.

HESSELBERG, Édouard Gregory (d'Essenelli) (1870-): b. Riga; pianist, composer, pedagogue; studied at the Philharmonic Cons., Moscow (laureate and medal), later privately under Rubinstein. Came to America, 1892; director in colleges or conservatories in Ithaca (N. Y.), Denver, word and the composer of chamber music, vocal pieces, grand mass, etc. (3) Ernst Ludwig, Grand-Duke of (1868-): b. Darmstadt; pub. several songs.

HESSELBERG, Édouard Gregory (d'Essenelli) (1870-): b. Riga; pianist, composer, pedagogue; studied at the Philharmonic Cons., Moscow (laureate and medal), later privately under Rubinstein. Came to America, 1892; director in colleges or conservatories in Ithaca (N. Y.). Denver, violinist, pupil of his father and Macon (Ga.), Nashville (Tenn.); senior professor of piano, Toronto Cons., etc.;

chester (Hallé Orch.) and Cologne (Gurzenich), where he also taught at the Cons. In 1903 he went to the Royal Acad. of Music, London and 1904 became concert-master of the Boston Symphony Orch., also leader of a string quartet. Ref.: IV. 204. (4) Ludwig (1877-): b. Marburg; singer and composer; pupil of the Berlin Hochschule, Vidal in Milan; gave recitals of modern Lieder, etc., and since 1907 conductor of the Munich Konzertgesellschaft. He composed a symphony, Hans Memling; a music drama, Arionductor of the Munich Konzertgesellschaft. He composed a symphony, Hans Memling; a music drama, Ariadne; choral works, over 100 songs, etc. HESSE (1) Ernst Christian (1676-1762): b. Thuringla, d. Darmstadt; at first an official, then studied the viola da gamba with Marin Marais and Forgueray, becoming the most celebrated of all German virtuosos on this instrument, for which he also wrote sonatas (besides church music). (2) Adolf [Friedrich] (1809-1863): b. Breslau, d. there; organist; son of an organ builder; pupil of Berner and E. Kohler; later of Hummel, Rinck, and Spohr. He was assistant, then organist, in Breslau churches, inaugurated the new organ of St. Eustache in Paris, where he astonished his public by his pedal playing; visited Haly in 1846 and England in 1852, performing on the organs in the Crystal Palace. He also conducted the Breslau symphony concerts for years. He composed an oratorio, Tobias; a dram. cantata, Herzog Ernst von Schwaben; other cantatas; 6 symphonies, 4 overtures, motets, a piano-concerto, chamber music, piano pieces and organ compositions (preludes, fugues, fantasies, etc.); also wrote an Orgelschule (Practical Organist). Ref.: VI. 459f.

HESSE (1) Moritz [the Learned], Landgrave of (1572-1632): was both a music patron and a musician, having provided for Schütz's education in Venice, and composed a number of chorales, psalms, instrumental fugues and dance movements. (2) Alexander

provided for Schutz's education in Venice, and composed a number of chorales, psalms, instrumental fugues and dance movements. (2) Alexander Friedrich, Landgrave of (1863-): b. Copenhagen; pupil of Cornelius Rübner, Paul Klengel, etc.; blind since childhood; pursued further musical studies after becoming Landgrave (Joachim, Bruch, Weingartner, etc.); violinist, pianist and composer of chamber music, vocal pieces, grandmass, etc. (3) Ernst Ludwig, Grand-Duke of (1868-): b. Darmstadt; pub. several songs.

HESSELBERG, Edouard Gregory (d'Essenelli) (1870-): b. Riga; pianist, composer, pedagogue; studied at the Philharmonic Cons., Moscow (laureate and medal), later privately under Rubinstein. Came to America, 1892; director in colleges or conserva-

HETSCH, Louis (1806-1872): b. Stuttgart, d. Mannheim; academic Musikdirektor at Heidelberg until 1846; sikdirektor at Heidelberg until 1846; subsequently Musikdirektor at Mann-heim; composed orchestral, choral and chamber music.

HEUBERGER, Richard Franz Joseph (1850-1914): b. Graz, d. Vienna; by profession a civil engmeer, but devoted himself to music, in 1876 becoming conductor of the Vienna academic conductor of the Vienn coming conductor of the Vienna academic Gesangverein, and in 1878 of the Singakademie. He wrote 2 operas, 2 operettas, ballet, a cantata, overture to Byron's 'Cain'; rhapsody from Ruckert's Liebesfrühling for chorus, an orchestral suite, besides a symphony; orchestral variations on a theme by Schubert; orchestral serenades, partsongs, songs. Ref.: VII, 194; IX. 425.

HEILBUER Konrad (1860-1963). h

HEUBNER, Konrad (1880-1905): b. Dresden, d. Coblenz; studied at the Leipzig Cons. and under Riemann at the Univ. with Nottebohm in Vienna the Univ., with Nottebohm in Vienna and Wullner, Nicodé and Blassmann in Dresden; director of the Singakademie, Liegnitz, 1882, second director of the Singakademie, Berlin, 1884; director of the Cons. and conductor at Coblenz, 1890; composer of overtures, chamber music, a violin concerto and a choral work; arranged Herzogenberg's Peutsches Liederspiel for orchestra. Deutsches Liederspiel for orchestra.

Deutsches Liederspiel for orchestra.

HEUGEL, Jacques Leopold (18151883): b. La Rochelle, d. Paris; founder
of the Paris music-publishing house of
Heugel et fils; editor of Le Ménestrel
from 1834. His firm has pub. the celebrated Conservatoire Methods of the
various branches of the art, written by
Cherubini, Baillot, Mengozzi, Catel, etc.,
and more recently by Garcia, Duprez,
Marmontel, Niedermeyer, etc.

HEUSS. Alfred Valentin (1877-):

HEUSS, Alfred Valentin (1877-): b. Chur; editor; author of a treatise on the instrumental pieces in Monte-verdi's Orfeo and the Venetian operatic sinfonte (1903); editor of the journal of the Internationale Musikgesellschaft since 1904, and a frequent contributor to the same; editor of Krieger's arias and author of several analyses (Musik-führer), also the program books of some of the festivals of the Bach-Gesellschaft.

HEY, Julius (1832-1909): b. Lower Franconia, d. Munich; studied with Lachner and F. Schmitt; became acquainted with Wagner through King Ludwig II and aimed to reform the Ludwig II and aimed to reform the study of singing in a German nationalistic sense; became teacher of singing at the Munich Music School (founded by Ludwig II, according to Wagner's designs, under the direction of Bülow), but resigned after Wagner's death and continued his work in Berlin. He prod. the monumental pedagogical work, Deutscher Gesangsunterricht (in 4 parts, covering speech, vocal instruction for women, do. for men, God. 89). Like Morton, H. is recorded

composed for piano, violin and orch., and textual explanations, 1886); also songs. wrote R. Wagner als Vortragsmeister (1911).

HEYDEN (1) Sebald (1498[4?]-1561): b. Nuremberg, d. there; cantor of the Hospital School, and of St. Sebaldus' Church. He wrote an important baldus' Church. He wrote an important treatise on measured music, Musucae, i.e. artis canendi libri duo (1527; 3rd ed. as De arte canendi, etc. 1540); also Stichiosie musicae, seu rudimenta musicae (1529), Musucae stichiosis, worm vom Ursprung und Nutzen der Musik, etc., or Institutiones musicae (1535); hef: I. 240. (2) Hans (1540-1613); b. Nuremberg, d. there; son of Sebald (1); was organist of the St. Sebald's Church; invented the Geuenclavicimbal or Nirn. invented the Geigenclavicimbal or Nurnbergisch Geigenwerk, which he described in Musicale instrumentum reformatum (1610).

HEYDRICH, Bruno (1865-Leuben, Saxony; studied at the Dresden, Cons., double-bass player in the court orchestras of Meiningen and Dresden; studied singing in Dresden, Berlin, Weimar and Cologne, and sang Wagner rôles in Weimar, Aachen, Cologne, Magdeburg, and Brunswick; finally director of a conservatory of music and drama founded by him in Halle; compress of the operators. Halle; composer of the operas Amen (1895), Frieden (1907) and Der Zufall (1914), piano pieces, choral works with orchestra, chamber music, songs,

HEYER, Wilhelm (1849-1913): b. Cologne, d. there; patron of music; for many years a supporter of the Cologne Concert Society, Conservatory and Musical Society; founded in Concert Society of the Cologne Concert Society of logne, 1906, a Museum of Musical History which now contains over 2600 instruments, about 20,000 musical autographs, 3500 portraits and a large musical library.

HEYMAN, Katherine Ruth: contemp. Amer. song writer. Ref.: IV.

HEYMANN (1) -RHEINECK, Karl August (1852-): b. Castle Rheineck-on-Rhine; pupil of the Cologne Cons.; pupil, then teacher at the Berlin Hochschule; composer of piano pieces and songs. (2) Karl (1854-): b. Filehne, Posen; pianist; pupil of Cologne Cons., and of Kiel in Berlin. Concertized, and after returning on account of ill-health, accompanied the violinist Wilhelmj; then became Musik-direktor at Bingen; and later pianist to the Hesse court. He taught at the Hoch Cons., concertized, and composed bril-Cons., concertized, and composed brilliant and meritorious piano pieces, including a concerto.

ances with bass instruments.

HEYSE (1) Paul: Poet. Ref.: V.
331; VI. 202. (2) Karl (1879-): b.
St. Petersburg; studied organ, etc., at
the Leipzig Cons.; toured as concertorganist from 1903; organist at the
German reformed church in Frontfort German reformed church in Frankfort and teacher at the Hoch. Cons.

HIEL, Emanuel: librettist. VI. 301.

HIEROCLES. Ref.: (quoted) I. 90,

109. HIERONYMUS DE MORAVIA: ca. 1250 Dominican friar in Paris; collected some of the oldest tracts on discant (Discantus positio, Giov. de Garlandia, Franco), reprinted in Coussemaker's Scriptores.

HIGGINSON, Henry Lee (1834-): New York; American banker and noted musical patron; studied music in

noted musical patron; studied music in Vienna, organized and endowed the Boston Symphony Orchestra and built the Symphony Hall at Boston. Ref.: IV. 190; portrait, IV. 172.

HIGNARD, [Jean Louis] Aristide (1822-1898): b. Nantes, d. Vernon; pupil of Halévy at the Paris Cons.; composer of comic operas prod. at the Théâtre Lyrique, the Bouffes Parisiens, etc.; also a 'lyric tragedy,' Hamlet, prod. Nantes, 1888. He also wrote waltzes for piano 4-hands, men's and

prod. Nantes, 1888. He also wrote waltzes for plano 4-hands, men's and women's choruses, songs, etc.

[St.] HILARIUS (4th cent.): bishop of Poitiers, who is supposed to have introduced the Syrian Hymnody into the Western Church. He was an exile in Asia, 356-60, and there became acquainted with the antiphonal and other psalmody practised in the Eastern churches. Three hymns by him have been preserved, which do not prove him the pioneer in metrical (Ambrosian) hymns that he is reputed to be. Ref.: I. 142.

HILDACH, Eugen (1849-): b.

Ref.: 1. 142.

HILDACH, Eugen (1849-): b.
Wittenberge-on-the-Elbe; singer (baritone); widely known as joint recitalist
with his wife Anna (Schubert) H.
(soprano), his fellow-pupil (b. 1852
in East Prussia). In 1886 both joined
the faculty of the Dresden Cons., resigning in 1886 to give concerts throughsigning in 1886 to give concerts throughout Germany.

to have accompanied his vocal performances with bass instruments.

HEYSE (1) Paul: Poet. Ref.: V. 331; VI. 202. (2) Karl (1879): b. thor of a 'Grammar of Music,' 1879, and St. Petersburg; studied organ, etc., at the Leipzig Cons.; toured as concert. an oratorio, cantatas, psalms, etc., an oratorio, etc., etc.

organ suite and an operetta.

HILF, Arno (1858-1909): b. Bad
Elster, nephew and pupil of Christian Wolfgang H. (1818-72), also pupil of David, Schradieck, etc.; violinist; concert-master and conservatory teacher at Moscow, Sondershausen and Leipzig.

of David, Schradieck, etc.; violinist; concert-master and conservatory teacher at Moscow, Sondershausen and Leipzig. HILFERDING: early Russian ballet-master. Ref.: X. 180.

HILL (1) Aaron: librettist of Handel's Rinaldo. Ref.: I. 431, 438f. (2) William (d. 1870): organ builder; increased (with Gauntlett) the range of English organs to contra-C. He built organs in York, Worcester, Birmingham and Melbourne. (3) Uriah C. (1802[?]-1875): b. New York; violinist; pupil of Spohr and founder of the Philharmonic Society of New York in 1842, of which he was first president and in which he played as a first violin. Ref.: IV. 181, 183, 202. (4) Thomas Henry Weist (1828-1891): b. London, d. there; director in the Guildhall School of Music. (5) Karl (1831-1893): b. Idsein (Nassau), d. Sachisenberg (Mecklenburg); baritone, at the court theatre in Schwerin; sang Alberich at the first Bayreuth festival. (6) Wilhelm (1838-1902): b. Fulda, d. Homburg v. d. H.; pianist and composer living in Frankfort from 1854. He wrote an opera, Alona (2nd prize for the concours at the opening of the Frankfort opera); pub. violin sonatas, trios, a piano concerto and songs. (7) Edward Burlingame (1872-): b. Cambridge, Mass.; pupil of J. K. Paine at Harvard, of B. J. Lang, A. Whiting and L. Breitner (piano), and F. F. Bullard and C. M. Widor (composition); instructor in music at Harvard Univ. since 1908; contributor of critical articles to various newspapers and periodicals; composer of songs, piano pieces, 2 pantomimes (orch.), a symphonic poem, 'Lancelot and Guinevere,' choral pieces, etc. Ref.: IV. 388ff; mus. ex., XIV. 286.

HILLE (1) Edward (1822-1891): b. Wahlhausen. Hanover. d. Göttingen;

out Germany.

HILDEURGHAUSEN, [Prince] Joseph zu. Ref.: II. 71 (footnote).

HILDEBRAND (1) Christian. See Fullsack. (2) Zacharius (1680-1743): builder of the organ in the Dresden Catholic Church. (3) Johann Gottfried: son of Zacharias; built St. Michael's Church, Hamburg.

HILES (1) John (1810-1882): b. Shrewsbury, d. London; organist in London, etc.; wrote piano pieces, songs, a series of musical catechisms, and a (horubuch for Hanover (1886). (2) Henry (1826-1904): b. Shrews-blury, d. near London; brother of (1); organist in various churches, Mus. D. Shrews-blury, d. near London; brother of (1); organist in various churches, Mus. D. Mendelssohn Quartet, Boston, 1879, HILLE (1) Eduard (1822-1891): b. Wahlhausen, Hanover, d. Göttingen; studied at the Univ. of Göttingen, and

teacher at the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, 1880; composed violin sonatas, surtes for violin, a double concerto for 2 violins, piano pieces and songs.

2 violins, piano pieces and songs.

HILLEMACHER (1) Paul Joseph
Wilhelm (1852-): b. Paris; composer of a cantata, 'Judas,' which won
the Prix de Rome in 1876, collaborator
with his brother (2), q.v. (2) Lucien
Joseph Edouard (1860-): b. Paris;
brother of and collaborator with (1)
under the combined name of P. L. Hillemacher. His cantata Fingal won the
Prix de Rome in 1890 and the brothers' Prix de Rome in 1880, and the brothers' joint production, Loreley, a symphonic legend in 3 parts, gained the grand prize of the City of Paris. They also

joint production, Loreley, a symphonic legend in 3 parts, gained the grand prize of the City of Paris. They also wrote jointly 3 operas, a comic opera, a pantomime, an antique comedy, Circé, also a passion mystery, orchestral works, songs, and piano pieces.

HILLER (1) (Hiller), Johann Adam (1728-1804): b. Wendisch-Ossig, n. Gorlitz; d. Leipzig. A boy soprano, he was educated at the Gorlitz Gymnasium, the Kreuzschule (Dresden) and the Univ. of Leipzig, where he was also flutist, singer in Doles' concerts, and teacher. After some years as tutor in Dresden and Leipzig, he devoted himself to a revival of the Subscription Concerts in 1763, which eventually developed into the famous Gewandhaus Concerts, of which he was conductor. H. also established a singing-school, and succeeded Doles as cantor of the Thomasschule. He is historically important as the originator of the singspiel, of which type of comic opera he prod. (at Leipzig): Lottchen am Hofe (1760); Der Teufel ist los (1st part, Der lustige Schuster, 1768; 2nd part, Der lustige Schuster, 1768; 2nd part, Der wendadelten Weiber, 1766); Lisuart und Dariolette (1767); Die Liebe auf dem Lande, Der Dorfbarbier, Die Jagd, Die Musen (1772); Der Erntekranz, Der Krieg (1773); Die Jubelhochzeit, Das Grab des Mufit (1779); Pottis, oder Das gerettete Troja (1782), the individual songs in which became very popular. He also composed a Passion cantata, funeral music in honor of Hasse, the 100th Psalm, symphonies and partitas; and edited Ch. Felix Weisse's Lieder für Kinder, Choral Melodien zu Geillerts geistlichen Oden, Vierstimmige Chorarien, a Choralbuch, cantatas, etc. He also pub. the earliest musical paper, Wöchentliche Nachrichten und Anmerkungen die Musik betterfend (1766-70). and wrote Lebene. cantatas, etc. He also pub. the earliest musical paper, Wöchentliche Nachrichten und Anmerkungen die Musik betreifend (1766-70), and wrote Lebensbeschreibungen berühmter Musikgelehrten und Tonkinstler (1784); über Metastasio und seine Werke (1786); Anneisung und Werke (1786); tastasio und seune Werke (1786); court orch., Munich.
Anweisung zum musikalisch richtigen
Gesang (1774); Anweisung zum musikalisch zierlichen Gesang (1780); Anweisung zum Violinspiel (1792); prepared the 2nd ed. of Adlung's Anleitung
zur musikalischen Gelahrtheit (with
comments, 1783), arranged Pergolesi's
Stabat Mater for four-part chorus, and lar songs; Mus. Bac., Cambridge, 1626;

pub. works of Handel, Haydn, Graun and Hasse. Ref.: II. 88, 191; V 176f, 191, 197; IX. 80, 81; portrait, V. 192. (2) Friedrich Adam (1768-1812): b. Leipzig, d. Konigsberg; son of (1); singer and violinist; conductor in Schwerin, 1790, Altona, 1796, and Königsberg, 1798. He wrote 4 singspiele, 6 string quartets, also smaller vocal and instr. pieces. (3) Ferdinand [von], (1811-1885): b. Frankfort, d. Cologne; pianist, conductor and composer; studied violin with Hofmann, piano with Aloys Schmitt and theory with Vollweiler. He was a pupil of Hummel at Weimar from 1825, and accompanied him to Vienna in 1827, where he pub. a string quartet (having begun composition at the age of 12). He taught for a time in Paris, but, of independent means, soon devoted himself to perfecting himself as pianist and composer, giving concerts with Fétis and Baillot. and earning a pianist and composer, giving concerts with Fétis and Baillot, and earning a reputation as an interpreter of Beethoven. After some time in Frankfort he prod. his opera Romilda at Milan, which was not successful, but his oratorio, Die Zerstorung Jerusalems, prompted Mendelssohn to invite him to produce it at Leipzig, where he also conducted the Gewandhaus concerts during 1843-44. He prod. 2 operas, Traum in der Christnacht (1845) and Conradin (1847) at Dresden, and then Conradin (1847) at Dresden, and then became municipal Kapellmeister at Dusseldorf, and in 1850 at Cologne, where he organized the Cons. and conducted the Gurzenich Concerts as well as the Lower Rhine festivals. During 1852-53 he cond. the Italian Opera in Paris. H.'s compositions comprise over 2000 numbers remarkable for flowing 200 numbers, remarkable for flowing melody, sparkling rhythm, clarity and elegance, rather than depth. Besides the operas already named, they include elegance, rather than depth. Besides the operas already named, they include 3 others, also 2 oratorios, 6 cantatas and other choral works, many piano compositions, including a concerto, sonatas, suites and small pieces (Rèveries, etc.), a sonata and a suite for violin and piano, a 'cello sonata, 5 trios, 5 quartets, 5 string quintets, overtures, 3 symphonics, etc. Ref.: II. 263 (footnote); III. 9; VI. 168; VII. 176, 182; VIII. 249; portrait, VI. 176. HILPERT, [W. Kasimir] Friedrich (1841-1896): h. Nuremberg, d. Munich; 'cellist, pupil of Grützmacher at Leipzig Cons., co-founder and member for 8 years of the Florentine Quartet, then solo 'cellist at the Vienna Hofoper, and finally teacher at the Royal School of Music and soloist in the Royal court orch., Munich.

HILTON (1) John: ca. 1593 organist and singer at Lincoln, then Cambridge (Bac.); composer of the 'Faire Oriana' in the 'Triumphs of Oriana' (1601) and 2 other madrigals of 1610. (2)

Himmel Hitzelberger

organist of St. Margaret's, Westminster. He pub. 'Ayres or Fa-las for Three Voices' (1627; repub. by the Mus. Antiq. Soc., 1844) and 'Catch That Catch Can' (1652). His church music is pub. in Lowes' 'Choice Psalmes,' Rimbault's 'Cathedral Music' and in MS in the British Musum MS. in the British Museum.

MS. in the British Museum.

HIMMEL, Friedrich Heinrich (1765-1814): b. Treuenbrietzen, Brandenburg; d. Berlin; planist and composer. At first a candidate for the ministry, he secured from King Friedrich Wilhelm II a stipend to study music in Dresden, with Naumann. His compositions brought him an appointment as royal chember-composer and ment as royal chamber-composer, and after studying in Italy for two years, he prod. 2 operas, Il primo navigatore (Venice, 1794) and Semiranide (Naples, 1795). In 1795 he succeeded Reichardt 1795). In 1795 he succeeded Reichardt as court Kapellmeister in Berlin. In 1798 he prod. his opera Alessandro in St. Petersburg, then lived in Riga, and also visited Paris, London, and Vienna. After the battle of Jena, he followed the court to Pyrmont, went to Cassel and Vienna, and finally returned to Berlin. He wrote the Italian opera Vasco di Gama (Berlin, 1801); the operatus Frohsinn und Schwarmeret (1801); Fanchon, das Leiermadchen (1804); Die Sylphen (1806); Der Kobold (Vienna, 1811); an oratorio, a cantata, church musle, chamber music, etc.; also quasi-popular songs (Es kann ja nicht immer so bleiben, etc.) Ref.:

also quasi-popular songs (Es kann ja nicht immer so bleiben, etc.) Ref.: II. 152, 162; V. 229; IX. 82. HINCKLEY, Allan (1877-): b. Boston; operatic bass; studied sing-ing with Oscar Saenger in New York; début at the Hamburg Municipal Theatre; member of the Metropoli-tan Opera Co., in New York, since 1908; sang under Hans Richter in Bay-reuth.

reuth.

HINCKS, Marcella. Ref.: (cited on Japanese dancing) X. 35.

HINRICHS (1) Johann Christian (b. Hamburg, 1760); pub. a history of Russian hunting music, while living in St. Petersburg. (2) Friedrich (1820-1892): b. Halle, d. Berlin; son of the philosopher H. F. W. Hinrichs; brotherin-law and friend of Robert Franz, whose style he imitated in some songs. He wrote R. Wagner und die neuere Musik (1854). (3) Marie H. (1828-1891): d. Halle; wife of (2); composer of songs. of songs.

HINTON, Arthur (1869-): b. Beckenham, Kent, Eng.; studied violin and composition at the Royal Academy of Music (where he afterwards became sub-professor) and under Rheinberger at Munich. Composed 2 symphonies, an opera Tamara, an orchestral fantasy, as suite for violin and piano, a violin sonata, a trio, a piano quintet, a dramatic romance, Chant des Vagues for 'cello and orch., piano pieces and songs. H. married Katherine Goodson, the pinist Paf. III 427 anist. Ref.: III. 427.

HIPKINS, Alfred James (1826-1903): b. Westminster, d. London; partner of Broadwood & Sons from partner of Broadwood & Sons from 1840: expert on old instruments, on which he lectured. He wrote 'A Guide Through the Loan Collection of Musical Instruments in Albert Hall' (1885), 'Old Keyboard Instruments' (1887), 'Musical Instruments, Historic, Rare and Unique' (1888), 'A Description and History of the Pianoforte and Older Keyboard Stringed Instruments' (1896) and 'Dorian and Phrygian' (1903). He was also one of the principal collaborators also one of the principal collaborators on 'Grove's Dictionary.'

HIPPEAU, Edouard: author Berlioz, l'homme et l'artiste (3 vols., 1883-85), Berlioz et son temps (1892), Henry VIII et l'opéra français (a study of Saint-Saëns in Renaissance fran-

caise, 1893).

caise, 1893).

HIPPOGRATES. Ref.: V. 55.

HIRSCH, Karl (1858-): b.

Wemding, near Nordlingen; conductor
and music teacher in Sigmaringen, St.

Jumier and Munich; conductor of the
Liedertafel in Mannheim, the Liederkranz in Cologne, several societies in
Elberfeld and Heilbronn; director of
the music school in the latter town;
since 1909 director of the Liedertafel
Aurora and the Chorverein at BadenBaden; composer of male choruses
with orchestra and mixed choruses
a cappella.

a cappella. HIRSCHBACH, Hermann (1812-1888): b. Berlin, d. Leipzig; editor of the Musikalisch-Kritisches Repertorium;

the Musikalisch-Krutsche's Repertorium; prolific composer of chamber music, symphonies, overtures and 2 operas.

HIRSCHFELD, Robert (1858-1914): b. Moravia, d. Salzburg; studied at the Vienna Cons.; teacher of musical æsthetics there, from 1884; director of the Mozarteum in Salzburg, from 1913; author of Das kritische Verfahren Hanslicks (1885), a memorial monograph for the Mozart centenary celebrations (1891), a biography of Cimarosa, in the catalogue of the Cimarosa Festival, Vienna, 1901; arranged Haydn's Apotheker, Mozart's Zaide and Schubert's Der vierjahrige Posten for revival in Vienna.

HIRSCHMANN, Henri (1872-):

Posten for revival in Vienna.

HIRSCHMANN, Henri (1872-):
b. St. Maudė; composer of the operas
L'amour à la bastille (1897), Lovelace (1898), Rolande (1905), Hernani
(1909), La danseuse de Tanagra (1911),
La petite Nanon (1913), and the operettas Das Schwalbenfest (Berlin, 1904),
La petite Bohême (1905), La feuille de
vigne (1907), Mile. Don Juan (1909),
La vie joyeuse (1910), Les petits
étoiles (1911), Les deux princesses
(1914), also pantomimes and ballets.

HITZELBERGER, Sabina (1755-

(1914), also pantomimes and datiess.

HITZELBERGER, Sabina (1755[?]): b. Randersacker; coloratura soprano; attached to the court of the

Prince Bishop of Würzburg; sang for
a season at the Concerts Spirituels,
Paris (1776), and for a season at the

Winter Concerts, Frankfort; had many

octaves.

HIAWATSCH, Woizech Ivanovitch (1849-): b. Leditsch, Bohemia; studied in the Paris School for Organists; conducted in Bohemia and in St. Petersburg, where he organized a students' orchestra. In 1900 he became organist in the court orchestra. His compositions are orchestral works, with organization works, also of the property were charges and property were charges. pianoforte pieces, choruses, etc., also a comic opera.

HOBBS, J. William (1799-1877): b. Henley, d. Croydon; tenor and com-

nemery, to. Croylon, tende and composer.

HOBRECHT (or Obrecht, Obreht, Obertus, Hobertus), Jakob (ca. 1430-ca. 1506): b. Utrecht, Antwerp; one of the most eminent composers of the Netherland school; chapel-master at Utrecht Cathedral, 1465, at Notre-Dame, Antwerp, 1492, and chaplain in 1494. He wrote numerous masses, motets, hymns, to be found in various collections of the period, in MS. in the Munich Royal Library, and in the archives of the Papal chapel. A Missae Obreht (1503), containing the masses Je ne demande, Grecorum, Fortuna desperata, Malheur me bat, Salve divaparens, was printed by Petrucci; also the mass Si dedero (in Missae diversorum, vol. 1). Ref.: I. 248, 251; VI. 48.

48.

HOCHBERG, [Hans Heinrich XIV] Bolke, Count von (1843-): b. Castle Fürstenstein, Silesia; abandoned statesmanship for music; maintained a private string quartet and founded the Silesian music festivals, 1876. He became Royal general intendant of the drama in Berlin, and retired to his Castle Rohnstock, 1903. He composed a singspiel, a romantic opera, 2 symphonies, chamber music, songs, and choruses, all of considerable merit. merit.

HOCMELLE, Edmond (1824-1895): Paris, d. Asnières, near Paris; music critic who used the pseudonym Edmond de Bussy.

de Bussy.

HODGES (1) Edward (1796-1867):
b. Bristol, d. Clifton; organist at Bristol, Toronto, Can., and New York (St. John's Chapel and Trinity Church);
Mus. D., Cambridge, 1825. He returned to England in 1863, wrote an essay on the cultivation of church music, contributed to the 'Quarterly Musical Magazine' and the 'Musical World'; also composed church music. (2) Faustina Hasse (d. New York, 1895): daughter of (1); organist of churches in Philadelphia and composer. (3) John Sebastian Bach: son of (1); rector of St. Paul's, Baltimore, and organist.

HODGKINSON (1) Francis (18th cent.): Early American operatic promoter. Ref.: IV. 111. (2) John (18th cent.): founder of the Columbian Anacreontic Soc. (New York). Ref.: IV. 90.

HOECKH, Karl (1707-1772):

successful pupils; her range was 3 Ebersdorf, near Vienna, d. Zerbst; accordaves.

HLAWATSCH, Woizech Ivanovitch (1849-): b. Leditsch, Bobeau concert-master in Zerbst. He composed among other works symphonies, violin concertos, violin solos, also Partieen for 2 violins and bass (7 pub.). Among his pupils was (7 pub.). F. W. Rust.

arso Fairlean for 2 violins and pass (7 pub.). Among his pupils was F. W. Rust.

HOFFMANN (1) Eucharius (16th cent.): b. Heldburg, Franconia; cantor, etc., in Stralsund; pub. musical treatises in Latin (1582-1584), etc.; also German (4-part) settings of psalms of David, etc. (2) Leopold (1730-1793): b. Vienna, d. there; chapel-master at St. Stephen's Cathedral, Vienna (where Mozart was for a time his assistant); prolific composer of church music (masses, graduals, offertories, etc.), also symphonies, concertos, trios, etc., which were among the first Viennese compositions influenced by the style of the Mannheim School, and which rivalled Haydn's early works in popularity. (3) Ernst Theodor [Amadeus] Wilhelm (Amadeus being added by him because of his love of Mozart), (1776-1882): b. Königsberg, d. Berlin; poet, composer and caricaturist; studied law, and music with the organist Podbielski; became assessor at Posen, but was removed to Plozk in 1802 for offensive caricaturing; secured a position at Warsaw in 1803 and was forced to teach music after reverses caused by the war. In 1808 he was made conductor at the Bamberg theatre, and later of the orchestra of Sckonda's Schauspielergesellschaft in Leipzig and Dresden. Meanwhile he wrote whimsical articles for the Allgemeine musicalische Zeitung under the pen-name of 'Kapellmeister Johannes Kreisler,' which were repub. as Phantasieslicke in Callot's Manier, with preface by Jean Paul latische Zeitung under the pen-name of Kapellmeister Johannes Kreisler, which sic, were repub. as Phantasiesticke in Callot's Manier, with preface by Jean Paul Richter (2 vols., 1814). During the last 6 years of his life H. was engaged in a judicial capacity in Berlin. Among his admirers were Beethoven, Weber, Schumann, and Carlyle. He composed several operas, incl. Undune (Berlin, ris-1816), a ballet, incidental music to plays, a mass, Miserere, and other volt; alworks; also a symphony, an overture, a quintet for harp and strings, on on-1816, and the several operation of the several opera

of the Bohemian String Quartet.

HOFFMEISTER, Franz Anton
(1754-1812): b. Rotenburg, d. Vienna;
founded, with A. Kuhnel, the Bureau de
musique (now C. F. Peters) in Leipzig, 1805, but left the firm to return
to Vienna. He composed 9 operas,
symphony, serenades, and hundreds of
pieces for flute, 42 string quartets,
other chamber music and piano sontass, etc., popular in this time but
without permanent value. Ref.: II.
109.

HOFFS, Friedrich von (1842-): b. Geldern; composer of songs, male choruses (some over his own texts), and editor of old Italian madrigals, etc., and old German songs.

etc., and old German songs.

HOFHAIMER (Hofhelmer, Hofheymer), Paulus von (1459-1537): b.
Salzburg, d. there; arch-ducal, then
imperial, court-organist at Innsbruck;
later cathedral organist at Salzburg,
and said to have been without a rival
as a master of his instrument. He is also
considered one of the most gifted German considered one of the most gifted German composers of the 15th century, his 4-part German songs being found in the collections of oglin (1512), Egenolf (1535), Forster (1539); other music in MSS. at Berlin. He also set some of the Harmoniæ poetica (odes of Horace, etc.), others being set by Senfi (1539, repub. 1868).

HOFMANN (1) Heinrich [Karl Johann] (1842-): b. Berlin; studied with Grell, Dehn, and Wuerst; achieved hann] (1842-): b. Berlin; studled with Grell, Dehn, and Wierst; achieved a reputation as pianist and teacher, but devoted himself to composition after producing successfully an opera, Cartouche (1869), a Hungarian Suite for orch. (1873), and the 'Frithjof' symphony (1874). His other works include the operas Der Matador (Berlin, 1872); Armin (Dresden, 1872); Annchen von Oranien (ib., 1882); Donna Diana (Berlin, 1886); the comic opera Lully (Stettin, 1889); the secular oratorio Prometheus (1896); the cantata Selig sind die Todten (op. 64), and other important choral works (male, female, mixed, with soli and orch.); part-songs and vocal pieces with orch. For orchestra he has written 3 Charakterstücke; 2 suites ('Hungarian' and Im Schlosshof); a Schauspiel-Ouvertüre; Bilder aus Norwegen; a scherzo, Irriichter und Kobolde, a Serenade for strings and a Trauermarsch; and for piano some fine duets and characteristic solo pieces. He also wrote a piano quartet, a trio, a Konzertstück for flute, an octet, a sextet, a string quartet, a 'cello screnade, a violin sonata, etc. Ref.: III. 20, 212, 257; VI. 203f; VIII. 321f; portrait, VI. 202.

New York in 1847, where he first played Thalberg's Sonnambula fantasia in public, and later appeared frequently at the Philharmonic concerts. where he also directed the Singuently at the Philharmonic concerts. where he also directed the Singuently at the Philharmonic concerts. where he also directed the Singuently at the Philharmonic concerts. akademic, taught, became Royal professor and instructor of instrumentation at the Cons. He pub. a series of methods for various orchestral instruments, also a catechism of musical instruments (6th ed., 1903), a Grosse HOFFMEISTER. Franz Anton struments, also a catechism of musical instruments (6th ed., 1903), a Grosse Violintechnik and an important Praktische Instrumentationslehre (1893, Englische Instrumentationslehre (1893, Eng-lish trans., 1898); also compositions for piano, for string and wind instruments. (3) Josef (1876-): b. Cracow; pi-anist, son of Kasimir H. (composer of operettas), appeared as 'wonder child' in Europe and America, where he found a wealthy patron; then became pupil of Moszkowski and Rubinstein and d'Albert; toured Europe and Amer-ica successfully many times; also com-posed a piano concerto and smaller piano pieces. piano pieces.

HOFMANNSTHAL, Hugo von.: contemporary German author; libretist of operas by Richard Strauss. Ref.: V. 331; IX. xv. 436, 439.
HOFMEISTER (1) Friedrich (1782-1864): b. Strehlen, d. near Leip-

(1782-1864): b. Strehlen, d. near Leipzig; founder of a music publishing house (bearing his name) in Leipzig, 1807, and editor of the Musikalische Monatsbericht, a list of all German music pub. in Germany during the month, which was continued by his successors. (2) Adolf (d. 1870): son and successor of (1); revised an edition of Whistling's 'Manual of Musical Literature' (to 1843) and issued a number of supplements, also continued by the firm, which was for years under the management of Albert Röthing (1845-1907).

HOGARTH, George (1783-1870): b.

HOGARTH, George (1783-1870): b. London; originally an official and musical amateur, then critic and historian; collaborator on Harmonicon' from 1830, music editor London Morning Chronicle from 1834, music critic of the Daily News, 1846-66. He wrote Musical History, Biography and Criticism' (2 vols., 1835, 1838); 'Memoirs of the Musical Drama' (1838; 2nd ed., Memoirs of the Opera'); 'The Philharmonic Society of London, 1813-62' (1862), and 'The Life of Beethoven', He was secretary of the London Philharmonic Soc. and pub. glees and other vocal pieces. HOGARTH, George (1783-1870): b.

harmonic Soc. and pub. glees and other vocal pieces.

HOHENEMSER, Richard [Heinrich] (1870-): b. Frankfort-a-M.; studied musical history with Spitta and Bellermann in Berlin and musical science with Sandberger in Munich; author of Luigi Cherubini, sein Leben und seine Werke (1913), Über Programmustk (1900), Über die Volksmusik in den deutschen Alpenländern (1912), J. Brahms und die Volksmusik (1902), Die Kompositionen von Clara Wieck-Schumann (1905), Robert Schumann unter dem Einfluss der Alten (1909), and Beethoven als Bearbeiter OK

schottischer und anderer Volksweisen | 1559-64. Collections of his works (Ger-(1910).

HOHLFELD, Otto (1854-1895): b. Zeulenroda, Vogtland; d. Darmstadt; court concert-master, violin virtuoso, composer for string instruments and

pianoforte.

HOL, Richard (1825-1904): b. Amsterdam, d. Utrecht; piano teacher and conductor of choral societies, etc., in Amsterdam; cathedral organist and director of the municipal music school in Utrecht; also conductor of concerts at The Hague and Amsterdam. He was a member of the French Academy and otherwise highly honored; also and otherwise highly honored; also highly esteemed as a composer, having written 4 symphonies, choral ballads (with orchestra), an oratorio David, 2 operas, masses, Dutch (and some German) songs and other works, over 125 in all; also a vocal method. He wrote criticisms and a monograph on Sweelinck (1859-60) and edited the periodical Het orgel to 1900.

Inck (1859-80) and edited the periodical Het orgel to 1900.

HOLBORNE, Antony (16th cent.): author of a 'Cittharn-School' pub. by his brother William in 1597, and containing pieces for the English guitar (in tablature), for violin, and 3-part Neapolitan canzonets by H. Other pieces by him are in Dowland's 'Varieties of Lute Lessons' (1610).

HOLBROOKE, Josef (1878-): b. Croyden; pupil of his father, a musician, and at the Royal Acad. of Music, where he took several prizes; toured as pianist, conducted various orchestras and his own works in London. He prod. 2 operas, 'Pierrot and Pierrette' (1909) and 'The Children of Don' (1912); also a drama 'Dylan,' a choral symphony and several extensive choral works; also chamber music and songs. Ref.: III. Vili, ix, x, xi, xii, 433; VI. 374f; VII. 589.

HOLDEN, Offiver (18th cent.): publisher and composer in Charlestown, Mass.; wrote the hymn tune 'Coronation' and many others; pub. 'The American Harmony' (1792). Ref.: IV.

52, 53.

52, 53.

HOLDER, William (1614-1697): b. Nottinghamshire, d. London; canon at Ely Cathedral, then at St. Paul's, London; voto 'Elements of Speech' (1669); also a theory of harmony (1694; 3rd ed., 1731, with Gottfried Keller's 'Rules for Playing a Thorough Bass'), which contains the earliest proof that the division of the octave into 53 parts affords the clearest exposition of tonal relations.

man sacred and secular songs in 4-8 parts; Tricina) were pub. by his friend, J. Publier, in 1570, etc.; 40 4- to 8-part motets are scattered through various collections of the 16th cent.; some of his pieces were repub. by Commer. (3) Benno (1853-): b. Amsterdam, violinist, won first prize at Paris Cons. Made concert tours, played viola in London orchestras, became concertmaster of the German opera under Hans Piehton virging and prize the concertmans of the German opera under Hans Richter, giving symphony concerts on his own account from 1903. He also taught at the Guildhall School of Mu-sic, and composed 2 violin concertos,

sic, and composed 2 violat concertos, a symphony and chamber music.

HOLLAENDER (1) Alexis (1840-); b. Rathor, studied music at the Royal Academy, Berlin, taught at Kullak's Academy, conducted choral societies and became docent at the Humboldt Academy. He pub. chamber music, Academy. He pub. chamber music, piano pieces, songs, and choruses, also preparatory exercises for choral singing. (2) Gustav (1855-): b. Silesia, violinist, pupil of David and Joachim; Royal chamber musican at the court opera, Berlin, also teacher at Kullak's Academy. He toured with Carlotta Patti, and established chamber music concerts with Yaves Schemetel. music concerts with Xaver Scharwenka and H. Grunfeld in Berlin. In 1881 he became concert-master of the Gurzenich concerts and teacher at the Cons. in concerts and teacher at the Cons. in Cologne, also concert-master at the municipal theatre there and became first violin of the 'Professoren' String Quartet. In 1895 he became director of the Stern Cons. He pub. a number of compositions for violin. (3) Viktor (1866-): brother of (2), was a pupil of Kullak, Kapellmeister at Berlin theatres and composer of a Singspiel, operas, plano pieces, etc.

HOLLINS, Alfred (1865-): contemp. blind English organist and composer for organ. Ref.: VI. 494.

HOLLMANN. Joseph (1852-): b. Maestricht; 'cellist; pupil of Servais; Royal Dutch chamber musician.

Royal Dutch chamber musician.

HOLMES, Augusta Mary Anne (1847-): b. Paris, of Irish parentage. She studied composition with Lambert, Klose, and Cesar Franck after Ely Cathedral, then at St. Paul's, London; wrote Elements of Speech' (1669); and also a theory of harmony (1694; 3rd ed., 1731, with Gottfried Keller's 'Rules for Playing a Thorough Bass'), which contains the earliest proof that the division of the octave into 53 parts affords the clearest exposition of tonal relations.

HOLE, William (early 17th cent.): the earliest English music-printer who pub. music engraved on copper ('Parthenia,' 1611, and Prime musiche nuove, by Angelo Notari, 1613).

HOLLANDER (1) Jans (Jean de Hollande): 16th cent. contrapuntist.

(2) Christian Janszone, son of (1), chapel master at Audenarde, 1549-57, chapel singer to Emperor Ferdinand 1

on contemp. German musicians (1828), a biography of Purcell, an analytical Mozart catalogue, and miscell. articles. (2) William Henry (1812-1885): b. Sudbury, d. London; planist; pupil of the Royal Academy of Music, where he later taught, among others, Bennett, Macfarren and Davison. He composed later taught, among others, Bennett, Macfarren and Davison. He composed both vocal and instr. works, but publittle. (3) Alfred (1837-1876): b. London, d. Paris; violin virtuoso, trained, with his brother (4) by his father, chiefly by Spohr's method, later Rode, Baillot and Kreutzer. The brothers appeared with great success in London, Brussels, Germany (tour to Vienna, 1856), Sweden, Copenhagen, Amsterdam and Paris, where Alfred H. settled. He composed symphonies ('Jeanne d'Arc,' 'Shakespeare's Youth,' 'Robin Hood,' etc.), overtures ('Cid,' The Muses') and an opera (not pub.) (4) Henry (1839-1905): b. London, d. San Francisco; brother of Alfred (3). Left his brother in Paris to return to London by way of Scandinavia, taught at the Royal College of Music and appeared both as soloist and quartet player. He composed 5 symphonies, a concert overture, a violin concerto, 2 string quintets, violin solos and 2 cantatas; and edited sonatas of Coreli, Tartini, Bach and Handel.

HOLST, Gustave Theodore von (1874-) ' b. Cheltenham England:

cantatas; and context and the context and context and

von (1826-1878): D. Brunswick, d. Leipzig; became an army officer, but studied musical theory under Richter at the Brunswick cadet school. He privately prod. an operetta, Zwei Nächte in Venedig (1845), while a lieutenant, and after the Schleswig-Holstein campaign, wrote the 5-act grand opera, Wonerlu, whereupon Hauptmann adand after the Schleswig-Holstein campaign, wrote the 5-act grand opera, Waverly, whereupon Hauptmann advised him to follow a musical career. The latter became his teacher in 1853 at Leipzig Cons., and he studied further while visiting Rome, Berlin and Paris, finally settling in Leipzig. He was also a poet and artist, and wrote his own libretti. He composed the operas Der Haideschacht (Dresden, 1868); Der Erbe von Morley (Leipzig, 1872); Die Hochländer (Mannheim, 1876); and Marino Faliero (unfinished), also 2 overtures, a scene for soprano solo

serving music students. Ref.: III. 256. HOLTER, Iver (1850-): b. Gausdal, Norway; pupil of Svendsen and the Leipzig Cons. He became Grieg's successor as conductor of the Bergen Harmonie, later became conductor of the Christiana Musical Society, and of 2 choral societies; also taught at the Cons. He pub. a symphony and other orchestral pieces, a violin romanza with orchestra, string quartet cantatas with

chestra, string quartet, cantatas with orchestra, piano pieces, etc.

HOLYOKE, Samuel (1771-1816): b.
Boxford, Mass., d. Concord, N. H.;
teacher and composer of the hymn-tune
'Arnheim' and many similar pieces.

Ref .: IV. 52f.

Ref.: IV. 52f.

HOLZ, Karl (1798-1858): b. Vienna, d. there; was Beethoven's trusted friend in business matters. An official in the finance department; he was also a good violinist; was member of the Bohemian quartet, 2nd violinist of the Schuppanzigh quartet in 1825, and later conductor of the 'Spiritual' concerts in Vienna. Ref.: VII. 521 (footnote).

HOLZBAUER, Ignaz (1711-1783): b. Vienna, d. Mannhelm. He was intended for a lawyer but taught himself music secretly with the aid of Fux's Gradus ad Parnassum. Following its author's advice, he went to Italy, but owing to illness was obliged to return, and became Kapellmeister to Count Rot-

owing to illness was obliged to return, and became Kapellmeister to Count Rottal in Moravia, at the Vienna Hoftheater in 1745, at Stuttgart in 1750, and at Mannheim in 1753. He prod. several operas in Rome (1756), Turin (1757), and Milan (1759). His works, which were highly esteemed and eulogized by Mozart, include 11 Italian operas, a German opera, Günther von Schwarzburg (Mannheim, 1776); 5 oratorios, 26 masses with orch. (1 German); 37 motets; 196 instrumental symphonies, 18 string quartets and 13 concertos for various instruments. Ref.: II. 67. II. 67.

HÖLZEL (1) Karl (1808-1883); b. Linz, d. Pesth; singing teacher and song composer. (2) Gustav (1813-1883); b. Pesth, d. Vienna; basso buffo at the Vienna Opera; composer of Mein Liebster ist im Dorf der Schmied, and other songs well known in Germany.

in Germany.

HÖLZL, Franz Seraph (1808-1884): b. Malaczka, Hungary, d. Funkkirchen; composer of church music and an ora-torio, 'Noah.'

HOMER, the Greek poet. Ref.: I. 92; IX. 184; X. 52, 53f, 56f, 57, 65.
HOMER (1) Sidney (1864-): b. Boston; studied with George W. Chadwick and at Royal Cons., Munich, under Erbe von Morley (Leipzig, 1872); Die Wick and at Royal Cons., Munich, under Marino Faliero (unfinished), also 2 overtures, a scene for soprano solo with orch; a trio and other chambermusic; part-songs and solo songs. A vol. of his poems was published post-humously. H. left a valuable legacy for the benefit of indigent and de-IV. 148; portrait, IV. 144. HOMEYER, Paul Joseph Maria (1853-1908): b. Osterode, d. Leipzig; studied at the Leipzig Cons. and at Duderstadt; toured Austria and Italy as organ virtuoso; organist at the Gewandhaus and teacher of organ and theory at the Cons., Leipzig; author with R. Schwalm of a method for organ; pub. editions of the organ works of J. S. Bach, Mendelssohn and Schumann.

HOMILIUS (1) Gottfried August (1714-1785): b. Rosenthal, Saxony, d. Dreeden He was a numil of J. S. Bach, ber of meritorious church compositions ber of meritorious church compositions ber of meritorious church compositions ber of meritorious church compositions

HOMILIUS (1) Gottfried August (1714-1785): b. Rosenthal, Saxony, d. Dresden. He was a pupil of J. S. Bach, and the teacher of J. A. Hiller; organist in Dresden, then cantor of the Kreuz-talled described diseases of the three in Dresden, then cantor of the Krettz-schule and musical director of the three principal churches in Dresden; highly esteemed as church composer, having written 2 Passions, 1775, a Christmas oratorio, cantatas, motets, chorales, etc., also a school of thorough-bass. (2) Friedrich (1813-): b. Saxony; celebrated Waldhorn player; member of a Dresden band, then first hornist of the Imperial Theatre Orchestra at St. the Imperial Theatre Orchestra at St. Petersburg, professor at the Cons. there, and for over 25 years director of the Philharmonic Society. (3) Louis (1845-1908): b. St. Petersburg, d. there, son of (2), pupil of his father and Anton Rubinstein, also of Davidoff in 'cello; 'cellist and pianist; organist of St. Peter and St. Paul's, 'cellist in the Importal Theories Organisto Properial Theatre Orchestra, organ pro-fessor at the Cons. and composer of

choruses, songs, piano pieces, etc. HONAUER, Leonti (18th cent.): Paris composer of sonatas said to have served as models for Mozart. Ref.: IL

HOOK, James (1746-1827): b. Norwich, d. Boulogne; organist and composer. He was musical director at Marylebone Gardens, London, 1769-73, at Vauxhall Gardens, 1774-1820; organist at St. John's, Horsleydown, for a long period. He wrote 2,000 songs, of which "Within a Mile of Edinboro' town' and 'Sweet Lass of Richmond Hill' ore still remorphered. wwn and 'Sweet Lass of Richmond Hill' are still remembered; catches, cantatas, an oratorio, 'The Ascension' (1776); 'operas, piano sonatas, organ concertos, rondos, transcriptions, and an instruction-book for piano. Ref.: V. 172.

HOOK & HASTINGS (19th cent.): American organ builders. Ref.: VI. 497. HOOKER, Brian, contemp. American poet and librettist. Ref.: VI. 380.

can poet and indrettist. Rej.: VI. 330.

HOPE-JONES, Robert (1859-1914):
b. Hooton Grange, Cheshire, d. Rochester, N. Y.; member of the British Institute of Electrical Engmeers; and of the Royal College of Organists; built electrical organs of the highest type which were installed in many parts of the world. His American factory was sold to the Wurlitzer Co. in 1910. Ref.: VI. 410f.

ber of meritorious church compositions ber of meritorious church compositions (anthems, services, hymn-tunes and chants), which are still favorites. He wrote 'The Organ: Its History and Construction,' a standard work, pub. in London, in conjunction with Dr. Rimbault's 'History of the Organ' (3 editions: 1855, 1870, 1877), edited Bennet's madrigals and other English music, also the musical portion of the Temple madrigals and other English music, also the musical portion of the Temple Church Choral Service. Ref.: VI. 476.

HOPKINSON (1) Francis, the celebrated American lawyer, statesman, poet, painter and inventor (1737-1791): b. Philadelphia; was one of the two first composers of American birth (the other being James Lyon, q. v.). He composed songs with harpsichord accompaniment, etc., and otherwise showed deep interest in music. He also improved the harpsichord, his experiments becoming known in Europe (though not in connection with his

ments becoming known in Europe (though not in connection with his name), constructed a keyboard for Franklin's musical glasses and invented a curious bell instrument which he called 'Bellarmonica.' Ref.: IV. 46ff, 69, 71, 85. (2) Joseph (1770-1842): American writer of patriotic verses, etc. Ref.: IV. 324f.

HOPPE, Johann Ferdinand (19th cent.): Danish ballet dancer. Ref.: X.

HORAK (1) Wenzel Emanuel (1800-71): b. Mscheno-Loves, Bohemia, d. Prague; choirmaster in Prague; composer of 10 instrumental masses, a vocal mass, a mass and a Requiem for practice. vocal mass, a mass and a Requiem for men's voices, a Passion, and motets; author of a treatise on harmony. (2) Eduard (1839-1892) and Adolf (1859-92), brothers: both born in Bohemia; founders and, until 1892, principal teachers of the Horák piano schools in Vienna, now conducted by Franz Brixel; pub. jointly a Piano Method (2 vols.) and each separately a pedagogical work on piano playing. on plano playing.

HORACE, the Roman poet. Ref.: (cited) X. 72.

HORN (1) Johann Kaspar (17th cent.): b. in Feldsberg, Austria; Dr. jur. in Dresden; was one of the first to reform the German dance suite accordthe world. His American factory was sold to the Wurlitzer Co. in 1910. Ref.: VI. 410f.

HOPEKIRK, Helen: b. Edinburgh; contemp. planist and composer; studied in Edinburgh, Leipzig, Vienna and bandes, Gigues; also choral works in

pub. piano sonatas, variations for piano and flute or violin and a Thorough-bass Method. Ref.: VI. 473. (3) Charles Edward (1786-1849): b. London, d. Boston; son of (2); opera singer and composer in London, then teacher and music dealer in New York; prod. his opera, 'The Maid of Saxony,' in 1842. Later he became conductor of the Handel and Haydn Society. He wrote 26 English musical comedies, 3 oratorios, a cantata, canzonets, glees and songs. (4) August (1825-1893): b. Freiberg (Saxony); well known as arranger of symphonies, opera scores, etc., for piano 4 and 8 hands; composed an opera, orand 8 hands; composed an opera, or-chestral pieces and pub. piano pieces, songs and part-songs. (5) Michael (1859-): Benedictine monk in the Abbey of Seckau; abbey organist and musical leader of the Abbey at Maredsous. He pub. a collection of ecclesiastical organ works, and composed masses, motets, preludes and an organ accompaniment to the Ordinarium Missae. He also edited the Gregorian-ische Rundschau and has written on the Gregorian chant in German and French. (6) Camillo (1860-): b. Reichenberg, Bohemia, pupil of Bruckner; critic, chorus conductor and composer in Vienna. He has written a symphony, orchestral scherzo, piano pieces, male and mixed choruses, vocal with corpecture melodromes. with orchestra melodrames, scenes

scenes with orchestra melodrames, songs, etc.

HORNBOSTEL, Erich M. von (1877-): noted psychologist and musical scientist; investigated the psychology and music of the North American Indian (Pawnees) and wrote on the tonal system of the Japanese, pubphonographic records of Turkish, Indian, American Indian, and Tunisian melodies, etc., and wrote on the harmonic possibilities of exotic melodies (1905-06).

(1905-06).

HORNEMAN (1) Johan Ole Emil (1809-1870): b. Copenhagen, d. there; popular Danish song composer. (2) Emil Christian (1841-): b. Copenhagen; son of (1); composer of an opera, overtures, songs; he conducted a music school and founded the Concert Society in Copenhagen.

HORNSTEIN, Robert von (1833-1890): b. Donaueschingen, d. Munich; studied at the Leipzig Cons.; lived in Munich and was a friend of Wagner, Schopenhauer, etc.; composer of the operas Adam und Eva and Der Dorfadvocat, incidental music to Shakespeare's 'As You Like It' and Mosenthal's Deborah, many songs, etc.

thal's Deborah, many songs, etc.

HORSLEY (1) William (1774-1858):
b. London, d. there; founder of the
glee club Concentores Sodales; Mus.

varying number of parts, with instruments. (2) Carl Friedrich (1762-1830): b. Nordhausen, d. Windsor; became music teacher to Queen Charlotte and the English Princesses, then organist at St. George's Chapel, Windsor. Hepub. piano sonatas, variations for piano and flute or violin and a Thorough-bass (Method. Ref.: VI. 473. (3) Charles Edward (1788-1849): b. London, d. Boston; son of (2); opera singer and music dealer in New York; prod. his opera. The Maid of Saxony.' in 1842.

United States. He composed 3 oratorios ('Gideon,' 'David,' and 'Joseph'), an ode for chorus and orch., music for Milton's 'Comus,' piano pieces, etc., and wrote a Harmony manual.

HORWITZ (1) Benno (1855-1904): b. Berlin, d. there; studied at the Royal High School, with Kiel and with Becker; composer of chamber music, songs, and choral works. (2) Karl (1884-): b. Vienna; studied at the Univ. and with Arnold Schonberg; Kapellmeister at various small theatres and, since 1911, of the German National Theatre in Prague; co-editor with G. Adler and Riedel of Vol. XV2 (Monn) of the Denkmaler österr. Tonkunst.

HÖSEL, Kurt (1862-): b. Dresden; studied at the Cons. there and with Schulz-Beuthen; conductor of a society at Burgsteinfurt; Kapellmeister in Freiburg and Breslau; assistant to Levi at Bayreuth, 1892; started Wagner concerts in Dresden, 1895, and founded the Philharmonic Choir; director of the Dreyssig Singakademie and teacher of overs and orchestra

founded the Philharmonic Choir; director of the Dreyssig Singakademie and teacher of opera and orchestra classes at the Cons.; composer of choral works, songs, and the opera Wueland der Schmted (1913).

HOSTINSKY, Otakar (1847-1910): b. Martinoves, Bohemia, d. Prague; teacher of the history of music at Prague Univ. (later the Bohemian Univ.); professor of esthetics there from 1892; for several years teacher of musical history at the Prague Cons.; author of (in Bohemia) a short biography of Wagner, essays on Gluck, Greek music, Berlioz, Bohemian folk music and Bohemian composers, Das Musikallsch-Schone und das Gesantmusic and Bohemian composers, Das Musikalisch-Schone und das Gesamt-kunstwerk vom Standpunkt der formalen Asthetik (1877), Die Lehre von den musikalischen Klangen (1879), Über die Bedeutung der praktischen Ideen Herborts für die allgemeine Asthetik (1883), Herbarts Asthetik in ihren grundlegenden Teilen, etc. (1890), Musuk in Böhmen (1894), Volkslied und Volkstanz der Slaven (1895); also opera texts (in German).

HOTHBY (Hothobus, Otteby, Fra Ottobi), John (15th cent.): b. England, d. London; during 1467-86 was a highly esteemed teacher in the Garmelite Monastery, St. Martin at Lucca. His tract Callioper leghale (in Hal.) is reprinted by Coussemaker in Histoire de l'har-monie, 3 others in his Scriptores, and still others are in MS. at Florence.

HOTTETERRE, Louis, surnamed

von Puttlingen.

HOVEY, Mrs. Richard: pioneer in modern dance reform. Ref.: X. 195f, 214

HOWGILL, William (18th English organist and composer. William (18th cent.):

HOWLAND, William Legrand: contemporary American composer.

HOYA, Amadeo [von der] (1874-): b. New York; studied music in Berlin; toured as violinist and became leader in the New York Symphony Orchestra; then became concert-master of the Weimar count opera (1894) and of the Linz Musical Society in 1901. He pub. a book on violin technique.

HRIMALY, Adalbert (1842-).
b. Pilsen, Bohemia; violinist, conductor and composers, publications.

o. risen, bouemia; violinist, conductor and composer; pupil of Mildner at the Prague Cons. He became conductor of the Gotenburg orch. in 1861, the National Theatre, Prague, in 1868, at the German Theatre there in 1873, and at Czernowitz, Bukowina, in 1875. He wrote an opera Der pergubario Pring

at Czernowitz, Bukowina, in 1875. He wrote an opera, Der verzauberte Prinz (1871) and Tonale und rhythmische Studien für die Violine. Ref.: III. 180. HUBAY (1) Karl (1828-1885): b. Varjas, Hungary, d. Pesth, where he was professor at the Musical Academy and Kapellmeister at the National Theatre. He wrote 4 operas. (2) Jeni (known in Germany as Eugen Huber) (1858-): b. Rudenest: violinist: nu-Ineare. He wrote 4 operas. (2) Jeho (known in Germany as Eugen Huber) (1858-): b. Budapest; violinist; pupil of Joachim at Berlin; first appeared in concerts in Hungary (1876), and at a Pasdeloup concert in Paris, established an international reputation. He became principal violin professor at Brussels Cons. in 1882, and at Pesth Cons. in 1886, succeeding his father. He composed 3 operas, Der Geigenmacher von Cremona (Pesth, 1893); Alienor (Pesth, 1892); A Falu Rossza (Der Dorflump) (Budapest, 1896); a symphony; a Concerto dramatique for violin, op. 21; Sonate romantique for piano and violin; Szenen aus der Czárda (op. 9, 13, 18, 32-34, 41) for piano and violin; Es Fileuses for violin and piano, other violin pieces, and songs. Ref.: III. 190, 194f; VII. 466; mus. ex., XIV. 150; portrait, III. 192. HUBER (1) Felix (d. 1810 at Berne);

Le Romain (17th cent.): flutist and chamber musician to Louis IV and Louis V, wrote Principes de la flûte traversière, etc. (1699, frequently reprinted), also a book on preludizing with the flute (1711, 1765); composed a number of sonatas, duos, trios, suites, etc., for flute.

HOUDARD, Georges Louis (1860-): b. Neuilly; noted investigator and interpreter of neumes, wrote several books on the interpretation of Gregorian chants according to neumatic notation, rhythm in ancient music, Aristoxenos of Tarent, etc.; also composer of church music.

HOVEN, J. Pseudonym for Vesque von Puttlingen.

HOVEN, Mrs. Richard: pioneer in modern dance reform. Ref.: X. 195f, 1876. He wrote the operas Weltfruhling 1876. He wrote the operas Weltfruhling (Basel, 1894) and Gudrun (Basel, 1896), the cantatas Pandora and Aussohnung, (Basel, 1894) and Guarun (Basel, 1896), the cantatas Pandora and Aussohnung, also Lieder im Volkston (male chorus); Frinklingsliebe (7 Lieder), and Stimmingen (7 Gedichte), violin sonatas (op. 18, 42, and 67); trios (op. 30, 65); 'cello sonata, op. 33; 2 piano concertos (C min. and G maj.); violin concerto, op. 40; 2 overtures; a Tell symphony, op. 63; suite f. piano and violin, Trio-Phantasia; Sommernachte (serenade); suite for piano and 'cello, string quartets, piano quartet, piano quintet, piano sonatas, suites for piano, 2 and 4 hands, fugues, string quartets, a Wohltemperteries Clauter for 4 hands, etc. Ref.: III. 212; VI. 358; VIII. 420.

HUBERMANN, Bromislav (1882-): b. Czenstochowa, near Warsaw; studied music with Michalowicz, Lotto and Joachim; concert violinist who has made extensive tours.

Joachim; concert violinist who has made extensive tours.

HUBERT, Nicolai Albertovitch (1840-1888): b. Petersburg, d. Moscow; studied with his father and at the St. Petersburg Conservatory; director in Kieff, opera conductor in Odessa, professor and director at Moscow Conservatory; writer and critic on Moscow journals. journals.

HUBERTI, Gustave Léon (1843-): b. Brussels; studied music at the Brussels Conservatory, where he won the Prix de Rome; directed the Mons Conservatory, taught and conducted in Antwerp and Brussels; composed oratorios, a symphony, orchestral suite, piano concerto, ballads, hymns, etc. Ref.: VI. 392.

HUBERTY: member of the court or-chestra of Paris in 1750, and the first publisher of many Mannheim compositions

HUBNER, Jean (1696-): b. Warsaw; studied with Rosetti in Vienna; court director and musician in Moscow; founded the court and chamber orchestra

lin and plano, other violin pieces, and songs. Ref.: III. 190, 194f; VII. 466; mus. ex., XIV. 150; portrait, III. 192.

HUBER (1) Felix (d. 1810 at Berne): favorite Swiss poet and composer of Amand monastery. Owing to the lat-

ter's jealousy, he retired to Nevers, and established a singing school at the age of 20, but succeeded his uncle at St. Amand in 883. He was called by the Archbishop of Rheims to reestablish the old church-schools in the discusse with Rémi d'Auxerre, about 893, returning to St-Amand upon the death St. House of Retirement of St-Amand upon the death St. Rechtshert, priest at Bentlingen) ter's jealousy, he retired to Nevers, and established a singing school at the age of 20, but succeeded his uncle at St. Amand in 883. He was called by the Archbishop of Rheims to reestablish the old church-schools in the diocese with Rémi d'Auxerre, about 893, returning to St.-Amand upon the death of the Archbishop. H. wrote Harmonica institutio or Liber de musica, which contains the earliest known examples of notation indicating the rising and falling of pitch in a practical manner. Parallel lines are employed, and the distances of whole notes and semitones shown at the beginning (by s-semitonum shown at the beginning (by s-semitonum or t-tonus). De Harmonica institutione, or t-tonus). De Harmonica institutione, Musica enchiriadis, Alia musica (frag-ments), Commemoratio brevis de tonis et psalmis modulandis are writings as-cribed to him and pub. in Gerbert's Scriptores (vol. I.). Ref.: I. 162ff; VI.

2, 18.

HUDOY, Jules: president of the Society of Arts and Sciences at Lille; wrote an 'Artistic History of Cambrai Cathedral' (Paris, 1880), containing valuable material on the music of the

15th cent.

HUDSON (1) Robert (1731-1815): d. Eton; singer, organist and composer.
(2) Mary, daughter of Robert, organist

and composer.

and composer.

HUE, Georges Adolphe (1858-):
b. Versailles; studied at the Conservatoire, where he took prix de Rome,
1879, and Prix Cressent, 1881; produced
Le roi de Paris (1901), "Titanic" (1903),
an operetta Les pantins (1881), a pantomime Cœur brisé, a symphonic legend and a symphonic overture, choruses, songs, etc., also a 'sacred
episode' Resurrection (1892). Ref.: V.
319.

319.

HUEFFER, Francis (1845-1889): b. Munster, d. London, where he became music critic of The Times in 1878. He pub. a critical edition of the works of the troubadour Gillem de Cabestanh, as dissertation for Dr. phil., Göttingen; also wrote on Richard Wagner (1874); 'The Troubadours,' Musical Studies' (1880), 'Halian and Other Studies' (1884), 'Half a Century of Music in England' (1889, 1898). He pub. a collection of his articles in The Times, translated the correspondence of Liszt and Wagner into English, and ed. a collection of musicians' biographies pub. lection of musicians' biographies pub. by Novello. He also wrote the texts of Mackenzie's 'Colomba' and 'Trouba-dour,' and Cowen's 'Sleeping Beauty.'

HUG, Gebrüder: a music publishing firm, estab. in Zurich, 1807, as an instrument house. It began publishing in 1863, when Jacob Emil H. became

in 1863, its head.

Spechtshart, priest at Reutlingen) (1285 [or '86]-1359 [or '60]): wrote a chronicle of the migrations of the Scourging Friars in 1349, the year of the pest, in which the melodies of the Friar's songs are noted (pub. 1899 by Paul Runge). A well-known tract, with commentary, entitled Flores musicae omnis cantus Gregoriani appeared in Strassburg in 1488 (repub. in German trans., 1868).

HUGOT, A. (1761-1803): b. Paris, d. there; solo flutist at the Italian opera, and later a member of the music corps of the National Guard and finally flute teacher at the Cons.; prepared the offi-cial flute method of the Cons.; pub. 6 flute concertos, sonatas, duets, trios,

etc.

etc.

HUHN (1) Charlotte (1868-): b.

Lüneburg; studied with Hoppe, Hiller
and Hey; concert and operatic alto in
Berlin, New York, Cologne, Dresden,
Munich, etc.; singing teacher in the
Arch-ducal Music School in Weimar.

(2) Bruno [Siegfried] (1871-): b.

London; studied with Sophie Taunton, Mills and Alberti; concert planist
and accompanist in Europe and New
York: composed songs and church mu-York; composed songs and church music. Ref.: IV. 355.

HULL, Alexander (1887-): b. Columbus, O.; studied with Clarke, Brandt, Preston and Turpin; Mus. B., University of Pennsylvania; teacher in Oregon and composer of suites for or-'cello works, songs, etc. Ref .: chestra, IV. 440f.

IV. 440f.

HULLAH, John Pyke (1812-1884):
b. Worcester, d. London; studied at the
Royal Academy of Music; made a name
as opera composer ('The Village Coquettes' [libretto by Charles Dickens],
'The Barbers of Bassora' and 'The Outpost'). In 1841 he opened a Singing
School for Schoolmasters at Exeter
Hall, in which the French system of
Wilhem, which H. had modified to
suit English requirements, was taught.
No less than 25,000 persons passed
through it, and in 1847 St. Martin's
Hall was erected for him by admirers
for the public performances of his pufail was erected for nim by admirers for the public performances of his pupils. (It was burned in 1860.) H. was professor of singing at King's College (1844-74) and later at Queen's and Bedford Colleges. In 1858 he became organist; conducted the R. A. M. concerts, 1870-73; and for several years the annual concert of the Metropolitan its head.

HUGHES, Rupert (1872-): b. Lancaster, Mo.; contemp. author; has written 'Contemporary American Composers' (1900, new ed., 1916), 'The Musical Guide' (1903), 'Music Lovers' Cycledide' (1914) and many successful of vocal music. He pub. a 'Grammar'

of Vocal Music'; 'Grammar of Harmony'; 'Grammar of Counterpoint'; 'The History of Modern Music' (1862); 'The Third Transition Period of Musical History' (1865); 'The Cultivation of the Speaking Voice'; 'Music in the House' (1877); and many historical and scientific musical essays, pub. in various periodicals. He also composed motets. anthems, concerted vocal music. tets, anthems, concerted vocal musc, and many songs, of which 'The Storm' and 'Three Fishers' are still popular. Ref.: I. 256.

Ref.: I. 256.

HULLER, J. A. See HILLER.

HULLMANDEL, Nikolaus Joseph (1751-1823): b. Strassburg, d. London; studied with Ph. Em. Bach in Hamburg; planist; teacher for ten years in Paris, where he introduced the German manner of playing; went to London after the Revolution; pub. 12 piano trios, 14 violin sonatas with piano, 6 sonatas for plano solo, a divertissement, 2 airs with variations, etc.

HULLWECK. Ferdinand (1824-

HÜLLWECK, Ferdinand (1824-1887): b. Dessau, d. Blasewitz, near Dresden; studied with Schneider; as-sistant conductor of the Dresden Royal Chapel; teacher in Dresden Conserva-tory, violinist and composer for vio-

HIL.

HULSKAMP, Henry (originally Gustav Heinrich): b. Westphalia; founded a pianoforte factory in Troy, New York, 1850, removing his plant to New York City in 1866. His symmetrical grand pianos received prizes in New York and London (1857, 1862).

HUMBERT, Georges (1870-): b. St. Croix, Switzerland; was educated in Geneva and attended the Leipzig and Brussels Cons.. also the Royal High

and Brussels Cons., also the Royal High School, Berlin; became instructor of musical history at the Geneva Cons., also organist and choirmaster at Notre Dame there. In 1893 he became director of the orchestral society at Lausanne.

nent early English composers. Ref.: I. 385; V. 168f; VI. 133; IX. 28.

HUMISTON, William Henry (1869): b. Marietta, Ohio; studied piano with W. S. B. Matthews, organ with Clarence Eddy, and composition with MacDowell; organist in Chicago, Lake Forest, East Orange, N. J., and Rye, N. Y., till 1909; toured as orchestral conductor; composer of a 'Southern Fantasy' for orchestra, a suite for orchestra, an overture to 'Twelfth Night,' vocal works, songs, etc. Ref.:

orchestra, an overture to "Twelfth Night," vocal works, songs, etc. Ref.: IV. 311, 430f; mus. ex., XIV. 267.

HUMMEL (1) Joseph H., music master of the Wartburg military school, and conductor of Schikaneder's theatre in Vienna, from 1786. (2) Johann Nepomuk (1778-1837): b. Pressburg, d. Weimer: pignist and composer son of Weimar; pianist and composer, son of Joseph (1). When his father con-ducted in Schikaneder's theatre, H. aroused the interest of Mozart, who took him into his house and instructed took inm for two years and in 1787 gave a concert at which H. made his début. During 1788-93 he toured Germany, Denmark, Scotland, England, and Holland as pianist in the company of his father, and then studied counterpoint with Albrechtsberger in Vienna, receivwith Albrechtsberger in Vienna, receiving advice from Salteri and Haydn, for whom he acted as deputy Kapellmeister on Prince Esterhazy's estate. He taught and composed in Vienna till 1816, when he became Kapellmeister at Stuttgart, and in 1819 at Weimar. Meantime he visited St. Petersburg, Belgium and Holland, Vienna, Warsaw, and again France on professional tours, also London, where he conducted a senson of don, where he conducted a season of German opera at the King's Theatre. During his last years he suffered from ill-health. He was one of the most celebrated pianists and improvisors of his time, even rivalling Beethoven for a time. He composed 124 works, dis-Dame there. In 1893 he became director of the orchestral society at Lausanne. He edited the Gazette musicale de la Suisse Romande, 1894-96, and translated Riemann's Musik-Lexikon (1896-99); also that writer's 'Symplified Harmony' (1899) and 'Elements of Musical Esthetics.' He wrote Notes pour servir a l'étude de l'histoire de la musique (1st vol., 1904).

HUMBERTON, F. W.: contemp. English choral composer. Ref.: VI. 379.

HUME, Tobias (17th cent.): English performer on the viol da gamba.

HUMFREY (or Humphry, or Humphrys), Pelham (1647-1674): b. London, d. Windsor; chorister in Chapel Royal, Master of Children and composer to the Violins to His Majesty; wrote anthems (pub. in Boyce's Cathedral Music) and other church music (pub. in Harmonia sacra, 1714), secular songs (in 'Ayres, Songs and Dialogues,' 1676-84, and H. S. Smith's Musica antiqua). H. is one of the emiby Wildenbruch, etc.; Märchendichtungen for solo and 3-part female chorus: Rumpelstilzchen, Frau Holle, Hansel und Gretel, Die Meerkönigun, Die Najaden; an overture, op. 17; Columbus and Jung Olaf for soli, chorus and orch.; a symphony, 4 'cello sonatas; Phantasiestucke for 'cello and piano, a concert-fantasia for harp and orch., Notturno for 'cello, harp and harmonium; quuntet; a piano quartet; a trio; a violin sonata, a horn sonata, a suite for piano, 4 hands; a Konzertstick, 2 'concert polonaises, and other pieces for piano, also songs. (5) Joseph Friedrich (1841-); b. Innsbruck; studied at Munich Cons.; was theatre Kapellmeister at Glarus, Aachen, Innsbruck, Troppau, Linz, Brünn and Vienna from 1860 dir. of the Mozarteum, Salzburg, conductor of the Mozarteum, Salzburg, conductor of the Liedertafel and teacher at the Training College.

Training College.

HUMPERDINCK, Engelbert (1854-):
b. in Siegburg, near Bonn. At first
he studied architecture in Cologne,
but he was persuaded by Ferdinand
Hiller to make music his profession.
He became a pupil of Hiller at the Cologne Cons., also of Gernsheim and
Jensen in composition, Seiss and Mertke
in piano, Rensburg and Ehlert in
'cello. After winning the Mozart scholarship at Frankfort, he studied in Muarship at Frankfort, he studied in Munich with Franz Lachner, Rheinberger and Barmann, and pub. a Humoreske for orch and Die Wallfahrt nach Kevlaar for chorus. H. won the Mendelssohn prize (3,000 marks) in 1878, Meyerbeer prize (7,600 marks) in 1880, visited Italy and France; became professor in Barcelona Cons., 1885-6; then taught in Cologne till 1887, and at the Hoch Cons., Frankfort, in 1890. As protégé of Wagner in Bayreuth he assisted in the staging of Parsifal. His fairy-opera, Hinsel und Gretel (Weimar, Dec. 23, Munich, Dec. 30, 1893), prod. at Milan, 1897, as Nino e Rita, brought H. international renown. It was followed by Die sieben Geislein; arship at Frankfort, he studied in Mubrought H. international renown. It was followed by Die steben Getslein; incidental music to Die Königskunder (1896), which was rewritten as a 3-act opera and first prod. in New York, 1910; and incidental music to Der Richter von Zalamea (1896) and Maeterlinck's 'The Blue Bird.' He also published a Symphony in C, a Moorish Rhapsody (orchestra), etc. Ref.: II. 437; III. viii, x, 238, 245, 247, 267t; VI. 357; VIII. 275; IX. xiv, 318, 421, 425ff; mus. ex., XIV. 42; portrait, III. 246.

HUNEKER. James Gibbons (1860-):

238, 245, 247, 267f; VI. 357; VIII. 275; Isamony and counterpoint; pianist and composer of a piano concerto (1896), 42; portrait, III. 246.

HUNEKER, James Ghbbons (1860-): b. Philadelphia; music critic; studied in Philadelphia with Michael Cross and in Paris with Theodore Ritter (piano) and Leopold Doutreleau (theory); teacher of piano at National Cons., New York (1888-1898); music and dramatic critic New York 'Recorder' (1891-1895) and New York 'Recorder' (1891-1895) and New York 'Morning Advertiser' (1895-1897); music, dramatic and art editor, New York 'Sun'; author of 'Mezzotints' 85; pianist and counterpoint; pianist and comperpoint; pianist and composer of a piano concerto (1896), orchestral 'Variations on a Swedish Song' (1904), a fairy suite 'The Magic with Cherry,' a violin sonata, 'cello sonata, string quartet, quintet for piano and wind instr., suite for piano and violin, choruses and songs. Ref.: III. 37.

HUSS, Henry Holden (1862-): b. Newark, N. J.; studied piano with New York 'Morning Advertiser' (1895-1897); music, dramatic and art editor, New York 'Sun'; author of 'Mezzotints' 55; pianist and counterpoint; pianist and composer of a piano concerto (1896), orchestral 'Variations on a Swedish Song' (1904), a fairy suite 'The Magic with Constant in the piano and counterpoint; pianist and composer of a piano concerto (1896).

in Modern Music' (1899), 'Chopin—The Man and His Music' (1900), 'Melomaniacs' (1902), 'Overtones' (1904), Franz Liszt' (1911), etc. Ref.: (quoted) II. 501; VI. 353.
HUNGAR, Ernst (1854-): b. Schonbach; studied with Stockhausen; baritone and teacher at Conservatories

baritone and teacher at Conservatories of Dresden and Cologne; sang at

Schwerin court opera. HUNKE, Joseph (1801-1883): b. Josefstadt, Bohemia, d. St. Petersburg; royal choirmaster at the latter place; composed church music and wrote com-

position and harmony methods.

HUNOLD, C. F. (18th cent.): German Passion writer. Ref.: I. 480.

HUNTEN (1) Franz (1793-1878): b. Coblenz, d. there; studied with his father and at the Conservatoire; pianist father and at the Conservatoire; pianist and composer of rondos, fantasies, pub. a piano method. (2) Wilhelm: brother of Franz, teacher of pianoforte at Coblenz. (3) Peter Ernst: brother of Franz, piano teacher at Duisburg, composer in genre style.

HUREL DE LAMARE, Jacques Michel (1772-1823): b. Paris, d. Caen; studied with Duport; 'cellist in Paris theatres, in Germany and Bussia: pub-

theatres, in Germany and Russia; published 4 'cello concertos.

HURKA, Friedrich Franz (1762-1805): b. Merklin, Bohemia, d. Berlin; chorister in Prague; tenor in Lenpzig opera; court tenor in Sweden, Dresden and Berlin. He composed sentimental songs in the folk-manner.

songs in the folk-manner.

HURLEBUSCH (1) Heinrich Lorenz (1666-): b. Hanover, d. Brunswick; organist at St. Magnus, Brunswick; and later of St. Martin and Egidius; composed organ pieces. (2) Konrad Friedrich (1696-1765): b. Brunswick, d. Amsterdam; son and pupil of (1): lived in Hamburg, Vienna, Italy, Munich, Stockholm, Brunswick and other cities; was court Kapellmeister at Stockholm, 1722-25; and organist of the Reformed Church, Amsterdam, from 1737; he composed 72 odes (pub. in Gräfe's Collection, 1737-43), 4-part sonatas, piano works, overtures, several operas, cantatas, etc.; pub. a reformed chorale-book.

HURLSTONE, William Yeates

HURLSTONE, William Yeates (1876-1906): b. London, d. there; studied with Stanford, Ashton and Danneuther at the Royal Academy of Music, where he later became professor of harmony and counterpoint; planist and converge of a wigne secret. (1906)

He composed a piano concerto, a rhap-sody for piano and orch, and other piano pieces, a violin concerto, a Ro-manze and Polonaise for violin and orch, chamber music, vocal pieces, or-gan music, songs, etc. He married Hildegard Hoffmann, soprano. Ref.:

IV. 348f.

HUSZLA, Victor (1857-1899): b. St. Petersburg, d. Lisbon; studied at Leipzig Cons. and with Thomson in Nice; director of the Real Academia de amadores de musica in Lisbon, where he founded an orchestral school. His compactition include Partiques rependies positions include Portuguese rhapsodies

for violin and orchestra.

for violin and orchestra.

HUTCHESON, Ernest (1871-):
b. Melbourne, Australia; pianist; studied with Reinecke at the Lepzig Cons.
and with Stavenhagen in Weimar;
made tours in Europe, Australia and
United States; teacher for a time at
the Peabody Cons., Baltumore; composer of a symphonic suite, a symphonic poem, a plano concerto, a violin concerto, piano pieces and technical studies.

nical studies.

nical studies.

HUTCHINGS, George S. (1835-1913): b. Salem, Mass.; d. Boston; organ builder; apprenticed in the Hook factory, rose to superintendent; started in business with others in 1869 and became sole owner in 1884, the firm name changing from George S. Hutchings & Co. to the Hutchings-Votey Organ Co. in 1901, and the Hutchings Organ Co. in 1908. He was the first successful builder of electric organs, and invented a number of accessories successful builder of electric organs, and invented a number of accessories in organ building, including the balanced swell pedal, the crescendo pedal and the movable console. His firm built noted organs in New York and

HUTCHINSON, John: organist Dur-ham Cathedral in 18th cent.; composed

hymns still extant.

hymns still extant.

HUTSCHENRUIJTER (1) Wouter (1796-1878): b. Rotterdam, d. there; at first violinist, then horn player and composer; founded a burgher's guard band (1831) and the musical society Eruditio Musica in 1826, whose concert director he became. He also conducted other societies: became titular Karellother societies; became titular Kapell-meister at Delft; member of the Acad-emy of St. Cecilia, Rome, etc. He com-posed an opera, 4 symphonies, 3 over-tures and a great number of concerted works (some arrangements), masses, cantatas, songs, etc. (2) Willem age of 11; so (1828-): son of (1); noted horn player. (3) Wouter (1859-): b. Rotterdam, where he directed a choral and director.

society and taught at the music school. Second conductor at Amsterdam, then conductor of the Utrecht orchestra, in which capacity he has championed the work of young Dutch composers. He himself composed orchestral and chamber music, plano pieces, songs, etc., and wrote books on Richard Strauss, or-chestra, and Felix Weingartner, all in Dutch.

HUTTENBRENNER, Anselm (1794-1868): b. Graz, Styria, d. Ober-Andritz, n. Graz; after studying law at Vienna he became a pupil of Salieri in composition, and received encouragement from his fellow student Schubert as well as from his intimate friend Beethoven (who died in his arms). H. was a successful pianist: conductor of noven (who died in his arms). H. was a successful pianist; conductor of the Styrian Musikverein from 1825. He composed 4 operas, 9 masses, 3 Requiems, 5 symphonies, 10 overtures, 3 funeral marches, 2 string quartets, a string quintet, sonatas, 24 fugues, and other piano pieces, 300 male quartets and choruses, and over 200 songs. Ref.: II. 133.

II. 133.

HUTTNER, Georg (1861-): b. Schwarzenbach; pupil of Schaarschmidt; since 1887 conductor of the Philharmonic Orchestra at Dortmund, where he inaugurated symphony con-certs and established a conservatory

and an orchestra school.

HUYGHENS (1) Constantin, Lord of Zuyligem (1596-1687): b. The Hague; well-known Netherland poet, was also an enthusiastic music lover, and wrote an ennusiastic music lover, and wrote on organs in the Netherlands (1644). Ref.: VII. 32. (2) Christian (Hugen-ius) (1629-1695): son of (1), celebrated mathematician and physicist, has treated the question of the 31-degree scale in

the question of the 31-degree scale in is Novus cyclus harmonicus (printed 1724) and the rule against consecutive 5ths in his Cosmotheros (1698).

HYATT, Nathaniel Irving (1865-): b. Lansingburgh; composer; studied in Troy, New York, and at the Leipzig Conservatory; teacher in Troy, in Syracuse University and at Albany; composed symphonic overlaps and the complex conservatory. posed symphonic overture, chamber music and songs.

HYKAERT, Bernhard (15th cent.): Belgian composer of church music published in Naples, wrote also 3 secular

songs still extant.

HYLLESTED, August (1858-): b. Stockholm; studied with Dahl; violinist who toured Scandinavia at the age of 11; studied with Kullak, Kiel and Lisx; toured the United States and Europe; also organist and conductor Ibach Immyns

IBACH (1) Johannes Adolf (1766-1848): founder of a family of organ builders and piano makers. He estabbuilders and piano makers. He established the business at Barmen in 1794.

(2) C. Rudolf (d. 1863): entered the Ibach firm (1) 1834. (3) Richard, son of (2), (d. 1903, in Barmen): joined firm 1839; took over all rights for the making of the organs, 1869. (4) Gustav J.: 1869 started his own firm, independent of that founded by (1). (5) Rudolf (d. in 1892 at Herrenalb, Black Forest); son of (2); continued the pianoforte business, with extensions in Cologne.

renalb, Black Forest); son of (2); continued the pianoforte business, with extensions in Cologne.

IBSEN, Henrik. Ref.: III. 77, 85, 87, 95; VIII. 347; X. 104.

IBYKOS (6th cent. B.C.): Greek singer. Ref.: I. 115f.

IDE, Chester, contemp. Amer. composer. Ref.: IV. 400.

IDELSOHN, A. Z. (1882-): b. Filzburg, near Libau; studied at the Stern Cons. and at Leipzig; lived in Johannesburg (Transvaal) and Jerusalem, making a special study of Oriental music; author of Die Magamen der arabischen Musik (1912-13), Der Synagogale Gesang im Lichte der orientalischen Musik (1913), Leitfaden der europäischen und orientalischen Musik (1913), Leitfaden der europäischen und orientalischen Musik (1910); pub. a collection of Hebräischorientalischer Melodienschätze, Zionslieder (1908), Synagogalgesänge (1910), Liederbuch, a collection of 100 Hebrew songs for school and home (1912).

IFFERT, August (1859-): b. Brunswick; studied for opera in Berlin and Hanover; vocal teacher in Leipzig. Ister at the Conservatories of Co-

In and Hanover; vocal teacher in Leipzig, later at the Conservatories of Cologne, Dresden, and Vienna. He published a vocal method, entitled Allge-

meine Gesangschule.

meine Gesangschule.

IGUMNOFF, Konstantin Nikolaievitch (1878-): b. Lebediana, Govt.
of Tamboff; pupil of Svereff, Siloti,
Pabst; teacher of music from 1898-99
in the school of the Imperial Russian
Music Society, and in 1900 professor
at the Moscow Conservatory.

ILLEEF Fractick (1847.

ILIFFE, Frederick (1847-): b. Smeeten - Westerby, Leicester; English organist, conductor and composer; TLIFFE, Frederick (1847-): b. if or the music of Wagner, Berlioz, Schumeten-Westerby, Leicester; English organist, conductor and composer; Mus. D. Oxon., 1879; became organist of St. John's College (1883), Oxford, ambist, violinist and flutist. At forty and in 1900 organist of the University. His compositions are instrumental and vocal: overtures, a string serenade, an oratorio, a cantata for male chorus and

orchestra, etc. He wrote also a Criti-cal Analysis of Bach's 'Well-Tempered Clavichord.'

HLINSKI, Count Jan Stanislav (1795-1860): b. Castle Romanofi, d. St. Petersburg (?); minister of foreign affairs in St. Petersburg; composer of church music, overtures, string quartets, etc., etc.; studied with Salieri, Kauer and Beethoven.

ILJINSKI, Alexander Alexandro-vitch (1859-): b. Tsarskoe-Selo; composer for orchestra, voice and op-era. He attended the Berlin Cons. and composer 100 and the Berlin Cons. and the Royal Academy, studying pianoforte with Kullak at the former, theory with Bargiel at the latter. Since 1885 he has held the professorship in theory and composition at the Philharmonic Society's Music School of Moscow. Besides his suites, the symphonic poem, sides his suites, the symphonic poem, the symphonic scherzo, the symphony and other orchestral works, Iljinski has written 2 cantatas, an opera, songs and pieces for piano and for violin. Ref.: III. 145.

and pieces for piano and for violin. Ref.: III. 145.

ILLICA, Luigi: contemporary Italian librettist (operas by Puccini, etc.). Ref.: IX. 485, 486, 489, 492, 494.

IMBART DE LA TOUR, Georges (1865-): b. Paris; operatic tenor, known in Geneva, Paris, Brussels and the United States; repertoire includes all Wagnerian tenor rôles.

IMBERT, Hugues (1842-1905): b. Moulins-Engilbert, Nievre, d. Paris; litterateur and musical critic. He studied the violin under Faucheux and Hammer and was in touch with Chauvet, Dubois, Garcia, d'Indy, and the critic Mesnard. In 1900 he became joint director with Kufferath of the Guide musical and his critical essays appeared there as well as in several other French Revues and in translation, in 'Studies in Music' and in 'The Musician.' A collection of his essays appeared under the title of Profils de Musiciens (1888), another was pub. as Portruits et Etudes (1894), and he made valuable propaganda in France for the music of Wagner, Berlicz, Schumann and Brahms.

IMMYNS (1) John (1700?-1764): d.

INCLEDON (1) Charles Benjamin (1763-1826): 'The Wandering Melodiste'; b. Bery St. Kevern, Cornwall, d. Worcester, Eng.; boy-chorister at Exeter Cathedral; operatic and concert the control of the Cathedral; operatic and concert the control of the Cathedral (2) eter Cathedral; operatic and concert tenor who toured America, 1817. (2) Charles Venazio, son of (1) ([?]-1865): d. Bad Tüffer; sang in London opera and later taught in Vienna.

opera and later taught in Vienna.

[d'] INDIA, Sigismondo (early
17th cent.): b. Palermo, d. Italy; director of chamber music to Charles
Emanuel of Savoy in Turin and Cardinal Moritz in Rome; prod. madrigals,
villanelles, motets, arias and cantatas.

[d'] INDY (Paul-Marie-Théodore-]
Vincent (1851-): b. Paris; composer; studied with Diémer, Marmontel,
Dupare and Lavignac, and after serving in the Franco-Prussian War abandoned law for music. became kettleing in the Franco-Prussian War abandoned law for music, became kettledrummer in the orchestra of Colonne, and 1873 entered the Conservatoire under Franck. He was made inspector of music in the schools of Paris, and a chevalier of the Legion of Honor. In 1871 he founded jointly with Charles Bordes, etc., the Societé nationale de musique, and in 1896 the Schola Cantorum, a school for music encouraging the study of medieval plain-chant and old church music, which soon rose to distinction. He was also actively to distinction. He was also actively interested in the Ecole des hautes études sociales. Among his works are études sociales. Among his works are a one-act comic opera, Attendez'moi sous l'orme (1882), and 2 music dramas, Fervaal (Brussels, 1897), and L'Etranger (1903), text by the composer; music to Alexander's Karada (1890), and Mendes' Médée (1898); a mystery, St. Christophe, being in preparation. His more important instrumental works include Jean Hunyadi, symphony, op. 5; overture, Marc Antoine et Cléopatre, op. 6; 2 symphonic opems. La forté enchantée, op. 8, and symphony, op. 5; overture, Marc Antonie et Cléopatre, op. 6; 2 symphonic, opems, La forêt enchantée, op. 8, and Jour d'été à la montagne, op. 61; symphonic trilogy, Wallenstein, op. 12; Saugefleurie (orchestral legend), op. 21; 2 symphonies (No. 1 in G., op. 25, china; teacher, conductor and comwith piano obbligato; No. 2, op. 57, in B-flat); Serenade and Waltz, op. 28; Fantasy on popular songs (with oboe solo), op. 31; Tableaux de voyage (orchestral suite), op. 36; Islar, symphonic variations, op. 42; Souvenirs, op. 62; Chansons et danses for 9 wind instruments, op. 50; Suite in D, for trumpet, 2 flutes and string quartet, op. 24; Lied for 'cello and orchestra, op. 19; choral variations for saxophone and orchestra, op. 55; 2 string quartets (op. 35, 45); piano quartet, op. 7; trio for clarinet, 'cello and piano, op. 29; sonata for violin and piano, op. 286

1741 the founder of the Madrigal Society, and throughout his life a collector of madrigals and other ancient music. (2) John ([?]-1794]: b. London (?), d. there; son of (1); 'cellist and organist of Surrey Chapel, Blackfriars Road.

INCLEDON (1) Charles Benjamin (1763-1826): 'The Wandering Melodiste'; b. Bery St. Kevern, Cornwall, d. Worcester, Eng.; boy-chorister at Exeter Cathedral; operatic and concert tenor who toured America, 1817. (2) indexes.

INFANTAS, Fernando de las (16th cent.): Spanish priest; theoretician and composer of Sacra cantionum, Plura

composer of Sacra cantionum, Plura modulationum genera and Intermedi et concerti. In 1577 he and Philip II so opposed the contemplated revision of the liturgy by Palestrina that Pope Gregory XIII abandoned the plan.

INGEGNERI, Marc' Antonio (ca. 1545-1603?): b. Venice, or Cremona; d. Ferrara (?); conductor of Cremona Cathedral; composer of masses, sacred songs, lamentations, hymns. He studied with Ruffo and taught Monteverdi. Ref.: I. 337.

INGELIUS, Axel Gabriel (1822-

ingelius, INGELIUS, Axel Gabriel (1822-1868): b. Sakyla, Finland, d. Nystad; writer, and composer of Finnish songs. INNOCENT III, Pope. Ref.: VI. 320.

INNOUNT III FORE. Ref.: vi. 520.

INSANGUINE, Glacomo, called
Monopoli (ca. 1740-1796): b. Monopolo, Naples; d. Naples; pupil and
teacher at Sant' Onofrio; conventional
composer of about 20 Neapolitan operas, organ and planoforte works of a sacred character.

INZENGA, José (1828-1891): b. Madrid, d. there; pupil of the Conservatory there and in Paris, became professor at the former institution and is the composer of zarzuelas and Spanish followers. ish folk-songs, also of a text-book of

accompaniments.

TPARRAGUIRRE y BALERDI, José Maria (1820-1881): b. Villareal de Urrecha, d. Zozabastro de Isacho; singer and composer of Basque folksongs, who spent his life in travelling from country to country; visited America, and in 1877 returned to his home, where he was hailed as a national

IRGANG, Friedrich Wilhelm (1836-): b. Hirschberg, Schleswig; studied with Grell and Bach in Berlin and with Proksch in Prague; teacher and organist in Görlitz and Zullichau; composer for pianoforte and author of two text-books.

IRIARTE, Tomas de (1750-1791): b. Isle of Teneriffe, d. Santa Maria, near Cadiz; secretary of State Archives, Madrid; author of didactic poem, La musica, translated into Italian, French and English; composer of symphonies, guartets, etc.

ian, French and English; composer of symphonies, quartets, etc.

IRMLER (1) Johann Christian Gottlieb (1790-1857): b. Obergrumbach, near Dresden; d. Leipzig; founder of a pianoforte firm. (2) Oswald J. (1835-1995): b. Leipzig, d. there; son of Johann (1) and successor to his father. (3) Emil, b. 1869; (4) Otto, b. 1872; sons of Oswald (2), joint members of the firm, which is one of the most flourishing in Germany.

IRONS, H. S. (1838-1905): b. Capellogy.

IRONS, H. S. (1838-1905): b. Canterbury, d. Nottingham; organist and composer of sacred music for the

organ.

IRRGANG, Heinrich Bernhard
(1869-): b. Zduny, Krotoschin; organist in Spandau, and of the Church
of the Holy Cross, the Philharmonic,
St. Mary's Church, and since 1910 the
Dom- und Hofkirche, Berlin; director
of music and teacher of the organ at
the Stern Conservatory. He conducts
Thursday organ recitals and is himself a composer of organ sonatas,
sonass. etc. songs, etc.

IRVING, Washington. Ref.: VI.

ISAACS, Lewis M.: contemp. Amer-

ican composer. Ref.: IV. 442.

ISAAK (Isaac, Izac, Yzach), Heinrich (in Italy known as Arrigo Tedesco) (before 1450-1517): d. Florence, was of Netherland ancestry, though designated as 'Germanus' by Glarean. designated as 'Germanus' by Glarean. He was an older contemporary of Josquin and one of the most important musicians of his time. After spending some time in Ferrara he became organist to Lorenzo the Magnificent in Florence (about 1480); in 1484 he was at the court of Archduke Sigismund at Innsbruck, and returned thither in the service of Maximilian I after Lorenzo's death (1492). In Augsburg 1496, in Vienna (as Imperial court composer) 1497, he returned to Florence three

1911). He pub. a treatise on chords (1897) and a study of 'Grusinian Folksong,' xv miss., 1539), Carminum and Une Ref.: III. 128, 149; V. 368; VI. 396; IX. 415; X. 256. The standard organist of chamber music, etc. Ref.: III. 422. The standard organist in Görlitz and Zullichau; (1836-): b. Hirschberg, Schleswig; still effective in their original form, and with Proksch in Prague; teacher and organist in Görlitz and Zullichau; (1544) and Forster's Auszug guter composer for pianoforte and author of teutscher Luedlein (1539). His secular (1544) and Forster's Auszug guter teutscher Liedlein (1539). His secular music includes 22 German, 5 French, 10 Italian, 5 Latin songs, 58 instrumental pieces (pub. by J. Wolf, in Denkmäler d.T. in österreich) besides others, probably spurious. Ref.: I. 269, 304f; VIII. 122f; mus. ex., XIII. 22. ISENMANN, Karl (1839-1889): b. Gengenbach, d. Illenau; composer of popular men's choruses.

ISHAM, John (ca. 1680-1726)

ISHAM, John (ca. 1680-1726): Mus. B., Oxford, 1713; organist at St. Anne's, Soho, St. Andrew's, Holborn, and St. Margaret's, Westminster; composer of anthems and a popular two-part song.

[Saint] ISIDORUS (Hispanensis), Bishop of Seville (ca. 570-636): b. Cartagena, d. Seville (?); theoretican whose writings on music were printed by Gerbert as Sententiæ de musicæ.

ISMAIL PASHA, Khedive of Egypt. Ref.: II. 496; IX. 361.

ISNARDI, Paola: b. Ferrara, ca. 1525; monastic superior at Monte Cassino, maestro di cappella at Ferrara, composer of motets, psalms, madrigals,

ISORI, Ida (1875-): b. Florence; singer and teacher; studied with Barbieri-Nini and Meliani, and at the Instituto musicale with Ceccherini; debut in Pisa as Leonora in Il Trovatore, 1892, and after appearing on various Italian stages, made concert tours in France and Russia; married Paolo Litta, the pianist, with whom she founded in Florence the musical society Libera Estetica, and the Scuola del Bel Canto; pub. an Isori-Album of 24 old airs.

180UARD, Niccolò (or Niccolò de Malta) (1775-1818): b. Malta, d. Paris; studied at Palerma and Naples, while filling banking positions. In 1794 he prod., under the name of Niccolò, an opera, L'avviso ai maritati, in Florence, and soon abandoned banking. His articesce prod. in Leghorn, 1794, was Artaserse, prod. in Leghorn, 1794, was more successful, and he became organist there, later maestro to the Order of Malta. After its dissolution he wrote a number of operas for a La Valette theatre, but went to Paris in 1799, where he was befriended by R. Kreut-Valette vienna (as imperial court composer) where he was befriended by R. Kreut1497, he returned to Florence three
a years before his death. Of his works
are preserved the masses Charge de
deail, Misericordias domini, Quant jan
ou cor, La Spagna, Comme femme (all
(1802), still more with Cendrillon
printed by Petrucci, 1506), Salva nos
Thrown in competition with Boildieu,
and Frölich Wesen (Graphäus, Missae he prod. some superior works (Jeannot

et Colin, Coureurs d'aventures [Joconde]), but Boieldieu was preferred by the Academy and I.'s chagrin hastened his death. Besides 50 operas he wrote masses, motets, psalms, cantatas, songs and canzonets. Ref.: II. 183; IX. 73, 139, 226f.

ISRAEL, Karl (1841-1881): b. Heiligenrode, d. Frankfort-on-Main; abandaned theology for music, which he

doned theology for music, which he studied at the Leipzig Conservatory; music critic and writer of musical

bibliographies.

bibliographies.

ISTELL, Edgar (1880-): b. Mayence; studied violin, then composition with Volbach, later Thuille; studied musical science at Munich (Dr. phil., dissertation on Rousseau's Pygmalion), became docent for musical asthetics at the Humboldt Academy, Berlin, 1913. He pub. essays on the German 'Christmas Play' and Wagner, a biography of Peter Cornelius (1906), also Die Entstehung des deutschen Melodramas (1906), Die Komische Oper, Due Blutezeit der musikaluschen Romantik (1906), Die Komische Oper, Die Blutezeit der musikalischen Romantik (1909), Das Kunstwerk R. Wagners (1910), Das Libreito (1914), Die moderne Oper (1914); edited Cornelius' essays, E. T. A. Hoffmann's musical writings, etc., Dittersdorf's autobiography (1909) and wrote guides to various modern operas, also Mahler's 8th symphony. He composed songs, mixed choruses in canon form, Singspielouverture, 3 Gesänge von Goethe (w. orch.);

Coureurs d'aventures [Jo-out Boieldieu was preferred ademy and I.'s chagrin has-death. Besides 50 operas he ber fahrende Schuler (Carlsruhe, 1906) ses, motets, psalms, cantatas,

ISTOMINA: Russian ballerina. Ref.:

IVAN the Terrible. Ref.: IX. 391, 410; X. 140, 141.

IVANOFF (1) Nicolas Kusmich (1809-1880): b. Poltava, d. Bologna; tenor in London, Italy and Paris. (2) London, Italy and See Ippolitorr-Ivanorr. (1849-): Mikail. See IPPOLITOFF-IVANOFF. (2)
Mikail Mikailovitch (1849-): b.
Moscow; studied with Tschaikowsky
and Dubuque; critic in Rome and for
the Novoe Vremya; composer of symphony, symphonic poems, orchestral
suite, 4 operas, 2 Finnish rhapsodies, etc.

IVANOVICI (d. 1902): Rumanian general inspector of military music and composer of popular waltzes.

IVES, Simon (1600-1662): b. Ware, d. London; vicar choral at St. Paul's, singing teacher, composer of catches and rounds, also music for 'The Tri-

and rounds, also music for 'The Tri-umph of Peace,' a masque by Shirley. Ref.: X. 83.

[d'] IVRY, Paul Xaxier Desire Richard, Marquis (1829-1903): b. Beaume, Côte d'or, d. Hyères; Parisian dilettante; composed 6 operas, concert-overture, etc. He used the pseudonym Richard Yrvid.

IZAC. See ISAAK.

JACCHIA, Agide: contemp. operatic conductor in Montreal, New York, etc. Ref.: IV. 157.

JACCHINI, Guiseppe (18th cent.): Italian 'cellist and composer. He was a member of the orchestra of San Petronio, Bologna, and of the Philharmonic Society there. He wrote sonatas and concerti for violin and 'cello, published in 1700.6 lished in 1700-01.

JACHET. See BERCHEM, BUUS, VAET, and Wert, Jacher. The customary sig-nature of Christian names only dur-ing the 16th century has complicated the history of music in that period in

no small degree.

JACHET DA MANTUA (16th cent.): singer and maestro di cappella at San Pietro Cathedral, Mantua (ca. 1537-1558); composer of church music, motets, etc., highly esteemed by his contemporaries. His music was included

temporaries. His music was included in many collections, among them those of Gombert, di Rore, and Willaert.

JACHINECKI, Zdisdaw (1882-):

Dr. phil. 1906, Vienna, with a dissertation on Gomólka; wrote The Induence of Italian Music on the Polish' (Part I, from 1540-1640), pub. Cracow, 1911: composer of sones.

1911; composer of songs.

JACHMANN-WAGNER.

See WAG-

NER, JOHANNA.

NER, JOHANNA.

JACKSON (1) William (1730-1803):
b. Exeter, d. there; after studying in London under Travers he returned to Exeter, where he taught music, led the Cathedral choir and became organist. Besides church music, madrigals and canzonets, he wrote several operas, piano sonatas and songs, and three books dealing largely with musical matters. (2) Lacy. See Lacy. (3) William (1815-1866): b. Masham, Yorks, Eng., d. Bradford: organist and Willam (1815-1866): b. Masham, Yorks, Eng., d. Bradford; organist and choir director at Bradford, author of a Manual of Singing and composer of sacred and secular vocal music. (4) Samuel P. (1818-1885): b. Manchester, Eng., d. Brooklyn, New York; composer. (5) James J., father of Samuel; organ maker. (6) Edwin W.: English author of a manual of finger exercises (1866). (7) John P.: English author; d. Paris, 1897; wrote 'Album of the Passion Play at Oberammergau' (1873), translated Wagner's Parsifal, Die Meistersinger, and wrote a handbook on the poser. (5) James J., father of Samuel; organ maker. (6) Edwin W.: English author of a manual of finger exercises (1866). (7) John P.: English author; d. Paris, 1897; wrote 'Album of the Passion Play at Oberammergau' (1873), translated Wagner's Parsifal, Die Meistersinger, and wrote a handbook on the Nibelungenlied. (8) Dr. G.: early 19th de Buonta) (early 14th cent.): one of cent. music teacher and organist in the earliest composers of madrigals,

New York, Boston

Ref.: IV. 236f.

JACOB (1) Benjamin (1778-1829):

London, d. there; distinguished orcent.; organist of Surrey

and glees.

JACOB (1) Benjamm (1778-1029): b. London, d. there; distinguished organist of 18th cent.; organist of Surrey Chapel; composer of psalms and glees. (2) F. A. L. See Jakob.

JACOBI (1) Michael (17th cent.): cantor in Luneburg, and promoter of movement toward permanent opera. In 1656 he founded a theatre for Singspiel performances. (2) Georges (1840-1906): b. Berlin, d. London; prolific composer of light opera, ballets, etc.; dramatic conductor and violinist. He studied with Ganz and de Bériot and at the Conservatory under Massart, Reber, Gevaert, etc. He played at the Opéra Comique and Grand Opéra; conducted the Bouffes Parisiens, 1869, the Alhambra, London, for 26 years, beginning 1872, then became professor at the Royal College of Music. His dramatic works, while written for the popular taste, are melodious and technically excellert. taste, are melodious and technically excellent. He also composed for violin and viola.

and viola.

JACOBS (1) Karl Eduard (1833-):
b. Krefeld, Germany; director of the
Royal archives and library in Wernigerode; author of biographical details
regarding Sinn, Lampadius, Eckelt,
Mager, etc., also the Collegium musicum, etc., in Wernigerode. (2) Edouard
(1851-): b. Hal, Belgium; 'cello
virtuoso, who, after playing in the
court orchestra at Weimar, succeeded
his instructor, Servais, as professor in
the Brussels Cons.

JACOBSEN, Jens Peter. Ref.: VI.

JACOBSEN, Jens Peter. Ref.: VI.

JACOBSOHN, Simon E. (1839-1902): b. Mitau, Courland, d. Chicago; violinist and well-known teacher. He studied with Weller and David and was con-cert-master at Bremen; also concert-master of the Thomas Orchestra, 1872. He taught in the Cons. of Cincinnati, then in Chicago. then in Chicago.

JACOBSTHAL, Gustav (1845-1912):

caccias, and balladas with instrumental accompaniment, hence one of the earliest representatives of the Florentme ars nova. Compositions of his are preserved in Florence and in the British Museum. Three of his madrigals appear in Johannes Wolf's Geschichte der Mensuralnotation, II. No. 40-42.

JACOTIN (birth name, Jacob Godebrye) (d. 1529): Flemish composer; chaplain of Notre Dame of Antwerp, composer of motets and chansons published by Petrucci and Attaignant, and masses preserved in the Roman archives.

chives. JACQUARD, Léon-Jean (1826-1886): b. Paris, d. there; pupil of Nor-blin and professor of 'cello at the Conservatoire (1877); a virtuoso on the

'cello, also ensemble player.

JACQUES, Edgar F. (1850-1906): b.
London, d. Brighton; organist and critic.

critic.

JADASSOHN, Salamon (1831-1902):
b. Breslau, d. Leipzig; composer, teacher
and theorist; studied at Breslau, with
Hesse, Lüstner and Brosig, and 1848
entered the Leipzig Cons. Later he was
one of Liszt's pupils in Weimar, and
studied composition with Hauptmann
at Leipzig, where he became a wellknown teacher, led the Euterpe' concerts and the choral society 'Psalterion,' and from 1871 until his death was
identified with the Leipzig Cons. as
teacher and professor of counterpoint,
composition and pianoforte. His 10 composition and pianoforte. His 10 text-books of theory and technique have enjoyed wide popularity, have been translated into English, some into French, Dutch and Italian. His compositions are 125 in number and besides positions are 125 in number and besides the 2 serenades for orchestra, 2 piano serenades, 4-hand ballet music and vocal duets written in canon form, for which Jadassohn is famous, include 4 symphonies, 2 overtures, concertos, rios, 2 string quartets, 3 piano quartets, a piano sextet, preludes and fugues for piano, choral settings of psalms (with orch.), etc. Ref.: III. 13; V. 256.

JADIN (1) Louis-Emmanuel (1788-

JADIN (1) Louis-Emmanuel (1768-1853): b. Versailles, d. Paris; page de la musique to Louis XVI; during the Revolution a member of the band of the

caccias, and balladas with instrumental | etc., concertos and sonatas for piano. His music, like that of his brother, had popularity in its day and is now forgotten.

JADLOWKER, Hermann: contemp. JADLOWKER, Hermann: contemp. dramatic tenor, sang in various European opera houses and at the Metropolitan in New York. Essayed the principal Wagner rôles. Ref.: IV. 155.

JAELL (1) Alfred (1832-1882): b. Trieste, d. Paris; court pianist to George V of Hanover, composer of transcriptons and ostentiatious pune pieces. He tions and ostentatious piano pieces. He won recognition as a superficial and brilliantly polished pianist and toured largely, living at various times in Venice, Vienna, Brussels, Leipzig, the United States, London and Paris, where he died. (2) Marie (née Trautmann): (1846-): b. Steinseltz, Alsatia; pianist, theorist and composer. She received a thorough training in technique from Herz in the Conservatoire. Her compositions include a concerto in D major, a piano quartet, a waltz for 4 hands. She is also the author of 5 books dealing with correct method of touch, rhythm, the association of music and psycho-physiology, etc. won recognition as a superficial and

JAERNEFELT, Armas. See Järne-

JAFFE (1) Moritz (1835-): b. Posen; dramatic composer, pupil of Pobmer Maurin, Massard, Laub, Bohmer, Maurin, Massard, Laub, Wuerst and Bussler. (2) Sophie (1872-): b. Odessa; noted concert violinist, whose career was cut short by the inheritance of a fortune and consequent retirement from public view. She was a pupil of Auer, and at the Conservatoire had received first prize.

JAGER, Ferdinand (1838-1902): b. Hanau, d. Vienna; tenor who sang the first 'Siegfried' at Vienna, the third at Bayreuth; also the second 'Parsifal' there.

JAHN (1) Heinrich Albert (1811-1900): b. Berne, d. there; city librarian, 1900): b. Berne, d. there; city librarian, chancellory official; archaeologist, historian, author of studies on Switzerland, and of an edition of De musica libri III by Quintilianus, with notes and criticism. (2) Otto (1813-1869): b. Kiel, d. Göttingen; biographer, philologist, archæologist and music critic. He studied at Kiel, Leipzig, Berlin, France and Italy; taught philology at Kiel, archæology at Greifswald and Leipzig, and at Bonn, where he had charge Revolution a member of the band of the Garde Nationale; conductor of various Parisian theatres; professor at the Conservatoire (1800-06); ganverneur des pages (1814 to 1830); composer of military marches and hymns, of 40 dramatic pieces, operas, comic operas, etc.; of chamber music and orchestral works. His music had great vogue in its day, was facile in expression, but without great originality or force. He was the son of Jean J., violinist at court of Louis XVI; and nephew of George, bassoonist in chapel of Louis XVI, can the chapel of Louis professor of pianoforte at the Conservations, and professor of pianoforte at the Conservations of pianoforte at the Conservation of the Museum of Art. His writings controversies on Berlioz and Wagner, was facile in expression, but without great originality or force. He was the son of Jean J., violinist at court of Louis XVI; and nephew of George, bassoonist in chapel of Louis XVI, and nephew of George, bassoonist in chapel of Louis professor of pianoforte at the Conservation of the Museum of Art. His writings controversies on Berlioz and Wagner, was facile in expression, but without great originality or force. He was the son of Jean J., violinist at court of Louis XVI; and nephew of George, bassoonist in chapel of Louis XVI, and representation of the Museum of Art. His writings controversies on Berlioz and Wagner, was facile in expression, but without great original songs, and, most important, a 4-vol. biographer, literature biographers. It has been translation that the basis for all future biographers. It has been translation that the basis for all future biographers. It has been translation the first scholar who has applied scientific methods of research and criticism to musical history. Ref.: (quoted) II. 111, 115; (cited) VII. 507; VI. 323; court (quoted on Mozart) VIII. 157. (3) Wil-helm (1835-1900): b. at the Moravian directed court, d. Vienna; choir singer at Temesvar, conductor at Pesth, Agram, Amsterdam, Prague, Wiesbaden, and, 1881-1897, at the court opera in Vienna.

JÄHNS, Friedrich Wilhelm (1809-1888): b. Berlin, d. there; concert singer, founder and leader of a choral society, composer of a piano trio and Schottische Lieder, still performed, and of a thematic catalogue of the works of

or a themanic catalogue of the Works of Weber, a most thorough compilation of material pertaining to Weber.

JAKOB, Friedrich August Leberecht (1803-1884): b. Kroitzsch, d. Liegnitz; cantor in Konradsdorf, near Hainau in Silesis; compiler of school song-books, men's quartets, sacred choral songs. etc.

JAKUBOWSKI, Samson (b. Kovno, 1801): Polish composer, who wrote for the instrument popular among the Tartars, the xylophone.

JALOWETŽ, Heinrich:

JALOWETŽ, Heinrich: contemp. Viennese composer. Ref.: VI. 353. JAMBE de FER, Philibert ([?]-1572): killed as a Huguenot in Lyons; pub. Epitome musical, sons et accordz es voix humaines, fluestes d'Alleman, fluestes à 9 trous, viols, violons, etc. (1556); edited Les 150 psaumes de David, etc., of Marot de Bèzeschen (?) *David*, etc., (1561-[64]).

JAMES I, King of England. Ref.:

JAMES II, King of England. V. 169. Ref .:

JAMES (1) John (18th cent.-1745): English organist, whose compositions consist only of a few songs and works for the organ. (2) W. N. (19th cent.): English flutist, author of treatises on the origin, development and technique of flute-playing. (3) Philip, contemps of the organism of the (3) Philip, conmposer. Ref.: IV. Amer. composer. temp. 359f.

temp. Amer. composer. Ref.: 1v. 359f.

JAN (1) Maistre. See Gallus, JoHannes. (2) Karl von (1836-1899): b.
Schweinfurt, d. Adelboden, Switzerland; Dr. phil., Berlin, 1859; teacher of choral music at Grauen, Landsberg and Saargemünd; author of valuable historical pamphlets and articles on Greek modes and string instruments. His article in the Halle encyclopedia revealed new discoveries concerning lyre and kithara. He published also Greek texts with critical annotations.

JANIEWIECZ, Feilx (1762-1848); b. Vilna, d. Edinburgh; violinist of high rank for whom Mozart possibly wrote the andante for violin and orchestra dated 1785; conductor of subscription concerts at Liverpool and Manchester, and of the Edinburgh Music Festivals, 1815, 1819 and 1824. His compositions were for his own instrument, concertos, trios, etc.

court band in Rheinsberg; established home academies, established home academies,' directed court ball music in later directed court ball music in Berlin; wrote instrumental works, a Te Deum and a cantata, strongly influenced by Graun. (2) Anton (173-1812): b. Switzerland, d. Burgsteinfurt; conductor, first, to the prince-elector at Coblenz, then at Wallerstein, 1794, of the Grossmann theatrical company in Hanover, and finally of Count Burgsteinfurt. No compositions were published: symptonies and concertos published; symphonies and concertos are extant in manuscript.

JANKO, Paul von (1856-); b. Totis, Hungary; pianist; inventor of an improved keyboard not yet popularly accepted. He studied in Vienna and Berlin, and received instruction from Schmitt, Krenn, Bruckner and Ehrlich. In 1882 he invented the keyboard, for the introduction of which he has made successful concert tours. As for an successful concert tours. As for an explanation of the nature of this keyboard it is sufficient here to mention that the lessening of the span of the octave and the choice of three double rows of keys for the fingers facili-tates a free and easy use of fingers. As the invention has ceased to be a as the invention has ceased to be a new one, the enthusiasm for it has waned, although in Germany it has still adherents. J. is the author of a valuable article on pure intonation, published by Stumpf in his Beiträge zur Musik, III. Since 1892 he has lived in Constantinople as Administrator of the Tobacca Bayeaus. Tobacco Revenue.

JANNACONI (Janaconi), Giuseppi (1741-1816): b. Rome, d. there; one of the last composers of the Roman School. He succeeded Zingarelli as maestro di cappella at St. Peter's and was director at the Naples Conservatory. His compositions, still in manuscript in Rome, are entirely sacred in character, masses, a Te Deum, motets, antiphonies, etc.

antiphonies, etc.

JANNEQUIN (Janequin, Jennekin), Clement (16th cent.): a pupil of Josquin of whose life little is known. His work is mainly secular. A few masses and sacred songs remain in manuscript in Rome, but they are overshadowed by his 'program' music, consistence sisting of part-songs (chansons), some with instr. accompaniment, with titles such as La bataille, Chant des oiseaux, and others. Their imitative character is their outstanding feature and stamp J. as one of the pioneers of 'tone-paint-J. as one of the pioneers of 'tone-painting,' i.e. the use of natural effects in music. Altogether J. published more than 200 chansons and was held in great honor in France, but was little known among his foreign contemporaries. Ref.: 1. 276, 306; II. 351; III. 354; VIII. 10; VIII. 284; mus. ex., XIII. 33, 84.

JANOTHA, Natalie (1856): b. Warsaw: a purpl of Budorff and Clera

trios, etc.

JANITSCH (1) Johann Gottlieb Schumann, she entered the Gewandhaus (1708-1763): b. Schweidnitz, Silesia, d. Berlin; member of Frederick II's years later became court planist to the

King of Prussia. She is also known as a composer of pianoforte works and She is also known (1859-

part-songs.

part-songs.

JANOWKA, Thomas Balthasar (17th cent.): b. Kuttenberg, Bohemia, ca. 1660; philosopher and organist at Prague, author of the first musical dictionary after Tinctoris' Diffinitorium, entitled Clavis ad thesaurum magnae artis musicae (1701).

JANSA, Leopold (1795-1875): b Wildenschwert, Bohemia, d. Vienna, violinist in Vienna and London, director of music in the University of Vienna, until banished in 1819 for assisting in a benefit concert in London for Hun-

in a benefit concert in London for Hun-

garian exiles. He remained in London from then until 1868, a distinguished teacher of the violin and excellent, though unoriginal, composer of violin

JANSEN (1) Gustav F. (1831-): b. Jever, Hanover; organist and director of music at Verden Cathedral; author of Die Danidsbündler; aus R. Schumanns Sturm und Drangperiode and collected and reëdited letters and writings of Schumann. (2) Albert (1833-): b. Cassel; philosopher and historian important for his researches and writings on the life of Jean-Jacques Rousseau as a musician.

searches and writings on the life of Jean-Jacques Rousseau as a musician. He has written extensively on other historical subjects, has acted as teacher of history in Landsherg, Brandenburg, Potsdam, St. Petersburg (where he directed the studies of Princess Olga of Greece), and as professor at the royal military academy of Berlin.

JANSON (1) Jean-Baptiste-Aime-Joseph (1742-1803): b. Valenciennes, d. Paris; 'cello virtuoso and professor of his instrument at the Conservatoire. (2) Louis Auguste Joseph: b. Valenciennes, 1749; like his brother, a 'cellist; until 1815 a member of the orchestra of the Opéra. Both were composers for their instrument, their works being chiefly sonatas, duets and trios.

JANSSEN (1) N. N.: Carthusian monk of the 19th cent., organist at Louvain, and author of a work on principles of Gregorian music, pub. 1845, and translated into German the following year. (2) Julius (1852- b. Venloo; a gifted composer of songs, conductor in Dortland of a music society, a men's choral society, of the Westphalian Music Festivals, etc.

JANSSENS, Jean-François-Joseph (1801-1835): b. Antwerp, d. there; notary at Hoboken, Berchem and Antwerp; a pupil in music of his father and Lesueur. J. was a composer of the first rank in Belgium; his works were both sacred and secular, masses, a Te Deum, psalms, symphonies, fantasies

both sacred and secular, masses, a *Te Deum*, psalms, symphonies, fantasies and comic operas. The siege of Antwerp, with the consequent loss of his manuscripts in a Cologne hotel, caused his insanity, from which he never recovered.

(1859-): b. Austria; dramatic soprano and soubrette in more than 60 operettas, comic operas; for two years, 1893-1895, the prima donna of the Imperial Opera of Vienna. She is known in Vienna, Leipzig, New York, Manneim and Wiesbaden.

JAPART, Jean (16th cent.): a writer of changes published by Petruco and

of chansons, published by Petrucci and in manuscript in St. Peter's, represented by Ambros and Eitner as a master of

chanson form.

chanson form.

JAPHA (1) Georg Joseph (18351892): b. Konigsberg, d. Cologne; violin virtuoso, who, after studying at
the Leipzig Cons. and with David,
Dreyschock, Singer and Alard, entered
the orchestra of the Gewandhaus. He
toured in Russia and England; 1863
heacture concert, moster of the Guyrapuch toured in Russia and England; 1863 became concert-master of the Gurzenich concerts and instructor at the Cologne Cons. (2) Louise (Langhans-Japha) (1826-): b. Hamburg; sister of George, wife of W. Langhans: planist and composer. She studied with Warendorf, Gross, Grund and the Schumanns, become equally well-known in Gerbecame equally well-known in Germany and Paris as virtuoso and composer of pianoforte works, string quar-

poser of pianoforte works, string quartets, songs, etc.

JAQUES-DALCROZE, Emile
(1865-): b. Vienna; studied in the Conservatory and the University of Geneva, later with Fuchs, Bruckner and Delibes. He returned to Geneva in 1892 to become professor of harmony in the Cons. During the last two decades Jaques-Dalcroze has made an international reputation by his advocacy of the educational value of training in rhythmiceling. Schools have been started in Germany, France and the United States to put into practice his theories. An endowed college for the teaching of Eurhythmics, as his system is called at Dresden-Hellerau, was conducted by Eurhythmies, as his system is called, at Dresden-Hellerau, was conducted by J.-D. until the outbreak of the great war of 1914. He has written Der Rhythmus als Erziehungmittel für die Kunst (1907) and Methode Jaques-Daleroze: I. Rhythmische Gymnastik (1st vol., 1907). Besides his studies in rhythm, J.-D. has produced in Geneva and Paris 3 operas, an operetta, a light opera, and has written choral pieces, violin concerto, piano pieces, chansons, etc. Ref.: X. 719, 2347, 247, 249; school at Hellerau (illus.), X. 244. JAQUET. See Buus.

JARECKI (1) Heinrich (1846b. Warsaw; dramatic conductor in Posen and Lemburg; composer of 7 operas, songs and other music. (2) Thade de: pupil of Jaques-Dalcroze at Hellerau and teacher of Eurhythmics in New York. Ref.: X. 243.

JARNEFELT, Armas (1869-): b. Viborg, Finland; pupil of the Heisingfors Cons., to which he returned as director (1906) after acting as conducis insanity, from which he never re-wered.

JANUSCHOWSKY, Georgine von

tor in Magdeburg, Dusseldorf and at the court opera in Stockholm. His compo-sitions, of character and originality, consist of 4 suites, overtures, symphonic chorister of Salisbury Cathedral, orpoem, an orchestral fantasy, an orchestral prelude, a serenade, part-songs, etc. Ref.: III. 101; VIII. 471; X. 205.

JARNO, Georg (1868-): b. Pesth; composer of 3 operas and 5 operatas, produced in Breslau, Hamburg, Vienna and Bellin (1) 101; VIII. 471; X. 205.

JEHIN. See Gallus, Johannes.

JEHIN (1) (Jöhin-Prume) Francois (1839-1899): b. Spa, Belgium, and Bellin (2018) (1839-1899): b. Spa, Belgium, and Montreel (Canada vicilinist Hawas)

and Berlin.

JARNOVIC (Giornoviche), Giovanni Mane (1745-1804): b. Palermo, d. St. Petersburg; violin virtuose in Paris, Berlin, Warsaw, St. Petersburg, London and Hamburg. Despite the experiment of the conditional property of conditional property of the conditional cellence of his technique and conductorbecause of an irregularity of life imitative of his teacher, Lolli. He wrote 16 violin concertos, 6 string quartets, duos for violin and sonatas for violin with bass, and showed in all the same trace and ease in expression illustrated grace and ease in expression illustrated in his playing. Ref.: VII. 436.

JARVIS (1) Stephen (1834-1880): d.

London; composer of string quintets, pianoforte music, etc. (2) Chas. H. (1837-1895): b. Philadelphia, d. there; pianist and director of the Philadelphia

Quintet Club, which he founded. JASPAR, Maurice (1870-Liège; composer of songs and instrumental pieces, a student and teacher in the Conservatory of his native city.

in the Conservatory of his native city. Founded the Walloon music festivals. JAUFRE, Rudel, Prince of Blaya. Ref.: I. 211.

JAUSIONS, [Dom] Paul O. S. B. (1834-1870): b. Rennes, d. Vincennes, Indiana, U. S.; Benedictine monk in Solesmes; edited with Dom Guéranger the Mélodies Grégoriennes, and pub-Solesmes; edited with Dom Gueranger the Mélodies Grégoriennes, and pub-lished a Directorium chori monas-terii (1864). He was gathering bio-graphical data for a life of Bishop Brute de Remur of Vincennes, Ind., when he died.

when he died.

JAY, John George Henry (1770-1849): b. Essex, d. London; violinist, teacher and planoforte composer; Mus. D., Cambridge, 1811. His children inherited his musical talent, the son, John J. (1812-1849), following the career of violinist, one daughter heing a planist, the other a harpist.

JEAN LE COQ, or Jehan. See GALUS, JOHANNES.

JEDLICZKA. Errust (1855-1904). b.

JEDLICZKA, Ernst (1855-1904): b. Pultava, Russia, d. Berlin; studied with Nicolas Rubinstein, Tschaikowsky and Klindworth; eminent piano instructor at Moscow and in the Klindworth-Scharwenka Conservatory at Berlin, and

(1897) at the Stern Conservatory there. JEEP, Johann (ca. 1582-ca. 1650): b. Dransfeld, Hanover, d. Ulm; conductor at Weikersheim, editor of several collections, Studenten-Gärtlein, and Geistliche Psalmen, etc., Martini Lu-

JEFFRIES (1) George: composer

peculiar to the chimes.

JEHAN. See GALLUS, JOHANNES.

JEHIN (1) (JChin-Prume) François (1839-1899): b. Spa, Belgium,
d. Montreal, Canada; violinist. He was
an infant prodigy (studied at Liège
Cons. at 5 years of age, performed in
public concert the following year, and
at 9 received a prize). Later he studied
at Brussels Cons., then with Vieuxtemps
and Wieniawsky and at 16 began his
career as violin-virtuoso. He toured
Bussia Germany, Belgium, Scandinavia career as violin-virtuoso. He toured Russia, Germany, Belgium, Scandinavia and Holland, and, in 1863 and 1869-71, North America. From 1887-1896 he was the centre of musical life in Montal the control of the control o was the centre of missical the in Montreal. He wrote 2 violin concertos, numerous solos and about twenty songs.

(2) Léon (1853-): b. Spa; conductor successively in Antwerp, Brussels, Monaco and Aix-les-bains; composer for orchestra and violin.

JELENSPERGER, Daniel (1797-1831): b. Mühlhausen, Alsatia, d. there; assistant to Reicha, who taught him theory; undertook the business management of a publishing concern, the purpose of which was the publication of the works of the Conservatoire pro-fessors who were at its head. His own book on the study of harmony was not published until after his death.

JELINEK, Franz Xaver (1818-1880): b. Kaurins, Bohemia, d. Salzburg; teacher of oboe at Salzburg and choir leader of the Cathedral there; composer

leader of the Cathedral there; composer of part-songs and male chorus.

JENKINS (1) John (1592-1678): b. Maidstone, d. Kimberley, Norfolk; lutenist and lyra-violist at the courts of Charles I and Charles II, composer of 2 rondels, songs, an elegy to Lawes, rants' and 'fancies' (unpublished, but preserved in manuscript in Oxford), and 'Twelve Sonatas for 2 Violins and a Base with a Thorough Base for the Organ or Theorbo.' Ref.: VII. 392f. (2) David (1849-): b. Trecastell, Bracon; conductor of music festivals in Wales and professor at the University of Aberystwith, composer of orasity of Aberystwith, composer of ora-torios, cantatas, an opera and an oper-

JENNEKIN. See JANNEQUIN.
JENNENS, Charles: librettist of
Handel's 'Messiah.' Ref.: I. 442; VI.

Gustav JENNER, Gustav (1865-): b. Keitum, Island of Sylt; director in Marburg of the music and concert societies of the university; author of life of Brahms, whose pupil he was; composer of slight but pretty songs and vocal trios. Besides Brahms, he studied with Stange, Gange, and Mandyczewski. JENSEN (1) Adolf (1837-1879): b. Königsberg, d. Baden-Baden; was mainly self-taught. having studied (1865 -

of motets and anthems in English and Latin, organist to Charles I, Oxford, mainly self-taught, having studied 1643. (2) Christopher, son of George, three years in all with Ehlert, Marpurg an organist. (3) Stephen (1660-1712): and Liszt. He taught music in Russia,

1856, became Kapellmeister at the Posen Stadttheater, visited Gade in 1858, and returned to Konigsberg as teacher reand returned to konigsberg as teacher and composer with ever-growing reputation. He taught at Tausig's piano school in Berlin, 1866-68, and retired first to Dresden, then Graz and finally Baden-Baden. J. is one of the important modern romantic Lied comportant modern romantic Lied compositions of the interest of the interest has been recommended. posers, and in this respect has been regarded as the direct heir of Schumann. Of his numerous books of songs, ranging from op. 1 to op. 61, the majority are simply designated as *Lieder*, though some are in the form of cycles, such as Dolorosa, Gaudeamus, etc. He also Dolorosa, Gaudeamus, etc. He also wrote several books of choruses, 2 cho-ruses with 2 horns and harp (op. 10) and a number of piano compositions in small forms, including the series Innere Stimmen, Wanderbilder, Idyllen, Eroticon, also 'Wedding Music' for 4 Eroticon, also 'Wedding Music' for 4 hands, a sonata, a German suite, Romantic Studies, études, fantasy pieces, mantic Studies, études, fantasy pieces, dances, nocturnes, romances, etc. J. left an opera, Turandot and 2 large works for orchestra with chorus and soli, respectively. Ref.: III. 18; V. 303, 305ff; VII. 321, 323; portrait, V. 306. (2) Gustav (1843-1895): b. Konigsberg, d. Cologne; brother of Adolf, violinist and composer, who, after training from his father and brother, Dehn, Laub and Joachim, taught counterpoint at and Joachim, taught counterpoint at the Cologne Conservatory and composed

the Cologne Conservatory and composed chamber music, violin pieces, etc. He published Klassische Violinmusik, a collection of older chamber music.

JENTSCH, Max (1855-): b. Ziesar, Saxony; pianist in the East and in Constantinople; teacher in Berlin and Vienna; composer of works for orchestra, chamber music and 2 op-

eras.

JEPKENS, Albert Michael (1828-1878): b. Weeze, d. Kempen; teacher at the seminary at the latter place and author of three books, one a collection of school songs, the second sacred part-songs for male voices and the third Die neue Orgel der Pfarrkirche zu Kem-

JEREMIAŠ (1) Jaroslav: contemp. Hungarian composer of symphonies, chamber music, etc. Ref.: III. 182. (2) Ottokar: brother of (1); contemp. composer of Hungarian operas, etc. Ref .: III. 182.

JEROME NAPOLEON. See BONA-PARTE.

JEROME OF MORAVIA. Ref.: VII.

JEWITT (Jewett), Randolph or Randall (1603-1675): b. possibly at Chester, d. Winchester; renowned Eng-lish organist at Christ Church and St. Patrick's, Dublin; Chester Cathedral; almoner and canon at St. Paul's, London; organist, etc., at Winchester Cathedral, 1666. He wrote 5 anthems widely sung in his time, one of which is preserved.

JIMENEZ, Jeronimo (1854-

Seville: zarzuela and orchestral composer, whose musical education was received at the Paris Conservatoire un-

received at the Paris Conservatoire under Alard, Savart and Thomas.

JIMMERTHAL, Hermann (18091886): b. Lubeck, d. there; organist, organ-builder and writer.

JIRANEK (1) (Giranek), Anton (1712-1761): b. Prague, d. Dresden; pupil of Benda and Zarth, member of Royal Polish chapel, Warsaw, director of music at Dresden, and composer of one published tro sonata. His daughof music at Dresden, and composer of one published trio sonata. His daugh-ter was Franzisca Romana (Koch). (2) Josef (1855-): b. Ledec, Bohemia; performer on organ, violin, harp and pianoforte, which he studied under Smetana, Stanek, Hrimaly, and in the Organ School at Prague. He was harp-ist at the Bohemian Landestheater, then ist at the Bohemian Landestheater, then taught pianoforte at Kharkoff and the University of Prague. He composed some orchestral and chamber music, and pub. a series of very valuable technical study works for the pianoforte. (3) Aloys (1858-); b. Ledec; brother of Josef and, like him, a pupil of the Prague Organ School. After further study with Fibich, he also truthed to Whorkoff and composed source. taught at Kharkoff, and composed songs, works for piano and orchestra, also Dagmar, a dramatic opera.

Dagmar, a dramatic opera.

JOACHIM (1) Joseph (1831-1907): b. Kittsee, near Pressburg; d. Berlin; violinist. He was a 'wonder-child,' whose first appearance at Pesth, at the age of 7, was hailed with great applause, who at 12 took part in a Viardot-Garcia Concert in Leipzig, and soon after plaved in the Gewandhaus. He was a pupil of Serwaczinski, Hauser, the elder Hellmesberger and Böhm, and also came under the influence of Mendelssohn and David. In 1844 he first went to England, and after six more visits at irregular intervals, he became a fixture of the annual Lonsix more visits at irregular intervals, he became a fixture of the annual London season, being enthusiastically acclaimed by the English public in the Monday Popular Concerts, the Crystal Palace, and throughout the provinces. Joachim acted as concert-master at Leipzig, Weimar, and at the court of Hanover. Going to Berlin, he became the head of the new Hochschule für Musik and, after its reorganization, became chairman of the board of directors and head of the string department. In 1869 he founded the Joachim Quartet, which consisted of partment. In 1869 he founded the opachim Quartet, which consisted of J. as the first violin, Schiever, de Ahna, Kruse and Halir as successive second violins, de Ahna, Rappoldi and Wirth as violists, and Muller and Hausmann as successive 'cellists. The Hausmann as successive 'cellists. The fame of this Quartet was world-wide, its execution unsurpassed. It appeared annually in Vienna, Budapest, London, Paris, Rome and throughout Germany L's compositions include. paris, Rome and inrolghout Ger-many. J.'s compositions include 5 overtures, 3 violin concertos, varia-tions for violin and orchestra, 6 pieces for violin with plano, He-brew melodies, a nocturne, etc. His

style is influenced rather by the school headed by his friend Brahms, emphasizing formalistic elements as against the pictorial. Ref.: II. 413, 447; VII. 238, 443, 445, 450f, 458 (footnote), 460; portrait, VII. 448. (2) Amalie Weiss (Schneeweiss), wife of (1), (1839-1899): b. Marburg, Styria; d. Berlin; soprano at the Hanoverian court opera, 1865-66, concert soprano and later contralto, famous as a singer of the Schumann songs, teacher of singing at the mann songs, teacher of singing at the Klindworth-Scharwenka Conservatory.

JOANNELLI, Pietro (16th cent.): b. Bergamo, served Maximilian II. compiler of Novus Thesaurus musicus, a collection of motets, dedicated by him

to the Emperor.

JOAO IV. King of Portugal (1604-1656): b. Villa-Vicosa, d. Lisbon; was a patron of music, and a noted composer of church music, of which only one motet is extant; also author of theoretical controversial treatises, translated into Italian.

lated into Italian.

JOBST BRANT. See Brant.

JÖCHER, Christian Gottlieb (1694-1758): b. Leipzig, d. there; philosopher and librarian; author of Allgemeines Gelehrien-Lexicon (1750), including musical biographies, and for his doctor's degree, the thesis Effectus musicae in hominem.

JOHANN GEORG, Elector of Sax-ny. Ref.: VI. 236.

JOHANNES COTTO. See Cor JOHANNES DAMASCENUS See Corro. hannes Chrysorrhoas) (ca. 700-754): a saint of Greek and Roman Churches, the earliest dogmatist in the former Church, reputed reformer of Byzantine notation and organizer of the form of the liturgy.

JOHANNES DE FLORENTIA. See GIOVANNI DE CASCIA.

JOHANNES DE GARLANDIA. See GARLANDIA.

JOHANNES DE MURIS. See Mu-

JOHANNSEN, Julius (1826-1909): b. Copenhagen, d. Paloniem, Finland; professor and director St. Petersburg Conservatory; author of book, published in Russian, on counterpoint.

JOHN XXII, Pope. Ref.: I. 232f.

JOHN XXII, Pope. Ref.: I. 232f.
JOHNS, Clayton (1857-): b.
Newcastle, Del.; pupil of Paine, Sherwood, Kiel, Grabow, Raif, Rummel; concert pianist and teacher in Boston, Mass.; composed of songs, piano pieces, choruses, Berceuse and Scherzino for string orch., etc. He published Essentials of Piano Playing. Ref.: IV. 353; mus. ex., XIV. 221.

JOHNSEN, Henrik Filip (1717-1779): b. England, d. Stockholm; chamber organist to Adolf Friedrich von Holstein-Gottorp; organist of St. Clara and Court Kapellmeister at Stockholm; teacher of harmony and composer of organ and piano pieces, symphonies, songs, incidental music and occasional cantatas.

JOHNSON (1) John ([?]-ca. 1594): lutenist and composer for his instrument to Queen Elizabeth. (2) Edward: English composer of madrigals and music for virginal; Mus. B. Cambridge, 1594. (3) Robert ['Priest'], (16th cent.): b. Dunse, Scotland; inhabitant of England because of heretical tendencies: or the England because of heretical tendencies; composer of church music for the English service, a few settings to Latın words, and three secular pieces. (4) Robert (ca. 1573?-1634): son of John the lutenist (1); member of King's Musicians at Midsummer; lutenist and composer for virginals, lute and viols, and of the settings for the songs in many of the plays of Shakespeare, Jonson, Middleton, Beaumont, and Fletcher. (5) John: Cheapside music publisher in London, ca. 1735-62; conducted shop known as the 'Harp and Crown,' a title passing into the hands of the Longman firm upon his death. (6) James: Edinburgh music printer and publisher; d. 1811; published 'The Scots Musical Museum' (1787-1803), commended by Robert Burns. (7) Samuel: 18th cent. dancing master, playwright and composer, whose production of 'Hurlo-Thrumbo or the Supernatural' at the Haymarket, 1729, was patronized by Walpole. (8) [Dr.] Samuel (cited on Italian opera). Ref.: I. 431; IV. 202. (9) William Spencer (1883-): b. Athol, Mass.; music teacher and composer of songs. He studied with Perabo and Goetschius, Reinecke and H. Riemann. (10) Noel: English song composer. Ref.: III. 443.

JOHNSTONE, Mehn his business was taken over by Longman and Lukey. Among his publications are the early compositions of Dibdin.

JOHNSTONE, J. Alfred (1861-): D. Ireland; studied with R. Stewart in Dublisher, 1504-1776.

carly compositions of Dibdin.

JOHNSTONE, J. Alfred (1861-):
b. Ireland; studied with R. Stewart
in Dublin; director of the music school
of the Athenæum, and piano teacher
in Melbourne; author of "The Art of
Teaching Piano-playing" (1910), 'Piano
Touch, Phrasing and Interpretations'
(1908), 'How to Use the Pedal in Piano
Playing,' 'The Simplicity Piano Tutor,'
'The Royal Method for Octave and
Wrist Technique,' 'The Royal Method
for Scales and Arpeggios,' 'Elementary
Ear Tests,' 'Piano Technique,' 'Essentials in Piano Playing' (1913).

JOMMELLII (1) (or Jomelli), Nicola

tials in Piano Playing' (1913).

JOMMELLI (1) (or Jomelli), Nicola (1714-1774): b. Aversa, d. Naples; greatest of the Neapolltan operatic composers. He received his training from Canon Mozzillo, Durante, Feo, and later, while in Bologna, from the famous contrapuntist, Padre Martini. His first attempts, in ballet form, ware unsuccessful: Jompelli's vely ways were unsuccessful; Jommelli's vein was too serious for this type of music. With cantatas he was more fortunate, and his first opera, L'errore amorosa, prod. at Naples, 1737, and followed by Odoardo in 1738, placed him in

stantly in the first rank as composer. So dubious had Jommelli been as to his probable success that he had adoptred the name of an unknown musician, velentino. Of the more than 70 operas produced thereafter in Rome, Bologna, Naples, Venice, Vienna and Stuttgart, all met with unvaried success. In 1741 he held the directorship, of the Conservatorio degli Incurabili of Venice; in 1749 was maestro di cappella at St. Peter's, which he left, 1753, to become court conductor at Stuttgart. It was there, during the next 15 years, that he acquired the aboratoristics of that he acquired the characteristics of the Mannheim School, and Armide, Ifigenta in Tauride and other operas are the products of this period. These, though considered among his best work though to the fame of the failed to restablish himself in Italy. Besides operas, he wrote 4 oratorios, cantatas and a great deal of church music, masses, a Magnificat, a hymn to St. Peter, and the famous Miserere, written inst previous to his death. Ref.:

masses, a Magnificat, a hymn to St. Peter, and the famous Miserere, written just previous to his death. Ref.: II. 11ff, 65; VII. 491; IX. xii, 21, 36, 41, 59, 63, 69, 91. (2) Jeanne (1879-): b. Amsterdam; concert and operatic soprano, trained by Meschaert, Stockhausen and Massenet; sang Amsterdam Opera, 1897; Metropolitan Opera House, New York, 1915; Manhattan Opera Company, 1907-08.

JONAS (1) Émile (1827-1905): b. Paris, d. St. Germain-en-Laye, near Paris; a pupil of the Conservatoire under the direction of Carafa and Lecouppey; writer of operettas for the Bouffes parisiens; 1847-66 professor of the Bouffes parisiens; 1847-66 professor of Portuguese synagogue; pub. Recuell de chants hébraiques. (2) Alberto (1868-): b. Madrid; of German parentage; composer and director of the music department at Michigan University. He attended the conservatories of Madrid, Brussels and St. Petersburg, and was a pupil of Olave, Mendizahal, Gervaert, Rubinstein and Paderewski. He has composed a number of works for the piano; lives in Berlin since 1904. composed a number of works for the piano; lives in Berlin since 1904.

JONCIERES, Victorien de (correct name, Félix-Ludger Rossignol) (1839-1903): b. Paris, d. there; composer and critic. Joncière's career at the Conservatoire was brief; a quarrel with his masters, Elwart and Leborne, over the Wagnerian controversy then disturbing Wagnerian controversy then disturbing Paris, led to his abandoning the Conservatoire for independent study. Of his 6 operatic compositions only Dimitri had even a moderate success. His other music includes a Hungarian serenade, an orchestral suite and Slavic march. He was music critic a Slavic march. He was music critic on La Liberté, where his emphatic and not always judicious criticisms impaired his reputation.

English lutenist; prod. five books of airs, one of madrigals. (2) John (18th cent.): pioneer musical promoter in America. Ref.: IV. 65. (3) John (1728-1796): organist of St. Paul's, Middle Temple and Charter House; published, 1785, 'Sixty Charts, Single and Double.' (4) William Jones of Nayland' (1736-1800): b. Lowick, Northamptonshire; d. Nayland, Suffolk; wrote 'Treatise on the Art of Music'; composed 4 anthems and 10 pieces for the organ. (5) William (1746-1794): b. London, d. Calcutta; author of essay 'On the Musical Notes of the Hindus.' (6) Edward (1752-1824): b. Hendblas, near Landerfel, Wales; d. London; member of a Welsh family of bards, himself bard to the Prince of Wales, later George IV; published compared to the control of the contro Wales, later George IV; published com-pilations of Welsh bardic poetry, lyric airs, folk-songs of Oriental and of European nations, etc. (7) Griffith: British author of an abridged history of music for the Encyclopædia Londinensis, published separately, 1819. (8) Darius E. (19th cent.): American musical educator. Ref.: IV. 242. (9) Sydney (1869-): contemporary Sydney (1869)—): contemporary English composer of operettas, including 'A Galety Girl,' 'The Geisha,' 'The Greek Slave' and 'San Toy'; also 2 ballets, etc. Some of his operettas were produced in Germany, and most of them with great success in the U.S. (10) Griffith Rhys, or Caradog (1834-): b. Treeynon, Wales; conductor of the 'Cor Caradog' and at the Crystal Palace, where he was the leader of the winning choir in the competitions. (11)
Arthur Barclay (1869-): b. London: studied at Guildhall School of
Music, where he later became instruct-

Music, where he later became instructor; compositions include a C-minor Symphony, pieces for 'cello, for piano and for organ. (12) Inigo: English architect. Ref.: X. 83, 84.

JONGEN (1) Joseph (1873-): b. Liège; studied at the Cons. there, winning the prix de Rome, and in Berlin, Munich, Leipzig, Dresden, Paris and Italy; professor of counterpoint at the Liège Cons. and organist of the Episcopal seminary and the Church of the Liege Cons. and organist of the Episcopal seminary and the Church of St. Jacob; has lived in Brussels since 1904; composer of a string quartet, a 'cello sonata, 2 piano trios, 2 violin sonatas, a piano quartet, a violin concerto, a 'cello sonata, an orchestral fantasy on 2 Walloon Christmas songs, exemphonic poem and other works for a symphonic poem and other works for orchestra, an opera, Jelyane, men's choruses, songs, piano, organ and har-monium pieces, etc. (2) Leon (1884-); b. Liège; brother and pupil of (1); composer of the opera Maria Josephe, and the cantata La nuit de Noel.

Slavic march. He was music critic is a La Liberte, where his emphatic and always judicious criticisms imaired his reputation.

JONQUIERE, Alfred (1862-1899):
b. Berne, d. Berlin; author of a work on musical acoustics, 1898. His studies were pursued in Berne, Stockholm, Basel, at the Leipzig Conservatory un-

der Hilf and Jadassohn, and in Berlin | Petrejus; also the masses Pange lingua, under Markees and Joachim.

under Markees and Joachim.

JONSON, Ben. Ref.: VI. 141; IX.
29; X. 83, 84.

JORDAN, Jules (1850—1): b. Willimantic, Conn.; conductor and composer; received vocal instruction in Boston, London and Paris; conductor Grace Church choir, Providence, and of the Arion Club. In 1898 he published a comedy-opera, Rip Van Winkle,' and has written also a cantata with orch., etc. (2) Eben D. (d. Boston. 1917): American musical patron; with ordin, etc. (2) Eben D. (d. 1985) ton, 1917; American musical patron; benefactor of the New England Cons. (the concert hall of which was named after him), the Boston Opera Co., etc. Ref.: IV. 172, 249.

JORDANI. JOÃO (1793-1860): b.

JORDANI, João (1793-1860): b. Lisbon, d. there; player and teacher of bass-viol at the Conservatory; composer of ballets, masses and other sa-cred music. Caetano, his brother, was conductor in Lisbon of the San Carlos

Theatre.

JÖRGEN-JENSEN, Elna: contemporary Danish ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 165ff.

Jörn, Carl: contemp. dramatic tenor; appeared in Germany and at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, in principal operatic rôles, etc. Ref.:

IV. 153.

JOSEFFY, Rafael (1853-1915): b.
near Pressburg, d. New York; studied w.
Moscheles, Tausig, Liszt; toured Europe
as pianist, settled first in Vienna, then
New York, where he became professor
at the National Cons.; composer of
piano pieces; pub. 'School of Advanced
Piano Playing' (1892).

JOSEPH I, German Emperor (16781711): b. Vienna, d. there; music patron and composer (works pub. by
Adler, 1892).

JOSEPH II, Austrian Emperor: mu-

JOSEPH II, Austrian Emperor: music patron at the time of Haydn and Mozart; amateur 'cellist. Ref.: II. 15, 22, 49 (footnote), 106, 124; IX. 83, 87. JOSEPHINE, French Empress. Ref.: II. 197; IX. 157.

II. 197; IX. 157.

JOSEPHSON, Jacob Axel (1818-1880): b. Stockholm, d. Upsala; studied in Dresden, Leipzig and Rome; director at the University and the Philharmonic Society of Upsala, organist of the cathedral there and composer of national songs, cantatas, etc.

songs, cantatas, etc.

JOSQUIN DES PRES, or Desprez, de Près, etc. (ca. 1450-1521): b. Hainault (Condé?); d. Condé; said to have been a pupil of Okeghem in Paris; chapel singer in Milan from 1474, at Papal chapel 1484-94, director of Cambrai Cathedral choir 1495-99, in Modena, 1499, probably in Paris, 1500, in Ferrara, 1503, and finally prebendary at Condé. Of his works are preserved: 3 books of 4-part masses (17 in all) printed by Petrucci as Missae Josquin (1502, etc., 1505, etc., and 1514, etc.), reprinted together by Junta in Rome (1526) and severally by Antiquus and books on the music of the ancients,

Petrejus; also the masses Pange Ungua, Da pacem and Sub tuum praesidium, printed by Graphäus (Missae xui, 1539); other masses in MS. in the Papal chapel archives, the libraries of Munich, Vienna, Basle, Berlin, Ratisbon, Cambrai, etc.; also motets in Petrucci's Odhecaton (1501-5), by Peutinger, and in various other 16th cent. collections.

Attaignet Tulman Susata and Le-P. Attaignant, Tylman Susato and Le-Roy & Ballard pub. special editions of Josquin motets. J.'s French chansons were printed by Attaignant, Susato and du Chemin. Some of his works have been in part transcribed into modern notation and may be examined in the Bibliothek für Kirchen musik (1844), in collections by Commer, Rochlitz and Cheron, and the historics nocinitz and uneron, and the histories of Ambros, Kiesewetter, Burney, Hawkins and others. Ref.: I. 252ff, 269, 288, 296, 298, 313; VI. 48, 49ff; musex, XIII. 24; portrait, I. 252.

JOSS, Viktor (1869
author of biconstalled in the control of bico

JOSS, Viktor (1869
uthor of biographies of Mozart, Fr.
Wieck, Dvořák, etc.; editor of the
Prague Deutsche Abendblatt (Addenda).

JOTEYKO, Thaddeus (1872
b. Poczuiki; pupil of Gevaert and
Noszkowski; companyance deutsche and

b. Poczulki; pupil of Gevaert and Noszkowski; composer of music for orchestra, also a 'cello sonata, string quartet, part songs, etc.

JOURET (1) 'Thēodore (1821-1887): b. Ath, Belgium; d. Kissingen; music critic on Guide musical, L'art, etc., Brussels; composer of male quartets, a one-act opera, etc. (2) Lēon (1828-1905): b. Ath, d. Brussels; successful composer of 2 operas, 25 folk-songs of Belgium, and church choral music. He studied and later taught at the Brussels studied and later taught at the Brussels Conservatory.

Conservatory.

JOURNET, [Hippolyte-Jules-] Marcel (1869-): b. Grasse, Aipes Maritimes, France; operatic hass in Brussels, Covent Garden and Metropolitan Opera, N. Y. His repertoire includes 8 Wagner operas, 23 Italian, 58 French. Ref.: IV. 148f.

JOUSSE, J. (1760-1837): b. Orleans, France; d. London; vocal and plano teacher and writer of text-books; one of them. Lectures on Thoroughbass'

of them, 'Lectures on Thoroughbass' (1819), revised and reprinted, appeared as 'A Catechism of Music' (New York, 1894).

JOUY, Etienne (19th cent.): librettist of Rossini's Tell. Ref.: II. 188, 197; IX. 157.

Jumilhac Juvenal

also De l'étude de la musique dans les pensions des demoiselles. (2) Louis-Antoine (1812-1860): b. Sisteron, Basses-Alpes; d. Paris; for a short time studied with Halévy at the Conservatoire; conductor, who toured Great Britain and America, composer of popular music. His failure in an opera venture of his own opera in London led to his being thrown into the debtors' prison, and consequent insanity. (3) Jean Lucien Adolphe (1845- son of Marcel Bernard; music critic, b. Florence, doubtless of the same (3) Jean Lucien Adolphe (1845-):
son of Marcel Bernard; music critic, contributor to the Revue et Gazette musicale; pub. L'opéra en 1788 (1873);
La musique et les philosophes du avitis siècle (1873) and several other works on the musical life of the 18th century; also Weber à Paris en 1826 (1877); Histoire du costume au théâtre (1880), Goethe et la musique (1880), Mozart et Wagner a l'égard des Francais (1881), Hector Berlioz (1882), Richard Wagner, sa vie et ses œuvres (1886, English by J. B. Lung, 1901), Hector Berlioz, la vie et le combat, les œuvres (1888), Musiciens d'aujourd'hui (2 vols., 1891, 1894) and Musique (1895). (1895).

JUMILHAC, Dom Pierre Benoît de (1611-1682): b. Castle St. Jean de Ligour, Limoges; d. St.-Germains-des-Près; Benedictine monk, author of *La* et la pratique du plainscience chant.

JUNCK, Benedetto (1852-

JUNCK, Benedetto (1852-): b.
Turin; composer of part-songs, a romance, 2 violin sonatas, a string quartet, etc. He received his instruction
from Bazzini and Mazzucato.
JUNGMANN (1) Albert (1824-1892):
b. Langensalza, d. Pandorf; business
manager for Spina in Vienna; composer
of salom music. (2) Louis (18321892): b. Weimar, d. there; pupil of
Liszt, teacher and composer of chamber
music in Weimar. music in Weimar.
JUNGST, Hugo

JUNGST, Hugo (1852-): b. Dresden; conductor of male choral so-ciety, and composer of male choruses, titular professor and Royal Musik-

direktor.

JUNKER, Karl Ludwig (ca. 1740-1797): b. öhringen, d. Rupertshoven, near Kirchberg; composer of 3 piano concertos, a cantata, a melodrama, and wrote Zwanzig Komponisten (Mannheim composers, etc.), other books on musical subjects, among them Die musikalische Geschichte eines Autodidakts in der Mustk.

JUNNE, Otto (1854-): founder in 1887 of the music publishing house of 0. Junne, Leipzig; took over the publications of Theodor Barth, Berlin, and a number of smaller houses, and the representation of A. Durand & Co. and other French firms. Erhard Schultz (b. 1879) entered the firm

JUNTA (1) Luca Antonio: 15th cent. publisher, who (1494) produced vocal parts of liturgies. (2) Giacomo: b. Florence, doubtless of the same family; reprinted the publications of Petrucci.

JUON, Paul (1872-): b. Moscow; studied violin with Hřimaly, composition with Taneieff, Arensky and Bargiel. tion with Taneieff, Arensky and Bargiel. He taught in Berlin the following years and in 1906 became teacher of composition in the Royal Hochschule. His compositions include 2 string quartets; sonatas for violin, viola, 'cello; piano trio, piano sextet, octet (piano, strings, and wind), piano quintet, piano quartet, string quintet, etc.; violin concerto, violin pieces; a symphony, orch. fantasy, serenade, suite, 2 ballet suites; piano pieces and songs. He pub. a piano pieces and songs. He pub. a 'Practical Harmony' and translated Modest Tschaikowsky's 'Life' of his brother into German (1904). Ref.: VII. 333; VIII. 419.

JUPIN, Charles-François (1805-1839): b. Chambery, d. Paris; violin virtuoso; composer of fantasies, trios and a violin concerto, etc.

JURGENSON, Peter Ivanovitch (1836-1904): b. Reval, d. Moscow; founder of a music publishing house in Moscow in 1861. Through Rubinfounder of a music publishing house in Moscow in 1861. Through Rubinstein he became purveyor to the Conservatory, later a director of the Imperial Russian Musical Society. His house, which now has world-rank, brought out chiefly the works of Russian composers (Glinka, Rimsky-Korsakoff, Tscharkowsky, etc.), but also theoretical works (translations of Riemann's works, etc.), and the first cheap complete editions of Mendelssohn's, Schumann's and Chopin's plano works. J's two sons Boris and Grigori continued the firm after his death.

JUTTNER, Paul Karl (1861-). Graditz, Silesia; pupil of the Royal Academic Institute for Sacred Music at Berlin, also of Blumner, Kretzschmar and Wolf; organist and leader of choir in the Church of the Holy Cross, vocal teacher in the 12th Realschule. He composed motets, male choruses and pieces for organ.

JUUL, Asger (1874-): b. Copenhagen; studied piano and composition under Hansen, Rosenhoff and Riemann; teacher and crifte of music in Copenhagen, where he has published songs and planoforte pieces.

JUVENAL. Ref.: X. 74.

songs and planoforte pieces.
JUVENAL. Ref.: X. 74.

Heinrich Kaan-albest, von KAAN-ALHEST, Heinrich von (1852-): b. Tarnopol, Galicia; studied in Prague; accompanied Dvorák to London, 1884; pianist, professor at Prague Conservatory 1890, and director there 1907. He wrote a trio (prize-crowned), piano comercia, piano con Scientific (prize-crowned), piano concertos, piano études, symphonic poem Sakuntala, suite and eclogues for orch. He wrote the first large Czech ballet, Bajaja, and a pantomime Olim (1905), in which he endeavored to raise this type to a high artistic level, with historic fidelity in text and music. He also wrote 2 operas.

KADE (1) Otto (1819-1900): b. Dresden, d. Doberan; pupil of J. Otto and Joh. Schneider; founder of the Cäcilienverein of Dresden (for the cultivation of old church music); mus.

and Joh. Schneider; founder of the Gäcilienverein of Dresden (for the cultivation of old church music); mus. director of the Dreikonigskirche, Dresden, and of the Phlace choir at Schwerin; hon. Dr. phil., Leipzig, 1884. He wrote liturgical music for the Evangelical church, on old Gregorian melodies, pub. a chorale book, contributed to musical journals and wrote books on early Lutheran chorales (Luther, Walther) and German secular songs, monographs on Le Maistre (1862) and Heinrich Isaak; edited Vol. V of Ambros' Geschichte der Musik, and pub. old Passion music (before Schutz). (2) Reinhard (1859-): b. Dresden, son of (1); Gymnasium professor, wrote a catalogue of the music collection in the Royal Library in Dresden (1890), and essays on Christoph Demantius and Antonius Scandellus (1914).

KADEN, Richard (1855-): b. Dresden; studied there and became violist in the court orchestra and teacher of violin and ensemble at the Conservatory; director of the Pedagogical Music School founded by Frl. von Mertschinska (whom he married); lecturer on musical pedagogy and asthetics, and pub. some of his lectures; also revised the Baillot-Roche violin school; pub. 50 violin duets with poetic explanations, 100 violin pieces with indications for phrasing, etc.; composed a symphony, sinfonietta, overture, etc.

posed a sympnony, sinionetta, over-ture, etc.

KADLETZ, Andreas (1859-):
b. Dobrushka, Bohemia; studied at the conservatories of Prague and St. Pe-tersburg; concert-master at the Impe-rial Russian Opera there; singing teacher; wrote violin methods, one opera, and three ballets.

KAEMPFERT, Max (1871): b. Ber-lin; studied in Paris and Munich, concert-master of the Kaim Orchestra there; conductor and director in Eisenach and Frankfort-on-Main; composed one

and Frankfort-on-Main; composed one Volksoper, besides instrumental pieces (orchestral rhapsodies, quartets, etc.).

KAFFKA (or Kawka) Johann Christian (real name J. C. Engelmann) (1754-1815): b. Ratisbon, d. Riga; lived in Breslau, Dessau, St. Petersburg and Riga, where he was connected with the stage as actor, singer and composer of ballets and Singspiele. Besides these, he wrote 2 oratorios, symphonics, and other church music.

KAFKA (1) Johann Nepomuk

KAFKA (1) Johann Nepomuk (1819-1886): b. Neustadt, d. Vienna; abandoned law for music and wrote easy and brilliant salon pieces for piano. (2) Heinrich (1844-): b. Strazowitz, Bohemia; studied at the

easy and brilliant salon pieces for piano. (2) Heinrich (1844-): b. Stražowitz, Bohemia; studied at the Organ School in Prague, taught music in Vienna, and composed operas, a symphonic poem, trios for piano, sonatas for violin, etc.

KAHL (1) Heinrich (1840-1892): b. Munich, d. Berlin; studied in Munich; conducted the Royal Orchestra of Wiesbaden, and at theatres in Riga, Stettin, Anchen, etc.; director of the chorus of the Berlin court opera, Royal Kapellmeister, 1880. (2) Osear W. (1862-1910): b. Thuringia, d. Baltimore; teacher at the Peabody Institute there.

KAHLERT, August Karl Timotheus (1807-1864): b. Breslau, d. there; student of law and of philosophy, which he taught at Breslau; contributor to musical journals, and pub. Tonleben, books on æsthetics, also a volume of letters.

KAHN (1) Robert (1865-): b. Mannheim; studied with Lachner, Kiel, Rheinberger, Brahms, and Joachim; director in Leipzig of a ladies' choral society, teacher of composition at the Berlin Royal High School; Royal Professor, 1903; composer of chamber music (string quartet, 3 piano quartets, tros, clarinet trio, 3 violin and 2 'cello sonatas), Konzertstück for violin, works for chorus and orchestra and many songs, dues, etc., also a Llederspiel, Sommerabend. (2) Otto H. (1867-): b. Mannheim; brother of (1); banker in New York and London; musical patron; chairman of the board of directors of the Metropolitan Opera

(1823-1897): founder of a music publishing house in Leipzig; from 1868 nominal editor of the Neue Zeitschrift für Musik. His publishing house brought out several important works by Liszt, etc. As 'C. F. Kahnt Nachfolger' the firm passed to Oscar Schwalm, 1886, to Dr. Paul Simon, 1888, and Alfred Hoffmann, 1902.

KAIM, Franz (1856-): b. Kirchheim, near Stuttgart; student of philology and literature at Stuttgart; originated the Kaim concerts in Munich, which became the centre of musical activity there and which content or many their directors H. Winderstein, Her-mann Zumpe, Ferd. Löwe, Siegmund von Hausegger, Weingartner and oth-ers. The Kaim orchestra was super-seded by the Konzertverein, directed by

Löwe, in 1908.

KAISER (1) Karl (1837-1890): b. Leipa, Bohemia, d. Vienna; student of philosophy, soldier and (1874) founder of a music school in Vienna. (2) Rudolf (d. 1914): son of Karl (1) and better the control of and his successor as head of the school.

(3) Emil (1850-): b. Coburg; band leader in Prague, theatre conductor in leader in Frague, theatre conductor in Yienna and composer of 6 operas; later lived in Munich where he has written music to a number of farces.

(4) Alfred (1872-): b. Brussels; composer of ballet, operetta, comic opera, incidental music, etc., also a piano concerto, a symphony, 3 serenades for string orch and chamber

Opera House, financial supporter of the quondam Century Opera House, New York, and benefactor of talented students. Ref.: IV. 155f; portrait, IV. 172.

KAHNT, Christian Friedrich (1823-1897): founder of a music publishing house in Leipzig; from 1868 nominal editor of the Neue Zeitschrift für Musik. His publishing house brought out several important works by Liszt, etc. As 'C. F. Kahnt Nachfolger' the firm passed to Oscar Schwalm, 1886, to Dr. Paul Simon, 1888, and Alfred Hoffmann, 1902.

KALINNIKOFF, Vasily Sergei-

KALINNIKOFF, Vasily Sergei-

vitch. See KALLINIKOFF.

KALISCH, Paul (1855-): b. Berlin; operatic tenor, trained by Leoni, sang Berlin court opera, Vienna Cologne, Wiesbaden, North America and Europe. He married Lilli Lehman in Europe. H New York.

KALISCHER, Alfred Christlieb Calomo Ludwig (1842-1909): b. Thorn, d. Berlin; at first interested in languages, but became more and more devoted to music; studied composition under Karl Bohmer; edited the Neue Berliner Musikæitung, 1873; secretary of the Berlin Music Teachers' Society, 1879-88; taught music and became docent at the Humboldt Academy. His most important literary works are those on Beethoven, long articles which appeared at first in various journals, including the series Aus Beethovens Frauenkrets, Beethoven und Berlin, etc. He also pub. Neue Beethovenbriefe (1902); Die Macht Beethoven (1903); also edited Beethoven's complete letters (6 vols., 1906-8) and other Beethoveniana. devoted to music; studied composition veniana.

opera, incidental music, etc., also a piano concerto, a symphony; 3 serenades for string orch. and chamber music. Ref.: IX. 425.

KAISERLING, Count, Russian ambassador to the Saxon court, for whom Bach's 'Goldberg Variations' were written. Ref.: VII. 83.

KAJANUS, Robert (1856-): b. Helsingfors; studied with Jadassohn, Richter and Reinccke; founder, after his return from Paris and Dresden, of an orchestral school in Helsingfors, also symphony chorus and the Philharmonic Orchestra (developed from the Orchestral Society). His compositions are of nationalistic character, and include 2 rhapsodies, 2 symphonic poems, an orchestral suite, a festival hymn, songs, cantatas and pieces for the pianoforte. Ref.: III. 100.

KALAFATI, B. (1869-): b. Eupatoria, Crimea; composer of vocal music and sonatas for the pianoforte, KALBECK, Max (1850-): b. Breslau; studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and at the Munich School of Music; the Studied at Munich University, and Elgium in 1836. K's method of teaching aimed at the independent development of the fingers and wrist, which is the foundation of modern octave playing; it also developed left-

um.

hand technique, and a proper manage—the first composer of Polish opera; ment of the pedals. Despite his fine technique, his round, rich tone and graceful style, K.'s playing lacked depth and strong feeling. His études (some for the left hand alone) are the prost yelushle of his works which alone. (some for the left hand alone) are the most valuable of his works, which also include 4 piano concertos (one for 2 pianos), a septet for piano, strings and 2 horns, and other chamber music; 15 sonatas, rondos, fantaisies, variations, caprices, etc. He wrote a Méthode pour apprendre le pianoforte à l'aide du guide-mains and a Traité d'harmonie du puaniste (1849). Ref.: VII. 64, 176. KALLINIKOFF, Vasili Sergeie-

KALLINIKOFF, Vasili Sergele-vitch (1866-1901): b. Vona (Govt. of Orloff, Russia), d. Jalta; composer; studied at the Moscow School of Music under Iljinski and Blaramberg; second conductor of the Italian Opera, Moscow, but was forced to go south on account of a lung disease to which he finally succumbed. He wrote 2 symptomic of the succumbed of the succumbed of the succession of the suc finally succumbed. He wrote 2 symphonies (G min. and A); 2 intermezzi for orch.; a suite for orch.; 2 symphonic poems ('The Nymphs' and 'Cedar and Palm'); music to Tolstoy's Czar Boris; prologue to the opera '1812'; a cantata Johannes Damascenus; a choral ballad with orch., Russalka; string quartet; plano pieces, and songs. Ref.: III. 140; VIII. 466.

KALLIWODA (1) Johann Wenzeslaus (1801-1860): b. Prague, d. Karlsruhe; violinist; pupil of Pixis at Prague Cons. 1810-16; 1816-22 played in the theatre-orch.; was Kapellmeister to Prince Fürstenberg at Donaueschingen, 1823-53, then lived in Karlsruhe. He wrote 2 operas, a mass, 7 symphonies,

en, 1823-53, then lived in Karlsruhe. He wrote 2 operas, a mass, 7 symphonies, 14 overtures, and 13 fantasias for orch. violin, double violin concerto, 7 concertinos, 3 string quartets, 3 string frios, and solos; also choruses, duets, and songs, including the popular Deutsche Lied. Ref.: III. 168; VII. 418, 445; VIII. 232. (2) Wilhelm (1827-1893): b. Donaueschingen, d. Karlsruhe, son of (1), pupil of his father, then Leipzig Cons.; musical dir. of Karlsruhe Catholic church; court Kapellmeister at Karlsruhe: pianist and Kapellmeister at Karlsruhe; pianist and teacher; composer of light, pleasing piano pieces, songs, and male chomises.

KALLWITZ (or Kalwitz). See CALVISIUS.

KALTENBORN, Franz (1865-):
b. Homburg vor der Höhe; was taken
to America in childhood; studied in
New York; violinist in various orchestras there, viola player in SchmidtHerbert and Maud Powell string quartets; organized a string quartet under
his name in 1895; organized orchestra
for nonular summer concerts in New nis name in 1895; organized orchestra musician. His chief works include Infor popular summer concerts in New tavolatura di chitarrone (1604); Villan-York, in various halls, in parks under municipal auspices and for private engagements in various cities, and has conducted it since 1898.

KAMIENSKI, Mathias (1734-1821): b. Odenburg, Hungary, d. Warsaw; ond director of the Vienna court library,

KAMMEL, Anton (1740-1788): b. Hanna, Bohemia; went to Italy and studied under Tartini; lived in Prague and London, and wrote for the violin, other stringed instruments and harpsichord, also symphonies and masses.

KAMMERIANDER, Karl (18281892): b. Weissenborn, Swabia, d. Augsburg; cathedral conductor and composer

of church music; poet and composer of songs.

KAMPF, Karl (1874-): b. Berlin; studied there; composed a symphonic poem, orchestral suites, a ballad, violin sonata, songs, piano pieces and compositions for the Normal-Harmoni-

KANDLER, Franz Sales (1792-1831): b. Klosterneuburg, Lower Austria, d. Baden, near Vienna; studied with Albrechtsberger, Salieri and Gyrowetz; lived for many years in Italy, studying Italian music and its his-tory; contributed many articles to the

Vienna Musikalische Zeitung (1816-17), the Leipzig Allgemeine musikalische Zeitung (1821), the Cacilia (1827), the Revue musicale (1829), etc.; author of Genno storico-critici intorno alla vita Cenno storico-critici intorno alla vita ed alle opere del celebre compositore Gior. Adolfo Hasse, detto il Sassone (1820), Über das Leben und die Werke des G. Pierluigi da Palestrina, genannt der Fürst der Musik (1834), Cenni storico-critici sulle vicende e lo stato attuale della musica in Italia (1836).

KANNE, Friedrich August (1788-1833): b. Delitzsch, d. Vienna; abandoned the study of theology and of medicine for that of music; edited the Vienna Allgemeine musikalische Zei-

Vienna Allgemeine musikalische Zeitung, became a defender of Beethoven's music. His own compositions are operas and singspiele, masses, sonatas and songs.

KAPPEY, Jacob Adam (1826-1907): b. Bingen, d. Chatham; bandmaster in England of the Royal Marines; wrote on wind bands and composed an opera

and a cantata.

KAPSBERGER, Johann Hieronymus von ([?]-ca.1650): German born, but lived in Vienna about 1604, and later in Rome; here he became known as a virtuoso on the theorbo, lute, etc., as well as a composer in the new Florentine style; gained favor at the court of Pope Urban VIII by his fawning fattery; extremely vain, but an excellent musician. His chief works include In-

wrote an important monograph on

Haydn.

KARASOWSKI, Moritz (1823-1892):

Haydn.

KARASOWSKI, Moritz (1823-1892):
b. Warsaw, d. Dresden; studied with Kratzer; 'cellist in orchestras of Warsaw, Berlin, Vienna, Dresden, Munich, Cologne and Paris; royal 'cellist at Dresden; composed for 'cello and plano and wrote on Chopin, Mozart and the history of the Polish opera.

KARATIGIN, W. G.: contemp. Russian composer; editor of Moussorgsky's works. Ref.: III. 161.

KAREL, Rudolf: contemp. Bohemian composer (symphony, symphonic poem, etc.); pupil of Dvořák. Ref.: III. 182.

KARG-ELERT, Sigfrid (1879-): b. Oberndorf-on-the-Neckar; studied at Leipzig Conservatory with Reinecke, Jadassohn, Tamme, Homeyer, Wendling and Reisenauer (having received assistance from the latter, as well as Grieg and Reznicek); taught at Magdeburg Cons., but soon returned to Leipzig. He is a composer of ultra-modern tendencies (influenced by Debussy, Schönberg, etc.); pub. a great number of compositions, many of which are written particularly for the 'Art Harmonion' (sonatinas, sonatas, partita, 'Aquarells,' Scènes pittoresques,' Monologues.' Improvisation.' written particularly for the 'Art Harmonion' (sonatinas, sonatas, partita, 'Aquarells,' Scènes pittoresques, 'Monologues,' 'Improvisation,' madrigals, orchestral studies, 'Intarsien,' duos for harmonium and piano, etc.); others for organ (passacaglia, fantasy and fugue, chorale improvisations, preludes and postludes, etc.). He has also pub. sonatas, sonatinas and genre pieces for piano, a violum sonata, a pieces for piano, a violin sonata, a partita for violin alone, violin duets, a cello sonata, an orchestral suite, a string quartet, sacred songs with organ and violin, songs, piano concerto, a symphonic legend for violin, and 12 motets entitled The Christian Church Year, an 8-part hymn for Whitsun-tide and a 12-part Requiem æternam. He also wrote a number of study works for the art harmonium, including for the art harmonium, including Theoretisch-praktische Elementarschule, Die Kunst des Registrierens, Hohe Schule des Legatospiels and Die Harmoniumtechnik (Gradus ad Parnassum). Ref.: VI. 489.

KARGANOFF, Genari (1858-1890): b. Kvareli, Russia, d. Rostoff-on-Don; pianist and composer of instructive for winder.

pianist and composer of instructive pieces and other compositions for piano. Ref.: VII. 333.

KARL, Tom (1846-): b. Dublin; pupil of Phillips, Sangiovanni and Trivulzi; tenor in Italian opera and with 'The Bostonians,' in comic opera; vocal teacher in New York.

KARL EHISEN Duble of Warther.

KARL EUGEN, Duke of Wurttemberg. Ref.: II. 12.
KARL THEODOR, Elector of the Palatinate. Ref.: II. 64.

KAROW, Karl (1790-1863): b. Alt-Stettin, d. Bunzlau, Silesia; teacher and composer of motets, chorals, pianoforte pieces, etc. He wrote also a manual for school singing.

KARPATH, Ludwig (1866-): b. Budapest; studied at the conservatory there; critic in Vienna, writer of 3 yolumes on Wagner's life, art and letters.

KARSAVINA, Tamara: contemporary Russian ballerina; member of Diaghileff's Ballet Russe, appeared with

Diaghileff's Ballet Russe, appeared with great success (Paris, London) with Nijinsky, etc., in modern ballets by Stravinsky, etc., in modern ballets by Stravinsky, etc. Ref.: X. 171, 176, 183, 188, 220, 221, 222, 226, 227f, 229, 231, 248; portrait, X. 224.

KASANLI, Nicolai Ivanovitch (1869-): b. Tiraspol; studied at Odessa and the St. Petersburg Cons.; composed a sinfonietta, orch, fantasy w. voices, symphony, etc., and directed the yearly symphony concerts of Russian music given in Munich, Prague and elsewhere.

KASATCHENKO, Nicolai Ivano-

and elsewhere.

KASATCHENKO, Nicolai Ivanovitch (1858-): conservatory student and chorus-master of the Imp. Opera, St. Petersburg; concert director there and abroad; composed operas, an overture, a symphony, a ballet suite, oriental suites, a fantasy, cantata, etc.

KASCHKIN. See KASHKIN.

KASHIN, Daniel Nikitich (1773-1844): b. Moscow, d. there; serf on the Bibikoff estate, who studied with Sarti and composed folk and patriotic songs, 3 operas which were produced at Moscow, works for piano, for chorus and cantatas.

KASHINSKI, Victor (1812-1870): b. Vilna; studied with Elsner; prod. 2 operas ('Fenella' and 'The Wander-ing Jew') in Vilna and Warsaw, trav-elled in Germany with Lwoff, then became conductor of the Imperial Alex-ander Theatre, St. Petersburg, where he composed 2 more operas, incidental music, cantatas, choruses, marches, source for the wrote a 'History of the

music, cantatas, choruses, marches, songs, etc. He wrote a 'History of the Italian Opera' (1851).

KASHKIN, Nicolai Demetrievitch (1839-): b. Voronesh; contributor to musical journals, writer of musical theory and history and of an elementary text book, also an 'Outline of Russian Musical History' (1908); 'Recollections of P. I. Tschaikowsky' (1896); translator of H. Riemann's 'catechisms' of musical history and of acoustics, and other German works into acoustics, and other German works into Russian. Ref.: III. 53.

Russian. Ref.: III. 53.

KASHPEROFF, Vladimir Nikititch (1827-1894): b. Simbirsk, d. Romanzevo, near Moshaisk; pupil of Voigt and Henselt, in St. Petersburg; wrote his first opera, 'The Gypsy,' in 1850; studied under Dehn, in Berlin, 1856, where he became intimately acquainted with Glinka; went to Italy, where he produced the operas Maria Tudor (1859); Rienzi (Florence, 1863); and Consuelo (Venice). His last opera, Taras Bulba, was produced in Moscow (1893). He was professor of singing in the Moscow Cons., 1866-72. K. also wrote considerably on music. wrote considerably on music.

KASKEL, Karl, Freiherr von 866-): b. Dresden; studied with einecke, Jadassohn and Wullner; keinecke, Jadassohn and Wullner; wrote Hochzeitsmorgen (Hamburg, 1893), Sjula (Cologne, 1895, as Die Bettlerin vom Pont des Arts, Cassel, 1899), Der Dusle und das Babeli (Munich, 1903), Der Gefangene der Zarin (Dresden, 1910), Die Nachtigall (Stuttgart, 1910), also a ballad for orch. Ref.: III. 257; IX 495 IX. 425.

KASSMEYER, Moritz (1831-1884): b. Vienna, d. there; violinist at the Vienna court opera; wrote masses and other church music, vocal music (solo and in parts), 5 string quartets, suite for string orch, and an opera; distin-

guished as musical humorist.

guisned as musical numorist.

KASTALSKI, Alexander Dmitrievitch (1856-): pupil of Tschaikowsky, Taneieff, etc., at the Moscov
cons.; assistant and later regent of
the Synod School there; composer of
church music (28 pieces), also 2 Russian choruses; also piano pieces; leading representative of the modern movement in Russian church music. Ref.: ment in Russian church music. Ref .: III. 143.

KASTNER (1) Johann Georg (1810-1867); b. Strassburg, d. Paris; theorist and conductor; Kapellmeister in the city militia, Strassburg, 1830; studied in Paris under Berton and Reicha, His works on music include Cours d'instrumentation considéré sous les graparies notifices et philosophiques d'instrumentation considéré sous les rapports poétiques et philosophiques de l'art (1839); Grammaire musicale (1837); Manuel général de musique militaire (1848), etc. As a composer he has produced a considerable number of operas; these include Beatrice (1839); La Maschera (Paris, 1841); the great Biblical opera, Le dernier roi de Juda (1844); the comic opera, Les nonnes de Robert le Diable (1845); also various instrumental pieces and nonnes de Robert le Diable (1845); also various instrumental pieces and choruses for male voices, etc. (2) Georg Friedrich Eugen (1852-1882); b. Strassburg, d. Bonn; son of (1), physicist and inventor of the 'pyrophone'; also the author of Théorie des vibrations et considérations sur l'électricité (Paris, 1876). (3) Emerich (1847-); b. Vienna; studied under Bibl and Pirkert; was editor of the Vienna Musikalische Zeitung; and author of a Richard Wagner Katalog (1878); Bagreuth (1884); Wagneriana (1885); Die dramatischen Werke Richard Wagners (1889). (4) Alfred (1870-); b. Vienna; harpist; studied in the Vienna Conservatory; played in the opera at Warsaw; teacher of the harp at Pesth Academy, 1892-98; has composed some pieces for the harp. harp.

KATE, André ten (1796-1858): b. Amsterdam, d. Haarlem; pupil of Bertelmann; 'cellist and composer of operas, successful in Amsterdam, chamber music, chorals, etc.

KATONA, Josef, Hungarian dramatist. Ref.: III. 190.

KAUER, Ferdinand (1752-1831): b. Klein-Thaya, Moravia, d. Vienna; opera conductor in Vienna, where he wrote more than 100 operas and Singspiele, which had considerable vogue, and two of which, Das Donauweibchen and Die Sternenkönigin (printed), were long popular: also symphonies, oralong popular; also symphonies, ora-torios, cantatas, church music, cham-

ber music, songs, and study works for violin, flute and clarinet.

KAUFFMANN (1) Ernst Friedrich (1803-1856): b. Ludwigsburg, d. Stuttgart; gymnasium professor at Heilmann, where he canneed were then bronn, where he composed more than 35 songs in simple, expressive style.
(2) Emil (1836-): b. Ludwigsburg; son of (1); director of music at the Tübingen University; doctor of philosophy and professor; composed songs, chowisse and songton (2) Friter

number University; doctor of philosophy and professor; composed songs, choruses, and sonatas. (3) Fritz (1855-): b. Berlin; studied at the Royal High School there and in Vienna; leader of society and symphony concerts, also of the Kirchengesangverein at Magdeburg; composed concertos for violin, for 'cello and for piano, piano sonatas, a dramatic overture, trios, quartets and quintets, etc.

KAUFMANN (1) Georg Friedrich (1679-1735): b. Ostramondra, Thuringia, d. Merseberg; director of the court chapel and organist at Merseberg, composer for piano and organ, also of part-songs; wrote treatises (not printed), incl. a tract, 'Introduction to all ancient and modern Music,' and pub. 75 chorales with preludes. (2) Johann Gottfried (1752-1818): b. Siegmar, near Chemnitz, d. Frankfort-on-Main; maker of mechanical music boxes in Dresden. Chemnitz, d. Frankfort-on-Main; maker of mechanical music boxes in Dresden. (3) Friedrich (1785-1866): b. Dresden, d. there; son of Johann G. (2), with whom he constructed the 'Belloneon,' the 'Harmonichord,' the 'Chordaulodion' and other ephemeral mechanical contrivances. His 'Salpingion' and 'Symphonion' were ancestors of the 'Orchestrion' constructed by his son. (4) Friedrich Theodor (1823-1872): inventor of the 'Orchestrion' (1851) and founder of a manufactory which is now managed by Theodor K. (1867-).

KAULBACH, Wilhelm von, Ger-

KAULBACH, Wilhelm von, German painter. Ref.: VIII. 314. KAULICH, Josef (1827-1900): b. Florinsdorf, near Vienna, d. there; wrote 7 grand masses, a Requiem, dance and military music.

and military music.

KAUN, Hugo (1863-): b. Berlin; studied at the Royal High School, Berlin, also with the Raifs (horn and piano) and Kiel (composition); teacher, director and composer in Milwaukee until 1900, when he returned to Berlin and was made a member of the Berlin Royal Academy in 1912. He wrote chamber music (3 string quartets, 1 quintet, 2 trios, octet for wind instruments); 3 symphonies, piano concerto, a 1-act opera, The Pietist' (Oliver Brown'); symphonic poems, symphonic prologue, orch. humoresque, orch. suite, 52

overture, choral works, piano pieces, and songs. Ref.: IV. 449; VI. 358.

KAYSER (1) Philipp Christoph (1755-1823): b. Frankfort, d. Zurich; piano virtusos and composer. (2)

Matthäus (1730-1810): d. Frankfort-on-Main; organist and friend of Goethe.

(3) Height Ernst (1815-1888): b. length of the Heiligenbealth of Princess Liselotte; of the Heiligenbealth of the Composer. (3) Heinrich Ernst (1815-1888): b. Altona, d. Hamburg; violinist in theatre orchestra there, teacher and composer of violin studies.

KAZACHENKO, G. A. (1858-):
Russian composer and chorus-master
at the Imperial Opera, St. Petersburg.
Ref.: III. 145; IX. 415.
KEARNS, William H. (1794-1846):
b. Dublin, d. London; violinist and

composer.

KEATS, John, the poet. Ref .: I.

KEEBLE, J. (1711-1786): b. Chichester, d. there; teacher, composer and or-

KEELEY, Marie Ann (née Goward) (1805-1899): b. Ipswich, d. London; English soprano; sang in Weber's Oberon and in musical comedy.

KEISER, Reinhard (1674-i739): b. Teuchern, near Weissenfels, d. Hamburg, studied with his father and at the Thomasschule, Leipzig. After producing a pastoral, Ismene (1692), and a grand opera, Basilius (1693) successfully at Brunswick, he went (1693) to Hamburg, already famous for its German opera. Here he wrote 116 or more operas in 39 years (1696-1734). Some of these had such popular subjects as Die Leipziger Messe, Der Hamburger Jahrmarket, and Die Hamburger Schlachtzeit, being the first of their kind in Germany and, unlike their predecessors, of wholly original design, KEISER, Reinhard (1674-1739): b. mind in Germany and, unlike their predecessors, of wholly original design, uninfluenced by French and Italian models, and full of dramatic vigor. H. became manager of the Hamburg opera, and married into a patrician Hamburg family. He became court conductor in Copenhagen in 1722, and canon and cantor of the Cathariner. conductor in Copennagen in 1722, and canon and cantor of the Catharinen-kirche, Hamburg, in 1728. Besides his operas he wrote passions, oratorios, cantatas, motets, psalms, airs, duets, etc., pub. in such collections as R. Keisers Gemüths-Ergötzung, bestehend in einigen Sing-Gedichten, mit einer neisers Gemuins-Ergoltung, bestehend in einigen Sing-Gedichten, mit einer Stimme und unterschiedlichen Instrumenten (1698); Divertimenti serentssimi; Musikalische Landlust; Kaiserliche Friedenspost, etc. Ref.: I. 415, 422ff, 425, 422ff, V. 164; VII. 7; IX. 31, 45, 53, 54, 189.

KELLER (1) Johann Andreas (17th cent.): court organist in Heidelberg and teacher of Princess Liselotte; organist of the Heiligenkapelle, then court musical director (till 1685); composed 5-part chorales, psalms, etc., not preserved. (2) Gottfried (17th cent.): German teacher of clavier-playing; lived in London in the latter part of the 17th century. After his death appeared his 'Complete Method of Attaining to Play a Thorough-bass upon Cither, Organ, Harpsichord or Theorbolute' (1777); 'Rules for Playing a Thorough-bass' (1731). His works also include 6 sonatas for 2 flutes and bass and 6 others for trumpet, or obee, viola and 6 others for trumpet, or oboe, viola and bass. (3) David: musical director and bass. (3) David; mustar directly of the German church in Stockholm; wrote Treulicher Unterricht im Generalbass (1732). (4) Max (1770-1855): b. Trossberg, Bavaria, d. Altötting; produced much church music, especially masses organ places of (5) Kerl masses, organ pieces, etc. (5) Karl (1784-1855): b. Dessau, d. Schaffhausen; (1784-1855): b. Dessau, d. Schaffhausen; brilliant flute player; court musician in Berlin, Cassel and Stuttgart, till 1816; made several concert tours; became theatre Kapellmeister in Donaueschingen, where his wife, Wilhelmine Meierhofer, was engaged as singer. He has written some concertos, solos, duets, variations, etc., the majority for wind say well as some nonvier some (6). variations, etc., the majority for wind as well as some popular songs. (6) F. A. G.: inventor of a mechanism for the purpose of improvising on the piano, which he named pupitre improvisateur, in conjunction with which he published a Méthode d'improvisation (1839). (7) Otto (1861-): b. Vienna; editor of musical publications; wrote a number of hographies (Beethoven, Goldmark, etc.), also an illustrated Musikgeschichte (1894).

KELLEY, Edgar Stillman (1857-): b. Sparta, Wisconsin; pupil of F. W. Merriam, Clarence Eddy, etc., in Chicago and of Seifriz (comp.), Krüger and Speidel (piano), and Friedrich Finck (organ) in Stuttgart. He was organist in Oakland and San Francisco, Cal.; conductor of a comic-opera com-

Cal.; conductor of a comic-opera com-pany 1890-1; teacher in various schools in California and New York, incl. the New York College of Music; music critic for the San Francisco 'Examiner' liche Friedenspost, etc. Ref.: I. 415, 422ff, 425, 452ff; V. 164; VII. 7; IX. 31, 45, 53, 54, 189. (1820-1832): b. Bartfeld, Hungary, d. (1820-1832): b. Bartfeld, Hungary, d. (1820-1832): b. Bartfeld, Hungary, d. (1845: studied under Schlesinger and Sechter at Vienna; played the violin in the Theater an der Wien, Vienna, and became known for his dance music and marches; was leader of Gungl's hand in Berlin for a short time, succeeded Lanner as leader of his band in Vienna, in 1855, then became mili
XIV. 224.

KELLIE, Lawrence (1862-): b. London; studied at the Royal Academy of Music; tenor at Covent Garden and composer.

KELLNER (1) Johann Peter (1705-ca. 1785): b. Grafenroda, Thuringia, d. there; pub. Certamen musicum (1748there; pub. Certamen musteum (1748-9), which includes preludes, fugues and dance pieces for clavier; Manipulus musices (1753), organ compositions, as well as other works. (2) Johann Christoph (1736-1803): b. Gräfenroda, d. Cassel, son of (1); studied under his father and Georg Benda at Gotha; became court organist at Cassel. hecame court organist at Gassel. Among his works are 7 concertos for clavier; various sonatas for same; trios, fugues, organ pieces, etc.; also an opera, Die Schadenfreude. (3) Georg Christoph, d. 1808; writer and teacher in Mannheim; author of Ideen zu einer neuen Theorie der schönen Künste überhaupt und der Tonkunst ibeheendere (1800): also composed Künste überhaupt und der Tonkunst insbesondere (1800); also composed some songs, organ pieces, etc. (4) Ernst August (1792-1839): b. Windsor, England, d. London; descendant of Johann Peter K. (1); an infant prodigy, played at the age of 5 in the Royal palace, where his father was violinist; studied under Crescentini in Naples, 1815; was extremely successful as pinanist and singer at Vienna, St. Petersburg, Paris and London; finally became organist of the Bavarian band in London. in London.

M London.

KELLOGG, Clara Louisa (1842-):
b. Sumterville, S. C.; operatic soprano;
made her début at the Academy of
Music, New York, 1861; London début,
1867; very successful in lyric and
souhrette rôles; organized an English
opera company in New York, 1874.
In 1887 she married the impresario
Karl Strakosch and retired. Ref.: IV.

(1) Thomas Alexander Erskine (Lord Pittenweem), Earl of (1732-1781): b. Castle Kellie, d. Brussels; pupil of Johann Stamitz at Mann-(1782-1781): b. Castle Kellie, d. Brussels; pupil of Johann Stamitz at Mannheim; enthusiastic amateur; Stamitz dedicated his celebrated trios, op. 1, to him, and K. himself pub. 6 trio sonatas, and 14 symphonies in London; his minuets and trios were printed after his death. An overture by him was played in the Pasticio Il giocatore, by Carbonini, Jommelli and Abel in Edinburgh, 1763; another, to 'The Maid of the Mill' (1765), was very popular. After selling part of his estates, K. lived in Brussels. Ref.: IV. 70. (2) Michael (1762-1826): b. Dublin, d. Margate; Irish tenor, studied with Rauzzini, Fenaroli and Aprile. He appeared in Palermo, Leghorn, Florence, Bologna, and Venice, and in Vienna was engaged at the Hofoper for 4 years. Here he became a friend of Mozart, creating the rôle of Basilio in the production of Figaro. From 1787 to his retirement he sang leading tenor rôles at Drury Lane, London. He composed

music for no less than 62 stage pieces, also many songs between 1789 and 1820. A music shop kept by K. failed; his next venture, in the wine trade, elicited Sheridan's famous mot, chargia, d. (1748-sand ipulus and importer of music.' K.'s 'Reminiscences,' full of amusing musical anecdotes, appeared in 1826. Ref.: (cited) VII. 502.

KELWEY (1) Thomas ([?]-1749): d. England; organist and composer. Gotha; lassel, for which he also composed. KEMBLE, Adelaide (b. 1814):

KEMBLE, Adelaide (b. 1814): daughter of Charles Kemble and singer in opera.

KEMP, Joseph (1778-1824): b. Exeter, d. London; pupil of William Jack-son; organist in Bristol, then London; taught piano in London; author of "The New System of Musical Education"; composed many anthems, psalms, songs, duets several melodramas, also Musiduets, several melodramas, also 'Musi-cal Illustrations of the Beauties of Shakespeare' and 'Musical Illustrations of Scott'; was editor of the 'Vocal of Scott'; Magazine.

KEMPIS, Nicolas à (17th cent.): b. Florence, organist at Brussels; published masses, motets, symphonies, etc., at Antwerp. He is remarkable for his cultivation of the instrumental cantabile style (violin sonatas, 1644). Ref.: VII. 478.

KEMPTER (1) Karl (1819-1871): b. Limbach, Bavaria, d. Augsburg; was musical director in the cathedral at musical director in the cathedral at Augsburg. His works include various masses, oratorios and a book of church songs. (2) Lothar (1844-); b. Lauingen, Bavaria; nephew of (1); at first studied at Munich, then at the Royal Music School under Bülow, Rheinberger and Pörnovat home weigel diese Music School under Bülow, Rheinberger and Bärmann; became musical director in Magdeburg, then in Strassburg; Kapellmeister in Zürich, where, in 1879, he directed the popular concerts in the Tonhalle and finally succeeded Gustav Weber as teacher of theory and composition at the music school. His works include 2 operas; choruses for male voices and orchestra; solos for violin and clarinet, etc.

KENN. P—— (18th cent.): horn vir-

KENN, P—— (18th cent.): horn virtuoso; h. in Germany, played at the Paris Opéra and in the French national guard; teacher of the horn at the Conservatoire till 1802. He composed horn duets and trios, also duets for horn and clarinet.

And clarinet.

KENT, James (1700-1776): b. Winchester, England, d. there; chorister at Chapel Royal, organist in Cambridge and Winchester, composer of anthems and other Anglican church music.

KEPLER, Johannes (1571-1630): b. Württemberg, d. Ratisbon; celebrated astronomer, whose writings (Harmonices mundi, libri V, 1619) treat of music in a philosophical manner.

Idel KERLE, Jacobus (1531[?]-

[de] KERLE, Jacobus (1531[?]-

Kerll
1591): b. Ypres, d. Prague; organist or Kapellmeister at Orvieto, at the court of Cardinal Otto Truchsess von Waldburg in Augsburg, in Rome, Dillingen, Ypres and elsewhere; Imperial court chaplain in Prague under Rudolph II; a composer of the strict polyphonic school who exercised considerable influence, especially in Augsburg. His compositions include hymns (1558), vesper psalms (1561), a Magnificat (1561), Preces speciales pro salubri generalis concilli successu, etc. (1562), masses, motets, madrigals, etc.
KERLL (or Kerl, Kherl, Cherl), Johann Caspar (1627-1693): b. Adorf, Saxony, d. Munich; famous German organist, studied with Valenti in Vienna, and Carissimi and Frescobaldi in Rome. He was court Kapellmeister at Munich (1658-73), and is then said to have lived in Vienna as organist and teacher. His compositions include Modulatio organica super Magnificat, etc. toxis—corganics responders (pre-

Modulatio organica super Magnificat, octo tonis—organicis respondens (preludes, interludes, postludes; Munich, 1688); toccatas and suites for harpsichord (MS.); a trio for 2 violins and bass viol (MS.), and many vocal works,

chord (MS.); a trio for 2 violinis and bass viol (MS.), and many vocal works, including cantiones, masses, kyries, etc., many MS. Ref.: I. 384; VI. 431.

KERNOCHAN, Marshall (1880-): American composer of songs, etc., resident in New York. Ref.: IV. 437; mus. ex., XIV. 320.

KES, Willem (1856-): b. Dordrecht; pupil of Nothdurft and Ferd. Böhm; also of David of Leipzig Conservatory and, later, by virtue of a subsidy from the King of Holland, at Brussels Conservatory; prominent violinist and director; concert-master at Amsterdam, 1876-83; director of a music school at Dordrecht and leader of the orchestra there; became leader of the Scottish orchestra, Glasgow, 1896-8; director of the Moscow Philharmonic Society, 1900-4; director of the Conservatory at Koblenz, 1905. His works include a symphony, a ballad for chorus, several overtures, a violin sonchorus, several overtures, a violin son-ata, songs, etc.

KESSLER (1) Ferdinand (1793-1856): b. Frankfort-on-Main, d. there; brilliant violinist and teacher; studied with liant violinist and teacher; studied with his father, a double-bass player, and theory under Vollweiler; became a teacher of theory, Fr. Wüllner heing one of his pupils; pub. several sonatas for the piano, rondos, etc. (2) Friedrich: author of Der musikalische Gottesdienst (1832); Kurze und fassliche Andeutungen einiger Mängel des Kirchengesangs (1832); and Das Gesangbuch von seiner musikalischen Seite aus betrachtet (1838). (3) (corr. Kötzler), Joseph Christoph (1800-Rötzler), Joseph Christoph (1806-1872): b. Augsburg, d. Vienna; reared in Prague, Feldsberg and Vienna; studied piano under Vilek, in Feldsberg; be-came a brilliant teacher of the piano, was private music teacher of Count Po-tocki in Lemberg. His studies are as 1872): b. Augsburg, d. Vienna; reared in Prague, Feldsberg and Vienna; studied piano under Vilek, in Feldsberg; became a brilliant teacher of the piano, was private music teacher of Count Potass private music private mus

permanent value and have been used by Kalkbrenner, Moscheles and others in school work.

KETTEN, Henri (1848-1883); b. Boga, Hungary, d. Paris; pianist and composer of salon music.

KETTENUS, Aloys (1823-1896): b. Verviers, d. London; studied at the Liége Cons.; concert-master at Mannheim;

composed one opera, violin pieces, etc.

KETTERER, Eugen (1831-1870): b.

Rouen, d. Paris; pianist and composer

of salon pieces.

KEURVELS, Edward H. J. (1853-):

Repoit: h. Antwerp; studied with Benoit; repetitor at the Royal Theatre, Antwerp, and since 1882 Kapellmeister at the Flemish National Theatre; also conductor of orchestral and choral concerts; composer of operas, and smaller stage pieces, cantatas, a mass with or-gan, ballads, songs, etc. KEUSSLER, Gerhard von (1874-):

KEUSSLER, Gerhard von (1874-): b. Schwanenburg, Livonia; studied at the Leipzig Conservatory; Dr. phil. from the University there; director in Prague of singing societies, composer of symphonic poems, etc.

KEWITSCH (Kiewics), [Karl] Theodor (1834-): b. Posiege, West Prussia; pupil of his father, an organist, and of Maslon; oboist, teacher and organist in various places pensioned organist in various places, pensioned in 1887, then editor of the Musikkorps (1891-92), the Hannoversche Musikerzeitung, the Militärmusikerzeitung (1893-97) and the Deutsche Militärmusikerzeitung; composer of vocal church music etc. church music, etc.

KEY (1) Francis Scott (1780-1843):

American patriot, wrote the words of The Star Spangled Banner to the tune of 'Anacreon in Heaven.' Ref.: IV. 325ff. (2) Ellen, Swedish author. Ref.: III. 77.

HI. 77.

KIALLMARK (1) George (1781-1835): b. Kings, Lynn, d. Islington; violinist and composer. (2) George Frederick (1804-1887): b. Islington, d. London; piànist.

London; pianist.

KIDSON, Frank (1855-): b.
Leeds; though a landscape painter, he
turned his attention to the study of
musical history, especially of the old
English and Irish folksongs; was a
contributor on this subject to the second edition of Grove's 'Dictionary' and
the founder of the Folk-Song Society.
He pub. 'Old English Country Dances'
(1889); 'Traditional Tumes'; a 'Collection of Ballad Airs' (1890); 'British
Music Publishers' (1900); 'The Minstrelsy of England'; 'Songs of the
Georgian Period'; 'British Nursery
Rhymes'; 'Children's Songs of Long
Ago'; and 'Eighty Singing Games for
Children.'

KIEFER, Heinrich (1867-): b.

Polish court orchestra, and maker of clavicembal, string and wind instru-

clavicemball, string and wind instruments.

KIEL, Friedrich (1821-1835): b. Puderbach, near Siegen, d. Berlin. At first self-taught, then pupil of Prince Karl von Wittgenstein, who took him into his orchestra in 1835, and of Kaspar Kummer in theory (Coburg). In 1840 he became leader of the ducal orch., and teacher to the Duke's children. Later, by virtue of a stipend from King Friedrich Wilhelm IV, he studied under Dehn at Berlin, 1842-44, and there continued to reside, composing steadily. In 1862 the Stern Gesangverein prod. his Requiem (op. 20), and with this his reputation was assured. He became a member (1865) and senator (1870) of the Akademie. Engaged in teaching piano privately and composition in Stern's Cons. until 1870, he was made Royal professor, 1868, and teacher of composition at the Hochschule, 1870. His compositions, of severely classic cast, include 2 Requiems; a Missa solemnit; an oratorio, Christus, a Stabat Mater, 130th Psalm (both female chorus, soli and orch.); a Te Deum (1866); motets for female and for mixed chorus, 4 orchestral marches; a piano concerto; a sonata each for cello and viola, 2 string quintets, 3 string quartets, 2 sets of waltzes for string quartet, 7 trios, 4 violin sonatas; many piano pieces and songs. Ref: III. 16.

KIENLEN, Johann Christoph (1784-1830): b. Ulm, d. Dessau; stud-

KIENLEN, Johann Christoph (1784-1830): b. Ulm, d. Dessau; stud-ied in Munich and with Cherubini in Paris; municipal Musikdirektor in Ulm; raris; municipal Musikulrektor in Ulm; lived subsequently in Munich, Vienna, Baden, Pressburg, and for a time held a position with Prince Radziwell in Posen; composed the music to Goethe's Claudine von Villa Bella and other stage works; known especially for his

numerous songs.

KIENZL, Wilhelm (1857-): b. Waizenkirchen, Upper Austria; composition pupil of Dr. W. Mayer in Graz, Studied further in Graz, Prague, Leipzig, Vienna (Dr. phil. Vienna Univ., with Die musikalische Deklamation); Joined Wagner in Bayreuth, 1879, lectured on music in Munich, 1880, opera conductor at Amsterdam and Crefeld, later Hamburg and the Munich court opera till 1893, then returned to Graz. He composed chamber music (trio, string quartet), pieces for string orch., piano pieces and songs; also the operas Urvasi (Dresden, 1886, rev. 1909); Heilmar der Narr (Munich, 1892); Der Evangelumann (Berlin, 1895, frequentnumerous songs.

zig, 1896; then in the Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra, 1898; teacher in the Stern Cons., Berlin, 1900-1; since then has lived in Munich, where he was one of the founders of the Munich String Quartet.

KIEJCHER, Bartolomäus (1548-1599): b. Cracow; member of the Royal Philip court of the Royal Philip Philip Court of the Royal Philip Phili opera Turandot, and wrote extensively on music in periodicals, collected in Miscellen (1895); Aus Kunst und Leben (1904); Im Konzert (1908); Betrachtungen und Erinnerungen (1909); also pub. a biography of Wagner (1904, 1908), and a simplified version of Brendel's Musikgeschichte. Ref.: III. 243; IX 493 del's Mu IX. 423f.

KIESEWETTER, Raphael Georg [Edler von Weisenbrunn] (1773-1850): b. Holleschau, Moravia, d. Baden, near Vienna; musicographer. He was an amateur musician, followed a government career and as attache of the Imperial Ministry of War travelled in various countries until 1801. Then, in Vienna, he studied counterpoint with in Vienna, he studied counterpoint with Albrechtsberger and Hartmann. An indefatigable collector of old musical MSS., he finally devoted himself to historical research, was elected a member of many musical and scientific societies, and was emobled in 1845. K. was the uncle of A. W. Ambros, the historian. He pub. Die Verdienste der Niederländer um die Tonkunst, etc. (1826; Dutch trans. 1829); Geschichte der europaisch-abendländischen oder unsrer heutigen Musik (Leipzig, 1834; (1826; Dutch trans. 1829); Geschichte der europausch-abendländischen oder unsrer heuitgen Musik (Leipzig, 1834; 2nd ed. 1846); Über die Musik der neuern Griechen, nebst freien Gedanken uber altayptische und altgriechische Musik (1838); Guido von Arezzo, sein Leben und Wirken (1840); Schicksale und Beschaffenheit des weltlichen Gesangs vom frühen Mittelalter bis zur Erfindung des dramatischen Styles und den Anfängen der Oper (1841); Die Musik der Araber nach Originalquellen (1842); Der neuen Aristoxener zerstreute Aufsätze (1846); Über die Octave des Pythagoras (1848); Gelerie alter Contrapunctisten; a catalogue of his old scores, bequeathed to the Vienna Library (1847), and many essays on Gregorian notation, tablatures, on Franko of Cologne, etc., pub. in the Allgemeine musikalische Zeitung. Kandler's 'Life of Pelestrina' (1834) was pub. under his supervision. Ref.: (citations, etc.) I. 249, 311; V. 40; VI.

'Story of reuth.' (1904).

KILENYI, Edward (1884-): b. Bekessentandras, Hungary; was educated at Budapest and Szarvas; studied at the Scuola Musicale Nationale, Rome, at the Cologne Cons. and with Cornelius Rühert and Daniel Gregory Rome, at the Cologne Cons. and with Cornelius Rühner and Daniel Gregory Mason at Columbia Univ., New York (Mosenthal Fellowship, 1913); teacher of theory in New York; composer of a string quartet, overture to a play of H. Kleist, "The Cry of the Wolf,' an American one-act opera, variations on an old English tune (for violin and piano); edited 'Spanish-American Folksongs' (with Eleanor Hague, 1914); contributor of articles on modern harmony to musical journals; contributor of The Art of Music.'

KIMBALL, Josiah (1761-1826): b. Topsfield, Mass., d. there; teacher and composer of psalm tunes.

KIND, Friedrich I. (19th cent.): author of the text of Weber's Freischütz. Ref.: II. 405; VI. 148; IX. 193, 194.

KINDER, Ralph (1876-): American organist and composer for the organ, resident in Philadelphia. Ref.: VI. 501.

KINDERMANN (1) Johann Eras-mag. (1616-1655): Nuremberg organists.

KINDERMANN (1) Johann Eras-mus (1616-1655): Nuremberg organist; mus (1616-1655): Nuremberg organist; pub. many sacred songs to 1652. Ref.: VI. 430. (2) August (1817-1891): b. Potsdam, d. Munich; famous baritone; began his career at 16 as singer in the Berlin Court Opera; later sang in Leipzig and subsequently at the court opera, Munich, where he became very popular.

Munich, where he became very popular.

KINDSCHER (1) [Johann Ludwig]
Gottfried (1764-1840): b. Dessau, d. there; pupil of Rust; organist of the Schlosskirche in Dessau; pub. songs; author of Anweisung zu Ausweichungen in alle Dur- und Molltonarten (1812), Anleitung zum Selbstunterricht im Klavier- und Orgelspielen (1817). (2) [Heinrich Karl.] Ludwig (1800-1875): b. Dessau, d. Worlitz; son and pupil of (1); also studied with Schicht; succeeded his father in Dessau, 1824; singing teacher at the Seminary of Köthen (1854); contributor of essays to the Allgemeine musikalische Zeitung. His son, Ludwig (1836-1903), composed the song cycle Leder des Mönches Eilland, and many other songs. KING (1) Robert (17th cent.): chamber musician to King William III of England; his works include 'Songs for 1, 2 and 3 voices composed to a thoroughbass for the organ or harpsichord,' etc. (2) Charles (1687-1748): d. London; was choir-boy in St. Paul's under Blow and Clark; leader of the choir there, 1707; organist at St. Bennet's, 1708; finally vicar choral at St. Paul's. He composed considerable church music. (3) Matthew Peter (1773-1823): d. London; his works include an opera, which was produced at the Lyceum Theatre, London; some piano sonatas,

London; his works include an opera, which was produced at the Lyceum Doser of popular English madrigals. Theatre, London; some piano sonatas, Ref.: VI. 75.

Chamber Music' an oratorio; also a 'General Treatise on Music' (1800) and "Thorough-bass made (1800) and (1800) (1708) (1708) Music (1800) and Thorough-bass made Easy to Every Capacity' (1796). (4) Oliver A. (1855-): b. London; studied under Barnby and Holmes and in the Leipzig Cons., 1874-77. He was court planist to the Princess Louise of Exployed travelled in Avenue. 1999 2. court pianist to the Princess Louise of England; travelled in America, 1880-3; then became director of the Marylebone Church, London, and, finally, teacher in the Royal Academy of Music. He has composed the Romance of the Rose; 'Proserpina,' a chorus for female voices; a symphony, several overtures and 2 concertos, one for violin and the other for piano. (5) James, traveller. Ref.: (quoted on primitive music) I. 171.

KINGSLEY, Charles, English author. Ref.: VI. 277, 379.

KINGSTON, William Beatty (1837-1900): b. London, d. there; wrote 'Music and Manners' and Wanderer's Notes.'

Notes.

Notes.*

KINKEL, Johanna (1810-1858): b.

Bonn, d. London; composer of a Vogelkantate and the operetta Otto der

Schutz; author of Acht Briefe an eine

Freundin über Klavierunterricht (1852).

KINKELDEY, Otto (1878-): b.

New York; teacher at elementary

schools and organist there; studied in

New York Univ. and music at Columbia

Univ. under MacDowell; organist at the

American church in Berlin, where he Univ. under MacDowell; organist at the American church in Berlin, where he studied organ with Egidi and musical science at the Univ.; also Hospitant of the Royal Institute for Church Music; Dr. phil., 1908; pub. Orgel und Klavier in der Musik des 16. Jahrhunderts (1910); librarian, teacher of organ and theory, docent, then professor of musical science at Breslau Univ., also organ revisor for Silesia. Since 1915 he has been music librarian of the New York Public Library and organist in Brooklyn.

in Brooklyn.

KINNEY, Troy and Margaret West.

Ref.: (quoted on dancing) X. 47ff, 107f,
111, 210f.

KINSKY, Prince: patron of Beethoven and (with Prince Lobkowitz and Archduke Rudolph) one of his three 'guarantors' in Vienna. Ref.: II. 133, 152.

KIPKE, Karl (1850-): b. Breslau; studied in Leipzig, where, after conducting in Lippstadt and Pilsen, he became music critic and editor (Sangerhalle, Musik. Wochenblati); wrote, with B. Vogel, Das Kgl. Konservatorium zu Leipzig (1888).

KIPPER, Hermann (1826-1910): b. Coblenz; teacher of music and critic in Cologne, where he composed and produced several humorous oper-

KIRBY, P. R.: contemp. Scotch composer of orchestral music, etc. Ref.: contemp. Scotch III. 441.

orary conductor of the Schuberthund; composer of part-songs for men's voices, songs, etc.; orchestrated Schubert's Dörfchen, etc.

KIRCHNER, Theodor (1824-1903):
b. Neukirchen, near Chemnitz, Saxony, d. Hamburg; pupil of J. Knorr and K. F. Becker, of Joh. Schneider at Dresden; then at the Leipzig Cons. He was organist at Winterthur, teacher in the Zurich Music School, and conductor; music master to Princess Maria at Meiningen and director of the Wurzburg Cons. (1873-5); then lived in Leipzig, Dresden and Hamburg. Mendelssohn and Schumann were among his warmest friends and advisers. He composed chiefly for the plano, among delssoin and Schumann were among his warmest friends and advisers. He composed chiefly for the plano, among his most popular works being the 10 pieces Gruss an meine Freunde, op. 5; Album Leaves, op. 7; Scherzo, op. 8; Preludes (2 books), op. 9; 3 books Sketches, op. 11: Adagio quasi fantasia, op. 12; Lieder ohne Worte, op. 13; 3 books Phantasietäcke, op. 14; Kleine Lust- und Tranerspiele, op. 16; Neue Davidsbindierfänze, op. 17; Legenden, op. 18; Aquarellen, op. 21; 2 books Romanzen, op. 22; 2 books Waltzes, op. 23; 2 books Nachtbilder, op. 25; Album, op. 26; 2 books Caprices, op. 27; Nocturnes, op. 28; Aus meinem Skizzenbuch, 2 books, Op. 29; Studien und Stücke, op. 30; Phantasien und Stücke, op. 30; Phantasien und Klücker, op. 36; 4 Elegies, op. 37; 12 Studies, op. 38; Dorfgeschichten, op. 39; Verwehte Blätter, op. 41; 4 Palonaises, op. 43; Kinder- und Künstlertänze, op. 46, 30; Humoresken, op. 48; Ein neues Klavlerbuch, op. 52; *Florestan and Euseblus, op. 53; Scherzo, op. 54; Neue Kinderscenen, op. 55; In stillen stunden, op. 56; 60 Preludes, op. 55; Sonatinas, op. 70; 100 Short Studies, op. 71; Romantische Geschichten, op. 73; Album Leaves, op. 80; Lieblinge der rugend. He also wrote some chamber music, songs and plano transcriptions of songs, and plano transcriptions of songs, and plano transcriptions of songs, and plano transcriptions of the London

KIRKMAN (1) Jacob (Kirchmann) ([?]-1778): founder of the London plano factory of Kirkman & Sons; German born, came to London, 1740, engaged as workman in Tabel's factory, where also Shudi, founder of the Broadwood factory, was engaged. Later he married Tabel's widow and became wealthy. He was especially famous for his harpsichords. (2) Johann ([?]-1799): b. Holland; was organist of the Lutheran Church in London, 1782; has composed some trios, violin and harpsichord sonatas, organ music, etc. KIRKMAN (1) Jacob (Kirchmann) (1?]-1778): founder of the London, diver of music; wrote Observations on plano factory of Kirkman & Sons; German born, came to London, 1740, engaged as workman in Tabel's factory, where also Shudi, founder of the Broadwood factory, was engaged. Later he married Tabel's widow and became wealthy. He was especially famous for his harpsichords. (2) Johann (1?]-1799): b. Holland; was organist of the Lutheran Church in London, 1782; has composed some trios, violin and harpsichord sonatas, organ music, etc.

KIRNBERGER, Johann Philipp (1721-1783): b. Saalfeld, Thuringia, d. Berlin; theorist; pupil of J. P. Keliner at Grafenroda, H. N. Gerber at Sondershausen, and of J. S. Bach at Leipzig Hanover, Hamburg and Altona, where hausen, and of J. S. Bach at Leipzig 259

KIRCHL, Adolf (1858-): b. Vienna, conductor of men's choruses; honorary conductor of the Schuberthund;
composer of part-songs for men's
voices, songs, etc.; orchestrated Schubert's Dörfchen, etc.

(1739); also studied violin with Fickier in Dresden. He became member
if the Royal orch, at Berlin, and in
(1754 Kapellmeister and teacher of composition to Princess Amalie. His theorchical writings ranking high among position to Princess Amalie. His theoretical writings ranking high among contemporary productions, include Die Kunst des reinen Satzes in der Mustk aus sicheren Grundsatzen hergeleitet und mit deutlichen Betspielen versehen (2 vols.; 1774, 1779), and 4 other hooks on thorough-bass, composition, fugue, vocal setting, temperament, a fifth on harmony being claimed as his. Ref.: II. 31; VI. 457.

KIST, Florent Cornellle (1796-1863): b. Arnheim, d. Utrecht; at first an amateur, later he became an excellent flute and horn player; helped to found the musical society Ditigentia, 1821; edited the Nederlandsch musikaal Tijaschrift, 1841-44; composed some songs, cantatas, etc.

KISTING, Henriette. See Arnold (6).
KISTLER, Cyrill (1848-1907): b. Grossaitingen, n. Augsburg, d. Kissingen; studied with Wüllner, Rheinberger, and Fr. Lachner in Munich, became teacher at the Sondershausen Cons. and in 1835 principal of a private musicehool in Red Kissingen.

and Fr. Lachner in Munich, became teacher at the Sondershausen Cons. and in 1835 principal of a private music-school in Bad Kissingen. He was also active as music-publisher and editor of the Musikalische Tagesfragen (1884-94). He wrote 2 operas, Alfred der Grosse and Lichtenstein; a 2-act musical comedy, Eulenspiegel (Wurzburg, 1889); a romantic music-drama, Kunihild (Sondershausen, 1884; Würzburg, 1893); and the music-drama Baldurs Tod (MS.); also festival and funeralmarches for orch, mixed and male choruses, songs, fantasies, serenades, organ pieces, etc., over 100 in all. He pub. a harmony method developed from Wagner's works, and a Musikalische Elementarlehre. Ref.: III. 240.
KISTNER, Friedrich (1797-1844): b. Leipzig, d. there; acquired the music house of Probst, and developed it into a leading publishing firm, continued by his son, Julius, then by K. F. L. Gurckhaus (1821-1884), who took over the business in 1866.
KITCHINER, William (1775-1827).

KITCHINER, William (1775-1827):

pension from Prince Primas of Dalberg saved him from want in his old age, though he was widely renowned. His greatest pupil was J. C. H. Rinck, and his pub. works include Der angehende, practische Organist, oder Anweisung zum zweckmassigen Gebrauch der Orgel beim Gottesdienst (Erfurt, 1801-8, in 3 parts); Neues Choralbuch fur Schleswig-Holstein (Altona, 1803), 6 sonatas and a fantasia for clavichord; preludes and chorales with variations, for organ; 24 chorales with variations, for organ; 24 chorales with sigured basses, and Hymne an das Jahrhundert in 4 parts (1801). Ref.: VI. 458.

KITTL (1) Johann Friedrich (1806-1868): b. Schloss Worlik, Bohemia, d. Lissa, Posen; pupil of Sawora and Tomaschek at Prague; 1843 succeeded Dionys Weber as director of the Prague Cons. and retired in 1865. His operas Daphnis' Grab (1825); Bianca and Giuseppe, oder Die Franzosen vor Nizza (text by Richard Wagner, 1848); Waldblume (1852); Die Bilderstürmer (1854) were performed in Prague. He also wrote masses, cantatas, 3 symphonies and chamber music. Ref.: (cited)

KITTRIDGE, G. L. Ref.: (cited) DESTINN.

KITTRIDGE, G. L. Ref.: (cited)

KITZIGER, Frederick E. (1850-1903): b. Saxony, d. New Orleans; music teacher.

KJERULF, Halfdan (1818-1868): b. Christiania, d. Bad Grafsee; studied in

Christiania, d. Bad Gratsee; studied in Leipzig; composer of songs and choruses popular in Norway and of excellent pieces for the pianoforte, also well known abroad. Ref.: III. 87f; V. 311f.

KLAFSKY, Katharina (1855-1896):
b. Sankt Johann, Hungary, d. Hamburg; was a chorus singer in the Vienna Comic Opera; became a member of the company of the Salzburg Stadtheater. 1875: married a merchant and theater, 1875; married a merchant and left the stage for a while; was engaged by Angelo Neumann for the Leipzig Stadttheater, 1876; for Bremen, 1882; joined the Hamburg Opera, 1886; later toured all of Europe and America, because it have the control of the Leider. coming known as one of the leading opera singers of her time. Her princi-pal rôles were Fidelio, Isolde, Brün-hilde, Donna Anna, Norma and Eglan-

Stern Cons. since 1904; author of the first character sketch of Richard Strauss (with Arthur Seidl, 1895), Zur Geschichte der Programmusik, and Franz Schubert (for Strauss's collection, Mutik) electrons of the strauss's collection, Mutik) sik), also analyses of modern compo-

sitions, etc.

KLAUSER (1) Karl (1823-1905): b.

St. Petersburg, d. New York; went to the United States, 1850, where he became the United States, 1850, where he became a teacher at Farmington. He became widely known for his piano arrangements, his editions of classical and romantic orchestra pieces (Schuberth & Co.), etc. (2) Julius (1854): b. New York; son of (1); studied under Wenzel at the Leipzig Conservatory, 1871-4; returned to the United States and became a teacher in Milwaukee. His works include The Sentonto and

His works include 'The Septonate and the Centralization of the Tonal Sys-tem' (1890); also a course in modern music teaching.

KLEE (1) Ludwig (1846-): b. Schwerin; studied at the Kullak Academy, founded an academy of his own; wrote on pianoforte music and pub. text-books. (2) Bruno Malte (1870-): son of (1); piano teacher and organist in Berlin.

KLEEBERG, Clothilde (1866-1909): b. Paris, d. Brussels; studied at the Conservatoire; planist; début in the Pasdeloup popular concerts, Paris; ac-quired a European reputation.

quired a European reputation.

KLEEFELD, Wilhelm (1868-):
b. Mainz; studied with Radecke, Hartel and Spitta; Kapellmeister in Mainz, Treves, Munich and Detmold; 1891-96; teacher at the opera school of the Klindworth-Scharwenka Cons., Berlin, 1898; private tutor in music at the Univ. of Greifswald, 1901; author of Das Orchester der Hamburger Oper 1678-1798 (thesis for Dr. phil., Berlin, 1897), Landgraf Ludwig von Hessen-Darmstadt und die deutsche Oper (1904), analyses for the Opernführer, essays in musical journals, etc.; edited Opernrenaissance and Berlioz's Béatrice et Bénedict, translated Saint-Saëns' Harmonie et Mélodie; composer of the opera Anarella, a suite for string orchestra, plano pieces and songs.

coming known as one of the leading opera singers of her time. Her principal rôles were Fidelio, Isolde, Brimhilde, Donna Anna, Norma and Eglantine.

KLAIS, Johannes (1852-): b. Lufelberg, near Bonn; prominent organ manufacturer; established himself in Bonn, 1882; from then till 1898 his factory turned out 136 organs, including those now installed in the Pfarrkirche, Dübelingen; the Basilica, Echternach; Josephspfarrkirche, Krefeld; the Cathedral in Wetzlar, etc.

KLATTE, Wilhelm (1870-): b. Bremen; studied in Leipzig and with Richard Strauss in Munich; attached to the theatre in Munich and subsequently conductor in various places; music critic of the Berlin Lokalanzeiger since 1897, and teacher of theory at the

etc.

KLEFFEL, Arno (1840-): b.
Pössneck, Thuringia, pupil of Hauptmann and the Leipzig Cons., director of the Music Society at Riga; Kapellmeister at Cologne, Amsterdam, Gorlitz, Breslau, Stettin, Berlin, Angsburg, Magdeburg and Cologne; teacher of theory at Stern's Cons., Berlin, since 1892; titular professor. He wrote the opera Des Meermanns Harfe (Riga, 1865); music to the Christmas legend Die Wichtelmannchen and to Goethe's Faust; overtures, a string quartet and Faust; overtures, a string quartet and piano pieces, songs, part-songs, etc. Ref.: III. 20.

piano pieces, songs, part-songs, etc. Ref.: III. 20.

KLEIN (1) Johann Joseph (1740-1823): b. Arnstadt, d. Kahla, near Jena; author of Versuch eines Lehrbuchs der praktischen Musik (1783); Lehrbuch der praktischen Musik (1783); Lehrbuch der iheoretischen Musik (1881); Neues Vollständiges Choralbuch (1785). (2)

Bernhard (1793-1832): b. Cologne, d. Berlin; composer of church music; obtained his musical training in Cologne, where his father was a double hass player; went to Paris, 1812, where he worked for a while under Cherubini in the library of the Conservatoire. On his return to Cologne he became musical director of the Cathedral; in 1818 he was called to Berlin by the government to examine the local musical institutions; remained there and became teacher of composition in the newly founded Royal Institute for Church Music and music director and teacher of singing in the University. His chief works are the oratorios Jephtha, David and Hiob; a mass; a paternoster; a Magnificat; psalms, hymns, piano sonatas, songs, ballads, etc., as well as several operas. (3) Joseph (1801-1867): b. Cologne, d. there; brother of (2); composer, living in Cologne and Berlin. (4) Bruno Oskar (1856-1911): b. Osnabruck, d. New York; studied with his father, Karl K., and at the Royal Musikschule at Munich; became organist of St. Francis Xavier Church, in New York, 1879. As composer he is chiefly known for his orchestral pieces, a violin sonata, a suite for piano, a ballad for violin and orchestra, a suite for piano, a ballad for violin and orchestra, a suite for piano, a ballad for violin and orchestra, a suite for piano, a ballad for violin and orchestra, a suite for piano, a ballad for violin and orchestra, a suite for piano, a ballad for violin and orchestra, a suite for piano, a ballad for violin and orchestra, a suite for piano, a ballad for violin and orchestra.

books of songs, choruses, piano pieces, under his father, Friedrich Heinrich etc.

KLEFFEL, Arno (1840-): b.
Pössneck, Thuringia, pupil of Haupt- dam and Hamburg. Later he studied dam and Hamburg. Later he studied in the Leipzig Conservatory; was music teacher in Hamburg; became conductor at the Stadttheater in Leipzig, 1882; married the well-known singer, Klara Monhaupt. He was first known as a brilliant pianist, but later his compositions attracted attention. Among them are various collections of Italian and Spanish folk-music for piano; songs; chamber music; 2 symphonies; also 2 operas, Manon (1883) and Der Pfeifer von Dusenbach (1881).

KLEINPAUL, Alfred (1850-Altona; studied with Gurlitt, Hauptmann and Richter; organist in Hamburg; composer of songs and piano pieces.

pieces.

pieces.

KLEMM (Klemmius), Johann (early 17th cent.): discantist; then court organist in Dresden (1625); was pupil of Schutz; composer of madrigals, fugues, etc.

KLENAU, Paul [August] von (1883-): b. Copenhagen; studied with Hilmer and Otto Malling in Copenhagen, Halir and Max Bruch in Berlin, and Ludwig Thuille in Munich; stage director in Freiburg and Stuttgart; composer of 4 symphonies, a ballade Ebba Skammelsen for baritone and orchestra, a one-act opera Sulamith (1913), a piano quintet, a string quartet and songs.

KLENGEL (1) August Alexander (nicknamed 'Canon Klengel') (1784-1862): b. Dresden, d. there; pianist, eminent organist and composer; studied with Milchmeyer and Clementi, with whom he travelled through Germany.

with Milchmeyer and Clementi, with whom he travelled through Germany, and to St. Petersburg in 1805. Here he remained until 1811, then spent 2 years in Paris and went to Italy, Dresden, England. In Dresden he became organist of the Hofkirche in 1816. As a composer he was master of the strict contrapuntal forms and wrote Les Avant-coureurs, 24 canons for plano (before 1840), 48 canons and 48 fugues (an unsuccessful attempt to outdo Bach's Well-tempered Clavichord.³ pub. composer and pieces, as the first violin sonata, a suite for piano, a suite for do., 5 American dances for orch., and songs, also an opera, Kenilworih (Hamburg, 1895).

KLEINHEINZ, Franz Xaver (1772-ca. 1832): b. Mindelheim, d. Pesth (?); studied at Memmingen, Munich, and with Albrechtsberger in Vienna; Kapellmeister in Brünn and later to Count Brunswick in Pesth; composer of chamber music works, a piano concerto, many piano sonatas, a festival mass with orchestra, a cantata, songs, the peras Harald (1814) and Der Käfig (1816); arranged Beethoven piano sonatas for string quartet.

KLEINMICHEL, Richard (1846-1902); b. Posen, d. Charlottenburg; composition of Jadassohn; since 1886 composer and pianist; studied piano 261 zertstück ('cello and piano), a suite for 2 'celli, a suite for 'cello and pi-ano, a number of 'cello solos, also a serenade for string orch., string quar-

tets, etc.

KLENOWSKI, Nikolai (1857-): b. Odessa; studied at the Moscow Conb. Odessa; studied at the Moscow Conservatory; concert leader in Moscow, 1881-83; then director of the Imperial Theatre there till 1889; director of the University orchestra, 1889-93; director of the Imperial Russian Music School at Tiflis, 1893; since 1902 assistant director of the band in the Imperial Palace at St. Petersburg. His works include 3 ballets, music to a number of dramas, several cantatas, a piano suite, etc.

KLICKA, Josef (1855-): b. Klattau, Bohemia; student and later professor at Prague Conservatory; conductor of

at Frague Conservatory; conductor of the National Theatre, chorus leader and composer of one opera, and much music for organ, also orchestra and chorus. KLIMOFF, Dmitri Dmitrievitch (1850-): b. Kasan; student, teacher and professor at St. Petersburg Cons.; director in Odessa of the Imperial Rus-sian Musical Society Leader of the

sian Musical Society, leader of the symphony concerts there. KLINDWORTH, Karl (1830-): b. KLINDWORTH, Karl (1830-):b. Hanover, distinguished pianist and teacher. He taught himself the piano in childhood. teacher. He taught himself the plano in childhood. Also a student of the violin, he was prevented by lack of means from becoming a pupil of Spohr. At 17 he became conductor of a travelling operatroupe, which failed. He then taught at Hanover. While on a planistic tour he met Liszt, and in 1852 went to Weimar for 2 years' study, by virtue of private financial assistance. In 1854 he went to London where he was not sucprivate financial assistance. In 1854 he went to London where he was not successful, but, heard and admired by Wagner, he became the master's friend. After teaching and playing in London about 14 years, he was made professor of piano at the Moscow Imperial Cons. by Rubinstein, after whose death K. settled in Berlin, conducting the concerts of the Wagner-verein for 10 years and (with Joachim and Willner) the Philharmonic Concerts. He also founded a school of piano playing, which was united with the Scharwenka Cons. in 1893. He is especially known for his excellent piano transcriptions of Wagner's music dramas, including the entire 'Ring,' which he completed in Moscow; also of Schubert's C maj. Symphony for 2 pianos, Tschaikowsky's Francesca da Rimini, etc. He revised complete editions of Chopin's works (1878) and of Beethoven's sonatas, and wrote a difficult and effective Polonaise-Fantasie and 24 grand études in all keys, for piano. Ref.: III. 18.

KLUNG, Henri (1842-): b. Paris; director of military music; later teacher of elementary theory and horn at the Geneva Cons. and music went to London where he was not suc-

and teacher at the Cons. He pub. 3 teacher at the Töchterschule there; 'cello concertos, a concertino and Kon- composer of instrumental and vocal music, especially concertos and studies music, especially concertos and studies for the horn; author of methods for the horn, piano, oboe, guitar, mandolin and other instruments, a popular method for composition, directions for transposing, etc.; contributor to various musical journals.

KLOEBER, August von, painter.

Ref.: (quoted on Beethoven) II. 149.

KLOPSTOCK, Friedrich Gottlieb. German poet. Ref .: II. 30, 48, 49, 50, 153.

153. KLOSE, Friedrich (1862-): b. Karlsruhe; studied under V. Lachner and Ruthardt, in Geneva, and under Bruckner in Vienna; succeeded Thuille as professor of composition in the Munich Academy, 1907. His works include a mass (D min.) for solo, chorus, orchestra and organ; Elfenreigen and Festzug, for orchestra; Vidi aquam, for chorus, orchestra and organ; a symphonic poem in 3 parts, Das Leben ein Traum, orchestra and organ, female voices and brass instruments (1889); an elegy, for violin and orchestra; prelude and double fugue for organ and wind choir, string quartet in F major (1911); the string quartet in F major (1911); the dramatic symphony Ilsebill (Karlsruhe, 1903), etc. Ref.: III. 269f; VI. 488; IX.

KLOSE, Hyacinthe Eléonore (1808-1880): b. Island of Corfu, d. Paris; cciebrated clarinet player; came to Paris at an early age and became member of a military band, then succeeded his teacher, Berr, as clarinet professor at the Conservatory, 1839. K. applied the Böhm ring system to the clarinet. He has also composed, principally for the clarinet, solos, duets, fantasies, studies and a Grande méthode pour la clarinette à anneaux mobiles, also marches and other pieces for military bands.

founder of the firm of Knabe & Co., piano manufacturers, in Baltimore. His sons, William (1841-1889) and Ernest, succeeded him in the management of the firm, which later passed into the hands of his grandsons, Ernest (1869) and William (1872), and now has main headquarters in New York. KNAPTON, Philip (1788-1833): b. York, d. there; studied music in Cambridge, composed overtures, concertos.

York, d. there; studied music in Cambridge, composed overtures, concertos, orchestral pieces; acted as assistant conductor to the York Festivals.

KNAUTH. See Franz, Robert.

KNECHT, Justin Heinrich (1752-1817): b. Biberach, Wurttemberg, d. there; became organist and concert director in his native town to 1792; court Kapellmeister, Stuttgart, 1807; returned home, 1809, where he was again organist. His works include a symphony, a concert duet, a double chorus, a Te Deum, a mass, several operas, a melodrame; has also written on the theory of music.

KNEISEL, Franz (1865-): b. Bucharest; studied at the Bucharest Cons. and later under Grin and Hellmesberger at the Vienna Cons.; became solo violinist in the court theatre or beatter became account theatre or chestra; became concert-master of Bilse's Orchestra, Berlin, 1884; concert-master of the Boston Symphony Or-chestra, 1885-1903; then organized with chestra, 1885-1903; then organized with G. Fiedler, L. Svecenski and F. Giese, his famous string quartet (now composed of K., Hans Letz, Svecenski and Willem Willecke); Mus. D., Yale, 1900; head of the violin and string instruent department at the Institute of Musical Art, New York, from 1905; compoled Kneisel Collection (violin and piano): composed Advanced Studies piano); composed Advanced Studies for the Violin (1910), etc. Ref.: IV.

KNIGHT, Joseph Philip (1812-1887): b. Bradford-on-Avon, d. Great Varmouth; studied in Bristol with Corfe; lived in England, United States and the Scilly Islands; wrote one ora-torio and a large number of popular English songs, also an oratorio, 'Jeph-tha's Daughter.'

KNINA, L.: author of study works for pianoforte; resident in St. Petersburg.

burg.

KNITTL, Karl (1853-1907): b. Polna, d. Prague; studied at the Cons. and the Organ School in Prague, singing with Pivoda and conducting with Smetana; teacher of singing at 2 state intermediate schools, 1877-1901; director of the singing society 'Hlahol' in Prague, 1877-90 and 1897-1901; teacher of organ and harmony at the Organ School, 1882, and professor of the same subjects from 1890 at the Cons., where he became administrative director in 1901; author of articles in newspapers ne became administrative director in 1901; author of articles in newspapers and reviews, also Lehre von homophonen Satze, etc.; composer of orchestral and choral works, chamber music, songs, piano pieces, etc.

KNOCH, Ernst: contemp. German opera conductor; assistant at Bayreuth; at Metropolitan Opera House, New York; 1914-15. Ref.: IV. 157.

KNÖFEL (Knefelius), Johann (16th cent.): b. Lauban, Silesia; conductor in Breslau, Heidelberg; organist in Prague; composer of sacred and sacrelar songs church music, etc.

in Prague; composer of sacred and secular songs, church music, etc.

KNORR (1) Julius (1807-1861): b.
Leipzig, d. there; planist; plano teacher in Leipzig, where he was intimate with Schumann and edited, during its first year, the Neue Zeitschrift für Musik. His works include Neue Pianoforteschule in 184 Übungen (1835, seond ed. as Die Pianoforteschule der neuesten Zeit); Das Klavierspiel in 280 Übungen; Methodischer Leitfaden für Klavierlehrer (1849); Führer auf dem Felde der Klavierunterrichsliteratur (1861), etc. (2) Iwan (1853-): b. Felde der Klavierunterrichtsliteratur (1861), etc. (2) Iwan (1853-): b. Mewe, West Prussia; studied under Reinicke and Richter in the Leipzig Conservatory; became a music teacher in a school in Kharkoff, South Russia, 1874; became teacher of composition and theory at the Hoch Cons., Frankfort, 1883, and succeeded Bernhard Scholz as its director. His works include a biography of Tschaikowsky for Reimann's Beruhmte Musiker (1900); Reimann's Beruhmte Musiker (1900); also much orchestral and chamber music, 3 operas, Dunja (Coblenz, 1904); Die Hochzeit (Prague, 1907); and Durchs Fenster (Karlsruhe, 1908), and songs ('Ukrainian Love Songs' for mixed

Fenster (Karlsruhe, 1908), and souge (Ukrainian Love Songs' for mixed quartet and piano).

KNOTE, Heinrich (1870-): b. Munich; heroic tenor; studied under Kirchner in Münster; has been a member of the court opera at Munich from 1892; has sung at Hamburg, the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, and toured America; now at German Opera House. Charlottenburg.

toured America; now at German Opera House, Charlottenburg.

KNYVETT (1) Charles ([?]-1822): was a concert tenor during his earlier years, 1780-90; organized the Vocal Concerts with S. Harrison, 1791-3. (2) Charles (1773-1852): b. London, d. there; son of (1); studied under Webbe; was organist at St. George's Church and harpsichord teacher; published a set of psalm melodies (1823). (3) William (1779-1856): b. London, d. there; son of (1); singer in the Chapel Royal, 1797; succeeded Arnold as composer for the court band, 1802. For many years he was the best concert singer (alto) in London. He directed the "Concerts of Ancient Music," 1832-40; directed the music festivals at Birmingham, 1834-43, also at York, in 1835. ham, 1834-43, also at York, in 1835. He composed a number of glees and some anthems for King George IV and Queen Victoria.

KOBBE, Gustave (1857-); b. New York; studied in Wiesbaden and at Columbia Univ.; writer on music and drama; pub. 'The Ring of the Nibelung' (1889); 'Wagner's Life and Works' (2 vols., 1890); 'Opera Singers'

Kobelius

(1901, 6th ed., 1913); Wagner's Music Dramas Analyzed' (1904); 'Loves of the Great Composers' (1905); Wagner and His Isolde' (1905); 'Famous American Songs' (1906); 'How to Appreciate Music' (1906); 'The Pianolist' (1907); 'Portrait Gallery of Great Composers' (1911).

(1911).

KOBELIUS, Johann Augustin (1674-1731): b. Wählitz, near Halle, d. Weissenfels; studied with Schieffer-decker and Krieger; chamber musician, organist and court conductor at Weissenfels, Querfurt and Sangerhausen; wrote overtures, sonatas and church

Music.

KOBLER, Hugo (1869-1907): b.
Brunn, d. Vienna; wrote 2 operas, of
which one, Grüne Ostern, was prod.
in Vienna, 1907; also operettas, a pantomime, chamber music, and works for
orchestre. orchestra.

in Vienna, 1907; also operettas, a pantomime, chamber music, and works for orchestra.

KOCH (1) Heinrich Christoph (1749-1816): b. Rudoistadt, d. there; violinist, chamber musician, composer of cantatas, etc.; theoretician of note, having pub. a Musikalisches Lexikon (2 parts, 1802), which is highly rated; also Versuch einer Anleitung zur Komposition (3 parts, 1782-93), important for the discovery of fundamental principles of form, and other books on harmony and modulation, as well as theoretical articles in various journals. (2) Eduard Emil (1809-1871): b. Stuttgart, d. there; Protestant clergyman and hymnologist. (3) Ernst (1820-1894): d. Stuttgart; singer and vocal teacher in Hanover and Stuttgart. (4) Max (1855-): b. Munich; professor of German literature in Breslau Univ., wrote 3 books on the asthetic and cultural importance of Richard Wagner (1883, 1907-14, 1913). (5) Matthand (1862-): b. Heubach; teacher at the Stuttgart music school, organist there, founder of a musical institute in 1900, and composer of organ sonatas, etc., also motets and vocal quartets. (6) Friedrich E. (1862-): b. Berlin; 'cellist in the Royal Court orchestra, Kapellmeister in Baden-Baden, Gymnasium vocal teacher, royal professor and academician in Berlin; composer of 2 symphonies and other symphonic pieces, a violin concerto, a string trio which won the Mendelssohn prize, and other chamber music, piano pieces, songs, choral works, 2 oratorios, also 2 operas. Ref.: VI. 357. (7) Markus (1879-): b. Vilshofen-on-Danuhe; co-founder of the municipal Musikerfachschule, Munich (1900), and teacher at the Academy of Music there since 1913; composer of masses, organ compositions, choruses for women's and children's voices, children's songs, chamber music and a 'religious symphony' for band.

KOCH-BOSSEENBERGER, Julie (d. Bad Wildungen, 1895): operatic so-(1820-1894): d. Stuttgart; singer and vocal teacher in Hanover and Stuttgart. (4) Max (1855-): b. Munich; professor of German literature in Breslau Univ., wrote 3 books on the æsthetic and cultural importance of Richard Wagner (1888, 1907-14, 1913). (5) Matthäus (1862-): b. Heuhach; teacher at the Stuttgart music school, organist there, founder of a musical institute in 1900, and composer of organ sonatas, etc., also motets and vocal quartets. (6) Friedrich E. (1862-): b. Berlin; 'cellist in the Royal Court orchestra, Kapellmeister in Baden-Baden, Gymnasium vocal teacher, royal professor and academician in Berlin; composer of 2 symphonies and other symphonic pieces, a violin concerto, a string trio which won the Mendelssohn pieces, songs, choral works, 2 oratopionices, volume of the New York Oratorio Society, and Mendelssohn Glee Club, New York, since 1912. He composed men's choruses (a cappella and with orchestra), of which two received prizes in 1900. Ref.: IV. 212.

KOCH-BOSSENBERGER, Julie (d. Bad Wildungen, 1895): operatic soprano in Berlin, then sang at the Vienna court opera; finally prima donna

daughter, Maria Bossenberger, has sung in opera in Dresden and Frank-fort-on-Main.

KOCHANSKA, Praxede Marcelline, correct name of Marcella Sembrich

(q. v.).

KÖCHEL, Ludwig Ritter von (18001877): b. Stein-on-Danube, d. Vienna;
studied law, became royal councillor,
school-commissioner in Vienna; was an
amateur botanist and mineralogist, also thoroughly educated in music. He wrote a celebrated catalogue of Mozart's works, Chronologisch-thematisches wrote a celebrated catalogue of Mozart's works, Chronologisch-thematisches Verzeichnis sämtlicher Tonwerke W. A. Mozarts (pub. in 1862, supplements in the Aligemeine Musik-Zeitung, 1864, and 2nd ed. by Count P. Waldersee in 1905). He also wrote Die Kaiserliche Hofmusik-Kapelle zu Wien von 1543 bis 1867 (1868), a biography of Johann Joseph Fux (1872), and edited 83 newly found letters of Beethoven to Archduke Rudolph (1865). Ref.: VI. 132 (footnote), 332.

KOCHER, Conrad (1786-1872): b. Ditzingen, near Stuttgart, d. Stuttgart; studied in St. Petersburg and Italy; founder in Stuttgart of a sacred singing society; director of music there and author of a book on music there and author of a book on music in the church (1823), also Harmonik (1864); edited chorale books, etc., and composed 2 operas, an oratorio, etc.

KOCIAN, Jaroslav (1884-): b. Wildenschwert, Bohemia; studied the violin with his father and at the Prague Conservatory; concertized in Europe and America.

KOESSLER, Hans (1853-): b. under his father, who was first flutist Waldeck; organist in Neumarkt, Oberplatz, 1871; studied under Jos. Rheinberger at the Royal Music School, Munich, 1874-7; teacher of chorus singing and theory, Dresden Conservatory, 1877, and director of the Dresden Singing ing Society which, in 1880, at the international competition at Cologne, was awarded first prize, resulting in K. being engaged, 1881, as Kapellmeister at the Stadttheater in Cologne. In 1882, the Stadttheater in Cologne. In 1882, the became teacher of organ and chorus singing at the National Academy, Budasinging at the National Academy, Buda-pest, and, on Volkmann's death, also taught composition, 1883. His works include string quartets and quintets, orchestral and organ pieces, a violin so-

chestral and organ pieces, a violin sonata and concerto, a symphony, a mass for female voices, etc. Ref.: III. 197, 211.

KOFLER, Leo (1837-1908): b. Brixen, Austrian Tyrol, d. New Orleans; teacher of singing and critic in New York; organist of St. Paul's chapel there, and writer on breathing and the care of the voice: collected a volume of hymn times voice; collected a volume of hymn tunes

and anthems.

and anthems.

KOGEL, Gustav Friedrich (1849-):
b. Leipzig, where his father was a trombonist in the orchestra of the Gewandhaus; studied in the Leipzig Cons., 1863-67; became theatre Kapellmeister at Nuremberg, Dortmund, Ghent, Aachen, Cologne and Leipzig; became Kapellmeister of the Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra, 1887; director of the Museum Concerts at Frankfort-on-Main, 1891-1903; also directed concerts in Madrid, Barcelona, St. Petersburg and New York. Has written considerable piano music. music.

KÖHLER (1) Ernst (1799-1847): b. Langenbielau, Silesia, d. Breslau; distinguished organist and pianist; chief organist of the Elisabethkirche in Breslau from 1827 till his death. His Breslau from 1827 till his death. His works include 12 church cantatas; 15 more elaborate song pieces, with orchestra; 9 overtures; 2 symphonies, etc. (2) [Christian] Louis Heinrich (1820-1886): b. Brunswick, d. Konigsberg, Prussia; studied piano under A. Sonneman, theory under I. A. Leibrock and violin under Chr. Zinkeisen, Jr., and finally under Simon Sechter at Vienna. After a short period as theatre Kapellmeister at Marienburg, Elbing and Konigsberg, he became, in 1847, teacher in the latter place, as well as director of a school for piano and theory, becoming professor in 1880. Aside from 3 operas, a ballet, a Vaterunser for 8 voices (mixed), etc., he wrote études in every degree of difficulty; also a Systematische Lehrmethode für Klavierspiel und Musik in 2 parts (1856, 1924 ed. ver. br. Richard 1829). Systematische Lehrmethode für Klavierspiel und Musik in 2 parts (1856, 13rd ed. rev. by Riemann, 1882], 1858), the first of which contains the first exposition of a correct theory of pedalling; also other pedagogical writings, including Allgemeine Musiklehre (1883), etc. (3) Ernesto (1849-1907): author of Die Lieder Oswalds von b. Modena, d. St. Petersburg; studied Wolkenstein (Denkmäler der Tonkun-

where he became assistant concert director of the Imperial Opera; then chief conductor, 1898; has written a number of orchestral pieces, as well as pieces for violin and for 'cello. (5) Wilhelm (1858-): h. Wumbach, Thuringia; was at first teacher in his native town, then at Hamburg; studied at Berlin under Grell and Bargiel; is now muste teacher and director of the St. Peters' Church Choir in Hamburg. His compositions include psalms, various songs, masses, motets, Das Mädchen von Kola (men's chorus and orch.), sonatas, etc. KOHUT, Adolf (1847-): h. Mindszent, Hungary; critic and writer on musical subjects, wrote Weber-Gedenkbuch, Friedrich Wieck, Moses Mendelssohn und seine Familie, Die grossien deutschen Soubretten im 19. Jahrhundert (1890), Joseph Joachim (1891), Schiller in seinen Beziehungen zur Musik (1905), Die Gesangsköniginnen der letzten drei Jahrhunderte (1906) and various biographies of musicians pub. in Reclam's popular edition

sicians pub. in Reclam's popular edition.

KOLACHEVSKI, Michail Nico-laievitch (1851-): studied with Richter at the Leipzig Cons., composed a 'Ukraine' symphony, a trio, a string quartet, a Requiem for chorus for string

orchestra and organ, songs, etc.

KOLB, Karlmann (1703-1765): b.

Kostlarn, Bavaria, d. Munich; Benedictine monk and organist, composer of

church music.

KOLBE, Oskar (1836-1878): b. Ber-In, d. there; studied in Berlin at the Royal Institute for Church Music, teacher of theory at Stern Conservatory, Royal Musikdirektor, composer of songs and an oratorio, author of handbooks on harmony and thorough-bass.

books on harmony and thorough-bass.

KOLBERG, Oscar (1814-1891): b.
Radom, d. Warsaw; studied in Berlin
with Rungenhagen, composed Polish
national dances and collected Polish
folk-songs (30 vols.).

KÖLER, David (16th cent.): b.
Zwickau, Saxony; composer of masses,
hymns, canons, sacred songs (MS.) and
10 Psalms of David in 4-6 parts
(printed 1554).

KOLLER. Oswald (1852-1910): b.

stin österreich IX. 1), 6 Trienter Codices des 15. Jahrh. (with G. Adler, ib., VIII. 1 and XI. 1).

KOLLMANN (1) August Friedrich Christoph (1756-1829): b. Engelbostel, Hanover, d. London; organist near Lüneburg, 1781; came to London as sexton and cantor of the German chapel at St. James, 1784. His works include a program symphony, Der Schiffbruch; 12 fugues, a harpsichord concerto, etc. His theoretical works include 'First Beginning on the Pianoforte' (1796); 'An Essay on Practical Harmony' (1806) and various articles in the 'Quarterly Musical Register,' of which only two numbers appeared (1812). (2) George August (1780-1845): b. London, d. there; an of (1); succeeded his father in the German chapel as organist, 1829; and composed 3 harpsichord sonatas. etc.

KONRADIN, Karl Ferdinand (1833-1884): b. St. Helenenthal, near Baden, d. Vienna; composer of operatas and songs. German chapel as organist, 1829; and composed 3 harpsichord sonatas, etc. He was also the inventor of a new method of piano tuning.

KOLOSSOVA, Eugeny, Russian ballerina. Ref.: X. 179.

KÖMMENICH, Louis. See Koem-

MENICH.

KOMOROVSKI, Marcell Ignaz (1824-1858): b. Warsaw, d. there; composer of Polish songs.

poser of Polish songs.

KÖMPEL, August (1831-1891): b.
Brückenau, d. Weimar; studied with
Spohr, David and Joachim; violinist
in the court chapels of Cassel and
Hanover, and, after years of concert
touring, in Weimar, 1863-1884.

KON-FU-TSE: Chinese moralist.

Ref.: X. 30.

KÖNIGSPERGER, Pater Marianus
(1708-1769): b. Roding, Oberpfalz, d.
in the monastery of Prüsening, near
Ratisbon, where he had joined the
Benedictine order in 1734; composer of
numerous masses, offertories, psalms,

Benedictine order in 1734; composer of numerous masses, offertories, psalms, litanies, Misereres, etc., 12 Sonatae concertantes pro Missa, 10 symphonies, 8 Praeambula cum Fuga (1752), Der wohlunterrichtete Clavierschüler (1756), Fingerstreit oder Klavierübung (1760).

KONINCK, Lodemijk de, librettist. Ref.: VI. 299.

KONING, David (1820-1876): b. Rotterdam, d. Amsterdam; studied under Aloys Schmitt at Frankfort, 1834-38; won a prize from the Netherland Society for an overture, 1839; became director of the Chorverein Mussa, Amsterdam, 1840; prominent as a teacher. His work include a number of string quartets, piano sonatas, songs, choruses for male voices, female voices and both; a comic opera, etc. both; a comic opera, etc.

KONIUS, Georg Edvardovitch (1862-): b. Moscow; studied under Taneieff and Arenski; teacher in the Moscow Conservatory, 1891-99; since then a teacher in the music school of the Philharmonic Society. His works include an orchestral suite, a sym-

plano pieces.

KONRADIN, Karl Ferdinand (1833-1884): b. St. Helenenthal, near Baden, d. Vienna; composer of operettas and songs.

KONSTANTINE KOPRONYMUS. Ref .: VI. 400.

KONTA, Robert (1880-): b. Vienna; composer of the opera Das Kalte Herz (1998, the ballet pantomime Der bucklige Geiger (1909), a

mime Der bucklige Geiger (1909), a symphony and songs.

KONTI, Joseph (1852-1905): b. Warsaw, d. Pesth; composed 7 operettas, produced in ödenburg and Pesth.

KOPECKY, Ottokar (1850-): b. Chotébor, Bohemia; studied in Pilsen and at the conservatory in Prague; violinist in orchestras at Brunn, Vienna and Sondershausen; concert-master of the Hamburg Philharmonic, teacher at the conservatory there; teacher of the the conservatory there; teacher of the German crown prince and his brother.

KOPRZIVA, Karl (18th cent.): composer of organ fugues, etc., preserved in Prague.

KOPTJAJEFF, Alexander Petrovitch (1868-): b. St. Petersburg; Russian writer on Wagner, Cui, d'Albert, etc., author of Russian guides to bert, etc., author of Russian guides to Wagner music dramas; composer of 'Oriental Dances,' an orchestral elegy, Cortège à la vie (elegiac polonaise), a piano suite, songs and a setting of Psalm xviii (bar., chorus and piano).

KOPYLOFF, Alexander (1854-):
b. St. Petersburg; composed much salon music for piano, also 2 string quartets.

music for piano, also 2 string quartets, a symphony in C, an overture, an orchestral scherzo, etc. Ref.: III. 146;

VII. 555.

VII. 555.

KORBAY, Francis Alexander (1846-): b. Pesth, tenor and pianist; pupil of Liszt. He sang at the Hungarian Opera, Pesth, toured Germany, England and America as pianist and settled in New York as teacher of voice and piano in 1871. He wrote Nuptiale for orch.; Le matin, for voice and piano (arr. for orch. by Liszt); solo settings of Lenau's Schulflieder; piano pieces, transcriptions, etc. Ref.: V. 126.

KORESCHTCHENKO, Arseni Nico-

Rorganoff

laievitch (1870-): b. Moscow, where he studied with Taneieff and Arensky at the Cons., from which he received a gold medal in 1891, and at which he became teacher of counterpoint and form, as well as at the Synod school. He wrote the operas, 'Belshazzar's Feast' (Moscow, 1892), 'The Angel of Death' and 'The Ice Palace' (Moscow, 1900); incidental music for 2 plays of Euripides; a ballet, 'The Magic Mirror'; corchestral pieces ('Barcarolle,' 'A Tale,' Scènes nocturnes, tymphonic lyrique and 'Musical Pictures'); a fantasy for piano and orchestra, a string quartet, pleces for violin and plano, for piano and 'cello, plano pieces, songs, and choral songs. Ref.: III. 153; IX.

15.

KORCANOEE. General Oscina.

KORGANOFF, Gennari Ossipo-vitch (1858-1890): b. Kvarelia, d. Ros-toff; studied with Reinecke, Jadassohn, in Leipzig, Brassin and Kross in St. Petersburg. He wrote 'Arabesques,' 'Miniatures' and 'Aquarelle,' for piano.

KORN, Clara A. (1866-): pupil of B. O. Klein, Horatio Parker and Dvořák, at National Cons., New York, where she afterward taught counterpoint; settled as teacher and composer in Orange, New Jersey. Ref.: poser in IV. 405.

KÖRNER (1) Theodor: German poet. Ref.: II. 234; IX. 188, 191. (2) Gotthilf Wilhelm (1809-1865): b. Teicha, near Halle, d. Erfurt, 1865. He founded a music publishing business in 1838, and conducted it till his death, the firm being united with that of C. F. Peters in 1886. He also founded the Urania, a periodical for organists, in 1844 and pub. compositions for organ.

KORNGOLD (1) Julius (1860-): studied law in Vienna and music at the studied law in Vienna and music at the Cons. there; music critic of the Neue Freie Presse since 1902. (2) Erich Wolfgang (1897-): b. Brunn, son of (1); pupil of R. Fuchs, A. von Zemlinsky and Hermann Gradener (Vienna). He is, despite his extreme youth, already internationally known as a composer, having brought out a pantomime, Der Schneemann, at the age of 11 (1908), also a trio, op. 1 (1909), a piano sonata (No. 2, in E, as op. 2); Mārchenbilder, op. 3 (1910), a Schanspiel-Ouvertüre for full orch., op. 4 (1911), and a Sinfonietta (1914) for full orchestra. Ref.: III. 271; VIII. 420.

a piano sonata (No. 2, in E, as op. 2); Märchenbilder, op. 3 (1910), a Schauspiel-Ouvertüre for full orch., op. 4 (1911), and a Sinfonietta (1914) for full orchestra. Ref.: III. 271; VIII. 420.

KOROLANYI, Friedrich: Kapellmeister at the Karl Schurz Theatre, Hamburg, the new opera in Leipzig, 1907; the Comic Opera, Mannheim, 1908, the Residenz Theatre, Dresden, since 1909; composer of the operas Ein Abenteuer (1899), Heinzelmännchen (1901), Die Markedenterin (1905), Die instrumental pieces and wrote critical

life.

Köselltz, Heinrich (pen-name Peter Gast) (1854-): b. Annaberg, Saxony; studied with Richter at the Leipzig Cons., and under Nietzsche in Basle Univ.; composed the operas Wilbram (1879), Kong Wenzel, Orpheus und Dionysos, Die heumliche Ehe (1891), Thematikon, the Singspiel Scherz, Lust und Rache (1881), the Festspiel Walpurgis (1903), a symphony, an overture, choruses, songs, etc.; pub. letters to him from Nietzsche (1908), Vol. I of Nietzsche's letters (with A. Seidl, 1900), and Nietzsche's correspondence with Hans von Bülow (with Frau Förster-Nietzsche, 1905). sche, 1905).

sche, 1905).

KOSLECK, Julius (1835-1905): b. Neugrad, Pomerania, d. Berlin; virtuoso on the cornet a pistons; began as a musican in a military band, Berlin, 1852; then in the court band; teacher of the cornet and trombone at the Royal High School. He was the founder and chief of the famous piston-instrument quartet, known as the Imperial Cornet Quartet, K. also wrote much for such instruments.

KOSLOFF: Russian ballet dancer. Ref.: X. 221.

KOSMAS OF MAJUMA ([?]-760):

KOSMAS OF MAJUMA ([?]-760): poet and composer of Byzantine canons, which became a permanent part of the festival service of the Byzantine church. He wrote in all about 1,000 melodies. KOSS, Henning von (1855-): b. Pomerania; studied with Kullak; ed-itor, critic of the Berlin Kreuzzeitung

since 1888 and song composer. Ref.: III. 268.

reviews for musical journals, also Schlesisches Tonkünstler-Lexikon, and books on Mozart's operas, Wagner (contra) and program music.

Köster-Schlegell, Louise (1823-1905): b. Lübeck, d. Schwerin; operatic soprano; debut Leipzig; samp there, in Schwerin, Breslau and the Berlin Royal Opera.

Köstlin (1) Karl Reinhold (1819-1894): b. Urach, Württemberg, d. Tübingen; professor of the history of arthetik (2 vols., 1863-9), etc. (2) Heinrich Adolf (1846-1907): b. Tubingen, d. Darmstadt; son of the famous criminologist and poet, Christian Reinhold (k., and the song composer, Josephine Lang K.; was private music teacher to the Wurttemberg ambassador to Paris, 1869; organized a society for robustless, 1869; organized a society for church's inging 1875; bearen divastor bingen, d. Darmstadt; son of the famous criminologist and poet, Christian Reinhold K., and the song composer, Josephine Lang K.; was private music teacher to the Wurttemberg ambassador to Paris, 1869; organized a society for church singing, 1875; became director of the church oratorios at Friedrichshafen, 1878. He has written many critical works on music, including Luther als Vater des evangelischen Kirchenliedes (1882).

critical works on music, including Luther als Vater des evangelischen Kirchenliedes (1882).

KOTCHETOFF, Nicolai Razoumnicovitch (1864-): b. Oranienbaum; composed a symphony, an orchestral suite, opera and pieces for pianoforte; abandoned the study of law in Moscow for music, where he became known as a composer, conductor and critic.

KOTEK, Joseph (1855-1885): b. Kamenez-Podolsk, Government of Moscow, d. Davos; studied at the Moscow Cons. and with Joachim; teacher of violin at the Berlin Royal High School of Music; composed solo pieces, études and violin duets.

KOTHE (1) Bernhard (1821-1897):

and violin duets.

KOTHE (1) Bernhard (1821-1897):
b. Gröbnig, Silesia, d. Breslau; studied at the Royal Institute for Church
Music, Berlin; church musical director
and singing teacher in Oppeln; music
teacher in the seminary at Breslau,
1869; founded the Cecilia Society for
Catholic Church Music; pub. Musica
sacra (a collection for male chorus), a sacra (a collection for male chorus), a Praludienbuch for organ, motets, Singtafeln (a singing method for school use); author of Die Musik in der katholischen Kirche (1862), Abriss der Musikgeschuchte für Lehrerseminare und Diletianten (1874), Musikalisch-literarisches Wörterbuch (1890); edited the 4th ed. of Seidel's Die Orgel und ihr Bau (1887), and pub., with Forch-hammer, a Führer durch die Orgelluteratur (1890). (2) Aloys (1828-1868); brother of (1); teacher of music in the seminary at Breslau. (3) Wilhelm (1831-1897): brother of (1); teacher of music in the Seminary at Habel-schwerdt; composer of church music; author of Friedrich der Grosse als Musiker (1869), Leitfaden für den Gesang-

1522, where he became a teacher and remained. The *Tabulaturbuch* which he wrote for Bonifazius Amerbach takes an important place in early German organ literature.

organ literature.

KOTTHOFF, Lawrence (1862-):
b. Eversburg; studied in Berlin; critic and teacher in St. Louis, Mo.

KOTTLITZ (1) Adolf (1820-1860):
b. Treves, d. Uralsk; violinist and protégé of Liszt; lived in Cologne and Paris; toured Siberia and settled in Uralsk. He composed 2 string quartets, etc. (2) Clothilde (née Ellendt) (1822-1867): wife of Adolf; teacher of singing in Königsberg.

singing in Konigsberg.

singing in Königsberg.

KOTZEBUE, Angust Friedrich
Ferdinand von, the German poet
(1761-1819): b. Weimar, d. Mannheim;
wrote several opera texts including Der
Wildfang, Der Spiegelritter, Fanchon
(adapted from the French), Die Ruinen
von Athen (composed by Beethoven).
He also pub. an Opern-Almanach, and
wrote some interesting Vienna musical
reviews in his paper, Der Freimütige.
Ref.: VI. 141; IX. 221.

KOTZWARA, Franz (17[?]-1791):
b. Prague, d. Ireland; tenor player in
London, composed sonatas, songs, etc.,
also a spectacular piece called The
Battle of Prague.

KOVAROVIC, Karl (1862-): b.
Prague; studied at the conservatory
there and with Fibich; conductor and
composer in Prague. Besides his piano
concerto, songs, choruses, etc., he has
produced in Prague 6 operas and a
ballet. Ref.: III. 181.

KOWALSKI, H. (1841-): b.
Paris; studied at the Conservatoire;
pianist and composer.

KOZELUH (1) Johann Anton
(1738-1814): b. Wellwayer Bohemia de KOTZEBUE. August Friedrich

eratur (1890). (2) Aloys (1828-1868): brother of (1); teacher of music in the seminary at Breslau. (3) Wilhelm (1831-1897): brother of (1); teacher of music in the Seminary at Habelschwerdt; composer of church music; author of Friedrich der Grosse als Musiker (1889), Leitfaden für den Gesangunterricht (1865), etc.

KOTHEN, Karl Axel (1871-b. Frederikshamm, Finland; studied with Wegelius in Helsingfors, with Sparapani and Lucidi in Rome, with in Prague, 1771, whereupon he aban-

ber of operas, an oratorio, some 30 symphonies, concertos, trios, sonatas and other pieces for piano, chamber music, etc., and arranged Scotch songs for Thomson of Edinburgh (like Beethoven). K. was music teacher to the Archduchess Elizabeth, refused Mozart's post in Salzburg in 1781, but succeeded him as Imperial chamber composer in 1792.

KRAPT, Ludwig (15th cent.): GerKRAPT, Ludwig (15th cent.): Ger-

KRAFFT, Ludwig (15th cent.): German composer; wrote a 3-part Terribilis est, extant in Vienna (Trent Cod. 90).

KRAFFT-LORTZING, Karl: neph-ew of Albert Lortzing; composed 2 operas produced in Nordhausen and Stettin, and a Volksoper, prod. in Inns-

KRAFT (1) Anton (1752-1820): b. Rokitzan, n. Pilsen, d. Vienna; 'cello virtuoso; pupil of Werner at Prague, and in composition of Haydn at Vivirtuoso; pupil of Werner at Frague, and in composition of Haydn at Vienna; member of various private orchestras from 1778. He wrote a 'cello concerto; 6 'cello sonatas; 'cello divertissement, 2 'cello duos; 3 duos concertants for violin and 'cello, and trios with 2 barytones (which he played with Prince Esterhazy). (2) Nicolaus (1778-1853); b. Esterhaz, Hungary, d. Stuttgart; famous 'cellist who played in Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Schuppanism Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Vienna became a member of Prince Lichnowsky's quartet (the Vienna became a member of Prince Lichno

doned the law for music, wrote 24 milian Kramer, Carl Hauser and Richother ballets, 3 pantomines, and other ard Arnold; piano with James Abrasage music. He also produced a number of operas, an oratorio, some 30 ano, violin, organ, 'cello; songs and orrented property of operas, an oratorio, some 30 ano, violin, organ, 'cello; songs and orrented property of operating the complex of the complex o milian Kramer, Carl Hauser and Richard Arnold; piano with James Abraham; composed many pieces for piano, violin, organ, 'cello; songs and choruses; also 'Two Sketches' for orchestra; contributor of musical articles in magazines. Ref.: IV. 441f.

KRAMM, Georg (1856-): b. Cassel; violinist in court orchestra there, in Stettin, Hamburg, Dusseldorf; vocal teacher; director of a male singing society, composer of one opera, a

ing society, composer of one opera, a cantata, and works for orchestra and piano.

piano.

KRANTZ, Eugen (1844-1898): b. Dresden, d. Gohrisch; studied with Junke and Reichardt, and at the Dresden Cons., music teacher in the household of Col. von Fabrice in Sassenburg; repetitor at the Dresden Court Opera, 1869-84; teacher at the Cons. there; critic for the Dresden Presse and the Dresdener Nachrichten; pianist, well known in Dresden as accompanist and Bach player: pub. a Lehragan im

known in Dresden as accompanist and Bach player; pub. a Lehrgang im Klavierunterrichi (1882).

KRANZ, — (16th cent.): German organ builder. Ref.: VI. 405.

KRASSELT, Alfred (1872-1908): b. Glauchau, d. Eisenach; studied with his father, Petri and Brodsky; concertmaster of the Kaim orchestra in Munich and of the court orchestra in Weimar.

Weimar.

KRAUS (1) Joseph Martin (1756-1792): b. Miltenberg, near Mayence, d. Stockholm; became director of the orchestra at the Stockholm Opera, 1778; succeeded Uttinis as court Kapellmeister, 1788. His works include 4 operas, church and secular songs, symphonies, overtures, string quartets and a pamphlet, 'Something About Music' (1777). (2) Alessandro, Baron (1853-): b. Florence; pianist and collector of musical instruments; author of Le quattro scale. della moderna tonulità

musique italienne et la musique fran-caise (1748); Von der musikalischen Poesie (1753); etc. (2) Karl Christian Friedrich (1781-1832): b. Eisenberg, Altenburg, d. Munich; author of Dar-stellungen aus der Geschichte der Musik (1897): Autorica der Geschichte der Musik (1827); Anfangsgrunde der allgemeinen Theorie der Musik (1838); also a technical work on clavier playing. (3)
Theodor (1838-): b. Halle; teacher of singing and choir director; founded the Nikolai-Marien-Kirchenchor in Berlin, 1830; became Royal Musikdirektor, 1887; then teacher of singing in the Royal Institute for Church Music, 1895. Author of Die Wandernote (1888); and other works of the same nature. (4)
Anton (1834-1907): b. Geithain, Saxony, d. Dresden; piano teacher, director and composer; studied under Friedrich Wieck, Spindler and Reissiger, 1850-3, in the Leipzig Cons.; director of the Konkordienkonzerte and the Liedertafel in Barmen. He also wrote_con-(1827); Anfangsgrunde der allgemeinen the Konkordienkonzerte and the Lieder-tafel in Barmen. He also wrote con-siderable piano music. (5) Emil (1840-): b. Hamburg; brilliant pi-ano teacher; studied in the Leipzig Conservatory under Hauptmann, Rietz and Richter; became teacher in the Hamburg Conservatory, 1885; Royal Prussian professor since 1893. Among his works are an Autabenbuch für his works are an Aufgabenbuch für die Harmonielehre and other publications of this nature, as well as some chamber music, 3 cantatas, an Ave Maria for female voices, etc. (6) Eduard (1837-1892): b. Swinemunde, d. Eduard (1837-1892): b. Swinemunde, d. Berlin; studied piano and theory under Kroll in Berlin and under Hauptmann in Leipzig; went to Stettin, 1862, where he became prominent as a pianist, composer and teacher; was for several years teacher in the Geneva Conservatory. He wrote considerably on the theory and philosophy of music. (7) Luise (née Pietcker) (1846-): b. Berlin; studied piano under Ad. Schultze in Hamburg and singing under L. Meinardus; married Dr. Rudolf Krause, 1867; opened a music school in der L. Meinardus; married Dr. Rudolf Krause, 1867; opened a music school in Schwerin under the patronage of the Grand Duchess Marie; employed a model method by which children could be taught notes. She is the author of a Populäre Harmonielehre (1900). (8) Martin (1853-); b. Lobstädt, Saxony; studied at Leipzig Conservatory; teacher in Switzerland and Bremen; founded the Lisztverein in Leipzig, 1885; was given the title of professor by the Duke of Anhalt. In 1900 he became a teacher in the Dresden Conservatory; then teacher in the Royal Academy of Munich, 1901; and finally, in 1904, teacher in the Stern Cons. in Berlin; edited a Wagner Calendar, 1908.

more consequentially than his master, opposing the pure minor scale to the major. He also pub. Die Konstruktion der gleichschwebenden Temperatur ohne

major. He also pub. Die Konstruktion der gleichschwebenden Temperatur ohne Scheiblersche Stummgabeln (1838) and many articles in musical journals; also composed songs without words.

KRAUSS. Gabriele (1842-1906): b. Vienna, d. Paris; opera singer; student of the Vienna Conservatory; engaged at the court opera, 1860-8; then, after a period of touring, at the Paris Opera, until 1887; was made an officer of the Academy, 1880. Her chief rôles were Aida, Norma, etc.

KREBS, Johann Ludwig (1713-1780): b. Buttelstadt, Thuringia, d. Altenburg. He was J. S. Bach's private organ pupil while at the Leipzig Thomasschule, 1726-35, and considered by the master his best. He became organist at Zeitz, Zwickau and Altenburg, and composed Clavierübungen (Nuremberg, 1743-49); a clavichord concerto, sonatas for clavier and flute; suites and prelludes for clavier; flute trios, and preludes for clavier; flute trios, and organ-pieces. Ref.: VI. 458. KRECKA, K.: contemporary Bohemian composer. Ref.: III. 182.

MRECA, R.: Contemporary Sone-mian composer. Ref.: III. 182.

KREHBIEL, Henry Edward (1854-): b. Ann Arbor, Michigan; music critic; reviewer for Cincinnati 'Gazette' (1874-1880), New York 'Tribune' (1880-1915); pub. 'Notes on the Cultivation of Choral Music' (1884); 'Review of the New York Musical Seasons' (5 vols., 1885-90); 'Studies in Wagnerian Drama' (1891); 'The Philharmonic Society of New York' (1892); 'How to Listen to Music' (1896); 'Chapters of Opera' (1908); 'A Book of Operas' (1909); 'The Pianoforte and Its Music' (1911); 'Afro-American Folksongs' (1914), etc. Ref.: (citations, etc.) II. 311; IV. 104, 128, 146, 457, 283, 285, 288f, 305f, 316ff.

KREHL, Stephan (1864-): b.

KREHL, Stephan (1864-Leipzig; studied at the conservatories of Leipzig and Dresden; teacher in those of farlsruhe and Leipzig; composer of a violin sonata and piano quintet; symphonic prelude to Hannele, piano pieces, songs, etc.; author of treatises on form, counterpoint, fugue, etc. etc.

KREIDER, Noble [Wickham] (1878-): b. Goshen, Ind.; studied with Clarence Forsythe, Indianapolis; composer of pieces for piano, 'cello and piano, orchestra, etc. Ref.: IV. 4191; mus. ex., XIV. 315.
KREIDL, Joseph (1805-1866): d. Vienna; singer; composed the song Mailifierl, which has become a German folk-song.

folk-song.

in 1904, teacher in the Stern Cons. in Berlin; edited a Wagner Calendar, 1908.

KRAUSHAAR, Otto (1812-1866): b. Cassel, d. there; studied with Moritz Hauptmann, and took up his theory of the opposite nature of major and minor keys in his Der Akkordliche Gegensatz with Hellmesberger there, Massart and Delibes in Paris; violin virtuoso with international reputation; toured frequently die Begründung der Skala (1852).

KREISSLE VON HELLBORN, Heinrich (1803-1869): b. Vienna, d. there; minister of finance in Vienna; member of the Society of the Friends of Music there; published a biograph-ical sketch of Franz Schubert in 1861, which qualifies him as the first Schubert biographer, later also a full biography, Franz Schubert (1865), translated into English by Albert Duke

translated into English by Albert Duke Coleridge (1869).

KREJOI, Joseph (1822-1881): b. Milostin, Bohemia, d. Prague; studied with Witasek and Proksch; organist, choir director, director of the organ school at Prague; teacher of theory, and from 1865 director of the conservatory; composer of organ pieces, masses, and other works.

KREMBERG, Jakob (ca. 1650-after 1718): b. Warsaw, d. London; composer, poet and singer in Halle, Stockholm, Dresden, Warsaw, London and Hamburg, where he was joint lessee of the opera (with Kusser) in 1693-95. He pub. arias with continuo (1689).

He pub. arias with continuo (1689).

KREMPELSETZER, Georg (18271871): b. Vilsbiburg, Lower Bavaria, d.
there; pupil of F. Lachner in Munich;
composer of operettas (Der Onkel aus
der Lombardei, 1861, Der Vetter auf
Besuch, 1863, Das Orakel in Delphi,
1867, Der Rotmantel, 1868), also an
opera, Die Kreuzfahrer, 1865. He was
theatre conductor in Munich, Görlitz,
Königsberg

KREMSER, Edward (1838-): b. Vienna; chorus leader of the Vienna Männergesangverein from 1869, also concert director of the Gesellschafts-Konzerte; composed 4 operettas prod. in Vienna, choral songs, works for men's chorus and orchestra, songs,

men's chorus and orchestra, songs, piano pieces, etc., also arranged old Netherland folk-songs for men's chorus, solo and orch.; and pub. Viennese Songs and Dances (2 vols., 1912-13).

KRETSCHMANN, Theobald (1850-): b. Vinos, near Prague; was solo 'cellist at the Vienna court opera, leader of a string quartet, Kapellmeister of the Votive church, the Vienna Volksoper, and composer of an opera (1895), a burlesque, Salome die Zweite (1906); author of Tempi passati (2 vols., 1910-13).

KRETSCHMER, Edmund (1830-): b. Ostritz, Upper Lausatia, d. Dresden, where he was organist of the Catholic court church, court organist instructor of the Chapel Boys' Institute, court church composer; also conducted various Dresden choral societies; founded a St. Cecilia Society, became

violin pieces (Caprice Viennois, etc.) 1874), Heinrich der Löwe (Leipzig, and arrangements. Ref.: portrait, VII. 1877), Der Flüchtling (Spieloper, Ulm, 464. KREISSLE VON HELLBORN, Dresden, 1887). Ref.: III. 256; IX. Heinrich (1803-1869): b. Vienna, d. 421. Ref.: IX. 421.

421. Ref.: IX. 421.

KRETZSCHMAR, [August Ferdinand] Hermann (1848-): b. Olbernhau, Saxony; studied at the Dresden Kreuzschule, and at the Leipzig Cons. (Richter, Reinecke, Paul, and Papperitz). A thesis on ancient notation prior to Guido d'Arezzo (1871) was his dissertation for the Dr. phil. He taught organ and harmony at the Cons., conducted several societies, and became theatre Kapellmeister at Metz, 1876. Musikdirektor at Rostock Univ.; 1876, Musikdirektor at Rostock Univ.; 1877, municipal Musikdirektor, 1880; Musikdirektor Leipzig Univ., 1887, con-Musikdirektor Leipzig Univ., 1887, conductor of the academic male chorus Paulus, later of the 'Riedel-Verein.' In 1890 he organized the Akademische Orchesterkonzerte, giving historical programs, and became titular professor. He composed part-songs (sacred and secular) and organ pieces. He is highly esteemed as a critic, having pub. Fihrer durch den Konzertsaal (3 vols., 1887, etc.), also essays in the Grenzbote (Das deutsche Lied seit Schumann [1881]; Die deutsche Klaviermusik seit Schumann [1882] and a monograph on iermusik seit Schumann [1882]; Brahms [1883]); and a monograph on opera, of which the valuable essay on Venetian opera in the Vierteijahrs-schrift für Musikwissenschaft (1892) is schrift für Musikwissenschaft (1892) is a part; also lectures on choruses, and choral singing, Peter Cornelius, etc. He was also on the staff of the Musikalische Wochenblatt. Ref.: (citations, etc.) III. 256; VI. 329; VIII. 120, 123, 133, 168, 242, 251; IX. 12.

KREUBE, Charles Frēdēric (1777-1848): b. Lunéville, d. near St. Denis; conductor of Opéra Comique, 1816-28, composer of 16 comic operas produced in Faris.

composer of 16 comic operas produced in Paris.

KREUTZER (1) Rodolphe (1766-1831): b. Versailles, d. Geneva; violinist; pupil of his father, and Anton Stamitz; became violinist in the Chapelle du Roi. He played a violin concerto of his own at one of the Concerts Spirituels at 13; became first violinist Chapelle du Roi at 16, and solo violin in the Théâtre Italien at 24, when he also prod. Jeanne d'Arc à Orléans, his first opera. Of the 40 others that followed it, Lodoiska is considered the best. K. became teacher of violin at the Cons., and made a triumphant concert tour through Italy, Germany, and Holland, became solo violin at the Opéra, 1801, second conductor in 1816, and chief conductor in 1817. He was also chamber musician to Napoleon; then to Louis XVIII. Beethoven inscribed to him his great 'Kreutzer Sonata.' K. wrote 43 operas; 19 violin concertos; 2 double concertos; a symphonic concertante for violin and 'cello, and order the string guartets: 15 string guartets: 15 string guartets: court church composer; also conducted various Dresden choral societies; and chief conductor in 1817. He was founded a St. Cecilia Society, became professor in 1892; composed a male chorus Geisterschlacht (prize-crowned), 4 masses (one of which received an international prize in Brussels, 1868); concertos; 2 double concertos; a symptother choral works with orchestra, orchestral pieces (Festmarsch, etc.), and the operas Die Folkunger (Dresden, trios; also duets, sonatas, variations,

Albrechtsberger in vienna, where he brought out Esop in Phrygien (Vienna, 1808) and Jery und Bätely (1810). After a tour as pianist he went to Stuttgart, where, after producing Conradun von Schwaben, a grand opera, in 1812, he was appointed court Kapellmeister and proappointed our happenmenser and produced 8 other dramatic works. After serving as Kapellmeister to the Prince von Furstenberg in Donaueschingen, he prod. Libussa (1822) at Vienna, and conducted at the Kärnthnerthor Theater and the Locapheidden Theater. His and the Josephstädter Theater. His best work, Das Nachtlager von Granada, was brought out in 1834 and is still performed in German cities. Besides performed in German cities. Besides his 30 operas, K. wrote an oratorio, Die Sendung Moses (Stuttgart, 1814); church music, chamber music, piano pieces, songs, and some beautiful male choruses, including Die Capelle, Sonntagsmorgen, Der Tag des Herrn, and others. He ended his career in Riga, with his daughter Cäcilie, an opera singer; after having been Kapellmeister the Cologne Stadtheater 1840.48 singer; after having been Kapellmeister at the Cologne Stadttheater, 1840-46. Ref.: II. 379; V. 228; IX. 112, 222. (3) Auguste (1778-1832): b. Versailles, d. Paris; studied under his brother, Rodolphe, in the Paris Conservatory, becoming a brilliant violin player and teacher; was in the orchestra of the Opéra Comique, 1798; then in the orchestra of the Opéra, 1802-23; also in the court orchestra of Napoleon, Louis XVIII and Charles X; succeeded his brother as professor of violin at the Conservatoire. His violin compositions brother as professor of violin at the Conservatoire. His violin compositions include 2 concertos, 2 duets, 3 sonatas, etc. (4) Charles Léon François (1817-1868): b. Paris, d. Vichy; son of (3), brilliant music critic, writing for the Journal, La Quotidenne, L'Union, Revue et Gazette musicale. Foremost among his writings is L'Opéra en Europe (1841). He also composed a piano sonata, a trio, 2 symphonies, 2 operas, etc. operas, etc.

operas, etc.

KRIEGER (1) Adam (1634-1666):

b. Driesen, Neumark, d. Dresden; studied under Samuel Scheidt in Halle; was chief organist in Dresden. His works include arias for 1-5 voices with instrumental ritornelli, etc. (2) [Johann]

Philipp von (1649-1725): b. Nuremberg, d. Weissenfels; organist in Copenhagen, 1665-70; studied under Caspar Forster, also under Rosenmüller and Rovetta in piano in St. Louis; director of the Col-

tec., for violin; and the famous 40 kinds on Caprices for violin, universally used, frequently repub. and revised by Vieuxtemps and others. Sointly with Rode and Baillot, K. compiled the great Violin Method of the Paris Conservatoire. Ref.: VII. 408, 412, 418, 431f, 451; X. 102. (2) (or Kreuzer) Conradin (1780-1849): b. Mosskirch, Baden, d. Riga; at first a medical student at Freiburg, he abandoned that profession for music, producing his first operetta, Die lacherliche Werbung, at his university town in 1890. Later he studied counterpoint with Albrechtsberger in Vienna, where he brought out Esop in Phrygien (Vienna, 1808) and Jery und Bätely (1810). After a tour as planist he went to Stuttgart, where, after producing Conradin von court Kapellmeister in Weissenfels.

Ferdinand (1843-): b. Wald court Rapenmeister in Weissemers. (2) Ferdinand (1843-): b. Waldershof; studied in the Munich Conservatory; teacher at the Praparandenanstal in Ratisbon. K. published Der rationelle Musikunterricht, Versuch einer musterlicht in Britannicht und Mathetit sikalischen Pädagogik und Methodik (1870), etc.

KRIENS, Christiaan Pieter Wil-helm (1881-): b. Amsterdam, Hol-land: violinist and conductors and cations, Caristian Pieter Wil-helm (1881-): b. Amsterdam, Hol-land; violinist and conductor; stud-ied at the Royal Cons., The Hague, where he was awarded a gold medal; conducted orchestras in France and Holland and the French Grand Opera, New Orleans; composed 78 works, in-cluding a symphony and a 'Holland Suite.' Ref.: IV. 401. KRIESSTEIN. Melchion (1881-

KRIESSTEIN, Melchior (16th cent.): music printer in Augsburg, published 2 (Siegmund Salbinger's) collections of cantiones (1540 and 1545).

KRIGAR, Julius Hermann (1819-1880): b. Berlin, d. there; studied at the Leipzig conservatory; painter, then music teacher in Berlin; director of the Berlin Liedertafel, royal Musikdirektor and professor. He produced a Musiker-kalender (1873-74) and composed a few small nices

katenaer (160-17), small pieces. KRISKOWSKI, Paul (1820-1885); b. Brinn, d. there; composer of church and Czech national music; Augustinian monk and archiepiscopal councillor.

KRISMANN (Griesmann, Chrismann), Franz Xavier ([?]-1795): d. Rottenmann, Styria; celebrated organ builder; built the famous organ at St. Florian, having 78 stops (4 32-foot) and 4 manuals.

foot) and 4 manuals.

KRISTINUS, Karl Raimund (1843-1904): b. Wagstadt, d. Vienna; director of singing societies in Vienna and a church choir in Gumpendorf; composed male choruses and sacred songs; author of a small biography of Mozart.

KROCKER, Johannes (1604-1626): b. Brieg, d. Königsberg; court musician and conductor in Königsberg, of whose music only occasional pieces are preserved.

He has composed overtures, organ pieces, chamber music (piano quartet, violin sonata, 'cello romanza) and piano pieces, also an orchestral suite played by orchestras under Thomas, Herbert and Damrosch. Ref.: IV. 311, 379f; mus. ex., XIV. 243.

KROGULSKI, Joseph (1815-1842): Tarnov, d. Warsaw; studied with Elsner; composed masses and other church music, cantatas, a string quar-tet, and piano variations.

KROHN, Ilmari Henrik Reinhold (1867-): b. Helsingfors; lecturer at the University of Helsingfors; author of ther die Art und Entstehung der getstlichen Volksmelodien in Funderschaften land (1899), and a collection of Finnish folk-songs (1893, 1900), etc. As a composer he has also written a number of church songs, piano sonatas and a suite for orchestra, etc. Ref.: X. 132

KROLANDER, Vatroslav (1848-): b. Varasdin, Croatia; studied with Skuhersky, Proksch and at the Vienna Cons.; pianist, organist, teacher of piano and organ, composer of vocal

and church music.

and church music.

KROLL, Franz (1820-1877): b. Bromberg, d. Berlin; studied under Liszt; pianist in Berlin and teacher in the Stern Conservatory there; wrote piano pieces, and edited a critical edition of Bach's 'Well-Tempered Clavichord'; also Bibliothek alterer und neuerer Klaviermusik (1871).

KROLOP, Franz (1839-1897): b. Troja, d. Berlin; abandoned law to become an operatic bass; sang at Troppau, Linz, Bremen, and Berlin court opera.

opera.

KROMMER, Franz (1760-1831): b. Ramenitz, Moravia; d. Vienna; brilliant violinist and composer; studied the organ in Turin, but after a short period organ in Turin, but after a short period as organist he became a violinist in the private band of Count Styrum, of Simonthurm, Hungary; went with Frince Grassalkovitch to Vienna as his Kapellmeister, where he finally became court composer. His works include one important piece for string quartet, a trio sonata, quintets and trios for string, a violin duet, a violin concerto masses etc. certo, masses, etc.

KRONKE, Emil (1865-): b. Danzig; studied at the Leipzig and the Dresden Cons., planist and teacher; composer of a piano concerto, symphonic variations for piano with orchestra, concert variations for 2 pianos, and many other piano pieces, technical studies, etc., a 'cello suite, a violin suite, 2 suites for flute, a horn guartet etc. KRONKE,

quartet, etc.

lege of Music, Forest Park University, Zeitung, 1897; teacher of musical hisalso the Kroeger School of Music; ortory at Dr. Kaim's Musical Institute, ganist, concert pianist, composer and 1900-02; private tutor in musical and the control of the c the Univ., 1902; author of Die Anfänge der Chromatik im italienischen Madri-gal (1902) and numerous essays; com-poser of 2 symphonies, a quartet, piano pieces, songs, etc.

KRUCKL, Franz (1841-1899): b. Edlspitz, Moravia; d. Strassburg; studied with Dessoff; operatic baritone at Brunn, Cassel, Augsburg, Hamburg and Cologne; vocal teacher at the Hoch Conservatory, Frankfort, and director of the Strassburg Stadttheater; wrote on the German theatre.

KRUG (1) Friedrich (1812-1892): b. Cassel, d. Carlsruhe; was baritone at the opera, later court musical director the opera, later court musical director in Carlsruhe. (2) Diederich (1821-1880): b. Hamburg, d. there; was music teacher in Hamburg, and wrote a great deal of light piano music, etc. (3) Arnold (1849-1904): b. Hamburg, d. there; son of (2); studied in the Leipzig Conservatory, also with Reinecke and Kiel and Ernst Franck; became piano teacher in the Stern Conservatory, 1872-77; then went to Italy with the Meyerbeer scholarship; teacher in the Hamburg Conservatory after 1885. He composed various symphonies, a symphonie prologue to after 1885. He composed various symphonies, a symphonic prologue to 'Othello,' a violin concerto, a waltz for piano, 4-hands, etc. (4) (Krug-Waldsee), Josef (1858-): b. Waldsee, Upper Swabia; studied in the Stuttgart Conservatory; chorus director of the Hamburg Stadttheater, 1889-92; Kapellmeister of the Stadttheater at Brunn and other cities; composer of many choruses, a symphony, a piano and violin suite, and an overture to Schiller's Turandat. Turandot.

KRUGER (1) Eduard (1807-1885): b. Luneburg, d. Gottingen; became pro-fessor of music at Gottingen, 1861. fessor of music at Göttingen, 1861.
His critiques in various journals show profound thought. Among his more permanent works are Beiträge für Leben und Wissenshaft der Tonkunst (1866); etc. (2) Wilhelm (1820-1883): b. Stuttgart, d. there; brilliant pianist; lived in Paris, 1845-70; then returned to Stuttgart, where he became court pianist and teacher in the Conservatory. (3) Gotfileb (1824-1895): b. Stuttgart, d. there; brother of (3); harp virtuoso; was a member of the court band in Stuttgart. (4) Felix E. (1874-); in Stuttgart. (4) Felix E. (1874—): professor at the University of Leipzig; has written several books related to music, among which are Beziehungen der experimentellen Phonetik zur Psychologie (1907); and Die Thewis der

der experimentellen Phonetik zur Psychologie (1907); and Die Theorie der Konsonanz (1908).

KRUMPHOLITZ (1) Johann Baptist (1745-1790): b. Zlonitz, near Prague; d. Paris; celebrated harp virtuoso; went to Paris, where his father was bandmaster of a French regional truth of the property KROYER, Theodor (1872-): b. Prague; d. Paris; celebrated harp vir-Munich; studied with Sandberger and tuoso; went to Paris, where his fa-at the Royal Academy of Music there; there was bandmaster of a French regi-music critic of the Munich Allgemeine ment; taught harp and gave concerts

cess. he composed of harp contents, 52 sonatas, symphonies, etc. (2) Wenzel (ca. 1750-1817): d. Vienna; brother of (1); was a member of the Vienna Opera orchestra, 1796; and a friend of Beethoven, who dedicated his Gesang der. Monche to him. Among

Gesang der Mönche to him. Among his compositions are a violin solo, etc. KRUSE (1) Georg Richard (1856-): b. Greiffenberg, Silesia; pursued his musical studies in Leipzig; was conductor of opera in Germany and America; was music critic for the Milwaukee Herold, 1891-94; toured for two years with Humperdinck's 'Hansel and Gretel'; was Kapellmeister of the municipal theatre in Berne, 1896-1990; since then editor of the Deutsche Bühnengenossenschaft, Berlin; also of the dramatic and musical works of the dramatic and musical works of Reclam's Universalbibliothek, founder (1908) and director of the Lessing Museum and the Volksbibliothek. He pub. the first fundamental biography of A. Lortzing (1899), also Lortzing's letters and monographs on Götz, Nicolai, letters and monographs on Götz, Nicolai, etc. Among his musical works are an arrangement of Schubert's Rosamunde and music for Shakespeare's 'As You Like It.' (2) Johann S. (1859-): b. Melbourne, Australia; violinist; pupil of Joachim and member of his quartet; concert-master of the Philharmonic Orch., Berlin, 1892, then at Bremen; from 1897 director of the popular Saturday and Monday Concerts (chamber music) in London. Ref.: VII. 451. VII. 451.

KRYJANOWSKY, John (1867-):
b. Kieff; a physician by profession; studied violin with Sevčik, and became a pupil of Rimsky-Korsakoff at the St. Petersburg Cons.; while holding a position at the St. Petersburg Medical Institute and a professorship in the Military Academy. he composed for cal institute and a professorship in the Military Academy, he composed for violin (sonata, concerto, ballads, romance), also a 'cello suite, piano pieces and songs, and wrote for Russian musical journals. Ref.: III. 155.

KRZYZANOWSKI, Rudolf (1862-

1911): b. Eger, d. Graz; studied at the Vienna Cons., Kapellmeister in Halle, Elberfeld, Munich, Prague, Hamburg and Weimar.

KSHESINSKAYA, Mathilda: contemp. Russian ballerina. Ref.: X. 151, 179, 183, 185, 188.

KSHESINSKY, Felix, Russian ballet master. Ref.: X. 182.
KTESIBIOS (ca. 170 B.C.): reputed inventor of the hydraulic organ. Ref.: VI. 398.

in Vienna, 1772; then joined the hand of Prince Esterhazy, 1773-76; later toured Germany and France with success. He composed 6 harp concertos, toured toured toured Germany and France with success. He composed operas, ballets and organ concertos; wrote recitatives for Mocomposed operas, ballets and organ concertos; wrote recitatives for Mo-zart's Zauberflote and made the first piano arrangements of Mozart's operas.

KÜÜKEN, Friedrich Wilhelm (1810-1882): b. Bleckede, near Luneburg, d. Schwerin; studied under the organist of his native city, then became player of various instruments in local orchestra; attracted attention by his popular songs, such as the folk-song Ach wie war's moglich dann, after which he became music teacher to the Prince. In 1832 he went to Berto the Prince. In 1832 he went to Ber-lin for further study, where he pro-duced an opera, Die Flucht nach der Schweiz. Later he studied with Sech-ter in Vienna, 1841, and with Halévy in Paris, 1843; became court Kapell-meister at Stuttgart, 1851. His other works include several violin and 'cello somets. Quertets for male victor. sonatas, quartets for male

KUCZYNSKI, Paul (1846-1897): d. Berlin; studied with Hans von Bulow and Friedrich Kiel; patron of music and composer; wrote words and music of many vocal works, also composed piano pieces; pub. Aus Briefen Ad. Jensens (1879), Erlebnisse und Gedanken, Dichtungen zu Musikwerken (1898).

KUDELSKI, Karl Mathias (1805-1877): b. Berlin, d. Baden-Baden; violinist in Dorpat quartet and conductor to the Imperial Theatre, St. Petersburg; composed concertos for 'cello and for violin, trios, string quartets, also a treatise on composition.

violin, trios, string quartets, also a treatise on composition.

KUFFERATH (1) Johann Hermann (1797-1864): b. Mulheim, d. Wiesbaden; brilliant violinist; studied in Cassel under Spohr and Hauptmann; musical director in Bielefeld, 1823; municipal Musikdirektor at Utrecht, 1830; also singing teacher in a music school there. Among his works are a number of overtures, motets, etc., as well as a work on teaching singing. (2) Louis (1811-1882): h. Mülheim, d. near Brussels; brother of (1); pianist; studied under F. Schneider in Dessau; director of the music school at Leenwarden, 1836-50; then became a private teacher at Ghent. His works include a mass for organ and orchestra, a great amount of piano music, songs, choruses, etc. (3) Hubert Ferdinand (1818-1896): b. Mülheim, d. Brussels; brother and pupil of (1) and (2); studied further under David and Mendelssohn at Leipzig; became professor of composition at Brussels Conservatory, 1844. Among his best works are a symphony, a quartet, a trio, choruses, songs, considerable piano music, etc. (4) Maurice KUBELIK, Jan (1880-); b. tel. a trio, choruses, songs, considerMichle, near Prague; violin virtuoso at Prague Cons.; toured Europe and America; received the London Philharmonie's Beethoven medal for technique.

KUCHARCZ, Johann Baptist (1751MEUCHARCZ, Johann Baptist (1751MEUCHARCZ, Bohemia; d. Prague; Le théâtre de Wagner de Tannhäuser à

Parsifal (1891-98); La Salomé de Richard Strauss (1908), Fidelio de L. van Beethoven (1912); also a biography of Vieuxtemps (1883), Musiciens et philosophes (1897), and L'art de diriger l'orchestre (2nd ed., 1901).

KÜFFNER, Joseph (1776-1856); b. Wurzburg, d. there; composed symphonies and overtures also concerted.

whitzhing, d. there; composed sym-phonies and overtures, also concerted music for string and wind instruments, flute duets, clarinet trios, etc., and especially music for military band. He wrote an Obee Method, revised by Fritz

Vollbach in 1894.

KUGELMANN (1) Hans (16th cent.): d. Königsberg; chief trumpeter to Duke Albrecht of Prussia; obtained KUGELMANN To Duke Aldrecht of Prussia; obtained Rauch's place as Kapellmeister through intrigue; pub. a sacred song book (3 parts), 1540. (2) Paul (16th cent.): pub. sacred and secular songs in 3; 4, 5 and 6 parts 'auf alle Instrument zu gebraucher' (Konigsberg, 1558).

KUHAČ, Franz Xaver (1843-1911): b. Escheek, Croatia; d. Agram; studied at the conservatories of Pesth and Leipzig, also with Liszt in Weimar and Hanslick in Vienna; pub. extensive collection of Southern Slavic folk-songs with piano accompaniment (4 vols.); also special studies on musical talent, instruments notation of the Southern

also special studies on musical marginistruments, notation of the Southern Slavs, etc. Ref.: II. 98.

KUHE, Wilhelm (1823-1912): b.

Prazue: studied with Tomaschek; KUHE, Wilhelm (1823-1912): b. Prague; studied with Tomaschek; teacher of music, pianist and composer in London and Brighton; professor at the Royal Academy of Music and author of 'My Musical Recollections' (1897).

KUHLAU, Friedrich (1786-1832): b.

KUHLAU, Friedrich (1785-1852): D. tilzen, Hanover; d. Copenhagen; came to Hamburg, 1800, where he studied harmony under Schwencke; fled to Copenhagen, 1910, to escape the French conscription. There, in 1813, he became a chamber musician, without wages; taught piano and theory; became court composer, 1818, on salary, then became professor, 1828. His works include the opens Die Rönberburg (1814): Eliga: professor, 1828. His works include the operas Die Räuberburg (1814); Elisa; Lulu; Die Zauberharfe; Hugo und Abelheid; the dramatic scene Euridice; music to Helberg's Erlenhingel (1828) and Boye's Shakespeare (1826), the latter being still popular in Denmark. His flute quartets, trios, concertants, duets, solos for flute, 2 piano concertos, 8 violin sonatas, 4- and 2-hand piano sonatas are still in demand, and especially his plano sonatinas (op. 20, 55, 59, 60, 88), which, repub. in complete ed by Riemann, are valuable study material for beginners, but his once popular songs and male quartets are popular songs and male quartets are now forgotten.

KUHMSTEDT, Friedrich (18091858): b. Oldisleben, Thuringia; d.
Eisenach; studied composition at 19,
under Rinck in Darmstadt; became
teacher in Weimar, then in the seminary at Eisenach, 1836; later professor.
His works include several oratorios,
His works include several oratorios,
a mass with orchestra, motets, a piano

des Schönen (1906), Dr. phil., Vienna.

concerto, etc., most of which are now

concerto, etc., most of which are now forgotten.

KUHN, Max Richard August (1874-): b. Chemitz; was a student in Dresden and Leipzig; author of Die Verzierungskunst in der Gesangsmusik des 16.-17. Jahrhunderts; member of the publishing firm of Lauterbach and Kuhn, Leipzig.

KUHNAU, Johann (1667-1722): b. Geysing, Saxony; d. Leipzig. He studied with Hering and Albrici at the Dresden Kreuzschule, with Edelmann at Dresden Kreuzschule, with Edelmann at Zittau, where he became cantor, then at Leipzig Univ. He became organist, then cantor, at the Thomaskirche, as Bach's predecessor, 1700, and also musical director of the Univ. K. pub. what may be considered the first harpsichord sonata in imitation of the instrumental sonata in several movements, in Joh. Kuhnau's neue Clavierthung anderer Theil, das ist: Sieben Partien aus dem Re. Mi, Fa oder Tertia minore eines jedweden Toni, benebenst einer Sonata aus dem B, denen Liebhaeiner Sonata aus dem B, denen Liebhabern zu gar besonderem Vergnügen aufgesetzt (Leipzig, 1695, the first part having appeared 1689). In his Frische Clavierfrüchte (1696) there are 7 sona-Clavierfrichte (1696) there are 7 sonatas showing considerable advance over their predecessor. Six more sonatas appeared in his Musikalische Vorstellung einiger biblischer Historien (setting forth the fight between David and Goliath; David's cure of Saul; Jacob's Wedding; etc.). An essay, Jura circa musicos ecclesiasticos (1688), etc., and Der Quacksalber, a satire on Italian music (1700), are also from his pen. Ref.: I. 415f, 453; II. 58; VI. 88, 425; VII. 27, 28f, 34, 35, 37, 59, 69, 75, 90, 4; VIII. 285; facsimile of title-page (Neue Clavier-Übung), VII. 32.

KÜHNEL, Ambrosius. See Hoff-Meister.

MEISTER.

KÜHNER (1) Vasily Vasilievitch (1840-1911); b. Stuttgart, d. Vilna; studied in the Stuttgart Cons., then violin in Paris and piano in St. Petersburg; director of a music school in Tiflis, 1870-76; opened a music school of his own in St. Petersburg, 1892. His works include 2 symphonies, 2 string quartets, a quintet, a suite for piano and cello and an opera, Taras Bulba (St. Petersburg, 1880). (2) Konrad (1851-): b. Markt-Streufdorf in Meining: studied in the Stuttgart Cons.; piano teacher in Brunswick, then in Dresden. His works include romances, nocturnes

teacher in Brunswick, then in Dresden. His works include romances, nocturnes and a symphonic poem, Maria Stuart. KULENKAMPFF, Gustav (1849-): b. Bremen; studied music with Reinthaler and at the Berlin Royal High School; founder of a women's chorus and conservatory director in Berlin; composed and produced 4 comic operas in German cities.

KULLAK, Theodor (1818-1882): b. Krotoschin, Posen; d. Berlin; pianist and teacher; studied with the pianist Agthe, and made his début at a court concert in 1829. After taking up the study of medicine he again met Agthe, studied harmony with Dehn, and finally devoted himself to music. After further study with Czerny, Sechter, and Nicolai in Vienna, and a brilliant Austrian tour, K. settled in Berlin, became teacher to the Royal family, and court planist in 1846. He founded, with Julius Stern and Bernhard Marx, the Berlin Cons. (later Stern Cons.); in 1855 he established his own Neue Akademie der Tonkunst, one of the most succession. emie der Tonkunst, one of the most suc-cessful German conservatoires. He taught many distinguished pupils, including the two Scharwenkas, Sherwood, Arthur Mees, Hans Bischoff, Otto Neitzel, Moritz Moszkowski, etc. His educational works for piano include 'School of Octave Playing' (cp. 2) 'Savan Studies in works for piano include 'School of Octave Playing' (op. 48), Seven Studies in Octave Playing' (op. 48), 3 hooks of Materialien für den Elementar-Unterricht, which are classics of their kind. He also wrote the practical part of the Moscheles and Fétis Method (2 hooks). Among his compositions are the charming sketches Kinderlehen. La danse des Among his compositions are the charming sketches Kinderleben, La danse des sylphides; a sonata; a Symphonie de piano; Ballade; a concerto; three duos with violin (with Wuerst); Andante (with violin or clarinet); Pastorales, trios; Imprompta-Caprice; 2 Polonaises characteristiques. Ramances du miero characteristiques; Romances du vieux temps; Arpèges and La Gazelle; other effective salon pieces for piano, bril-liant transcriptions of Russian national

liant transcriptions of Russian national airs, etc.; also songs.

KUMMER (1) Kaspar (1795-1870): b. Erlau, near Schleusingen; flute virtuoso, from 1813 a member of the Schlosskapelle at Coburg; composed numerous works for flute. (2) Friedrich [August] (1797-1879): b. Meiningen, d. Dresden; oboist and later 'cellist in the Dresden Court Opera; teacher of 'cello at the Cons.; composed a concerto, variations, divertissements and other pieces for 'cello, a method for 'cello, etc.

KUNKEL (1) Franz Joseph (1808-

Rostock; conducted the Nibelungen at Madrid, 1900-01; opera conductor at Frankfurt, 1902-05; Nuremberg, 1906; conductor of the Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra, 1907-12, of the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra since 1912. He is also musical director of the Cincinnati May Festival Association. Ref.: IV. 195. 195.

KUNZ, Konrad Max (1812-1875); b. Schwandorf, Upper Palatinate; d. Munich; abandoned the study of medicine in Munich for that of music; director of the Liedertafel, chorus-master of the Munich court opera; composed male quartets, 200 little 2-part canons, etc.

KUNZEN (1) Johann Paul (1696-1757); b. Leisnig, Saxony, d. Lubeck; was Kapellmeister at Zerbst, 1718; then concert director at Wittenberg, 1719; described by Mattheson as one of the

described by Mattheson as one of the best composers of his time. His works include several operas, a Passion, many nature several operas, a Passion, many cantatas, overtures and an oratorio, Ballazar. (2) Karl Adolph (1720-1781): b. Wittenberg, d. Lübeck; son of (1); was noted as an infant prodigy pianist at the age of 8, in Holland and England. Became Kapellmeister in Schwerin, 1750; succeeded his father on the latter's death. His works include harpsichord sonatas and concertos, symphonies, songs, etc. (3) Friedrich Ludwig Amilius (1761-1817): b. Lübeck, d. Copenhagen; son of (2); produced his first opera, Holger Danske, in Copenhagen, 1789; published, with Reichardt, the Musikalische Monatschrift, 1792. Was theatre Kapellmeister at Frankfort, but finally became court Kapellmeister at Copenhagen, 1795. Besides his first opera he wrote 12 other Danish and German operas; also overtures, oratorios, cantatas and sonetas cantatas, overtures and an oratorio, man operas; also overtures, oratorios, cantatas and sonatas.

cantatas and sonatas.

KURPINSKI, Karl Kasimir (17851883): b. Treves, d. Delitzsch; studied
in the Royal Institute for Church Music in Berlin; organist at Pritzwalk;
Royal Musikdirektor, 1852; organist at
Aschersleben, 1858; teacher in the seminary at Delitzsch, 1873; famous for his
humorous compositions for male quartats song duets etc.

other pieces for cello, a method an feello, etc.

KUNKEL (1) Franz Joseph (1808-1880): b. Dieburg, Hesse; d. Frankforton-Main; composer of organ pieces,
choruses and songs; author of books on
harmony, etc. (2) Brothers; music
publishers in St. Louis, Mo.

KUNTZE, Karl (1817-1833): b.
Treves, d. Delitzsch; studied in the
Berlin Royal Institute for Church Music; organist, Royal Musikdirektor and
steacher; composed songs, duets, vocal
traos, humorous male quartets, etc.;
cedited Seidel's Die Orgel und the Bau
(3rd ed., 1875), and pub. a guide for
vocal teaching, etc.

KUNTALD, Ernst (1868-): b.
Vienna; conductor; studied in Vienna,
and the Leipzig Cons. (Jadassohn);
chorus repetitor at Leipzig, Sonderschorus repetitor at Leipzig, Sonderstrail tracksellen, 1030; teacher in the Sethinhumorous compositions for male quartets, songs, duets, etc.
SURT, Melanie: contemp. operatic
soprano; studied at the Vienna Cons.,
where she won the Liszt prize for piano
playing; then became pupil of Leschetizky in piano and Lilli Lehmann in
slength, 1030; teacher in the Sethinhumorous compositions for male quartets, songs, duets, etc.
SURT, Melanie: contemp. operatic
soprano; studied at the Vienna Cons.,
where she won the Liszt prize for piano
playing; then became pupil of Leschetizky in piano and Lilli Lehmann in
slength, 1030; teachers in
humorous compositions for male quartets, songs, duets, etc.
SURT, Melanie: contemp. operatic
soprano; studied at the Vienna Cons.,
where she won the Liszt prize for piano
playing; then became pupil of Leschetizky in piano and Lilli Lehmann in
slength, 1030; teachers
where she was leading the test, songs, duets, etc.
soprano; studied at the Vienna Cons.,
where she won the Liszt prize for piano
playing; then became pupil of Leschesoprano; studied at the Vienna Cons.,
where she won the Liszt prize for piano
playing; then became pupil of Leschesoprano; at the Berlin Royal Opera 4
wears, has sung at Covent Garden, London, Champs Elystes, Paris, and Metropolitan Opera Hous

Kusser Kyasht

ing that institution famous. He is held up as a model by Mattheson in his Volkommener Capellmeister. During 1698-1704 K. conducted the Stuttgart opera; then the Viceroy's orchestra at Dublin. Earlier he had lived in Paris, as a friend of Lully. He wrote the operas Erindo (1693), Porus (1694), Pyramus und Thisbe (1694), Scipio Africanus (1695) and Jason (1697), all prod. at Hamburg; also Apollon enjoné, 6 overtures, arias, etc. Ref.: IX. 30.

KUSSEVITZKI. Sergei Alexan-

KUSSEVITZKI, Sergei Alexandrovitch (1874-): b. Vyshny Volotchk; pupil and professor in the Moscow Philharmonic Music School; composed a concerto for double bass; founded a Society for the Promotion of Russian Music in Berlin, and maintained an orchestra with which he travelled in musically deserted parts of

Russia.

KUSTER, Hermann (1817-1878): b.

Templin, Ukermark, d. Herford, Westphalia; studied under A. W. Bach, L.

Berger, Rungenhagen and Marx at the
Royal Institute for Church Music and
the Composition School of the Akademie
in Berlin, 1845-52; became music director at Saarbrücken, then became
teacher in Berlin; founded the Tonkunstlerverein; then in 1857, Royal
Musikdirektor and organist of the
Cathedral; professor in 1874, His
works include oratorios, vocal and
instrumental music, and Die Elemente

musical science under Adler at Vienna University; Dr. phil. with Der Stil der University; Dr. phil. with Der Stil der Opera seria von Chr. W. Gluck bis zum Orfeo (1908); also wrote Zur Ars cantus mensurabilis des Franko von Köln (1908), on harmonic premises (1913), etc. Since 1912 he has been docent for music at Berne Univ.

KUSSER (or Cousser), Johann Siegmund (ca. 1657-1727); b. Pressburg, d. Dublin; conductor of the Hamburg opera, 1693-95; credited with making that institution famous. He is held up as a model by Mattheson in his Vasa, Finland; pupil of the Helsing-

KUULA, Toiwo (1883-); b. Vasa, Finland; pupil of the Helsingfors Cons. and of Enrico Bossi, H. Sitt, and Marcel Labey in Bologna, Leipzig and Paris, respectively. He became orchestral conductor in Uleaborg, 1910. 1910. He has pub. to date a violin sonata, a trio, piano pieces, songs, and choral songs, while a symphony, a sym-phonic poem, and 2 suites for orchestra phonic poem, and a suites for orcassinate been performed, as well as 2 cantatas for solo voice and orchestra, preludes and fugues for orchestra, and choruses with orchestra. Ref.: X. 205.

KUYPER, Elisabeth (1877-); b. Holland; studied at the Berlin Royal High School with Barth and Max Bruch; founder and leader of a women's

Bruch; founder and leader of a women's orchestra in Berlin; conductor of the Women's Singing Union of the German Lyceum Clubs; composer of a violin sonata, a violin concerto, a 'cello balade and a serenade for orchestra.

KWAST, James (1852-): b. Nijkerk, Holland; studied at Leipzig Conservatory under Richter and Reinecke at government expense, also in Berlin and Brussels; became teacher in the Cologne Conservatory, 1874; became teacher of piano in the Hoch Conservatory at Frankfort, 1883-1903; then teacher in the Stern Conservatory. His works include a trio, an overture, a piano concerto in F major, etc.

KYASHT, Lydia: contemp. Russian dancer. Ref.: 185, 188.

Lachnith Labarre

LABARRE (1) Michel de (ca. 1675-1743[4?]): b. Paris; composer of 2 operas to texts by La Motte (Le triomphe des arts, 1700, and La Ventitenne, 1705), also pieces for flute and continuo, for 2 flutes, and trios for flute, violin and oboe. (2) Theodore (1805-1870): b. Paris, d. there; studied with Bochsa, Nadermann, Dourlen, Fétis, Boieldieu; harp virtuoso; lived in London and Paris, where he conducted the Opéra Comique and was chef of private music at the Napoleonic court; professor of the harp at the Conservatore. He composed 4 operas and 5 ballets and wrote a Méthode complète pour la harpe.

posed 4 operas and 5 ballets and wrote a Méthode complète pour la harpe.

LABEY, Marcel (1875-): b. Department of Besinet, France; after completing law studies in Paris, turned to composition, studying with d'Indy. He became a member of the Société nationale de musique and composed sonatas for violin and for piano. Suites

tionale de musique and composed sonatas for violin and for piano, suites
for violin and viola, a symphony, orchestral fantasy, and part-songs.

LABITZKY (1) Joseph (1802-1881):
b. Schönfeld; d. Carlsbad; court violinist
at Marienhad and Carlsbad; composed
popular dance music, which he introduced in St. Petersburg and London on
his concert tours with the orchestra
which he founded and led. (2) August (1832-1903): b. Petschau, d. Reichenhall; son of Joseph (1); studied
at Prague Cons. and with Hauptmann
and David in Leipzig; leader of the
orchestra founded by his father.

LABLACHE, Luigi (1791-1858): b.
Naples, d. there; opera singer; trained

Naples, d. there; opera singer; trained by Valesi at the Cons. della Pietà de Turchini; début as a basso buffo at San Carlino Theatre (1812); subsequently sang in Milan, Venice, Vienna, Paris, St. Petersburg, and London. His Leporello, in Don Giovanni, was considered the groutest avera horse. Paris, St. Fetersbuin, and Paris, St. Fetersbuin, and Leporello, in Don Giovanni, was considered the greatest ever heard. His range was from E-flat to E-flat. He wrote a Méthode de chant. Ref.: II. 185, 193; VII. 254; IX. 152; portrait,

wrote a Méthode de chant. Ref.: II. 185, 193; VII. 254; IX. 152; portrait, V. 98.

LABOR, Josef (1842-): b. Horowitz; studied in Vienna at the Institute for the Blind and the Conservatory; concert pianist in Brussels, London, Leipzig, Paris, St. Petersburg, Moscow; pianist and chamber musician at the Hanover court; in 1875 turned to the Hanover court; in 1875 turned to the organ, on which he became a virtuoso. Except for a violin sonata, trios, quintets, etc., some vocal church mu-

sic and an organ fantasy, he wrote for the pianoforte. LABORDE (1) Jean Benjamin de

(1734-1794): studied with Dauvergne and Rameau; writer of several comic and Rameau; writer of several comic operas and chansons; author of the important Essay sur la musique ancienne et moderne (4 vols., 1780), also Memoires historiques sur Raoul de Coucy (1781). He was chamber musician to Louis XV and was guillotined in Paris during the Revolution. Ref.: VII. 108, footnote. (2) Jean Baptiste (18th cent.): author of Le clavecin électrique (1761), a remarkable plan for a mechanical instrument; also Mémoire sur les proporitons musicales. etc. (1781). (3) (correct name Bediez), Rosine (1824-1907): b. Paris. d. Chezy-sur-(3) (correct name Bediez), Rosine (1824-1907): b. Paris, d. Chezy-sur-Marne; studied at the Conservatoire; operatic soprano in Paris and America; sang before her marriage under the name of Rosalie Villaume. Her hus-band (correct name Dur, stage name Laborde) was an operatic tenor. She abandoned the stage to become a teacher in 1866.

in 1866.

LACHMUND, Carl V. (1854-):
b. Booneville, Missouri; studied with
Heller, Jensen, Seiss and Liszt; teacher,
conductor and composer in New York.
His compositions include an overture
performed by the Thomas and the Seidl
orchestras, a trio, etc.

LACHNER, Franz (1803-1890): b.
Rain, Upper Bavaria; d. Munich; composer; studied under Eisenhofer at
Neuberg-on-Danube, Ett in Munich, and
Stadler, Sechter and Weigl in Vlenna;
friend of Schubert and Beethoven; be-

Stanter, Seenter and Weigi in Vienna; friend of Schubert and Beethoven; became Kapellmeister at the Karnthner-thor Theatre, Vienna (1826); established the Vienna Philharmonic Concerts; Kapellmeister at Manneim (1834-1836); pellmeister at Mannheim (1834-1836); court Kapellmeister at Munich (1836-1868) and general musical director there (1852-1868); composed eight orchestral suites, eight symphonies, four operas, two oratorios, a Requiem, masses, motets, psalms, songs, overtures, organ music, chamber music, etc. Ref.: III. 8ff; VI. 150; VIII. 249f, 341; portrait, VIII. 250.

LACK, Théodore (1846-): b. Quimper, France; studied at the Conservatoire; Parisian teacher; officier de l'Académie; composed salon pieces for pianoforte.

LACKOWITZ, Walter (1837-): b. Trebbin, near Berlin; studied with Erk, Kullak and Dehn; school teacher and botanist; became editor of the Deutsche Musikerzeitung; pub. Berühmte Menschen (1872; 2nd ed. as Musika-lische Skizzenblätter, 1876), an Opera-führer (6th ed., 1899), and Operat-führer (1897).

führer (1897).

LACOMBE (1) Louis Trouillon (1818-1884): b. Bourges, d. St. Vaastla-Hogue; studied with Zimmermann at the Conservatoire; then toured as pianist until reaching Vienna, where he returned to study with Czerny, Sechter and Seyfried. He composed dramatic symphonies, chamber music (piano quintet and trios), choruses a cappella and with organ, and other music; also 3 comic operas, a grand opera, and a melodrame, Sapho (1878). In 1896 appeared his book, Philosophie et musique. He married twice, the secet musique. He married twice, the second wife being the singer, Andrée Favel (q.v.). (2) Paul (1837-): b. Carcassonne; studied at the Conservatoire; composed violin sonatas, suites, symphonic and dramatic overtures, songs, etc. (100 works printed, others in MS.); recipient of the Prix Chartier for chamber music. Ref.: VII. 342.

LACOME [D'ESTALEUX], Paul-Jean-Jacques (1838-): b. Houga, Gers: studied at home: composer and et musique. He married twice, the sec-

Jean-Jacques (1838-): b. Houga, Gers; studied at home; composer and musical critic in Paris, where he has

musical critic in Paris, where he has produced operettas; also wrote music for wind instruments, organ and piano; has been active as a critic.

LACY (1) John (late 18th cent.-ca. 1865): d. Devonshire; studied with Rauzzini and in Italy; excellent concert and oratorio bass; sang in England and 1818-1826 in Calcutta. (2) Mrs. Bianchi (née Jackson), (1776-1858): b. London, d. Ealing; widow of the composer Bianchi, and wife of John Lacy; concert soprano of distinction in England. (3) Michael Rophino (1795-1867): b. Bilboa, d. Pentonville; studdied in Bordeaux and Paris; violinist in Paris, Holland, London, Dublin; conductor in London and Liverpool; write ductor in London and Liverpool; wrote adaptations of popular operas for the English stage.

LADA (stage-name of Emily Schupp): contemporary American interpretive dancer; studied Berlin, Murich and Russia; exponent of choreographic symbolism. Ref.: X. 244, 253ff.

LADEGAST, Friedrich (1818-1905): Hermsdorf, near Geringswalde; d. Weissenfels; builder of famous organs, jects.
among them that of the Merseburg Cathedral, and of St. Nicholas' Church, early 18th cent.): tenor in the chapel

the Parisian version of Mozart's Zau-berflöte, under the title of Les mys-tères d'Isis.

LACK, Théodore (1846-): b.
Quimper, France; studied at the Con-

LADMIRAULT, Paul Emil (1877-): b. Nantes; was an infant prodisy; studied at the conservatories of Nantes and Paris; became a committee member of the Société nationale de musique; wrote a dramatic legend, Myrdhin (pub. 1908), orchestral fragments of which, 1908), orchestral fragments of which, together with the Chœnrs des âmes de la forêt (with orch., 1903), first made his name known. He also wrote a symphony in C, a fantasy for piano and violin, choruses, music for piano and songs, etc. Ref.: III. 363.

LADRE, French Revolutionary fiddler, adapted the tune of Ça ira. Ref.: V. 181.

V. 181.

LADUCHIN, Nikolai Michailovitch (1860-): b. St. Petersburg; studied at Moscow Conservatory; composed children's songs, symphonic variations for orch., the 'Liturgy of John Slatoust,' a vocal quartet, etc.

LADUNKA, Naum Ivanovitch (1730-1782): d. St. Petersburg; imperial cupbearer and composer of a large number of unimportant orchestral works and songs.

LADURNER, Ignaz Anton France

and songs.

LADURNER, Ignaz Anton Franz Xaver (1766-1839): b. Aldein, Tyrol; d. Massy; son of an organist; raised in a Benedictine monastery, where he succeeded his father as organist; went to Paris, 1788, where he made an excellent record as pianist and teacher, Auber being one of his pupils. His works include 12 piano and 9 violin sonatas, divertissements, variations, etc.. and he had two operas produced etc., and he had two operas produced at the Opera-Comique.

etc., and he had two operas produced at the Opéra-Comique.

LAFAGE, Juste Adrien Lenoir de (1801-1862): b. Paris, d. Charenton, near Paris; noteworthy writer on music; studied with Perne and Choron; went to Italy with government scholarship, 1828-29, where he studied with Baini; on his return was appointed musical director in the church of St. Étienne du Mont; returned to Italy, 1833, where he began his writings by completing a work which had been outlined by his old teacher, Choron, Manuel complet de musique vocale et instrumentale (1836-38); travelled for investigation through Germany, Italy, Spain and England. His chief work, after the Manuel, is Sémétologie musicale (a text-book on Choron's principles, 1837), which was followed by many other writings.

LAFFERT, Oskar (1850-1889): b. Breslau, d. Dresden; piano manufacturer and music dealer at Carlsuhe; director of the Apollo pianoforte firm in Dresden; writer on musical subjects.

in Dresden; writer on musical subjects.

of Louis XIV; author of a book on

sight-singing.

LAFONT, Charles Philippe (1781-1839): b. Paris, d. there; pupil of Berthaume, and of Kreutzer, Rode, Berton; virtuoso on violin; infant prodigy; ton; virtuoso on violin; infant prodigy; chamber virtuoso in St. Petersburg and Paris; composed violin concertos, orchestral variations, songs, music for string instruments, and 2 operas, produced in St. Petersburg and Paris. Ref.: VII. 431.

LA FORGE, Frank (1877-): b. Rockford, Ill.; studied music in Chicago, also with Leschetizky and Labor accompanist to Mmes. Gadski, Sembrich, etc.; teacher of singing; composer of songs and piano pieces. Ref.: IV. 354F.

ĪV. 354f.

LAGERLÖF, Selma, Swedish author. Ref.: III. 77.

LAGKNER, Daniel (early 17th cent.): b. Marburg, Styria; organist at Losdorf; composed motets, songs and a 6-part funeral chant.

LAGOANERE, Oscar de (1853b. Bordeaux; operatic composer in Paris, where he has produced 10 operas

and operettas.

and operettas.

LA HARPE, Jean François de (1739-1803): b. Paris, d. there; poet, critic and writer of polemics against Gluck in the Journal de politique et de littérature. Ref.: II. 35.

LAHEE (1) Henry (1826-): b. Chelsea; studied with Bennett, Goss and Potter; organist in Brompton; composed glees, madrigals, cantatas and other distinctly English music. His cantatas, 'The Building of the Ship' and 'The Sleeping Beauty,' more especially enjoy an international reputation (2) Henry Charles (1856-): b. cially enjoy an international reputation.
(2) Henry Charles (1856-): b.
London; son of (1); studied in England; became secretary of the New
England Cons., Boston (1891-99), and
estab. a musical agency there; pub.
'Famous Singers of Yesterday and Today' (1899); 'Famous Pianists...'
(1900); 'Grand Opera in America'
(1901); 'The Organ and Its Masters'
(1902); 'Grand Opera Singers of Today' (1912), and contributed to musical and other periodicals.

LAHIRE, Philippe de (1640-1719):

LAHIRE, Philippe de (1640-1719):
b. Paris, d. there; University professor
of mathematics; author of Expériences
sur le son and Explications des différences de sons de la corde tendue
sur la trompette marine.

LAHOUSSAYE, Pierre (18th cent.)

LAHOUSSAYE, Pierre (18th cent.):
French violinist; protégé and pupil of
Pagin; became one of the original professors of the Conservatoire; considered one of the finest of French violinists. Ref.: VII. 408.

LAIDLAW, Anna Robena (18191901): b. Bretton, d. London; studied
with Herz; a pianist of distinction;
one of the Schumann fantasies was
dedicated to her. In 1852, after her
marriage to a Mr. Thomson, she retired. tired.

LAJARTE, Théodore Edouard Du-faure de (1826-1890): b. Bordeaux, d. Paris; studied with Leborne at the Conservatoire; wrote military band music and produced in Paris several minor operas and operettas; music critic and librarian of the archives of the Opéra; author of Bibliothèque musicale du theatre de l'Opéra, a grammar and an encyclopedia of music, also a book on the Sax instruments, and Curiosités de l'Opéra.

LAJEUNESSE, M. See ALBANI.
LALANDE (1) Michel Richard de (1657-1726): b. Paris, d. there; court superintendent of music for forty-five years; organist and composer of motion of the court tets for voice and orchestra, published in 10 vols. at the King's expense. He is one of the best French musicians of his time. He wrote also ballets and of his time. He wrote also ballets and dramatic cantatas, possibly operas.

(2) (Méric-L.) Henriette Clémentine (1798-1867): b. Dunkirk, d. Paris; studied with Garcia, Bonfichi, Banderali; operatic soprano in Italy, Vienna, Paris, Spain; her husband was the famous horn virtuoso Méric. (3) Désiré (1867-1904): b. Paris, d. London; performer on oboe and English horn in English orchestras.

LALEVICZ. Georg von (1876-):

horn in English orchestras.

LALEVICZ, Georg von (1876-):
b. Suwalki, Poland; studied law and
music at St. Petersburg; professor of
piano at Odessa and Cracow Cons.;
since 1912 at the Vienna Academy;
published small pieces for the piano.

LALO (1) Edouard-Victor-Antoine
(1823-1892): b. Lille, d. Paris; studied
at the Lille succursale of the Paris
Cons., then with Habeneck, Schulhoff
and Crèveccur at the Paris Cons.; became viola player in chamber music

and Crèvecœur at the Paris Cons.; became viola player in chamber music soirées, and began his creative career with chamber music. His compositions include 3 operas, of which the first, Flesque, though accepted by the Paris and Brussels operas, was not performed, the second, Le Rois d'Ys (the overture of which was played in 1876), was prod. 1888, and the third, La Jacquerie, was left unfinished (finished by Arthur Coquard and prod. 1895); also a ballet (orch. suite), Namouna; a pantomime, Néron (1891, not preserved); 4 violin concertos (op. 20, dedicated to Sarasate; op. 21, Symphonie espagnole; Fantaisie Norvegian eneme: Concerto Russe), a Norwegian dedicated to Sarasate; op. 21, Symphonie espagnole; Fantaisie Norvegian Rhapsody, a divertissement for orch., a symphony in G min., an orch., scherzo, an Aubade for small orch., a string quartet, 3 piano trios, a 'cello sonata, a violin sonata, other pieces for piano and violin and piano and 'cello (Soirées pariciance etc.) Aband violinano and cello (Soirées pariciances etc.) plano and violin and piano and 'cello (Soirées parisiennes, etc.), 4-hand piano pieces and vocal works with piano (Chant breton, with oboe, op. 31), sacred vocal pieces, 2 duets, etc. Ref.: III. viii, xiii, xviii, 24, 33ff, 279, 280f, 287f; VII. 451, 461f; VIII. 334f; IX. 447; mus. ex., XIV. 7; portrait, III. 30. (2) Charles (1877-); b.

lar works.

LALOY, Louis (1874-): b. Grey,
Haute-Saône; studied at the Schola
Cantorum, 1899-1905; lectured on music at the Paris University, 1906-07;
since 1901 on the staff of the Revue
musicale; founded, with I. Marnold, the
Mercure musical, 1905; also musical
critic for the Revue de Paris, Grande
Revue, Mercure de France and the Gazette des Beaux Arts. Among his works
are Les anciennes Gammes enharmoniques (1899): Aristorie de Tarent are Les anciennes Gammes ennar-moniques (1899); Aristoxène de Tarent et la musique de l'antiquité (1904), Rameau (1907); Claude Debussy (1909); La musique Chinoise; has in prepara-tion a biography of Chopin, etc., and a volume of transcriptions of Chinese K'in compositions; presided at the In-ternational Congress of Musical Societernational Congress of Musical Societies, Basel, 1907.

LA MARA. See Lipsius, Marie.
LAMARTINE, French poet. Ref.:
V. 260; VII. 318.
LAMBARDI (1) Girolamo (early

LAMBARDI (1) Girolamo (early 17th cent.): wrote vesper psalms with double bass. (2) Camillo (early 17th cent.): Neapolitan conductor, and composer of responses and madrigals. (3) Francesco (early 17th cent.): Neapolitan church organist; composed villanelles, arias and dialogues.

LAMBERT (1) Michel (1610-1690; b. Vivonne, Poitou; d. Paris; famous singing teacher; step-father of Lully; became chamber-music master of Louis XIV. 1650. Among his works are Airs

became chamber-music master of Louis XIV, 1650. Among his works are Ause to brunettes (1666), etc. (2) Johann Heinrich (1728-1777): b. Muhlhausen, d. Berlin; author of numerous works on acoustics; Sur quelques instruments acoustiques (1763), etc. (3) Lucien (1861-): raised in Brazil, later studied with Barbereau, Dubois and Massenet in Paris; awarded the Rossini prize for a cantata, 1883. Among his works are the dramatic legend Sir Olaf (Lille, 1887; Paris, 1888); the operas La Marseillaise (Paris, 1900), Penticosa (1908), etc. (4) Marins: composer for the Opéra-Comique, in Paris, among his works being L'amour blanc (1898), Le cadet de Navarre (1906), etc. among nis works being L'amour blanc (1898), Le cadet de Navarre (1906), etc. (5) Alexander (1862-): b. Warsaw; planist; pupil of Epstein, Urban and Liszt; went to New York, 1881 and 1884; settled there as teacher, and became director of the New York College of Music in 1883. (6) Frank: contemp. English song writer. Ref.: III. 443.

Périgueux; Ph.D., Paris, and teacher at the Bayonne University; author of L'esthétique experimentelle contemporaine (1908), Esquisse d'une esthétique musicale scientifique (1908) and similar works.

L'ALOY, Louis (1874-): b. Grey, Haute-Saône; studied at the Schola Cantorum, 1899-1905; lectured on musicale de l'esthétique, Théorie et Cantorum, 1899-1905; lectured on musicale du chant grégorien (1855). since 1901 on the staff of the Revue L'AMBORD. Beniamin (1879-1915):

Pratique du chant grégorien (1855). Ref.: VI. 467.

LAMBORD, Benjamin (1879-1915): b. Portland, Me.; d. Hopatcong, N. J.; composer; studied with MacDowell at Columbia Univ. (where he received the Mosenthal fellowship in composition) and Paul Vidal in Paris; organist in Portland (Me.), Rye (N. Y.) and New York; founder (1912) and conductor of the Modern Music Society of New York; composed songs (some with orchestra), overture, ballet scene for orch., choruses (with orch.), a trio, piano pieces, church music; also an unfinished opera, "Woodstock"; contributing editor to The Art of Music.' Ref.: IV. 420ff; mus. ex., XIV. 318.

LAMENNAIS, Abbé. Ref.: II. 247.

LAMOND, Frederick (1868-): b. Glasgow; organist at Laurieston; studied violin with C. Cooper and H. Heermann, and piano with Schwarz in Frankfort, also with von Bülow and Liszt; pianist noted for his interpretation of Beethoven's later works; composer of a symphony, an overture From the Scotch Highlands,' a trio, 'cello sonata, piano pieces, etc. He also appeared as conductor, and directed a master course at the Sondershausen Conservatory.

LAMOUREUX, Charles (1834-1899):

Conservatory.

LAMOUREUX, Charles (1834-1899):
b. Bordeaux, d. Paris; conductor; studied with Girard, Tolbecque, Leborne and Chauvet; founded (with Colonne, Adam, and Rignault) a society for chamber-music; organized a Societé de musique sacrée (1872); cond. the Boiedieu Jubilee Concert at Rouen in 1875; esst-cond to Deldevar at the Ordro asst.-cond. to Deldevez at the Opéra (1876), succeeding him as first conductor (1878); 1872-78 was also assistant-conductor of the Cons. Concerts; resigned from the Opéra in 1881, and established the 'Concerts Lamoureux' (Nouveaux Concerts), conducted since 1897 by his son-in-law, Camille Chevillard. Ref.: II. 439; III. 285; portrait, VIII. 488. asst.-cond. to Deldevez at the Opéra

Johannes LAMPADARIOS (14th cent.): Byzantine church composer and musical theoretician, chapel singer in Constantinople and author of a work on Greek church music, preserved in Vienna. (2) Petros (Peloponnesios) (1730-1777): b. Tripolizza, Morea; contemp. English song writer. Ref.: (1730-1777): b. Tripolizza, Morea; III. 443.

LAMBERTINI, Luis Joaquim (1790-1864): b. Bologna, d. Lisbon, where he founded a piano factory (still flourishing) in 1836.

LAMBILLOTTE, Père Louis (1797-1855): b. Charleroi, Hainault; d. Vaugirard; composer and theorist; members of Madyos, the creator of the girard; composer and theorist; members of Madyos, the creator of the modern Greek liturgical notation, in

I only, 1821).

LAMPADIUS (1) Auctor (1500-1559): b. Brunswick, d. Halberstadt; probably choir director at Goslar; choir director of the Johannisschule, Luneburg, 1532; assistant pastor of the Martinikirche, Halberstadt, 1541. He pub. a Compendium musicæ (1537). (2) Wilhelm Adolf (1812-1892): d. Leipzig; Lutheran pastor; author of Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy ein Denkmal für seine Freunde, and essays on musical subjects. Ref.: (quoted) VI. 270.

LAMPE, Walther (1872-): b. Leipzig; pupil of I. Knorr, Herzogenberg and Humperdinck; composer of piano pieces, trio, serenade for wind, Tragic Tone Poem for orch, etc.; resident in Munich and Weimar.

LAMPERTI (1) Francesco (1813-1878)

dent in Munich and Weimar.

LAMPERTI (1) Francesco (1813-1892): b. Savona, d. Como; famous singing teacher; studied in the Milan Conservatory; became musical director at the Teatro Filodrammatico, at Lodi; singing teacher in the Milan Conservatory, 1850-75, after which he taught privately. Among his punils are Mmes. tory, 1850-75, after which he taught privately. Among his pupils are Mmes. La Grange, Albani, Sembrich and others. (2) Giovanni Battista (1829-1910): d. Berlin; son of (1); vocal teacher, many years in Dresden, then Berlin; taught Marcella Sembrich, Schumann-Heink, etc.; wrote Die Technik des Bel Canto (1905). (3) Giuseppe (1834-1898): d. Scala in Milan, then of the Apollo theatre in Rome, and finally of the Carlo theatre at Naples. He was the author of Sulla legge det diritti d'autore (1898).

LANCIA, Florence (1840-1905): d. Tunbridge Wells; singer in concert and

which an edition of the *Triodion* of Petros L. was pub. by one of his descendants, Gregorios L., in Paris (vol. 1 only, 1821).

LAMPADIUS (1) Auctor (1500-1 only and the sendent of the Florentine are nova, having (ca. 1325-1390) composed solo canzoni with instr. accompaniment, also caccias, ballatas and madrigals nearly 3 centuries before the supposed invention of monody. Ref.: I. 263f; VI. 415, 427; mus. ex., XIII. 12.

LANDOLFI, Carlo Ferdinando (middle 18th cent.): famous violin maker at Milan, in the employ of Giu-

seppe Guarneri.

seppe Guarneri.

LANDORMY, Paul Charles René
(1869-): b. Issy les Molineaux,
near Paris; studied singing with
Sbriglia and Pol Plançon; contributed
an acoustical laboratory to the £cole
des hautes études sociales, where he
has been employed for several years;
contributor of essays on musical biscontributor of essays on musical history, etc., to musical and other journals; author of the biography of

nais; author of the hiography of Brahms in Chantavoine's Les mattres de la musique; composer of songs.

LANDOWSKA, Wanda (1877-): b. Warsaw; studied in the Warsaw Conservatory and with H. Urban in Berlin; teacher in the Schola cantorum, Paris since 1900: pignist; hes made Paris, since 1900; pianist; has made many concert tours since 1906; com-posed much piano and orchestral music and wrote Bach et ses interprêtes (1906) and La musique ancienne (Paris,

1908)

LANDRY, Eugène: contemporary French author; wrote La théorie du Rythme et le Rythme du Français déclamé (Paris, 1911). LANG (Lang-Köstlin), Jo-

Rome; son of (1); was director of La Scala in Milan, then of the Apollo theatre in Rome, and finally of the Carlo theatre at Naples. He was the author of Sulla legge dei diritti d'autore (1898).

LAMPUGNANI, Giovanni Battista (1706-ca.1780): b. Milan, d. there; teacher and dramatic composer; wrote about 15 operas for Milan, Venice, London, etc. He succeeded Galuppi as conductor of the Italian Opera, London, etc. He succeeded Galuppi as conductor of the Italian Opera, London, etc. He succeeded Galuppi as conductor of the Italian Opera, London, at La Scala, Milan, in 1779. Ref.: IX. 47, 84.

LANGIA, Florence (1840-1905): d. Tunbridge Wells; singer in concert and opera.

LANDIN, Steffano (ca. 1590-ca. 1655): d. Rome; chapel-master at Padua, later Papal chapel singer in Rome; one of the most important composers of the early 17th cent.; one of the creators of the cantata and the first of the Roman school of opera composers. He pub. 5-part madrigals (1619); Poesse of erias, 4-part psalms, and 4- to 5-part masses a cappella; also Sant' Alessio, music drama (1634), and La morted Orfeo, a pastoral opera (1619). Ref.: I. 379, 385f; IX. 22.

LANDINO, Francesco (called Francesco degli organi, and Francesco cieco (the blindi): b. Florence, d. there; 1874 mus. ex., XIV. 260. (4) Henry: 282

VI. 381.

LANGE (1) Hieronymus Gregor ([?]-1587): b. Havelberg, d. Breslau; cantor in Frankfort, 1574; pub. Cantiones 5-6 v. (1580), Newe deudsche Lieder 3 v. (1584, 1586), and several 'occasional' compositions; also wrote 78 Latin and 69 German vocal pieces (preserved in MS.). (2) Joachim (latter part of 16th cent.): b. Prussian Eylau; became a musician in the service of the Countess Havata, in Chlum, Bohemia; pub. Weltliche Liedlein (Prague, 1606). pub. Weltliche Liedlein (Prague, 1606).
(3) Otto (1815-1879): b. Graudenz, d. Cassel; musical reviewer of the Vossische Zeitung; became editor of the Neue Berliner Musikzeitung, 1846-58; was also school singing teacher. L. was was also school's singing teaters. It, was the author of several musico-pedagogical books, among them Die Musik als Unterrichtsgegenstand in Schulen (1841).

(4) Gustav (1830-1889): d. Wernigerode; composer of a large variety of plano music. Statistics Konrad von der Statistics of the Statistics of nigerode; composer of a large variety of piano music. (5) Konrad von (1855-); b. Göttingen; professor of art psychology (Kunstwissenschaft) at Tubingen since 1905. Author of Die bewusste Selbsttauschung (1895): Das Wesen der künstlerischen Erziehung (1902), etc. (6) Samuel de L. and Daniel de L. See DE LANGE.

Daniel de L. See De LANGE.

LANGE-MÜLLER, Peter Erasmus (1850-): b. Frederiksberg, Denmark; composer; first studied law; music with G. Matthisson-Hanssen and at the Copenhagen Cons. with Neupert (plano). He pub. several sets of songs, including Russian, Danish, Norwegian and French, the first being five songs from 'Sulamith and Salomon' (1874); also piano pieces, men's choruses (including Niels Ebbesen, with orch.); also music for Drachmann's fairy comedy, so war elumal, and other plays; 4 op-Es war einmal, and other plays; 4 operas (Tove, 1878, etc.), 2 orchestral suites, 2 symphonies, etc.; a trio, piano and violin romanza, etc.; mostly of characteristic Norse color. Ref.: III. 73, 75; X. 205.

contemp. American composer of chamber music, etc.; resident in Philadelphia. Ref.: IV. 400.

LANGDON (1) Richard ([?]-1803): the Court Opera, Berlin, 1867-72. (3) Eduard (1835-): b. Moscow; studied under Richter and Hauptmann in the Leipzig Conservatory; on his reganist at Exeter, then at Bristol, finally at Armagh. His works include a collection, 'Divine Harmony' (1774), also 12 glees, 2 vols. of songs, various psalms and anthems, etc. (2) William Chauncey: contemporary American writer of pageants. Ref.: IV. 226ff; VI. 381.

LANGE (1) Hieronymus Gracor. pieces for plano, 4 and 8 hands. (4)
Ferdinand (1839-1905): b. Leimen,
near Heidelberg; composer; cellist; second Kapellmeister of the Mannheim
court theatre; has produced the operas
Die gefahrliche Nachbarschaft (1868),
Donnröschen (1873), Aschenbrodel
(1878), Murillo (1887), and the romantic folk-opera, Der Pfeifer von Haardt
(1894), all at Mannheim. Ref.: IX. 191.

LANGERT, Johann August (1836-): b. Coburg; theatre conductor at Coburg, Mannheim, Basel and Treves;
teacher in Coburg, Paris and Berlin,
and at the Geneva Cons., 1872; court
Kapellmeister at Gotha, 1873; composer of the operas De Jungfrau von
Orleans (1861), Des Sängers Fluch
(1863), Die Fabier (1866), Donnröschen
(1871), Jean Cavalter (1880).

LANGEY, Otto (1851-): b. Leichholz, near Frankfort; 'cellist; studied
with Specht at Sorau, Ullrich in Halle,
Cabisius in Bremen and W. Fritze in
Liegnitz; member of orchestras in
London; conductor there; also pub.
light orchestral pieces; went to America,
1889, and became teacher in New York.
He pub. a number of individual meth-

light orchestral pieces; went to America, 1889, and became teacher in New York. He pub. a number of individual methods for orchestral instruments which came into general use (Langey-Tutors).

LANGHANS, Friedrich Wilhelm (1832-1892): b. Hamburg, d. Berlin; composer and author, studied under David and Richter at Leipzig Cons. and under Alard in Paris; concertmaster at Dusseldorf (1857-1860); studied and taught in Hamburg, Paris, Heidelberg and Berlin; composed a concert allegro for violin and orchestra, a Heidelberg and Berlin; composed a concert allegro for violin and orchestra, a violin sonata, studies for violin, etc.; author of Das musikalische Urtheil (1872; 1886), Die königliche Hochschule für Musik in Berlin (1873), Musikgeschichte in 12 Vorträgen (1878), Die Geschichte der Musik des 17., 18. und 19. Jahrhunderts (2 vols., 1882-1886), a continuation of Ambros's work. Ref.: (quoted) 228, 229.

LANGLE, Honoré François Marie (1741-1807): b. Monaco, d. Villiers le Bel, near Paris; studied with Cafaro at the Conservatorio della Pietà, at Na-

Bel, near Paris; studied with Cafaro at the Conservatorio della Pietà, at Naples; became musical director at Genoa; went to Paris, 1768, where he became known on account of a work on singing, on the strength of which he was appointed singing teacher at the Ecole royale de chant et de déclamation, until it was merged with the Conservatoire, 1791, when he became librarian. His compositions operas and centrate are T3, 75; X. 205.

LANGER (1) Hermann (1819-1889):b.
Höckendorf, near Tharandt, d. Dresden; studied at Leipzig, where he became studied at Leipzig, where he became musical director of the University, says that the Conservator of which he was 1843; leader of many singing societies, including the Paulus of the University, became an inspector of organ-building in Dresden, 1887. He has pub. Repertorium für den Männergesang; Dereste Univerricht im Gesang (1876-77). It was merged with the Conservatoire, in Conservatoire, in Conservatoire, in Conservatorio della Pietà, at Naples, including director at Genoa; went to Paris, 1768, where he became known on account of a work on singling on the strength of which he was appointed singing teacher at the École royale de chant et de déclamation, until it was merged with the Conservatoire, in Conservator of Suppointed singing teacher at the École royale de chant et de déclamation, until it was merged with the Conservatoire, in Conservator of Suppointed singing teacher at the École royale de chant et de déclamation, until it was merged with the Conservatoire, in Conservatoire, in Conservatoire de la fugue chant et de déclamation, until it was merged with the Conservatoire, in Conservatoire de la fugue chant et de déclamation, until it was merged with the Conservatoire, in Conservator of Suppointed singing teacher at the École royale de chant et de déclamation, until it was merged with the Conservatoire, in Conservator of LANGSHAW (1) J. (d. 1798): English organist. (2) J. (b. 1763): b. Lon-Rhaw's Symphoniae incundae (1538) don; son of (1), and, like his father, and other collections. an organist.

LANIERE (Lanier, Lanieri), Nicolò (Nicholas) (ca. 1588-1665 or 1668): b. Italy (?), d. London; composer; first to introduce the recitative style into Engintroduce the recitative style into England; Master of the King's Musick under Charles I and II; composed a Pastoral on the birth of Prince Charles, a Funeral Hymn for Charles I, and numerous songs, etc., preserved in the British Museum (MS.), and in the collections, 'Select Musicall Ayres and Dialogues' (1653-59), 'The Musical Companion' (1667), 'The Treasury of Musick' (1669), and 'Choice Ayres and Songs' (1685). Ref.: I. 385; IX. 29; X. 84.

LANKOW. Anna (1850-1908). b

LANKOW, Anna (1850-1908): Bonn, d. there; singer and teacher; studied at Cologne and at the Leipzig and Dresden conservatories, 1870-7;

studied at Cologne and at the Leipzig and Dresden conservatories, 1870-7; made concert tours with Julius Hofmann, then was engaged at the court theatre at Weimar; joined the New York Symphony Society, 1886; toured the United States; wrote, in collaboration with Theodore Wangemann, Die Wissenschaft des Kunstgesangs (1905).

LANNER (1) Joseph Franz Karl (1801-1843): b. Vienna, d. Oberdöbling, near Vienna; celebrated composer of dance music; was at first violinist in an amateur quartet (in which Joh. Strauss played the viola), for which he composed music, and which finally developed into a full orchestra. It became immensely popular, and L.'s composed into a full orchestra. It became immensely popular, and L's waltzes, gallops, etc. (208 in all), hecame world-famous. He made concert tours throughout the Austrian provinces and made Vienna waltzes known internationally. A collection of his pieces was published by Breitkopf & Härtel (1889). (2) Katty (19th cent.): English dancer. Ref.: X. 159.

LANNOY, Eduard Freiherr von (1787-1353): b. Brussels, d. Vienna; studied in Paris, Brussels and Graz; one of the first conductors of the Society of the Friends of Music, Vienna; member of the Cons. staff, 1830-35; conductor for some years of the Vienna Concerts spirituels; composer of operas, melodramas, overtures, chamber music, viennas, concerts spirituels; composer of operas,

melodramas, overtures, chamber music, piano pieces, songs, etc.

LANZETTI, Salvatore (ca. 1710-ca. 1780): b. Naples, d. Turin, one of the earliest 'cello virtuosos, pub. 2 books of 'cello content with Sanvad hear (Arre of 'cello sonatas with figured bass (Amsterdam, 1736); also a 'Cello School. Ref.: VII. 591.

LAPORTE, Joseph de (1713-1799):
b. Béfort, d. Paris; author of Almanach des spectacles de Paris, ou Calendrier historique de l'Opera, des comédies français et italienne et des foires (1750-94); etc.

(1750-94); etc.

LA POUPLINIÈRE (La Popelinière), Alexandre Jean Joseph Le Riche de (ca. 1692-1762); b. Paris, d. there; general tax commissioner, and musical patron. He gathered musicians and art-lovers in his house, containing a private theatre, and established concerts, which became important when Gossee directed them in 1751 tant when Gossec directed them in 1751, On J. Stamitz's advice he introduced on J. Stamics advice he introduced horns and clarinets (then not yet in use in the Paris orchestra) and later the harp. P. was himself a pupil of Rameau, who lived in his house for some years, and composed several aristory

some years, and composed several ariettas, of which some were interpolated in Rameau's works. Ref.: II. 65 footnote, 68; VII. 418; VIII. 169.

LAPPI, Pietro (16th-17th cent.): b. Florence; musical director in the church at Brescia, 1601; composed a great deal of church music, including masses, psalms, hymns, concerti sacri, a book of Canzoni da sonar (1616), etc.

LARA, Isidoro de (real name

of Canzoni da sonar (1616), etc.

LARA, Isidoro de (real name
Cohen) (1858-): b. London; composer of the operas La luce d'Asia
(London, 1892); Amy Robsart (London,
1893); Moina (Montecarlo, 1897); Messalina (1899); Le reveil de Bouddha
(Ghent, 1904); Sanga (Nice, 1906);
Solea (Cologne, 1907); Nail (Paris,
1912); and Les trois masques (Marseilles, 1912; Düsseldorf, 1913). Ref.:
IX. 477. IX. 477.

IX. 477.

LARCHER, Pierre J.: Danish ballet writer. Ref.: X. 163.

LARIVEE (18th cent.): Parisian tenor, sang Agamemon in Gluck's Iphigenie en Aulide. Ref.: II. 33.

LAROCHE, Hermann Augustovitch (1845-1904): b. St. Petersburg, d. there; music critic; studied at the Imperial Conservatory with Zaremba and Rubinstein and also with Tschaikowsky, his intimate friend. He became professor at Moscow Cons., 1867-70, at the St. Petersburg Conservatory, 1872-79; returned to Moscow as professor of musical history; after 1890 in St. Petersburg. His chief work is 'Glinka and his Significance in Russian Music' (Moscow, 1868); also wrote a biography of Tschaikowsky (1900) and many critical reviews, which were published collectively (St. Petersburg, 1894).

L'ARRONGE, Adolf (1838-1908): b.

Ref.: VII. 591.

LAPARRA, Raoul (1876-): b.
Bordeaux; composer of operas, including Peau d'âne (Bordeaux, 1899); La
Rabañæra (Paris, 1908); La Jota (Paris, 1911). Ref.: III. 407; IX. 475.

LAPICIDA, Erasmus (ca. 1500);
composer of motets, frottole, etc., printed by Petrucci (1503, 1507) in the Auszug guter alter und neuer deutscher

and many critical reviews, which were published collectively (St. Petersburg, 1894).

L'ARRONGE, Adolf (1838-1908): b. Hamburg, d. Berlin; studied with R. Genée and at the Leipzig Cons., 1851-54; theatre Kapellmeister at Cologne, Danzong und many critical reviews, which were published collectively (St. Petersburg, 1894).

in Breslau, 1874-78; bought the Friedrich-Wilhelmstädtische Theater in Ber-Ilin, 1881, managing it as the Deutsche Theater till 1894. His works include many farces and folk-pieces, notably Das grosse Los (1868). His son Richard has been Kapellmeister at the Metz Stadttheater since 1912.

Metz Stadttheater since 1912.

LA RUE, Pierre de (or Petrus Platensis, Pierchon, Pierson, Pierzon, Perisone, Pierzon, Perisone, Pierzon de la Ruellien) (15th-16th cent.): Netherland contrapuntist, studied under Okeghem and Josquin; chapel-singer at the court of Burgundy, 1492-1510; prebendary at Courtrai from 1501; later at Namur; favorite of Margaret of Austria; his pub. works include motets, madrigals, a book of 5 masses, Beatae Vurguns; Puer nobis est; Sexti toni; Ut Fa; L'homme armé; and Nunquam fuit poena major (printed by Petrucci, 1513); De sancto Antonio, in Petrucci's Missae diversorum auctorum; O Salu-1518); De sancto Antonio, in Petrucci's Missae diversorum auctorum; O Salutarus hostia, in Liber quindecum missarum... (Rome, 1516); Cum jucunditate, O Gloriosa, and De Sancto Antonio, in Missae tredecim (Nuremberg, 1539); Tous les regrets, in Liber quindecim missarum (lb., 1538); also a mass in the 4th tone, in Petrucci's Missae Antonii de Fevin (1515); and many others, in various collections, and in MS., including 2 volumes containing 7 and 5 masses respectively, in the Brussels Library. Library.

Library.

LARUETTE, Jean Louis (1731-1792): b. Toulouse, d. there; actor and singer at the Opéra comique (Comédie italienne); composed opéras bouffons for Paris, including La fausse aventurière (1756); L'heureux déguisement and Le médecin de l'amour (1758), L'ivrogne corrigé (1759), Cendrillon (1759), Le déput généreux (1761) and Les deux compères (1772).

LA SALETTE, Joubert de (1762-1832): b. Grenoble, d. there; brigadiergeneral in the French army; musical

1832): b. Grenoble, d. there; brigadiergeneral in the French army; musical
scholar and author of Stenographie
musicale (1805), Considerations sur les
divers systèmes de la musique ancienne et moderne (1810), De la notation musical en général et en particulier de celle du systeme grec (1817),
De la fixité et de l'invariabilité des
sons musicaux (1824).

LASKA Guetav (1847-

sons musicaux (1824).

LASKA, Gustav (1847-): b.
Prague; studied at the Prague Conservatory with Hrabé, Kittl and Krejči;
toured as double-bass virtuoso in Austria and Saxony, 1867-8; at court theatre in Kassel, 1868; director of the
Gottingen Opera, 1875-6; after 1878 in
court orchestra at Schwerin, also choirdirector; composed many songs, 2 piano sonatas, much piano music, 2 ano sonatas, much piano music, 3 masses, 2 symphonies (D minor and A major), 2 overtures, an opera, Der Kaisersoldat, and solos, suite, concerto, 'Carnival of Venice,' romances, etc., for double-bass; also a double-bass Method in 2 vols.

LASSALLE, Jean Louis (1847-LASSALLE, Jean Louis (1847-): b. Lyons; baritone singer; made début in Liége, 1869, then appeared at Lille, Toulouse, The Hague, Brussels and, finally, at the Opera, Paris, 1872-93, also in London. After 1901 he taught singing becoming professor at the singing, becoming professor at Conservatoire.

Conservatoire.

LASSEN, Eduard (1830-1904): b. Copenhagen, d. Weimar; composer and conductor; studied at Brussels Cons. 12 years, winning the Prix de Rome in 1851; went to Cassel, Leipzig, Dresden, Berlin, Weimar, then Rome. Liszt's influence secured him the production of his opera Landgraf Ludwigs Brautfahrt in 1857, and the position of court Musikdirektor at Weimar. In 1858 he succeeded Liszt as court Kapell-1858 he succeeded Liszt as court Kapellmeister, and as such conducted the first performance of Tristan und Isolde, after its original production in Munich. L. composed, besides the above named, the operas Frauenlob (1860) and Le Capitf (1865); a ballet, incidental music to Hebbel's Nibelungen, Sophokles' Edipus Colonos, Goethe's Faust, etc.; also 2 symphonies, fantasy piece for 'cello and orch., cantatas, a Te Deum for chorus and orchestra, overtures, 'Biblical pictures' (voice and orchestra), and many widely popular songs. Ref.: III. 18, 19, 24, 214, 235; V. 397f; portrait, V. 306.

LASSO, Orlando di (also Orlandus 1858 he succeeded Liszt as court Kapell-

trait, V. 306.

LASSO, Orlando di (also Orlandus Lassus or Roland de Lattre) (1532-1594): b. Mons, Hainault, d. Munich; choir bey in the Church of St. Nicholas, Mons; taken to Milan and Sicily by Ferdinand de Gonzaga in 1532; subsequently attached to the Marchese della Terza in Naples and the Cardinal Archbishop of Florence in Rome; maestro di cappella at San Giovanni in Laterano (1541-1548); lived in Antwerp (1554-57); entered the court band of Duke Albert V of Bavaria in 1557 and was its conductor from 1562 to 1594. L. is credited with about 2,500 compositions, including masses, motets, madrigals, credited with about 2,500 compositions, including masses, motets, madrigals, villanelle, Lieder, chansons, etc.; his most celebrated work, Psalmi Davidis poenitentiales, was published in modern scoring by Dehn (1838); complete edition of his works by Breitkopf & Härtel. Ref.: I. 206ff, 320, 353f; VI. 49, 56ff, 59f; mus. ex., XIII. 36, 37, 38; portrait, I. 308.

LASSUS. See Lasso.

LASSUS. See Lasso.

LASSUS. See Lasso.

LATILLA, Gaetano (1711-1791): b. Bari, Naples, d. Naples; studied at Naples with Gizzi; assistant musical director at Santa Maria Maggiore, in Rome, 1738; teacher of choral singing at the Cons. della Pieta, Venice, 1756; also assistant musical director of St. Mark's. He has written a great number of operas, some church music, etc.

LA TOMBELLE, Fernand de (1854): b. Paris; studied with Guilmant and Dubois; instructor in theory at the Schola cantorum. His works include much organ music, or

LATROBE, Christian Ignatius (1758-1836): b. Leeds, d. Fairfield, near London; composed a great number of church songs, piano sonatas and published a collection of German and Italian vocal church music of the 18th cent., entitled, 'Selection of Sacred cent., entitled, 'Selection Music' (6 vols., 1806-26).

LATTRE, Roland de. See Lasso.

LATTHE, Holand de. See LASSO.
LATZELSBERGER, Josef (1849-):
b. Allhartsberg; studied music at the Conservatory of Vienna; choirmaster and composer of sacred music.
LAUB (1) Ferdinand (1832-1875):
b. Prague, d. Gries, near Bozen; violin virtuoso, studied at Prague Cons.; concert-master at Weimar, as Joachim's successor, teacher at the Stern Cons., Berlin; concert-master of the court orch. Berlin; concert-master of the court orch. Berlin; concert-master of the court orch, and chamber virtuoso there; then toured, and became professor of Moscow Cons, and concert-master of the Imperial Russian Musical Soc. He pub. some solo pieces for violin. Ref.: VII. 418, 553. (2) Thomas Linnemann (1852-): b. Langaa, Denmark; pupil of Copenhagen Cons.; organist in Copenhagen; author of works on the Protestant chorales, Danish folk-songs, etc.

studied): b. LAUBER, Joseph (1864-): b. Ruswil, Switzerland; studied with Gustav Weber, Rheinberger and Massenet; lived in Neuchâtel, Zurich and finally in Geneva, where he was for 2 years conductor at the Grand Theatre and subsequently teacher at the Cons.; and subsequently teacher at the Cons.; composer of orchestral suites, overtures, 3 symphonies, symphonic poems, 2 piano concertos, 2 violin concertos, a piano quintet, a piano trio, a violin sonata, choral works, piano pieces, songs, etc.

LAUFFENBERG, Heinrich von (d. 1460): German poet who wrote sacred texts to secular folk-songs and arranged Marienantiphonen as German church hymns.

L'AULNAYE. See [DE L'] AULNAYE. LAUNIS, Armas Emanuel (1884-): b. Hämeenlinna, Finland; studied with b. Hameenlinna, Finland; studied with Sibelius and Ilmari Krohn at the Stern Cons., Berlin, and with von Baussnern in Weimar; music teacher and conductor in Helsingfors since 1912; composer of a string quartet, a piano quintet, choruses, 2 cantatas, piano pieces, songs and the opera Seitsemän veljesta (1913); author of notable works on the folk-song of Finland.

chestral suites and an operetta, Un réve | 1912); also España (1890), Le gout mu-au pays du bleu (1892). | sical en France (1905) and Les bouffons LATROBE, Christian Ignatius (1912).

LAURENS, Edmond (1851-): b. Bergerac, France; studied at the Conservatoire; composed operas and a Suite Japonaise.

LAURENT DE RILLE, François Anatole (1828-): b. Orléans; stud-ied with Comoghio and Elwart; inspec-tor in the Paris public schools; has written operates, male choruses, a musical novēl, etc.

sical novel, etc.

LAURENTI (1) Bartolomeo Girolamo (1644-1726): b. Bologna, d. there;
violinist; pub. Sonate per camera a violino e violoncello (1691) and Sei concerti
a 3, cioè violino, violoncello ed organo
(1720). Ref.: VII. 390. (2) Girolamo
Nicolò (d. Bologna, 1752): violinist,
pupil of Corelli and Vitali, pub. 6 concertos for 3 violins, viola, 'cello and

LAUSKA, Franz Seraphinus (1764-1825): b. Brunn, d. Berlin; studied with Albrechtsberger in Vienna; household musician to an Italian duke, chamber musician in Munich, and chamber musician in Munich, and finally teacher of piano in Berlin; composer of 16 piano sonatas, a 'cello sonata, rondos, variations, a piano method, male quartets, songs, etc.

LAUTERBACH, Johann Christoph (1832-): b. Culmbach; studied at Wurzburg, also with de Bériot and Fétis; concert-master and violin teacher at the Cons. in Munich and later in

Dresden; composer of piano pieces.

LAVALLEE, Calixa (1842-1891): b.
Verchères, Canada, d. Boston; concert
pianist, whose tours in the U. S. were
devoted largely to American compositions. She herself composed 2 operas,

an oratorio, a symphony, etc.

LAVENU, Louis H. (1818-1859): b.
London, d. Sydney; 'cellist and dramatic composer.

LAVIGNA, Vincenzo (1777-ca. 1837): b. Naples, d. Milan; pupil of the Cons. della Pietà, Naples; accompanist and instructor of singing at La Scala; vocal teacher at Milan Cons.; was the teacher of Verdi; composed nine operas and two ballets. Ref.: II. 481; IX. 133.

LAVIGNAC, [ALEXANDRE JEAN] Albert (1846-): b. Paris; musical theorist; studied at the Paris Cons.; profesor of elementary theory there since 1882. His works include Cours (1913); author of notable works on the folk-song of Finland.

[LA] LAURENCIE, Lionel de (1861-): studied forestry, then musicale (1882). Solfèges manuscrits (6 vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Solfèges manuscrits (6 vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Solfèges manuscrits (6 vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Solfèges manuscrits (28 vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Solfèges manuscrits (1882), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Metrode de vols.), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882). Les musicaes (1882), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musique et les musicaes (1882), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musicae (1882), 50 leçons d'harmone, La musicaes (1882), 50 leçons d'harmone, L

LAVIGNE (1) Jacques-Émile (1782-LAVIGNE (1) Jacques-Emile (1782-1855): b. Pau, d. there; engaged at the Opéra, Paris, as tenor, 1809-25. His powerful voice earned him the title of the 'Hercules of Song.' (2) Antoine Joseph (1816-1886): b. Besançon, d. Manchester; famous oboist; studied at the Paris Conservatoire; was engaged in the orchestra of the Drury Lane Promenade Concerts. London. Lane Promenade Concerts, London, 1841; later was a member of Halle's orchestra, Manchester.

LAVOIX, Henri Marie François (1846-1897): b. Paris, d. there; studied harmony with Henry Cohen. He has written some very valuable monographs, among which are Les traductions. graphs, among which are Les traduc-teurs de Shakespeare en musique (1869); La musique dans la nature (1873); La musique dans l'imagerie du moyen-âge (1875); Histoire de l'instru-mentation (awarded a prize by the Academy, 1875); Les principes et l'his-toire du chant (in collaboration with Th. Lemaire); L'histoire de la musique (1883): La musique au siècle de Sant (1883); La musique au siècle de Saint Louis (1884). He later conducted the musical department of the Globe and was on the staff of the Revue et Gazette musicale.

LAVOTTA (1764-1820): early Hungarian nationalist composer. Ref.: III.

188, 195.

LAVROVSKAIA, Elizabeth Andre-ievna (1845-): b. Kaschin, Tver; singer; studied with Fenzi and Madame singer; studied with Fenzi and Madame Nissen-Saloman; made her début as Orpheus, 1867; studied further in London and Paris at the Princess Helen's expense, was then engaged at the Imperial Opera in St. Petersburg. After four years she became active as concert singer, but again joined the Imperial Opera in 1878. She married Prince Zeretleff.

LAW, Andrew (1748-1821): b. Cheshire, Conn., d. there; singing teacher and hymn composer. Ref.: IV. 52f.

LAWES (1) William (1582-1645): b. Salisbury, d. as soldier at the stege of Chester; studied under Coperario; sang in the choir of the Chichester Cathedral; was letter showners musician to Charles m me cnoir of the Chienester Cathedral; was later chamber musician to Charles I; composed many violin airs and, together with his brother Henry, the music to Shirley's 'The Triumphs of Peace.' Ref.: X. 83. (2) Henry (1595-1662): b. Dinton, near Salisbury, d. London; pupil of Coperario; Epistler and Gentleman of Chapel Royal, clerk there; member of the King's private band, and music-master to the Earl of Bridgewater; composed three masques ('The Triumphs of Peace,' Coelum brittanicum, and 'Comus'); 'A Paraphrase upon the Psalmes of David' (1637); 'Choice Psalmes put into Musick for 3 Voices' (1648); 'Ayres and Dialogues for 1, 2 and 3 Voices' (3 books; 1653, '55, '58); songs and anthems; music to poems by Milton, Herrick, W. Cartwright, Davenant, etc. Ref.: I. 385; V. 168; IX. 29. was later chamber musician to Charles

LAYOLLE, François (16th cent.): b. probably in France; musician in the service of Cardinal Farnese and music teacher of Benvenuto Cellini; composer of motets, madrigals, masses, psalms, etc.; pub. by Jacques Moderne, Petrejus, Rhaw and Antonio Gardano.

LAZARUS (1) Henry (1815-1895): b. London, d. there; brilliant clarinet-tist; studied with Blizard and Godfrey; first clarinettist of the Sacred Harmonic

b. Londod, d. there; brittlant Caninetist; studied with Blizard and Godfrey; first clarinetist of the Sacred Harmonic Society; was many years a teacher at the Royal Academy of Music. (2) Gustav (1861-): b. Cologne; studied at the Cologne Conservatory; teacher at the Scharwenka Conservatory; Berlin, 1887; succeeded Emil Breslaur as director of his music school; composed 2 operas, orchestral suite, chamber music, plano pieces, plano études, choruses with orchestra, songs, etc.

LAZZARI (1) Sylvio (1856-): b. Bozen; studied at the Paris Conservatoire with E. Guiraud and César Franck; representative and champion of the Paris Wagner Society; composer of the operas, Armor (Prague, 1898); L'ensorcele (Paris, 1903); La lépreuse (Paris, 1912), and a pantomime, Lulu; also the symphonic poems Ophelia and Effet de nuit, orchestral suite Impressions, festival march, a fantasy for violin and orchestra, chamber music, women's choruses, songs and plano pieces, 2 and 4 hands. (2) Raffaello: contemp. Italian composer of operas, pros. Urgella (Trent, 1898), and La contessa d'Egmont (ib., 1902).

LEACH, James (1762-1797): Yorkshire tenor and composer.

LE Bé (Le Bee), Guillaume (16th cent.): French type-founder, whose types of 1540 printed notes and lines simultaneously, while those of 1555 printed notes and staff-lines separately, like Petrucci's, necessitating two impressions. He also made tablature-type. His punches afterwards became Balard's property. Ref.: I. 286f.

pressions. He also made tablature-type. His punches afterwards became Ballard's property. Ref.: L. 286f.

LE BEAU, [Louise] Adolpha (1850-):

b. Kastatt; studied with Mittermayr, Haizinger and Kalliwoda in Karlsruhe and with Sachs, Rheinberger and Lachner in Munich; pianist, music teacher and critic in Wiesbaden, Berlin and Baden-Baden; composer of orchestral and chamber music, 2 piano concertos, 2 dramatic cantatas, an opera Der verzauberte Kalif, songs, piano era Der verzauberte Kalif, songs, piano

pieces, etc. LE BEGUE, Nicolas Antoine (1630-1702): b. Laon, d. Paris; court organist; composer of organ and clavecin-music, and 'Airs' for two and three voices and continuo. Ref.: VI. 442; VII.

LEBERT (Levy), Siegmund (1822-1884): b. Louisburg, Wurttemberg, d. Stuttgart; studied at Prague with Tomaschek, Dionys Weber, Tedesco and Proksch; was plano teacher in Munich, then, in 1856, founded the Stuttgart Cons. with Faisst, Brachmann, Laiblin,

stark, Speidel and others; collaborated with L. Stark on a Grosse Klavier-schule (1859), translated into German, French, English, Italian and Russian and newly revised by Max Pauer (1904); on a Systematische theoretisch-praktische Elementar-Singschule (1859), etc.; also edited several classical works, and Clemente's Gradus ad Parnassum; became Royal Württemberg professor, 1873.

Parassum; became Royal Wurttemberg professor, 1873.

LEBEUF, Jean (1687-1760): b. Auxerre, d. there; abbot, canon and sub-cantor at the Cathedral there; member of the Paris Academy. Among his works are Traité historique et pratique sur le chant ecclésiastique (1741), etc.

LEBLANC (18th cent.): French violinist. Ref.: VII. 410.

LE BLANC DU ROULLET (18th

LE BLANC DU ROULLET (18th cent.): secretary of the French Embassy at Vienna; librettist, literary collaborator with Gluck on his 'reform' operas. Ref.: II. 31ff; IX. 54, 60.

LEBORNE (1) Aimé Ambroise Simon (1797-1866): b. Brussels, d. Paris; studied at the Paris Conserva-toire with Dourlen and Cherubini; succeeded Reicha as professor of composition in the Conservatoire; librarian of the Opéra, 1834; produced some comic operas. (2) Fernand (1862-): b. in Belgium; studied with Massenet, Saint-Saëns and César Franck; music critic of the Morde critica he comcritic of the Monde artiste; has composed a great quantity of orchestral and posed a great quantity of orchestral and chamber music, also a symphonie-concerto for piano, violin and orch. (prix Chartier, 1901), and the operas Daphnis et Chloé (Brussels, 1885), Hedda (Milan, 1898), Mudarra (Berlin, 1899); Les Girondius (Lyons, 1905), La Catlane (Paris, 1907) and Cléopatre (Rouen, 1914).

LEBOUC, Charles Joseph (1822-1893): b. Besançon, d. Hyeres; virtuoso on 'cello.

on cello.

LEBRUN (1) Ludwig August (1746-1790): b. Mannheim, d. Berlin; world-famous oboe virtuoso; was a member of the Mannheim orchestra, with which he toured; composed 7 oboe concertos, trios for oboe, violin and 'cello, and flute duets. (2) Jean (1759-1809): b. Lyons, d. Paris; famous horn virtuoso; first hornist of the Paris Opéra, 1786-92; then at the Berlin court opera; returned to Paris, 1806, where, unable to obtain employment, he where, unable to obtain employment, he committed suicide. (3) Louis Sebastien (1764-1829): b. Paris; tenor, first at the Opéra, then at the Opéra-Comique, 1787-1803; court singing directors of the committed of the court of the tor, 1810. Among his works are a great many operas, a Te Deum, a mass, etc. (4) Paul Henry Joseph (1861-): b. Ghent; studied music at the Ghent Conservatory; later in Vienna, Germany and France; succeeded Miry as professor at the Ghent Cons., 1889. His works include 2 operas, orchestral

immense quantity of music, including German songs, motets, madrigals, etc. LECLAIR (1) Jean-Marie (1697-1764): b. Lyon, d. (murdered) Paris; ballet dancer and ballet master at Turin; then violin pupil of Somis; ripieno at the Paris Opera, 1729; later private teacher and composer. He wrote 48 sonatas for violin and continuo; duos for 2 violins, 6 trios for 2 violins and continuo, 12 violin concertos (2 violins, viola, bass and continuo), an opera 'Glaukus and Scylla' (1747), overtures, sonatas en trio, etc. (1747), overtures, sonatas en trio, etc., written in a style which is 'nearer to Couperin than to Corelli' (Riemann).

Couperin than to Corelli' (Riemann). His sonatas were repub. in part by F. David (Hohe Schule, etc.) and Entner. (2) Antoine: younger brother of (1); violinist, pub. 12 violin sonatas, 1739. LECOCQ, [Alexandre] Charles (1832-): b. Paris; studied at the Cons. under Bazin, Halevy and Benoist; won first prize for harmony in 1850, and second prize for fugue in 1852. His first work, Le docteur Miracle, written with Bizet, and prod. in 1857, won a prize offered by Offenbach for the best opera buffa. His works comprise nearly 40 operettas, including La fille de Mme. Angot (1872); Giroflé-Girofla and Les Près Saint-Gervais (1874); La petite Martée (1875); All-Baba (3-act, 1889), and his last, Ninette (1896); besides several not performed; also pieces for piano, songs, etc. Ref.: IX. pieces for piano, songs, etc. Ref.: IX.

LE COUPPEY, Felix (1811-1884): b. Paris, d. there; studied at the Conservatoire; teacher there from 1828 and professor from 1843; pub. A B C du piano, Ecole du mécanisme du piano, L'ari du piano, De l'enseignement du piano; conseils aux jeunes professeurs (1865).

LEDENT, Félix Étienne (1816-1886): b. Liége, d. there; studied at the Liége Cons., where he won the prix de Rome for composition, 1843; piano LEDENT,

teacher there.

teacher there.

LEDUC (1) Simon (1748-1777): b. Paris, d. there; violinist; studied with Gaviniés. His published works include symphonies, violin concertos and sonatas, etc. (2) Pierre (le Jeune) (1755-1816): b. Paris, d. in Holland; brother and pupil of (1); was at first a violinist, then established a music publishing business, which became one of the biggest enterprises of its kind. many and France; succeeded Miry as professor at the Ghent Cons., 1889.
His works include 2 operas, orchestral music, choruses, etc.

LE CARPENTIER, Adolphe Clair

theory of solmisation; also composed a number of sonatas and oratorios.

LEFEBURE-WELV, Louis-JamesAlfred (1817-1869): b. Paris, d. there; organist and composer; succeeded his father as organist of Saint Roch, Paris, at age of 14; studied at Paris Cons.; organist of La Madeleine (1847-58) and of St. Sulpice (1858-69); composed an opera, Les Recruteurs (1861), a cantata Après la Victoire (1863), 3 symphonies, 1 mass with orchestra and 2 with organ, chamber music, sacred vocal music, salon music for piano, piano études, etc. Ref.: VI. 467.

LEFEBURE (Le Febvre) (1) Jacques (Jacobus Faber) (1435 of

LEFEBVRE (Le Febvre) (1)
Jacques (Jacobus Faber) (1435 or
1455-1537 or 1547): b. Staples, near
Amiens, d. Nérac; private tutor to the
King of Navarre; author of Elementa
musicalia (1496). (2) Charles Eduard
(1843-): b. Paris; studied at the
Conservatoire; became teacher of the
elementary classes there, 1895. His
works include a number of operas,
chamber music, choruses, psalms, etc.
LEGGATT: Russian ballet master.
Ref.: X. 182.
LEGRANT (1) Guillaume (15th
cent.): Flemish or French composer

LEGRANT (1) Guillaume (15th cent.): Flemish or French composer, examples of whose work are preserved in the Liceo filarmonico of Bologna, the m ne Liceo niarmonico of Bologna, the Bodleian Library at Oxford and elsewhere; organ arrangements in the Lochamer Liederbuch. (2) Johannes: compositions preserved in the Codices of Trent and the Cod. Can. misc., Oxford, and reproduced in Stainer's 'Dufay,' etc.

LEGRENZI, Giovanni (ca. 1625-1690): b. Clusone, near Bergamo, d. Venice: composer; pupil of Pallavicino; organist at Bergamo; maestro di cappella to the Duke of Ferrara; director of the Cons. de' Mendicanti in Venice; maestro at San Marco, where he en-

His works include a great quantity of flute, guitar and bassoon pieces, over 1,300 in all, also a text-book on the piano. L. was later connected with musical publications.

LEE (1) Sebastien (1805-1887); b. Hamburg, d. there; solo 'cellist at the Opéra, Paris, 1837-68. His works include fantasies, variations, rondos and duets for 'cello. (2) Louis (1819-1896); b. Hamburg, d. Lubeck; brother of (1); brilliant 'cellist; studied with Prell; toured for 12 years in Germany and Denmark; then became 'cellist of the Hamburg Stadttheater; for many years first 'cellist of the Hamburg Philharmonic Society; also teacher there in the conservatory. His works include a piano guartet, a trio, a 'cello sonata, etc. (3) Moritz (1821-1895): b. Hamburg, d. London; brother of (1) and (2); pianist and composer.

LEFEBURE, Louis François Henri (1754-1840): b. Paris, d. there; a French government official, finally sub-prefect of Verdun; author of Noveau solfège (1780), in which he expounded a new theory of solmisation; also composed a number of sonatas and oratorios.

LEFEBURE-WELLY, Louis-James-Alfred (1817-1869): b. Paris, d. there; or constant of the same of th

mus. ex., XIII. 86.

LEHAR, Franz (1870-): b. Komorn, Hungary; conductor of the Tonkünstler orchestra in Vienna and composer of an opera, Kukuska (Leipzig, 1896), and a number of popular operettas, including 'The Merry Widow' (Vienna, 1905), 'The Man with the Three Wives' (1908), 'The Count of Luxemburg' (1909), 'Gypsy Love' (1910), 'Alone at Last' (1914), some of which were adapted into English and prod. in England and America.

LEHMANN (1) Robert (1841-):

LEHMANN (1) Robert (1841): b. Schweidnitz, Silesia; studied under the organist König, and the 'cellist Oswald, in Löwenberg; became 'cellist in concert bands in Germany and America, 1873-74; became organist of the Johanniskirche and the Synagogue in Stettin, 1875, as well as singing teacher in the gymnasium and director of the Liedertafel; finally was made director of the court musicians, 1894. Among his works are compositions for the 'cello, violin, piano, harp and harmonium and considerable church music. He is also the author of Erinnerungen eines Künstlers (1895). (2) Lilli (1842-): b. Würzburg; operatic soprano, taught by her mother, Mare L., prima donna at Cassel under Spohr; début at Prague in Zauberflôte; engaged at Danzig (1868) and Leipzig (1870), in concert bands in Germany and Amerdébut at Prague in Zauberflote; engaged at Danzig (1868) and Leipzig (1870), but in the same year went to Berlin, obtaining a life engagement at the Royal opera with the title of Imp. Chambersinger (1876); sang Woglinde, Helmwige and the Bird at the first Wagner Festival at Bayreuth (1876). She also appeared in London (1880, 1884, and 1885); broke her contract with the Berlin Opera, and sang for 3 years in German opera in the United States. Ref.: IV. 140, 1421, 147; portrait, V. 286. (3) Liza (Mrs. Bedford): b. Lehmann-Ostin

London; singer and composer; pupil of Randegger, Raunkilde at Rome, Freudenberg, and Hamish MacCunn; début in London; sang at the Norwich Festival, 1887; and frequently appeared in Britain and Germany; retired in 1894; composer of the song cycle, 'In a Persian Garden,' etc. Ref.: III. 443; V. 328f.

LEHMANN-OSTIN, Paul (1865-): b. Dresden; noted piano pedagogue, director of the Ehrlich School of Music, Dresden; noted piano pedagogue, director of the Ehrlich School of Music, Dresden, since 1892.

LEIBNITZ, 18th cent. German author. Ref.: II. 48.

LEIBROCK, Joseph Adolph (1808-1886): b. Brunswick, d. Berlin; studied philosophy, then music; harpist in the Brunswick Court Orchestra; composed incidental music to Schiller's Räuber, choruses, songs, etc., and pub. a Musikalische Akkordenlehre (1875), etc.

etc.

LEICESTER, Earl of. Ref.: X. 150.

LEICHTENTRITT, Hugo (1874-):

b. Pleschen, Germany; came to the
United States at 15, studied with J. R.
Paine at Harvard University, then at
the Royal High School in Berlin, 189588; then became member of the faculty of the Klindworth-Scharwenka
Conservatory. He wrote a biography
of Chopin (1905, 1913), a brief Geschichte der Musik, a Geschichte der
Motette (1900), a Musikalische Formenlehre (1911), and revised and supplemented Ambros' Musikgeschichte; also
pub. works of H. Pratorius, A. Hammerschmidt, Joh. Schenck, and other
early masters in various Denkmaler,
also a collection entitled Deutsche Hausalso a collection entitled Deutsche Haus-musik aus 4 Jahrhunderten (Berlin, 1906). He composed a number of songs

musik dus 4 Janrianaerien (perin, 1906). He composed a number of songs and some chamber music and revised Bussler's treatises on Harmony, Counterpoint, and Form. See Addenda.

LEIGHTON, [Sir] William (17th cent.): English musician; published The Teares or Lamentacions of a Sorrowfull Soule; Composed with Musicall Ayres and Songs both for Voyces and Divers Instruments' (1614), containing 54 metrical psalms and hymns (17 being for 4 voices with tablature for the lute, bandora, and cittern, 13 for 4 voices and 24 for 5 voices without accompaniment); the first 8 are by L., others by Bull, Byrd, Gibbons, etc. Ref.: VII. 394.

LEITE, Antonio da Silva (1759-1833): b. Porto, d. there; musical director of the cathedral of Porto; wrote Rezumo de todas as regras e precettos

where (also with Wilhelmj); taught at the Horák piano schools in Vienna and composed some piano pieces. LE JEUNE, Claudin (1528-1602): b. Valenciennes; one of the earliest French

Huguenot composers and one of the first followers of the Jannequin school. LEKEU, Guillaume (1870-1894): h. Heusy, near Verviers, d. Angers; pupil of César Franck and Vincent d'Indy; composer of 2 symphonic studies for orch. (1889-90); adagio for string orch, the lyric poem Andromeda, orchestral fantasy on 2 folk-songs of Angers, songs, plano trio, also a cello sonata and a piano quartet (both unfinished and completed by d'Indy). His premature death put an end to a career of great promise. Ref.: III. xviii, 311; V. 355.

LEMAIRE (1) (or Le Maire) (16th-17th cent.): French musician who is said to have been the exponent of a said to have been the caponed of seventh solmisation-syllable (si, according to Rousseau; za, according to Merment), an invention which amounts to the abandonment of the old system of mutation. (2) Theophile: b. Essigny le Grand (Aisne), 1820; pupil of Gar-cia, Michelot and Moreau-Sainti at the re Grand (Alshe), 1820; pupil of Garcia, Michelot and Moreau-Sainti at the Paris Conservatoire, abandoned an operatic career on account of illness and devoted himself to vocal teaching, making studies of all available methods. He translated Tosi's Opinioni del cantori antichi e moderni into French (1874), and, with H. Lavoix, pub. a 'Complete History of the Art of Singing' (2 vols., 1878-81). (3) [Jean Eugenel Gaston (1854-): b. Chateau d'Amblainvillers (Seine-et-Oise); composer of a number of operettas, ballets, pantomimes, orchestral and vocal pieces. LE MAISTRE, Mattheus (Le Maître) (16th cent.): Dutch composer; court musical director, 1554-67; wrote Magnificat octo tonorum (1577); church and secular songs; and 5 masses (MS. in the Munich Library).

LEMARE, Henry: (1865-): Eng-lich oxecular concertived in Furness and

LEMARE, Henry: (1865-): English organist; concertized in Europe and

call Ayres and Songs both for Voyces and Divers Instruments' (1614), containing 54 metrical psalms and hymns (17 being for 4 voices with tablature for the lute, bandora, and cittern, 13 for 4 voices and 24 for 5 voices without accompaniment); the first 8 are by L., others by Bull, Byrd, Gibbons, etc. Ref.: VII. 394.

LEITE, Antonio da Silva (1759-1833): b. Porto, d. there; musical director of the cathedral of Porto; wrote Rezumo de todas as regras e preceitos da cantoria assim da musica metrica como do cantochão (1787), an opera, 6 sonsatas for guitar, violin and 2 trumpets, a hymn in commemoration of the coronation of John VI of Portugal, songs, etc.

LEITERT, IJohann] Georg (1852-1901): b. Dresden, d. near there; appeared as planist at 13; studied with Liszt; toured in Germany and else-

LEMMENS, Jacques-Nicolas (1823-1831): b. Zoerle-Parwijs, Belgium, d. at Castie Linteport, near Malines; organist, pupil of his father and of van der Broeck at Diest, and of Godineau at the Brussels Cons. After playing the organ at Diest for some months he took further lessons with Michelot, Girschner, Fétis and Hesse; appointed professor of organ playing at the Brussels Cons. (1849); opened a seminary for Catholic organists and choirmasters at Malines (1879); composed somatas, improvisations, studies; an Ecole natas, improvisations, studies; an ecole d'orgue, adopted in the Paris and Brussels Conservatories; 2 symphonies,

d'orgue, adopted in the Paris and Brussels Conservatories; 2 symphonies, piano music, a Te Deum, motets, songs, etc. Ref.: VI. 468f.

LEMOINE (1) Antoine (1763-1817): b. Paris, d. there; guitar virtuoso; played in the Théâtre de Monsieur, 1789; musical director of smaller theatres in Paris; taught in his own guitar school. (2) Henri (1786-1854): b. Paris, d. there; son of (1); studied at the Conservatoire, also harmony with Heicha; composed a great number of piano sonatas, variations, etc. (3) Aimé (1795-[?]): studied with Galin, whose follower he was for a time, expounding his methods in Méthode du métoplaste.

méloplaste.

mėtoplaste.

LEMOYNE, Jean Baptiste (1751-1796): b. Eymet, Perigord, d. Paris; mattre de chapelle of various provincial theatres in France; later 2nd Kapellmeister to Frederick the Great; returning to Paris, he pretended to be a pupil of Gluck, but was disavowed by the latter and joined the camp of the Piccinists; composer of operas.

LENAERTS, Constant (1852-): b. Antwerp; studied with Benoit; director of the Flemish National Theatre and teacher at the Antwerp Cons.; conductor of the popular concerts and the Toonkunstenaarbond; founder of the Société royale de l'harmonie (1914);

the Société royale de l'harmonie (1914);

the Société royale de l'harmonie (1914); composer of a cantata, De triomf van's licht, for chorus and orchestra, etc.

LENAU, Austrian poet. Ref.: VII. 318; VIII. 391; IX. 94, 96.

LENDWAY (Lendvai), Erwin (1882-): Budapest; pupil of Koessler and of Puccini in Milan; theory teacher at the Jaques-Dalcroze Institute at Dresden-Hellerau, then teacher of dramatic composition at the Hoch Cons., Frankfort. He wrote 2 string trios, a symphony in D, orchestral scherzo, piano pieces, 'Old Japanese' songs, women's zhoruses, 'Nippon,' a festival march (orch. or band), 4 pieces for 'cello and piano, 3 organ pieces, and an opera, Elga (MS.). Ref.: III. 199.

LENEPVEN, Charles Ferdinand (1840-): b. Rouen; studied with

LENEPVEN, Charles Ferdinand (1840-): b. Rouen; studied with Servais and in the Paris Conservatoire, servais and in the Paris Conservatoire, eart tours (1844-1848); succeeded de where he won the prix de Rome; became professor of harmony there, 1880; ing at the Brussels Cons.; retired in them succeeded Guiraud as professor of 1867, and thereafter lived in Paris as composition, 1892; author of 100 Lecons at eacher; pub. Petite gymnastique du d'harmonie (1898); prod. a comic opjeune violoniste, Gymnastique du vique de la comic opjeune violoniste de la comic opjeune violoniste de la comic opjeune vivoloniste de la comic opjeun

era, Le Florentin, in 1871, which had won a concours in 1869, also a grand opera, Velleda (London).

LENTON, John (17th cent.): member of the Chapel Royal, London, 1685, and of the court orchestra there, 1692-1718; pub. The Gentleman's Diversion or The Violin Explained' (1694, 2nd ed. as The Useful Instructor on the Violin, 1702), also, with Tollet, 'A Consort of Musick in Three Parts' (1694); and wrote music for several stage pieces, as well as vocal pieces pub. in various collections. He revised the

stage pieces, as well as vocal pieces pub. in various collections. He revised the 2nd vol. of Playford's 'Dancing Master' (1713). Ref.: VII. 394. LENZ (1) Heinrich (1764-1839): b. Warsaw, d. there; organist and teacher; lived in Prussia till 1784 as teacher of Prince Louis Ferdinand; then, till 1793 in Paris where his symphotics 1793, in Paris, where his symphonies were produced. He finally returned to Warsaw, where he was teacher of musical theory and the organ in the local music schools. His works include a cal theory and the organ in the local music schools. His works include a number of piano pieces, etc. (2) Wilhelm von (1804-1883): d. St. Petersburg; pianist and author; studied piano in Paris under Liszt and Chopin; author of Beethoven et ses trois sigles (2 vols., 1852-1865); Beethoven: eine Kunststudie (5 vols., 1855-60; vols. ili-v separately pub. as Kritischer Kaialog der sämilichen Werke nebst Analysen derselben · . . 1860, and vol. i as Beethoven: eine Biographie, 2nd ed., 1879); and Die grossen Pianofortevirtuosen unsrer Zeit (character sketches of Liszt, Chopin, Tausig, and Henselt; 1872; Engl. transl., New York, 1898). Ref.: II. 160; (cited) VII. 290, 291.

LEO. Leonardo (1694-1746): b. San Vito degli Schiavi, Brindisi, d. Naples; composer; pupil of Aless. Scarlatti and N. Fago at the Cons. della Pietà de Turchini, Naples, and of Pitoni, Rome; maestro at the Naples cathedral; subsequently maestro at Santa Maria della Solitaria; organist to the court; later instructor in the Cons. di Sant' Onofrio, where he taught Pergolesi, Jommelli, Piccini, Sacchini, Traetta; composed about 60 operas, 4 oratorios, 5 masses, Magnificats, Misserers, Credos, Dixits, motets, hymns,

Traetta; composed about 60 operas, 4 oratorios, 5 masses, Magnificats, Misereres, Credos, Dixits, motets, hymns, responses, etc.; 6 'cello concertos with string quartet; 2 books of organ fugues; several clavichord toccatas, etc. (mostly in MS. in Naples, Rome, Berlin, and Paris). Ref.: I. 400f; II. 11, 14; VI. 137; IX. 21, 91.

LEO the Great, Pope. Ref.: I. 1430.

LEONARD, Hubert (1819-1890): b. Bellaire, near Liège, d. Paris; violinist; studied with Rouma at Liège, and Habeneck at the Paris Cons.; extended concert tours (1844-1848); succeeded de Bériot as first professor of violin play-

liniste; 24 Études classiques; Études harmoniques; a method for violin, École Léonard; L'ancienne école italienne; also 5 violin concertos and other works for violin. Ref.: II. 42; VII. 447.

LEONCAVALLO, Ruggiero (1858-): b. Naples; studied music at the Naples Cons.; after failing to secure a production for his tragic opera, Tommaso Chatterton (prod. in Rome, 1896), he spent several years teaching, playing the plano in cafés, chiefly as a wandering artist in France, England and Egypt. During those years he wrote and set to music the trilogy, Crepusculum (I I Medici, II Gerolamo Savonarola, III Cesare Borgia). Success came to him with the production of I Pagliacci (1892), which has since been followed by La Bohême (1897), Zaza (1900), Der Roland von Berlin (1904), Maja (1910), Malbruk (1910), La reginella delle rose (1912), I Zingari (1912), and the operetta 'Are You There?' (1913). He also wrote the text to Machado's opera, Mario Wetter, a symphonic poem, Serafia, a ballet, La vita d'una Marionetta, songs, etc. Ref.: I. xviii; III. ix, 369, 371f, 384; IX. 481, 484.

LEONHARD, Julius Emil (1810-1883): b. Lauban, d. Dresden: pro-

484.

LEONHARD, Julius Emil (1810-1883): b. Lauban, d. Dresden; professor of piano at the Munich Cons., 1852, and at the Dresden Cons., 1859; composer of the oratorio Johannes der Täufer, a symphony, an overture, a piano sonata, 2 violin sonatas, 3 trios, a piano quartet, 3 cantatas and other vocal works.

vocal works.

LEONI, Franco: contemp. Italian

LEONI, Franco: contemp. Italian opera composer; his works include Raggio di Luna (1890); Sardanapalus (1896); Rip Van Winkle' (1897); Ib and Little Christina' (1901); The Oracle' (1905); all, except the first, produced in London. Ref.: III. 384, 432.
LEONIN (Leo, Leoninus), Master (12th cent): musical director at B. M. Virginis (before Notre Dame was built) as predecessor of Master Perotin; one of the oldest masters of the Paris school. His teachings, differing radically from succeeding ones, are recorded in Coussemaker's Scriptores (Anonymus IV., vol. III). Ref.: I. 184. 184.

LEOPOLD (1) II, Emperor of Austria. Ref.: IX. 86. (2) Prince of Anhalt-Cöthen. Ref.: I. 461f, 468. LEOPOLITA, Martin (1540-1589): b. Lemberg, d. Cracow; noted contrapuntist; composer at the Polish court, 1560, whose works include 3 masses, 2 bymns. etc.

Æschylus' 'Persians'; a mass with orch.; a dramatic overture Harald; and

orch.; a dramatic overture Harald; and the unperf. operas William Ratcliff and L'Epave; also motets, songs, etc. Ref.: V. 318f; IX. 443, 452.

LE ROY, Adrien (d. 1599): brother-in-law and partner of Robert Ballard, the founder of the celebrated Paris publishing house of Le Roy & Ballard; also an able musician, singer and lutenist; author of Instruction de partir toute musique. en tablature de luth (1557; Engl. transl. 1574); composer of 3 books of lute pieces. He pub. 2 great collections of 4-part chansons, incl. some by Lasso, Gondinel, de Bussy, Rore, Le Roy, etc., others by composers represented in Attaignant's collection. collection.

LESCHEN, Christoph Friedrich (1816-1899): b. Vienna, d. there; son of a piano manufacturer; composed several operas, many symphonies, over-tures, church music, songs, etc. LESCHETIZKY, Theodor (1830-

LESCHETIZKY, Theodor (1830-1915): b. Lancut, near Lemberg, d. Dresden; celebrated pianist and teacher; pupil of Czerny and Sechter in Vienna; co-founder of the Imperial Russian Musical Society in St. Petersburg, where he lived from 1852 and was professor of piano at the Conservatory. From 1872 he taught privately in Vienna, where he established a world-wide reputation, among his pupils being Paderewski, Gabrilowitch, Mark Hambourg, etc. He pub. brilliant piano pieces and prod. an opera, Die erste Falte (Prague, 1867, etc.). His individual method is described by Malwine Brée in Die Grundlage der Methode L.'s (1902). He was married four times, his second wife, Anette Essipoff, the planist, was a pupil of L., as were also his third and fourth wives.

LESLIE, Henry David (1822-1896):

wives.

LESLIE, Henry David (1822-1896):
b. London, d. there; musical director and composer; at first 'cellist in the orchestra of the Sacred Harmonic Society; secretary of the Amateur Musical Society, 1847; became chief of the National College of Music, 1864. His works include one opera, 'Ida' (1864); an operetta, 'Romance, or Bold Dick Turpin' (1857); 2 oratorios, several cantatas, 2 symphonies, a piano quintet, etc.

tria. Ref.: IX. 86. (2) Prince of Anhalt-Cöthen. Ref.: I. 461f, 468.

LEOPOLITA, Martin (1540-1589):
b. Lemberg, d. Cracow; noted contrapuntist; composer at the Polish court, 1560, whose works include 3 masses, 2 hymns, etc.

LERMONTOFF, Russian poet. Ref.: III. 108; VIII. 451, 464; IX. 408.

LEROUX, Xavier-Henri-Napoléon (1863-): b. Velletri, Papal States; composer; pupil of Dubois and Massenet at Paris Cons.; grand prix de Rome, 1885; wrote cantata, Endymion; opera Cléopâtre (1890): lyric drama Evangéline (Brussels, 1895); music to b. Rüdersdorfer Kalkberge, near Ber-

lin; studied with Ritter in Magdeburg and with von Bulow, Kiel and Teschner in Berlin; teacher for 2 years in the household of Count Brühl at Pförten, at the Stern Cons., 1866, and at Tausig's school for advanced piano playing, 1867; for a short time conducted a music school of his own in Berlin; since 1872 in charge of musical instruction at the Kaiserin Augusta Stiftung in Potsdam and teacher at the Klindworth-Scharwenka Cons.; editor for many years of the Allgemeine Musik-Zeitung; composer of songs, etc.; author of Franz Liszt (1881).

LESUEUR (Le Sueur), Jean François (1760-1837): b. Drucat-Plessiel, near Abbéville, d. Paris; composer; mostly self-taught; choir boy in the maîtrise at Abbéville and in the cathedral at Amiens; maître de musique at the Séez Cathedral; under-master of music at the Saints Innocents, Paris; maître de musique at the Innocents, Paris (1784-1786); at Notre Dame from 1786, where he organized an orchestra for the church festivals and brought out masses, etc.

he organized an orchestra for the church festivals and brought out masses, etc., with orchestra. On the organization of the Conservatory in 1795 was ap-pointed inspector and a member of the Committee on Instruction; dismissed in 1802; Napoleon appointed him his maître de chapelle to succeed Paësiello, mattre de chapelle to succeed Pašsiello, in 1804; superintendent and composer to the Chapelle du roi (1814-1830); appointed professor of composition at the Cons. (1817); member of the musical jury for the Opéra (1806-1824); elected to the Institut (1813); compositions include the operas La Caverne (1793), Paul et Virginie (1794), Têlémaque (1794), Les Bardes (1804), La mort d'Adam (1809) and three others not produced; two divertissements, several oratorios, a cantata, a solemn mass eral oratorios, a cantata, a solemn mass for four voices, chorus and orchestra, other masses, a Christmas oratorio, Te other masses, a Christmas oratorio, Te Deums, Passions, etc.; author of Essai de musique sacrée, etc. (1787), Exposé d'une musique unie, etc. (1787), Frin-cipes élémentaire de la musique (with Méhul, Langlé, Gossec and Catul), Sol-fèges, Notice sur la melopée, la ryth-mopée, et les grands caractères de la musique ancienne (1793), a sketch of Paesiello (1816), etc. Ref.: II. 44, 352; III. vii; VI. 285f; VIII. 101. LE TELLIER (early 18th cent.): li-brettist. Ref.: IX. 90, 94. LETOREY, [Pierre Henry] Ernest (1867-): b. Rouen; studied at Paris Cons., orchestral conductor in Paris, composer of vocal and instrumental works.

works.

LEUCKART, Ernst Christoph: in 1782 founded a music house in Breslau,

Weinhold and Förster, of Breslau, Damkohler of Berlin, Witzendorf of Vienna, etc.; the present owner being Martin Sander, son of Constantin S. LEVA, Enrico de (1867-): b. Naples; pupil of Puzone and Arienzo, composers of very popular Neapolitan canzonetti (ballads); also an opera, La Camargo, a serenade, A Capomonte, piano and violin pieces; singing teacher and exponent of reforms in vocal instruction in Italian schools. Ref.: III. 401. 401.

struction in Italian schools. Ref.: III.
401.

LEVADÉ, Charles Gaston (1869-):
b. Paris; studied there with Massenet
at the Conservatoire; composer of orchestral suites, chamber music, piano
pieces, a salon opera, L'amour d'Hétiodora (Paris, 1903), and a grand opera,
Les Hérétiques (1905).

LEVASSEUR (1) Pierre François
(1753-ca. 1815): b. Abbéville; 'cello virtuoso; pupil of Dupert the younger,
member of the Paris Opéra, 1785-1815.
(2) Jean Henry (1765-1823): b. Paris,
d. there; brother of (1); 'cello virtuoso;
pupil of Cupis and Dupert the younger;
member of the Opéra, 1795-1823; professor of 'cello at the Conservatoire, for
which he collaborated on the 'Cello
Method; pub. 'cello sonatas, duets and
études. (3) Rosalie (18th cent.): celebrated singer at the Paris Opéra (176685); sang principal rôles in Gluck's operas. (4) Nicolas-Prosper (1791-1871):
b. in Picardy; operatic bass; studied
at Paris Cons.; début at the Opéra,
1813; sang during season of 1816 in
London; rejoined the Opéra in that
year; was engaged for 5 years at the
Théâtre Italien, Paris (1822), and from
1828-45 took leading bass rôles at the
Opéra; professor of lyric declamation
at the Conservatoire (1841-1871).
LEVEY, William Charles (18371894): b. Dublin, d. London; son of the
violinist, Richard Michael L.; studied
at Paris with Auber, Thalberg and Prudent; director of opera at Covent Garden, London, 1868-74; later at the Hay-

dent; director of opera at Covent Gar-den, London, 1868-74; later at the Hay-market. L. has composed several oper-

market. L. has composed several operettas, dramatic music, a cantata, an Irish Overture,' songs, etc.

LEVI (1) Hermann (1839-1900): b. Glessen, d. Munich; studied with Vincenz Lachner, Mannheim, 1852-5; then at the Leipzig Cons. till 1858; musical director in Saarbrücken, 1859-61; Kapellmeister of the German Opera, Rotterdam, 1861-4; court Kapellmeister at Karlsruhe till 1872, then the same at Munich. He was the first conductor of Parsifal at Bayreuth (1882). L. composed piano concertos, songs, etc.; also pub. some biographical writings on musicians, etc.; portrait, VIII. 444. (2) Jakob. See Lebert.

LEVINSOHN, A. Ref.: (quoted on ballet) X. 215.

LEVY Alexandra (1864-1892): b

Which, in 1856, was taken over by Constantin Sander (1826-1905), who brought the business to Leipzig, 1870, adding thereto the establishments of variations on a Brazilian theme for

piano, and other piano music; also chamber music, one piece taking the prize at the Columbian Exposition in Chicago, 1892.

LEWALTER, Johann (1862-): b. Cassel; composer and musical writer; studied under Reinecke, Pappentz and Waldenbech at the Leipzig Cons. and Weidenbach at the Leipzig Cons.; became music teacher at Cassel, 1886, also writing and composing. His works include well-known songs, piano music, fugues, etc., and the Deutsche Volkslieder in Niederhessen; Hessische

Volkstieder in Niederhessen; Hessische Kinderliedehen (1891), etc. LEWANDOWSKY (1) Louis (1823-1894): b. Wreschen, Posen, d. Berlin; studied in the composition school of the Berlin Academy; musical director of the synagogue in Berlin, after 1840; composed a great quantity of orchescomposed a great quantity of orches-tral, choir and chamber music. He is best known for his revival of old Jewish melodies and for his reforms in Jewish sacred song. (2) Leopold (1823-1896): d. Warsaw; musical director of theatre orchestras; known on account of his many dance compositions;
mazurkas, polkas, etc.
LEWES, George Henry. Ref.:
(quoted) II. 75ff.

LEWY (1) Eduard Konstantin

(quoted) II. 75ff.

LEWY (1) Eduard Konstantin (1796-1846): b. St. Avold, Mossel, d. Vienna; Waldhorn virtuoso; French military musician; first horn of the Vienna court opera, 1822, and teacher at the Vienna Cons. (2) Karl (1823-1883): b. Lausanne, d. Vienna; son of (1); Waldhorn virtuoso; at 13 was a member of the court opera orchestra, later inspector of the court opera. A brilliant singing teacher, he numbered among his pupils Wallinger, Lucca and Sembrich. Sembrich.

LEYBACH, Ignace Xavier Joseph (1817-1891): b. Gambsheim, Alsace, d. Toulouse; studied at Strassburg, then at Paris; organist of the cathedral at Toulouse, 1844. He was a brilliant planist and has composed much excelent sellon music. lent salon music; the author of L'or-

ganiste pratique. L'HERITIER, Jean (early cent.): b. in France; composed many motets, hymns, a mass, chansons, which have been included in later collections.

LIADOFF, Anatol (1855-1914): b. St. Petersburg; composer; studied at Cons. under Johansen and Rimsky-Kor-Lons, under Jonansen and Rimsky-horsakoff; professor of composition there since 1878. Has composed preludes, intermezzos, variations, studies, waltzes, mazurkas, etc., for piano; symphonic poems Baba Yaga, Le lac enchanté and Kikimora for orchestra; a ballade, polonaises and other works for orchestra; chorus with orchestra to Schilpotonaises and other works for or-chestra; chorus with orchestra to Schil-ler's Braut von Messina, women's cho-rus to Maeterlinck's Sœur Béatrice; Rus-sian folk-songs, etc. Ref.: III. 128, 189; VI. 395; VII. 334, 555; VIII. 463. LIADOVA: Russian ballerina. Ref.:

vitch (1859-): b. Jaroslav, Russia; studied with Klindworth, Pabst, and Hubert; sub-director of the Imperial Hubert; sub-director of the Imperial Choir and music-master to Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch at St. Petersburg; commissioner in 1893 to collect the folk-songs in the Governments of Vologda, Viatna, and Kostroma, which he pub. with piano accomp. in 1897; composed a Ballade for orch., an Ouverture sciencelle a symptomy ture solennelle, a symphony, 2 symphonic poems; 2 piano concertos, Ukranian rhapsody for piano and orch.; preludes, waltzes, mazurkas, études for piano; also 35 'Russian Songs'; and

piano; also 35 'Russian Songs'; and edited the correspondence between Tschaikowsky and Balakireff (1912).

LIBON, Felipe (1775-1838): b. Cadiz, d. Paris; violinist; studied with Viotti in London; chamber musician to the King of Portugal, 1796, to the Empress Josephine, 1800, and later to Marie Louise, in Paris, retaining his post after the Restoration; composed 6 violin concertos, 6 string trios, violin duets. variations, etc.

duets, variations, etc. LICHNOWSKY (1) Prince

LICHNOWSKY (1) Prince Carl (1713-1814): famous musical patron and amateur; maintained the Schuppanzigh quartet in which he played the 2nd violin. Beethoven lived in his house 1794-96 and received from him a stipend of 600 florins annually from 1800. Ref.: II. 107; VII. 510, 513. (2) Count Moritz (late 18th-early 19th cent.): musical patron (of Beethoven, etc.). Ref.: II. 152.

LICHTENSTEIN, Ulrich von. Ref.: (cited) VII. 370.

LICHTENSTHAL, Peter (1780-1853): b. Pressburg, d. Milan; composer and writer on music, his most important musical works being a string quartet, a piano trio with violin and viola, also some music for piano alone; composed three operas for La Scala, also 4 ballets. His writings include Harmonist fur Damen (1806); Der musikalische Arzt (1807); and a musical lexicon, Dizionario e bibliografia della musica (1826). (1826).

LICKL, Johann Georg (1769-1843): Kornneuburg, Lower Austria, d. Funfkirchen, where he was director of church music from 1806; composer of Singspiele for Schikaneder's Theatre; also masses, motets, and chamber

music.

Music.

LIDON, José (1752-1827): b. Bejar, Salamanca, d. Madrid; choirboy in Madrid and later cathedral organist at Malaga; organist to the Royal Chapel and mattre de chapelle to the King in Madrid, 1808; composed 6 organ fugues, the operas Glauca y Coriolano and El baron de Mescas, a Muserere, hymps, motets etc. pub a Miserere, hymns, motets, etc.; pub. a method of organ accompaniment, and wrote a text-book on counterpoint and a method of modulation, both unpublished.

. 151.
LIE (1) Erica (married name Nis-LIAPOUNOFF, Serge Mikhailo- sen) (1845-1903): b. Kongsvinger, near

Christiania, d. Christiania; pianist, pupil of Kjerulf and Kullak. (2) Sigurd (1871-1904): b. Drammen (Norway), d. there; pupil of Lindemann, Bohm, J. Holter, and Leipzig Cons.; conductor of the Harmonie and theatre at Bergen, and society conductor in Christiania. He composed orchestral and choral works, chamber music, and songs. Ref.: III. 98.

LIEBE. Edward Table 1922 (2022)

LIEBE, Edward Ludwig (1819-1900): b. Magdeburg, d. Chur; studied with Spohr and Baldewein in Cassel; musical director in Coblentz, Mayence, Worms; for several years music teacher in Strassburg and finally in London; composed numerous vocal and instrumental works, including an opera, Die Braut von Azola (1868).

LIEBESKIND, Joseph (1866-): b. Leipzig; studied at the Leipzig Cons.; composer, writer and collector of musicalia; composer of a motet for

Cons.; composer, writer and collector of musicalia; composer of a motet for mixed chorus a cappella, a piano trio, choral works and songs; edited works of Gluck, Haydn, Dittersdorff and Mozart; translated Wotquenne's thematic index to Gluck's works and wrote an appendix to it (1911); his collection includes original editions and autograph copies of Gluck's works.

LIEBICH, Ernst (1830-1884): b. Breslau, d. there; violin maker; worked for Villaume of Paris. Hart

of Gluck, Haydn, Dittersdorff and Mozart; translated Wotquenne's themstic index to Gluck's works and wrote an appendix to it (1911); his collection includes original editions and autographopies of Gluck's works.

LIEBICH, Ernst (1830-1884); b. Breslau, d. there; violin maker: worked for Villaume of Paris, Hart of London and Bausch in Leipzig; won several first prizes for his instruments.

LIEBIG, Karl (1808-1884); b. Breslau, d. there; first clarinet player in the Alexander regiment; organized the Berlin Sinfoniekapelle in 1843, which gave popular concerts in various halls on a share basis and secured engagements with various singing societies. L. was made Royal Musikdirektor, but his orchestra in 1807 chose Stern as its leader, after which L. founded a new one, but met only with indifferent success.

LIEBLING (1) Georg (1865-); b. Berlin; planist; studied with Kullak and Liszt and theory with Wierst, Becker and Urban; toured as concert player, 1884-93; was director of his own school for piano in Berlin; went to England, 1898, where he became teacher at the Guildhall Music School; Saxe-Coburg court planist; has composed much piano music, also a violin sonata, songs, etc.; prod. an opera, Die Wette (Dessau, 1908), and a mystry, Die keltige Katharuna, in Cologne. (2) Max (1846-): b. Huitshin; brother of (1); planist and teacher. (4) Sally (1859-1909): b. Posen, d. Berin; resident in New York. (3) Emil (1851-1942): b. Pless, d. Chaego; resident in America since 1867; brother of (1) and (2); planist and teacher. (4) Sally (1859-1909): b. Posen, d. Berin; siste of (1), (2) and (3); pianist and teacher. (5) Leonard (1874-): b. New York City; studied at Dr. Hoch's

the (New York) 'Musical Courier since 1912.

LHENAU, Robert (1838-): b. Neustadt, Holstein; famous music publisher; in 1864 he acquired Schlesinger's establishment in Berlin and, in 1874, Hashinger's in Vienna. His establishment in Vienna became one of the largest of its kind.

LHEPE, Emil (1860-): b. Potsdam; studied at the Schwantzer Cons.; heroic baritone in several operatic stages, singing Klingsor and Biterolf in Bayreuth; concert singer since 1902; taught singing at the Cons., of Sondershausen, 1903-07; since 1907 singing teacher and critic of the Allgemeine musikalische Zeitung, Berlin; composer of a 1-act opera, Colomba (1894), 2 symphonic poems, a symphony, an entracte to Narxiss (1885), overtures and songs; edited Wagner song and piano albums, a new edition of Erk's Liederschatz, etc.

LHER, Jacques van (1875-); b. at the Hague; studied with Hartog and

director of the Oratorioverein in Hanau, director of the Oratorioverein in Hanau, 1895-8; then became teacher and composer at Frankfort (1898-1901), then conductor of the 'Düsseldorf' choral society in Düsseldorf, and teacher at the newly founded Cons. there, returning to Hanau in 1906. His works include a Konzertstück for piano and orchestra, orchestral variations, two viola sonatas, piano pieces, 5 German Minnesongs for chorus and piano, a string quartet, men's and women's choruses, duets. songs. etc.

duets, songs, etc.

LINCKE (1) Joseph (1783-1837): b.

Trachenberg, Silesia, d. Vienna: 'cellist of the famous Rasoumowski quartet, being also 'cellist at the court opera. He has produced several variations for cello, Ref.: VII. 521 (footnote). (2) Paul (1868-): b. Berlin; composer of a great number of operettas and hallets; also a 'film operetta'; conducts a publishing house (Apollo-Kunstverlag)

LINCOLN, Henry John (1814-1901):
b. London, d. there; son of the organ builder, H. C. Lincoln; studied with Th. Adams; organist of Christ Church, 1847; musical critic of the 'Daily News,' 1866-86; lectured on music at the London Lincoln and the London London Lincoln and the London Lincoln and Lincol don Institution and throughout the provinces. Published a collection of organ music and was a contributor to Grove's Dictionary. His sister, Marion (1822-1885), was well known as a con-

cert singer.

(1822-1885), was well known as a concert singer.

LIND (1) Jenny (1820-1887):b. Stockholm, d. Malvern Wells, England; coloratura soprano, known as 'The Swedish Nightingale'; studied with Berg and Lindblad; début at Stockholm as Agathe in Der Freischütz (1838); subsequently studied with Manuel Garcia in Paris; sang at Paris Opéra (1842); later sang in Berlin, Hamburg, Cologne, Coblenz, Copenhagen, Stockholm, Leipzig, Vienna, London, Paris, Dresden, New York, Boston, etc., creating a sensation everywhere. Her compass was from d'-e''. Ref.: Il. 204; Ill. 80; IX. 145, 348; portrait, V. 152. (2) Letti (19th cent.): English dancer. Ref.: X. 189.

LINDBLAD (1) Adolf Fredrik (1801-1878): b. Löfvingsborg, near Stockholm, d. there; composer; pupil of Zelter in Berlin; lived in Stockholm from 1835; wrote an opera, Frondörerne; a symphony in C; vocal ducts, terzets and quartets; numerous songs; called 'The Schubert of the North.' (2) Otto Jonas (1809-1864): b. Karlstorp, Sweden, d. St. Mellby; composer of Swedish songs, duets, 3 to 4-part choruses, and especially quartets for men's volces, etc. Ref.: III. 80.

LINDEGREN, Johan (1842-1908): b. Ullared, Sweden, d. Stockholm; studied in the Stockholm Cons.; became chorus master of the Royal Opera; then music teacher in the Jacobs-Realschule, 1881;

Conservatory at Frankfort-on-the-Main choir director of the Stockholm Cathewith Kwast, Knorr, Scholz and with Rheinberger in Munich. He became director of the Oratorioverein in Hanau, a fantasy-polonaise, a string quartet,

a fantasy-poionaise, a string quartet, church music, etc.
LINDEMANN, Ole Andreas (1769-1859): b. Surendalen, Norway, d. Drontheim; organist; teacher; published a chorale book which is still widely used in Norway. His sons, Friedrich L. (1803-1868), Jakob Andreas L. (1805-1846), Ludwig Mathias L. (1812-1887) and Just L. (1822-1894), were all organists and able musicans: were all organists and able musicians; Ludwig also composer and editor of a collection of Norwegian Fjeldmelodier; and Just the author of an Organ School. Ludwig's sons Peter Brynie L. (1858-) and Christian Th. M. L. (1870-) are respectively editor of the Christiania Musikbladet (also composer) and esthedral organict in Dramacorn) and esthedral organict in Dramacorn and esthedral organic states. poser) and cathedral organist in Drontheim.

LINDEN, Karl van der (1839-): b. Dordrecht; studied with Kwast, Sr., and Böhme there and with various b. Dordrecht; studied with Kwast, Sr. and Böhme there and with various teachers in Belgium, Paris and Germany; conductor of the Harmonie at Dordrecht, 1860, the Liedertafel, 1865, and Ido's Mannenkoor; musical director of the National Guard of Dordrecht, 1872; director of the grand concerts of the Netherlands Musical Union, 1875; conducted festivals at Rotterdam and Dordrecht; member of the jury in the great musical competitions at Ghent, 1873, Paris, 1877, and Brussels, 1880; composed cantatas, songs, 7 overtures, 2 operas, choruses, sonatas, plano pieces, etc.

songs, 7 overtures, 2 operas, choruses, sonatas, piano pieces, etc.

LINDER, Gottfried (1842-): b.
Ehingen; studied at the Stuttgart Cons.; teacher there, 1868, professor, 1872-1912; composer of a string quartet, a piano trio, the operas Dornröschen (1872) and Konradin von Schwaben (1879), a Waldlegende for orchestra, an

(1879), a Waldlegende for orchestra, an overture, songs, etc.

LINDLEY, Robert (1776-1855): b. Rotherham, Yorkshire, d. London; brilliant violoncello virtuoso; studied with Cervetto; was at first a member of theatre orchestra in Brighton; then succeeded Speratis in the London Royal Opera. His works include 4 concertos for yeello dues for violin and cello for 'cello, duos for violin and 'cello,

LINDNER (1) Friedrich (ca. 1540-1597): b. Liegnitz, d. Nuremberg; choir director of the Agidienkirche in Nuremberg. Published 2 vols. of Cantiones sacrae (1585-88) and the two collections, Gemma musicalis (1588) and Corollaria (1500). called 'The Schubert of the North.' (2)
Otto Jonas (1809-1864): b. Karlstorp,
Sweden, d. St. Mellby; composer of
Swedish songs, duets, 3 to 4-part choruses, and especially quartets for men's
voices, etc. Ref.: III. 80.
LINDEGREN, Johan (1842-1908): b.
Ullared, Sweden, d. Stockholm; studied
in the Stockholm Cons.; became chorus
master of the Royal Opera; then music
teacher in the Jacobs-Realschule, 1881;

(1820-1867): b. Breslau, d. Berlin; for many years editor of the Vossische Zeitung, personal friend of Dehn, Stern and Rust and published great quantities of valuable musical articles in his paper and in the musical periodical, Echo. He also pub. Geschichte des deutschen Liedes im 18. Jahrhundert (1871) and other works of similar nature. (4) August (1820-1878): b. Dessau, d. Hanover; studied with Drechsler, became a brilliant 'cellist; member of the court opera at Hanover, 1837; has composed considerable music for 'cello. (5) Eugen (1858-1915): b. Leipzig; studied piano with Edm. Abesser and Gustav Kogel and composition with Bolck and Stade. L. was choir director at the Leipzig Stadttheater, 1878; became singing teacher at the Grand Ducal Music School at Weimar, then went on the faculty of the Leipzig Conservatory, 1902. Among his works are the operas Ramiro (1885) and Der Meisterdieb (1889), etc.

LINDPAINTNER, Peter Joseph von (1791-1856): b. Coblenz, d. Nonnenhorn, mater in Mater Musica (1609); The-mister (1610); Synopsis musicæ then went on the faculty of the Leipzig Conservatory, 1902. Among his works are the operas Ramiro (1885) and Der Meisterdieb (1889), etc.

LINDPAINTNER, Peter Joseph von (1791-1856) h. College d. Nongarham

LINDPAINTNER, Peter Joseph von (1791-1856): b. Coblenz, d. Nonnenhorn, Lake of Constance; conductor and composer; pupil of Winter at Munich; Kapellmeister at the new Isartor Theatre (1812-19); court Kapellmeister at Stuttgart (1819-56); wrote 21 operas, 5 ballets and 5 melodramas, music to Goethe's Faust, 2 oratorios, 6 masses, symphonies. symphonies, overtures, concertantes, chamber music, songs, etc. Ref.: V.

229.

LINEVA, Mme.: Russian collector of folk-songs. Ref.: V. 125ff.

LINGKE, George Gottfried (18th cent.): member of the Mizlersche Sozietät der musikalischen Wissenschaften zietät der musikalischen Wissenschaften in Leipzig; was the first to establish the principle of the so-called harmonic minor scales; author of Die Sitze der musikalischen Hauptsätze (1766) and Kurze Musiklehre (1779).

LING LENU: inventor of Chinese scale. Ref.: I. 46.

LINLEY (1) Thomas (1732-1795): b. Wells, Somerset, England, d. London; composer; musical director and one of the owners of the Drury Lane Theatre.

b. Wells, Somerset, England, d. London; composer; musical director and one of the owners of the Drury Lane Theatre, writing the music for his own productions, among which are 'The Duenna,' 'Selima and Azor,' 'The Camp,' 'Robinson Crusce,' 'The Triumph of Mirth' and 'Love in the East.' Later he produced 6 elegies for 3 voices, these being considered his best works, and 12 ballads. After his death there appeared among the collected works of his sons 2 vols. of songs, cantatas and madrigals. (2) Thomas, Jr. (1756-1778): b. Bath, d. Grimsthorpe, Lincolnshire; noted violinist; pupil of Boyce and Nardini; leader of Bath concerts, and at Drury Lane; wrote music to Shakespeare's 'Tempest'; an 'Ode on the Witches and Fairies in Shakespeare'; an oratorio, 'The Song of Moses,' an orchestral anthem, 'Let God Arise'; etc. Ref.: VII. 404. n oratorio, The Song of Moses, an chestral anthem, Let God Arise'; etc. LISSENKO, Nicolai Vitalievitch (1842-1912): b. Grinjki, near Krement-chug, d. Kieff; pupil of Russian teachers

wrote Disputatio musica (1609); The-mata Musica (1610); Synopsis musicæ novae omnino verae atque methodicae

novae omnino verae atque methodicae universae (1612).

LIPPS, Theodor (1851-1914): b. Wallhaben, Palatinate, d. Munich; psychologist and æsthetician, who among other writings pub. Zur Theorie der Melodie (1901), Das Wesen der musikalischen Harmonie und Disharmonie sikalischen Harmonie und Disharmonie (Psychol. Studien, II, 1885), and Ton-verwandtschaft und Tonverschmelzung

(1899).

(1899).

LIPSIUS, Marie (pseudonym La Mara) (1837-): b. Leipzig; writer on musical subjects. Among her more important works are Musikalische Studienkopfe (5 vols., 1868-82); Musikalische Gedanken-Polyphonie (1873); Beethoven (1870, etc.); Das Bühnenfestspiel in Bayrenth (1877); Pauline Viardot-Garcia (1882); Musikerbriefe aus fünf Jahrhunderten (2 vols., 1886); Klassisches und Romantisches aus der Tonweit (1892): and the sensational Beethovens unsterbliche Geliebte. Das Gedeimnis der Gräfin Brunswick und ihre Memoiren (1909); also edited the Letters of Liszt's contemporaries (3 vols., 1893-1904), and other correspondence; also wrote many articles in periodicals, etc. odicals, etc.

odicals, etc.

LIPSKI, Stanislaus (1880-): b.

Warsaw; studied with Zeleński at the
Cracow Cons., with Jedliczka and
Leichtentritt in Berlin, and Leschetizky,
Brée and Fuchs in Vienna; pianist,
teacher and composer of piano pieces.

LISCOVIUS (17th-18th cent.): writer
of treatise on vocal mechanism, 1814.

LISLE (1) Rouget de. See Rouger
be L'ISLE, C. J. (2) Leconte de,
French dramatist. Ref.: III. 284, 293.

LISLE-ADAM, Villiers de. Ref.:
III. 281.

and Leipzig Cons.; teacher in Kieff. He composed a ballade for male chorus, Sapowii (1867), 6 operas, 2 children's operas, works for chorus and orch., operas, works for chorus and orch, cantatas, choral songs, piano pieces and songs. He has made researches in Little Russian music, and has pub. 'Songs of Ukraine' (6 parts, 1868-95, each 40 songs); also Little Russian songs for mixed and male chorus; Melodoshitshi (coll. of Spring, Dance and Children's songs); and ritual chants for mixed chorus (1895). Ref.: III. 136: IX. 415. 136; IX. 415.

LISSINSKY, Vatroslav (1819-1854): b. Agram, d. there; composed the first Croatian opera, Ljubav i zloba (1846); his other works include the opera Porin and a large number of orches-

his other works include the opera Porin and a large number of orchestral, vocal and plano pieces, etc.

LISZT, Franz (1811-1886): b. Ödenburg, Hungary, d. Bayreuth; composer and planist; first studied with his father and at the age of nine played Ries's E-flat concerto in public; later studied with Czerny and Salieri in Vienna, and with Paër and Reicha in Paris; was refused admission to Paris Cons. by Cherubini; produced a one-act operetta, Don Sancho, on le Château de l'Amour at the Académie royale de la Musique (1825). Until 1835 L. lived in Paris, lionized in the salons and developing an extraordinary piano technic. Then for four years he lived in Geneva in liaison with the Countess d'Agoult, and after that he toured Europe in concert for ten years, winning unprecedented fame as a virtuoso. In 1849 he became court Kapellmeister at Weimar, and in that capacity he furnished invaluable aid to Wagner and other struggling artists. He left Weimar in 1859 because of opposition to his production of Cornelius' Barbier von Bagdad, and until 1870 lived chiefly in Rome. Pope Pius IX made him an Abbé in 1866. He was invited to conduct the Beethoven Festival at Weimar in 1870, and friendly relations with that court were reëstablished. He was electin 1870, and friendly relations with that court were reëstablished. He was elect-ed president of the New Hungarian Academy of Music at Pesth in 1875, and spent the remainder of his life between Weimar, Pesth and Rome. L.'s chief original contribution to music was the symphonic poem, which marked a de-parture in orchestral music. As pianist, conductor and generous patron his share in the promotion of his art was very great. His compositions include the symphonic poems Dante (after the Di-vina Commedia, for orch, and female chorus), Eine Fanstsymphonie (in 3 pictures: Faust, Greichen, Mephisto-pheles; for orch, and male chorus), Ce

Grabe (after Michael Zichy); also Episoden aus Lenaus Faust (Der nachtliche Zug, and 2 Mephistowalzer); Kunstler-Festzug (Schiller Festival, 1859), Festmarsch, Festorspiel, Huldigungsmarsch, Vom Fels zum Meer, Deutscher Siegesmarsch, Rákoczy-Marsch (for symphonic orchestra), etc. For Piano: 2 concertos (E-flat and A); Danse macabre with orchestra, Concerto pathétique (concert-solo); 19 Hungarian Rhapsodies; a Rhapsodie espagnole; Sonata in B min.; Fantasia and Fugue on B-A-C-H; Variations theme from Bach's B min. mass; 6 preludes and fugues Bach; 10 Harmonies poétiques et réligieuses; Années de pélerinage; 6 Appartitons; 2 Ballades; 6 Consolations; Berceuse; Weinen, Klagen, Sorgen, Zagen (prelude after Bach); Fantasia and Fugue; Scherzo and March; 2 Polonaises; Mazurka brillante; 3 Caprices-Valses; Feuilles d'Album; 2 ditto; Grand Galop chromatique; Valse-Impromptu; Mosonyi's Grabgelett; 2 Elegies; 2 Legendes (St. François d'Assise and St. François de Paul); L'hymne du Pape; Via crucis; Libestraume (3 Notturnos); L'idée fixe (after melody by Berlioz); Impromptu in F-sharp; findes d'execution transcendante; 3 Grandes études de concert; Abirato, Grabe (after Michael Zichy); also Epi-Noturnos); L'idee fixe (aiter melody by Berlioz); Impromptu in F-sharp; Études d'execution transcendante; 3 Grandes études de concert; Abirato, étude de perfectionnement; 2 concertétudes, Waldesrauschen and Gnomenreigen; Technische Studien (1889, 12 books); transcriptions of Beethoven's symphonies, of Berlioz's Symphonie fantastique and overtures to Les francs-juges and La damnation de Faust, of Wagner's overture to Tannhauser, of more than 50 songs by Schubert (and many others), etc.; paraphrases on operatic themes by Meyerbeer, Wagner, Verdi, Auber, Gounod, etc. Vocal: Missa solemnis (the Graner Festival Mass) in D; Hungarian Coronation Mass; Mass in G min., with organ; Requiem; 3 oratorios, Die Legende von der heiligen Elisabeth, Stanislaus, and Christus; Die Seligkeiten, for bartone solo, chorus and organ; Pater noster, for mixed chorus with organ; Pater noster and Ave Maria, for male vouces with organ; Pater moster and Ave Maria, for tenor noster, for mixed chorus with organ; Pater noster and Ave Maria, for male voices with organ; Psalm 13 for tenor solo, chorus and orchestra; Psalm 18 for male chorus, orchestra and organ; Psalm 23, for tenor (or soprano) solo with harp (or piano) and organ (or harmonium); Psalm 137 for solo, female chorus, violin, harp, piano and organ; Christus ist geboren, for chorus with organ; An den heiligen Franziskus, for men's voices, organ, trombones, and for men's voices, organ, trombones, and vina Commedia, for orch. and female chorus), Eine Fanstsymphonie (in 3 pictures: Faust, Greichen, Mephistopheles; for orch. and male chorus), Comparison, entend sur la montagne (Victor Hugo), Tasso, lamento e trionfo, Les Préludes, Orpheus, Prometheus, Mazeppa, Festklänge, Héroïde funèbre Hunngaria, Hamlet, Hunnenschlacht (after Kaulbach), Die Ideale (after Schiller), and Von der Wiege bis zum chorus (Das Lied der Begeisterung,

Litolff Lobkowitz

Weimar's Volkslied, Was ist des Deut-schen Vaterland), and some 60 songs. A thematic catalogue of his composi-A thematic catalogue of his compositions is pub. by Breitkopf & Hartel. He is the author of De la fondation Goethe [Goethestiftung] à Weimar (1851); Lohengrin et Tannhäuser de Richard Wagner (1851; also German); Frédéric Chopin (1852; 2nd ed., in French, Leipzig, 1879; in German, 1880); Über Field's Notturnos (1859; French and German); Die Zigeuner und ihre Musik in Ungarn (French, 1861; also Hungarian and German); Robert Franz (1872); Keine Zwischenaktsmusik mehr (1879). His collected works were translated by L. Ramann and pub. in 6 vols. (1879). His collected works were translated by L. Ramann and pub. in 6 vols. (1880-83). Ref.: II. 245ff, 291; III. 257f, 305, 323ff, 358ff, 361ff; (rel. to Wagner) II. 412ff; (to Brahms) II. 447; songs, V. 292ff; choral works, VI. 191f; piano works, VII. 288ff; orchestral works, VIII. 300ff; mus. ex., XIII. 352, 355; portraits, II. 250, 328. For general references see indexes of individual volumes.

LITOLIEF (1) Henry Charles

nal volumes.

LITOLIFF (1) Henry Charles (1818-1891): b. London, d. Paris; pupil of Moscheles in London; piantst at Covent Garden at the age of twelve; later lived in France, Belgium, Poland, Holland, Germany, Austria and other countries, winning fame as a planist and composer; married the widow of the Brunswick music publisher G. M. Meyer, jun., and founded the publishing house of Litolff; subsequently went of Paris, where he became socially dising house of Litolff; subsequently went to Paris, where he became socially distinguished; composer of 5 concert symphonies for piano and orchestra, piano trios, a violin concerto, an oratorio, Ruth et Boaz (1869), songs, piano pieces, the operas Die Braut von Kynast (1847), Rodrigue de Tolède and Les templiers (1886), and the operettas La boite de Pandore, Héloise et Abélard, La belle au bois dormant, La fancée du roi de Garbe, La Mandra-Abélard, La belle au bois dormant, La fancée du roi de Garbe, La Mandragore, Le chevalier Nahel and L'escadron volant de la reine. (2) Theodor (1839-1912): b. Brunswick, d. there; son of G. M. Meyer, jun., the music publisher; adopted son of (1) who turned over to him the direction of the music publishing business in 1860; founded the Collection Litolff in 1864; the works in this collection were isthe works in this collection Litolff in 1864; the works in this collection were issued in a format hitherto known as Royal, but subsequently known by many music publishers both in Germany and elsewhere as the 'Format Litolff'

LITTA, Guilio, Visconte Arese, Duca (1822-1891): b. Milan, d. Bedano; composed a passion oratorio and ten op-eras, most of which were produced in Milan.

LITZAU, Johann Barend (1822-1893): b. Rotterdam, d. there; many years organist in Rotterdam, prolific organ music composer. A collection of his works has been published by Breitkopf & Härtel. LITZMANN, Berthold (1857-): b. Kiel; studied in Bonn, Kiel, Leipzig and Berlin; taught in Kiel, Jena and

and Berlin; taught in Kiel, Jena and Bonn; author of Klara Schumann, ein Kunstlerleben, nach Tagebuchern und Briefen (3 vols., 1902-8; English by G. E. Hadow, 2 vols., 1913).

LIVERATI, Giovanni (1772-after 1829): b. Bologna; studied with the Abbot Mattei; tenor singer in Barcelona and Madrid; conductor for several years of the Italian opera at Potsdam; also conducted in Prague and Trieste; teacher of singing in Vienna, 1805-14; subsequently composer for the opera in London; composed 14 operas, several cantatas, 2 oratorios, smaller vocal works, string quartets, etc.

LIVRY, Emma: ballet writer. Ref .:

X. 159. LIVY.

LIVY. Ref.: (cited) X. 74.
LLANOVER, Lady (Miss Wadding-ton) (1802-1896): b. Llanover, Wales, d. there; known on account of her revival of old Welsh musical festivals; in callebration with them. Williams

vival of old Welsh musical festivals; in collaboration with Jane Williams prepared and published a collection of old Gaelic melodies (1838).

LLOYD, Charles Herford (1849-): b. Thornbury, Gloucestershire; became organist of Gloucester cathedral, 1876; organist of Christ Church, Oxford, and director of the choral society, 1882; organist at Eton College, 1892. His works include the cantatas 'Hero and Leander' (1884) and 'Sir Ogie and Lady Elsie' (1894); anthems, madrigals, Duo concertant for clarinet and piano, organ music, etc.

piano, organ music, etc.

plano, organ music, etc.

LOBE, Johann Christian (17971881): b. Weimar, d. Leipzig; studied
with A. Riemann and A. C. Muller;
solo flutist at the Leipzig Gewandhaus
concerts, 1811; until 1842 flutist and
viola player in the Weimar court orchestra; conducted a musical institute
of his own in Weimar until 1846, when of his own in Weimar until 1846, when he returned to Leipzig and devoted himself to writing and teaching; com-poser of 5 operas, 2 symphonies, sevposer of 5 operas, 2 symphonies, several overtures, concertos, variations, etc., for flute, a piano quartet, etc.; author of Kompositionslehre oder umfassende Lehre von der thematischen Arbeit (1844), Lehrbuch der musikalien Komposition (4 vols., 1850-67), Katechismus der Musik (1851), Musikalische Briefe eines Wohlbekannten (1852), Fliegende Blätter für Musik (3 vols., 1853-57), Aus dem Leben eines Musikers (1859), Vereinfachte Harmonielehre (1861), Katechismus der Kompositionslehre (1872), Konsonanzen und Dissonanzen (1869); edited the Leipzig Allegmeine Musikalische Zeitung, 1846-48.

LOBKOWHTZ, Prince Franz Maximilian (1772-1816): d. Castle Raudnitz, patron of Beethoven, who dedicated to

patron of Beethoven, who dedicated to him his first quartets (op. 18), also the 3rd, 5th and 6th symphonies, the triple concerto, op. 56, and the Liederkranz. Ref.: II. 18, 133, 141; VII. 517.

LOBO (1) Duarte (Eduardus Lupus, also Lopez) (1540-1643): died at the age of 103; one of the important composers of Portugal of his time; studied with Cerone and Manoel Mendes; was band director of the Hospital Church and of the Cathedral of Lisbon. His works include various masses, magnificats, etc. (2) Alonso (ca. 1555-[?]): b. Ossuna, Spain; vicemusical director of the Cathedral of Sevilla, becoming musical director of Sevilla, becoming musical director of the cathedral in Toledo, 1593. He published a volume of masses and motets, entitled Lira Sacro-Hispana (1602).

LOBSINGER (16th-17th cent.): organ builder in Germany. Ref.: VI.

LOCATELLI, Pietro (1693-1763): b Bergamo, d. Amsterdam; violinist and composer; pupil of Corelli. After long professional tours he settled in Amsterdam, where he established regular pubtain, where he established regular plan-lic concerts; he was famous for his (then) remarkable technical feats (in-cluding double stops and special ef-fects obtained by changing of pitch). Among his compositions were: 12 Con-Among his compositions were: 12 Concerti grossi, op. 1; flute sonatas with bass, op. 2; L'arte del violino, containing 12 concertos and 24 caprices for 2 violins, viola, 'cello, and continuo, op. 3; 6 concertos, op. 4; 6 string trios, op. 5; 12 sonatas for solo violin, op. 6; six Concerti a quattro, op. 7; string trios, op. 8; L'Arte di nuova modulazione (Caprices enumatiques) on 9.

six Concerti a quattro, op. 7; string trios, op. 8; L'Arte di nuova modulazione (Caprices enigmatiques), op. 9; Contrasto armonico, 4-pert Concerti, op. 10. Ref.: II. 51, 56; VII. 95, 401, 405, 435, 436, 437f; X. 180.

LOCHER, Karl (1843-): b. Berne; studied with J. R. Weber and Ad. Reichel; organist of the Protestant Church at Freiburg, Switzerland, of the Catholic Church at Berne, and of the Nydeck Church, Berlin; author of Die Orgelregister (1887).

LOCILLET (1) Jean Baptiste (1653-1728): b. Ghent, d. London; flutist in the Haymarket Orchestra, 1705; gave chamber concerts after 1710, making known Corelli's music; composer of flute and violin sonatas and trio sonatas; author of 'Lessons for Harpsichord.' (2) Jacques ([?]-1746): d. Paris; possibly son of (1); chamber musician and concert-master in Munich, 1726-23; pub. flute sonatas with bass. bass.

lish thorough-bass, 'Melathesia, or Certain General Rules for Playing upon a Continued Bass' (1673), and pamphlets attacking Salmon's attempt at reducing musical notation to one universal character. Ref.: I. 373, 385; VII. 394.

LOCLE, Camille du. See Du Locle,

CAMILLE

LODER (1) Edward James (1813-1862): b. Bath, d. London; pupil of his father, also of Ferd. Ries at Frankfort; composed operas for Drury Lane and Covent Garden; was conductor of the Princess's Theatre and later at Man-Covent Garden; was conductor of the Princess's Theatre and later at Manchester; his works include the operas 'Nourijahad' (1834), "The Night Dancers' (1846); "Puck," a ballad opera, 'Raymond and Agnes' (1855); also music to Oxenford's 'Dice of Death' (1835); a masque, "The Island of Calypso' (1851); string-quartets; songs, etc. Ref.: III. 414. (2) Kate Fanny (Lady Thompson) (1886-1904); b. Bath, d. London; cousin of (1); studied at the Royal Academy of Music, London, where she won the King's scholarship in 1839 and 1841; professor of harmony there from 1844, played at the Philharmonic and other concerts, composed an opera, an overture, a violin sonata, etc. She married the surgeon Henry Thompson (later knighted).

LOEB (1) Jules (1857-): b. Strassburg, French 'cellist, pupil of Chevillard at the Paris Conservatoire, where he won the first prize, solo 'cellist of the Conservatoire Concerts and at the

lard at the Paris Conservatoire, where he won the first prize, solo 'cellist of the Conservatoire Concerts and at the Opéra; member of the Marsick quartet and Philipp's Société pour instruments à vent et à cordes. (2) James (1867-): b. New York; New York financier, interested in literature and music, who endowed the Institute of Musical Art in the City of New York in memory of his mother, Betty L., in 1905. Ref.: IV. 257.

IV. 257.

IV. 257.

LOEFFLER, Charles Martin [Tornov] (1861-): b. Mulhausen, Alsace; violinist and composer; studied violin with Massart, Léonard and Joachim, composition with Guiraud; played with Pasdeloup's orchestra in Paris and with Prince Dervier's orchestra in Nice and Luzano; second leader and soloist Boston Symphony Orchestra (1991 1002) Orchestra (1881-1903): composed Les Veillées de l'Ukraine, suite for orches-tra and violin (1891); Fantastic Con-certo, for orchestra and 'cello (1894); bass.

LOCKE, Matthew (1632-1677): b.
Exeter, d. London; composer; chorister in Exeter Cathedral, studying under Edward Gibbons and W. Wake; composer to Charles II., 1661; organist to Queen Catherine; wrote music to "The Tempest" and 'Macbeth,' to Shadwell's 'Psyche,' to Shirley's masque 'Cr. 1d and Death,' and to Stapleton's comedy "The Stepmother,' 6 suites, 'Consort of foure Parts for viols,' a 'Little Consort of Three Parts, for viols or violins' (1656), anthems, etc.; the first Eng
2006

LOEWE (1) Johann Jakob (1628-1703): b. Vienna, d. Lüneburg; pupil of Heinrich Schutz; Kapellmeister in Brunswick and Zeitz; organist in Luneburg; one of the few composers of solo songs of his period, having written (with Weiland) Tugend- und Schertzlieder (1657) and (with Kempe) Salauische Musenlust; also sacred concertoscarias with 2-part ritornelli. He is especially notable as the composer of the oldest preserved German suites with introductory Synfonia: Synfonian Gagliarden, Arien Ballette, Couranten, Sarabanden mit 3 oder 4 Stimmen (Bremen, 1658). He also wrote sonatas, canzoni and caprices (1664) and 2 op-(Bremen, 1658). He also wrote sonatas, canzoni and caprices (1664) and 2 operas perf. in Wolfenbuttel. Ref.: I. 373; VII. 473. (2) [Johann] Carl [Gottfare] (1796-1869): b. Löbejun, near Halle, d. Kiel; composer; studied with Turk and at the Singakademie, Halle; appointed cantor of St. Jacob's and teacher at the Gymnasium, Stettin, in 1821; municipal Musikdirektor (1821-66); sang in public in chief European cities; his compositions include an opera, Die drei Winsche (1834), seventeen oratorios; a ballade for soli, chorus and orchestra, symphonies, overtures, piano sonatas, phonies, overtures, piano sonatas, string quartets, etc., many well known ballades for voice and piano (pub. in Loewe Albums by Peters and Schlesinger); author of several books on music. Ref.: II. 284; V. 226, 272ff; portrait, V. 306

10EWENGARD, Max Julius (1860-): b. Frankfort; studied with Raff there; teacher at the Wiesbaden Cons., 1890-91, and at the Scharwenka Cons., Berlin, until 1904; also music critic of the Börsen-Zeitung; from 1904 music critic of the Hamburg Korrespondent and teacher at the Cons. there until 1908; author of Lehrbuch der Harmonie (1892, English by Baker, 1910). Aufgabenbuch zur Harmonielehre Harmonie (1892, Inguista (1901), Aufgabenbuch zur Harmonielehre (1903); Lehrbuch des Kontrapunkts (1902), Kanon und Fuge, Formenlehre (1904); Praktische Anleitung zum Gen-(1904); Fraktische Anteitung zum Geheralbasspiel, Harmonisieren, Transponieren und Modulieren (1913); composer of the comic opera Die 14 Nothelfer, and songs.

LOGAU, Friedrich von. Ref.: II.

48.

LOGIER, Johann Bernhard (1777-1846): b. Cassel, d. Dublin; went to England at an early age, entered the band of an Irish regiment as flutist, and later married the daughter of its leader Willmann; then became organist in Westport, Ireland, where he invented the so-called Chiroplast, or hand guide, a mechanism by which the position of the hand in piano playing can be regulated. This brought him success and fortune. He then attracted still greater attention by introducing still greater attention by introducing his method of simultaneous piano teaching, in which pupils are made to play in unison on several instruments.

LOHR (1) Michael (1591-1654): b. Marienberg, d. Dresden, as cantor of the Kreuzschule; pub. Neue Kirchenplay in unison on several instruments.

As his method spread L. went to Dublin, then to London, where his system was studied by F. Stöpel as a representative of the Prussian government, which induced L. to spend three years in Berlin. He wrote 'An Explanation and Description of the Royal Patent Chiroplast or Hand-Director for Pianoforte,' which elicited replies; then 'The First Companion to the Royal Patent Chiroplast' (1818) and 'Logier's Practical Thorough-bass' (1818, also translated into German and French). He composed some rather insignificant music for piano, trios with flute and 'cello, etc., and pub. a Method for bugle-horn.

LOGROSCINO, Nicola (ca. 1700-As his method spread L. went to Dub-

cello, etc., and pub. a Method for bugle-horn.
LOGROSCINO, Nicola (ca. 1700-1763): b. Naples, d. there; composer; pupil of Durante, professor of counterpoint at the Cons. dei Figliuoli dispersi in Palermo; spent his last years in Naples, where he produced over a score of operas, chiefly in opera-buffa style; among his exceedingly popular works were Inganno per inganno (1738); La Violante (1741); Il Governatore (1747); Tanto bene, tanto male; Il Vecchio marito; La Furba burlata (1760, with Piccini), and one opera seria Giunio Bruto (1750). He is remarkable for being one of the first to use the ensemble finale, which he extended. Ref.: II. 8 (footnote), 10; IX. 38, 68.
LOHET, Simon ([?]-1612): one of the most important German organists of the 16th century; he was city musician in Nuremberg, then court organist at Stuttgart. Some of his works are still in manuscript, notably several in the Munich Library while others

ganist at Stuttgart. Some of his works are still in manuscript, notably several in the Munich Library, while others have been published in various collections, some in Rutter's Zur Geschichte des Orgelspiels (1884).

Löhllein, Georg Simon (1727-1782): b. Neustadt, Coburg, d. Danzig; studied at Jena, 1760, violin and clavier player; concert-master at Danzig; was hrilliant tescher. His Klanierschile

player; concert-master at Danzig; was a brilliant teacher. His *Klavierschule* (1765) has many times been republished and his *Violinschule* (1774) was also very widely employed. Among his compositions are clavier sonatas, violin duets, trios, quartets, concertos,

LOHMANN, Peter (1833-1907): b. Schwelm, Westphalia, d. Leipzig; at first a book dealer; exponent of origfirst a book dealer; exponent of original ideas in connection with poetry and music in the drama (elimination of all externals, and seeking of all conflicts and solutions in soul struggle), which he demonstrated in his own poems (Die Bruder Fruhjof, Irene, etc.). He also wrote Uber R. Schumann's Faustmusik (1860), Uber die dramatische Dichtung mit Musik (1861, 3rd ed. as Das Ideal der Oper, 1886), and contributed to periodicals.

LOHR (1) Michael (1591-1654): b.

(1828-): b. Eger; studied in Prague; organ virtuoso; organist at Szegedin, then Pesth. (3) Hervey (1856-): b. Leicester; English composer, pupil of Sir Arthur Sullivan, W. H. Holmes and E. Prout; winner of prizes at the Royal Academy of Music; composed 5 symphonies, an opera 'Kenilworth,' an oratorio, chamber music, piano pieces, songs, part-songs and church music. Ref.: III. 443; VI. 479.

LOHSE, Otto (1859-): b. Dresden; studied at the Dresden Conservatory; piano with Richter and 'cello with Grutzmacher; 'cellist in the court or (1828 -

Gruzmacher; 'cellist in the court or-chestra, Dresden, 1877-9; piano teacher in the Imperial Music School at Vilna, 1880-2; chief Kapellmeister of the Hamburg Stadttheater, 1889-93; director of Damrosch's German opera in the of Damrosch's German opera in the United States, 1895-97; conductor at Royal Opera at Covent Garden during the seasons of 1901-4; director of the Symphony Concerts in the court theatre, Madrid, 1902; since 1904 opera director of the Stadttheater in Cologne. He-has

of the Stadttheater in Cologne. He-has composed many songs, etc.

LOLLI, Antonio (1730-1802): b. Bergamo, d. Palermo; noted violinist and composer; leader at Stuttgart (1762-73), spent 5 years in St. Petersburg, the special favorite of Empress Catherine II; travelled widely in Europe; composed 8 concertos; 3 sets of sonatas (6 in each) with bass; 6 sonatas with second violin; and a Violin Method. Ref.: VII. 409, 435, 436.

LOLLIO, Alberto, 16th cent. Italian poet. Ref.: I. 328.

LOMAKIN, Gabriel Joakimovitch (1812-1885): b. St. Petersburg, d. Gatchina; joined the Sheremetjeff chorus; taught choral singing at the theatre school, court choir and various St. Petersburg schools. He arranged the old Russian church chants for 4-part chorus (with Vorotnikoff under direc-

Russian church chants for 4-part chorus (with Vorotnikoff under direc-tion of A. Lwoff, director of the court choir). He was co-founder with Bala-kireff of the Free School of Music, taught singing there and led vocal part of its concerts. He composed Cherubim or its concerts. He composed Cherubim songs, penitential songs, a liturgy, sacred songs, etc.; also pub. a treatise on choral singing. Ref.: III. 108.

LOMBARDINE, Madelena (18th cent.): one of the first women violinists, pupil of Tartini. Ref.: VII. 404.

LONG, John Luther, Amer. author. Ref.: IX. 454, 494.

LONGGO, Alessandro (b. Calabria, 1864): professor of piano at Naples

): b. Eger; studied in Prague; tuoso; organist at Szegedin, h. (3) Hervey (1856-): b. English composer, pupil of ir Sullivan, W. H. Holmes and it winner of prizes at the ademy of Music; composed 5 les, an opera 'Kenilworth,' an chamber music, piano pieces, sart-songs and church music. 443; VI. 479.

2. Otto (1859-): b. Dreshied at the Dresden Conservano with Richter and 'cello with her; 'cellist in the court or Dresden, 1877-9; piano teacher aperial Music School at Vilna, chief Kapellmeister of the Stadttheater, 1889-93; director studied at Berlin with Dehn and Kiel; city Musikdirektor in Stettin, succeeding Carl Loewe, 1866; also organist, and singing teacher in the gymnasium; became Royal professor in 1885. His works include the oratorio Winfried (1888), two operas, some chamber music, etc. (3) Julius (1862—): b. Hanover; studied with Reinecke at the Leipzig Cons.; became director of the Singakademie at Glogau, 1884-95; director of the Arion Society, New York, 1895, also teacher in the German Conservatory there; became Royal Prussian Musikdirektor, 1903. Has composed a mass (D minor), for solo, choir and orchestra, a psalm, a string quartet, a trio, an overture, piano music, songs, an opera, etc. (4) Alfred (1872—): b. Strassburg; was at first flutist in an orchestra at Baden-Baden, then studied with Rheinberger, also composition at with Rheinberger, also composition at the Munich Akademie, after which he became Volontar-Kapellmeister under Mottl in Karlsruhe; became court Kapellmeister there, 1899. L. has composed considerable orchestra music and

posed considerable orchestra music and several operas.

LORIENZO de' MEDICI (the Magnificent). Ref.: I. 267f, 325.

LORIZING, Albert Gustav (1805-1851): b. Berlin, d. there; opera composer; mostly self-taught; for the most part led a roving life as singer, actor, conductor and manager; member of the company at the Court Theatre; appointed conductor of the Leipzig opera in 1844 and Kapellmeister of the Friedrich Wilhelmstädtische Theater in 1850; in 1844 and Kapellmeister of the Friedrich Wilhelmstådtische Theater in 1850; his works include Ali Pascha von Janina (1824); Der Pole und sein Kind (a vaudeville, 1832); Die beiden Schützen (1837); Czar und Zimmermann (1839); Die Schatzkammer des Inka (unfinished); Das Fischerstechen (a local skit, 1839); Hans Sachs (1840); Casanova (1841); Der Wildschütz (1842); Undine (1845); Der Waffenschmied (1846); Zum Gross-Admural (1847); Die Rolandsknappen (1848); Die Opernprobe (an operetta, 1850); 1864): professor of piano at Naples (1842); Unature (1846); Der wapencons.; composer of piano works; editor of piano pieces by D. Scarlatti (assembled in suites). Ref.: VII. 44.
LONNROT, Elias (19th cent.): Finnish physician who collected and edited the Kalevala. Ref.: III. 63.
LOOMIS, Harvey Worthington (1865-): b. Brooklyn, N. Y.; com(1865-): b. Brooklyn, N. Y.; comDrei Edelsteine, an oratorio, Die Him-

melfahrt Christi, overtures, songs, etc.

Ref.: II. 379; III. 20f; IX. 81, 221, 423;
V. 228; mus. ex., XIII. 259.

LOSSIUS, Lukas (1508-1582): b.

Bacha, Hesse, d. Lüneburg, where he was rector of the Johanneum from 1540; author of Erotemata musicae practicae (1563), Psalmodua, hoc est cantica sacra veteris ecclesiae selecta (1553), Epitaphia principum (1580).

LOSCHHORN, Albert (1819-1905): b. Berlin, d. there; pianist and composer; studied with Ludwig Berger, also with Grell, A. W. Bach and Killitschy at the Royal Institute for Church Music; succeeded the latter as teacher of piano in the same mistiu-

teacher of piano in the same institu-tion, 1851, becoming professor in 1858. His works include a great quantity of piano music: studies, sonatas, suites, quartets and especially many salon pieces.

LOTI, Pierre, French novelist. Ref.: III. 314; VIII. 105; IX. 454; X. 28.
LOTTI, Antonio (ca. 1667-1740): b. Venice, d. there; organist and composer; pupil of Legrenzı at Venice, chorister at St. Mark's; from 1717 organist, then maestro di cappella there; in 1717-19 he took a company of singin 1717-19 he took a company of sing-ers to Dresden (on invitation of the crown prince), where he produced sev-eral operas. He was one of the most eminent composers of the Venetian eminent composers of the Venetian school, standing between the older con-trapuntal school and the newer masters (A. Scarlatti, Handel, etc.). Besides some 20 operas he composed, Duetti, terretti e madrigali (his only pub. work, 1705), and church music (4 oratorios, many masses, motets, Miscreres, etc.), which constitute the most im-Besides

torios, many masses, motets, Misereres, etc.), which constitute the most important of his works, among them a Miserere in 4 parts with a Crucifixus in 12. Ref.: I. 346, 479; VII. 108; IX. 20; mus. ex., XIII. 127.

LOUIS (1) the Debonair. Ref.: VI. 400. (2) XII, King of France. Ref.: VII. 50. (3) II, King of Hungary. Ref.: III. 187. (4) XIV, King of France. Ref.: I. 405, 410; II. 47; VII. 7, 52; IX. 16, 24; X. 86f, 145. (5) XV. Ref.: X. 86f, 188, 145, 147, 148. (6) XVI, King of France. Ref.: IX. 88. (7) XVIII, King of France. Ref.: IX. 88. (7) XVIII, King of France. Ref.: IX. 98. (7) XVIII, King of France. Ref.: II. 198. LOUIS, Rudolf (1870-): b. Schwetzingen; studied in Geneva and Vienna, with Fr. Klose; was with Mottl in Karlsruhe, then became theatre Kapellmeister at Landshut and Lübeck; succeeded H. Porges as critic of the Neueste Nachrichten in Munich. Among his works are Der Widerspruch in der Musik (1898); Die deutsche Musik der Gegenwart (1909); also much biographical matter. biographical matter.

LOUIS - FERDINAND, Prince of Prussia (correctly Ludwig Friedrich Christian) (1772-1806): b. near Berlin, d. Saalfeld; brother of Friedrich II; somewhat of a musician, great admirer orchestra.

of Beethoven; composed a quintet for piano and string quartet; an octet for piano, clarinet, 2 horns, 2 violins and 2 'cellos; a nocturne for piano, flute and string trio, etc.

LOUIS-PHILIPPE, King of France.

Ref.: II. 190.

LOULIE, Etienne (17th-18th cent.):
the music teacher of Mile. de Guise; is regarded as the real inventor of the metronome, his chronometre being constructed similar to the pocket metro-nome of to-day (a string pendulum with a scale of 72 different grades of speed); also constructed a kind of monochord for the use of piano tuners, called sonometre. He wrote Eléments de musique (1696); Abrégé des principes musique (1696) and Nouveau système de musique (1698), which describe his inventions.

Ref.: IX. 502. French

LOVE, Charles (18th cent.): pioneer musician in America. Ref.: IV. 64.
LÖW, Joseph (1834-1886): b. Prague,

d. there; composer of salon pieces and piano studies.

plano studies.

LÖWE. See also Loewe.

LÖWE, Ferdinand (1865-): b.
Vienna; studied with Bruckner and
Dachs at the Vienna Cons.; became
plano teacher there; conductor of the
Kaim Orchestra, Munich, 1897; court
opera concert-master in Vienna, 1898;
director of the newly-founded Vienna
Konzertverein, 1904.

LOZZI. Antonio: contemp. Italian

LOZZI, Antonio: contemp. Italian composer of operas, prod. Emma Liona (Venice, 1895); Malata (Bologna, 1896); Le Vergini (Rome, 1900); and Mirando-

Le Vergini (Rome, 1900); and Mirando-lina (Turin, 1904).

LUBECK (1) Vincentius (1654-1740): b. near Bremen, d. Hamburg; one of the foremost organists of North Germany of his time; organist of the Nikolaikirche, Hamburg. His works include a suite for clavler, etc. (2) Johann Heinrich (1799-1865): b. Al-phen, Holland, d. the Hague; a promi-nent exponent of old Netherland music; studied theory at Potsdam; in the or-chestra of the theatres at Riga and Stettin, returned to Holland, 1823, student heory at rotstam; in the orechestra of the theatres at Riga and Stettin, returned to Holland, 1823, where he became famous as a violin virtuoso; was made chief of the newly founded conservatory at The Hague, 1827; court Kapellmeister, 1829; a brilliant teacher. His works include a noteworthy psalm for solo, choir and orchestra (presented at the music festival at The Hague, 1863), etc. (3) Ernst (1829-1876): b. the Hague, d. Paris; son and pupil of (2); brilliant planist; toured America with Franz Coenen, 1850-54; then settled in Paris and opened a music store. (4) Louis (1838-1904): b. the Hague, d. Berlin; son of (2); 'cellist; studied with Jacquard, in Paris; became teacher of the violoncello at the Leipzig Conservatory, 1863-70; member of the Berlin court orchestra. LUCAS (1) Charles (1808-1869): b. Salisbury, d. London; studied at the Royal Academy of Music, where he was orchestral conductor in 1832; 'cellist at the Royal Opera, organist at Hanover Chapel, and ad interim conductor of the Choral Harmonists' Society, 1840-43, of the Ancient Concerts, and 1859-66 director of the Royal Academy of Music; partner in the publishing house of Addison, Hollier and Lucas. He composed 3 symphonies, string quartets, songs, anthems and an opera, 'The 'Control of the Royal Academy of the Royal Academy of Music; partner in the publishing house of Addison, Hollier and Lucas. He composed 3 symphonies, string quartets, songs, anthems and an opera, 'The 'Control of the Royal Academy of Music; partner in the publishing house of Addison, Hollier and Lucas. He composed 3 symphonies, string quartets, songs, anthems and an opera, 'The 'Control of the Royal Academy of Music; partner in the publishing house of Addison, Hollier and Lucas. He composed 3 symphonies, string quartets, songs, anthems and an opera, 'The 'Control of the Royal Academy of Music; partner in the publishing house of Addison, Hollier and Lucas. He composed 3 symphonies, string quartets, songs, anthems and an opera, 'The 'Control of the Royal Academy of Music; partner in the publishing house of Addison, Hollier and Lucas. He composed 3 symphonies, string quartets, songs, anthems and an opera, 'The 'Control of the Royal Academy of Music; partner in the publishing house of Addison, Hollier and Lucas. He composed 3 symphonies, string quartets, songs, anthems and an opera, 'The 'Control of the Royal Academy of Music; partner in the publishing house of Addison, Hollier and Lucas. He composed 3 symphonies, string quartets, songs, anthems and an opera, 'The 'Control of the Royal Academy of tets, songs, anthems and an opera, The Regicide. (2) Stanley (1834-1903): d. London; music publisher; secretary of Leslie's choir and of the Royal Society of Musicians and the Philharmonic Soof Musicians and the Philharmonic Society. (3) Clarence (1866-): b. near Niagara, Canada; pupil of Marty and Dubois in Paris, teacher at the Toronto College of Music; conductor at Hamilton, Ontario, teacher at the Utica (N. Y.) Cons. and conductor of a choral society there. L. has been music critic in London since 1893, and 1902-4 conducted the Westminster Orchestral Society. He wrote a number of operas. oratorios. cantatas. overtures operas, oratorios, cantatas, overtures and other orchestral pieces, piano pieces and songs. He wrote a 'Story of Musical Form' (1908).

LUCATELLO, Ettore, contemporary

LUCATELLO, Ettore, contemporary Italian composer of operas; prod. Carmilla la Zingara (Polesella, 1897); Colpa e pena (1897); La floraja (1898); Vittime (Venice, 1900); and Il Giullare (Castelfranco, 1907).

LUCCA, Pauline (1841-1908): b. Vienna, d. there; opera singer, soprano; studied with Uffmann and Lewy at Vienna; member of the chorus of the court opera, Vienna; finally was engaged by the court opera at Berlin, where she remained all her life; became very popular there, especially in the rôles of Carmen and Selica in L'Africaine. In 1872 she toured Europe and America with success.

LUCCEIA, Roman dancer. Ref.:

LUCCEIA, Roman dancer.

X. 77. LUCCHESI, Andrea (1741-1800): b. Motta, Venetia, d. Italy; came to Bonn as director of an Italian opera troupe, as director of an Italian opera troupe, 1771, where he functioned during Beethoven's youth, and where he became engaged as Kapellmeister, 1774-94; composer of symphonies, violin sonatas, cantatas, church songs and operas. (2) G. M. (18th cent.): violinist of the Paduan School. Ref.: VII. 404.

LUCIAN. Ref.: (cited) X. iii, 14, 52, 54, 63, 64, 65.

LUCK, Stephan (1806-1883): b. Linz on the Rhine, d. Treves; studied in Linz, Bonn, and Treves, took orders, became chaplain at Kreuznach, priest

LUCK, Stephan (1806-1883): b. altima, in which he applies his heuLinz on the Rhine, d. Treves; studied
in Linz, Bonn, and Treves; took orders,
became chaplain at Kreuznach, priest
in Waldalgesheim, professor of moral
theology at the Treves clerical seminary, then canon of the cathedral there.
He pub. Gesang- und Gebetbuch für die
Diocese Trier (1846), Theoretisch-praktische Anleitung zur Herstellung eines
tische Anleitung zur Herstellung eines
undrügen Kirchengesanges (1856, 1858).

poet, but also composer. His musical works include the opera, Die Kohlerin, and many others; also songs and cantatas. (2) August (1865-): b. Waldheim, Saxony; studied at the conservatories of Cologne and Munich; composer of much orchestral music, also composer of much orenestral music, also piano pieces, songs, etc. Has also written many musical works, among which are Der Konzertagent (1894); Stachel und Lorbeer (1897). (3) Hermann. See Jan. (4) Friedrich (1872-): b. Potsdam; studied musical history at Marburg and Strassburg. L. has written on musical subjects and is special authority on the music of the 13th cial authority on the music of the 13th and 14th centuries.

LUDWIG (1) the Pious. Ref.: V. 131. (2) King of Württemberg. Ref.: II. 235. (3) II, King of Bavaria. Ref.: II. 419.

LUFT, Heinrich (1813-1868): b. Magdeburg, d. there; studied with A. Muhling; music teacher in Lithuania; solo oboist of the Imperial Orchestra, St. Petersburg, 1839-60; composer for oboe.

LUGANA, Count Luigi (19th cent.): librettist of Le Donne curiose (Wolf-Ferrari). Ref.: IX. 498.

LUGERT, Josef (1841-): b. Frohnau, Bohemia; finished his musical Profinate, Bonelina; minsied his musical education at the organ school at Prague; became violinist in the orchestra of the German National Theare, and, in 1868, teacher of piano and musical history at the Prague Cons.; became music inspector, 1905. He has composed orchestral music, a serenade for a string quartet, piano quartet and

for a string quarte, passet trio, etc.

LUIGINI, Alexandre (1850-1908): b.
Lyons, d. Paris; studied with Massenet and Savard at the Conservatoire; chief musical director of the Grand Theatre at Lyons, 1877; same of the Opéra Comique, Paris, 1897. He composed a number of comic operas, balacte and some chamber music. lets and some chamber music

LUIZ, Infanta of Spain. Ref.: II. 70.
LULL, Ramon (1232-1315): b. Mallorca, d. Bougie, Algiers; author of Ars generalis, Ars magna generalis et altima, in which he applies his heutitation.

sier, who expelled him for setting music to a satirical poem reflecting on herself; studied the harpsichord and composition with Métru, Roberdet and Gigault, and was admitted to the King's private orchestra; was made head of the corps of twenty-four violins in 1652; organized a second corps, les petits violins, which became the finest orchestra in France; appointed court composer in 1653 and wrote masques and hallets in which he himself appeared as M. Baptiste. L. was a great favorite of Louis XIV, who gave him letters patent in 1672 for the establishment of an Académie royale de muienters patent in 1672 for the establishment of an Académie royale de musique, now the Grand Opéra; thereafter devoted himself to the theatre and became the real creator of French opera. His works include the 'pastoral' Les fêtes de l'Amour et de Bacchus (1672; a pasticcio from his earlier hallets and masques): Cadmus et Hermistagedy (1678); Atus, irrice tragedy (1678); Bellerophon, opera for tragedy (1683); Arivite tragedy (1683); Arivite tragedy (1683); Proserpine, Iyric tragedy (1683); Arivite tragedy (1683); Proserpine, iyric tragedy (1683); Arivite tragedy (1683); Parise tragedy (1683); Arivite tragedy (1683); Arivite tragedy (1685); L'Idylie de la Paix, our l'eglogue de Versailles, divertissement (1685); Le Temple de la Paix, our l'eglogue de Versailles, divertissement (1685); Le Temple de la Paix, opera ballet (1685); Arivite et Renaud, Iyric tragedy (1686); paris of Act I of Achille et Polyzène, lyric tragedy (1687; written with Colasse); also music to many ballets, masques, etc., symphonies, trios, airs for violin, a Te Deum, a Miserere, a four-part mass a cappella, motets, etc. Most of L.'s operas have been published by Breitkopf & Härtel in Chefs d'œuvres classiques de l'opèra français; Armide et Renaud has been published (full score and plano score) in Eitner's Monaischefte für Musikgeschichte, vol. XIV. Ref.: I. 382, 406ff, 414; II. 21; (influence on German composers) I. 415, 426; II. 52; VII. 7, 893; VIII. 30, 133, 324; IXX. 23ff, 28d, 459, 68, 237; X. 36, 37, 147, 148; mus. ex., XIII. 63; portrait, I. 408.

LUMBYE, Hans Christian (1810-1874): b. Copenhagen, also on tour.

LUND, John, conductor; chorus master and assistant to Leopoid Damnosch at the Met. Opera, New York; conductor at Thalia Theatre, New York; 1885.

LUNN (1) Henry Charles (1817-1894): b. Breslau, der teacher, finally director, of the King Quarter for the string quarter and assistant to Leopoid Damnosch at the Met. Opera, New York; conductor for the Str

same institution; edited the Musical Times, 1863-87; author of Musings of a Musician' (1846) and 'The Elements of Music' (1849). (2) John Robert (1831-1899): b. Worcester, d. Crafton, Yorkshire; composer of church music. (3) Charles (1838-1906): b. Birmingham, d. there; brother of (2); popular singer, trained in Italy, also teacher of vinging; author of 'The Philosophy of Voice' (1874, 10th ed., 1906); 'Vox Populi' (1880); also many articles in periodicals. periodicals.

periodicals.

LUPORINI, Gustav (1865-): b.

Lucca; composer of the operas Idispetti
amorosi (1894), La collana di Pasqua
(1896) and Nora (1908).

LUPOT, Nikolaus (1758-1824): b.

Stuttgart, d. Paris; famous French violin maker, sometimes called 'the French
Stradivarius': bis fother a pupul of Stradivarius'; his father, a pupil of Guarneri, lived 12 years as court violin maker in Stuttgart, where the boy was born. His violins now bring very high

son of (1); harpist and violinist. LUTHER, Martin (1483-1546): b. Eisleben, d. there; the great reformer, who undertook to remodel the musical services of the church incidentally to his other work, embodied his ideas in his Formula missae (1523), and in his order for the German Mass, first sung at Wittenberg, on Christmas Day, 1524. According to Johann Waither, he invented chorale tunes on the flute; compared to the control of the c posed the chorale tunes Ein' feste Burg ist unser Gott and Jesaia dem Pro-pheten das geschah; many others are attributed to him. He wrote or arattributed to film. He wrote of arranged the words of many chorales. Ref.: I. 255, 288ff; V. 147; VI. 53, 89, 90, 175ff, 236f, 484; portrait, VI. 80.

LUTKIN, Peter Christian (1858-):
b. Thompsonville, Wisconsin; organitated technical cridial Chicago Partin

b. Thompsonville, Wisconsin; organist and teacher; studied Chicago, Berlin and Vienna; organist Cathedral of SS. Peter and Paul, Chicago (1871-81), St. James Church (1891-96); director theoretical department, American Cons. of Music, Chicago; professor of music, since 1897 dean School of Music, Northwestern Univ.; conductor musical clubs and Chicago North Shore Festival Assn. (1909); lecturer on church music; contributor to musical magazines;

composer of church music; author of Music in the Church. Ref.: IV. 253f.
LUTSCHG (1) Karl (1839-1899): b.
St. Petersburg, d. Blankenburg; studied with Kiel, Richter, Kroll, Moscheles, and Henselt; assistant to Dreyschock at and Henselt; assistant to Dreyschock at the St. Petersburg Cons.; pub. several teaching editions of classical and modern text-books, and a volume, Klavier-Technik. (2) Waldemar (1877-); b. St. Petersburg; son and pupil of (1); concert pianist; teacher at the Chicago Musical College, 1905-6.
LUX, Friedrich (1820-1895); b. Ruhla, Thuringia, d. Mainz; brilliant organist, director and composer; studied with Fr. Schneider in Dessau; became director of the court theatre there, 1841; Kapellmeister of the Stati-

there, 1841; Kapellmeister of the Stadt-theater, Mainz, 1851-77; wrote much orchestral music, also three operas, a

dramatic scene, songs, etc.

LUYTHON, Charles (Luyton, Luiton) (19-1620): b. Antwerp, d. Prague; celebrated organist; court organist at Prague; wrote masses, sacred songs, a book of madrigals, etc., little of his organ music being known.

LWOFF, Alexis (1799-1871): b. Re-LWOFF, Alexis (1799-1871): b. Reval, d. near Kovno; adjutant of Czar Nicholas; brilliant violinist; director of the court music. His works include the operas Bianca e Gualtiero (Dresden, 1844); Undine (St. Petersburg, 1846); Der Dorfschulze Borts (St. Petersburg, 1854); also an operetta, Barbara; violin concertos, a fantasy, Le duel, for violin and 'cello; 24 caprices; church music, for chorus and orchestra; also composed the music to the Russian national anthem (1833): harmonized many of anthem (1833); harmonized many of the old Russian church songs; and wrote The Free and Unsymmetrical Rhythms of the Old Russian Church Chant' (1859); also published a violin method.

LYON (1) James (d. 1794): American clergyman and singing teacher, who composed anthems and odes, one of which, written at Princeton in 1759, con-stitutes one of two earliest recorded American compositions (Cf. Hopkinson, Francis). (2) James: contemp. organist at Liverpool; composer of orchestral works, organ pieces,

chestral works, organ pieces, vocal pieces, church services, etc.; author of technical treatises. Ref.: III. 442.

LYRA, Justus Wilhelm (1822-1873): b. Osnabrück, d. Gehrden, Hanover; composer of popular songs, one of which is Der Mai ist gekommen. L. has also written some music for the Evangelical Church.

LYSBERG, Charles Samuel (Bovy) (1821-1873): b. Geneva, d. there; brilliant pianist and prolific salon composer (nocturnes, caprices, waltzes, a romantic sonata, etc.); studied with Chopin in Paris, then became teacher in the Geneva Cons.; also produced one opera, La fille du carilloneur (Geneva, 1854).

1854).

LYSER, Johann Peter (1803-1870):
b. Flensburg, d. Hamburg; determined to become a musician, but, becoming deaf at the age of 16, turned to painting and writing. Yet even in his paintings and novels his love of music showed itself. He pub. Musikalisches Bilder-A B C (1850), etc., and was especially known in the music world on account of his excellent caricatures of Beethoven. Ref.: (caricature by) II. Beethoven. Ref.: (caricature by) II. 170.

LYVOVSKY, G. F. (1830-1894): Russian composer of church music. Ref .:

ADDENDA FOR BOOK I (A-L)

Abendroth Anerio

ABENDROTH, Hermann (1883-): rara; pub. 2 books of 4-part madrigals
Frankfort; at first a bookller; then studied with Ludwig in dramas. b. Thuille and A. Langenhan-Hirzel and became conductor of the Orchesterverein in Munich, Kapellmeister of the Society of the Friends of Music in Lubeck and first Kapellmeister at the Stadttheater there; since 1911 municipal Kapellmeister at Essen.

ADAM (1) (15th cent.): presumably a French composer, of

presumably a French composer, of whose works some chansons are preserved in Oxford (Cod. Can. 213). These were reprinted by Stainer in Dufay and his contemporaries.

AGOSTINO (4) Mezio (1875-): b. Fano; studied with his father, Mario Vitali, and at Liceo Rossini, Pesaro, under Pedrotti, etc.; theatre conductor in Italian and other towns, harmony professor at the Liceo Rossini, 1900. professor at the Liceo Rossini, 1900, director of Milan Cons. (successor to Wolf-Ferrari). He composed a sym-Wolf-Ferrari). The composed a symphony, 4 orch, suites, a string quartet, 2 trios (No. 1 [F maj.] prize-crowned in Paris), piano pieces, songs, a cantata A Rossini, and operas including Il cavaliere del sogno (prize, 1896, at

He cavaliere del sogno (prize, 1896, at Fano).

AICHINGER, Gregor. Add that he was organist at St. Ulrich and Afra, in the service of Jakob Fugger in Augsburg, and made several journeys to Italy for study. His works include 3 books of Sacrae cantiones 4-10 v. (1590, 1595; 1597, Venice and Nuremberg), Cantiones ecclesiasticae 3-4 v. c. B.c. (1607), Cantiones ecclesiasticae 3-4 v. c. B.c. (1607), Cantiones 2-5 v. c. B.c. (1609), Fasciculus sacr. harm. 4 v. (1606, with 3 ricercari), Lacramae D. Virginis et Johannis 5-6 v. (1604, etc.), Tricinia Mariana (1598), Divinae landes 3 v. (2 parts, 1602, 1608), Sacrae Det laudes (1609), Officium angeli custodis 4 v. (1617), Officium angeli custodis 4 v. (1617), Officium angeli custodis 4 v. (1617), Missae 5 v. (1606), 3 4-to 6-part masses (1616), Magnificat (1603) Virginalia (1607), Vulnera Christi 4 et 3 v. (1607), Sacra officia 4 v., 21 German church songs (1609), etc.

ALBAN, Matthias. Add that his sons Michael (in Graz, 1677-1730), and Joseph (in Bozen, 1680-1722) were also violin builders of renown. A Joseph Anton Alban worked in Bozen ca. 1750.

ALFONSO DELLA VIOLA (16th cent.): musician at the court of Ferica and statistical descentions of the candical (1603) spiritualia (1607), Johannia (1608), 1 book 3-part madrigals (1598), 1000 307

in dramas.

[d'] AMBROSIO, Alfredo (1871-1915): b. Naples, d. Nice; violinist and composer; pupil of Bossi at the Naples Cons., of Sarasate in Madrid and Wilhelmj in London; teacher, leader of a string quartet in Nice; composed an opera, a ballet, a string quartet, a string quintet, 2 violin concertos and numerous romances, etc., for violin.

AMFT, Georg (1873-): Add that he became Royal Musikdirektor in 1913.

ANCONA, Mario (1870-): b.

ANCONA, Mario (1870-): b. orence; dramatic baritone; aban-ANCONA, Mario (15/0- /; L. Florence; dramatic baritone; abandoned diplomacy for music and made his début in Trieste as Scindia in Massenet's Le Roi de Lahore; later sang in chief opera houses of Italy, at Covent Cardan at the Matropolitan and Man-Garden, at the Metropolitan and Manhattan Opera houses, New York, and in Spain, Portugal, Russia and Buenos Aires; has sung over 60 rôles (including Wagnerian rôles in German).

ANDREX, Volkmar: Add that he was made director of the Zurich Cons.

in 1914, and in the same year attained the Venia legendi at Zürich Univ. His music to Heine's Ratcliff was prod. at Essen (Tonkünstlerfest) in 1914.

307

2 books of 5-part do. (1587 [2nd ed.], large led in South Germany, to Paris 1585) and 6-part do. (1590), 1 book of 4-part canzonets (1586), others in collections. He also pub. Gioje, madrigali 5 v. di diversi (1589). (2) Giovanni Francesco: Add that he was probably a brother of (1); before becoming maestro at Verona Cathedral (1610), he was in the service of Sigismund III of conductor at the Haymarket, later Poland, and afterwards (1613-20) maeswas in the service of Sigismund III of Poland, and afterwards (1613-20) maestro di cappella at the Jesuit Church of S. Maria di Monti in Rome. He became a priest at the age of 49. His earliest printed works are a book of 5-part madrigals (1599), a book of 4-part galliards in tablature, a Dialogo pastorale al presepio in tablature. Besides these there are 3 books of madrigals (5-6 part, 1608; 1-2 part, 1611; 1-4 part, 1617), a book of 1-4 part motets, madrigals, canzonets, dialogues and arias (Selva armonica, 1617), a book of 1-3 part arias, canzonets and madrigals (La bella Clori armonica, 1619) and Teatro part arias, canzonets and madrigals (La bella Clori armonica, 1619) and Teatro armonico spirituale (5-8 part sacred madrigals, Biblical dialogues, etc.), which has important bearing on the early history of the oratorio. Of his church works there have also been traced a book of 4-6 part masses, 3 books of motets (1-6 part with cont., 1609, 1611, 1613 [also litanies]), 5 books of Sacrae cantiones (2-6 part with cont., 1613-18), 7-8 part litanies and antiphons (1611), Responsoria de nativitate domini Venite exultemus. Te deum (3-8 part, 1614), Ghirlanda di sacre rose (5 part, 1619), 3-4 part vesper psalms and 4-part Cantica B.M.V. (1620), also scattered works in collec-(1620), also scattered works in collec-

tions.

[d']ARIENZO, Nicola. Add the titles of his operas: La fidanzata del perruchiere (Naples, 1860), I due mariti (1866), Le rose (1866), Il cacciatore delle Alpi (1869), Il cuoco (1873), La figlia del diavolo (seria, 1879), La fiera (1887), I viaggi (1875); Lesbo di Rodio and Capitan Fracassa (not prod.). He also wrote 2 quartets, 1 quintet, 1 nonet, 2 'cello concertos, 2 violin concertos, a canonic piano sonata, other piano pieces, a 5-part Miserer (a cappella), a 6-part Siabat Mater, w. organ and strings, Christo sulla croce (soli, chor. and orch.), 2 symphonies, orch. pieces, choral works w. orch., etc. His theoretical writings include Il sistema tetracordale nella musica moderna recrios, a canonic piano sonata, other piano pieces, a 5-part Miserere (a cappella), a 6-part Stabat Mater, w. organ and strings, Christo sulla croce (soli, chor. and orch.), 2 symphonies, orch. pieces, choral works w. orch., etc. His theoretical writings include Il sistema (1878), and Scuola di composizione musicale (1899), also historical studies on Gesualdo di Venosa (1891), early comic opera, early and modern opera, etc. He is the teacher of Leoncavallo, di Nardi, etc., etc.

ARIOSTI, Attilio: Add that from Berlin he went to the court of the Duke of Anjou, then gained the favor of Emperor Joseph, and became his general agent for Italy, but had to relinquish his patent on the Emperor's death. He returned to his monastery in 1712, and

Entitisiation Wagnerian, Settleti in London 1863 and became an important factor among the progressive element there; was associated with H. Richter in the London Wagner productions, conductor at the Haymarket, later Drury Lane; prod. Tristan at Covent Garden, lectured on modern composers in England and America; stage conductor in Bayreuth, 1884-94; musical advisor to the London County Council. He edited songs of Liszt, ballades of Loewe and 4 books of 'Wagner Lyrics.' ARMSTRONG (2) William Dawson (1868-): b. Alton, Ill., pupil of Clarence Eddy, etc.; organist and teacher in St. Louis and in Alton, Ill., composed 2 operas, 'The Spectre Bridegroom' and 'Claudia,' operettas, etc.

ARRIOLA, [Pepito] Rodriguez (1896-): b. Coruna, Spain; a musical prodigy at 4 years of age, pupil of Nikisch.

Nikisch.

ARS, or Volkov [Nikolai] Andreievitch (1857-): b. Moscow; studied in Geneva and Milan; composed a
symphonic poem, a waltz, polonaise
for violin and orch.; translated Gevaert and Kastner into Russian.

ATTEGNATI: family of famous
Italian organ builders. Ref.: VI, 405.

AUBERT, Louis François Marie
(1877-); b. Paramé; pupil of Diémer and Fauré at the Paris Cons.; published several collections of songs; fantasy for piano and orch., an opera La

lished several collections of songs; fantasy for piano and orch., an opera La Forêt Bleue (1906; in Boston, 1913). He writes in an idion akin to that of Debussy. Ref.: III. 363.

AUBRY, Pierre (1874-1910): b. Paris, d. Dieppe; professor of oriental languages, head of the department of music in the Ecole des hautes études sociales, author of several essays on mediæval and Oriental music, also numerous contributions to the Mercure musical, many of which were later published separately.

AUSTIN, Ernest (1874-): b.

different tendencies from those of his father, B.'s true merits have undoubtedly been underestimated.

BAND, Erich (1876-): b. Berlin, where he studied piano and composition at the Royal High School for Music, conductor in Mayence, Bremen and Rostock; Musikdirektor, 1905, became court Kapellmeister at the Stuttgart Hoftheater, also conductor of two Hoftheater, also conductor of two choral societies. He pub. a sonata and

BARBELLA, Emanuele (1704-1773): b. Naples, d. there; son of Francesco B. (composer of sonatas for violin and bass), pupil of Leonardo Leo and Padre Martini; pub. trio sonatas (2 v. and cont.) and melodious duets of violins, for violin and 'cello, also violin sonatas with cont.; with Logroscino composed an opera, Elmira generosa (Naples, 1753).

Logroscino composed an opera, Elmira generosa (Naples, 1753).

BARBI, Alice (1862-): b. Modena; studied violin playing with her father, but adopted singing as a profession, studying with Zamponi, Busi and Vannucini; made her début in Milan, 1882. She also wrote poems, some of which were set to music by Bozzini, and edited a valuable collection of arias. She married Baron Wolff-Stomersen in 1897 Wolff-Stomersen in 1897.

BARBOUR, Florence Newell (1867-): b. Providence, R. I.; pianist, Newell and composer of piano suites, piano duets, choruses for women's voices, children's songs, anthems, organ and chamber music.

chamber music.

BARNEKOW, Christian (1837-1913): b. St. Sauveur, French Pyrenees, of Danish parents, d. Copenhagen; studied with E. Helstedt there; president of the Society for the Publication of Danish Music, 1871-87, of the Copenhagen Musical Society, 1895; professor, 1891. He composed chamber music, idylls for string orch., 2 concert fantasies for organ, op. 28, organ preludes (4 books), 4-hand Humoresques for plano, and many vocal works, including 4 choruses for women's voices and orch., mixed and men's choruses, sacred orch., mixed and men's choruses, sacred choruses w. organ, cantatas, duets and

choruses w. organ, cantatas, duets and songs (cycles), sacred songs and popular melodies; edited 8 books of old sacred songs (J. C. F. Bach, C. P. E. Bach, J. A. P. Schultz) with organ, selected works of Buxtehude for plano 4 hands, and pub. a chorale book (2 parts, 1678 (6th ed.], 1892).

BARNETT (4) Nevill George (1854-1895): b. London, d. Picton, New South Wales; studied organ with J. L. Hopkins, organist in London, then in Sydney, Australia, where he was also mus. director of the Synagogue, teacher at the Institution for the Blind, and music critic for leading newspapers. He choral societies. He pub. a sonata and other pieces for piano, a string quartet, romance for 'cello and orch., and songs; revised Auber's Domino noir, and wrote Zur Entwicklungsgeschichte des modernen Orchesters, etc.

BANDINI, Primo (1857-): b. Parma; studied there; composed 3 operas, produced Parma, Milan, Turin.
BARBARINO, Bartolomeo (early 17th cent.): b. Fabriano (Ancona) [hence called da Fabriano, but 'DETTO IL PESARINO'], was singer in the service of Monsignor G. della Rovere in Padua, 1800

ers' Courses for Vocal Teachers and Choral Conductors. He pub., aside from non-musical works, Zur Lehre von den Tönen und Gerauschen (1887), Bestimmung der Hörschärfe (1888), Dekrement abschwingender Stimmgabeln (1888) and other essays in anatomical journals, etc., also ber die Bildung der menschlichen Stimme (Leipzig, 1904) and Klang und Tonhöhe der Smechstimme (ib. 1906). (8) der Sprechstimme (ib., 1906). (8)

Hermann (1866-): b. Luxemburg;
preacher in Ruhlsdorf and Marienwerder; pub. J. S. Bach (1902), Geschichte der geistlichen Musik (1903),
Fragwürdige Choral-melodien (1904),

BARTOSCH, Karl (1877-); b. Brünn; pupil of Otto Kitzler and of the Brünn Cons.; conductor at the theatres of Brünn, Heidelberg and Mannheim, where he became Musikdirektor and organist of the principal synagogue.

organist of the principal synagogue. He composed male choruses, songs, orch. pieces, Die Jungfrau for male chor. with orch. and organ, etc.

BARTZ, Johannes (1848-): b. Stargard, Pomerania; studied with Hauptmann and Reinecke at the Leipzig Cons., organist at the Church of St. Peter and St. Paul in Moscow from 1872, and conductor of choruses. He prod. an 'Evangelical Requiem,' etc.; an opera 'The Sergeant,' an orch. suite, an oratorio, 'The Heavenly Messenger,' a string quartet; pub. 3 piano sonatas, a violin sonata, 12 motets, 12 books of popular songs, etc.

BATHE, William (1564-1614): b.

BATHE, William (1564-1614): b. Ireland, d. Madrid; author of a theoretical work entitled 'A Brief Introoretical work entitled 'A Brief Intro-duction to the True Art of Musicke' (1584), also 'A Brief Introduction to the Skill of Song' (1600), which is remarkable for its attempt to set cer-tain rules for the use of accidentals and as signalizing the change from the hexachord system to the octave scales. He also works a pedsocical work

head of a polyclinic at Marburg Univ., land 1895, at Breslau Univ., and 1896 at Leipzig Univ., where he devoted him self chiefly to researches on vocal culture and the breathing capacity of singers; also gave lectures on acoustics and physiology of the voice in Borchers' Courses for Vocal Teachers and Choral Conductors. He muh aside direk a collections, also, with Humper-Choral Conductors. books of practice songs for mixed chor, women's chor, and male chor, and other collections, also, with Humperdinck, a collection of piano music.

dinck, a collection of piano music.

BAUERLE, Hermann (1869-):
b. Ebersberg, Wurttemberg, son of a teacher; ordained priest (1895); studied under E. Kauffmann, and with Haberl at the Church Music School in Ratisbon; court chaplain, 1899; teacher of harmony and counterpoint at Ratisbon, 1901; Dr. phil., 1906; honorary canon of Palestrina and Monsignore (1906), was exempted as court chaplain canon of Palestrina and Monsignore (1906), was exempted as court chaplain (1908); is now clergyman in Reutlingendorf, Wurttemberg; composed numerous sacred vocal pieces a cappella; wrote Palestrina muss populärer werden (1903) a Repetitorium der Harmonielehre (1902); edited (1903) Bibliothek alt-klassischer Kirchenmusik in moderner Notation (Palestrina, Lasso, Vittoria, J. J. Fux); author of Liturgie (theory of the Catholic cult, 1908); Der Vatikanische Choral in Reformnotation (1907); pub. a Grad-Reformnotation (1997); pub. a Grad-uale parvum, Kyriale parvum and Kyriale missae in his reform-notation; composer of over 60 works (graduals,

offertories, masses, etc.).

BAUSSNERN, Waldemar von (1866-): b. Berlin; pupil of Kiel and Bargiel at the Royal High School and Bargiel at the Royal High School there; conductor of the Mannheim Musikverein and Lehrergesangverein, 1891, of the Dresden Liedertafel, 1895, also the Dresden Bachverein and later the Chorverein; teacher at the Cologne Cons., 1903, and conductor of the Cologne Tonkunstlerverein; director of the Grand Ducal Music School in Weimar. He was made professor in 1910. B. composed Gesang der Sappho, for alto and orch., 3 symphonies (No. 3, Leben), an orch. ballade, an overture, a string quartet, a piano quintet, a a string quartet, a piano quintet, a piano quintet with strings, clarinet and horn, serenade for piano, violin and clarinet, a string sextet and other cham-ber music; yocal works (sop. or tenor) hexachord system to the octave scales. He also wrote a pedagogical work fanua linguarum (Salamanca, 1611), which in the main prefigures Commenius. B. became a Jesuit in Tournai in 1591, took orders in 1599, and was subsequently director of the Jesuit Coleges in Lisbon and Salamanca.

BATTKE, Max (1863-): b. Schiffuss, East Prussia, studied in Königsberg and Berlin (Royal High School and Master School of the Academy); teacher at the Stern Cons., the Konservatorium des Westens, and conductor of the Mozart Choir; founded emy); teacher at the Stern Cons., the Konservatorium des Westens, and conductor of the Mozart Choir; founded seminary for music in 1900, which in 1910 became the 'Seminar für Schulgedsang.' In 1902 he founded the Jugend

romances, which became salon favorites.

BEATTIE, James (1735-1803): b.
Lawrencekirk, Scotland, d. Aberdeen; professor of moral philosophy; wrote Essays on Poetry and Music as They Affect the Mind, 1776 (1779), and Letter... on the Improvement of Psalmody in Scotland, 1778' (1829).

BECKER (12) Hugo (1864—): b. Strassburg; excellent quartet player; studied under his father, Jean B., Kanut, Kündinger, Friedrich Grutzmacher, Sen., Karl Hess in Dresden, and with Piatti and Jules de Swerts; became solo 'cellist of the opera orch. in Frankfort (1884-86); member of the Heermann quartet (1890-1906); teacher of 'cello and chamber music at the Hoch Conservatory; since Piatti's death (1901) his successor as 'cellist of the London Monday Concerts; Royal professor (1896); member of the Stockholm Royal Academy (1902); succeeded Rob. Hausmann as head teacher of 'cello at the Royal High School for Music in Berlin (1909). His playing is distinguished by classic dignity and void of all virtuoso eccentricities. He composed a 'cello concerto in A major (1898), variations and pieces for 'cello; E. d'Albert, Bazzini, Chevillard and Dohnānyi dedicated compositions to him.

BECKMANN (1) Wilhelm Gustav dedicated compositions to him.

BECKMANN (1) Wilhelm Gustav (1865-): b. Bochum; pupil of Radecke and Löschhorn at the Royal Institute for Church Music in Berlin; school singing teacher there, then conductor of the Evangelical Church Choir ductor of the Evangelical Church Choir there and in 1896 organist at the Kreuz-kirche in Essen; Royal Musikdirektor, 1906; founded the Evangelical Organists' Society for the Rhineland and Westphalia, 1899, and the Society of Evangelical Church Musicians of Prussia, 1908 (Berlin). He pub. several hymn-books, wrote (with Hackenberg and Klingemann) Grundsätze und Richtlinien für Pfarrer und Organisten (1911).

BECKMAN, Bror (1866-): b. Kristinehamn, Sweden; pupil of J. Lindegren; director of the Stockholm Conservatory (1904); composed orchestral works (Symphony in F major, 'Summer Nights,' for string orch.), vocal pieces with orch and with plano, chamber music (violin sonata, op. 1) and pieces for piano.

Behm. Eduard (1862-): b. Stet-Conservatory (1904); composed orchestral works (Symphony in F major, strumental works. He was co-director 'Summer Nights,' for string orch.), vocal pieces with orch. and with piano, chamber music (violin sonata, op. 1) and pieces for piano.

Behn State Hymnen und Sequentation; studied at Leipzig Cons. and in for Dr. phil., Leipzig, 1896 (pub. in ex-

Alliance of Musick, Poetry and Oratory' (1789) and pub. a collection of anthem texts with a preface on church music.

BAWR, Alexandine Sophie, Comtesse de (née Baroness Champgrand) (1773-1860): b. Paris, d. there; married Saint-Simon, 1789, then the Russian Count Bawr. She was a pupil of Grétry, pub. a Histoire de la musique (1823, also German, 1826), and wrote romances, which became salon favorites.

BEATTIE, James (1735-1803): b. Lawrencekirk, Scotland, d. Aberdeen; professor of moral philosophy; wrote

nis (1914).
BEIER, Franz (1857-1914): b. Berlin; student and teacher at the Stern Cons. Dr. phil., Rostock, 1883, with a study on Froberger, theatre chorus director at Aachen and at Cassel, Royal Kapellmeister there in 1899. He prod. an operetta (1890) and a parody (1888); arranged Spohr's Kreuzfahrer.
BELLAIGUE, Camille (1858-): b. Paris; studied law, also music with Paladilhe and Marmontel; became music critic of the Correspondant 1884. of

Paladilhe and Marmontel; became music critic of the Correspondant 1884, of the Revue des Deux Mondes in 1885; also contributor to Le Temps. His collected studies were pub. as L'année musicale (1886-91, 5 vols.), L'année musicale et dramatique (1893), Un siècle de musique française (1887), Psychologie musicale (1893), Portraits et silhouettes des musiciens (1896, English, 1897), Eudes musicales et nouvelles silhouettes de musiciens (3 vols., 1898-1907, Eng., 1897), Impressions musicales et littéraires (1900), Les époques de la musique (2 vols., 1909), Mozart (1906) and Mendelssohn (1907).

BELLINCIONI, Gemma (1864-):

BELLINCIONI, Gemma (1864-): b. Monza, Piemont, coloratura so-prano, studied under her father, Ce-sare B. and Corsi, debut in Pedrotti's sare B. and Corsi, debut in Pedrotti's Tutti in maschera (Naples, 1881); toured with Tamberlick in Spain and became one of the most celebrated prima donnas of Italy and abroad; married the tenor Stagno; created a number of prima donna rôles in modern 'veristic' operas (Cavalleria rusticana, Nozze Istriane, etc.); directress of an operatic school in Charlottenburg since 1911; pub. a Gesungschule. Her daughter Bianca made her debut as soprano in Graz, 1913.

BERGIRON DU FORT-MICHON [de Briou], Nicolas Antoine (1890-1768); b. Lyon, d. there; founded the Académie des Beaux-Arts there, a concert organization which maintained weekly concerts with chorus and order to reasonable.

weekly concerts with chorus and or-chestra for a period of 60 years and for which he composed vocal and in-

panded form, 1898); edited the new edition of H. Abert's arias (Denkmäler d.T., vol. 12-12), and pub. with G. Holz and Franz Saran, the Jena Song MS. with transcription into modern notation (1901). In 1910 he became docent at Zürich Univ., having written a study, Aus Liederbuchern der Humanistenzeit. He also pub. Oratorientexte Händels (1905) and Hector Berlioz als Ästhetliker der Klangfarben (1909). He has prepared new editions of Prætorius' Syniagma musicum, III (1620) and a fac-simile edition of Attaignant's tablatures of dances of the years 1530 and 1531.

BIENSTOCK, Heinrich (1894-): b. Mülhausen, Alsace; studied with Georg Haeser and Hans Huber in Basle, and at the Royal High School in Basic, and at the Royal High School Berlin (conducting); composed a one-act opera Zuleima in 1911 (Karlsruhe, 1913), a 4-act pantomime Die Bezwinger des Lebens and a 3-act opera Eine Künstlertragödie. He was coach at the Karlsruhe Hoftheater and now resides in Munich.

BITTNER, Julius: Add that in 1915 he won the Vienna Mahler prize.

BOCQUET, Roland: contemp. man composer of songs and piano pieces, incl. a Ballade (op. 22) and 2 Preludes (op. 23).

Preludes (op. 23).

BOHNKE, Emil (1888-): b. Zdunska Wola, Russian Poland, studied with Sitt and Krehl at the Leipzig Cons. and Gernsheim in Berlin; composer of a prize-crowned trio, a string quartet, a symph. overture (MS.), also piano pieces (pub.).

BOLZONI, Giovanni (1841-); b. Parma; studied at the Cons. there; viocinist; was concert-master in Savona, director of the Morlacchi Conservatory, Perugia; then in Piacenza, now in Turin as director of the Music Lyceum and concert-master at the Royal Theatre. He composed the opera Il matrimonio civile (Parma, 1870), La stella delle Alpı (Savona, 1876) and Jella (Piacenza, 1881), a symphony, several overtures, serenades, etc., for small orch., pieces for string instr., some wpiano, piano pieces, etc.

piano, piano pieces, etc. BOMTEMPO, João Domingos (1775-BOMTEMPO, João Domingos (1775-1842): b. Lisbon, d. there; pupil of his father. Francisco Xavier B. (d. 1795), a native of Foggia, Naples, oboist and Royal chamber musician. B. studied further in Paris, where he appeared as piamist with the violinist, Felipe Libon, in 1809 and prod. his first symphony in the same year. Shortly after he joined Clementi in London, returned in 1815 to Lisbon, where, after further visits to London and Paris, he founded at Philharmonic Society, which existed till 1828. In 1833 B. became director of the newly founded Royal Cons. He wrote 6 symphonies, 4 piano concertos, a piano quintet, 4 piano sextets, sonatas (partly with violin), variations, masses,

a Requiem and an opera, also pub. a

a Requiem and an opera, also pub. a Plano School.

BONAVENTURA, Arnaldo (1862-): b. Leghorn; studied law and chemistry, abandoning both for musicology. He became teacher of musical history and æsthetics, also librarian, at the Royal Institute of Music in Florence. He pub. compositions of Peri, Frescobaldi, Barbara Strozzi, etc., and wrote Manuale di Storia della musica (Leghorn, 1898, 4th ed., 1913), Storia degli stromenti musicali (ib. 1905), Dante e la musica (ib. 1904), La vita musicale in Toscana (Florence, 1910), Saggio storico sul teatro musicale Italiano, La esumazioni delle Musica antica, Le forme della musica strumentale da camera, Nicolo Paganini (1911), I violinisti Italiani moderni, besides large works concerning literary history.

BOOTT, Francis: Add that he composed under the pseudonym Teleodo.

BOPP, Wilhelm (1863-): b.

BOPP, Wilhelm (1863-): b. Mannheim; pupil of Jean Becker, Ferd. Langer and Hänlein there, of Schradieck, Jadassohn, etc., at Leipzig Cons., and Emil Paur in Mannheim; in 1884 became conductor of the Liedertafel in Freiburg i, B., in 1886 solo répétiteur at the Frankfort Stadtheater; assisted Mottl in Karlsruhe and Bayreuth; in at the Frankfort Stadtheater; assisted Mottli in Karlsruhe and Bayreuth; in 1889 returned to Mannheim as teacher at the Cons.; critic, leader of a mixed quartet and a chamber music society for the cultivation of Brahms' music, also of a second vocal quartet (with his wife, Frau Bopp-Glasen), which as Nouvelle Société Philharmonique appeared successfully in Paris; opened a High School of Music under the patronage of the Grand Duchess of Wurttemberg. In 1907 he was made director of the Cons. of the Friends of Music in Vienna, which, under his incumbency, became a state institution (Imp. and Royal Academy for Music and Dramatic Art). He is Grand-Ducal professor.

BOSE, Fritz von (1885-); b. Königstein-on-the-Elbe; studied piano with H. Klesse in Leipzig and became a pupil of Jadassohn and Reinecke at the Cons. there, later of Bülow in Ham-

with H. Riesse in Leipzig and became a pupil of Jadassohn and Reinecke at the Cons. there, later of Bülow in Hamburg. In 1888 he first appeared as pianist in Leipzig, in 1893 he became teacher in the Karlsruhe Cons., in 1893 at the Leipzig Cons.; professor, 1912. He is particularly noted as chamber music player. He composed mixed and male choruses and piano pieces.

HOSSELET, Charles [François Maria] (1812-1873): b. Lyons, d. St. Josse ten Node, near Brussels; studied at the Royal School of Music there; was theatre conductor at Boulogne-sur-Mer; again pupil of the Brussels Cons. (reorganized by Fétis); second conductor at the Royal Opera, 1835; professor of harmony at the Cons., 1840; composer of many male quartets, also ballets prod. at the Théâtre de la Monnaie, and church music.

BOURDELOT, Pierre (Pierre Michon) (1610-1685): b. Sens, d. at the Abbey Macé; Royal physician (1642); collected the material for a history of music at which he began to work with his nephew, Pierre Bonnet (1638-1708), whose brother Jacques (d. 1724) finished and published it as Histoire de la musique et de see effets. toire de la musique et de ses effets (Paris, 1715, 2nd ed. 1726, with a Comparaison de la musique italienne et la musique française by Lecerf de Vieville as 2nd-4th parts; in this form also a new edition in 1743).

also a new edition in 1743).

BRESLAUER, Emil (1836-1899): b.

Kottbus, d. Berlin; was at first a
preacher of the Jewish Congregation in

Kottbus, but from 1863 devoted himself to music. After studying at the
Stern Cons. in Berlin (Kiel, Stern, etc.)
he became teacher of piano and theory
at the Kullak Academy, and later
founded a conservatory and seminary at the kullak Academy, and later founded a conservatory and seminary for the training of piano teachers. In 1883 he became choir-director of the Reformed Synagogue and was also active as critic for leading newspapers. He founded the Verein der Musiklehrer und -Lehrerinnen in Berlin, which in 1886 was expanded and became the Deutsche Musiklehrer-Verband. From 1878 he edited the pedagogical periodical Der Klauveriehrer and he pub. Die technischen Grundlagen des Klavierspiels (1874), which earned for him the title of professor, also a Notenschreibschule, a Methodik des Klavierunterrichts, a Methodik des Klavierunterrichts (1886, 1896), a Führer durch die Klavierunterrichts-Literatur (1887), a Klavierschule (3 vols., 18th ed., 1898) and Melodiebildungslehre (2nd ed., 1895). He also pub. a number of sacred and secular choruses, songs, plano pieces, a serenade for string or piano pieces, a serenade for string or-

piano pieces, a serenade for suring or-chestra, etc.

BRANBERGER, Johann (1877-):
b. Prague, where he graduated from the Cons.; Dr. phil., Prague, 1905; studied musicology under Kretzschmar, Wolf and Friedländer at Berlin Univ. and visited the libraries of Germany and France. In 1906 he became pro-fessor and secretary of the Prague Cons.; edited the periodical Dalibor, active as music critic and with Spitta, arranged historical concerts in Prague. active as music critic and with Spitta, arranged historical concerts in Prague. He pub. a 'Catechism of General Musical History,' 'On the Music of the Jews,' 'Rhythm and Tone,' 'How Shall We Listen to Music?' (in Bohemian), Musikgeschichtliches aus Böhmen (Ger.) and edited old Bohemian music. His wife Doubhrayke Braybarden Caris

(Pierre | at important concerts in Paris and London, founded a quartet with Marsick in Paris; since 1890 resident in Mos-cow. He wrote solos for 'cello, some with orch.

BREITKOPF & HARTEL: Add that the firm co-operated with the Bach und Handel-Gesellschaft from its inception in the publication of the com-plete works of Bach and Handel. Since then it has undertaken independently monumental complete editions of the works of Mozart, Beethoven, Pales-trina, Orlando di Lasso, Mendelssolm, trina, Orlando di Lasso, Mendelssohn, Schumann, Schubert, Haydn, Wagner, Liszt and Berlioz. Branches of the house were established in Brussels, London and New York, the last-named becoming an independent corporation (B. & H., Incorporated) in 1916. The printing and art shops of B. & H. employ some 800 workers. New buildings were added in 1913. A son of O. von Hase, Hermann von Hase (q.v.) entered the firm in 1904.

BRÜCKNER. Karl (1893.

Hase, Hermann von Hase (q.v.) emered the firm in 1904.

BRUCKNER, Karl (1893—): b. Gotenburg, Sweden; son of Gustav B., a music teacher; pupil of Sitt in Leipzig and of the Leipzig Cons.; appeared as violinist at the age of 6 and has scored phenomenal success.

BRUNE, Adolf Gerhard (1870—): b. Bakkum, Hanover, studied with his father and at the seminary in Osnabruck, went to America, was organist in Peoria, Ill., and continued his studies in Chicago with E. Liebling and B. Ziehn; became teacher at the Chicago Musical College in 1898. He pub. a violin sonata, 2 ballades for piano, 2 piano suites, 4 string quartets, a string quintet, a trio, a piano quartet, 3 symphonies, 2 overtures, symphonic poems and large choral works, also organ pieces.

BRZEZINSKA (1) Philipine (nee

organ pieces.

BRZEZINSKA (1) Philipine (née Szymanowska) (1806-1886): b. Warsaw, d. there; composed piano pieces and sacred songs, of which one, Me opuszczi nas, is very popular in Poland. (2) Franciszek (1867-): b. Warsaw; grandson of (1); studied with Kiszyński and Zaviski, also under Krehl, Reger, Nikisch and R. Hofmann, composer of piano pieces (Polish Suite, toccata, preludes and fugues), a violin sonata and a piano concerto (MS.). (MS.).

sical History, 'On the Music of the Jews,' Rhythm and Tone,' How Shall We Listen to Music?' (in Bohemian), and edited old Bohemian music. His wife, Doubravka Branberger-Cernock (b. Prague, 1885), is a concert singer and vocal teacher, and pub. a Pedagogical Survey of Vocal Literature (in Bohemian).

BRANDUKOFF, Anatol [Andreievitch] (1859-): b. Moscow; 'cellist, studied at the Moscow Cons., lived in Paris till 1889. He made his debut under Saint-Saëns at Angers, appeared

notable, considering their period, for their unity, simplicity and breadth of style.

CALZABIGI, Raniero da: Add that he wrote Dissertazione su le poesie drammatiche del Abbate Pietro Metastasio (1775), and an answer to a Riposta to the same.

CAPPI (1) Giovanni (early 19th cent.): publisher, who, after leaving the firm of Artaria & Co. (q.v.), foundthe firm of Artaria & Co. (q.v.), founded an art firm under his own name (Johann C.), which was continued after his death by his widow and son. Joseph Czerny became a partner in 1824 (Cappi & Co., 1824; Cappi & Czerny, 1826) and C. left the firm in 1828, which then became 'Josef Czerny, Mathias Traussen bought it in 1832. (2) Peter; also left the Artaria firm (1816) to found the publishing house of 'Peter Cappi.' With A. Diehl as partner the firm became 'Cappi & Diabelli,' and, after C. was succeeded by C. A. Spina, 'Diabelli & Co.' In 1852 Spina alone continued the business under his own name. der his own name.

CAPRIOLO (or Caproli), Carlo, DETTO IL VIOLINO (17th cent.): left Rome at the invitation of Mazarin, and in Paris prod. the opera Le nozze di Tete e Peleo (April 14, 1654), the text being written by Buti. He also wrote an oratorio, Davide (1683), and was one of the creators of the cantata.

CAVOS, Catterino: At the age of 12 CAVOS, Catterino: At the age of 12 he wrote a homage cantata on the occasion of a visit of Emperor Leopold II to Venice. He went to St. Petersburg in 1797 as a member of an Italian opera troupe and 2 years later became conductor at the Imperial Theatre. From 1803 he also directed the Russian opers and from 1806 confined himself opera and from 1806 confined himself to this activity, while writing operas for 3 troupes—French, Italian and Rusfor 3 troupes—French, Italian and Russian. The comic operas Les trois bossus and Les trois sullanes were his first successes, followed by 'Russalka' and 'Ilia the Hero' (1806), also 'Ivan Sussanin' (1815). He wrote further 'The Fugitive Bridegroom' (1806), 'The Reasants' (with Bulant, 1814), 'The Ruins of Babylon' (1818), 'Dobrynia Nikitish' (with Antonolini, 1818), 'Swetlana' (1822), 'Confusion' (1823), 'The Youth of John III' (1823), 'The Wountains of Piemont, or The Devil's Bridge' (with Lehnhardt, 1825), 'Miroslava' (1827); also the operetta 'Poet and Cossack' (1812), the ballets 'Zephyr and Flora' (1808), 'Cupid and Psyche' (1810), 'Love of Country' (1813-14), and Cossack' (1812), the ballets 'Zephyr and Flora' (1808), 'Cupid and Psyche' (1810), 'Love of Country' (1813-14), 'Acis and Galatea' (1815), 'Carlos and Rosealba' (1817), 'Roland and Morgana' (1825), 'Phedra' (with Turik, 1825), and 'Satan' (with Turik and Shelichoff, 1825), also many dramas and comedies. C. became inspector (1821), then director (1832) of all the Imperial Orchestras and his salary reached 21,000 rubles. reached 21,000 rubles.

CAZZATTI, Maurizio (ca. 1620-1677): b. Guastalla, d. Mantua; was chamber conductor to the Duke of Sabioneta at Bozolo, 1647, maestro di cappella at San Maria Maggiore, Bergamo, 1653, at Bologna, 1657, and maestro to the Duchess Anna Isabella of Mantua from 1673 till his death. He is remembable as a composer of instru is remarkable as a composer of instru-mental music and was the teacher of G. B. Vitali, with whom he developed a more compact form from the hitherto loose and variegated style of sonata writing. He wrote over 60 works and also produced masses, psalms, motets, and other church music, most of which and other church music, most of which were written in the new 4-part style with instruments and only some for 4 or more parts a cappella, also many arias, cantatas, chamber duets, madrigals and solo canzonets, others for 2 or 3 voices with continuo, besides 4 books of sonatas for string instruments with cont. (3-5 parts, 1642, 1648, 1656, 1677), and 2 books of dance movements (3-5 parts) (3-5 parts).

CHEVALLIER, [ERNST AUGUST] Heinrich (1848-1908): b. Hanover; Heinrich (1848-1908); b. Hanover; studied there and in Hamburg, where he founded and conducted the Lehrergesangverein and the Chorverein. He pub. choral songs, of which many became popular, also songs, piano pieces, violin pieces, etc., and left a comic

opera, etc.

CHINTZER, Giovanni (18th cent.): presumably Italian composer of many trio sonatas (2 violins and cont.) and 4-part symphonies, also duets for flute or violin and sonatas and other solo pieces for violin and bass (printed in Paris, ca. 1740). He also wrote some church music and arias with instru-ments (MS. preserved in Dresden and Vienna), also 6 operettas and 2 oratorios.

CHIPP, Edmund Thomas (1823-1886): b. London, d. Nice; eminent organist occupying various posts in the British Isles, became organist and cholrmaster at Edinburgh Cathedral in 1867; composed an oratorio Job, a biblical idyll Naomi, besides 2 Te Deums, a service, a Gloria for men's voices, and pub. a book of organ pieces, small choruses and a collection entitled Music for the Church Service.

CHITZ, CHITZ, Arthur (1882-): b. Prague; studied natural sciences and music in Vienna, Prague and Dresden; Dr. phil. with Die Hofmusikkapelle Kaiser Rudolf II.; studied composition with Novak and F. Spilka, piano and violin with Holfeld, Mařak and Bandler; devoted himself to the study of Beethoven's early period, and pub. Beethovens Kompositionen für Mandoline, Une Œuvre inconnue de Beethoven, teaches theory and musical his-Arthur (1882etc.; teaches theory and musical history in Dresden.

CHLADNI, Ernst [Florens Friedrich] (1756-1827): b. Wittenberg, d.

Breslau; studied law and became do-cent in Wittenberg, then studied nat-ural sciences and later lectured on CROCE, Benedetto (1866-): b. ural sciences and later lectured on acoustics, making his discoveries known all over Europe. His name is permanently connected with the Chladnian tone figures, i.e., the peculiar regular, star-like formations which are produced, if a glass plate, strewn with sand, is set in vibration by a bow. He also invented the 'Euphon' (a glass-rod instrument) and the 'Clavi-cylinder' (a glass-rod plano). He wrote Die Akustik (1802, French, 1809), Neue Beytrage zur Akustik (1817), Beytrage zur praktischen Akustik (1821), Kurze übersicht der Schall- und Klanglehre (1827) and many other studies on acoustics pub-

der Schall- und Klanglehre (1827) and many other studies on acoustics published in various periodicals.

CLARK (1) Richard (1780-1856):
b. Datchet (Bucks); d. London; laypriest of St. George's and Eton College; lay-vicar of Westminster Abbey and vicar choral of St. Paul's; made a name with his glees, anthems, etc., but especially with a few monographs ('Reminiscences of Handel' (1836), on 'God Save the King,' on the etymology of the word 'Madrigal'); wrote 'Reading and Playing from Score Simplified' (1838); pub. a collection of texts to popular glees, madrigals, rondos and catches (1814). (3) (C.-STEINIGER), Frederick Horace, also called Leo St. Damian (1860-): b. America; studied at the Leipzig Cons. and with Deppes; lives in Halensee near Berlin; fantastic and eccentric theorist on plano playing; and eccentric theorist on piano playing; wrote Die Lehre des einheitlichen Kunstmittels bei dem Klavierspiel (1885), Phorolyse des Klavierspiels (1885), Liszts Offenbarung, Schlüssel zur Fretheit des Individuums (1907), Pianistenharmonie (1910), Brahms-Noblesse (1914)

lost.

CROCE, Benedetto (1866-): b. Pescasseroli (Agulla); philosopher in Naples; hon. Dr. phil. of the University of Freiburg; Italian senator; directed the publication of Classica della filosofia moderna (24 vols.) and Scrittori d'Italia (40 vols. at present); wrote I teatri di Napoli nei secoli XV-XVIII (1897), Problemi di estetica (1909), Estetica come scienza dell' espressione e linguistica generale (1902, German, 1905, 4th ed., Bari, 1912), and Breviario di estetica (1913, also German), editor of La critica (Rivista di letteratura, storia e filosofia, Naples). storia e filosofia, Naples).

of La critica (Rivisia at letteratura, storia e filosofia, Naples).

CUCUEL, Georges: Add to his writings Sources et Documents pour servir a l'histoire de l'opéra comique en France (L'Année musicale III, 1913).

DEMANTIUS, Christoph (1567-1643): b. Reichenberg, Bavaria, d. Freiberg, Saxony; composer of church music, including a 6-part Te Deum (1618), a 'German Passion according to St. John' (6-part, 1631), besides various collections of Magnificats, psalms, motets, masses, introits, prosas, threnodies, etc.; also secular songs (5-part, 1595) and arrangements of secular songs by Gregor Lang (5-part, 1615, in 2 parts), songs of war and victory (6-part, 1600), canzonets villanelles (1609); also a collection of Polish and German dances with and without texts (4-5 parts, 1601), 6-part dance movements, some with texts (1609), 4-5 part dance movements, some with texts (1613) and a number of nuptial songs. He also wrote 2 theoretical treatises,

wrote Die Lehre des einheitlichen Kunstmittels- bei dem Klavierspiels (1885), Phorolyse des Klavierspiels (1885), Lizzts Offenbarung, Schlüssel zur Freiheit des Individuums (1907), Pianistenharmonie (1910), Brahms-Noblesse (1914).

CLEMENS, Charles Edwin (1856-): b. Plymouth; studied with Weeks, Martin and Pauer at the Royal Academy of Music, London, became organist of the English Church in Berlin, 1889, and teacher of the Scharwenka Cons. In 1895 be went to Cleveland, Ohio, where he is active as organist, teacher and choral conductor. He pub. Pedal Technic' (2 vols.) and 'Modern School for the Organ.'

CORSI, Giuseppe (called Celano after his birthplace): 17th cent. composer of cantatas; maestro di cappella at Santa Maria Maggiore, Rome (1659), San Giovanni di Laterano (1663); Loreto Cathedral (1668-74) and again in Rome, but had to leave the city because of the distribution of interdicted books; after 1681 he was at the court of Parma, COTES, Ambrosio de (171-1603): d. Seville; Royal chapel master in Valencia (1596); in Seville (1600). An important 5-part mass De plagits and motats by C. have been preserved in the cathedral archives of Valencia; sacred

ual chant, and pub. 12 organ preludes (after old synagogue intonations), 'German Synagogue and School Songs' (1867), Vorbeterschule (1872), an appendix to the same (1890), Breslauer Synagogengesänge (1880, with 2 appendices), Col Nidre (traditional), for solo voice with organ or piano. (2) Otto Erich (1883-): b. Vienna, where he was art critic to the Vienna Zeit, 1908-09, and assistant at the Art Historical Institute of the Vienna Univ., 1910-11. Besides studies on the history of art and literature he wrote monographs on

Institute of the Vienna Univ., 1910-11. Besides studies on the history of art and literature he wrote monographs on Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, Schumann, Liszt and especially Schubert, also pub., with Ludwig Scheibler, Franz Schubert, Die Dokumente seines Lebens und Schaffens (Munich, 1913f).

DRAKE, Erik (1788-1870): b. Hagelsrums Gård, d. Stockholm; teacher of musical theory; secretary, librarian and inspector at the Stockholm Musical Academy; author of several theoretical school books including a 'Harmony' (2 vols., 1839-40), 'Counterpoint' (1845), 'Preparation for the Organist's Examination' (1846), 'General Musical Treatise' (1830); translator of Zöllner's 'Organ School' and Gollmick's 'Lexikon,' and collector of Swedish folk-songs. He composed 2 string quartets, a Singspiel, and Sappho for 3-part chorus and declamation. declamation.

DRANGOSCH, Ernesto (1882-):
b. Buenos Ayres; studied at the Berlin Royal High School, won a state scholarship and studied further with Ansorge and Humperdinck in Berlin; toured as pianist, and in 1905 returned to Buenos Ayres to become director of the Cons. He composed sonatas, Konzertstücke, etc., for piano.

to Buenos Ayres to Decome arrector of the Cons. He composed sonatas, Konzertstucke, etc., for piano.

DUNN, John Petrie (1878-): b.
Edinburgh, pupil of Niecks and Tobias Matthay, also of Max Pauer and Samuel de Lange in Stuttgart. He appeared as pianist at an early age, became teacher at the Stuttgart Cons., 1902, and after further tours as pianist, first piano teacher at Kiel Cons., also vice-director of studies. He pub. Das Geheimmis der Handführung beim Klavierspiel (1914).

EATON, Louis H. (1861-): b. Taunton, Mass.; organist there, in Milwaukee and in San Francisco.

EBEERS, Karl Friedrich (1770-1836): b. Cassel, d. Berlin; composer. He wrote prolifically in all musical forms and was best known by his piano arrangements. Of his compositions only the drinking song Wir sind die Könige der Welt is still sung in Germany.

many.

EGGER, Max (1863-): b. Vienna; grandson of Simon Sechter; pupil of A. Seydler and Rudolph Bibl; lives in Vienna; composed to his own texts the operas Der Trentajäger, Frau Holda (Vienna, 1908), Der Pathe des Todes

and Hexenliebe.

ENGELKE, Bernhard (1884-):
b. Brunswick; studied philology and musicology in Halle and Leipzig; Dr. phil. 1906, with a study on Joh. Fr. Fasch. He now resides in Magdeburg as vocal teacher and organist and has devoted himself particularly to research concerning the musical history of Magdeburg preparing Designation. search concerning the musical history of Magdeburg, preparing Denkmåler for publication; also pub. editions of old music (J. P. A. Schulz, Mozart, Haydn, etc.), and is in charge of a volume of symphonies from the circle of Frederick the Great for the Denkmann of the circle of Frederick the Great for the Denkmann of the State of mäler der Tonkunst.

mater der Tonkunst.

ERB, Maria Joseph: He is organist at the Johanniskirche and instructor for organ, plano and composition at the Strassburg Cons. (Royal Professor, 1908). He also wrote a suite for plano and violin, an orch. suite and 20 offertories; also (in MS.) a number of orchestral and chamber music works.

FAISST, Klara [Mathilde] (1872-): b. Karlsruhe; studied at the Cons. there and with Bruch, etc., at the Royal High

and with Bruch, etc., at the Royal High School, Berlin; composer of piano pieces, pieces for 'cello and organ, songs, choruses, motets, ballads, etc. She lives in Karlsruhe.

FEDELI (1) Ruggiero (d. 1722): at the Bayreuth court, 1687, the Dresden court, 1687-88; court composer (1691) and court Kapellmeister (1701) in Berlin, court Kapelmeister in Cassel, 1705: composer, of whose works are 1705; composer, of whose works are preserved a number of cantatas, a mass with orch., parts of masses, a 4-part Magnificat with instr. and other church magninear with instr. and other church music, also an opera Almira (Brunswick, 1703). (2) Vito (1866-); b. Voligno; pupil of A. Leonardi and E. Terziani in Rome; composer of the operas Ivanhoe, La Vergine della montagna and Varsovia (Rome, 1900), also masses a cappella with organ and with orch. other church music, pieces for masses a cappella with organ and with orch., other church music, pieces for orch., for organ, choruses and songs. He contributes to the Ruvista musicale and other periodicals and has lectured at the congresses of the International Musical Society in Vienna (1909) and London (1911). He is director of the Novara Municipal Institute of Music. FEDERICI, Vincenzo (1764-1826): b. Pesaro, d. Milan; composer of 14 serious operas and 1 comic opera, La locandiera scaltra (Paris, 1812) and a number of cantatas; professor of counterpoint, and, from 1812, censor at Milan Cons.

FEYRIER (2) Henri (1876-):

Milan Cons.

FEVRIER (2) Henri (1876-):
composer of a comic opera Le roi
aveugle (Paris, 1906), a grand opera
Monna Vanna (Paris, 1909, also Chicago, etc.), the operettas Agnès, dame
galante (Paris, 1912), Carmosine (Paris,
1913) and the fairy play La princesse
et le porcher (Paris, 1912).

FINK (1) Gottfried Wilhelm
(1783-1846): b. Sulza, Thuringia, d.
Leipzig; studied theology and became

assistant preacher; directed an educational institution, 1812-27. From 1808 she was a collaborator on the Allgemeine musikalische Zeitung (his first article being über Takt, Taktarten, etc.), and during 1827-41 was its editor.

Schumann's Neue Zeitschrift fur Musik was founded to offset F.'s 'softsoaping.' He composed pieces for violin and piano, songs, terzets, male quartets, 'Homely Meditations,' etc., and he wrote various books on musical history, harmony, pedagogy (Der musikalische Haustehrer, 1846, 2nd ed., 1851), also polemics. He left a Musikalische Kompositionslehre (1847), and contributed to encyclopedias. (2) Christian (1822-1911): b. Dettingen, d. Esslingen, where he became assistant music teacher at the seminary, studied organ and composition at the Leipzig Cons. and with Johann Schneider in Dresden, and, after achieving a reputation as organ virtuoso and teacher in Leipzig, returned to Esslingen as head music teacher of the seminary, also Musikdirektor and organist of the principal church; was made professor in 1862. He pub. a series of sonatas. cipal church; was made professor in 1862. He pub. a series of sonatas, fugues, preludes, etc., for the organ, also psalms, motets and other church music, and 4 sonatas and other pieces for piano, and songs. (3) Hermine. See [b][ALBER].

music, and 4 sonatas and other pieces for piano, and songs. (3) Hermine. See [b']Albert.

FISCHER (1) Johann (1650-1721):
b. Swabia, d. Schwedt; pupil of Capricornus, went to Paris and became foots to Lully; musician at the Barefoot Friars' Church, Augsburg, 1681, then successively at the Anshach court, at Mitan, Schwerin, Copenhagen, Stralsund, Stettin, Stockholm and Schwedt, where he was court Kapellmeister to the margrave. He was one of the first composers to introduce the French overture in Germany. His works include Musikalische Maienlust (50 French airs for 2 violins and thoroughbass, 1681), Die himmlische Seelenlust (German arias and madrigals for one voice w. instr., 1686), Musikalisches Dipertissement (2-part suites, 1700), Tafelmusik (6 overtures, chaconnes, lively suites,' with an appendix of 3-4 part Polish dances, 1702, 2nd and 3rd ed. as Musikalische Fürstenlust, 1706, 1708), Feld- und Heldenmusik (1704). Many of his works were lost. (2) [Johann Kaspar] Ferdinand (1650-1746): d. Rastatt; court Kapellmeister to the consort of Ludwig Wilhelm of Baden at Schlackenwerth, Bohemia, then at Baden-Baden; according to Gerher, one of the 'strongest clavier players of his time;' composer of works for clavier and organ: Musikalisches Blumenbichtein (8 Partien and a varied aria, 1896); Ariadne musica, Neo-organoedum per XX Praeladia, totidem Fugas aigne V Ricercatas, etc. (1715), Musikalischer Blumenstraus (8 suites, ca. 1735), Musikalischer Parnassus, etc. (1738), Prae-tulied de acmera, 3 string quartets, tolin duets, etc.

Berlin; also studied musical science and in 1901 became docent for physiology of the voice in the state course for seminary teachers; also lectures on vocal physiology and hygiene at the Klindworth-Scharwenka Cons., etc.; professor since 1912. He pub. the periodical Die Stimme, 1906-12, and wrote Intonationsstörungen und Stimmverlust (1899, 3rd ed., 1908), Das habituelle Tremolieren der Singstimme (1902, 3rd ed., 1908); Die funktionelle Stimmenschwäche (1906), etc.

FLEISCHER (1) Friedrick Gottlob (1722-1806): b. Cöthen, d. Brunswick, where he was employed as organist and member of the court orchestra nearly all his life. He was one of the leading representatives of the uninspired school of song composers popular in the late 18th century; one of the first to supply chord accompaniments in place of figured bass, and to adorn his melodies with copious ornaments. Besides his 'Odes, Songs and Melodies' (2 parts, 1756-57, etc.), cantats, etc., he wrote a Singspiel, Das Orakel (text by Gellert, 1771), and piano pieces. (2) Reinhold (1842-1904). b. Dahsau, near Herrnstatt, Sllesia, d. Gorlitz; studied at the Royal Institute for Church Music and at the Royal Academy in Berlin; organist of the Hauptkirche and conductor of the Singakademie in Görlitz; Royal Musik-direktor; composer of organ pieces, songs, motets and a cantata, Holda.

FOOTE, Arthur: Add that he wrote, with A. R. Spalding, 'Modern Harmony in its Theory and Practice' (1905).

FROMM (3) Karl Joseph (1873-): b. Vienna; composer of several operet-tas, orchestral works and piano pieces;

wrote a text-book on composition, another on instrumentation.

GAL, Hans (1880-): b. Brunn

a.G. (Lower Austria), Dr. phil., Vienna,
1913; composer and teacher in Vienna.

He wrote a comic opera Der Fächer

Cefter Coldoni) a symphomy (Fig. 1981) He wrote a comic opera Der Fācher (after Goldoni), a symphony (E maj.), symph, fantasy, serenade for orch., an overture, a women's chorus, a mixed chorus w. orch. (Abendgesang), partsongs, songs, chamber music and piano pieces (mostly MS.). He received a state prize for composition in 1915.

GASPAR VAN WERBECKE (ca. 1440-): b. Audenarde, Flanders; at the court of the Sforza in Milan, 1472; Papal chapel singer in Rome, 1481-89; then lived in his native city as composer. Of his works, printed by Petrucci, are preserved 5 4-part masses

1481-89; then lived in his native city as composer. Of his works, printed by Petrucci, are preserved 5 4-part masses (Misse Gaspar), parts of masses in the Fragmenta missarum (1508), a mass in Missae diversorum (1508), motets in Motetit trenta tre (1502) and the 4th book of 5-part motets (1505), Lamentations (1506); other masses in MS. in the Papal Chapel library.

GHELUWE, Lodewyk van (1837-1914): b. Wanneghemhede near Audenarde; d. Ghent; studied at the Ghent Cons.; wrote a report on the condition of music schools in Belgium, which led to his appointment as inspector of these schools; became director of the Bruges Cons. (1870); composed the cantatas De Wind and Van Eijk.

GLASS, Christian Hendrick (1821-1893): b. Copenhagen, d. there; studied singing with Siboni; piano and composition under J. P. E. Hartmann; sang first in theatres; turned to teaching piano and singing; lived in Aarhus, 1846-49; settled in Copenhagen, 1850, where he became organist of the reformed church and director at the Cons.; established a conservatory of his own (1877), of which his son Louis (q.v.) is director; published compositions, especially for piano.

GÖHLER, Georg: Add that since 1915 he has directed the symphony con-

GÖHLER, Georg: Add that since 1915 he has directed the symphony con-certs and the Philharmonic Choir in

GOLDSCHMIDT (4) Hugo: Add to his writings Das Cembalo im Orchester der italienischen Oper der 2. Halfte des 18. Jahrhunderts (Liliencron-Fest-18. Jahrhunderts (Liliencron-Fest-schrift, 1911), Geschichte der Musikäs-thetik im 18. Jahrhundert (Zürich,

18. Jahrhunderts (Liliencron-Fest-schrift, 1911), Geschichte der Musikästheitk im 18. Jahrhundert (Zürich, 1915).

GOTTHELF, Felix (1857-): b. Munich-Gladbach; studied medicine, but also music (piano with J. Lange, but also music shared and O. Tiersch, singing with Paul Jensen and Karl Scheidemantel), and especially composition under Draeseke; received encouragement from Ernst von cert reviewer of the Leipzig Volkszeiters.

Schuch; was active as coach and conductor in Cologne and Kolberg; since then has lived in Bonn, Munich, and (since 1898) Vienna, as composer and writer. His works include a string quartet (C maj.), a symphonic fantasy, a mystery Mahadeva (prod. Stuttgart [in part, 1909], Dusseldorf and Karlsruhe), a Hymnus for violin, 'cello, harp and harmonium, a ballade for sop. and piano, and many vocal pieces with orch. He wrote on the 'indian Renaissance' and the Meistersunger.

GRÉLINGER, 'Charles: contemp. composer of Dutch birth; prod. the

GRÉLINGER, Charles: contemp. composer of Dutch birth; prod. the operas Sombreuil (Bourges, 1896), Les Pharaons (Rheims, 1899), Nicolas Nickleby (1900), L'arbre de Noël (1903), The Hope for Blessing (The Hague, 1907), Goldhansel (1913), and the operetta Le pantalon rouge (Paris, 1914)

HASE (1) Dr. Oskar von (1846-); b. Jena; son of the church historian, Karl August von H.; uncle of Hermann and Raimund Härtel (see Breitkopf & and Raimund Hartel (see BRITKOFF & HARTEL), whom he succeeded in the management (with W. Volkmann) of the famous publishing house. He was chairman of the Verband der deutschen Berufsgenossenschaften till 1898, of the Verein der Buchhändler till 1898, founder and president of the Deutsche Buchgewerbeverein and the Verein der deutschen Musikalienhändler to 1901. Buchgewerbeverein and the Verein der deutschen Musikalienhändler to 1901. He contributed several studies to the history of the book trade (Die Koberger, Breitkopf & Hartel: Aus den Papieren des Geschaftsarchives 1664 bis 1894, and Emil Strauss: Ein deutscher Buchhändler am Rhein [1907]). (2) Hermann von (1880-): b. Leipzig, son of (1); Dr. jur.; partner in the firm of Breitkopf and Hartel since 1904, devoting himself chiefly to sifting the archives of the house for the benefit of musical history. He pub. K. Ph. E. Bach und Breitkopf und Hartel (Bach-Jahrbuch, 1911), Jos. Haydn und Breitkopf und Härtel (Bach-Jahrbuch, 1911), Jos. Haydn und Breitkopf und Härtel (Index), 1913, and translated Ernest Newman's 'Hugo Wolf' into German (1913). HEMPEL, Adolf (1868-): b. Glessen; studied at the Leipzig Cons., organist in Eisenach, 1890, concert-organist at Munich since 1896, and organist and choir-director of the Markus-Kirche there till 1913; toured Germany as organist. He composed organ pleces, songs with organ, and choruses.

songs with organ, and choruses.

Bruckner to the series.

HOLM (2) August: Add that since 1913 he has been teacher at the Municipal High School, in Stuttgart.

ISUARDON, Jacques (1860-): studied at the Paris Cons., singer at the Opéra Comique, at the Théâtre de la Monnate in Brussels, also in London, when the control of the Paris Consultation of the Consultation o Milan, Monte Carlo, and 1894 again at the Comique. He now teaches at the Conservatoire; pub. Le Théâtre de la

Conservatoire; pub. Le Theatre de la Monnaie (1890).

JACOBSON, John (1835-1909): b. Löfholmen, near Stockholm, d. Stockholm; pupil of L. Norman, G. Mankell and F. Berwald, began as music dealer, pursued his studies abroad and became organist and musical director of the syngaggie in Stockholm (1870): comorganist and musical director of the synagogue in Stockholm (1870); composed a mass for soli, chorus and organ, Agnus Dei for soprano and orch, an operetta Ungmors kusin (1868), string quartet, piano trio, piano quartet, an overture Sommarminen, a cantet for the ciliver wordding of Octor II. tata for the silver wedding of Oskar II., choral songs, songs, pieces for piano and other music.

JOSEPH (Josephi), Georg (17th cent.): 'Musicus' to the Prince-Bishop at Breslau, composer of the sacred songs of Angelus Silesius, or Johann Schiffler (*Heilige Seelenlust*, etc., Bres-lau, 1657-68; 5 parts, 184 of the 205 melodies by J.). Many of these hymns were incorporated into German chorale

books.

were incorporated into German chorale books.

JOSS, Viktor: Add that he also acted as music critic of the Abendblatt, which he edited 1897-1915, and as contributor to Die Musik, the Allgemeine Musikzeitung and the Guide musical. He edited the Richard Wagner-Zeitung, 1892-94, etc., wrote the texts of several modern operas and translated Czech and Slovak folk-songs into German. He wrote Die Sangerverenigung der Prager Lehrer und ihr Dirigent (1913), Von Mozart bis Mahler, Gesammelte Essays, and Die spanische Musik und ihre Meister (1915).

JUNK, Victor (1875-): b. Vienna, Dr. phil. and private lecturer at the University there; author of Goethes Fortsetzung der Zauberflöte (1900), Max Reger als Orchesterkomponist und sein sinfonischer Prolog (1911); arranged Hugo Wolf's 'Italian Serenade' and Mahler's second symphony for piano (2 hands), composed Spieglein an der Hand for solo voice and grand orch, symph. poem, Dürnstein, Die Wildfrau (opera in one act, book by Georg Hirschfeld).

KAPP, Julius (1883-): b. Stein-

Hirschfeld).

KAPP, Julius (1883-): b. Steinbach, Baden; studied in Marburg, Berlin and Munich (Dr. phil., 1906); founder and co-editor of the Literar-Laidingen, Württemberg; pupil of Chr.

tung and since 1912 of the Leipziger scher Anzeiger; wrote and edited bio-Zeitung. He edits the Kleine Konzert-fuhrer for Breitkopf & Hartel, and con-tributed analyses of works by Bach, Handel, Pergolesi, Beethoven, Liszt and Bruckner to the series

graphical works on musicians, including Richard Wagner und Franz Liszt (1908), Franz Liszt (1908), Franz Liszt (1908), Franz Liszt (1908), Liszt-Brevier (1910), Register zu Liszt's Schriften (1910), Liszt und die Frauen (1912), Nicolo Paganini (1913), R. Wagner's ges. Schriften und Briefe (24 vols., 1914) and Hector Berlioz (1914).

KITZLER, Otto (1834-1915): h. Dresden; d. Graz; studied under J. Otto, John Schneider, F. A. Kummer ('cello): after a short period as musical director in Eutin continued his studies with Servais at the Brussels Conservatoire; was active as 'cellist in operatic orchestras in Troyes, Linz, Konigsberg, Temesvár, Hermannstadt, Brunn; (Anton Bruckner was his pupil in composition 1861-63); became director of the Music Society and its associated was to served. rector of the Music Society and its associated music school (1868) and conductor of the male choral society; retired 1898; composed piano and orchestral works, also songs; wrote Musikalische Erinnerungen (1904, with letters from

Wagner, Bruckner and Brahms).

KNEISEL, Franz: The Kneisel Quartet dishanded at the end of the season 1916-17. K. received the honorary degree of Mus. D. from Princeton Univ. in 1915.

KOTHE, Robert (1869-): stud-ied law and music in Munich, prac-tised for a time as lawyer but turned entirely to music, specializing in the study of the old German folk-song and lute playing; performed as Lieder-singer to lute accompaniment with the

lute playing; performed as Liedersinger to lute accompaniment with the assistance of his wife as gamba player (1903); published several collections of poems Trabe Rösslein, trabe (1910), Mutter, gib mir deinen Sohn (1915), 12 books of songs w. lute accomp., also one each with lute and gamba, and w. lute and women's chorus, partly to his own words, a school for artistic guitar and lute playing (Magdeburg).

KREBS, Carl August (real name Miedke) (1804-1880): b. Nuremberg, d. Dresden; adopted by the opera singer J. B. Krebs, who trained him for the most part. After further study with Seyfried in Vienna he became 3rd Kapellmeister at the Vienna Court Opera, Kapellmeister at the Stadttheater in Hamburg, where he played an important part in the musical life of the city. In 1850 he became court Kapellmeister in Dresden and retired in 1872. He composed many songs, popular in their time, operas, Te Deum, masses, piano pieces, etc. His wife Aloysia K. Michalesi (1826-1904) was a celebrated opera singer and his daughter Mary (married Bernning) (1851-1900), a pianist of note. (married Brenning)
pianist of note. (1851-1900),

Fink in Esslingen Seminary, of Faisst, Peuckner and Doppler at the Stuttgart Tecons.; teacher of the Stuttgart Preparatory school (1884-97); organist of the Union for Classic Church Music and, Rufter Faisst's death (1894), organist and musical director of the cathedral, Theseher, for organ composition decide

b. Schlotheim, Thuringia; violinist; pupil of Ullrich (his uncle) at Sondershausen and David at Leipzig Cons.; be-Funk in Essingen Seminary, of Faisst, Peuckner and Doppler at the Stuttgart Cons.; teacher of the Stuttgart Preparatory school (1884-97); organist of the Union for Classic Church Music and, after Faisst's death (1894), organist and musical director of the cathedral, teacher for organ, composition, dutter musicale and choral singing at the Stuttgart Conservatory (1897); professor, 1900; president of a state organ school for teachers, president and one of the founders of the Wurttemberg scherty for Organists, 1907, vice-president of the Royal Conservatory (1910); composed sacred songs for mixed chorus, motets, folksongs, male choruses, songs, introduction and double drougue for organ, prelude, sonata, numerous chorale preludes, canons, etc., in various collections; edited the Organ-Album of the Wurttemberg Teachers' Fund Society (1896), and children's songs (Liederlust), identified with the Wurttemberg chorale book reform (report in Evang, Church Singing Society on the Wurttemberg Chorale Book, 1903).

LEICHTENTRITT, Hugo: Add the list of his published compositions: string quartet, op. 1, 11 songs, op. 2, and dhinesisch-deutsche Tages- und Jahreszeiten (German by Goethe), op. 4, 11 songs to old German texts, op. 3, and Chinesisch-deutsche Tages- und Jahreszeiten (German by Goethe), op. 4, LISTEMANN (1) Fritz (1839-1909):